MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

FIFTEENTH YEAR. THURSDAY, AUGUST 12, 1897. FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION. TWO CENTS.



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YACHT MERLIN SAFE.

Just Changed Its Route After Sailing From Milwaukee.

Chicago, Aug. 12.—All doubt as to the safety of the yacht Merlin, of Chicago, and its passengers, was dispelled this morning by a report brought from across the lake by Henry Oldain, cashier of the recorder's office.

Mr. Oldain, who returned from a trip across the lake this morning, reports that the yacht reached Silvan Beach yesterday in good condition and that last night the boat set sail from that port headed south for a month's cruise on the lake.

"I talked with Commodore E. K. Baker and others in the party and they declared that no trouble of any kind had been encountered," said Mr. Oldain.

The yacht Merlin is owned by E. J. Baker, commodore of the Columbia Yacht club of Chicago, who has been on a pleasure cruise for several weeks.

The craft left Milwaukee for Holland, Mich., last Saturday and because no word was received of the boat fears were entertained of the yacht's safety. A change of route was evidently decided upon after the boat had left Milwaukee.

CANOVAS' WIDOW.

Madrid, Aug. 12.—Senora Canovas Del Castillo, widow of the assassinated premier, has objected to his remains lying in state and the admission of the public to the mortuary chamber at the family's residence has been stopped. It is the intention of the government to confer upon the widow the title of duchess, with the dignity of a grandee of the firstclass, and a pension of 30,000 pesetas.

MERCHANTS' EXCURSIONS.

Philadelphia, Aug. 12.—The first of the series of merchants' excursions arranged by the Trades league of this city, will arrive at noon tomorrow. The start was made today from points on the line of the Pennsylvania railroad in Indiana, Kentucky, Ohio, West Virginia and Western Pennsylvania. Over 2000 Western merchants and their families are expected and the merchants of Philadelphia completed all arrangements for extending them a welcome in addition to pointing out the trade advantages and opportunities of the city.

VERY YOUNG BRIDE.

Mexico, Mo., Aug. 12.—Ernest C. White ran off with the 12-year-old daughter of Thomas Pickerson and went to Hailday and was married. The father of the girl started in pursuit and secured the young bride and will try to hold her until of age. Mrs. White is probably the youngest bride in the state, if not in the United States.

AFTER SHERMAN AGAIN.

Westminster Gazette Speaks of His Forced Retirement.

London, Aug. 12.—The Westminster Gazette this morning publishes a long leading article, in the course of which the opinion is expressed that if Secretary Sherman should be forced to retire from the cabinet he will "make Ohio too hot for Senator Hanna," adding: "It is awful to contemplate the results of Mr. Hanna being done out of his price for making McKinley president.

"Some innocents may object that if Sherman is too senile to hold office he must be too senile for the place, but as a matter of fact no one has as yet estimated how incompetent a man must be before the senate is closed to him. In this he shares the advantage of the house of lords."

In conclusion the Westminster Gazette remarks: "We are rather sorry if Secretary Sherman is to be superseded, as in his rough way he expresses a phase of American feeling which it is important for us to know."

RAISED THE FIGURES.

Indianapolis Ind., Aug. 12.—The state board of tax commissioners has increases the citizens' street railroad of Indianapolis assessment from $1,900,000 to $3,000,000, and the assessment of the Indianapolis Gas company from $1,050,000 to $1,500,000. The original assessments were fixed by the Marion county board. The state board has ordered the increase on the appeal of taxpayers who appeared before the board, the attorneys for the companies opposing it.

A MENOMINEE BLAZE.

Milwaukee, Aug. 12.—A special to the Journal from Menominee, Mich., says: The large dry goods and household stock of Joseph Simansky were totally destroyed by fire at an early hour today. The loss is $20,000, and the insurance $19,000. The building was badly damaged. The origin of the fire is unknown. The family was asleep on the second story of the building, and narrowly escaped with their lives.

NEW GLUCOSE TRUST.

Peoria, Ill., Aug. 12.—This morning deeds were filed transferring the property in Peoria of the Aemrican Glucose company and the Emporia Grape Sugar company to the Glucose Sugar Refining company, of New Jersey. The consideration of the former is $1,750,000, and of the latter ,$900,000.

A DEAD ARCHBISHOP.

Madrid, Aug. 12.—The archbishop of Toledo, Monsignor Monsolio Viso, is dead. He was born in Spain in 1811, and was created a cardinal in 1884.

FORCE AN ISSUE

Miners at Canonsburg Will Continue Their Marching Despite Injunction.

ALL WILL MARCH

And When One Crowd Is Arrested Another Will Take Its Place.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 12.—The striking miners at Canonsburg have determined to force the injunction issue by continuing the daily marches and meetings in the neighborhood of the McGovern and Canonsburg mines, in spite of the order of Judge McIlweine, of Washington, forbidding marches on the public roads leading to the mines. The purpose is to have the men arrested in order to test the legality of the injunction. Patrick Dolan stated that it had been determined to keep up the marches, and as fast as one group is arrested another will take its place until there will be so many of them in jail that the public opinion of the community and country would be aroused on the question of the alleged new form of injunction. In this movement the support of all the leading trades unions of the country is said to have been pledged as a result of a secret meeting at Columbus during the last three days, and which was presided over by Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor.

Information has been received by the Pittsburg operators that the miners of the Bell, Lewis & Yates company have struck in the Reynoldsville field, and that all the mines of the company are idle. The company is one of the heaviest tonnage producers in the Northern field and ships extensively to the Buffalo and New York state markets, as well as to the Eastern seaboard coaling docks. About 8000 men are employed.

No information has been received from the the Punxsutawney and Clearfield districts, but at East Brady it was reported that the miners at several points in those districts are out, the grievances being of a local nature and independent of the national strike. The usual march of the miners was made at Turtle Creek at 4 o'clock this morning, but there was little to encourage the strikers, as more men went into the pit today than yesterday. The strikers say they are not disheartened, however, and with plenty of provisions they will stick to the work on hand.

The run of coal at the Turtle Creek mine yesterday was five cars of lump coal, one of nut and one of slack. Serious trouble was threatened at Unity this morning. Deputy Sheriff Richards was in charge of some men going to work, and the strikers ran ahead hooting and jeering them. Sheriff Richards ordered the strikers to move, but they refused. He then called on his other deputies to assist him, and the strikers, seeing that he meant what he said, moved off, still hooting the men going to work.

Firms from all sections of the Union are coming to the rescue of the strikers. A cereal company at Akron, Ohio, sent a dispatch offering to donate two tons of corn meal, agreeing to ship it whenever directed. The offer was thankfully accepted and the corn meal will be distributed among the homes of the miners in need.

The Fishermen's Protective association of Astoria, Ore., offered to send East 100 cases of canned salmon to the miners, which was also accepted.

There is no change in the price of coal from the figures of the last two days. The supply is said to have increased, and the West Virginians are selling down to prices which approach those in effect before the strike began. Many of the operators find it profitable to load the slack, which as in previous years, has been stacked outside of the tipples because it could not be sold. This is now salable at a price which yields most as much as screened coal before the strike.

THE ILLINOIS MINERS.

They Are Marching and Picking Up Additions.

Springfield, Ill., Aug. 12.—With Old Glory flying at the head of the column and to the music of fife and drum, 100 Springfield miners started today on their march to Decatur, Ill. Vice President Archie Teal, of Dawson, is leader. The strikers are marching over an old wagon road. En route they will pick up 150 miners at Lincoln, fifty at Dawson and fifty at Riverton.

At Niantic tonight they will hold a general conference preparatory to entering Decatur tomorrow. The marching miners are observing the strictest discipline and are orderly.

Col. B. B. Ray, Governor Tanner's special commissioner, left here for Niantic today by train. There he will counsel with miners, operators and authorities and then proceed to Decatur. The leaders say they will have no trouble in getting the men out at Decatur.

WEST VIRGINIA CONDITIONS.

Many Men Are Resuming Work There, It Is Said.

Wheeling, W.Va., Aug. 12.—At 2:30 this morning 250 strikers in Ohio marched through Wheeling to the Riverside and Elm Grove mines where they joined the 500 Moundsville, Glendale and Boggs Run miners who had been on guard all night. It took only a few minutes persuasion to close these two pitss. The whole Panhandle is now idle except a few salt peddling mines that supply purely household demand. This morning's reports show less strength in the Kanawaha valley strike. More men have gone to work on both sides of the river. At Fairmont there is more listlessness than has been seen for several weeks. The local lieutenants are waiting for Gompers and the conference of National leaders tomorrow. The leaders will brave the United States court's injunction and if any are arrested all the labor unions in the country will take up the fight for them.

UNITED MINE WORKERS.

Judge Collier Grants Operators a Very Sweeping Injunction.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 12.—The much-talked-of bill for an injunction against the United Mine Workers that was to have been filed in the United States court was filed in the county court about noon by counsel for the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal company. The defendants named are the United Mine Workers of America, Patrick Dolan, president; Edward McKay, vice president; William Warner, secretary and treasurer, and others.

The plaintiff company sets forth that it is a corporation under the laws of Pennsylvania, with a capital of $1,000,000 invested in coal lands of Pennsylvania. Three of their mines, employing 1200 men, are Plum Creek, Turtle Creek and Sandy Creek. The bill then recites the conditions prevailing at their mines since the strike began, and alleges that the strikers have paid no attention to the sheriff's proclamation, and that the lives of the miners and the property of the company are in danger.

Judge Collier granted a preliminary injunction enjoining the defendants from assembling, marching or encamping in proximity to the mines and houses of the miners for the purpose, by intimidation, menaces, threats and opprobrious words, of preventing the miners of the plaintiff from working. It further restrains the defendants from inducing or compelling any employe or miner to quit work.

A hearing was fixed for Aug. 16. The injunction is regarded as the most sweeping yet issued. President Dolan expressed surprise when informed that it had been granted, and added: "It will make no difference to us. We will not break camp and will go right along as usual until the matter is tested in the courts. We will stay there regardless of every judge in Allegheny county, and if they attempt to enforce the injunction they will have to build more jails to accommodate the men.

AN OPERATOR'S TRICK.

Shipping Coal Eastward In Refrigerator Cars.

Denver, Aug. 12.—Railroad men are greatly interested in the discovery which is alleged to have been made at La Junta, Col., that the Santa Fe railroad company is shipping coal to Eastern points in refrigerator cars. According to the report four refrigerator cars were side-tracked at La Junta for repairs. The cars were marked and sealed and the contents were billed as perishable fruit. It was necessary for the workmen to enter the cars in order to make the repairs. The seals were broken and the cars were found to be filled with coal from mines of Colorado and New Mexico.

Refrigerator cars are said to have been going out of the state on a very extensive scale for two or three weeks past.

MARCHERS NEAR WHEELING.

Another Crowd Crosses Over From the Ohio Side.

Wheeling, Va., Aug. 12.—This morning another invasion of Ohio side miners was made upon a local mine. Three hundred miners from Wheeling Creek and Barton of the Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling railroad passed through the city and they reported that 700 more from Maynard were to follow. It was expected their presence would have some effect on the river side, but Secretary Lewis stated last night that the march would not come off today on account of no answer yet being received from President Ratchford. It develops that the march across the river to Wheeling was without the endorsement of the miners' officials. The visitors may make a demonstration against Elm Grove.

THE BITUMINOUS MINERS.

Pittsburg, Aug. 12—Ex-State President George Harris of the old Miners' union was in conference here today with the miners' officials relative to the extension of the strike into the bituminous coal fields of Pennsylvania. He stated that the miners are dissatisfied and he believes can be induced to quit work, which would aid materially in bringing success to the movement. The Jefferson-Clearfield Coal and Iron company employs about 10,000 men, he says, and they are turning out daily from 30,000 to 35,000 tons of coal, most of which is being shipped to the Pittsburg market. The Reynoldsville miners numbering 1000 have already quit work, and are now considering the advisability of making a raid on the other mines of the company located in Jefferson county and inducing them to quit work. It was decided to start the movement at once.

RUMOR OF TROUBLE.

Pittsburg, Aug. 12.—When the report of the trouble was made at camp there was great excitement and many threats, but the excitement quieted down on the arrival of the leaders. There are now 122 deputies at Plum Creek. When De Armit heard of the threatened trouble, he drove over from Turtle Creek and spent all morning going from house to house to induce the men to go to work. At noon there were 203 men in the mine, a decrease of thirteen.

A new move is to be made by the company. A number of the miners who are working will file a bill in equity, asking that the strikers be restrained from marching past their houses. They say that the continued noise and excitement is endangering their own health as well as jeopardizing the lives of members of their families, who are sick.

At Sandy Creek there are seventeen diggers, eight boys and twenty-two day men at work. This is an increase of eleven.

THE WASHINGTON MINERS.

Seattle, Aug. 12.—The condition of things at the mines at Isaquah is unchanged. The men have not accepted the offer made by Gen. Bryant to allow them a check man of their own at the scales.

SPRINGFIELD MARCHERS.

Decatur, Ill., Aug. 12.—One hundred and fifty Springfield miners are marching here to force the Decatur miners to strike. The sheriff will meet them and endeavor to keep them out of the country. He has already 100 deputies and the city will be placed under martial law.

MELLEN SELECTED

Northern Pacific Road at Last Has a President In C. S. Mellen.

LAMONT'S BERTH

Daniel Lamont Elected a Director and Chosen as Vice President.

New York, Aug. 12.—C. S. Mellen was today elected president of the Northern Pacific Railroad company. Daniel S. Lamont was elected director and vice president.

Mr. Mellen is the second vice president of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, and was formerly general manager of the Union Pacific railroad. The office of president of the Northern Pacific was rendered vacant by the resignation of Mr. Winter.

Hitherto there has been no vice president. Mr. Lamont, it has long been rumored, was to fill some office in the company.

In accepting the resignation of President Winter, to take effect on Aug. 13, the board of directors adopted a resolution expressing its high appreciation "of Winter's loyal and efficient services in behalf of the company and its sincere regret at his early retirement from its service."

Mr. Mellen was then elected a director and president, his election to take effect Sept. 1, 1897. Mr. Lamont will enter upon his duties as vice president Sept. 1.

SENATOR DANIELS SOLID.

Virginia Democrats Endorse His Candidacy to Succeed Himself.

Roanoke, Va., Aug. 12.—The Democratic state convention opened the second day's convention at 10 o'clock this morning. J. H. Tyler and Edward Echols having been nominated last night for governor and lieutenant governor respectively, the work of today was the choice of attorney general and the adoption of the platform. The convention unanimously adopted a resolution heartily and cordially endorsing the campaign of Senator John W. Daniels to become his own successor.

The candidates placed before the convention for nomination as attorney general were A. J. Montague, F. R. Lassiter, W. R. Alexander, H. R. Pollard and Lloyd T. Smith. The first ballot resulted in a failure to nominate, but with Montague leading.

Before the result of the third ballot was announced, it was seen that Montague had received enough votes to nominate him and his nomination was made by acclamation.

THE PHILADELPHIA REGATTA.

Nearly All the Crack Oarsmen Will Be Present.

Philadelphia, Aug. 12.—With the exception of Dr. McDowell, of Chicago, and the St. Paul, Minn., senior eight-oared crew, all the crack oarsmen of the United States and Canada, who are entered for the regatta, which will be held on the Schuylkill river tomorrow and Saturday, are now here. Most of the New York oarsmen arrived at noon. Among them were H. Voight, of the Atlanta club, the intermediate doubles of the Nassau and Nonpariel clubs; the intermediate fours of the Lone Star and Scanawaka club and the Dauntless senior eight.

The question of Ten Eyck starting in the races tomorrow is still an open one.

MAY PREVENT THE DUEL.

Paris, Aug 12.—Prince Henry of Orleans, replying to the duke of Aosta, eldest nephew of the king of Italy, who was sent to France by his majesty with instructions to make an attempt to prevent the duel being fought between Prince Henry and Gen. Albertone, as a result of the prince's reflections upon the conduct of the Italian soldiers in Abyssinia, has informed the duke that it is impossible for him to retreat. It is now thought that others will intervene in the matter.

POISONED CANNED FRUIT.

Milwaukee, Aug. 12.—A special to the Journal from Rhinelander, Wis., says: Louise Annis, an early settler here, died suddenly last night, apparently from poison. Mrs. Annis entertained friends at supper last night, and all of the family and the guests were taken sick a short time after with similar symptoms. Mr. Annis died before a doctor could be summoned. All of the others, however, recovered. The poisoning is thought to have been caused by canned fruit.

MINERS FEEL UGLY.

Pittsburg, Aug. 12.—A Leader, Kingwood, W. Va., special says the miners at Corinth are in an ugly mood and threaten the property of the company and the life of Superintendent Anderson. The sheriff was notified and left this morning with United States Marshal Jackson for the scene of the trouble. If needed deputies will be put on guard and order restored, even if force of arms is necessary to accomplish it.

OFFERED EIGHTY CENTS.

Brazil, Ind., Aug. 12.—Today Houston Johnson, general manager of the Jackson Coal and Mining company, offered his miners 80 cents per ton to return to work and mine sufficient coal to supply the Central iron and steel works here. No action will be taken on the offer until Saturday. The offer is unexpected and has created intense feeling among the miners who claim it is a scheme to break the strikers' ranks.

A CLOUBURST'S RAVAGES.

Schenectady, N. Y., Aug. 12.—There was a cloudburst in the Normanskill valley in the western end of Schenectady county yesterday. About ten bridges were washed away and unharvested crops were ruined. The damage was very heavy.

A FUNERAL ACCIDENT.

Rotten Porch Gives Way and Injures Many Guests.

Sacramento, Cal., Aug. 12.—A serious accident occurred about 9 o'clock today at the residence of Capt. A. Mendis, during the ceremonies at the funeral of his daughter, Mrs. Mary E. Tierney. A dozen people had gathered upon a porch twelve feet high in front of the building. The porch collapsed, throwing the people to the ground, injuring all of them.

George H. Clark, the funeral director, had his head badly cut. Mrs. E. O. Connor, suffered a sprained ankle and had her head cut by a falling timber. George Vice was cut about the head. Mrs. Nellie McGraw and Mrs. M. F. Kent were quite seriously bruised about the body. Mrs. Theresa Lombard had one of her legs broken and Mrs. Bilder had her cheek cut. The timbers of the porch had become rotten through age and the structure was not properly braced.

AMERICAN IN PERIL.

Found Guilty of Murder After a Colombian Farce of a Trial.

Washington, Aug. 12.—The United States consul at Medellin, Colombia, reports to the state department that the long-pending trial of Charles Radford, a native of Alabama, accused in Colombia of murder, terminated July 3 last in a verdict of guilty. The judge pronounced sentence of death on Aug. 6, and an appeal was taken at once to the highest local tribunal, which was granted. The sentence is regarded as iniquitous, and hopes are entertained that it will be reversed. If it is not, a further appeal can be made to the supreme court at Bogota. After his sentence Radford was placed in heavy irons and otherwise treated in the most cruel manner.

The consul telegraphed to the American minister at Bogota, hoping to obtain better treatment for the condemned man through the Colombian government. The judge who tried the case said that he did not expect the verdict, which was received with surprise and indignation by the people present at the trial. The jury was composed of three very young men, all deficient in intelligence. Jurors cannot be challenged in Colombia. Five names are drawn by lot. One is struck out by the prosecuting attorney, one by the counsel for the defense, and the three remaining constitute the jury.

BOUNCED THE ITALIANS.

Cripple Creek Makes Them March at Midnight.

Denver, Aug. 12.—Complaint was made today to Dr. Cuneo, the Italian consul in this city, by Joseph Phillips, an Italian labor boss, that he and twenty-five Italians whom he hired to work on the grading of the electric railroad now under construction in the Cripple Creek mining district, were driven from the camp by fifty men who aroused them at midnight and compelled them to take the road immediately. The men are straggling homeward, most of them having been obliged to walk the entire distance, over 120 miles. It is probable that the incident will be the subject of international correspondence and investigation.

RUNAWAYS IN CHICAGO.

Three St. Paul Boys Captured By Chicago Police.

Chicago, Aug. 12.—Three boys who ran away from their homes at St. Paul are at the Sheffield avenue station and their parents have been notified. The boys were found wandering about in the vicinity of Evanston avenue and Bailey street. They gave their names and address as Richard Patterson, 292 Rondo street; James McNally, 334 Anthony street, and Thomas Powers, 289 Rondo street.

The boys left their homes three days ago and were on their way to New York. They had no money and when found were searching for a place to spend the night.

AN EDITOR ASSAULTED.

Colorado Springs, Col., Aug. 12.—Charles H. Frowine, editor of the Manitou Journal, was brutally assaulted by two unknown men while going from his office to his home in Manitou. His injuries consist of a broken nose and several bad scalp wounds, besides bruises about the face and body, but are not considered dangerous. It is believed that the assault was the outcome of a long political struggle, Mr. Frowine having been outspoken in opposition to gambling and the opening of saloons on Sunday.

MORE PUBLIC LANDS.

Washington, Aug. 12.—Acting Secretary Ryan of the interior department today reaffirmed a former decision of the department in the matter of forfeited lands of the Mobile & Gerard land grant in Alabama, involving about 200,000 acres. The lands of the uncompleted road were forfeited under the general forfeiture of railroad lands, but the law contained a provision protecting bona fide purchasers of lands which had been patented to the company. The decision today denies that right and holds the forfeited lands as restored to the public domain.

CLIFFORD'S CAREER.

Chicago, Aug. 12.—Charles W. Clifford, who killed his wife and himself yesterday at their home, 202 Rush street, was a member of the famous Greely Arctic expedition. He was with Lieut. Greely during all that long and terrible trip to the frozen regions of the north. He saw his companions starving to death or succumbing to the cold and disease. He took part in the killing of the ill-fated Henry, who hunger had driven to steal part of the supplies portioned out to others.

Clifford went with the expedition as a carpenter. Policeman Gustave A. Penner, of whom Clifford was jealous, has been suspended by Chief of Police Kipley pending investigation.

BOOM THE FAIR.

Columbus, Ohio, Aug. 12.—President McKinley has accepted an invitation to attend the Ohio state fair at Columbus opening Aug. 31.

HANNA ASHORE

Not Politically, But His Yacht Comanche Has Come to Grief.

IN NIPIGON STRAITS

Wrecking Tugs and a Lighter Have Been Sent For--- Dangerous Place.

Port Arthur, Ont., Aug. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steam yacht Comanche, with Senator M. A. Hanna's party on board, is ashore somewhere in the Nipigon straits on the north shore of Lake Superior. The boat seems to be in serious danger, as the telegram calling for assistance asked that two wrecking tugs and a lighter be sent at once. The telegram was sent from Nipigon station on the Canadian Pacific.

The Comanche left here Tuesday morning for a cruise along the north shore. Senator Hanna's party up to that time had had a delightful trip and had met with no mishaps. The place where the yacht came to disaster is of rocky formation, the channels being dotted with many small islands. It is considered dangerous for any but experienced pilots.

DETAILS ARE LACKING.

But Some News Is Expected During the Evening.

Port Arthur, Ont., Aug. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Details regarding the mishap to the steam yacht Comanche are not expected to reach here until tonight. When the yacht anchored here on Monday, Senator Mark Hanna did not come ashore.

THE HANNA PARTY.

Shipwrecked Crowd Numbers Ten Guests and the Crew.

Cleveland, Ohio, Aug. 12.—The party on board the Comanche included Senator and Mrs. Hanna and daughters Mable and Ruth, of Cleveland; ex-Governor and Mrs. Merriam of Minnesota, who were taken on at Duluth; Mr. and Mr. and Mrs. Gorsline, of Toledo; Miss McCurdy, of Cleveland, and Mr. Perry, of Toledo.

THE COMANCHE'S CRUISE.

Chicago, Aug. 12.—The yacht left Cleveland on the evening of July 31, for a cruise of the great lakes. The Comanche is a steel yacht, thoroughly seaworthy and was used by Senator Hanna's brother last summer in his cruise of the West Indies.

A FATAL DISEASE.

Tannery Operatives Killed By a Sudden and Mysterious Ailment--Infected Hides.

Clearfield, Pa., Aug. 12.—The Falls Creek tannery at Falls Creek, this county, has closed down because of the appearance of a peculiar and terrible disease among the employes, of whom four died within a few hours after they were seized. It is supposed to be caused by handling some hides which were imported from China and contained the germs of an unknown and dangerous disease.

Measures will be undertaken to stamp it out before it spreads any further.

WISCONSIN DRUGGISTS.

Green Bay, Wis., Aug. 12.—The state Pharmaceutical association has decided upon Waupaca for the meeting next year. The names of H. G. Thompson, of Menominee; R. H. Ruensel, of Milwaukee, and J. Halmel, of Medford, were decided upon by the convention as the district's choice from which Governor Scofield is to name a successor to Schrank, of Milwaukee, on the state board of pharmacy. The convention will close tonight.

The following officers were elected: President, Charles Pfeifer, of Plymouth; vice president, L. H. Kreisin, of Milwaukee; C. M. Allen, of Marshfield; secretary, E. B. B. Heimstreet, Janesville; treasurer, W. B. Clarke, of Milton.

BRIBER POLACHEK'S CASE.

Milwaukee, Aug. 12.—Charles Polachek, a member of the Wisconsin legislature, who was arrested last evening on a charge of attempting to bribe Alderman Elkert, was taken into court today. The attorney for the defense moved for his discharge claiming that the convening of the legislature next week nullifies all the proceedings. A motion was denied and adjournment taken until this afternoon.

SHEEHAN ARRESTED.

Peoria, Ill., Aug. 12.—W. A. Sheehan, ex-grand secretary and treasurer of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, was arrested this morning at the instigation of the grand trustees, charged with the embezzlement of $1800. He was released upon giving $2500 bail. He claims an overdraft.

RUMORS ARE DENIED.

New York, Aug. 12.—The rumors recently circulated to the effect that Charles O. Scull was to succeed George H. Daniel as general passenger agent of the New York Central road are absolutely untrue. This statement is made on the authority of the highest official of the New York Central.

A DOUBLE HANGING.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 12.—Bud Brooks and Grady Reynolds, convicted at Jefferson, Ga., yesterday of the murder of Merchant M. C. Hunt, were sentenced this morning to be hanged Sept. 24.

A RICH POCKET

Graves Brothers' Pocket at Redding, California, Yields Up Another $40,000.

BLOCKADE AT DYEA

Klondikers Without Horses Cannot Get Over the Passes Until Spring.

Redding, Cal., Aug 12.—News was received here today from Coffee Creek to the effect that $40,000 more of gold dust and nuggets were taken out yesterday afternoon from the pocket out of which the Graves brothers took their $42,000 last Saturday.

Another exceedingly rich discovery of gold is reported on Morrison Gulch about two miles from the scene of the Graves brothers' discovery. It is said $18,000 was taken out in one day, and that two miners are taking out gold on an average of $40 to the pan. This strike is on the same vein as the Graves claims, and is supposed to be an extension of the same.

KLONDIKERS ARE BLOCKADED.

Bad State of Affairs at Dyea and Skaguay.

Seattle, Aug. 12.—The blockade of Klondikers at Dyea and Skaguay will lead to much suffering this winter. Capt. Amex, who was the pilot of the steamer Islander which has just returned from the north, says that things are in very bad shape. Affairs could not be much worse. Two thousand people are camped along the rocky shore, with but few horses or pack animals at hand, and they have practically no chance of getting over the pass. One of the United States commissioners, by using his official influence and paying $400 in coin, managed to get the Indians to pack his outfit over the Chilkoot pass to the lakes. Of the others who went from Puget Sound without horses not one in fifty will get across the mountains this winter.

Seven Seattle men who went up in the Islander returned on her to Victoria, utterly disgusted with the prospect, and will remain at home till spring, when they expect to make another start. Those who have horses and boats stand a fairly good chance of getting through, but the start must be made before winter comes on.

THE OHIO POPULISTS.

A Stormy Time at Their Convention---Fusion Repudiated.

Columbus, Aug. 12.—Fusion was repudiated yesterday by the Populists of Ohio in a manner so emphatic as to leave no chance for controversy regarding the future policy of the party. The Populist state convention, by an overwhelming majority, severed the alliance made a year ago with the Democracy on the free silver issue, and nominated a full state ticket, headed by Jacob Coxey, of Commonweal fame, as the nominee for governor.

Turbulent scenes marked the opening of the convention yesterday morning. The anti-fusionists had swept everything before them, capturing the temporary and permanent organization and all the committees, and they were on their mettle. When the convention assembled the report of the committee on rules and order of business brought out the promised sensation, an allegation that delegates had been bribed by the Republicans. A committee was appointed to investigate the charges and was ordered to report to the state central committee.

At the afternoon session the following state ticket was no nated:

Governor, Jacob Coxey, Stark county.

Lieutenant governor, Morris Whitcomb, Tuscarawas county.

Supreme judge, D. C. Pomeroy, Franklin county.

Attorney general, C. A. Reider, Wayne county.

State treasurer, F. M. Morris, Auglaize county.

WEST VIRGINIA DEMOCRATS.

Taylor For Governor and Endorse Chicago Platform.

Roanoke, Va., Aug. 12.—At the afternoon session of the Democratic state convention yesterday E. W. Saunders was made permanent chairman without opposition. His denunciation of the gold standard elicited applause from the convention. The first considerable outburst of cheers was evoked by the declaration that William J. Bryan will be the president in 1900.

Carter Glass, of the Lynchburg News, placed before the convention the name of J. Hoge Taylor, of Pulaski, as the gubernatorial nomination. At the conclusion of the seconding speech for Taylor, Hon. J. Taylor Ellison, who was his only opponent, in a brief speech moved to make the nomination of his competitor unanimous.

This proposition was received with wild applause, and the convention, by a rising vote, unanimously re-elected Mr. Ellison chairman of the state committee.

Mr. Ellison's proposition was carried with wild hurrah, and J. Hoge Taylor, of Pulaski, was declared the nominee of the convention for governor.

The platform is in the main an endorsement of the platform of the national Democratic convention adopted at Chicago in July, 1896. The platform also declares for primary elections to indicate the popular choice for United States senator and commits legislative candidates to accept the result of the primaries.

THE SIBERIAN RAILWAY.

San Francisco, Aug. 12.—The building of the Siberian railway has been of great benefit to the lumber trade of this coast. The Glen Turret, a new freight steamer of 3026 tons net, now at Shanghai, has been chartered to take lumber and railroad ties from the Columbia river to Vladivostock.

THE MEXICO WRECK.

Seattle, Wash., Aug. 12.—It will require an inquiry by the government inspector of hulls to determine the facts of the wrecking of the steamer Mexico.

CONDEMNED.

When an innocent man is condemned for any crime he doesn't lose hope. His lawyers appeal from one court to another. They are bound to save him, if he can be saved. It is the same way with a good doctor when his patient seems condemned to death by disease.



But doctors make mistakes sometimes; they lose heart too soon. After they have tried everything they know and the patient is no better, they think there is nothing more to be done. They don't always get at the root of the disease. They frequently give a patient up to die of consumption, and are afterwards surprised to see him get strong and well again.

Mrs. W. B. Duncan, of Arlington, Phelps Co., Mo., writes: "My husband took four bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery when he was (as he thought) almost into consumption, and we were very thankful that such a medicine could be found. I wish all persons troubled with cough would take it. Long may the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Favorite Prescription' be made. I shall always recommend and praise these medicines."

All lung and bronchial diseases are cured by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, because it supplies the system with healthy blood. It puts the vital forces into action and fills the circulation with the life-giving red corpuscles which builds up solid, muscular flesh and healthy nerve-force.

As a medical author, Dr. Pierce holds an eminent place in his profession. His great thousand-page illustrated book, "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser" is one of the standard medical works of the English language. Nearly 700,000 copies were sold at $1.50 each. A paper-bound copy will be sent *absolutely free* for the cost of mailing *only*, 21 one-cent stamps; or, cloth-bound for 31 stamps. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y.

OLD VETERAN FRAUD.

Rather Astounding Discovery of a Soldier Seeking a Comrade,

Los Angeles, Aug. 12.—John C. Svenington, in search of an old army comrade, of South America, at the Soldiers' home, was astonished to learn that he himself had been registered as an inmate of that institution for more than two years. The result of the discovery and exposure is that Peter McKilsen, an aged inmate of the home, is under arrest.

ECKELS ON BANKS.

Controller of the Currency Favors Tendency Toward Bank Consolidation.

Chicago, Aug. 12.—The August number of the Rand-McNally Bankers' Monthly contains an article by Hon. James H. Eckels, comptroller of the currency, on bank consolidations, in which he expresses himself unhesitatingly in favor of the tendency toward consolidation which has been developing during the last six months.

"I am convinced," he says, "that there is not an important city in the country but would be strengthened in all its interests by bank consolidations. Within the past few months they have occurred in New York, St. Louis and Kansas City. The example thus set could be well followed elsewhere.

"It ought to be. The truth is that many commercial banks in recent years have drifted away from legitimate commercial banking for the reason that they have found themselves confronted with so-called commercial banks, born outside of any apparent commercial needs. They have been compelled, through giving free exchange and payments of large interest rates and deposits, to look to other means of meeting expenses and earning dividends. The channel into which they have thus either drifted or have been driven has been a dangerous and in many cases a disastrous one.

"It is to the end that conservatism may be restored and legitimate and continuing earning capacity to bank stocks be brought about that shareholders should seek, whenever necessity requires it, the strengthening of the banks in which they have holdings by union with others. In such a plan would be found greater safety to all, better banking methods, fewer bank failures, steadier dividends and less assessments upon bank stocks."

WEI HAI WAI DISMANTLED.

Only a Small Garrison Left at the Famous Port.

San Francisco, Aug. 12.—A correspondent of the North China Daily News, who recently visited Wei Hai Wai, says: The Japanese troops are being rapidly reduced and only a comparatively small garrison now holds the place. The forts are all dismantled and in ruins; expensive Krupp guns of large caliber are lying about, some broken and fractured by charges of dynamite and all thrown down and damaged in such a way as to be rendered utterly useless.

The thrifty husbandman has, in the meanwhile, changed the aspect of affairs by using the ground occupied by the forts as an addition to the adjoining fields of millet or sweet potatoes.

NEW CHINESE CALENDAR.

San Francisco, Aug. 12.—The Chinese mininter at Washington proposes to correct the Chinese calendar now in use in this country, which was calculated at Hong Kong, but is one day out of true reckoning when used in this country, no allowance being made for the difference in longitude. Acting on instructions from the Chinese minister, the Chinese consul general has just issued a proclamation which was yesterday posted in Chinatown and sent out to other places in this state, setting forth the error and the reason of it, directing that it shall be corrected.

WASHINGTON CROP REPORTS.

Spokane, Wash., Aug. 12.—The Spokane Review has crop reports from special correspondence. The estimated wheat yield as given by the reports is as follows: Washington, Spokane county, 4,000,000 bushels; Walla Walla, 4,000,000; Adams, 3,000,000; Whitman, 13,500,000; Lincoln, 13,400,000; Kittas, 400,000; Yakima, 200,000. North Idaho, Latah county, 2,000,000; Nez Perces, 1,000,000. Total, 41,600,000 bushels.

HIS SAD ENDING

Ex-Minister Roberts, Formerly Very Wealthy, Dies a Charity Patient.

PARALYSIS DID IT

Politics Wrecked His Fortune and Brought Him to Utter Want.

New York, Aug. 12.—William Randall Roberts, a former merchant prince of New York, who was also a politician of international repute, died Monday of paralysis, a charity patient in Bellevue hospital.

Roberts was United States minister to Chili in Cleveland's first administration. On May 18, 1888, Roberts was stricken with paralysis in Santiago, and in the following year he was brought back to New York by C. M. Sieberts, former secretary of the legation, and lived with him, although he had a wife and son here, ever since, until the second of this month. On that date he was sent by Sieberts to Bellevue. Mr. Roberts was born in County Cork, Ireland, in 1820. He received an academic education and came to the United States in 1849. He secured employment with A. T. Stewart and eventually started in the dry goods business for himself on the Bowery. His store was called the "Crystal Palace," and was well known as the most typical establishment of its kind.

Roberts did an immense business and he retired with a fortune that passed the million dollar mark in 1861. His real estate holdings were extensive. After retiring from business Roberts went into politics, and to this his widow ascribes the loss of the greater part of his fortune. In 1896 he was elected a representative from this city to the Forty-second and Forty-third congresses. In 1877 he was elected alderman-at-large, and he was president of the board of aldermen that year and the next. Roberts was a leader of Tammany hall up to the time of his going to Chili. He held office until Patrick Egan replaced him under the Harrison administration.

Roberts was also prominent in Irish national matters. He was president of the Fenian brotherhood at the time of the raid into Canada by Gen. John O'Neil in June, 1866. For the part he took in that famous international episode he was received by order of the president of the United States.

ORIENTAL HAPPENINGS.

Haps and Mishaps in the Land of the Chinese.

Vancouver, B. C., Aug. 12.—Advices from the Orient, per steamer Empress of Japan, say: Rev. William H. Noyes has resigned as missionary in Japan of the American board on the ground that he is uncertain whether he believes some of the doctrines inculcated by the board. It was his avowal of belief in probation after death that brought about the famous controversy over that question some forty years ago.

News has been received of the death by drowning of Brig. Gen. De Badens, commanding the Third and Fourth military districts of Tonkin, while on an inspection trip. He was drowned in Clear river, a native boat being upset in the rapids.

The chamber of commerce of Manila has convoked a public meeting for Aug. 15 for all the merchants in Manila, in order to get public opinion on the movement about to be raised for Archipelago and what had best be done to solve the political crisis in exchange.

A gambling scandal in which several police officials are involved is creating a sensation at Hong Kong. One official who, it is claimed, made $7 per day for permitting gambling games to be run, has been committed for trial and several other officers suspended. The Hong Kong and Shanghai bank has declared a dividend of £1 and 5 shillings for the last half year and will carry forward the last sum.

BASEBALL YESTERDAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 6; St. Louis, 5.

At Washington—Washington, 6; Philadelphia, 0.

At Louisville—Louisville, 5; Chicago, 4.

At Boston—Boston, 7; New York, 5.

At Cleveland—Cleveland, 12; Pittsburg, 6.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 3; Baltimore, 10. Second game—Brooklyn, 3; Baltimore, 13.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Columbus—Columbus, 11; Milwaukee, 7.

At Grand Rapids—Grand Rapids, 17; Kansas City, 12.

At Detroit—Detroit, 5; St. Paul, 1. Second game—Detroit, 2; St. Paul, 5.

At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 16; Minneapolis, 3. Second game—Indianapolis, 10; Minneapolis, 3.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Boston	90	62	.689
Cincinnati	88	58	.659
Baltimore	87	57	.655
New York	86	52	.605
Cleveland	90	47	.522
Chicago	91	45	.479
Philadelphia	92	42	.457
Pittsburg	91	41	.451
Louisville	95	42	.442
Brooklyn	89	38	.427
Washington	89	34	.382
St. Louis	85	25	.293

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Indianapolis	93	66	.710
Columbus	92	61	.663
St. Paul	100	61	.610
Milwaukee	100	60	.600
Detroit	100	49	.490
Grand Rapids	95	31	.326
Minneapolis	100	31	.310
Kansas City	98	30	.306

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refeunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Duluth Drug company.

TANDEM PRICE CUT

To 50c per hour straight, of $1 per evening. Best tandems on earth, kept in perfect repair, seven in number. Come on, boys. All for sale, cheap.

DULUTH VAN COMPANY.

USE POND'S EXTRACT

Genuine absolutely Pure; contains no Wood Alcohol, as many substitutes do; can be used with

PERFECT SAFETY

INTERNALLY AND EXTERNALLY.

POND'S EXTRACT

Subdues all Inflammations, Controls all Hemorrhages, Relieves all Pain.

For Insect Bites, Sunburn, Chafing and Summer Complaints

IT IS UNEQUALED.

Beware of worthless imitations said to be "just as good."

POND'S EXTRACT CO., New York and London.

BRITISH ARMY CHANGES.

Two Well Known Officers Receive Earned Promotions.

London, Aug. 12.—The Daily Chronicle says it has been decided to appoint Gen. Sir Evelyn Wood, adjutant general, and Sir George Stewart White, quartermaster general. Sir Evelyn Wood has been quartermaster general of forces since 1893. He was born Feb. 9, 1838, was educated at Marlborough college, and in 1874, was called to the bar of the Middle Temple. His military career virtually began during the Crimean war. He served in the India campaign of 1858, and in the Ashantee, Kaffir, Zulu and Transvaal wars, 1880-81. He was in command of the Second brigade of the Egyptian expedition in 1882 and served in the Nile expedition of 1894-95. From 1886 to 1888 he commanded the eastern district and from 1889 to 1893 the Aldershot division. He was made general in 1895.

Sir George Stewart White has been commander-in-chief in India since 1892. He was born in 1835, was educated at Sandhurst and entered the army in 1853. He served during the Indian mutiny in Afghanistan in 1879-80, in Egypt in 1885, and commanded the forces in Burmah from 1886 to 1889.

STATE SUPREME COURT.

Decision of Great Interest to Creditors of Insolvents.

St. Paul, Aug. 12.—The supreme court will have it known from this time on that when a debtor makes a composite agreement for a settlement with his creditors, and uses the term "other creditors," it includes all other creditors, and not a few who are to take a percentage of their claims while another more favored few are to receive full payment. A decision in regard to this was handed down by Justice Buck, in the case of the M. A. Seed Dry Plate company, respondent, vs. Albert Wundrich, appellant. The decision affirms that of the lower court and states the case this way:

The defendant was indebted to plaintiff upon three promissory notes secured by a trust deed given to a third party. Subsequently defendant became further indebted to plaintiff in the sum of $767, and becoming insolvent then executed a composition agreement as follows: Three hundred eighty three dollars and eighty cents and interest from Nov. 15, 1896, in consideration of the payment in cash by Albert Wundrich within twenty days from this date of the sum of $383.80, being 50 per cent of his entire indebtedness to us in consideration of other creditors accepting a like percentage of their respective claims and demands against him in full settlement and compromise thereof, we hereby agree to accept said percentage of our claims and demands against him in full settlement and compromise thereof.

It was conclusively shown, without objection, that the indebtedness represented by the three notes was not included in the composition agreement, and that the defendant, soon after its execution paid a large number of his creditors in full, and that only a bare majority of the creditors ever signed such agreement. Defendant paid 50 per cent on the $767 indebtedness in full payment thereof.

Held, that the words "other creditors" as used in the composition agreement meant all other creditors, and that plaintiff could maintain an action for the unpaid indebtedness represented by the three notes. Order affirmed.

TURKISH MUTTERINGS.

Constantinople, Aug. 12.—Placards printed have been found posted on walls of all the ministries, demanding a change in the system of government in the Turkish empire and threatening violence unless this is effected. The placards declare that otherwise blood will flow as during the Armenian massacres.

The minister for war, Riza Pasha, has sent a circular to all the Turkish commanders, directing them to watch their officers strictly. This step is attributed to the increasing discontent visible in Turkey against the present government.

FIGHTING IN SIAM.

New York, Aug. 12.—A special to the Herald from Bangkok says: News has arrived of severe fighting at Muang Locus, on the right bank of the Mekong, the neutral zone between the French and Siamese. Several were killed and wounded on both sides. The French captured Siamese officials. Details are wanting.

COFFEE PLANTER DEAD.

Tallac Lake, Cal., Aug. 12.—Philip Korn, a wealthy coffee planter of San Salvador, died here yesterday. He was one of the best known coffee planters in Central America. The value of his property is over $5,000,000. He was a German by birth.

THE TRUE REMEDY.

W. M. Repine, editor of the Tiskilwa, Ill., "Chief," says: "We won't keep house without Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. Experimented with many others, but never got the true remedy until we used Dr. King's New Discovery. No other remedy can take its place in our home, as in it we have a certain and sure cure for Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, etc." It is idle to experiment with other remedies, even if they are urged on you as just as good as Dr. King's New Discovery. They are not as good, because this remedy has a record of cures and besides is guaranteed. It never fails to satisfy. Trial bottles free at Duluth Drug company's drug store.

IN THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Judge Amidon at Fargo has rendered a decision favorable to the sale of the Jamestown and Valley City mills of the Russell-Miller Milling company, of West Superior and North Dakota. The two mills will be turned over to E. P. Wells, president of the James River National bank at Jamestown, on a bid offered by him to the receiver last week. This will simplify the management of the affairs of the company.

Wheatland is booming this summer. A fine, large brick hotel, 2-story frame restaurant and 2-story frame hardware and tinware shop are going up, besides a prospective machinery hall. The stockyards are also being rebuilt. Monilaw's little child is dead from the effects of a scalding a few days ago.

The state board at Bismarck has completed consideration of real property and made a reduction in values through the state that will aggregate probably $3,000,000. The largest decreases have been made in the counties in the central and western parts of the state. In the Red River valley lands have been either unchanged or slightly increased. Cass county has been decreased 8 per cent and Grand Forks has been raised 9 per cent, Traill county has been raised 4 per cent, Pembina increased 5 per cent, Cavalier increased 10 per cent and the counties in the central part of the state reduced in value on all average of 15 per cent.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

By the state board of equalization at Pierre a resolution was passed condemning the action of an employe of one of the state officials under pay of the state sending out specials for publication in which state officials were slandered and calling upon the head of the office in which he was employed to take notice of the same. All voted for the resolution except Governor Lee, who said it was boys' play, the resolution being aimed at his private secretary.

Tramps forced open a number of freight cars on the Northwestern track at Redfield last night and appropriated a lot of groceries and furnishings consigned to local merchants.

RUSSIAN MISSION.

Ethan Allen Hitchcock, of St. Louis, Tendered the Office and Accepts.

Washington, Aug. 12.—Ethan Allen Hitchcock, of St. Louis, has accepted the Russian mission. The first mention of Mr. Hitchcock in connection with the appointment came from the president. Mr. Hitchcock started on Monday for St. Louis to put his affairs in order to go to St. Petersburg. A close friendship between the president and Mr. Hitchcock has existed for many years.

As one of the pioneer plate glass manufacturers of this country, Mr. Hitchcock has been in Washington a great deal during tariff legislation. These visits promoted the friendship. Mr. Hitchcock has been a highly successful business man.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

The winners at the Brighton Beach, New York, track yesterday were: Maurice, Isabey, The Skate, Haphazard, George Keene, Beldemere and Brown Red.

At St. Petersburg Emperor William and Empress Augusta Victoria re-embarked upon the German imperial yacht Hohenzollern at 6 o'clock last evening for their return journey.

Officers yesterday rounded up a gang of postoffice robbers after a hot fight. Deputy Sheriff Sherman received a serious gun shot wound. Two burglars were captured and a third escaped, though badly wounded.

A dispatch to the Paris Figaro from San Sebastian says that Canovas, the assassin, in the course of a police examination, declared that it would be President Faure's turn next.

News has been received of a decisive battle between loyal troops and insurgent forces in Matanzas. According to this information the Spanish troops were routed after a hard battle with heavy losses. This news caused a veritable sensation in Havana as it is generally known that Capt. Gen. Weyler is now in Matanzas, and there is a belief that the Spanish troops directly under him were those who suffered defeat at the hands of the rebels.

At Ellis, Kan., Mrs. Walkenstein, wife of a German tailor, shot a jeweler named Mulhelm, seriously and then shot and killed herself. Her husband and his wife were away from the city and there had been talk connecting Mrs. Walkenstein and Mulhelm.

Columbus, Ohio, has been selected as the place for holding the national convention of mayors and councilmen, which will be held next August.

United States Minister Taylor at San Sebastian cables the state department under date of yesterday as follows: "Spanish government returns sincere thanks to the president for his message of condolence."

BRYAN IN IDAHO.

Spencer, Idaho, Aug. 12.—Hon. W. J. Bryan has returned from his seventeen days' trip through the Yellowstone park. He was met here by Governor Smith and Congressman Hartman, who will escort him to Butte and other points in Montana.

MISS ANSON ENGAGED.

Chicago, Aug. 12.—The engagement of Miss Grace Anson, daughter of the well-known ball player, Adrian C. Anson, to Walter H. Clough, formerly of Leavenworth, Kas., is announced.

SERVE AN INJUNCTION ON DISEASE

By invigorating a feeble constitution, renovating a debilitated physique, and enriching a thin and innutritious circulation with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the finest, the most highly sanctioned, and the most popular tonic and preventive in existence. It strengthens the stomach, remedies torpor of the liver and bowels, and gives a healthful impulse to the secreting and discharging functions of the kidneys and bladder. Not only does it arrest and prevent the recurrence of malarial fevers, but it furnishes the only adequate safeguard against them to persons who have never been afflicted with those maladies, but would be liable to incur them if medicinally unprotected. It eliminates from the blood certain impurities which the most skillful pathologists assign as the exciting cause of those agonizing complaints, rheumatism and gout, and it is, moreover, an excellent remedy for an enfeebled and overwrought state of the nerves, and for mental despondency.

Who can measure the influence of a Mother!



It lasts through all ages and enters the confines of eternity. With what care, therefore, should she be guarded and how great the effort be to make her life happy.

Mother's Friend

makes child-birth easy, assists nature in its sublime effort, leaves the Mother stronger after than before confinement, and robs the trying hour of its terror. No Mother can afford to neglect its use.

Of druggists at $1.00, or sent by mail on receipt of price. Write for book containing valuable information for all Mothers, mailed free.

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Woman's Best Friend



Dirt's Worst Enemy.

Largest package—greatest economy. Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Boston. Philadelphia.

"USE THE MEANS AND HEAVEN WILL GIVE YOU THE BLESSING." NEVER NEGLECT A USEFUL ARTICLE LIKE

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A DAY OF PLEASURE

VIA THE PICTURESQUE

B & O

RAILROAD, AND CLEVELAND & BUFFALO TRANSIT COMPANY'S MAGNIFICENT LINE OF STEAMERS TO THE

GRAND ARMY

ENCAMPMENT AT BUFFALO, N. Y.

AUGUST 21, 22 AND 23.

May be Extended to September 20.

Niagara Falls Forty Minutes Away.

ROUND $10.50 TRIP

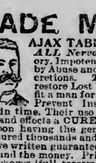
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MADE ME A MAN



AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE *ALL Nervous Diseases*—Failing Memory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse and other Excesses and Indiscretions. *They quickly and surely restore Lost Vitality* in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all others fail. Insist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price 50 cents per package, or six packages (full treatment) for $2.50. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circular free. AJAX REMEDY CO., 59 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in Duluth by S. F. BOYCE, 331 West Superior street; MAX WIRTH, 13 West Superior street.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage which was duly executed and delivered by William S. Woodbridge and Frances A. Woodbridge, his wife, and Lydia F. Woodbridge, (widow), mortgagors, to William J. Ford, mortgagee, bearing date July first (1st), 1891, and which was duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on August fourth (4th), 1891, at 1:40 o'clock p. m. in Book eighty-nine (89) of mortgages, on page three hundred twenty-six (326), and following pages; such default consisting in the non-payment of the principal sum of five hundred ($500) dollars thereby secured, together with interest thereon at the rate of eight per cent per annum from July 1, 1896, and exchange;

And whereas, there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage at the date of this notice, the sum of five hundred four y-four and 74-100 ($544.74) dollars, principal, interest and exchange;

And whereas, said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the statute in such case made, such mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described thereby, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All of lot numbered five (L. 5), in block numbered ten (B. 10), Bay Front Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file of record in the office of the register of deeds for said St. Louis County; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the eleventh (11th) day of September, A. D. 1897, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 27th, 1897.

WILLIAM J. FORD, Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN, Attorney for Mortgagee.

Duluth Evening Herald, July-29-Aug-5-12-19-26-Sept-2.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF WILL.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, August 4th, 1897.

In the matter of the estate of Frank Hibbing, deceased:

Whereas, an instrument in writing purporting to be the last will and testament of Frank Hibbing, deceased, late of said county, has been delivered to this court; and whereas Barbara Hibbing has filed therewith her petition, representing, among other things, that said Frank Hibbing died in said county, on the 30th day of July, 1897, testate, and that said petitioner is the sole executrix named in said last will and testament, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to her.

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument and the said petition be heard before this court at the probate office in Duluth, in said county, on Saturday, the 28th day of August, A. D. 1897, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument.

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the fourth day of August, A. D. 1897.

By the Court, PHINEAS AYER, Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)

Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-5-12-19.

NOTICE OF BIDS.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Indian service, La Pointe Indian agency, Ashland, Wis., August 6, 1897.

Sealed proposals (in triplicate) will be received at this office until twelve o'clock noon, central time, September 6th, 1897, to be then and there opened in the presence of bidders, for the purchase of all the merchantable timber, standing or fallen, upon the Red Cliff reservation, situated in the county of Bayfield, three and one-half miles northwest of the city of Bayfield, on Lake Superior, Wisconsin.

Including 7,500,000 feet now banked in Red Cliff bay, on the above described reservation, about 100,000,000 feet more or less. The kind of timber approximately estimated, includes about 60,000,000 white pine, 3,000,000 Norway, 25,000,000 hemlock, 5,000,000 cedar, 4,000,000 spruce, and 3,000,000 feet divided between oak, ash, birch, maple and basswood.

The above estimates are only approximate, and bidders are expected to ascertain for themselves the amount and quality of each class of timber, before submitting proposals. Bids should be made for so much per thousand feet or stumpage for each kind of timber, which would include all merchantable, standing, dead or down, burnt or green; or merchantable standing of each kind, so much per thousand feet, merchantable dead or down; so much merchantable burnt, or green and fallen, so much per thousand, or bids may include both methods.

Bids upon the timber now banked will be so much per thousand feet for white pine, and so much for Norway. The Norway banked comprises one-half of one per cent of the 7,500,000 feet.

The following requirements must be considered in submitting proposals for the purchase of the above described timber: A mill must be built upon the reservation, and all the timber, including that now banked must be sawed into lumber at the mill. Not less than 10,000,000 feet nor more than 20,000,000 feet of timber to be cut and banked each year and until all the timber is cut and sold. No one except the successful bidder will be allowed to make contracts with the different allottees for the sale of their timber.

Fifty dollars ($50.00) will be paid by the contractor to the allottee on the approval of his contract by the honorable commissioner of Indian affairs, and five per cent of the estimated value of the timber on his allotment, on July 1st of each year till cut. These payments to be charged against the timber and deducted when timber is cut and paid for. A general form of contract with individual allottees, similar to that now being used by the Stearns Lumber Company on the Bad River reservation, will be used. A copy of which can be obtained on application to this office. Payment will be required for the timber now banked on the reservation, when contract is awarded and property delivered.

The contractor will be required to give bond in penalty of $50,000.00 lawful money of the United States, running to the United States, and conditioned for the faithful observance of all laws of the United States now in force or that may hereafter be enacted, relative to trade and intercourse with Indian tribes, and regulations prescribed thereunder, and for the faithful performance of all his obligations under any contract or contracts which he may enter into with the Indians under these regulations, as well as the faithful obligation of the same.

The contractor shall employ Indians in the cutting, moving and manufacture of the timber when practicable, on the same terms as other laborers. Indians to have the preference over white men. The method of appointing scalers, the mode of payment of the same, and minor details of this nature, can be obtained on application to this office.

A certified check for $10,000.00 will be required with each proposal, as guarantee for the faithful execution of the contract if bid is accepted.

The government reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Sealed proposals should be addressed to the undersigned, and marked "proposals for purchase of Red Cliff timber."

(Signed.) G. L. SCOTT, Captain 6th Cavalry, Acting Indian Agent.

Duluth Evening Herald, Aug 9 to Sept 6 inc. 25 t.

MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of eleven hundred seventy-two and 40-100, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by William A. Pryor and Fanny H. Pryor, his wife, to the People's Savings bank, of Duluth, Minnesota, bearing date the 17th day of April, A. D. 1893, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds, in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 20th day of April, A. D. 1893, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 123 of mortgages, on page 81, and said People's Savings Bank having by deed dated February 27th, 1897, duly made an assignment of all its property to the undersigned, Ernst A. Schulze, for the benefit of all its creditors, and said deed of assignment having upon said 27th day of February, 1897, been duly filed in the office of the clerk of the district court, in and for S. Louis County, Minnesota, and a certified copy thereof having been duly filed on the 29th day of March, 1897, in the register of deeds office, in said St. Louis County, and recorded in Book K of miscellaneous records thereof, on page 386, and said assignee having duly accepted said trust and duly qualified as such assignee, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof:

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: Lots numbered twenty-seven (27), block thirteen (13), and lots numbered twen y-nine (29), thirty (30), thirty-one (31) and thirty-two (32), block twenty-nine (29), New Duluth, First (1st.) Division, according to the official plat thereof, in St. Louis County, and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 10th day of September, A. D. 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 28th, A. D. 1897.

ERNST A. SCHULZE, Assignee,

People's Savings Bank of Duluth, Minnesota.

S. D. ALLEN, Attorney for Assignee.

Office: 304 Lonsdale building, Duluth, Minnesota.

Duluth Evening Herald, July 29-Aug-5-12-19-26-Sept-2.

CLIMBED HIGHER

The Market For Wheat Was Again In a Bull Fever Today.

CABLES ALL HIGHER

Little or No Attention Was Paid to the Routine News.

It was an exciting market today in wheat. Trading opened very tame, with no indication of the turmoil which was to follow. Liverpool showed only ⅞@1d advance, equal to about half yesterday's gain in American markets. Foreigners took less wheat on cable offers than for two weeks past. Chicago received 147 cars; Minneapolis and Duluth received 206 cars against 252 last year. But the buying fever which ran so high yesterday was not to be squelched by such small matters and in the first fifteen minutes September wheat was advanced 2½c. Outsiders at Chicago began to talk dollar wheat.

Little or no attention was paid to routine news in the wheat pit. The flood of buying orders which turned loose at the opening at Chicago took September to 84c, the highest price there for that option in years. Stop loss orders were executed at a wide variance and speculators generally were dumbfounded. The total primary receipts were 867,769 bus against 608,000 bus last year. Today's shipments amounted to 986,500 bus. The Atlantic exports of wheat and flour amounted to 605,000 bus.

Trading was active on the Duluth board. September wheat opened unchanged at 83c but advanced within fifteen minutes to 85½c. During the next half hour it sold off to 81⅞c, then reacted to 85c but weakened again and declined to 83⅞c. After noon it sold up to 85½c but heavy liquidation caused a break and it sold off to 85⅛c. The close was at 84¼c, an advance of 1¼c for the day. The mills bought 9600 bus of cash stuff at ½c over September, the elevators paid the same premium for seven cars. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 88¾c. No. 1 northern, cash, 88¼c; September, 84¼c; December, 82c. No. 2 northern, 84¼c. No. 3, 78¼c. Rejected, 64½@72½c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 89¾c; No. 1 northern, 89¾c. Rye, 46c. No. 2 oats, 18½c; No. 3 oats, 18c. Flax, $1.

Car inspection—Wheat, 110; corn, 26; oats, 15; rye, 5; barley, 12; flax, 6. Receipts—Wheat, 178,594 bus; corn, 12,194 bus; oats, 41,351 bus; rye, 4677 bus; barley, 9737 bus; flax, 11,898 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 10,357 bus; oats, 5662 bus; rye, 29,679 bus; barley, 70,000 bus.

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, Aug. 12.—Estimated receipts hogs today, 25,000; left over, 5000. Market fairly active, strong to 5c higher. Light, $3.75@3.95; mixed, $3.65@3.90; heavy, $3.45@3.85; rough, $3.45@3.55. Cattle, receipts, 7500. Market strong to 10c higher. Beeves, $2.85@5.30; cows and heifers, $1.90@4.40; Texas steers, $2.80@3.95; Westerns, $3.40@4.25; stockers and feeders, $3.20@4.25. Sheep, receipts, 12,000. Market steady. Yesterday's official: Hogs, receipts, 29,342; shipments, 4362. Cattle, receipts, 15,184; shipments, 4622. Sheep, receipts, 17,608; shipments, 3194. Native sheep, $2.40@4.60; Westerns, $3.00@3.75; lambs, $3.30@5.35.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, Aug. 12.—Close, wheat, spot ½@1d higher; futures 1@1½d higher. August, 7s 1d; September, 6s 10⅝d; October, 6s 8⅝d; December, 6s 8⅝d. Corn, spot ¼d higher; futures ¼d lower. August, 2s 10⅞d; September, 2s 11⅝d; October, 3s ⅝d; December, 3s 1¾d.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Aug. 12.—Money on call nominally 1@1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3¾@4¼ per cent. Sterling exchange weak with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.85½ for demand and $4.83@4.84 for sixty days. Posted rates $4.84½@4.86 and $4.85½@4.87. Commercial bills $4.83. Silver certificates, 56@57c. Bar silver, 55¾c. Mexican dollars, 42½c. Government bonds firm. New 4s registered, $1.25¾; coupon, $1.25¾; 5s registered, $1.13¾; coupon, $1.13¾; 4s registered, $1.11¾; coupon, $1.12; 2s registered, 97½; Pacific 6s of '98, $1.02.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, Aug. 12.—Wheat strong and higher; close: August, 89¼c; September, 81½c; December, 80¼c. On track—No. 1 hard, 92½c; No. 1 northern, 91½c; No. 2 northern, 86½@89½c. Receipts, 56 cars.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Aug. 12.—Close, wheat, August, 91⅝c; September, 85⅝c; December, 88⅝c. Corn, September, 33⅞c. Oats, September, 22c.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Aug. 12.—Liverpool and Paris again opened up flying and our market after hovering around yesterday's closing price a few minutes took a sudden jump of 2½c with shorts climbing over each other and no wheat for sale. The close was easier with half the advance lost. Early buying was on a large scale with Northwestern orders predominating. Later large continental buying orders for futures came accompanied by a remarkable advance in flour at Paris but Antwerp lagged and Liverpool barely held its early figures. Cash wheat business was small but premiums maintained. Stocks of wheat are so unusually low that shippers are awakening to the fact that with the present moderate movement and urgent demand it will be exceedingly difficult to fill next month's shipping contracts. Outside markets all very strong, notably St. Louis where stocks of wheat are comparatively lightest. We have arrived at a point where there are two sides speculatively, however, to the market and it may be well to secure profits on bulges now though we think higher prices will prevail later.

Corn and oats advanced purely in sympathy with wheat and on buying by wheat traders whose only argument was the low price.

Provisions were bought freely by packers early and were strong most of the day but weakened at the close when the other markets did.

Puts, September wheat, 79⅜@80½c.
Calls, September wheat, 85½@85c.
Curb, September wheat, 82¾c.
Puts, September corn, 27⅝@27½c.
Calls, September corn, 28¼c asked.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky	......	......	......	......
Atchison preferred	32¼	32½	31¼	31⅝
Sugar	145¾	148⅜	145¼	146¼
Canada Southern	55¾	55¾	55¼	55½
C., B. & Q.	96¾	98	96¾	97⅛
St. Paul	94	94¾	94	94⅛
Chicago Gas	102⅛	103½	102	102¾
D., L. & W.	......	......	......	......
General Electric	37⅝	37¾	37	37
Omaha	69	69	68½	68½
Reading	26⅞	27¾	26⅞	26⅞
L. & N.	61⅞	62⅛	61½	61½
Manhattan	104½	105¾	104	104¾
Missouri Pacific	29⅜	29⅜	28½	28½
Tobacco	94½	95¼	93⅜	93¾
C. & N. W.	120½	120⅝	120	120
N. P. preferred	51¼	51⅝	50½	50⅝
Rock Island	85½	86⅛	85¼	85½
Union Pacific	12½	14⅝	12½	13⅜
Western Union	93¼	93¾	93	93
Leather	67⅜	67⅞	67	67
Lake Shore	......	......	......	......

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, Aug. 12—Close, wheat, August, 83⅝c; September, 83⅛c; December, 82⅛c; old, 80⅞c; May, 84⅝c. Corn, August, 27⅝c; September, 27⅞c; December, 29¼c; May, 31⅞c. Oats, August, 17¼c; September, 18⅛c; October, 18⅛c; December, 18⅞c; May, 20⅞c. Pork, August, $7.90; September, $7.90; October, $7.92; December, $8.02. Lard, August, $4.35; September, $4.35; December, $4.47. Ribs, August, $4.82; September, $4.82; October, $4.85. Barley, cash, No. 2, 25½@35c. Cash, wheat, No. 2 red, 85@88c; No. 3 red, 82@85c; No. 2 spring, 84@85c; No. 3 spring, 78@82c; No. 2 hard winter, 84@86c; No. 3 hard winter, 79@83c. Corn, No. 2, 27½@⅝c; No. 3, 26¾@27c. Oats, No. 2, 17½c; No. 3, 15½@19c. Rye, cash, 46c; September, 46¼c; December, 47c. Flax, cash, 98½c; cash, Northwestern, 99½@1.00; September, 78½c; December, $1.00. Timothy, cash, $2.75; August, $2.65; September, $2.55.

ROW IN BULGARIA.

Which May Make a Bad Rupture With Austria.

Sofia, Aug. 12.—The Austrian charge d'affaires Baron Call Von Julumbach-Rosenburg, has left Bulgaria on an indefinite leave of absence. His departure, is owing to the refusal of the Bulgarian premier, M. Stoiloff, to comply with the demand of the Austrian government to formally disavow an interview with the premier published in the Lokal Anzeiger of Berlin, last month, in which, referring to the insistence of Austria upon the punishment of Capt. Boetcheff, the former aide-de-camp of Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria, recently convicted o the murder of his paramour an Austrian subject, he drew an insulting parallel between the venality in official circles in Austria and Bulgaria.

ARE VERY ANGRY.

London, Aug. 12.—Dispatches received here from Vienna show that the Austria-Hungarian government is intensely indignant at the utterances of M. Stoiloff, the Bulgarian premier, and at the latter's refusal to apologize for them. The Pether Lloyd, in an inspired article, says: "If the politicians of Bulgaria, where the officially authorized trade of murder flourishes, don't appreciate the importance of the cessation of diplomatic relations, it will be necessary to apply stronger measures, of which we have plenty at our disposal. We have nothing to do with M. Stoiloff in this matter. It is Prince Ferdinand's duty to atone for his premier's abominable conduct."

A SYMPATHETIC STRIKE.

Owosso, Mich., Aug. 12.—The coal miners at Kincaids, five miles east, have gone out in obedience to an order from the headquarters of the Coal Miners' union. The strike is purely a sympathetic one. The mines were being worked to their full capacity owing to the increase of orders during the big strike, the largest one being placed by Mark Hanna's company. Manager Kincaid hopes to be able to reach a satisfactory agreement and to have the miners return to work tomorrow.

ANGERED THE STRIKERS.

Pittsburg, Aug. 12.—When the news of the injunction granted by the county courts, practically breaking up the camp, reached Turtle Creek, the wildest excitement ensued. The strikers were emphatic in their protests against the action.

A conference of the camp leaders was called for and plans were discussed for some means of holding the ground gained against the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal company's men.

RAMON HIDALGO'S TROUBLE.

Washington, Aug. 12.—Santiago Barroeta, of 146 West Sixty-fourth street, New York, has begged the state department to intervene for the protection of his brother-in-law, Ramon Hidalgo, an American citizen, registered as such in Havana and Cienfuegos, who was arrested July 28 by the Spanish authorities and is kept in an Havana fortress. Mr. Barroeta says that his brother-in-law is a prominent lawyer of Cienfuegos and does not mix in Cuban affairs.

SUGAR REFINERY DEAL.

Chicago, Aug. 12.—The property of the Chicago Sugar Refining company was formally transferred to the Glucose Sugar Refining company of New Jersey today for the consideration of $6,250,000, "and other valuable considerations." The plant consists of an enormous sugar refinery and glucose factory, which have been in operation for twenty-five years.

BANK FOR THE YUKON.

Ottawa, Ont., Aug. 12.—The government has advised all Canadian collectors of customs to give France the benefit of the preferential clause of the tariff. This makes three countries—France, Belgium and Germany—who are now enjoying the benefits of the reciprocal arrangement. The question of establishing a bank at Dawson City, Yukon, is now before the government.

OIL COMBINE COLLAPSES.

Glasgow, Aug. 12.—The Scotch oil trade combine has collapsed owing to the decision of the various companies not to fix the prices for the coming winter.

THE TREASURY CONDITION.

Washington, Aug. 12.—Today's condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $227,179,892; gold reserve, $141,150,724.

APPEAL FOR FOOD.

Columbus, Aug. 12.—Governor Bushnell has issued an appeal for some Ohio miners, who are in absolute need of food.

LAFAYETTE COLLEGE BEQUESTS.

Easton, Pa., Aug. 12.—Lafayette college has received $75,000 of the money coming to that institution from the Fayerweather estate in New York. Previously $50,000 had been received, making in all $125,000 to date.

CANOVAS' LIBRARY.

Madrid, Aug. 12.—The late premier, by the terms of his will, bequeaths to the national library 30,000 volumes, many of which are of very rare editions.

Notice to Plumbers.

The state board of commissioners of practical plumbing hereby give notice that on the 16th day of August, 1897, they will meet at 10 a. m., at Duluth, to examine all applicants, as provided for by chapter 319 of the general laws of the state, approved April 23, 1897, entitled "An act to prevent incompetent persons from working as journeyman plumbers, or conducting the business of plumbing in any city or town having a population of ten thousand (10,000) inhabitants or more, which has a system of sewer or waterworks, in the state of Minnesota. Application blanks can be had at 230 West First street, Duluth, after Aug. 1, 1897.

A. W. SCOTT, President.
D. J. HARRINGTON, Secretary.

Summer Excursion Rates.

VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 16-18, $18.55.

Indianapolis, Ind., and return, Sept. 7, 8, 9, $18.75.

Buffalo, N. Y., and return, G. A. R., Aug. 21, 22, announced later.

Nashville, Tenn., and return, Centennial, $43.30.

Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, $46.45.

Summer tourist tickets to Colorado, Yellowstone Park, Pacific coast, and to all Eastern and Western resorts.

For rates and particulars call or address city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, corner Providence building.

AT WEST DULUTH

West Duluthians Want New Register of Deeds to Come From Here.

SUE STOCKHOLDERS

Receiver Peaslee Begins an Action--Grocers Are Picnicking Today.

Republicans of West Duluth feel that the successor to Peter J. Borgstrom, register of deeds, who is to be named by the county commissioners tomorrow afternoon should be selected from among them. Mr. Borgstrom was nominated for the office as a recognition of West Duluth and since he has lost it they think his successor should come from here also. Several names have been mentioned in connection with the position, but no avowed candidates are in the field today.

SMALL BOYS DROWNED.

Two Lost Their Lives in the Bay Today.

John and Victor Burns, sons of Joseph Burns, a 'longshoreman, were drowned at 2 o'clock this afternoon in the bay about two blocks from the Hugo iron works. The boys, who are aged 9 and 11 years, respectively, were playing on the logs near the shore, when they fell in. Before help could reach them they disappeared under the logs. At 3 o'clock this afternoon they were still dragging for the bodies.

STOCKHOLDERS SUED.

C. E. Peaslee, receiver for the defunct Manufacturers bank, is making every possible effort to secure all of the money possible out of it for the benefit of the depositors. He has begun action in the district court against Henry W. Wheeler and other stockholders of the bank under the statutory liability clause effecting stockholders and hopes in this way to realize a considerable sum. Last February a dividend of 15 per cent was paid depositors. It is not thought that the assets of the bank will exceed $20,000 which will leave a deficit of about that amount which the stockholders will be called upon to pay. Some of the stockholders are insolvent and it is difficult to estimate the probable amount that can be collected from them.

GROCERY STORES CLOSED.

All of the grocery stores in West Duluth are closed today and the housewife who is out of sugar or tea or soap has an excellent excuse to borrow from the neighbors. The grocerymen, the clerks and drivers of the delivery wagons with their wives and sweethearts have taken a day off and are having a good time at Lester Park. They will not conclude their outing until late tonight. The grocers' picnic is an annual event, and is the one day except Sundays that they have absolutely to themselves.

INSTALLED OFFICERS.

The West Duluth lodge Independent Order of Good Templars has installed the following officers for the ensuing year: J. H. Cook, chief templar; Mrs. A. Schrader, vice templar; William Coughlan, secretary; Miss Mamie Kurtz, superintendent of juvenile templars; Edward Fraleigh, deputy marshal; Miss May Smith, treasurer; J. B. Ross, guard and sentinel; Miss Georgiana Ross, chaplain; A. Schruder, lodge deputy.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

James Brady is making preparations for an early departure for the Klondike. He will be accompanied on his trip by a St. Paul man and they expect to sail from Seattle for Dyea City Aug. 26. P. F. Smith is another West Duluth man who hopes to be able to sail by the same steamer.

The bridges on Oneota street at Fortieth and Forty-third avenues west have been pronounced unsafe by the city engineer. The one at Fortieth avenue can be repaired with comparatively little expense, but the other one will have to be rebuilt.

Katie Constantine, of Waukesha, Wis., is visiting her brother, J. H. Constantine, on Fifty-seventh avenue west.

Oliver Olsen held ticket No. 44 in the raffle for the sailboat Belle, and is now the proud owner of that trim craft.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Great Show of Strength Displayed at the Opening.

New York, Aug. 12.—The stock market opened with a considerable show of strength, especially in the grangers and high-priced industrials. The initial stocks were helped by higher prices in London. Tobacco moved up 1¼, Burlington, Northern Pacific preferred and Louisville & Nashville about one point, Ann Arbor preferred gained 1½. Union Pacific opened with sales of 5000 shares from 12½ to 13¼ against 12, last night's close. Sales of 8000 shares quickly followed at prices from 13¾ to 14¼.

The advance received considerable impetus after the initial dealings owing to the execution of an accumulation of commission house orders over night which included all of the leading properties, and a sprinkling of the inactive specialties in which the gains were especially noteworthy. Some of the stocks which had lagged of late, particularly Chicago Gas, were taken in hand and advanced sharply. The Gould shares generally were particularly strong with Western Union and Missouri Pacific in exceptional demand.

Speculation continued with great animation, extending to the remotest recesses of long-neglected departments of the market. Some of the stocks thus actively traded at sharp advances were Hocking Valley, Wheeling & Lake Erie, Union Pacific, Denver & Gulf, Baltimore & Ohio, Southwestern and even a block of Atlantic & Pacific shares at 50 cents a share. Sugar tended strongly upward to a new high-record price at 148⅝. Sales to noon, 383,500 shares. The bond market was very active and very strong, the range of the buying being very wide.



ONE CENT A WORD.

TRAINED NURSE.

IF YOU WANT A TRAINED NURSE, leave your order at Boyce's drug store.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

GIRL FOR HOUSEWORK. CALL AT Parsons' complexion parlors, 125 West Superior street. Second floor.

STENOGRAPHER—WILL GIVE FREE office rent and use of Remington typewriter to a public stenographer. 621 Chamber of Commerce.

WANTED—COMPETENT LADY STENographer. 702 Board of Trade.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 213 Fifth avenue west.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. Call 504 East First street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family. Apply 24 Fourth avenue east.

EXPERIENCED GIRLS CAN FIND first class places and good wages by calling at Mrs. Shattuck's, 31 West Superior street, ground floor.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. Mrs. Prime, 110 Sixteenth avenue east south.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework at 30 Twelfth avenue east.

GIRL WANTED TO ASSIST AT GENeral housework. 2908 West Huron street.

A FEW COMPETENT GIRLS WISH situations at housework. Ladies can always find good girls and girls can find places at Mrs. Selbold's employment office, 225 East Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED — WILL give free office rent and use of Remington typewriter to a public stenographer. Address 621 Chamber of Commerce.

WANTED—AT ONCE, BARBER. INquire Wissler's, 223 West Superior street.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS PANTS AND vest maker. J. S. Lane.

WANTED—THREE DISHWASHERS. Crystal restaurant, 515 West Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD CANVASSERS TO INtroduce a valuable article for every family. Good money to agents; experience unnecessary. Apply at the Cadillac, No. 30 East Second street, from 7 to 8 p. m.

MEN WANTED—I WANT 500 MEN TO work on the waterworks. P. McDonnell.

WANTED — A FEW ENERGETIC salesmen to sell specialties in household goods on easy payments. John Gately & Co., 705 West Superior street.

1000 MEN FOR DAKOTA, CHEAP HARvest tickets. Ship every day. New orders for railroad and lumber crews, sawmills, etc. Free fare. National Employment company, 431 West Michigan street, under Spalding hotel.

WANTED—TWO SALESMEN; SALARY and commission. Can make more gold and easier than at Klondike. Sales come easy. The Singer Manufacturing company, 614 West Superior street.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

CONTROL OF GOOD PAYING, ACTIVE business connected with jobbing trade, for sale to right party. No attention paid to any correspondence unless full particulars as to capital can employ, former business, age, etc., is stated. N 52, Herald.

ENGLISH GROUSE SHOOTING.

London, Aug. 12.—Grouse shooting opened today under favorable auspices. The Highlanders report good bags in Southern Scotland. There is some disease. In Derbyshire the birds are healthy and strong, but too wild to yield good bags. The Yorkshire moors are yielding well. The first grouse at Sheffield sold at 18s ($4.50) per brace.

PEACE MEETING POSTPONED.

Constantinople, Aug. 12.—The meeting which was to have taken place between the ambassadors of the powers and the Turkish minister for foreign affairs, Tewfik Pasha, for further consideration of the Greco-Turkish peace treaty, has been postponed until Saturday next, this being the feast of the birth of the prophet.

REPAIRS TELEGRAPH LINES.

Topeka, Kan., Aug. 12.—Judge Sanborn of the United States circuit court has issued an order requiring the expenditure of $27,000 by the receiver of the Union Pacific Railway company in repairing the Western Union lines along that road, and also an order requiring anyone who has any objections to the postal company having the right to use the wires along the Union Pacific to appear before him and show cause why it should not.

AN ALTOONA RESUMPTION.

Altoona, Pa., Aug. 12.—Last night the firm of Taylor & McCoy posted notices at their coal mine that they would pay the district price, 40 cents a net ton for all coal mined. Six weeks ago they reduced the price of coal going into coke to 35 cents a net ton and the mines have since been closed down. On the strength of this notice all their men resumed work this morning.

GOLLI'S COMING TRIAL.

Madrid, Aug. 12.—Golli, otherwise Michel Angiolillo, the murderer of the Spanish premier, will be tried by court martial at Verzara on Saturday next.

THE INDIANA DOCKED.

Halifax, N. S. W., Aug. 12.—The battleship Indiana was successfully placed in dry dock this morning.

CANOVAS' FUNERAL FRIDAY.

Madrid, Aug. 12.—A decree was gazetted today postponing the obsequies of the late premier until Friday.

MINISTER WOODFORD'S MOVES.

London, Aug. 12.—Gen. Stewart L. Woodford, the new United States minister to Spain, started for Paris today with his staff on his way to Madrid.

ONE CENT A WORD.

All advertisements of "situations wanted" inserted FREE. We invite as many repetitions as are necessary to secure what you advertise for. The Herald's 50,000 daily readers will be sure to fill your wants.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A GOOD EXPERIENCED LAUNDRESS wishes position at once. Can show city references. Address Box 231 West Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—POSITION BY A COMPEtent second girl in private family. Call or address 327 West Fourth street.

WANTED — POSITION BY A FIRST class dining room girl in hotel or in private boarding house. Call or address 327 West Fourth street.

SITUATION WANTED — BY COMPEtent girl. Address M. H., Herald.

SITUATION WANTED BY A FIRST-class cook in or out of city; best of references can be given. N 51, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION IN SOME OFfice or store by young man 17 years of age. A fair penman and not afraid of work. Have had experience. Address H. C., Herald.

A YOUNG WOMAN, WITH A BABY, would like to get a situation to do general housework. Will work for small pay. Call or address Mrs. Thompson, 112 Park avenue, Seventeenth avenue west.

WANTED—PLACE TO DO GENERAL housework in small family. Address N 62, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION AS HOUSEkeeper by young woman, of eight years' experience. No objection to leaving city. N 61, Herald.

GIRL WANTS PLACE TO DO SECOND work. Address E. L., Herald.

SEWING WANTED—BY THE DAY OR week in private families. Please address Box 541, West Duluth.

WANTED — HOUSE CLEANING scrubbing, stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 350 Lake avenue south.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALED—BALED SHAVINGS. Woodruff's planing mill, Garfield avenue, Rice's Point. Telephone 132.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, A HOUSE WHICH must be moved immediately. Apply Roy & Robertson, 25 East First.

FOR SALE—140 SHARES IMPERIAL Mill company stock. A. R. Macfarlane.

FOR SALE—FINE GILT MANTLE MIRror, also furniture. 1 Adams flats.

FOR SALE—AT A SACRIFICE, A FINE new silk upholstered parlor suite of five pieces. Also fine upright Emerson piano. Address N 50, Herald.

BICYCLES AND TANDEMS FOR SALE cheap or trade for anything we can use. Going out of renting business. Duluth Van company.

HARVEST TICKETS TO NORTH OR South Dakota; $5 for one or more; no office fee. Tickets at Northwestern Employment office, 427 West Michigan street.

MARKUS MISFIT CARPET AND FURniture company, are selling carpets, furniture, stoves, according to the times. 50 cents on the dollar. Call and give us a trial. Open evenings. 20 West Superior street.

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE OR RENT. Wyckoff, Seamens & Benedict, 323 West Superior street.

REAL ESTATE—FOR SALE.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR $650; EASY monthly payments; special bargain. D. W. Scott, 10 Mesaba block.

$450 ON EASY TERMS, WILL BUY 25x140 foot lot on Sixth street between Twelfth and Thirteenth avenue east; fine location; look at them, by George H. Crosby.

CLEAR FARM LAND IN MINNESOTA at $2.50 per acre, $10 cash payment and $1 per week. Great chance to buy a farm. George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building, Duluth.

STORAGE.

STORAGE — LICENSED AND BONDed, are you going to move or store your household goods. Separate lock-up rooms furnished on application. Nice, dry, airy, clean brick storehouse; lowest rates of fire insurance; we have the only padded covered vans in Duluth. We take entire charge and guarantee you against damage or loss in the removal of your goods, while in our care. We work rain or shine; we have competent men to do packing, and we furnish all packing material, and pack china, books, bric a brac, pictures, pianos, furniture, etc. Call or telephone 492 and we will go out and talk over details. Will furnish estimates for packing, moving, storage free of charge. Only licensed and bonded warehouse in city. Duluth Van Express and Storage company, 212 West Superior street. (Incorporated.)

EXPRESS AND DRAY LINE.

Seal. **UNION DRAY.** We beg leave to inform the public that the Duluth Draymen's Union carries a card like above on every union dray wagon, and are ready to do all kinds of heavy and light draying by reliable and experienced men on short notice and at reasonable prices. Look for the union card on dray wagon and give us a trial. TRUNKS DELIVERED 25c.

DULUTH DRAYMEN'S UNION 6703,
(Affiliated with the A. F. of L.)

LOST.

LOST — THIS AFTERNOON, POINT lace handkerchief in a black silk holder. Return to Herald or 104 South Fifteenth avenue east. Reward.

LOST—BLACK HORSE, 7 YEARS OLD, weight about 1500. Notify Fox, city livery West Duluth, or M. L. Sullivan, Harney, Carlton county, Minn.

FOUND.

FOUND—CAME TO FORTY-THIRD avenue east and Jay street, a red and white cow, with rope on. Fred Peterson.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

St. Paul & Duluth R. R.

Leave Duluth.	*Daily. †Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth.
†9 00 am *1 55 pm *11 15 pm	St. Paul, Minneapolis.	*6 30 am *1 05 pm †7 45 pm

From UNION DEPOT, CITY TICKET OFFICE, 332 W. Superior street, corner Providence building. Tickets sold to all points. Telephone 218.

ONE CENT A WORD.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT — AN EIGHT-ROOM house in Endion with conveniences. E. R. Brace, 621 Chamber of Commerce.

FOR RENT—NINE ROOM HOUSE, 1102 East Second street. City water.

EIGHT ROOM HOUSE FOR RENT, NO. 123 Second avenue west; all modern improvements, including steam heat; also eight room house, 204 West Second street; bath, electric light. E. R. Jefferson, 121 Second avenue west.

EIGHT ROOM HOUSE, CENTRALLY located; all modern conveniences. R. P. & J. B. Paine, 206 West Superior street, room 4.

FOR RENT—6-ROOM HOUSE, LAKEside; well water; cheap. R. P. Paine, No. 206 West Superior street. Room 4.

HOUSES, FLATS AND STORES TO rent. N. J. Upham company, 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT—TWO MODERN BRICK houses. Inquire of Clark & Dickerman, Trust company building.

TO RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—MODERN STEAM HEATed flats. McGregor, Providence building.

FOR RENT—THREE PLEASANT FIVE-room flats, $7 to $10. W. J. Holmes, 504 Palladio.

FLAT AND HOUSE, ASHTABULA terrace. R. T. Lewis, Herald building.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT — TWO NICELY FURnished front rooms; light housekeeping; $14; steam heat; janitor service. Inquire Mr. Dean, room No. 1, 13 East Superior street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. Light housekeeping allowed. 315 West Second street.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED rooms, 527 West Second street.

FURNISHED ROOM. 31 EAST SUPErior street.

FOR RENT—TWO ROOMS, EITHER furnished or unfurnished at 212 Ninth avenue east.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT FURNISHED front bedroom; electric light and heat. 1420 Jefferson street.

TWO LARGE NICELY FURNISHED front rooms. 313 Fourth avenue west.

FOR RENT—OFFICES AND SLEEPING rooms on Superior street. Apply Big Duluth Clothing store.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — STORE IN GRAFF block, 206 West Superior street; has extra entrance from Michigan street. R. P. Paine, room 4, over store.

CLAIRVOYANT.

PROFESSOR LA WARDE, CLAIRVOYant, trance medium and powerful magnetic healer, reads your life without question or mistake; gives advice on business and love affairs; tells if your lover is true or false; unites the separated; brings success in all undertakings; lucky days; if confronted by any difficulties consult him at once. Parlors 2 West Second street.

FRATERNITIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:30 p. m. Next meeting Aug. 16, 1897. Work, Third degree. W. A. McGonagle, W. M.; Edwin Mooers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Aug. 23, 1897. Work, ———. F. W. Kugler, W. M.; J. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 8, 1897. ——— degree. John F. McLaren, H. P.; George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18 K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Sept. 7, 1897. M. M. Gasser, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO 105. Meets every Thursday in the Kalamazoo block, third floor, 18 West Superior street. James McDowell, M. W.; J. H. Powers, recorder.

TO EXCHANGE.

FARM LAND TO EXCHANGE FOR DUluth real estate. Apply 106 Providence building.

FINANCIAL.

$5000 ON HAND TO LOAN BY GEORGE H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, ETC. THE STANDARD JEWELRY AND LOAN OFFICE, 324 W. Sup. street.

MONEY TO LOAN

On watches, Diamonds and jewelry. All business strictly confidential. Application by mail promptly attended to.

Marcus' Collateral Loan Bank,
319 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

Fire Insurance, Life Insurance, Investments.... I have for sale a few choice commercial loans—$500,00 up.

A. R. Macfarlane,
13 Exchange Building.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

CONTRACT WORK.—

Office of Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minn., Aug. 11, 1897.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 10 a. m., on the 23d day of August, A. D. 1897, for the construction of a sanitary sewer in Dingwall street in said city from the easterly terminus of the present sewer in said street to Twenty-second avenue east, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of fifty (50) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

W. H. SMITH,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald,, Aug 11 10 t.

RAILROAD AND STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

Duluth's Popular Highway to the East!

Northern Steamship Company's
EXCLUSIVE PASSENGER STEAMSHIPS,

North West and North Land

Sailing from Duluth to Sault Ste. Marie, Mackinac Island, Detroit, Cleveland and Buffalo

Every Saturday and Tuesday at 1:45 p. m.

Ships arrive from the East every Friday and Monday at 6:30 p. m.

C. D. HARPER,
Nor. Pass. Agt., 432 W. Superior St.

Steamer Dixon

Will make an extra trip to

GRAND MARAIS

During the summer season, leaving Duluth every Friday morning at 10 a. m. Other sailing days Sunday and Wednesday at 10 a. m.

Eastern Railway

Of Minnesota.

CITY TICKET OFFICE 432 W. SUP. ST.

Leave Duluth.		Arrive Duluth.
†1 15 pm *11 15 pm	St. Paul and Minneapolis	†1 15 pm *7 00 am

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

Buffet Parlor Cars on Day Trains.
New Sleeping Cars on Night Trains.

Direct connections with Great Northern trains for—

Fargo, Grand Forks, Winnipeg, Helena, Butte, Spokane, Portland, Seattle and Japan.

At St. Paul connections are made for all points East, West and South. Through tickets and baggage checked to destination.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

C., ST. P., M. & O. RY.
Office 405 W. Superior St. 'Phone No. 20.

Leave	*Daily. †Except Sunday.	Arrive
†10 45 am	St. Paul, Min'apolis and West	†5 10 pm
*11 00 pm	St. Paul, Min'apolis and West	*7 00 am
*5 10 pm	Chicago Limited	*10 30 am

Parlor cars on day train; Wagner's Finest Sleepers on night trains.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

THE Soo ROUTE. Trains for all points East leave Duluth Union depot at 6:30 P. M. Daily EXCEPT SATURDAY with WAGNER PALACE SLEEPING CAR for Sault Ste Marie.

West bound train arrives 8:50 a. m. EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Ticket offices: 426 Spalding Hotel building and Union Depot.

Duluth, Superior & Western Ry.

WEST. P. M.		*Daily except Sunday.	EAST A. M.
*3:05	0	Lv...... Duluth ......Ar	*11:40
4:05	23	Ar...... Cloquet Lv	10:41
6:13	76	Ar..... Swan River Lv	8:49
7:40		Ar...... Hibbing Lv	7:15
7:52	94	Ar.. Grand Rapids Lv	7:50
8:00	109	Ar.... Deer River Lv	6:55

Duluth, Missabe & Northern Ry. Co.

7:45 a.m.	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	3:35 p.m.
10:45 a.m.	Ar..... Virginia Lv	12:45 p.m.
10:44 a.m.	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	10:56 a.m.
11:56 a.m.	Ar..... Biwabik Lv	12:28 p.m.
11:00 a.m.	Ar..... Mt. Iron Lv	12:30 p.m.
11:25 a.m.	Ar..... Hibbing Lv	12:13 p.m.
9:00 a.m.	Lv.... Virginia .....Ar	1:45 p.m.
1:25 p.m.	Ar..... Wolf Lv	10:33 a.m.
11:25 a.m.	Ar..... Hibbing Lv	12:13 p.m.

Daily, except Sunday. J. B. HANSON,
General Passenger Agent.

Duluth & Iron Range R. R.

3:15 p.m.	Lv.... Duluth ......Ar	12:00 m.
7:15 p.m.	Ar..... Virginia Lv	8:00 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar ..... Eveleth Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar........ Ely Lv	7:30 a.m.

Daily, Except Sunday.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED — GOOD SECOND HAND baby carriage. Address "Carriage," Herald.

WANTED—LADY'S WHEEL. MUST BE cheap for cash. 508 Lowell block.

WANTED—A CAMP LOGGING OUTfit for about twenty men. Address N 69, Herald.

INSECTS EXTERMINATED.

THE BED BUG DIES! THE COCKroach perishes. Sure death to vermin. Your house cleaned of all vermin and insects, and all disease germs killed. Andrew Furni, 121 East Superior street. Work guaranteed.

FREE FARMS! 160 acres of land free, in a good climate and near a good market; suitable for mixed farming and stock raising. Cheap rates for bona fide settles.

J. H. M. PARKER,
Dominion Colonization Agent.
502 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn.

PAWNBROKER.

MONEY TO LOAN ON ALL GOODS OF value. All business strictly confidential. A full line of musical instruments, new and second hand. Julius Cook, 404 West Superior street.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TO RENT, A SIX OR SEVen room house, with small barn and yard; handy to street car. Address T. M., Herald.

PROFESSIONAL.

MRS. JULIA L. HUGHES—SUPERFLUous hair, moles, etc., permanently destroyed by electricity, without injury. Also scientific face massage and complexion treatment. Manicuring. Choice toilet preparations. 305 Masonic temple, Duluth.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Katherine A. Clarke to Charles E. Dickerman, lots in Proctorknott, First addition	$ 1,740
Emanuel Richard et ux to Robert B. Gilmour, lots 11 and 12, block 10, West Duluth, First division..	787
Charles W. Wilson et ux to Charles Schell, lot 300, block 71, Duluth proper, Second division	5,000
Mary J. Crosby to Sam J. Brown, lands in section 30-50-15	210
E. F. Blackmarr to B. Mattocks, lot 7, block 23, Lester Park, Second division	125
William E. Lucas, receiver, to G. Brouillette, lot 191, Lake avenue Upper Duluth	275
Total	$ 8,137

Only Evening Paper in Duluth

THE EVENING HERALD,
An Independent Newspaper.
Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior St.
Duluth Printing and Publishing Co.

Telephone Calls: Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

TEN CENTS A WEEK.
EVERY EVENING, DELIVERED OR BY MAIL.

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One month	.45
Three months	1.30
Six months	2.60
One year	5.00

WEEKLY HERALD.
$1 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.

Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second-class matter

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.
OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF DULUTH.

Herald's Circulation High-Water Mark,
17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (Central time), Aug. 12.—Fair weather has continued in all districts south of the Canadian border. Numerous light showers and thunder storms have occurred in the Canadian provinces north of Montana and North Dakota, attending a low pressure area which is moving slowly eastward across that section. At several stations in the Canadian Northwest and Montana, the temperature was yesterday again in the nineties, while in reporting districts elsewhere the maximum temperature was generally between 72 and 86.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 60; maximum yesterday, 77; minimum yesterday, 58.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Fair tonight; probably showers Friday; slightly warmer; winds generally fresh northeast, and possibly thunder squalls Friday.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Aug. 12.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Generally fair tonight and Friday; warmer in west portion tonight; warmer Friday; variable winds, shifting to southeasterly. For Minnesota: Fair and warmer today; Friday partly cloudy with local showers; fresh southeast winds.

PREMIER GREENWAY'S SCHEME.

The further extension of the Duluth, Superior & Western road (formerly the Duluth & Winnipeg) to a connection with the Canadian Pacific leading from the international boundary to Winnipeg being now very uncertain, considerable interest is being taken locally in the scheme which Premier Greenway of Manitoba has projected for an independent air line between Duluth and Winnipeg, which would haul grain and other products at rates much lower than are charged by other roads in the Northwest. Mr. Greenway passed through Duluth recently on his way eastward, and now it is said that he traveled to a little town in Michigan, where he met a representative of the New York capitalists with whom he has been negotiating for the construction, in consideration of a bonus given under the condition that grain shall be carried from Winnipeg to Duluth for 10 cents per 100 pounds, which is about one-half the existing rate. The meeting was conducted somewhat secretly, in order to escape the reporters, it is said.

Mr. Greenway is naturally meeting with considerable opposition to his scheme. All the powerful influence of the Canadian Pacific railroad is being exerted against it. Not only is it using its influence in the financial centers to prevent capital from becoming interested in the project, but it is using political influence in Canada to create an uproar against the idea of diverting Manitoba business into American channels. But Mr. Greenway is not disheartened by this opposition. He is not that sort of man to be easily scared. When he undertakes anything he sticks to it with bulldog tenacity, and he has generally carried through successfully the schemes, political and otherwise, which he has initiated. He has a strong majority at his back in the Manitoba legislature, and it can be confidently predicted that the legislature will promptly ratify any agreement which he may make with the New York capitalists for the construction of the road. One of his friends recently said, in reply to the objection to the scheme that it would divert Canadian trade into the United States channels: "Our platform is Manitoba first. We want and are resolved to get lower wheat rates by establishing a direct route to New York via Duluth and Buffalo, which is our natural route to the seaboard." This is the argument with which Mr. Greenway will back up his scheme. "Manitoba first" was the cry upon which he first gained the Manitoba premiership, and he has used this cry on every available occasion since.

Manitoba people feel that they have not been treated fairly by the Eastern portion of the Dominion. Theirs is purely an agricultural section and naturally they have kicked long and hard against the high tariff which compelled them to pay high prices for their agricultural implements and for everything else which they had to import. The Conservative government, so many years in power at Ottawa, refused to grant them relief from these exactions, and the new tariff, framed by the Liberal government, has made but little change in this respect. The railroad monopoly of the Candian Pacific has been another cause of discontent. For years the Dominion government refused to grant a charter for any competing railroad. It would not permit the building of a road from Winnipeg southerly to the United States boundary, but the discontent in Manitoba grew so strong, talk of rebellion in Manitoba became general, Mr. Greenway was elected with a large majority in the legislature on this issue, and finally the authorities at Ottawa yielded. Then the Northern Pacific extension to Winnipeg was built, the Greenway government giving it a bonus of about $530,000. This road has failed to give the relief expected, however, and hence the scheme of a direct line to Duluth which will carry wheat at greatly reduced rates. No doubt much prejudice has been created by the plea that it would divert traffic to the United States, to the injury of the Eastern Canadians and of the Canadian Pacific road, and that it would be a breach of faith with the foreign investor who put his money into the latter road, but it is safe to say that the cry of "Manitoba first" will be powerful enough to offset this prejudice.

THE FUTURE OF JUDAISM.

A brief but thoughtful article in the current number of the North American Review, by Professor Abram S. Isaacs, editor of the Jewish Messenger, considers the question, "Has Judaism a Future?" He reproaches Carlyle for his strictures upon that faith, and "so cultured and refined a critic as Goldwin Smith" for manifest irritation "when he touches upon the Jew." He says: "It is an egregious blunder to consider Jewish history synonymous with Biblical history. The Old Testament tells simply of Jewish beginnings. The greater Jewish exodus did not end with the departure of the Israelites from Egypt. That historic migration still continues. The Hebrew, as the name etymologically suggests, is the emigrant of history—from the time of Abraham to our own age the movement continues. What is occurring in Russia, the landslides in recent decades from Germany, Poland, Roumania, this is but a grim repetition of the long series of migrations that mark every century. It is Persia in one epoch, Egypt in another, Italy and Greece in their turn, then Arab and Christian Spain, Central Europe, England, France, all links in an endless chain. Yet, despite the constant shifting of condition and environment, there were many breathing spells for the Jew when he could prove hammer as well as anvil, and become more than a silent factor in the world's advancement. The story of the Jew's influence on civilization, the record of his services in the arts and sciences, in literature, music, philosophy and statecraft is still to be written. The brief monograph of Schleiden requires to be supplemented by a more pretentious work of wider range."

The unexampled adaptiveness of the Jew is discussed at considerable length. This adaptiveness, which made him at home whether he saw the Guadalquivir or the Vistula at his feet, the Thames or the Euphrates, amid the orange groves of Sicily or the plains of Arabia, he still displays as settler in Australia, South Africa or the Argentine. Was the Jew always a dealer in old clo', a money lender, the pawnbroker of humanity? The French Cremieux and James Darmesteter, the English George Jessel and Moses Montefiore, the Dutch Godefroi and Josef Israels, the German Edward Lasker and Berthold Auerbach, the Russian Rubinstein and Antokolski, George Brandes in Denmark, Luigi Luzzati in Italy, Emma Lazarus in America are names of our time, who are but successors of illustrious leaders centuries ago in varied fields, Jews who served the state under caliph, king and pontiff, who aided powerfully in the revival of learning, the discoveries of science, in the dissemination of knowledge and literature. The true student of Jewish history, says Professor Isaacs, must become acquainted with the inner life of the Jew and the story of the synagogue's development, its devotional and intellectual range, the growth and ramification of Jewish law and custom, which became burden and blessing both, a crown as well as a yoke.

Capt. Robley D. Evans, of the United States navy, was a junior officer at the outbreak of the war, and as he was a Virginian his mother sent in his resignation without consulting him. The resignation was accepted and young Evans was out of the navy, much to his disgust. He differed with his mother and her views, however, and being a determined young man, found a way to have the action of the department rescinded. His mother did not know that he knew his own mind until after he had been reinstated in the service.

The Democrats made considerable gains in Tuesday's election in the Indiana congressional district formerly represented by the late Judge Holman. The same ratio of gain in other districts would give a good Democratic majority in the state.

The warning issued by the interior department that it is dangerous to attempt to go to the Klondike at this season is timely, but will not likely deter any man from starting.

The Ohio Populists, who oppose fusion with the Democrats, have put up a state ticket with Coxey at its head. It will not cut much of a figure in the campaign.

Prince Henri of Orleans now has three challenges to fight a duel, all from Italian officers. These events will keep him pretty busy during the rest of the summer.

The assassin of Senor Canovas is creating a panic among European rulers and statesmen by predicting their sudden taking off through anarchistic agencies.

Evidently Mr. Bates, of Chicago, believes that marriage is not a failure. With eight wives at once, he certainly should be an authority on the subject.

A woman with a can of gasoline and a man with a cigar collided in Chicago the other day. The doctors are now trying to put the pieces together.

The new submarine boat of the navy has been named the Plunger. It would seem that the navy department could find a more appropriate name.

Kansas City is boasting that the last mule car has just been taken off her street railway. She is almost a decade behind Duluth.

The editor of the Prison Mirror denies that it has suspended, as several Minnesota papers have stated. He is there to stay.

It is safe to say that Mark Hanna's agents were responsible for the anti-fusion Populist move in Ohio.

A big harvest and good prices for the grain will do more to produce prosperity than a dozen tariff bills.

It is a singular fact that the richest gold fields are always those farthest away.

Alaska may be truly said to be a land of magnificent distances.

A SMILE GOES WITH THESE.

Chicago Record: "Willie Watkins told me I was a peach."
"I wonder if he referred to that fuzz on your chin."

Roxbury Gazette: When a woman asks a peach peddler, "Are they good?" does she think he is going to say "No?"

Harper's Bazar: "I wonder why they call the expenses of a church the running expenses?" said Mrs. Martin.
"I suppose it's because the vestrymen are never able to catch up with them," answered her husband.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Jane Gray is dreadfully forgetful. She's getting so she can't remember the least little thing."
"Too bad."
"Yes. She almost went into the water yesterday without her bathing suit!"

Indianapolis Journal: "There can be no doubt that she ornaments society."
"Who are you talking about, now?"
"I presume you mean 'about whom am I talking?' I was alluding to the face-bleach woman."

Atlanta Constitution: "The hotel," explained the clerk, "is in the hands of a receiver."
"Where can I find him?"
"Well, an hour ago he was receiving breakfast; shortly afterward he received three cocktails, and in about ten minutes he'll be here to receive his salary. Take a chair!"

Somerville Journal: A Somerville woman who was persuaded by a neighbor to drink some "pure juice of the grape" the other day, protests that it is not intoxicating, but just the same she spent all the afternoon trying to sew chlorate of potash tablets for buttons on her husband's shirts.

A PREDICTION.

Waiting for prosperity all along the line!
Waiting for the sunlight of the better days to shine!
The sluggards like to miss the golden glories when they burst;
The man who advertises is the man who'll see them first.
—Washington Star.

Globe Sights.

Atchison Globe: No farmer ever raised a full crop.

Good judgment is as important as industry.

Every man thinks he can tell a funny story pretty well.

What do divorced women do with their wedding rings?

A woman as a circus clown is worse than a woman in politics.

Every one dislikes the man who is too good to tell a lie to save a friend.

We never knew a loafer who did not have a lot of rights coming to him.

Every year we think less of 16-year-old girls, and more of old maids.

There is no perfume in the world equal to the perfume from a barrel of apples.

A part of every man's training for old age should be a cultivation of the game of solitaire.

If you don't learn to laugh at trouble, you will not have anything to laugh at when you are old.

When a man has had an operation performed he thinks he is authority on sickness of every kind.

It is as hard to suit a farmer in the matter of weather as it is to suit a woman with a husband.

Why don't turnips and beets ever disagree with people? No one likes turnips and beets, any way.

Against Hanna's Way.

Columbus, Ohio, dispatch: Hon. E. Clay Drinkle, of Lancaster, a staunch Republican and a fast friend of Senator Foraker's was in the city this week "talking politics," and he was very open and outspoken as to his intentions. He said: "No man will question my Republicanism but I cannot vote directly or indirectly for Hanna and Hannaism. I say openly I shall vote for two Democratic senators in my district. Any Democrat is preferable as United States senator to Hanna. I don't propose for one to be knocked down and trampled on. I am not alone and I think there will be some surprises in our district when the vote is counted."

Viewed By the Ice Man

Cincinnati Enquirer: "What's the use of going to Klondike?" asked the magnate. "There is enough money in ice right here at home."

Get the Best.

Newport News: Canada wants a new flag. The best thing it can do in that direction is to adopt the Stars and Stripes, providing the United States are willing.

Too Much Beer.

Chicago Inter Ocean: A strange report comes from Milwaukee that a man died there recently on account of overloading himself with beer. It had always been supposed by outsiders that the Milwaukeean's capacity for beer was practically boundless; but it would seem that the Cream City tank has really a limit.

A Bachelor's Reflections.

New York Press: Some men succeed by ability; others rely on whiskers.

Lots of bald-headed men who don't believe in faith cure use patent hair restorers.

Everybody is conceited, only some folks can act like they weren't better than others.

Some men always insist on going it alone, even when their wives' hands have all the cards.

No man ever really believes that a girl was never kissed but he likes to hear how well she can say it.

If some girls had their wedding outfit burned up the day before they wouldn't see anything to get married for.

Told By the Dickey Birds.

His wife is rollicking by the sea,
While he must work away;
But she is not half as happy as he,
So the wise little dickey birds say.

His smile is jolly; his nose is bright,
And he merrily hums all day,
And he never gets home before midnight,
So the wise little dickey birds say.
—Cleveland Leader.

SONG OF THE RED HAT.

I sing of the gay, Red Hat,
The up-to-date Red Hat,
The florid and flashy,
The trumpery, trashy,
Awfully fly Red Hat.

The tulle and straw Red Hat,
The feathered and flowered Red Hat,
The vain and self-glorious,
Loud and uproarious
4.99 Red Hat.

The flaming and bright Red Hat,
The blazing and bold Red Hat,
The very ubiquitous,
Rather iniquitous,
Quite-in-the-style Red Hat. —Puck.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

AT GRAND RAPIDS.

Moose Too Plentiful to Suit the Settlers.

Grand Rapids, Minn., Aug. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Moose have become much too plentiful to suit the settlers in the Upper Mississippi valley and its northern lake region. These monarchs of the wild animals of Northland throw down fences, despoil gardens and grain fields and give the agriculturists much uneasiness. At times it has been deemed necessary to shoot at them to drive them off. It is now so near to the close of the five-year period, during which the killing of a moose laid the hunter liable to a $500 fine, that the settlers try to avoid shooting and they await next November when from Nov. 5 to Nov. 10, the new game law of this state will allow sportsmen to rid the state of some of the antlered moose and caribou. A trip up Bass, Deer and Moose lakes and along the extension of the Itasca Lumber company's logging railway this week showed that there are plenty of moose tracks in this Upper Mississippi region and the deer tracks are innumerable. The deer season will be longer than heretofore and all indications are that the hunters will have an unusually successful time in Itasca county this fall.

There are about 100 men at work on the extension of the Itasca Lumber company's logging railway. They have graded four and a half miles besides the repairs to the previous fifteen miles of line (from Deer River) and under present conditions they will have the entire extension ready for track inside of three weeks. The size of the crew moves up and down like the mercury in a thermometer, but more men who reside in this region are able to gain employment there now, and the wages are a trifle better than they were last month. The harvest prospects probably are the principal cause for the improvement.

The Rover Fishing club members were glad to find that they could purchase all kinds of supplies here at reasonable figures. They bought liberally and started for Deer lake yesterday morning.

Finds Much of Interest.

William Fuller, brother of Police Matron Van Sickle, and daughter, of Cleveland, are at the St. Louis hotel. They arrived on the steamer North West on her last trip. Mr. Fuller has been for many years one of the leading business men of Cleveland and was connected with the New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio Railroad company in a responsible official capacity in its organization. He says that Duluth's possibilities are limitless. In all of his extensive travels he has seen, he says, no small city that has more points of interest. He will return on the North West on Saturday. His daughter will go from here to the Twin Cities for a visit.

Restaurant Hustlers' Row.

Albert Ribenach was arraigned before Judge Boyle yesterday afternoon charged with assaulting William McClenaghan. Ribenach pleaded guilty and was fined $2 and costs, which he paid.

Ribenach claims that the prosecution is spite work. He and McClenaghan were soliciting custom on the street for rival restaurants, he said, and McClenaghan indulged in some derogatory remarks concerning Ribenach and the place he represented. The latter finally gave McClenaghan a push with his arm, he said, and told him not to get too personal, whereupon the latter posted off and swore out a warrant.

Will Look Into It.

The water furnished the Lakeside people by the gas and water company continues to be of the color and consistency of tomato soup. As the result of vigorous protests made yesterday and today the company today agreed to take steps tomorrow to ascertain the cause of the trouble and remedy it if possible.

SHE FAVORS LYNCHING.

Tybee, Ga., Aug. 12.—Mrs. W. H. Felton, a member of the woman's executive committee at the Columbian exposition and chairman of the woman's committee on agriculture at that time, has made a sensational address before the Georgia State Agricultural society convention by invitation, declaring in favor of the quick lynching of negroes guilty of outrage on white girls.

NEW CALIFORNIA BANK.

San Francisco, Aug. 12.—An application has been received by the bank commissioners of this state for a license to do a banking business in this city from a corporation formed by a number of well-known capitalists. It is to be a branch of the Swiss-American bank of Lucerne, duly organized under the laws of the republic of Switzerland. The local branch has an authorized capital of $1,000,000, of which $300,000 has been paid up by the incorporators.

A GERMAN COLONY.

Monterey, Cal., Aug. 12.—Negotiations are now pending for the purchase of a tract of 1460 acres of land near Salinas, where a colonization project is to be started. It is proposed to bring Germans from twenty-one states to start the colony and divide the tract into farms of from twenty to 100 acres each, to be used for the growing of sugar beets for the Salinas factory. The families who will come to settle the tract are all people of means and will arrive within two months.

A ST. LOUIS BLAZE.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 12.—Fire in the two upper stories of the building at 312 North Eighth street, occupied by the Enterprise Brass company, did $50,000 damage at an early hour this morning.

GRIFFITH'S MAJORITY.

Indianapolis, Aug. 12.—The majority of Griffith, Democrat, over Lee, Republican, in the special election for congress in the Fourth Indiana district is 1152. Holman's majority last November was 825.

MR. HARTLEY MAKES REPLY.

Reduction of City Expenses Is an Absolute Necessity.

To the Editor of The Herald:

I did not know I had an interview in Tuesday's Herald until I saw an answer to it by a "City Official" today. He misunderstands my suggestion as to reduction of expense. I do not believe in low wages and cheap men. I do not believe the city is paying too high wages or salaries. I do know it is paying too many. When I look over the statements of the expense of our schools, and other departments of our city, I know they are greater than the taxpayers can afford; and I know it would be wise to reduce the expense of every department to one-half or one-third of its present cost, by reducing the number of employes—if we do not, the time is close at hand when the city will not have the money to pay any of them. For instance, I think it would be better to reduce our public school expense to one-half its present cost now and keep the schools open rather than close the schools entirely a little later; and I know the same policy would prove the wisest, in the end, if applied to every department in the city. We have twice as many health inspectors as New York. Now suppose we had one competent health inspector, at a living salary, with authority to employ a physician in case of small pox, or other dangerous disease, came to our city; the police department to notify property owners and compel them to abate nuisances, of any sort, on their premises. This would reduce the expense of that department, not 66 per cent, but to one-tenth of its present cost. Is it not wiser to have one good health inspector, and keep him, than to have a dozen now, and not be able to pay one in a year from now. I believe we have a most excellent police force, from the mayor down, but we are so poor that it would be almost impossible to raise a row in the city, and I know we would better cut our police force to one-quarter its present number and get into shape to retain this smaller number well paid and equipped, rather than retain the present force for a few months, and then drop them all.

Old settlers in Minnesota have seen Duluth running under high pressure, years ago, with too much expense in every department; with numerous policemen, firemen, etc.—same as today, only on a smaller scale—and they also witnessed its bankruptcy, repudiation and disgrace. They saw the police force reduced to one man—and he only received his salary in orders of doubtful value. I think it was George Huse who appeared as a witness in a St. Paul lawsuit once and, when asked by James Egan what his occupation was, he answered, chief of police of Duluth. When asked how many men he had under him, he answered that he was the only one. This seemed funny to newspapers and the public; but the bankruptcy of the city at that time meant ruin for many people who had staked their fortunes on Duluth, and it took Duluth fifteen years to get over it. In the meantime other cities, not so well located, took possession of Duluth's territory and legitimate business, and fine buildings were torn down in Duluth, and rebuilt at points less favored by nature; and the prestige gained by these less favorably located cities is still held as against Duluth and Superior.

Mr. "City Official" says the city's debt was incurred, in some instances, by improvements advocated by me. The city has not been hurt by legitimate and practical improvement. Paying for improvements in West Duluth and elsewhere, that were never made, hurt us. A tremendous operating expense, away beyond our resources, is what is bankrupting us. For instance, I advocated, and paid for, all improvements about my home—including street grading, paving, sewers, sidewalks, etc.—yet the tax on my house—with all this done and paid for—is over $2 per day; not for improvements about it, but mainly to pay "City Official" and hundreds of others like him, who have fastened onto this city, like reptiles on a cabbage leaf.

"City Official" says: "The cause of Mr. Hartley's sudden ardor in the cause of retrenchment may possibly be found in the fact that the county board of review has recently raised the assessment on his street railway." Some officials seem to revel in punishing the street railway company or other corporation that is struggling to stay on earth, and they seem to think all that is necessary to pull us out of financial distress is to get together and raise valuations of mills, stores or street railway company 200 or 300 per cent. This may keep new concerns out and may drive out some of those now here—that may be in position to move—but it will not relieve the city or county. The fact is, on present valuation and levy the street railway company's tax would be four times what it was four years ago, while it carried 8000 less people per day last month than it did the same month four years ago.

"City Official" says my statement that the city and county are bankrupt, is a slander. I did not say they were bankrupt. I said, unless something was speedily done, they would be.

Now, Mr. Editor, when a contractor, doing street work for this city has finished his work, had it properly accepted, and calls upon the treasurer for his money, he cannot get a dollar of it. Asking when he may expect it, is told there is no money on hand for him and no assurance when there will be. He has men and material to pay for; if he is not very forehanded he must sell his claim for what it will bring, to pay his wages and other bills. This means two prices for contract work in future. The city is paying salaries and payrolls largely from proceeds of orders. Not a bank in the city would buy these orders at 75 cents though they bear 7 per cent, while any city in good condition can get money at about one-half that rate. When the orders mature a commission must be paid for their renewal, and a St. Paul banker spent a large part of last week here trying to collect the money on past due city orders and returned without getting it. This broker must notify his clients, the country over, that Duluth cannot pay any part of its matured obligations to them, and has no prospect of paying them at any definite time in the future. Now I would like Mr. "City Official" to tell me, over his own name, just what the financial condition of this city is. The trouble with "City Official" is, he thinks because he draws, perhaps, an unearned salary, with regularity and precision, that the city is in fine shape.

These are unpleasant subjects to discuss; but we might as well talk it out; and the sooner the press takes it up, the better. The thing to do is to reduce the expense of all the departments from one-half to two-thirds their present cost, then levy a tax sufficient to meet it, and something to go for a sinking fund to clean up past due orders and other liabilities. If this is not done, the city will be unable to meet its payrolls inside of three months, and these departments will be practically closed up entirely very soon. When we can show the holders of city orders and other claims that we are making an effort to get into shape to pay them, they must be induced at the same time to reduce the rate of interest to say 4 per cent, instead of charging commissions for frequent renewals at 7 per cent. The road out of our present financial distress will be harder than a trip to the Klondike, and the sooner we start on it the better. We need new industries to help pay taxes and employ labor, and we will not get them until we get rid of a large portion of our present burden; and every good citizen should lend a hand and aid and encourage our city officials to reduce the expense of the different departments; not a small percentage, but 66 per cent.

G. G. HARTLEY.

Duluth, Aug. 11.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, LUCAS COUNTY—SS.
FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1896.
(Seal.) A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

You may never know it happened if you fail to read The Evening Herald.

is the world's only perfect and Non-Intoxicating Malt Extract. Invaluable to Nursing Mothers.

It makes the nursing Baby grow,
If mama drinks it oft, you know.

All Druggists.

Blatz MALT-VIVINE

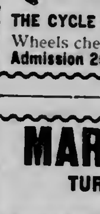
Val Blatz Brewing Co.
Duluth Branch. Tel. 62.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
L. N. SCOTT, Manager.
Last Time Tonight!
Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00.
Dan A. Stuart's Veriscope Pictures of the CORBETT-FITZSIMMONS CONTEST.
The Greatest Novelty and Most Wonderful Invention of the Century
Evenings at 8:30. Matinees every day, 2:30.
Get Seats Early.

THE PAVILION TONIGHT AT 8:15
TONIGHT! TONIGHT!
A new play—by a Duluth author—Bruno Eyferth.
"AUNT AUGUSTA"
The Duluth Herald, April 3, 1897, says: "The play is bright and pleasing and the characters naturally drawn."
KUSELL'S STOCK CO.
WITH VAUDEVILLE SPECIALTIES.
POPULAR PRICES.

UNION RINK...
RELAY All this week—From 8:30 to 10:30 p. m.



BICYCLE RACE Between the Crack Riders of Duluth and Superior.
THE CYCLE SENSATION OF THE SEASON.
Wheels checked at side entrance. Admission 25c. All seats free. MUSIC BY CITY BAND.

MARKS BROS.' CO.
TURNER HALL, AUG. 9 TO 14.
LAST WEEK.
TONIGHT, "THE IRISH DRAGOON"
Friday, 13 .... The Irish Immigrant
Saturday Matinee and Night, 14 .... East Lynne
$5.00 IN GOLD given for the best Specialty the 14th.
The audience to be the judges.

MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of eighteen hundred twenty-three and 74-100, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by William A. Pryor and Fanny H. Pryor, his wife, to the People's Savings Bank of Duluth, Minnesota, bearing date the 17th day of April, A. D. 1893, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds, in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 20th day of April, A. D. 1893, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 125 of mortgages, on page 80, and said People's Savings Bank having by deed dated February 27th, 1897, duly made an assignment of all its property to the undersigned Ernst A. Schulze for the benefit of its creditors, and said deed of assignment having upon said 27th day of February, 1897, been duly filed in the office of the clerk of the district court in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, and a certified copy thereof having been duly filed on the 24th day of March, 1897, in the register of deeds office, in said St. Louis County, and recorded in Book K of miscellaneous records thereof, on page 386, and said assignee having duly accepted said trust and duly qualified as such assignee, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof:

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: All of block seven (7), Ironton, Third (3rd) Division, lots four (4), five (5) and six (6), block nine (9), Minnewaken Addition to Duluth; also the following described property commencing at the southeast corner of lot nine (9), block six (6), Minnewaken Addition to Duluth; thence west 140 feet along the south line of said lot produced to the intersection of the eastern line of alley produced; thence north along the easterly line of the alley produced 56 and 53-100 feet to the intersection of the easterly line of the right-of-way of the St. Paul & Duluth Short Line Railroad; thence northeasterly along the easterly line of said right-of-way to the intersection with the north line of lot eleven (11), in said block six (6), produced, west 119 and 53-100 feet from the northeasterly corner; thence east 119 and 53-100 feet to the northeast corner of lot eleven; thence south seventy-five (75) feet to the place of beginning, in St. Louis County, and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 16th day of September, A. D. 1897, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 29th, A. D. 1897.

ERNST A. SCHULZE,
Assignee,
People's Savings Bank of Duluth, Minnesota.

S. D. ALLEN,
Attorney for Assignee.
Office: 304 Lonsdale building, Duluth, Minnesota.

Duluth Evening Herald, July-29-Aug-5-12-19-26-Sept-2.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of the assignment of J. E. Hoyt and F. K. Wishart, copartners as The Wishart Commission Co., Insolvent:

Notice is hereby given that the above named insolvents on the 11th day of August, A. D. 1897, made and filed in the office of the clerk of said court an assignment of all their unexempt property to the undersigned, for the benefit of all their creditors who shall prove claims and file releases as provided by law.

CHARLES T. FITZSIMMONS,
Assignee.
106 West Michigan Street,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-12-19-26.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Newton A. Frost, Plaintiff,

vs.

Peter J. Krupp, Wilhelmina Krupp, Anton Rink, Tillie Rink, Emil Tessman and Arcade Belleveau, copartners as Tessman & Belleveau and Henry C. Nelson, as assignee of Peter J. Krupp and Anton Rink, insolvents, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that, under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 15th day of July, 1897, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, sheriff of said St. Louis County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, on Monday, the 30th day of August at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot six (6), in block one hundred and thirty-seven (137), West Duluth, Fifth Division, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds of said St. Louis County.

Dated July 15, 1897.

WILLIAM C. SARGENT,
Sheriff of St. Louis County,
By V. A. DASH,
Deputy.

JAMES A. HANKS,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

Duluth Evening Herald, July-15-22-29-Aug-5-12-19.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made and executed by Andrew Youngstrom and Minnie Youngstrom, his wife, mortgagors, to Calvin H. Carter, mortgagee, dated September 1, 1894, with a power of sale therein contained, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, September 10, 1894, at 8:30 o'clock a. m., in Book 127 of mortgages, page 270; and, whereas, such default consists in the non-payment of twenty dollars interest due March 1, 1897, the holder of said mortgage has exercised the option to him given in said mortgage by declaring and he does hereby declare the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage, with all accrued interest thereon to be now due and payable; and, whereas, there is therefore claimed to be due and there is due upon said mortgage debt the sum of five hundred thirty-four and 56-100 dollars as principal and interest, and ten and 85-100 dollars insurance premium, and twenty-six and 34-100 dollars taxes, both insurance premium and taxes paid by said mortgagee under the terms of said mortgage; and, whereas, said mortgage contains a power of sale which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned, and no action or proceeding, at law, or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot number thirteen (13), in block number one hundred twenty-six (126), in Portland Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 21st day of August, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest and insurance and taxes and twenty-five dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 7, 1897.

CALVIN H. CARTER,
Mortgagee.

PEALER & FESLER,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.

Duluth Evening Herald, July-8-15-22-29-Aug-5-12.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of three hundred and four and 50-100 (304.50) dollars interest, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Peter Haugan and Martha Haugan, his wife, mortgagors, to Carl A. Carlson, mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of December, 1894, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 3rd day of January, 1895, at 4:00 o'clock p. m., in Book 94 of mortgages, on page 542.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Carl A. Carlson, mortgagee, to Elira Hargreaves, by written assignment dated the 8th day of May, 1897, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 8th day of May, 1897, at 12:20 o'clock p. m., in Book 107 of mortgages, on page 505.

And whereas, the said Elira Hargreaves, the assignee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is therefore actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of two thousand and four and 50-100 (2004.50) dollars principal and interest of said mortgage debt, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: All of lots numbered twelve (12) and thirteen (13), in block ninety-four (94), in Portland Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file or of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 28th day of August, 1897, at 10:00 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of two thousand and four and 50-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 15th, A. D. 1897.

ELIRA HARGREAVES,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

FRED W. HARGREAVES,
Attorney for Assignee.

Duluth Evening Herald, July-15-22-29-Aug-5-12-19-26.

TALKED IT OVER

Creditors of the Security Bank Discussed Its Affairs Last Evening.

REPORT PRESENTED

Committee Gives a Statement of Bank's Condition---Expenses to Be Cut.

Fifty creditors of the Security bank met in the rooms of the chamber of commerce last night and indulged in criticism of the management of the estate and listened to the report of the committee of twelve appointed at the last meeting of the creditors to investigate the affairs of the bank. Receiver Macfarlane was represented by his attorney, E. P. Towne, who explained that the receiver would be glad to meet the creditors half way on any method of reducing expenses or promoting collections, and that there was not a dollar of expenses that could not be explained in a satisfactory manner. Finally, on request of W. P. Lardner and some of the creditors, the committee was continued for the purpose of looking into the conduct of the bank prior to the date of the failure, there having been offered some criticism of its management in the course of the discussion. The report of the committee follows:

"The committee appointed by the chairman of the meeting of the depositors of the Security bank, on Jan. 29, 1897, to examine into the affairs of said Security bank, hereby make the following report:

"That on Feb. 17, 1897, your committee found the condition of said bank to be as follows:

Claims filed and allowed....$257,971.85

"From the books of the bank it appears that $57,959.70 of the bank liabilities were not filed.

"Of the claims filed and allowed, $48,067.13 was allowed conditionally. The assets are as follows:

Bills receivable in bank	$277,592.21
Out for collection	7,752.22
Charged to profit and loss	50,680.73
Overdrafts	6,397.95
Sundry loans	1,513.12
Stocks, bonds and mortgages.	2,740.09
Real estate	21,608.74
Furniture and fixtures	8 013.50
Cash items	5,348.19
Cash	12,756.03
Total	$385,003.09

"About July 28 the receiver made a statement of expenses, which amounts to $10,610.24. By itemizing this report we find as follows:

Office expenses	$ 857.18
Attorney's fees	885.30
Receiver's fees	3,832.75
Clerk hire	3,620.84
Miscellaneous and questionable expenses	1,404.17
Total	$10,610.24

"In the above expenses we find charged: A. B. Upton, expenses trip to New York, $100.40; F. W. Paine, expenses trip to New York, $132.85; American Security company, for bond, $750.

"In the clerk hire items we find W. P Lardner was paid $656.25; F. W. Paine was paid $950, besides the $132.85 expenses for trip to New York. The receiver has charged $400 a month salary. By checking this expense account up we find that this is practically the expenses to June 1, 1897, leaving June and July expenses still unpaid. Amount paid on first dividend $8885.61; amount loaned stockholders, $33,986.43."

E. H. Hall was made chairman of the meeting and John H. Crawford secretary. The report of the investigating committee was read by M. M. Gasser, after which it was open for discussion.

Bishop McGolrick, who was present, asked that an explanation of some of the items of the expense account be made if there was anyone present who was qualified to explain them. He said that it appeared that it had cost something over $13,000 to collect something over $19,000, and he would like to hear about the items which made up the account.

E. P. Towne, who represented the receiver, said that he would be glad to explain the items so far as he was able, and he took them up as questions were asked. The trip of A. B. Upton to New York, he said, was for the purpose of seeing some English capitalists who were expected to buy some collateral held by the bank as security for some of its loans. The trip of F. W. Paine was for the purpose of seeing some of the Eastern banks about the reorganization plan, which was then in the hands of the creditors. As to the item of $750 for the receiver's bond, he stated that that was always allowed by the court, especially in such times as these, when it is almost impossible to get a personal bond of the size required that will be accepted by the court. Regarding the salary of $400 per month the receiver had allowed himself, which some of the creditors thought too much under the circumstances Mr. Towne said that while the court had not yet passed on it, it was based on what the court usually allowed in cases of this magnitude, and it was less than the salaries usually received by receivers. If the creditors thought that the sum was too large they could easily talk to Mr. Macfarlane about it, and if he refused to consider the idea of reducing it they could then go to the court.

"It has been shown," said J. B. Noyes, "that the expense of collecting $19,000 has been $13,000. Do you mean to say that that is right?"

"Every dollar of the expense may be accounted for," responded Mr. Towne.

"That may be true," said Mr. Noyes, "but were all the expenses right and necessary?"

"That may be shown also if the account was gone over item by item," replied Mr. Towne.

C. F. Robel asked about the item of $33,000 loaned to stockholders, which was a part of the report. Mr. Towne said that that was a matter pertaining to the bank itself and had nothing to do with the receivership, but as some curiosity was expressed concerning the item Mr. Noyes started to read off the items going to make up the total. The items were all small, and after the reading had progressed a little way it was given up as too tedious. The amounts were mostly small and they appeared to be money loaned on the indorsement of stockholders of the bank.

Bishop McGolrick said that the meeting should take up some plan of lessening the expenses and hurrying the dividends of the estate, for if the matter hung along another year with expenses at the same rate the dividends would melt away. Mr. Towne said that the receiver would be glad to meet the creditors more than half way on both of those propositions, and that the expenses of administering an estate were always heavier the first few months. All the heavy expenses are now over.

W. H. Blades said that the burden should go on the stockholders as well as on the creditors, and that every effort should be made to collect from them. He thought the amount of expense in comparison to the amount collected was an outrageous showing.

"That brings me to something I want to ask the creditors," said Mr. Towne. "We have started the suit to enforce the liability of the stockholders, and we have made service on every resident stockholder. If the creditors can tell us how to get hold of anything belonging to the non-resident stockholders we will get it inside of twenty-four hours."

F. B. Ross said that he understood that in the case of one of the St. Paul banks the court had cut down the fees of the receiver, and he thought that something of that kind might be done in this case.

M. M. Gasser suggested that the receiver be instructed to cut down expenses and wind up the estate as speedily as possible, even if he had to sell the assets at auction.

C. E. Evens said that it was likely that money could be saved by the auction plan, as while the receipts would not be so great the expenses would also be lighter.

The discussion here branched off the matter for which the meeting was called and into the affairs of the bank before it closed. W. P. Allen said that the bank had been insolvent for a year before it closed, and W. P. Lardner, who was present, said that there had been a good deal of street talk about the conduct of the bank, and he would like to have the committee make a thorough investigation and settle it once for all. When a motion was made to have the committee do this Mr. Allen wanted the grand jury included in the investigation, but nearly all the creditors present opposed this on the ground that it was unjust to attack the officers of the bank on mere street gossip. The motion to have the committee investigate the affairs of the bank prior to the failure was finally carried, and the meeting adjourned subject to the call of the committee.

HAVE YOU EATEN TOO MUCH?

TAKE HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE.

People impose on the stomach sometimes, giving it more than it can do. "Horsford's" helps to digest the food, and puts the stomach into a strong and healthy condition.

RAILROADS ARE PREPARING.

Getting Ready to Move the Grain This Fall.

The railroad companies that have lines extending into the wheat belt are taking every possible precaution against a grain blockade or car famine when the new crop begins to move. Railroad shops have been employing extra forces for some weeks to repair all cars that are out of commission, and every wheel that can be made available for hauling wheat will be put in use. Already the work of distributing cars has been commenced, and they will be ready for receiving loads as soon as the wheat is ready to go to market. Some lines have purchased new cars, and stragglers that have wandered off to all parts of the country are being rounded up.

Railroad men as a rule do not expect a larger crop than that of 1895, although in this respect they do not agree with the estimate made by the best posted grain dealers. In that year little difficulty was experienced in bringing the grain to Duluth and other markets, but to be on the safe side unusual precautions are being taken. The Great Northern force at the St. Cloud shops has been doubled recently and every freight car on the system will be ready for business as soon as the traffic requires.

Prof. Gentry's Dogs and Ponies.

Prof. Gentry and his famous company of educated dogs and ponies, some 100 in number, who, it is said, surpass anything ever seen in this line before, are soon to visit this city. They will exhibit under their own waterproof tent on Fourth avenue west and First street four nights, beginning Wednesday, Aug. 18, with a matinee Saturday.

The news of the coming of this exhibition will no doubt be hailed with delight by everyone who has either heard of or has had the privilege of witnessing this wonderful exhibition of animal intelligence. The show is sure to receive the best of patronage in this city, as the prices of admission are decidedly reasonable being—children 10 cents; adults 20 cents.

Crescent

Known Quality.

You are making no experiment in buying a Crescent Bicycle. 56,000 men, women and children bought Crescents, in 1895; 70,000 in 1896.

Owners of Crescents are all around you. Ask them about Crescent quality. They know how good it is.

Crescent agents will explain the many improvements for 1897. We want *you* to ride a Crescent this year.

$75 $50

Bicycles.

WESTERN WHEEL WORKS, Factory, Chicago.

CATALOGUE FREE. AGENTS EVERYWHERE.

NOT MUCH PROFIT

Vesselmen Complain They Are Not Making Any Money This Season.

DECLINE IN RATES

The Most Unprofitable Year In the History of Lake Shipping.

That this season is the most unprofitable of the lake marine is due to four causes—depressed commercial conditions, a tendency toward cheaper freight rates, larger ships capable of taking advantage of the increased navigability of connecting channels and the reduced consumption and low price of iron ore. Except in a few instances, vessels are operated without profit to their owners. The prevailing rates on coal, grain and ore are barely sufficient to pay operating expenses. Vesselmen like John D. Rockefeller, provided with every facility for dispatch, owning large boats and having steady employment, are in a position to secure a profit.

Incontrovertible proof is produced to show that there is no money in carrying ore from Lake Superior to the ports on Lake Erie for 50 cents a ton, with up cargoes of coal paying only 20 cents a ton. During the coal strike fuel shipments have been virtually at a standstill, vessels thereby being deprived of and chance to operate profitably, the result being that a large tonnage is in ordinary. Usually a dull spring portends a prosperous fall for the marine man and he is encouraged, too, by the indications of returning prosperity, the prospects of a large movement of grain from Duluth and Chicago, a rush of coal after the strike is settled and a good demand for tonnage in the ore trade. The movement of ore will be considerable less than last year, when more than 10,000,000 tons were shipped.

In this depressed period it is interesting to take a retrospective view of lake freights. First a statement regarding the present basis of transportation charges is necessary. Season ore contracts were made from Escanaba at 45 cents. Little season chartering has been done, vessels being taken for a month or two months. The Duluth rate is 10 cents less than the Escanaba rate. In previous seasons, due to the condition of channels connecting the lakes, the Lake Superior ore freight rate was considerably higher relatively, but it has been demonstrated that as large cargoes can be carried from Lake Superior as from Lake Michigan. Naturally freight rates came down to about the same basis, distance only being considered. However, if vesselowners were given their choice they would select Lake Michigan, the Soo canal and the restrictions governing navigation in St. Mary's river preventing the expeditious movement of vessels.

The large ore tonnage produced in 1896 and 1897 has had a great deal to do with transportation charges. New cargo records are made every week by the new type of vessels. The largest cargo of ore that has been brought down from the upper lakes was the large Polynesia, owned by James Corrigan, of Cleveland. The cargo consisted of 6124 net tons and was moved from Duluth to Fairport, Ohio. Recently the steamer Crescent City, built in Chicago and owned by A. H. Wolvin, of Duluth, took 225,000 bushels of corn out of Chicago for Buffalo. The best previous grain record was held by the steel towbarge Amazon—2,7,000 bushels of corn, equivalent to 6076 net tons. The coal record is held by the schooner Aurania, she having carried 5187 net tons from Toledo to Milwaukee. The Polynesia, Crescent City and Amazon are less than three months old.

The freight rate on coal from Buffalo, Duluth and Milwaukee continues at 20 cents a ton.

Pickands, Mather & Co., James Davidson and A. B. Wolvin have contracted to carry 3,000,000 bushels of wheat from Duluth to Buffalo at 2 cents during September and 2¼ cents during the first two weeks of October. Figuring 1 3-8 cents as the Duluth-Buffalo lake freight, grain is carried from the head of Lake Superior to New York at 6½ cents a bushel. This includes Duluth elevator charges, inspection and weighing, insurance and exchange, Buffalo charges and the loading of the grain from canal boats to ocean steamers at New York. This is without doubt the lowest rate yet recorded. The following is an itemized statement of cost:

Duluth elevator charges	$ .00½
Inspection and weighing	.00½
Insurance and exchange	.00¼
Lake freight	.01⅜
Canal freight and Buffalo charges	.02
Loading canal to steamer	.01¼
Total	$ .06½

The freight rate on corn from Chicago to Buffalo is 1¼ cents at the present time. In 1859 it cost an average of 15⅜ cents to carry a bushel of corn from Chicago to Buffalo by lake; in 1871 the same service cost 7½ cents. In 1867 it cost an average of $4.25 to carry a ton of ore from Escanaba to Lake Erie, and in 1870 the same service cost $2.50; in 1891 the average cost was 84 cents and at the present time the rate is 40 cents. Vessel men, too, are pleased to accept that figure.

The decline in ore freight rates since 1872 is exhibited in the following table, which is under copyright by the "Blue Book of American Shipping":

	Escanaba		Marquette	
	Wild rate	Contract rate	Wild rate	Contract rate
1872	$3 33	$2 00	$4 25	$2 50
1873	2 50	2 00	3 53	2 75
1874	1 30	2 00	1 93	2 75
1875	1 13	1 40	1 50	1 75
1876	86	1 20	1 35	1 50
1877	98	1 00	1 41	1 40
1878	81	90	1 22	1 20
1879	1 25	90	1 82	1 40
1880	1 79	1 85	2 26	2 45
1881	1 26	1 75	2 05	2 45
1882	1 01	1 40	1 26	1 75
1883	1 22	1 00	1 40	1 20
1884	87	1 10	1 08	1 35
1885	78	90	98	1 05
1886	1 23	1 05	1 51	1 20
1887	1 53	1 40	1 87	1 62
1888	1 05	90	1 30	1 15
1889	1 01	1 00	1 19	1 10
1890	89	1 10	1 07	1 25
1891	84	65	1 02	90
1892	74	1 00	98	1 15
1893	56	85	71	1 00
1894	46	60	60	80
1895	73	55	92	75
1896	52	70	66	95

Decline in the lake grain freights has been marked. The average rates, beginning with 1857, have been:

Years.	Cents.	Years.	Cents.
1857	9.39	1891	2.38
1861	11.53	1892	2.19
1866	12.34	1893	1.69
1871	7.62	1894	1.27
1876	2.90	1895	1.97
1881	3.44	1896	1.70
1886	3.68		

Coal is being mined and carried to Green Bay at $1.60 a ton, the fuel coming from the Pittsburg district, and is placed aboard vessels in Cleveland for less than $1.40 a ton. In 1887 it cost an average of $1.05 to carry a ton of coal from Buffalo to Chicago; in 1896 the rate was 36 cents.

Officials in charge of the Soo canal figure that the average cost of moving freight in vessels passing through the canals last year was 99 mills a ton to the mile. For the same service during the same period the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railway charged 3.81 mills.

It is predicted by some men thoroughly versed in the lake marine that freight charges will go lower when the 20-foot channel is completed and larger ships are built. It is certain, however, that the bulk of the present lake tonnage is unable to stand the ruinous rates now paid.

FOR ST. MARY'S HOSPITAL.

Preliminary Details of the Excursion Are Arranged.

The preliminary arrangements for the excursion on the steamer Peerless, which is to be given to raise a fund for a free bed in the new St. Mary's hospital, were completed last night at a meeting of the general committee of physicians held at Capt. Flynn's office. The following committees were appointed: Arrangements—John Flynn, Dr. Gilbert, O. C. Hartman, Dr. C. E. Lum, R. F. Fitzgerald and E. A. Mattix. Reception—Dr. W. H. Magie, Dr. C. McComb, Frank Taylor, Alex Michaud, Dr. Titcomb, Morton Miller, Thomas McNaught, A. C. Weiss and A. T. Thoits. Advertising—M. S. Burrows, Dr. Maas, M. Kelly and Gene Chappell. Music—P. Doran, Dr. Harris, Fred Reynolds, Dr. James McAuliffe. Treasurer, M. Durkan.

When you discard that straw hat, what will you wear?
A Gordon!
We thought so. Out Aug. 15.

The "Living Chess" Game.

A rehearsal of the game of "living chess" that will be played tomorrow evening at the Armory was held last night in the St. Louis hotel dining room. The kings, queens, knights, bishops, rooks and pawns will be attired in rich costumes suitable to their characters. Their entrance upon the floor to take their positions to the music of Hoare's orchestra will be an attractive feature. The entertainment tomorrow evening will be given under the auspices of the ladies of Greysolon du Lhut chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution, who are trying to raise money for the purchase of the original miniatures of George and Martha Washington by Jonathan Trumbull.

The miniatures will be on exhibition at the entertainment.

QUEER BUSINESS METHODS.

Washington, Aug. 12.—Third Assistant Postmaster General Morritt called attention today to a growing practice of certain business concerns, which in extending their trade, send registered parcels containing their goods to the smaller postoffices addressed to fictitious or otherwise unknown persons. The concerns then make some plausible excuse to the postmaster and ask him to examine and dispose of at a reduced price rather than return the parcel. The opening of packages other than by an addressee, or on his written order, is forbidden by the postal regulations, as has been frequently pointed out by the department and postmasters are warned to return them to the sending postoffice.

NEW BIKE RECORD.

New Brunswick, N. J., Aug. 12.—In spite of the heavy rains which have been encountered, Antonio Evans, of this city, succeeded in establishing a new 24-hour bicycle road record. He added sixteen miles to the distance ridden by Edwards, of New York, last June, and with 356 miles to his credit finished at 6:11, with eleven minutes to spare, having started at 6:22 the previous morning. He was paced by tandem teams over the entire distance. The course was between this city and Elizabeth, a distance of twenty-five miles.

FREE PILLS.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by Duluth Drug company, druggists.

HALF FARE EXCURSIONS.

The Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad will run homeseekers' excursions on Aug. 3 and 17, Sept. 7 and 21, Oct. 5 and 19, to points north, south and west, at the rate of one fare, plus $2, for the round trip. Tickets good twenty-one days from date of sale. For full particulars write any agent of the Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad or

A. B. CUTTS,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent,
Minneapolis, Minn.

BABY HUMORS

Instant relief for skin-tortured babies and rest for tired mothers in a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, and a single application of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure. The only speedy and economical treatment for itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, and pimply humors of the skin, scalp, and blood.

Cuticura

Is sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Sole Proprietors, Boston.
"How to Cure Every Baby Humor," mailed free.

BABY BLEMISHES Prevented and Cured by CUTICURA SOAP.

RECEIVED NO NOTICE.

Maj. Baldwin Not Officially Aware of His Removal.

Referring to a Washington dispatch that Maj. Baldwin kept on making requisitions as though he had not been removed and that Dar Hall said "I do not know what Baldwin means, but I do not anticipate any trouble," the major has written the following to the St. Paul Globe:

"The above from the St. Paul Dispatch—the Washington correspondent being Loren Fletcher's clerk, and Uncle Loren, as I am reliably informed, representing the pine land ring in efforts for my removal as Chippewa Indian commissioner, is so far from the truth as are most of the Dispatch's Washington reports, that I deem it due to the public that I make a brief explanation. The St. Paul Dispatch has had me removed so many times during the past six months (the wish being father to the thought) that I might reasonably believe them wrong in the above as they have been so many times in the past. However, I am willing to concede that the Dispatch is right for once, only they are badly mixed as to the matter of my taking off.

"My resignation was asked for by the president July 20. Immediately on receipt of this request I replied at length declining to tender my resignation. The order of my removal, if made, has not reached me up to this date—Aug. 8. Surely Dar S. Hall—he of six months' service in a drafted regiment in the state of Illinois—would not ask an old soldier of the Iron brigade—four years' service—to desert his post on a mere rumor of discharge? Why, Hall, had you served longer in the army, and anywhere within the enemy's lines, you would know that the penalty for such an act was death. No, my dear sir; I shall remain at my post until you come to relieve me. Now you know what 'Baldwin means' and there won't be any trouble. I don't believe the Indians will harm you, and I am sure I won't. M. R. BALDWIN."

PACKING RECORDS BROKEN.

Armour Company Increases Its Output Over Previous Years.

The following article taken from the Kansas City Star of recent date, will be of interest. The figures contained therein are taken directly from the books of the Kansas City Stock Yards company:

Kansas City packers knocked all packing records to smithereens during the first half of 1897. This is the record for the six months ending last night:

Hogs killed	1,585,000
Cattle killed	412,000
Sheep killed	470,000

These figures indicate an increased slaughter of 357,000 hogs, 43,000 cattle and 106,000 sheep over the first half of 1896.

This enlargement of the packing business is said by packers and live stock men to be the result of an increased supply of live stock in the Kansas City territory and extensions of trade.

Of the hogs the Armour company killed 648,508 from January 1 to July 1, 1897, against 517,662 for the corresponding period in 1896 and 464,985 for the first half of 1895. In addition to this hog packing the Armour company has been a heavy buyer of ribs from other packers and these purchases would be equal to a slaughter of 100,000 hogs. Over 1,000,000 pounds of ribs purchased from outside packers were shipped to the Armour house this week to be smoked and shipped to the South.

The Armour company has also made a large increase in the slaughter of cattle and sheep, and on the whole its business for the first half of 1897 is about 25 per cent larger than the business for the same period last year.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE VERISCOPE.

There was a small house at the Lyceum last evening and it begins to be apparent that the people of Duluth are not wildly enthusiastic over the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight or have not the money to spend to see this reproduction. Those who were there enjoyed it immensely and there was great applause at the interesting points in the fight. This afternoon the final matinee was given and tonight the last evening performance will take place.

MARKS BROS.' COMPANY.

The Marks Brothers' company continues to draw packed houses regularly and as the long engagement is drawing to a close the audience seems to be packed closer and closer every night. No popular priced dramatic company that has visited here ever had such great success. Last night "The Jail Bird" was presented and tonight "The Irish Dragoon" will be given.

Duluth People Will Go.

Quite a number of Duluth people will attend the annual national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, which will be held in Buffalo during the week beginning Aug. 24. The fact that a very low rate has been made by the railroads will contribute to swell the attendance from here. Among those who have announced their intention of going are Mr. and Mrs. Frank Stimpson and George Blackwood. Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Davey, who went East the fore part of the week, will attend the encampment.

"Arrange" for your Gordon hat. Out Aug. 15.

Humane Society Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Duluth Humane society will be held Wednesday evening, Aug. 18, when officers will be elected for the ensuing year. It is stated that President Woodbridge has announced that he will not be a candidate. Dr. A. W. Ryan is mentioned for the place. He is en route home from Europe, but will not be here in time to attend the meeting. The past year has been marked by discord in the councils of the society. A strong effort will be made to eliminate the elements that conduce to this lack of harmony, a step that, according to the statement of a prominent member, is absolutely necessary to the continued usefulness of the organization.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

Pure Spring Water.

Delivered daily. Telephone orders to Stewart's livery, telephone No. 334.

Pine lands tributary to Duluth wanted. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows block.

WHY PEOPLE ARE NERVOUS

A distinguished German physician declares this to be the age of nervousness, and thinks the civilized race is deteriorating under it. Our lunatic asylums are filling up at a frightful rate: women who should be plump and rosy are pale and emaciated; school children, instead of being joyous, active, vigorous, are debilitated, overworked and unhappy; business men are engines of perpetual worry and victims of insomnia; social life is a nerve destroying whirl of excitement; cities are clamorous with distraction of railroads, traffic, manufacture and all hustling affairs that destroy repose and murder quiet. Everything is at high pressure. Headlong, mad activity is the law of circumstances.

Dr. Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets are famous for curing Nervous Diseases where other remedies had failed. They will make you well and strong, try them.

Fifty cents and $1 per box at druggists, or sent direct. Write us for testimonials of cures. Eureka Chemical & Mfg. Co., La Crosse, Wis.

HOBOES PASS IT BY.

Prefer Other Railroads to the Northern Pacific.

Even the hoboes will not patronize the Northern Pacific railroad. There are no more experienced travelers than those that go to make up that large army of men who journey leisurely to all parts of the country, taking absolute comfort on the floor of a box car, and who suffer little inconvenience by riding on a brake beam. They know the best railroad lines and which of them traverse the most prosperous country. They know about how the roads are operated and those which have the least number of accidents and where they are in the least danger of being piled up in a wreck or thrown into a ditch. Where the most careful management of the operating department and the best rolling stock are to be found there will these gentlemen of leisure be seen occupying the positions of vantage on box cars.

A little party of Weary Willies and Dustylthodeses was gathered in the railroad yards one evening recently waiting for a west-bound freight train that would take them to the wheat country, where they would have the satisfaction of sitting in the shade and watching the harvesters work. The wait was becoming tedious, when a Northern Pacific train hove in sight. One of the younger members of the gang suggested that they board it and wait no longer for a more favored route.

"Not on your life," said an old veteran of the road. "That road is no good, and when you start you can't tell where you'll fetch up. I'd rather lay on the upper side of a flat car on the Great Northern than luguriate in a varnished car on that corduroy. I like to travel in comfort, I do."

That settled it, and they waited another hour for a train on which they could view the country with a feeling of security or go to sleep with a confidence that they would awake without danger of being mangled in a smashup.

GROCERS HAVE THEIR OUTING.

Annual Picnic of the Association at Lester Park.

The fourth annual picnic of the Grocers' association was held at Lester Park today. The stores were closed all day and those who had neglected to stock up with groceries had to borrow of the neighbors. Nobody objected, however, for grocers are proverbially a hard-working lot and they are certainly entitled to a day off.

There was no program other than a game of ball between a nine from the association and one made up of commission men, the order of the day being to lie around under the trees and be lazy. Two orchestras furnished music for dancing in the pavilions during the afternoon and evening. The street car company provided a 10-minute service on the Lester Park line all day.

DEPARTMENT OF MINNESOTA G. A. R. OFFICIAL ROUTE.

Department Commander E. B. Wood has issued general orders No. 4 reading as follows:

"The official route of the department of Minnesota will be via the Minneapolis & St. Louis and Erie railroads to Buffalo, N. Y., and return. A special headquarters train will leave the Minneapolis & St. Louis depot, St. Paul, 7 p. m., Minneapolis 7:35 p. m., Sunday, Aug. 22, running through to Buffalo without change. This train will carry the department commander and staff, and all comrades and their friends who desire to attend the encampment are cordially invited to accompany the department commander on this train."

Rate—$18.50 for round trip tickets from St. Paul and Minneapolis, proportionally low rates from other points.

Dates of sale—Aug. 21 and 22, limited to Sept. 20 by deposit with joint agent at Buffalo.

The headquarters train will consist of smoking car, coaches, Pullman palace sleeping cars; tourist cars, and a commissary car in which a free lunch will be served to comrades and friends.

The Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad is the favorite route with the old soldiers, and will spare no pains to make the trip comfortable and pleasant in the highest degree.

For further information, or berth reservations, call on ticket agents of the Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad, or address A. B. CUTTS, G. P. A., M. & St. L. R. R., Minneapolis, Minn.



"Complete Manhood AND How to Attain It."

A Wonderful New Medical Book, written for Men Only. One copy may be had free, sealed, in plain envelope, on application.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., 64 Niagara St., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Duluth Trust Company

Acts as—

Assignee, Receiver, Trustee, Administrator, Guardian, etc. Collects Rents and Writes Fire Insurance.

BLOOD POISON

A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fares and hotel bills, and not charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

BIG G

CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.—

In District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of the Manufacturers' Bank of West Duluth, Insolvent:

Whereas, the above named court did on the 10th day of August, 1897, duly make and enter its order requiring that the receiver of said insolvent estate advertise for bids from the various creditors of said estate, stating what amount of their respective claims against said estate they would be willing to turn out in consideration of a conveyance of said premises belonging to said estate, described as follows, to-wit: The west half of the northwest quarter of section twenty-one (21), township forty-nine (49) north, of range fifteen (15) west, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, containing eighty acres;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that in accordance with said order, the creditors of said estate are requested to make their respective bids to the undersigned stating therein what amount of their respective claims against said estate they will turn out in consideration for a transfer of said premises. Said bids will be received by the undersigned at his office at West Duluth, in said county and state, not later than the 31st day of August, 1897, said bids to be in writing, duly signed and sealed.

Dated Duluth, Minnesota, August 11, 1897.

C. E. PEASLEE,
Receiver of the Manufacturers' Bank of West Duluth, Insolvent.
Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-12-13-14.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of St. Louis—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the Matter of the Assignment of Camille Poirier, Insolvent:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the Duluth Trust Company, as Assignee of said Insolvent, has filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court, its duly verified petition, dated August 11th, 1897, showing that it has fully distributed the assigned estate herein to those of the creditors of said Insolvent who were entitled thereto and praying for its final discharge as Assignee aforesaid.

NOTICE IS FURTHER GIVEN, That said Duluth Trust Company as Assignee aforesaid will apply to said Court, that it be fully discharged from all further duties, liabilities and responsibilities connected with its trust herein, at a Special Term of said Court appointed to be held in and for said County at the Court house, in the City of Duluth, on Saturday, the 4th day of September, 1897, at nine thirty (9:30) o'clock in the forenoon of that day.

Dated August 12th, 1897.

DULUTH TRUST COMPANY,
As Assignee of Camille Poirier, Insolvent,
by Calvin F. How, Secretary.
Duluth Trust Company Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.

TOWNE & MERCHANT,
Attorneys for said Assignee,
302-306 Duluth Trust Co. Bldg.,
Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-12-19-26.
Duluth, Minnesota.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage which was duly executed and delivered by Andrus R. Merritt and Elizabeth D. Merritt, his wife, and Cassius C. Merritt and Eliza M. Merritt, his wife, mortgagors, to Willis M. Roberts, mortgagee, bearing date November fifteenth (15th), 1880, and which was duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on November fifteenth (15th), 1880, at 4:55 o'clock p. m., in Book fifty-four (54) of mortgages, on page twenty-two (22), and following pages; which mortgage, with the debt thereby secured, was thereafter duly assigned by said Willis M. Roberts to Leroy J. Emery, by an instrument of assignment bearing date January twenty-eighth (28th), 1891, and which was duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on January twenty-eighth (28th), 1891, at 2:25 o'clock p. m., in Book seventy-three (73) of mortgages, on page two hundred eighty-six (286); such default consisting in the non-payment of the principal sum of six thousand ($6000) dollars thereby secured, with interest thereon at the rate of eight per cent per annum from November 15, 1896, and exchange;

And whereas, there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of six thousand three hundred forty-seven and 62-100 ($6347.62) dollars, principal, interest and exchange;

And whereas, said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All of lots numbered ten (10) and eleven (11), in block numbered twenty-nine (B. 29), Town of Oneota, according to the recorded plat thereof on file of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said St. Louis County; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the eleventh (11th) day of September, A. D. 1897, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and one hundred dollars attorney's fee, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year, as provided by law.

Dated July 27th, 1897.

LEROY J. EMERY,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, July-29-Aug-5-12-19-26-Sept-2.

BIDS.

Auditor's Office, St. Louis County,
Duluth, Minn., August 11th, 1897.

Sealed proposals will be received at the county auditor's office up to twelve o'clock noon, of Tuesday, September 7th, 1897, for furnishing suites of office rooms for the following named county offices:

County attorney, two rooms.
County surveyor, two rooms.
County superintendent of poor, two rooms.
County physician, two rooms.

Such proposals to be in writing specifying location and numbers of the respective office rooms, manner of heating and lighting same and shortest and longest terms for which same may be rented at prices named in the proposals.

The envelope containing the proposals should be endorsed "proposals for office rent.

O. HALDEN,
County Auditor.
Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-12-13-14.

FREE! FREE!

The Leading Specialist of America!
36 Years' Experience! 250,000 Cured!

Catarrh, Short Breath, Heart Palpitations, Rheumatism, Chronic Diseases and all Diseases and Deformities Cured.

TREATMENT FREE UNTIL CURED DURING AUGUST.
Office Hours, 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. Sunday, all but Church Hours.

DISEASES OF WOMEN: If you are suffering from any of the diseases peculiar to your sex such as ovarian troubles, bearing down from the hips, nervous troubles, shortness of breath, heart palpitations, all gone feeling, falling or displacement of the womb, inflammation or ulceration, bloating, headaches, spinal weakness, pain in back and loins, leucorrhoea, discharges and burning, smarting and itching, you can, with absolute certainty, be cured by Dr. S. Clay Todd's valuable aid. Don't stay away because you are poor. If your physician is not curing you, or if you wish immediate relief and a permanent cure, consult **DR. S. CLAY TODD at his Medical Institute and Eye and Ear infirmary, 1224 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis. Consultation free. Medicines furnished.**

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio. Phone No. 9.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

Chief Hansen has turned his attention to the street walkers, whose numbers have been increasing of late. He says they must go and two men have been detailed to round them and take them to headquarters, where they are notified to emigrate.

William McDougall was arraigned before Judge Boyle yesterday afternoon charged with failing to support his wife. He pleaded not guilty and his trial was set for tomorrow morning. Bail was fixed at $100, in default of which the accused was committed to jail.

The ladies of St. Paul's Guild will give an excursion on the bay next Wednesday evening. A commodious barge has been engaged for the occasion.

A Lake avenue car went against a street sprinkling cart on Lake avenue this morning, and it was bad for the cart, the sprinkler being badly twisted. The driver of the latter claims that he was turning round at the time and that the accident was due to the carelessness of the motorman. The latter had not been heard from up to noon on the subject.

W. E. Lucas, receiver of the Marine National bank, has secured an order from the United States court allowing him to sell lot 198, on Lake avenue, which is on Park Point below the canal, for $275. The sale is negotiated by George H. Crosby and he is to receive 5 per cent commission.

Kelly's cleaning kills competition.

There will be a rehearsal at the Armory for the pawns and others who take part in the "Living Chess" 3:30 Friday afternoon without fail.

Judge Morris has filed an order denying a motion of the defendants for a new trial in the case of the Butler-Ryan company against W. B. Silvey and the Providence Building company.

A Marriage license has been issued to Daniel Axelrod and Mary Nyle.

Alderman Rowley and President Smith of the board of public works visited Lakewood this afternoon.

The life saving crew picked up a capsized sailboat near the dyke this morning. It had evidently been abandoned by the occupants. Capt. McKenzie has it at the life-saving station now.

Next Monday evening there will open a 6-day bicycle race for female riders at the Union rink. Misses Harp, Fiering, Drehmel, Brooks, Peterson and Babe Wellington will participate.

IS ALMOST FINISHED.

Board of Equalization Has Nearly Completed Its Work.

The board of equalization is holding its its last hearings of property owners who are objecting to the proposed raises in their personal property valuations, and it is expected that all the work of the board will be completed by Saturday evening. This morning A. L. Ordeum of the Wells-Stone-Ordean company was before the board to object to the proposed raise of 100 per cent in the valuation of $60,000 returned by that company. He told the board that one of the great hopes of Duluth's growth lay in its jobbing interests, and he did not think that they should be taxed so that they could not compete with houses of other cities. Under the return made by the company, he said, it would have to pay $2000 taxes, while a similar house in St. Paul had to pay only $900. In Omaha one of the largest houses was given an assessment of only $6500 on a stock of $140,000, while the Twohy Mercantile company, of Superior, a direct competitor, is assessed only $4925. He considered that the company had put in a fair valuation, and that it was a larger percentage of the actual value of their property than the average return of Duluth business houses. The board took the matter under advisement, and will consider it together with the other matters it has taken under advisement.

This afternoon some of the lumber companies were to be heard, and it was expected that this would wind up the hearings. The work of the board, if nothing prevents, will be finished by Saturday evening.

Alaska For Gold

E. E. Esterly for your watch repairs. Watches cleaned for $1. 105 West Superior street. Room 5 over Power & Settle's.

A Remarkable Violinist.

D. A. Bacon and wife will arrive in Duluth tomorrow noon in their private car and leave in the evening for a short stay at Mackinac island, over the South Shore road. They will be accompanied by Mrs. Schaller and daughter Josie, who have been their guests at Tower for a few weeks. Miss Josie Schaller is a young girl 14 years old, but she is widely known already in the musical world because of her skill as a performer on the violin. She attracted a great deal of attention during the World's fair when she was but 10 years old, because of her wonderful performance.

PERSONALS.

City Attorney Richards left yesterday afternoon for Milwaukee and thence to Broadhead, Wis., his old home for a visit. He will be gone a week or ten days.

Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Richardson are entertaining Misses Anna Kelly and Eva McLaggan, of Stillwater, who were teachers in the Duluth schools one year ago.

Professor J. A. Hultman and family, from Chicago, are in the city and will stay a few days.

Gabe Ullman and wife, of Appleton, Wis., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Louis Hammel, 423 East Third street.

L. R. Rumsey, of Chicago, was in the city today and visited the board of trade.

Mrs. M. J. Springer, of Ottawa, Canada, is visiting Miss Murray and M. S. Burrows.

M. V. McNally, of New Richmond, Wis., was a visitor on the board of trade floor today.

Charles Purdon, of the Minnesota mine at Soudan, is in the city, a guest at the Spalding.

H. P. Hubbell, an insurance man of Winona, is at the Spalding.

N. W. Kaufmann, ex-mayor of Marquette, is among the Spalding guests, accompanied by his wife.

G. A. Fuller, of Grand Rapids, is at the St. Louis.

James A. Quigg, the hotel man of Deer River, is at the St. Louis, accompanied by his wife.

W. N. Shephard, of Tower, arrived in the city from Ely today and registered at the St. Louis.

George Mance, the lumber dealer, returned today from a week's absence in Newberry, Mich.

J. D. Gilchrist, of Mountain Iron, is a guest at the Spalding.

William Allen, of Tower, is among today's arrivals at the St. Louis.

W. N. Marr, of Ashland, is registered at the St. Louis.

P. H. Blake, of Little Falls, and John Neuman, of Pierz, Minn., are guests at the St. Louis.

C. M. Palmer and wife, of Mankato, are among today's arrivals at the Spalding.

J. G. Ketchum, of Tower, is at the Spalding.

E. L. Brown, superintendent of the St. Paul & Duluth road, came up from St. Paul this morning. He is at the Spalding.

William Chalmers, a well-known lumberman, of Stillwater, is in the city, a guest at the St. Louis.

K. D. Chase came up from Faribault this morning. He is at the St. Louis.

Harry L. Moore and wife, of Erie, Pa., are at the Spalding. They are making a tour of the lakes.

W. M. Hays, of St. Anthony Park, arrived in the city this afternoon and registered at the Spalding.

E. B. Hawkins, of Biwabik, is at the St. Louis.

George W. Wallace, of Eveleth, is in the city, a guest at the St. Louis.

C. D. Harper, northwestern agent of the Eastern Minnesota, was in St. Paul yesterday and returned this afternoon.

George A. McDougall, northwestern agent of the Carnegie company, with headquarters in Minneapolis, is in the city, a guest at the Spalding.

Edward Robert, inspector of public buildings of the United States, is in the city looking over the federal building here. He finds it in good shape with the exception of some of the walls and will probably recommend the fixing of some of them.

John H. Williams, of Chicago, owner of the fee of the Biwabik mine, his wife and P. E. Simmons, his son-in-law, and wife, returned today from a trip over the range and leave this afternoon for Chicago. They went to Biwabik last Friday and have put in several days at Tower fishing.

Bridge is Unsteady.

The foot bridge on Fourth street over Tischer's creek between Eighth and Ninth avenues east is said to be in an unsafe condition. Chief Hansen of the police department says it trembled when he walked over it yesterday and it is moderately hazardous for ordinary sized people to cross it. How long it has been in this condition is unknown, but it is probably not more than six months or some of the street commissioners would have detected it. The attention of the board of public works will be called to the matter.

Bruno Eyferth's Comedy.

Bruno Lyferth's pleasing comedy "Aunt Augusta" was played at the Pavilion by the Kusell company last evening and a good audience was present. The play was well produced and gave entire satisfaction. It will run the balance of the week.

G. A. R. Excursion.

VIA BEATTY LINE.

To Buffalo and return, only $29.60, meals and berth included. For further information call on

H. HURDON, Agent,
No. 1 Lyceum building.

RELAY RACE.

Union rink, all this week, 8:30 to 10:30. Ladies free Wednesday and Thursday nights.

TRY A "HIGH-BALL" WITH
'SOVERN GINGER ALE'
The cleverest of all HOT WEATHER DRINKS.
Don't take something "just as good."
Insist on being served with "SOVERN."
SOVERN CARBONATING CO., 413 Palladio Building... ...Telephone 696.

THEY ARE BESIEGED

Commissioners Walk Through Alleys to Dodge Candidates For Register.

NUMBER IS LEGION

Board Contemplates a Trip of Inspection Over the Miller Road.

The meeting of the board of county commissioners for the election of a successor to Register of Deeds Borgstrom has been called for tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock, and at that time the legion of applicants for the vacant place will be put out of their misery. There are no end to the candidates, and it is a very dull hour that does not show up a few new ones. The life of the members of the board is being made a burden, and they are all anxious to have it over with. One of the commissioners said this morning that he was willing to make an affidavit that there are at least 150 candidates, for he has not been able to step for two days without running across a new one.

Another commissioner who has been staving off applicants for his influence by the dozen came to the court house by way of the alleys this morning in order to avoid them, and he was inclined to believe that the estimate of the number of candidates made by the other commissioner was about true. There is as yet no indication as to who the lucky individual will be, as the members of the board, if they have made up their minds, are not discussing the matter publicly. Out of the large number of candidates, however, there are probably not more than half a dozen who have the slightest show.

The board will also hold an adjourned meeting next Tuesday if it can complete the business in hand in time. The meeting was arranged for the purpose of considering the matter of the salary of the county attorney. When the board made the sweeping reductions in salaries a few weeks ago this official's wages were caught in the wave and shorn of $700 per year. He immediately entered a strenuous protest, and claimed that the board had no right to take such action in the middle of his term, when he had been elected to serve at the original salary. A number of lawyers gave similar opinions, including the attorney general, and the board decided to reconsider the matter, which will be done at next Tuesday's meeting.

At that time also, the board will take up the Miller Trunk road contracts, some of which have been or are going to be reduced. Before doing so, however, the board wants to take a trip over the road and look up matters for itself, and it is possible that it has so much business on hand to be cleaned up before then that it will not have time to look over the road before the meeting. It will take up two days to make the trip, and owing to matters connected with their duties as members of the board of equalization the board may not be able to start before Monday. In case the meeting may not be held till Wednesday. After this meeting the members of the board hope to have matters arranged so that they will not have to hold any more special meetings for a while, as they have been kept pretty busy between the board of equalization and the special meetings of the county board.

Commissioner Powers Returns.

Labor Commissioner L. G. Powers did not complete the tour over the range in company with Assistant Factory Inspector Julius Moersch, but returned yesterday and left for home, being ill. He is anxious to arrange for a meeting of mine superintendents to talk over ways and means for improving the condition of the miners. All of the superintendents will be seen and their co-operation solicited. The meeting will be held after the busy season is over.

Married at Tower.

Dr. and Mrs. F. A. Hoyt, of St. Cloud, Minn., are registered at the Spalding. They were married at Tower yesterday, the bride being Miss Margaret McInnes. The ceremony was performed in the Catholic church at Tower and afterward a reception was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Neil McInnes, the bride's parents. A special train brought the bridal couple to Duluth, and with them came the bridal party, including Miss Minnie MacLean, Miss Owens and Mrs. W. Wilson, and Messrs. R. B. Brower, of St. Cloud, who was best man, and Messrs. Brown and Pruden. Dr. and Mrs. Hoyt will remain here until Saturday and then go down the lakes.

Craggencroft Classical Institute.

The plan proposed by Craggencroft is set forth in the following:

STRUCTURAL OUTLINE.

I.

A HIGH GRADE PREPARATORY SCHOOL.

This will fit students for the freshman and sophomore class of any representative American college.

II.

A SEMINARY COURSE WITH DIPLOMA.

The work here offered is equivalent to, or if desired, identical with the regular sophomore years' work of women's colleges. It is itself a good education.

III.

AN ECLECTIC SEMINARY.

This department will meet the wants of all who for various reasons, may not be able to or may not wish to submit to the rigor of regular courses.

IV.

A SCHOOL OF MUSIC.

Advantages only of a first-class order will be offered and in both piano and voice.

V.

A PRIMARY AND INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL.

This work includes all instruction between the kindergarten and the first year of the high school, with such additional advantages in modern and ancient languages as may be arranged.

VI.

A DEPARTMENT OF ART.

VII.

A KINDERGARTEN.

RELAY RACE.

Union rink, all this week, 8:30 to 10:30. Ladies free Wednesday and Thursday nights.

SUES DR. SCHIFFMAN.

Lenore Dubriel Values Her Teeth at $1500 Each.

Lenore Dubriel began a suit yesterday afternoon against W. W. Schiffman, the dentist, in which she charges that he pulled two teeth for her against her wishes, and that to make her pay for the work he kept her in his office till she gave him her finger rings as collateral. For these alleged injuries she asks $3000 damages. She alleges that she went to the office of the defendant June 3 to have a tooth pulled and that while she was under the influence of an anesthetic he pulled not only the one she directed him to, but two more she had expressly forbidden him to pull. For this she demands $2000. The second cause of action relates to the manner in which it is alleged that the dentist collected his bill. When she refused to pay for the extraction of the two extra teeth, she alleges that he prevented her from leaving the office till she had given him her rings as security for the amount claimed by him. For this further alleged indignity the complainant asks $1000, making a total of $3000. Her attorneys are Eckman & Stevenson.

Dr. Schiffman was seen by a Herald reporter today and asked for his side of it. "I do not care to try the case through the newspapers," he said. "I will say, however, that when I show those two teeth to the jury it will be pretty hard for Miss Dubriel to convince them that she did not want them pulled."

EXCURSION TO FOND DU LAC
Daily on Str. S. B. Barker.
Leave Booth's dock 9:45 a.m., Fifth avenue 10:00, Tower Bay Slip 10:30. Returning leave Fond du Lac 4 p.m.
Fare 60c Round Trip.

CLAIMS SHE HAD NO NOTICE.

E. Grace Graves Seeks to Set Aside a Tax Judgment.

Judge Cant today was hearing an application to set aside the tax judgment against certain property belonging to E. Grace Graves for taxes of 1892, on the ground that the owner had had no notice of the delinquency. The case involves an important question, and it is one that affects all the tax judgments of 1894 as well as that on which the objection is raised. The objector claims that the resolution naming the official paper of the county was filed Feb. 20, 1894, as appears from the file mark, while the tax list was published Feb. 12 and 19. The supreme court has held that unless the resolution is filed before the tax list is published the proceedings are void. In January, 1897, after the file mark of Feb. 20 had been on the resolution for three years, it was amended by order of the court, and the objector claims that the amendment is void because it was made without notice and without any showing. C. C. Teare and M. Douglas appear for the objector and W. B. Phelps for the county.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.
Private Sale of a choice list of property comprising Houses and Fine Residence Lots, suitable for improvement. Will be sold at great bargains, as time for winding up estate is expiring. Call and see list or write
WILLIAM McRAE, Local Agent,
711 Torrey Building.

STOCKHOLDERS SUED.

Action Begun Against the Manufacturers Bank Shareholders.

C. E. Peaslee, receiver of the Manufacturers' bank, of West Duluth, yesterday afternoon began a suit to enforce the statutory liability of the stockholders. His complaint states that when the bank failed it owed $45,356.77, that a dividend of $6155.09 has been paid, that the assets will not exceed $20,000, and that the deficiency will be about $20,000. He asks that the court fix the amount of the debt of the bank and the amount of the liability of the stockholders. The stockholders and the par value of the stock held by them Aug. 19, 1895, when the capital stock of the bank was reduced from $50,000 to $25,000, are as follows: H. W. Wheeler, $11,700; W. C. McClure, $1250; W. S. Conklin, V. A. Stearns, O. P. Stearns estate, C. A. Duncan, F. W. Paine, J. H. Home, People's Saving bank, S. S. Williamson and E. W. McCormick, M. O. Hall, W. J. Holmes, $500 each; C. L. Ring, T. D. Merrill, $1750 each; L. Mendenhall, $2500; W. H. H. Stowell, $300; W. A. Stowell, $2000; E. W. Wilcox, C. M. Gray and H. P. Smith, Joseph Sellwood, F. C. Dennett, $750 each; J. P. Stryker, O. P. Sutherland, $100 each; R. M. Sellwood, H. H. Phedps, W. H. Mathews, P. A. Mitchell, $250 each; R. S. Munger, $1250; J. D. Boyd, $50. Washburn, Lewis & Bailey are the attorneys.

G. A. R. Encampment.

Round trip to Buffalo, $18.50 via "The Northwestern Line" (Omaha railway). Tickets good going on Aug. 21 and 22, choice of lines east of Chicago. Take this, the short line, avoiding changes and roundabout routes. Tickets and berth reservations at 405 West Superior street.

Ideal Meal Tickets.

I desire to notify all holders of meal tickets issued by L. C. Knickerbocker that I am willing to share one-half the loss on the tickets. M. S. COLSON,
Proprietor Ideal Restaurant.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 Years the Standard.

WILL OPEN THE MINE

Consolidated Company Decides to Operate the Pillsbury Mine at Once.

SHIP NEXT SEASON

This Action Grows Out of the Lake Superior Group Controversy.

As a result of the surveys and explorations that have been going on for the past month or more, W. J. Olcott, general superintendent of the Lake Superior Consolidated mines, has decided to open the Pillsbury mine at once.

The Pillsbury consists of four forties about two miles from Hibbing, which were purchased by the Consolidated about a year ago, but up to the present time nothing but prospect work has been done there. Recently, when a great deal was being said on the subject of royalties on the Lake Superior group at Hibbing, the Consolidated people demanding a reduction and the fee owners insisting that if royalties were reduced railroad freight rates should be subjected to the scaling process. The two were unable to get together, and it was announced that the Consolidated would open up the Pillsbury and take ore from it to supply the trade in excess of the minimum output provided for in the leases of the Lake Superior group. A surveying party was put in the field to survey a spur from the Duluth, Missabe & Northern main line to the new property, a distance of about two and one-half miles. This survey has now been completed and the work of laying track will be commenced at once, and it is thought that it will be completed in about sixty days.

Until then little development work will be done on the mine, as the wagon road to it from Hibbing would make it difficult and expensive to haul heavy material to it. However, the work will be pushed vigorously through the fall and winter months, and the new mine will be ready to ship ore with the opening of navigation next season.

A large number of men will be employed, not only in the mine but in the construction of houses for the miners and their families, boarding houses and office for the company and other necessary buildings. The ore is a very high grade and can be taken out cheaply.

An Interesting Point.

The land office contest case of John Ryan against Isaac Brown, involving the west half of northwest quarter, southeast quarter of northwest quarter, and northwest quarter of southwest quarter of section 17-54-12, was again before the United States land officers today. This morning there was a long argument over the question of allowing Ryan a hearing under his protest against Brown's timber and stone claim. The question involved in the case is whether it is possible to sell land under the timber and stone act where a case of prior settlement on the land is proven. P. H. Seymour appears for Ryan, and Capt. Smallwood for Brown. The land according to one of the affidavits in the case contains 1,900,000 feet of timber.

Noted Scientist and Divine.

Rev. Dr. John Peate, of Greenville, Pa., is the guest of Dr. Humason for a few days. This noted scientist and divine has just completed the largest telescope reflector in the world, for the American university at Washington, D. C. He has been a prominent minister of the M. E. church for over fifty years and has traveled in most of the countries of the earth. At 78 years of age he is as fresh and young as a man of 50. He is now on his return home from a visit to Yellowstone Park. An effort is being made to have this remarkable man remain over the Sabbath and preach in the First M. E. church in the morning.

Personal Injury Case.

Frank A. Corey this morning began a suit against the Northwestern Coal Railway company to recover $10,800 for personal injuries. He alleges in his complaint that in November, 1895, on the defendant's coal dock and railway at West Superior, he was acting as switchman, handling coal cars. While he was so employed a car of coal was so carelessly loaded, he says, that when it was bumped against another car a large quantity of coal was dislodged and fell over him. Part of it fell on his hand and crushed it, causing the loss of a thumb and two fingers. He thinks it was the duty of the company to load the cars safely, so he asks the court to award him the above amount for his injuries. John Jenswold, Jr., is his attorney.

Think They Are the Same.

The police think that the men arrested yesterday at Houghton, Mich., for robbing the postoffice at Ontonagon on Aug. 9, may be the same who cracked a safe in West Duluth on the night of Aug. 4. The belief is based on a description of their work at Ontonagon. The Houghton police have been asked for a description of the men. Photographs of Carney and Sanford, who were arrested here several days ago on suspicion of being implicated in some of the burglaries in this vicinity, but against whom no evidence could be found, were also sent.

HAY PEOPLE ADJOURN.

Pittsburg, Aug. 12.—The National Hay association adjourned finally today after adopting a resolution instructing the transportation committee to demand four days' time from the railroad companies for loading and unloading hay.

To the Traveling Public.

The Evening Herald is on sale at the news stands in the Great Northern hotel, Chicago; Windsor hotel, St. Paul; West hotel, Minneapolis.

G. A. R. Rates to Buffalo.

VIA EASTERN MINNESOTA RAILWAY.

Only $18.50 round trip to Buffalo Aug. 21 and 22. Tickets and full information at Union depot or city ticket office, 432 West Superior street.

C. D. HARPER,
Northern Passenger Agent.

NEWS OF THE LAKES.

'Longshoremen's Trouble at Menominee Ended By Seceders Rejoining Union.

Menominee, Mich., Aug. 12.—The war between the 'longshoremen has been brought to a close by a coalition. Recently thirty men seceded from the union and cut the rates and trouble followed. The union men tried to deprive the non-union men of work, and blood was shed. In several instances the union men boarded the boats where the non-union men had secured work, and forcibly drove them off. Fights would follow and there has been no end to the discord. Several law suits have been the result and ten or twenty of the union men paid fines. Yesterday the trouble was brought to a sudden climax by this coalition. The cases against the union men now pending in the courts have been withdrawn, and a good part of the men who seceded have gone back into the union.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Berlin, 10 last night; Senator, Holland and consorts, 1:50 a. m.; Sicken, 1:20; Pontiac, 4:30; Bartlett and whalebacks, 4:50; the two Richards, 5:20; Spencer and consort, 7; Kirby, Hartnell, 7:20; Mecosta, Ashland, 8:10; Arabia, 8:20; Codorus, 8:30; McWilliams, 9; Saxon, 10:40; Fryer and whaleback, 11:30.

Up yesterday: China, 1:20 p. m.; Victory, Constitution, 1:30; the two Wallaces, 2:50; Columbia, 3; the two Parkers, 6; North Land, 6:30; Wawatam, Sawyer and consorts, 8.

PASSED PORT HURON.

Port Huron, Mich., Aug. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Pringle and consorts, 9:30 last night; Harper, Tyrone, 11:15; Swain and consorts, 12:10 a. m.; Roumania, Barnum, 12:40; F. Brown and consorts, 1:10; Aztec and consort, Wimick, Antrim, 4; Savona, 5; Gratwick (steel), 5:15; Alberta, Bangor, 5:30; North West, 9:40; Roman, 10; Maruba and consort, 10:20; Oglebay, 10:30; John F. Eddy, 10:50.

Down yesterday: Wade, 11:20 a. m.; North Wind, 11:40; Choctaw, noon; Peck and consorts, 2:10 p. m.; Pope, 3:40; Wallace, 4; Crescent City, 4:10; John Craig, 7.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Aug. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Centurion, 2 a. m.; Sibley, 4; Roby, Wadena, 4:30; Yakima, Yukon, 5:20; Appomattox, Crete, Armenia, Algeria, 7; Nellson, Whitworth, 8; Castalia, 8:20; Shrigley, Aloha, Samuel Mitchell, Majestic, 10:20; Carnegie, Kearsarge, 11. Down: Mariska, Magna, 9:20 last night; Lagonda, 9:40; Sitka, 10:30; Arabian, 11; Viking, Vinland, Ericsson, midnight; Lansing, Maritana, La Salle, Alaska, 12:10 a. m.; Harvey Brown, 2:30; Andaste, 3; Hesper, Watt, Bell, Spokane, 3:20; Hoyt and whalebacks, Yuma, 5; Grover and barge, Fletcher, Mason, 6:20; Northern Light, J. Loy, Wood, 7:40; Ralph, Harold, 8:30; United Empire, Madagascar, Stephenson, Neil, Christie, Sonsmith, Normandie, 9:20.

Later—Up: Cadillac, 1:20 p. m. Down: Rees, 12; Siberia, 1:20 p. m.

Up yesterday: Alva, John Owen, 4 p. m.; Sauber, 8:30. Down: Aurora, Aurania, 4:40 p. m.; Felton, Thomas, 6; Thomas Wilson and whaleback 8; Mariska, Magna, 9:30.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Ashtabula—Cleared: Italia, Cort, John McWilliams, Venezuela, Duluth.

Buffalo—Cleared: Cumberland, Black Rock, Trevor, Duluth; Leland, Hancock.

Cleveland—Cleared: Nasmyth, Duluth.

Two Harbors—Cleared: Williams, Hawgood, Mesaba. Wallula, Cleveland; Sheldon, Ashtabula, Crosthwaite, Buffalo.

Ashland—Arrived: Iron King, Iron Queen. Cleared: Lagonda, Andaste, Bradley and tow, Lockwood, Siberia.

Erie—Cleared: Senator, Duluth.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Montana, Buffalo, light for flour; Fairbairn, Coriliss, Colby, 201, 202. Tom Adams, Foster, Harper, Tyrone, Penobscot, Lake Erie, light for lumber; Farwell, Stevens, Buffalo, mdse; Mills, Lake Erie, light for lumber.

Departed—Myles, Fort William, light; Hiawatha, Emory Owen, Michigan, Georger, Schoolcraft, Fairbairn, Corliss, 201, Wilson, 127, Lake Erie, ore; Mariposa, Two Harbors, light; Portage, Montana, Mohawk, Buffalo, flour; Nestor, Bourke, Lake Erie, lumber.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: H. H. Meier, from Bremen.

Hamburg—Arrived: Phoenecia, New York.

London—Arrived: Massachusetts, from New York.

GROCERS ARE ARRESTED.

State Dairy Inspector Snyder Procures the Warrants.

Warrants were issued this afternoon, on complaint of Dairy Inspector Snyder, for the arrest of Frank Suech, and Joseph Risatti, of the firm of Suech & Risatti, grocers at 503 West Superior street, and the firm of Lysen & Nelson, grocers at the West End, on the charge of violating the food laws. It is alleged that Suech & Risatti have been offering for sale alum baking powder in packages not marked as required by law. Lysen & Nelson, it is alleged, have been offering for sale vinegar containing lead acetate. The prosecutions were instituted on the report of the state chemist, to whom samples taken from the defendants' stock by Inspector Snyder had been submitted.

The Relay Race.

There was a fair attendance at the relay race last night, and the interest in the race seems to be growing every day. The racing last night was very speedy, and there was a large number of interesting spurts. Two accidents occurred, Grochau and Kelly getting bad falls. Both had to retire from the race. Superior made a gain of twelve laps during the evening, leaving Duluth's lead 3 miles and 8 laps. Last night's score was as follows: Duluth, 84 miles 2 laps; Superior, 84 miles 14 laps. The total for the race up to the close of last night's score is 253 miles 6 laps for Duluth and 249 miles 15 laps for Superior.

A SNAP.....
Lot on East Superior Street, between 22nd and 23rd Avenue—Upper Side.
$1,300.00
W. A. ABBETT,
207 West Superior Street.

THE ARMORY.
Friday Evening, Aug. 13, 1897, at 8 p.m.
Under direction Greysolon Du Lhut Chapter "Daughters of American Revolution."
AN ENTERTAINMENT.
Military Drill by Company G.
Under direction of Capt. C. C. Tear.
The Game of Living Chess.
Under direction of Dr. M. B. Cullum and Charles Geist, as first produced in Dublin. Two games limited to twenty-five minutes each.
MUSIC BY HOARE'S ORCHESTRA.
After above dancing, music and refreshments; also on exhibition miniatures of George and Martha Washington, painted by Jonathan Trumbull.
Tickets 50c, including right to dance.

Free!
The Leading Specialist of America ---36 Years Experience--- 250,000 Cured.
We Cure Gleet.
Thousands of young and middle-aged men are having their sexual vigor and vitality continually sapped by this disease. They are frequently unconscious of the cause of these symptoms. General weakness, unnatural discharges, failing manhood, nervousness, poor memory, irritability, at times smarting sensation, sunken eyes, with dark circles, weak back, general depression, lack of ambition, varicocele, shrunken parts, etc. GLEET and STRICTURE may be the cause. Don't allow anyone to experiment on you. Consult specialists who have made a life study of diseases of men and women. Our NEW METHOD TREATMENT will positively cure you.
We treat and cure EMISSIONS, VARICOCELE, GLEET, STRICTURE, IMPOTENCY, SECRET DRAINS, UNNATURAL DISCHARGES, EYE, EAR, NOSE, LUNG, BRAIN, NERVE, STOMACH, KIDNEY and BLADDER DISEASES. Dr. S. Clay Todd, 1224 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis. Hours, 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. all this and next week. Permanently located.
Free treatment until cured. Consultations free. Make one call. Waiting rooms open from 6 a. m. to 9 p. m.

A. FITGER & CO.'S
FAVORITE BRANDS—
PALE BOHEMIAN AND BAVARIAN.
2 dozen quarts.....$2.25
3 dozen pints.....$2.00


Have a PHOTO of the Baby Today.....
THE PHOTOGRAPHER
7 East Superior St.
4th door east of Lake Ave.
Can give you the best value in PHOTOGRAPHS. Try him.

CONDENSED BANK STATEMENTS.

Report of the Condition OF THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF DULUTH

At the close of Business July 23, 1897.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$ 79,293 14
Overdrafts		31 98
Stocks and bonds		3,050 00
Furniture and fixtures		2,332 75
Current expenses and taxes paid		2,577 53
Reserve—		
Cash on hand	$15,401 54	
Cash in other banks	14,360 30	
Exchanges for clearing house	3,450 70	
		33,212 54
		$121,494 94

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$ 25,000 00
Undivided profits	4,417 32
Deposits subject to check	$4,336 58
Certificates of deposit	28,097 75
Public funds	7,018 65
Deposits of banks	1,178 49
Cashier's checks	300 50
Certified checks	545 65
	92,077 62
	$121,494 94

Condensed Statement of Condition OF THE

First National Bank OF DULUTH, MINN.

At the close of Business, July 23rd, 1897.

RESOURCES.

Loans	$1,038,342 56
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	54,000 00
Other bonds and stocks	22,765 43
Bank building	175,000 00
Five per cent redemption fund.	2,250 00
Demand grain loans	$382,000 00
Government bonds	56,000 00
Due from other banks	785,031 19
Cash on hand	227,702 68
	1,450,734 05
	$2,743,092 04

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$ 500,000 00
Surplus fund	250,000 00
Undivided profits	24,038 54
Circulation	45,000 00
Deposits	1,924,053 50
	$2,743,092 04

O-AT-KA BEACH
SUMMER RESORT.
Best and only First Class Picnic Grounds at head of the lakes. Large Dancing Pavilions Music every afternoon and evening, new Bath House and Toboggan Slide, with five hundred foot dock, new boat house in connection, ball park, lunch rooms, soda fountains and confectionery stores, tables, benches and swings free to picnic parties. Cars and boats make regular trips from Duluth and Tower Bay Slip, West Superior everyhalf hour.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

FIFTEENTH YEAR. FRIDAY, AUGUST 13, 1897. FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Last Chance

Tomorrow, Saturday to take your pick of any tie in the house for 35c

3 Ties for $1.00.

Store Open Saturday Evening Till 10:30 P. M. The BIG DULUTH Store Open Saturday Evening Till 10:30 P. M.



Sale includes all--

50c, 75c, $1.00 and $1.25

Ties in Four-in-hands, Club House Ties Imperials, Puffs and Bows.

Negligee Shirts for Men==

Heaps and Heaps of Negligee Shirts in our east window--Stuffs as thin and as light as a feather, color weaves of beauty and neatness and unlimited variety. They kept us busy all Summer selling them for $1.50--The price now but 98c

For your choice of any Shirt in the entire lot.

3 Great Clothing Sales



Greater than any of all other stores combined.

First—Your choice of any Suit of Clothes in the house for $13.50

Sale includes all $20.00, $22.00 and $25.00 qualities.

Second—Your choice of all $12.00 and $15.00 Suits for $9.85

Third—Your choice of all $8.00, $9.00 and $10.00 Suits for $6.75

The best advertised—The most patronized—The least criticised—The most eulogized—Such is the old store.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125-127 West Superior Street.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

Commercial Light and Power Company,

Successor to Hartman General Electric Co.

Office--Rooms 4, 5, 6, 216 West Superior St.

Furnish Electric Current For Light and Power.

L. MENDENHALL. ESTABLISHED 1869. T. W. HOOPES.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES,

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

$12,500.00 to Loan on Improved Property.

GREAT SWIMMING CONTEST.

Neumann, of Chicago, and Whittaker, of Milwaukee, to Race.

Milwaukee, Wis., Aug. 13.—During the Eastern swimming championships to be held at Wayne, Pa., on Aug. 21, the question of supremacy between George Whittaker, of this city, and Dr. Paul Neumann, of Chicago, will probably be settled. When seen today Mr. Whittaker evinced a willingness to try conclusions with Neumann providing the Chicago Athletic association, from which he recently severed his connection, does not protest his entry, under the rules affecting the removal from one club to another during the year following such a step.

Neumann is training in Chicago and Whittaker will have no trouble in getting himself into form providing he is allowed to enter, and will swim under the colors of a Philadelphia club.

THE SCIENTIFIC OFFICERS.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 13.—Professor Fredrick Ward Putnam, of Harvard, was elected president of the American association for the advancement of science this morning; L. O. Howard, of the department of agriculture, Washington, succeeds Professor Putnam as permanent secretary; D. S. Kellicott, of the Ohio State university, Columbus, was elected general secretary to succeed Professor Hall; Frederick Bedell, of Cornell university, was made secretary of the council and vice president and secretaries were named for each of the various sections. Boston was chosen as the place of meeting for 1898.

A BALTIMORE HANGING.

Baltimore, Md., Aug. 13.—Peter Monohan, 74 years old, was hanged here today for the murder of his wife. The crime was committed on May 25, 1897, and Monohan was convicted and sentenced on June 17. The drop fell at 9:56. Monohan displayed remarkable nerve and met his fate without a tremor.

GRAND ARMY MATTERS.

Dates For the Various Army Corps Reunions.

Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 13.—Dates for army corps' reunions during encampment week have been arranged as follows:

Tuesday, Aug. 24. First and Fifth army corps, 3 to 5 p. m.; Second and Third army corps, 5 to 7 p. m.

Thursday, Aug. 26. Seventh, Eleventh, Twelfth and Twentieth army corps, 9 to 11 a. m.; Eighth and Ninth army corps, 11 a. m. to 1 p. m.; Sixth army corps, 1 to 3 p. m.; Ninth and Eighteenth army corps, 3 to 5 p. m.

Friday, Aug. 27. Fourth, Thirteenth and Fourteenth army corps, 9 to 11 a. m.; Fifteenth and Sixteenth army corps, 11 a. m. to 1 p. m.; Seventeenth and Twenty-second army corps, 1 to 3 p. m.; Twenty-third and Twenty-fifth army corps, 3 to 5 p. m.

NEW MEXICO TRAGEDY.

Eartham, N. M., Aug. 13.—A coroner's jury is investigating the death of Herold Morley, aged 15, who was found hanging to the limb of a tree. The boy left home on horseback and was evidently lassoed from his horse and then dragged to the tree from which his body was found suspended. A desire for revenge on the parents is supposed to be the cause of the murder. The boy's mother is postmistress at Chamberino and his father is a railroad division superintendent at Kansas City.

AN ITALIAN HUBBUB.

Denver, Col., Aug. 13.—Governor Adams has been asked by the Italian consul to determine whether Italians have a right to work in the Cripple Creek district. Dr. Cuneo is also preparing reports to the Italian ambassador at Washington and to King Humbert at Rome regarding the forcible exclusion of twenty-six Italian laborers from the Cripple Creek district by a band of over fifty armed men.

A MOB'S ATTEMPT

Fruitless Endeavor to Lynch or Kill a Prisoner In a Colorado Jail.

AN OHIO SENSATION

Suspected Double Murderer Attempts to Suicide on His Wife's Grave.

Denver, Col., Aug. 13.—A special to the Times from Central City says that at 2 o'clock this morning a mob from Russell Gulch, armed, broke into the Central City jail by effecting an entrance through a door in the rear and demanded the keys of the steel cell from the jailor. In this cell were confined four prisoners held on suspicion of the murder of Alex Goddard, an American miner, who was stabbed during a saloon row with Austrians last Monday night. The mob was after Dominick Eck, believed to be guilty of the murder. The jailor refused to give up the keys whereupon the mob fired through the bars into the cage. The four prisoners escaped death by hiding behind the mattresses and bedding in their cell. The mob, supposing it had killed all four left the jail. Four leaders have been arrested and a strong guard placed about the jail, but further trouble is feared.

SUSPECT ATTEMPTS SUICIDE.

Tries to End His Life on His Wife's Grave.

Bellefontaine, Ohio, Aug. 13.—Excitement was at fever heat in this city this morning on account of the body of Lew Deerwester, who was on Tuesday night arrested on suspicion of having been implicated in the Detrick double murder, being found in Blue Jacket cemetery. The general verdict now is that Deerwester, together with an accomplice, committed the shocking crime. Deerwester who was found on his wife's grave this morning, attempted suicide by cutting his throat with a razor. He is unconscious and still living, and slight hopes are held for his recovery.

A note book belonging to the dying man was found in the cemetery. It contained the following denial: "Dear Friends—You are accusing me of a deed I did not do, and rather than disgrace my people I will take my life. So good bye to all dear friends forever. God forgive me for this. I would rather die than be disgraced. I have harmed nobody. I have no one to live for. All that were dear to me are gone. Farewell to all."

At 9:30 the almost lifeless body of Deerwester was taken to the county jail in an ambulance. Nearly 1000 people are surrounding the jail. Miss Kate Kaylor saw a man on his knees in the cemetery last evening, but thinking it someone waiting to get into the school house she thought nothing of the matter. It is now known that it was Deerwester.

PRINCE HENRY'S DUELS.

Quite the Fashion in Europe to Challenge Him.

Rome, Aug. 13.—A local newspaper says that the count of Turin, who is understood to have challenged Prince Henry of Orleans to fight a duel, left Italy secretly for that purpose, his departure being unknown even to the commissioner of police. It is added that the count was accompanied by the Marquis Di Ginori and an aide-de-camp. Swords are reported to have been selected as the weapons to be used in the encounter.

THE ALBERTONE CHALLENGE.

Paris, Aug. 13.—The seconds of Prince Henry of Orleans and Gen. Albertone had a brief conference today, but they postponed the discussion of the proposed duel between the general and the prince, in consequence of the intervention of Prince Victor Emanuel, count of Turin, the second nephew of the king of Italy, who claims precedence over all others in the matter. The count is a major of cavalry in the Italian service.

MILAN ANARCHISTS ARRESTED.

Police Make an Important Haul of Men and Munitions.

London, Aug. 13.—A special dispatch from Milan says that the three anarchists were arrested here this morning and that the police seized a number of documents, bombs and explosives. The documents captured by the police, it is further stated, inclued letters from Caesario Santos the assassin of President Carnot and Pietro Acciartio, who attempted to assassinate King Humbert in April last. Other arrests are expected to follow. The Italian police claim they have conclusive evidence of the existence of an initial anarchist plot.

GRAND CANON VOYAGERS.

Glenwood Springs, Col., Aug. 13.—Doctors Miller and Babcock started today in a rowboat on a voyage down the Grand river to the Grand canon of the Colorado in Utah. The doctors are expert oarsmen and are confident of success in their undertaking in spite of the failure of many similar attempts, some of which resulted in the death of the boatmen.

KILLED BY CHLOROFORM.

Jackson, Miss., Aug. 13.—Rev. T. Howe, son-in-law of Bishop Hugh Miller Thompson, of the Episcopal church, took an overdose of chloroform at the residence of the bishop in this city last night and died from its effects shortly after. Mr. Howe was well known in Omaha and other Northern cities.

ARCHBISHOP KEANE.

Distinguished Roman Catholic Prelate Here on a Vacation.

New York, Aug. 13.—Archbishop John J. Keane left today over the Pennsylvania railway for Washington. He arrived from Rome yesterday and expects to spend a few months in this country. He will attend the meeting of the board of directors of the Roman Catholic university at Washington.

Archbishop Keane said today that his return from Rome had no significance whatever, and that he had come home merely for his annual vacation. His meeting with Archbishop Ireland last evening was not prearranged, nor had it, Archbishop Keane asserted, any other than a personal meaning.

In relation to the statement that he is likely to be appointed to the vacant archepiscopate of New Orleans Dr. Keane said that he had not heard that such a thing was probable until two days ago, but that he had written to the bishops of the see not to place his name on the nominating list, which request has been disregarded. He expressed himself as perfectly satisfied with his position at Rome, but said that should he be appointed archbishop of New Orleans he would accept cheerfully as a soldier of the church should.

CARLIST ACTIVITY.

Thousands of Carlists In London Think Canovas' Death Is Propitious.

London, Aug. 13.—The Pall Mall Gazette this afternoon, in the course of a long article on the increasing activity of the Carlists, says it is not generally known that London is one of the strongholds of the Carlists, thousands of active followers of the claimant of the Spanish throne being located in this city. The Pall Mall Gazette adds:

Their leaders seem to think that the fall of Canovas brings their opportunity nearer. During the past week they have held many meetings to discuss the best means of assisting their colleagues in Spain in the event of a rising occurring.

The Chevalier Laumbye, head of the Carlist club, in the course of an interview, is quoted as saying: "The Carlists are highly organized throughout Spain. When Don Carlos next lands, nothing but foreign interference will prevent him from reaching the throne. There are 10,000 volunteers in England ready to fight for him."

WATCHING THE CARLISTS.

Madrid, Aug. 13.—Military precautions have been taken for some time past against the possibility of a Carlist rising, and the steps taken have been increased recently, chiefly here, at Barcelona, Biloa and at Seville.

A JAIL DELIVERY.

Six Prisoners Saw Their Way Out of Jail.

Milwaukee, Aug. 13.—A special to the Journal from Green Bay, Wis., says: Six prisoners made their escape from the county jail early today by sawing the bars in the steel cage in which they were confined. The names of the escaping prisoners are as follows: John Murray, John Donovan, Martin Cooke, Thomas Dupree, highway robbers. Alfred King, Henry Elmer, serving six months' sentence for larceny.

CAUGHT A FIREBUG.

Exciting Time at Ironwood, Michigan, During a Fire This Morning.

St. Paul, Aug. 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—A special to the Dispatch from Ironwood, Mich., says: Fire this morning burned four buildings, and John Ramota and family narrowly escaped with their lives. Henry Lensol, who recently opened a small candy store in one of the burned buildings, was suspected of starting the fire, and a crowd gathered and attempted to lynch him. The police got hold of him, however, and were attempting to conduct him to jail.

The crowd made a rush, seized Lensol and attempted to throw him into the burning buildings. The firemen turned the hose on them and they desisted, and the prisoner was finally taken to jail. It is said he has made a full confession that he was hired by Charles Ross, who owned the buildings, to set them on fire in order to secure the insurance money. Ross has also been arrested.

FIREBUGS AT IRONWOOD.

Ironwood, Mich., Aug. 13.—An alleged attempt to defraud fire insurance has been discovered by the police. Charles Ross, of Hurley, and Henry Lynsall, of this place, have been arrested on a charge of incendiarism. Early yesterday fire destroyed three frame buildings, two of which belonged to Ross. According to the officers Lynsall has confessed to the origin of the fire, claiming that Ross hired him to fire the building for a reward.

HE GETS ANOTHER CHANCE.

Land Decision Against Niles A. Holt Is Modified.

Washington, Aug. 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Acting Secretary of the Interior Ryan today modified the former departmental decision against the defendant in the case of the United States against Niles A. Holt, from the Duluth land district. Holt is to be allowed an opportunity to present testimony which, in a petition for a re-hearing, he alleges he can furnish showing good faith in making the entry.

A SUSPECTED ANARCHIST.

Paris, Aug. 13.—An Italian named Callini was arrested today at the Gare De Lion here for violently threatening France and declaring that he intended to imitate Caesario Santos, the assassin of President Carnot. The police have not yet decided whether the prisoner is an anarchist or merely a crank.

THE DINGLEY TARIFF BILL

Which went into effect July 24th means an advance of 15 to 25 per cent on all imported merchandise, and many lines of home manufactured goods will take a corresponding advance. We anticipated this and placed orders 'way back in March and April. As a result of this, we own the bulk of our Fall Goods at old prices. Many merchants would consider it shrewd to take advantage of those conditions and tax their customers with the advance. We don't. Our customers, while stock purchased at old prices lasts, get the full benefit of our foresight. Remember, when present stocks are exhausted, we shall have to advance prices. Be wise and anticipate your wants now. We tell you, you won't regret it.

PANTON & WHITE

Dress Goods Dept.

Another invoice of new Dress Goods received Thursday morning that should receive your earliest attention.

Exclusive Patterns—No Two Alike.

"Parnassus"—new and beautiful in dark blue and green effects, well worth $12 a pattern $9.45

"Franconias"—A beautiful Brocade, in red, tan and green effects, which we intended to sell at $11.00 a pattern, only $9.20

Plaid Mohairs, in Skirt Patterns Only.

Beautiful colorings in "Angouleme" Plaids, in 4-yard lengths for skirts, cheap at $5.00 each; per pattern $3.00

The "Micheline," a beautiful silk mixture, exclusive design, no two alike, well worth $15.00 a pattern, only $11.25

We call attention to our new Serges, in navy and black, regular 35c quality, per yard 29c

Plaids.

The "Abbotsford" and "Kincardine" Plaids in silk and wool for Misses, worth $1.00 per yd 85c

Wash Goods Dept.

We desire to close out the balance of our fine French Organdies. To do so we will put them all in one lot. Goods worth up to 40c per yard all go at, per yard 25c

Examine our stock of New Fall Prints and Percales at, per yard 7c and 10c

Laces and Embroideries.

Laces worth up to 10c per yard—per yard 2c

All odd lots of Laces on bargain table, worth up to 15c per yard—at 5c

Odd lots of Embroideries, worth up to 25c—per yard 10c

All the balance of Ladies' Persian Striped and Plaid Ties and Bows—Saturday, each 19c

Handkerchiefs.

50 dozen beautiful Lawn Handkerchiefs, with tinted lace edge, that we have been selling at 15c. Saturday, each 9c

Parasols Parasols

Grand Final Closing Sale

Everything in Parasols Saturday at ½ Price

Glove Dept.

Grand opening sale of our own importation of ladies' French Kid Gloves.

One lot, "The New Camille" in all the Fall colorings, a beautiful quality; 2 clasp glove, well worth $1.25 per pair, opening sale price 89c

The new 3-clasp "Virginia," new greens, new blues, "new reds" the best $2.00 glove in the market, opening sale price, per pair $1.50

Hosiery Dept.

We will open Saturday morning an entire line of Ladies' Fast Black Cotton Hose which we were fortunate in securing before any advance and as usual will give our customers the BENEFIT.

50 dozen Ladies' Fast Black Hose that you will be glad to get later at 15c per pair, Saturday per pair 10c

25 dozen Ladies' Fast Black Hose that should we place our orders now you would have to pay 18c for, Saturday per pair 12½c

30 dozen Ladies' Fast Black Hose that are always good value at 20c, per pair 15c

In this purchase we secured TWO SPECIAL LOTS that we cannot duplicate, which we will offer at per pair 19c and 25c

Ladies' Underwear.

Come to our closing sale of Summer Underwear. We wish to sell them to make room for our new Fall Goods en route.

Cost no consideration. We must sell the goods.

All our 50c and 69c Combination Suits to be closed at, each 39c

All our Ladies' Swiss ribbed vests, worth from 25 to 35c each, at 19c

Gents' Fine Furnishings.

Gent's fancy shirts, "Madras Bosom," detached cuffs, worth $1.50 and $1.25. Saturday only 98c

Gent's fine Neckwear, all latest styles, worth 75c and 50c. Saturday 39c

Gent's Underwear, summer weight, ribbed shirts and drawers, worth 75c and 50c each, to clear, per suit 75c

Millinery Dept.

Look at our Ladies' Trimmed hats that have been selling at $5.00 each, at $1.50

Our Ladies' Trimmed hats that are worth $7.00 and $8.00 each, at $2.48

We have a lot of Ladies' Fancy Straw Walking Hats with quill, that have been selling at $1.75 each.

HALF PRICE.

Ladies' Shirt Waists . . . . .

All Shirt Waists that have been sold as high as $1.25 each, at 69c

All our fine Shirt Waists that are worth $1.50 each, at 89c

Ladies' Figured Brilliantine Dress Skirts, the $2.25 quality, each $1.75

Plain Brilliantine Skirt, Percaline lined, velvet bound, worth $3.00 each, at $2.69

To Tourists.

We have about 50 left of "Environs of Duluth," pictorial and historical, a beautiful souvenir to take away with you, publisher's price $1.00, our closing price 15c

Drug Department.

Genuine Best's Tonic, guaranteed, per bottle 21c

Glycerine Soap, 3 cakes in a box, worth 20c 10c

Poison Fly Paper, regular price 5c per sheet, 3 sheets for 5c

Cushing's Sarsaparilla, regular price $1.00 a bottle, Saturday 49c

Ladies' Belts.

Ladies' Leather Belts, always worth 12½c, Saturday, each 7c

Ladies' White Kid Belts, as good as you find at 25c, each 10c

Ladies' Fancy Leather Belts that have sold as high as 35c, each 21c

Ladies' Leather Belts, the 40c kind, each 25c

Shoe Department.

Cost not taken into consideration but prices that will sell the shoes.

Children's tan and chocolate Shoes in button or lace, sizes 8½ to 11, special price $1.00

Oxblood and Chocolate Oxfords, coin toe $1.50

All of our $4.00, $3.50 and $2.98 tan and chocolate Shoes in pic, square or needle toe, our price, sizes 2½ to 4 $1.98

Misses' Oxblood Button Shoes, sizes 12½ to 1½, while they last 75c

To introduce our New Laundry and Bath Soaps we will give free to every customer purchasing the following amounts in our Housefurnishing department only.

FREE—With every 25c purchase—1 bar North Star Laundry Soap.

FREE—With every 50c purchase—1 bar North Star Laundry Soap; 1 bar Panton & White's "Floater."

FREE—With every 75c purchase—1 bar North Star Laundry Soap; 1 bar Panton & White's "Floater"; 1 bar Cream Laundry Soap.

FREE—With every $1.00 purchase—1 bar North Star Laundry Soap; 1 bar Panton & White's "Floater"; 1 bar Cream Laundry Soap; 1 bar Scourine.

The above mentioned Soaps are all excellent qualities and warranted to give satisfaction. We want to start you using our Soaps as we feel confident that after you have once given them a trial you will use none other.

The above offer is good only for Saturday, Aug. 14, from 8 a. m. until 10 p. m.

Store Open Till 10 p. m.

G. B. STORE PANTON & WHITE G. B. STORE

BOWLES UPHELD

His Management of the Brooklyn Navy Yard Was Eminently Proper.

WAS A LITTLE HARSH

But Political Pulls Had No Weight With Him In Appointments.

Washington, Aug. 13.—Acting Secretary Roosevelt has made public the report of Commander Davis upon the results of his investigation into the conduct of the New York navy yard in its construction department by Constructor Bowles. The commander's report completely vindicates Mr. Bowles' management at every point, and Acting Secretary Roosevelt has accepted in full the conclusions reached. The case will not again be reopened. In his endorsement upon the report, which is of general interest in many points because of the policy laid down as to veterans, Mr. Roosevelt says:

"The department fully sustains the conclusions of Commander Davis as to the charges against Mr. Bowles. In so far as they relate to alleged political discrimination, or the appointment of outsiders and the retention of unworthy in preference to worthy men, these charges are not only disproved, but are shown to rest upon nothing more substantial than malicious or frivolous gossip, or else upon the belief of the less competent workmen that they, and not their superior officers are the proper judges of their efficiency. The attention of Constructor Bowles will be especially called to that part of Commander Davis' report, warning him as to being sometimes over-harsh and following too implicitly the recommendations of leading men and quarter men; but it is evident that the real reason for the attacks upon Mr. Bowles is to be found, not in the fact that he has done badly, but that he has done well.

"The standard of work in the Brooklyn navy yard has been very appreciably raised under Constructor Bowles. He has absolutely disregarded all political considerations in appointing and employing men; and the opposition to him evidently arises mainly from the fact that under him for the first time it has been impossible to procure the reinstatement or retention of men guilty of misconduct who possess political influence. The evil of occasional harshness in discipline is trivial compared with the evil of allowing men to shirk, or be guilty of other misconduct, provided they have political influence.

"There is no ground whatsoever for complaint of the veterans against Mr. Bowles. But in the department of yards and docks it appears that Mr. Reed, a veteran, was discharged when Mr. Meneeal admits that he was as good as the three veterans who were retained. Mr. Reed will accordingly be reinstated, not because he has any legal claim, for he has none, but because it is the policy of the department where men are equally good, to retain the veterans in case it is necessary to make a discharge. The legal rights of the veterans have not only been carefully preserved by the navy department, but in its labor regulations it has gone very far beyond what the law requires in giving preference to veteran soldiers and sailors, having, indeed, gone to the very verge of the line which divides inefficiency from efficiency in the effort to do all that is possible for the soldiers and sailors of the late war.

"In appointments from the lists the veterans are given an absolute preference and when discharged, if they have behaved well—even though less well than the others—they are still given preference. In consequence, the department at times has serious difficulty in getting its work done, for some of the divisions are so crowded with veterans, now for the most part elderly men past their prime of life, that the work is in constant danger of deterioration. All that saves the work from deterioration is strict obedience on the part of the head of the division or bureau to the department's orders that in making discharges the men who do inefficient work shall invariably be discharged first. The sole test is efficiency of work. To introduce any other test—to make, for instance, an allowance on behalf of the veteran for inefficient work—would speedily produce the most damaging effect upon the department and would mean the liability of causing at any time some great structural weakness or defect in the ships of war to which the nation's honor is entrusted. Such a course is not to be contemplated for a moment and will not be urged by any patriotic man.

"THEODORE ROSEVELT,
"Acting Secretary."

THE COMANCHE RELEASED.

Hanna and His Party Resume Their Lake Journey.

Jackfish, Ont., Aug. 13.—Senator M. A. Hanna and the party of pleasure-seekers accompanying him on a cruise of the great lakes had a thrilling experience yesterday on the north shore of Lake Superior. Their yacht, the Comanche, a staunch steel vessel, went aground in Nipigon straits and struck fast in the rocks that abound in that region, for sixteen hours. The accident occurred at midnight Wednesday night, when the senator and his guests were comfortably stowed away in their berths.

There was considerable confusion for a time, but the captain soon found that the yacht was not in a serious position and all settled down to await the arrival of tugs which were ordered from Nipigon, ten miles distant. The Comanche was hauled into deep water at 4 o'clock this afternoon and resumed her journey with all on board well. Beyond a slight leak, the yacht was not harmed. The mishap was caused by the pilot getting the yacht out of the channel.

The tugs Mary Ann and Siskiwit arrived from Port Arthur yesterday morning and soon succeeded in getting her off without any great damage.

SWISS AMENDMENTS.

Washington, Aug. 13.—The Swiss people have just adopted two constitutional amendments by popular vote. As reported to the state department by United States Consul Germain at Zurich, they confer control over the forests upon the government and subject the manufacture, sale and importation of food products to federal control.



The mystery of womanhood is full of deep unanswerable enigmas. Why should women be compelled to suffer simply because they are women? Why is it that the source of their highest joys is at the same time the cause of their greatest wretchedness? The very attributes which make it possible for women to be happy wives and mothers also render them liable to the utmost physical misery and pain.

The sufferings of body and mind caused by some weakness of the distinctly feminine organs are so almost universal among women that the question might well be asked: "Is this Nature's punishment for the crime of being a woman?"

The true answer is No! These sufferings are neither natural nor necessary. They would not exist if the organism was healthy. No woman ought to endure such troubles. There is no need of it. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a perfect and positive cure for feminine weakness and disease.

It gives health and strength to the special organs and nerve-centres; heals inflammation; stops weakening drains; promotes functional regularity, and restores the normal, vigorous and painless condition which Nature intended.

It is the only medicine of its kind invented by an educated and experienced physician. It is the only medicine which makes baby's coming safe and comparatively painless.

Any woman who would like to know more about this medicine and about her own physicial make-up should send 21 one-cent stamps to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., to pay the cost of mailing *only* on an absolutely free copy of his thousand-page illustrated book, "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser;" or, 31 stamps for cloth covered.

A sure and permanent cure for constipation is Dr. Pierce's Pellets. One "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, two a mild cathartic.

CLOUGH'S APPOINTEE HOLDS.

Governor Wins Out Against the Pharmaceutical Association.

St. Paul, Aug. 13.—The supreme court has decided the disagreement between the State Pharmaceutical association and Governor Clough. By a decision rendered by Judge Collins the court declares that section 7326 of the general statutes of 1894, in so far as it requires the governor to appoint members of the state board of pharmacy from among the list submitted by the State Pharmaceutical association, is opposed to the provisions of article 5, section 4, of the constitution and is unconstitutional and void. This means that Truman Griffin, of Minneapolis, the governor's appointee, will continue as a member of the state board of pharmacy.

His appointment was opposed by the association on the ground that he was not one of five that were submitted to the governor, one of whom, the law provides, he shall appoint to the vacancy on the board. The governor held that this law was not constitutional and appointed Mr. Griffin. The attorney general endorsed this action, but at the same time he was compelled to allow the use of his name in the quo warranto proceedings instituted by the state association to oust Mr. Griffin.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Winners at the New York horse races yesterday were Belmar, Ortoland, George Rose, L'Alouette, Wolhurst, W. B., Tom Cromwell.

Archbishop Ireland, who is stopping at the Fifth Avenue hotel in New York, said that he intended to remain in the city for a few days, and after visiting other parts of the East, would stop at Buffalo on his way home. At the latter place, the archbishop said he might have something to say that would interest the newspapers.

The damage to the tobacco and other crops is even more serious than first reported at Viroqua, Wis. Fully one-half of the acreage of tobacco in the county was destroyed by hail and wind, and the loss to tobacco growers alone will foot up $150,000. Many farmers are plowing up their tobacco fields.

When Prince Henri of Orleans opened his mail at Marseilles, he found several letters, written in blood, from Italians who threatened to assassinate him if Gen. Albertone failed to kill him.

Bald, Cooper, Loughead, Kiser and Sanger have been matched for a race on the Buffalo athletic field Aug. 24, for a $2000 purse. The race is to be run in mile heats, best two out of three.

Pom Kwang Soh, chief of the privy council of Corea, ex-minister to this country from Corea and the commissioner of that kingdom to the recent queen's jubilee, is critically ill with consumption at his residence in Washington.

Will Arey, who has relatives in Chicago and New Jersey, was shot and almost instantly killed at Durango, Col., yesterday by Dr. W. H. Winters, one of the most prominent physicians in Southwestern Colorado and a former member of the legislature. Arey was accused by Winters of intimacy with the latter's wife.

Moses P. Handy, special commissioner for the United States to the Paris exposition, will sail for Paris on Aug. 28. He will spend two months in France, and then returning to the United States will open offices in New York and Chicago where applications for space will be received from would-be exhibitors.

At Easton, Pa., an immense structure is in progress of construction for use of the Edison Concentrating company, which separates the iron ore from dirt and rock by the Edison process.

Archbishop Keane, late rector of the Roman Catholic university of America at Washington,, arrived at New York yesterday on the steamer Trave. He has been delegated by the pope to attend the annual meeting of the archbishops of the United States to take place at the Roman Catholic university in October.

Though his eminence, Cardinal Taschereau is in very feeble condition at Quebec, he has somewhat improved during the last two days. His mind has almost entirely given away, however, and his life is going out slowly.

There is trouble between the Western roads and the trunk lines over the divisions of the west-bound passenger business. The Western roads are of the opinion that the trunk lines have been getting more than their share of the divisions on the through rates to points west of the Mississippi river.

WELLS FARGO EXPRESS.

San Francisco, Aug. 13.—At the annual meeting of the Wells Fargo Express company ten officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, John J. Valentine; first vice president, George E. Gray; second vice president, Dudley Evans; treasurer, Homer S. King; secretary, Aaron Stein; assistant secretary, H. B. Parsons. Directors, John J. Valentine, Benjamin P. Cheney, Oliver Eldridge, H. E. Huntington, Homer S. King, George E. Gray, John J. McCook, John Berminghan, Dudley Evans. A very gratifying increase of business is reported over recent years, the company operating over 38,000 miles of railroad, steamship and stage lines, with 3200 offices.

CROWDS AT DYEA

All the Passes Are Blocked With the Goods of Prospectors.

CANNOT GO THROUGH

Many Are Selling Their Outfits and Returning to Civilized Districts.

Astoria, Ore., Aug. 13.—The Oregon Railway and Navigation company's steamer George W. Elder has arrived here from Dyea. The Elder left Dyea Aug. 9. She confirms previous reports that both the White and Chilcoot passes are blockaded. The route from Skaguay and White pass is more level and easier traveling, though twenty-five miles farther. But the prospector is landed on Lake Bennett, the second lake above Linderman, where travelers by the Chilcoot pass are landed. Besides, there is plenty of timber on Bennett lake to build boats, while there is none on Linderman.

Nearly all of the Elder's passengers were landed at Dyea, the vessel lying a mile and a half out in the bay. Passengers and goods were lightered ashore at a cost of $10 per ton for freight. Officers of the Elder say that not one-half of the people will get over the mountains this winter. Many are selling out their outfits and returning. Letters from parties who went up on the Elder advise their friends not to go this fall, as they cannot get through.

SUPPLIES FOR DYEA.

Astoria, Ore., Aug. 13.—The steamer Mayflower, towing a large barge loaded with supplies, has left for Dyea. She will take the inner passage and her captain anticipates no trouble in reaching his destination.

WELCOME TO BRYAN

The Silver Champion Receives a Cordial and Noisy Greeting at Butte.

Butte, Mont., Aug. 13.—Amid the screeching of steam whistles and shouts of welcome from 30,000 throats, William J. Bryan was received in Butte. House tops sagged under the weight of thousands and every window where a view could be obtained was crowded with faces. The crowd at the depot was so dense the police were unable to cope with it. On reaching the hotel Mr. Bryan responded to calls of the people and made a brief address. He referred to the fact that this day was the anniversary of the notification and speech of acceptance at Madison Square Garden, New York.

"I had not thought," he said, "of celebrating the occasion in this place, but I am forcibly reminded of the material differences between the two cities. I said on going to New York, that I was going to the enemy's country. It would take a liar and a slanderer to so declare that I was in the enemy's country on this occasion. I am pleased to meet my friends and especially to meet people who were so universally on our side during the campaign."

Later in the day Mr. Bryan went to Walkersville, a suburb of Butte where a monster demonstration took place. Today he spoke at the race track. The track has been under the ban of labor unions because of a difference with the carpenters. Mr. Bryan declined to speak there until the boycott was declared off for this occasion.

Mrs. Bryan, who is a guest of Mrs. Charles W. Clark, held a reception to the ladies in the McDermott hotel.

BASEBALL YESTERDAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Cleveland—Cleveland, 9; Pittsburg, 2.
At Louisville—Louisville, 6; Chicago, 5.
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 7; Baltimore, 11.
At New York—New York, 4; Boston, 5; twelve innings. Second game—New York, 7; Boston, 10.
At Washington—Washington, 3; Brooklyn, 0.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 8; Kansas City, 2.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Boston	92	64	.696
Cincinnati	88	58	.659
Baltimore	88	58	.659
New York	92	52	.591
Cleveland	91	48	.527
Chicago	95	45	.474
Philadelphia	93	42	.452
Louisville	96	43	.448
Pittsburg	92	41	.446
Brooklyn	90	38	.422
Washington	90	35	.389
St. Louis	95	25	.263

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Indianapolis	95	66	.710
Columbus	92	61	.663
St. Paul	100	61	.610
Milwaukee	101	61	.604
Detroit	100	49	.490
Grand Rapids	95	31	.326
Minneapolis	100	31	.310
Kansas City	99	30	.303

COL. STREATOR OUSTED.

Washington, Pa., Aug. 13.—James B. Streator, of the Tenth regiment, N. G. P., who attained notoriety during the Homestead riots ordering Private Iams to be suspended by the thumbs and drummed out of camp for expressing approval of the shooting of H. C. Frick, was defeated for re-election last night by Maj. Kamese Barnett. Col. Streator has been a member of the guard for sixteen years.

ALF HANLON KNOCKED OUT.

Waterbury, Conn., Aug. 13.—A 15-round go between Dan Murphy, of Waterbury, and Alf Hanlon, of England, was the chief event at the Athletic exhibition at the city hall last night. Up to the twelfth round honors were easy, but during this round a left handed hook on Hanlon's jaw knocked him out completely.

TANDEM PRICE CUT

To 50c per hour straight, of $1 per evening. Best tandems on earth, kept in perfect repair, seven in number. Come on, boys. All for sale, cheap.

DULUTH VAN COMPANY.

HEAVY SOUTHWESTERN RAINS.

Southern Arizona and Northern Mexico Harshly Treated.

Nogales, Ariz., Aug. 13.—Southern Arizona and Northern Mexico were visited by a terrific rain storm yesterday. All the telegraph lines between Nogales and James, I can hear burglars at your cash the Sonora railroad is washed out. The track between Nogales and Enchas, a distance of sixteen miles, is almost entirely gone. A train started to leave Guaymas are down and a greater part of the Mexican government.

There was a cloud burst above this city which filled the stream that flows through the place and flooded the greater part of Nogales. The three bridges were washed away. Several houses in Arizpe street were washed away and a number of Mexican families are homeless. The residence of Arilo Ramirez, the mayor, was destroyed.

ANOTHER CHICAGO STRIKE.

Men Employed on School Repairs Walk Out.

Chicago, Aug. 13.—Two thousand men employed on Chicago's public school buildings went on a strike today by order of the Building Trades council. There are thirty-five school houses undergoing repairs, and if the strike is not settled soon it is said the buildings will be in such a condition that they cannot be used at the opening of the schools in September. The labor unions demanded that the board of education insert a clause in future contracts that none but union men be employed on the school buildings.

A time was set for last Wednesday when the unions asked to be allowed to be heard by the school board. At that meeting of the board a quorum was not present and the labor men assert that members of the board stayed away from the meeting purposely to avoid hearing their arguments.

ANARCHISTS BARRED

Commissioner Powderly Will Try to Prevent Them Flocking to United States.

Washington, Aug. 13.—The treasury authorities are keeping a sharp lookout for the anarchists now being driven from France, Spain and Italy by concerted action of the great continental powers. No pains will be spared to prevent the United States from being made an asylum for these men.

Terrence V. Powderly, the new commissioner of immigration, said in an interview that he would adopt every remedy under the law to exclude Pianas, leader of the Spanish anarchists, who has been conducted to Havre by French officials and shipped to New York. The immigration authorities will notify their officers at New York and all large seaboard points to be on the lookout for anarchists headed this way. It is said that the United States consul at Havre will give specific information as to the ship on which Pianas and his companions sail.

Mr. Powderly's attention was called to the sudden departure because of the anarchist excitement following the assassination of Premier Canovas. Cable reports stated that the European powers were combining to drive out the anarchists. Mr. Powderly felt satisfied that if this process of exclusion were inaugurated in Europe, a good part of the anarchist element would be driven this way. With a copy of the exclusion law in his hand, Mr. Powderly pointed out the steps to be taken, and also showed the need of strengthening the laws in order to deal with the anarchist class.

The law permits the exclusion of "persons who have been convicted of a felony or other infamous crimes or misdemeanors involving moral turpitude." It also excludes "persons likely to become a public charge." These are the only provisions which even indirectly can be applied to anarchists, and the bureau will be compelled to resort to them. After the Barcelona anarchistic agitation the French sent to the state department here a list of anarchists expelled from the country and expected to come to the United States. The list was sent to the immigration officers in New York, Philadelphia, Boston and other ports, with instructions to apply the law against the anarchists named on the list. None of them were apprehended, however, as they either did not come or were smuggled in by way of the steerage.

Mr. Powderly was asked if he favored strengthening the law so as to specifically exclude anarchists.

"I most assuredly would favor a law excluding from the United States every criminal, incendiary and anarchist," answered Mr. Powderly. "There is no trouble in fixing the status of the man who has been convicted of a crime, but the term 'anarchist' has not been clearly defined, so that it is extremely difficult to ascertain who the anarchists are."

SUBJECT TO REMOVAL.

Washington, Aug. 13.—Under the recent order of the president relating to the deputy collectors of customs, the following officers in the Duluth district are subject to removal by Collector Wilcuts: F. G. Brown, deputy collector and inspector at Grand Marais, and Edwin C. Clow, who is employed at Two Harbors during the navigation season. The salary of Mr. Brown is $900 per annum, and that of Mr. Clow, $700.

FEVER IS ABATING.

San Francisco, Aug. 13.—During the past week the Klondike fever has abated somewhat in this city, owing, probably, to the discouraging reports received from Dyea. There are plenty of people who announce their intention of trying the Chilcoot route in the spring, and of those who are anxious to go at once a large proportion seem disposed to travel via St. Michaels and up the Yukon. At the offices of the steamship companies it is reported that the inquiry for tickets is diminishing.

NO MERCURY

No potash—no mineral—no danger—in S. S. S. This means a great deal to all who know the disastrous effects of these drugs. It is the only blood remedy guaranteed

Purely Vegetable.

S. S. S. forces the disease out through the skin—does not dry up the poison to decay the bones, like mercurial mixtures do.

"I was almost a physical wreck, the result of mercurial treatment for blood poison; S.S.S. is a real blood remedy, for it cured me permanently." Henry Roth, 1818 South Ninth Street, St. Louis, Mo.

SSS

Books free; address, Swift Specific Co., Atlanta.

AN OPEN LETTER

To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, *of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of* "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," *the same that has borne and does now* Chas. H. Fletcher. *on every bear the fac-simile signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher. *wrapper. This is the original* "PITCHER'S CASTORIA" *which has been used in the homes of the mothers of America for over thirty years.* LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought,* Chas. H. Fletcher. *on the and has the signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher. *wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

March 8, 1897. Samuel Pitcher, M.D.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which ***even he*** does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"

BEARS THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Insist on Having
The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

HEWITT'S SUCCESSFUL TRIP.

Opens Up an Oriental Market For American Lumber.

Tacoma, Wash., Aug. 13.—Henry Hewitt, formerly one of the millionaire lumbermen of Wisconsin, now connected with the St. Paul and Tacoma Lumber company, of this city, arrived in Tacoma today after a year's trip to Japan and China, Australia and Siberia. He is the first American lumberman to go to these countries for the purpose of bringing up trade for American products. He reports unexpected success and has established trade relations in all of the countries named, which will result in an enormous output of lumber in Tacoma and other coast cities.

Four prominent Japanese government officials came back with him for the purpose of investigating the lumber trade of this country and to complete arrangements for the shipments to those countries.

TWO WEEPING WIDOWS.

Each Want the Estate of the Dear Departed.

San Francisco, Aug. 13.—Two women, each claiming to be his widow, are struggling for the estate and name of Daniel G. Waldron, a veteran Californian journalist, who was found dead in his bed at Yreka on May 8. One of the women, Mary Parkhard Waldron, has been recognized as the widow by the superior court.

Now comes another woman who claims to be the lawful widow of Mr. Waldron. In the superior court Mrs. Sarah A. Waldron, who resides at Portsmouth, N. H., filed a petition asking that the various orders entered in favor of Mrs. Mary P. Waldron be set aside.

IN THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

About the happiest people in the United States are the wheat growers of North Dakota, over the unprecedented rise in the price of their great cereal. The steadily rising prices, with the prospects of a bounteous yield, has spread a well-defined streak of happiness over the entire state, but the tremendous increase in price the last two days has been the acme of delight. The farmers have already begun to talk of dollar wheat by Oct. 1 and if the price reaches that point a wheat farm in North Dakota, with the yield of this year, will rival a Klondike mine. Harvest is on in full blast, and as soon as possible the wheat will be threshed, and in many instances rushed to market. The farmers of this state have lost so frequently by holding their grain that there are few who will continue the experiment this year.

State Fish Commissioner Barrett has made a distribution of a carload of black bass in the lakes of this state, taken from the fishery at Quincy, Ill. They came to Devil's Lake in one of the United States fish cars, under the management of Capt. Frank C. James and five assistants. Capt. James had the fish in prime order, and manifested the deepest interest in supplying them on the different orders, amounting to seventeen in all, scattered throughout the various parts of the state. Spiritwood, Stump and Devil's lake each received a larger installment than any other waters, as these are the lakes selected thus far by Mr. Barrett for "fish preserves." It is gratifying to learn that from careful inspection of the supply of fish in Devil's lake is constantly increasing, showing good luck from the fish heretofore planted. It is most satisfactory, too, that under the adverse circumstance of no appropriation for fish culture, Mr. Barrett is making such good progress, and his practical work is highly appreciated by those who seek the fullest development of the fish food of our state.

Dr. DeBarge, of Grafton, was called to visit a family living twelve miles west of Edinburg and found two cases of disease which he pronounced leprosy. The patients are young men, one married and the other single. They are Scandinavians.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Land Commissioner Lockhart, in an official letter to the land office at Chamberlain, states that the state will make no selections on the Fort Randall lands. The law requires that the state shall take all the land if it takes any, and the commissioner thinks it is not suitable for state purposes. The state will, of course, claim the school sections, as is customary. The Fort Randall reservation contains 60,000 acres. Much of the land lying along the Missouri is rough, but it will prove excellent for stock raising. In two or three months, the land will be subject to entry.

The Huron Electric Light and Power company has sold its plant to Harry S. Sterling, who will at once put in a perfect system. He has leased the Risdon artesian well, which will furnish the power. The new plant will be in operation within the next thirty days.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.
In District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
John A. Watling, Plaintiff,
vs.
Charles E. Lovett, Charles E. Lovett, as trustee for Frances Z. Lovett, Sarah R. Lovett, as wife of Charles E. Lovett, Frances Z. Lovett, Arthur S. Lovett, Arthur S. Lovett, as husband of Frances Z. Lovett, Anna L. Zimmerly, Washington Bank, a corporation organized under the laws of the state of Minnesota, Andreas Ueland, as receiver of the Washington Bank (insolvent), Albert C. Finney, as receiver for Arthur S. Lovett and Frances Z. Lovett (insolvents), A. W. Bradley, as assignee of Charles E. Lovett (insolvent), William E. Brown, Defendants.

The state of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which complaint is on file in the office of the clerk of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint upon the subscribers at their office, 700 and 701 Torrey building, in the city of Duluth, county and state aforesaid within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint, within the aforesaid time, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated August 5th, 1897.

TOWNE & HARRIS,
Attorneys for the Plaintiff,
700-701 Torrey Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.

NOTICE: You, and each of you, are hereby notified that the above entitled action is brought to foreclose a mortgage given by Charles E. Lovett, trustee for Frances Z. Lovett, to John A. Watling, on the premises described as follows, to-wit: An undivided half interest in the south half (s½) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) of the southeast quarter (se¼) and the southeast quarter (se¼) of the southeast quarter (se¼) of section twenty-seven (27), township forty-nine (49), range fifteen (15), in St. Louis County, Minnesota.

You are also notified that the plaintiff makes no personal claim against any of the above named defendants.

Dated Aug. 5th, 1897.

TOWNE & HARRIS,
Attorneys for the Plaintiff,
700-701 Torrey Building,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-6-13-20-27-Sept-3-10.

MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage made, executed and delivered by Peter Murtinger and Katharina Murtinger, his wife, mortgagors, to Mary E. Scott, mortgagee, bearing date April twenty-seventh (27th), A. D. 1894, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, on the 16th day of May, A. D. 1894, at 2:20 o'clock p. m., in Book 104 of mortgages on page 182.

There is claimed to be due and is due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred eighty-five and 76-100 dollars ($885.76) of principal and interest and the further sum of thirteen and 50-100 dollars ($13.50) paid by said mortgagee for unapid premiums of insurance on said mortgaged premises, under and by virtue of the provisions of said mortgage, authorizing the said mortgagee, in case of failure on the part of said mortgagors, to pay such insurance or unpaid premiums thereon, making in all the sum of eight hundred ninety-nine and 26-100 dollars ($899.26), due and payable on said mortgaged indebtedness at the date of this notice; and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota described as follows, to-wit: Lot numbered twelve (12), in block one hundred and twenty-one (121), in the Portland Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the eleventh day of September, 1897, at ten o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 27th, A. D. 1897.

MARY E. SCOTT,
Mortgagee.

AGATIN, DAVIDSON & CAREY,
Attorneys for said Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, July-30-Aug-6-13-20-27-Sept-3

NOTICE OF BIDS.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Indian service, La Pointe Indian agency, Ashland, Wis., August 6, 1897.

Sealed proposals (in triplicate) will be received at this office until twelve o'clock noon, central time, September 6th, 1897, to be then and there opened in the presence of bidders, for the purchase of all the merchantable timber, standing or fallen, upon the Red Cliff reservation, situated in the county of Bayfield, three and one-half miles northwest of the city of Bayfield, on Lake Superior, Wisconsin.

Including 7,500,000 feet now banked in Red Cliff bay, on the above described reservation, about 100,000,000 feet more or less. The kind of timber approximately estimated, includes about 60,000,000 white pine, 2,000,000 Norway, 25,000,000 hemlock, 5,000,000 cedar, 4,000,000 spruce, and 3,000,000 feet divided between oak, ash, birch, maple and basswood.

The above estimates are only approximate, and bidders are expected to ascertain for themselves the amount and quality of each class of timber, before submitting proposals. Bids should be made for so much per thousand feet stumpage for each kind of timber, which would include all merchantable, standing, dead or down, burnt or green; or merchantable standing of each kind, so much per thousand feet, merchantable dead or down; so much merchantable burnt, or green and fallen, so much per thousand, or bids may include both methods.

Bids upon the timber now banked will be so much per thousand feet for white pine, and so much for Norway. The Norway banked comprises one-half of one per cent of the 7,500,000 feet.

The following requirements must be considered in submitting proposals for the purchase of the above described timber: A mill must be built upon the reservation, and all the timber, including that now banked must be sawed into lumber at the mill. Not less than 10,000,000 feet nor more than 20,000,000 feet of timber to be cut and banked each year and until all the timber is cut and sold. No one except the successful bidder will be allowed to make contracts with the different allottees for the sale of their timber.

Fifty dollars ($50.00) will be paid by the contractor to the allottee on the approval of his contract by the honorable commissioner of Indian affairs, and five per cent of the estimated value of the timber on his allotment, on July 1st of each year till cut. These payments to be charged against the timber and deducted when timber is cut and paid for. A general form of contract with individual allottees, similar to that now being used by the Stearns Lumber Company on the Bad River reservation, will be used, a copy of which can be obtained on application to this office. Payment will be required for the timber now banked on the reservation, when contract is awarded and property delivered.

The contractor will be required to give bond in penalty of $50,000.00 lawful money of the United States, running to the United States, and conditioned for the faithful observance of all laws of the United States now in force or that may hereafter be enacted, relative to trade and intercourse with Indian tribes, and regulations prescribed thereunder, and for the faithful performance of all his obligations under any contract or contracts which he may enter into with the Indians under these regulations, as well as the faithful obligation of the same.

The contractor shall employ Indians in the cutting, moving and manufacture of the timber when practicable, on the same terms as other laborers. Indians to have the preference over white men. The method of appointing scalers, the mode of payment of the same, and minor details of this nature, can be obtained on application to this office.

A certified check for $10,000.00 will be required with each proposal, as guarantee for the faithful execution of the contract if bid is accepted.

The government reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Sealed proposals should be addressed to the undersigned, and marked "proposals for purchase of Red Cliff timber."

(Signed.) G. L. SCOTT,
Captain 6th Cavalry,
Acting Indian Agent.

Duluth Evening Herald, Aug 9 to Sept 6 inc. 25 t.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly made and delivered by Anna K. Hannon and Mathias Hannon, her husband, mortgagors, to Joseph Malcolm, mortgagee, bearing date the 6th day of November, 1895, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 13th day of November, 1895, at 11:55 o'clock a. m., in Book 127 of mortgages, on page 500.

And whereas said default consists in the non-payment of the sum of eighty-one and 25-100 dollars interest, which became due and payable by the terms of said mortgage, and the notes secured thereby on May 1st, 1897, all of which is yet due and owing upon said mortgage. And also in the failure to pay twenty-seven and 70-100 dollars premium for insurance upon said premises as provided in said mortgage, and paid by the undersigned on this day, by reason of which said several defaults it has become optional with the holder of said mortgage and mortgage notes to declare the whole debt secured by said mortgage to be immediately due and payable, in the exercise of which option the whole amount of said debt has been declared and is hereby declared and claimed to be due, amounting at the date of this notice, to-wit, the sum of twenty-six hundred twenty-two and 73-100 dollars, principal and interest, and the sum of twenty-seven and 70-100 dollars paid for insurance as aforesaid, amounting to the total sum of twenty-six hundred fifty and 43-100 dollars, which amount is claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice.

And whereas, said mortgage contains a power of sale which power by reason of said default has become operative and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: The easterly thirty-seven and one-half (37½) feet of lot numbered eleven (11), in block numbered eighty-three (83), in Endion Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Saturday, the 11th day of September, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, including insurance so paid as aforesaid, together with seventy-five dollars attorneys' fee, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale, as by law provided.

Dated July 30th, 1897.

JOSEPH MALCOLM,
Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, July-30-Aug-6-13-20-27-Sept-3

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, August 4th, 1897.

In the matter of the estate of Sarah J. Rice, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of F. Lois Marvin, administratrix of the estate of Sarah J. Rice, deceased, representing among other things that she has fully administered said estate and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court on Friday, the 27th day of August, A. D. 1897, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 4th day of August, A. D. 1897.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-6-13-20.

TWO CENTS DECLINED

The Expected Reaction In Wheat Came Today and Prices Dropped.

DECLINED AT PARIS

No Further Large Imports of Wheat By France Is Expected.

The reaction came today and the price of wheat dropped over 2c. The general feeling seemed to be that a reaction was about due, and it came in quick order under a flood of long wheat while the crowd hammered the market without cessation. Some covering on the opening brought about a rally but it was short lived. At noon there was another period of strength, due to Atlantic clearances of 645,000 bus wheat and flour, a slightly better tone apparent in private cables and the probability of a decrease of 1,000,000 bus in the visible supply. It is estimated that Duluth stocks will show an increase of 100,000 bus. The foreign markets did not exhibit much strength at the start, Liverpool opening ⅞d higher and Paris 30 centimes lower. Exporters resold wheat at the seaboard. Only 240,000 bus were reported sold yesterday and that was at outports. Chicago received 138 cars; Minneapolis and Duluth got 268 against 420 last year. The decline at Paris was made much of by the bears. Private cables from Paris were to the effect that no further importations of wheat on a large scale were at all likely.

There was a fair amount of trading on the Duluth board. September wheat opened ⅜c lower at 83⅞c, rallied to 74⅛c but soon turned weak and sold down to 82c. At noon there was a reaction to 83⅛c but it was short lived and the price was soon back to 82c. The close was steady with buyers at 82c, a decline of 2¼c for the day. The mills bought 5000 bus of cash stuff at 5½c over September and were bidding 6c premium at the close. The elevators took five cars at 5@5½c over September. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 88c. No. 1 northern, cash, 86c; September, 82c bid; December, 80c nominal. No. 2 northern, 83c. No. 3, 77¼c. Rejected, 63¼@71¼c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 88c; No. 1 northern, 86c. Rye, 40c. No. 2 oats, 18½c; No. 3 oats, 18c. Flax, $1.01.

Car inspection—Wheat, 180; corn, 20; oats, 21; rye, 10; barley, 9; flax, 10. Receipts—Wheat, 93,507 bus; corn, 17,539 bus; oats, 27,382 bus; rye, 1219 bus; barley, 4933 bus; flax, 2375 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 119,915 bus; barley, 11,345 bus; rye, 41,345 bus; flax, 61,104 bus.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Aug. 13.—Money on call nominally at 1@1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3¾@4 per cent. Sterling exchange heavy with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.85⅜@½ for demand and at $4.83⅜ for sixty days. Posted rates $4.84½@4.86 and $4.86½@4.87. Commercial bills $4.82½. Silver certificates, 55c bid. Bar silver, 55⅛c. Mexican dollars, 42½c. Government bonds firm. New 4s registered, $1.25⅜; coupon, $1.25⅜; 5s registered $1.13⅝; coupon, $1.13⅝; 4s registered, $1.11⅞; coupon, $1.12; 2s registered, 97½; Pacific 6s of '98, $1.02.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, Aug. 13.—Close, spot wheat 1d@2d higher; futures ¾@1d higher. August, 7s 2d; September, 6s 11¾d; October, 6s 10d; December, 6s 9¾d. Corn, spot ¼d higher; futures ⅞@1d higher. August, 2s 11⅝; September, 3s ⅝d; October, 3s 1⅝d; December, 3s 2⅝d.

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, Aug. 14.—Yesterday's official: Hogs, receipts, 22,293; shipments, 5989. Cattle, receipts, 7797; shipments, 3446. Sheep, receipts, 13,947; shipments, 701. Estimated receipts hogs tomorrow, 12,000. Estimated receipts hogs today, 15,000; left over, 4000. Market active, averaging 10c higher. Light, $3.85@4.05; mixed, $3.75@4.00; heavy, $3.55@3.95; rough, $3.55@3.65. Cattle, receipts, 2500. Market steady to 10c higher. Beeves, $3.90@5.20; cows and heifers, $2.00@4.40; Texas steers, $2.85@4.10; Westerns, $3.50@4.30; stockers and feeders, $3.25@4.30. Sheep, receipts, 9000. Market strong to 10c higher. Native sheep, $2.40@4.10; Westerns, $3.10@3.85; lambs, $3.50@5.50.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, Aug. 13.—Wheat weak and lower; close: August, 88½c; September, 79¾c; December, 78¼c. On track—No. 1 hard, 90¼c; No. 1 northern, 89¼c; No. 2 northern, 84¼@87¼c. Receipts, 94 cars.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Aug. 13.—Close, wheat, August, 87c; September, 88c; December, 86⅝c. Corn, September, 32⅝c. Oats, September, 21⅜c.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Aug. 13.—The so-called clique continued buying wheat today but got what they wanted easily. Liverpool cables advanced early but lost part of it later while the distant futures weakened badly in Paris. Our market declined 2c and closed rather soft 1½c lower than yesterday, the feature was general liquidation; shorts covering moderately and longs taking profit. Receipts show signs of increasing though the visible will show a good decrease for the week. A large operator in Paris wired that he thought the advance here had culminated but this is only one man's opinion and 100,000 bus were sold today at New York to go to France. The main feature today was the lack of cash demand and the lowering of premiums for cash wheat. Outside markets also led us to favor further decline, yet the main facts remain unchanged and if anything near estimated foreign requirements have to be bought here higher prices will surely prevail.

Corn and oats were bulled by the same interest that are buying September wheat but as soon as buying stops the market sags back easily. The country is holding back its wheat but apparently is willing to sell its corn at present prices.

Provisions steady. Export houses say that the demand for lard and ribs is something unprecedented.

Puts, September wheat, 79¾@80c bid.
Calls, September wheat, 84¼@84½c.
Curb, September wheat, 81⅝c.
Puts, September corn, 27⅝@27¾-⅞c.
Calls, September corn, 28⅛-¼@28⅜-½c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky				
Atchison preferred	32	32	31¼	31¼
Sugar	146⅜	148⅛	145¾	146⅝
Canada Southern	55⅛	55¼	53¾	54¼
C., B. & Q.	97⅜	97⅜	95⅝	96⅝
St. Paul	94⅛	94⅜	93⅝	93¾
Chicago Gas	103½	103⅝	102	102⅝
D., L. & W.				
General Electric	37¼	37¼	36⅝	36⅝
Omaha	68¼	68⅜	68	68
Reading	27	27	26¼	26¼
L. & N.	60⅞	61⅜	59⅜	60⅝
Manhattan	104¼	104¼	104	104
Missouri Pacific	29	29¼	28⅜	28⅞
Tobacco	93⅞	93⅞	92	92
C. & N. W.	120	120	119½	120
N. P. preferred	50½	50½	49	49¼
Rock Island	85½	86⅜	84⅜	85
Union Pacific	14	14⅛	12⅞	13⅛
Western Union	93⅛	93⅜	92¼	92⅞
Leather	65	67⅛	65	66½
Lake Shore				

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, Aug. 13.—Close, wheat, August, 82c; September, 81¾@⅞c; December, 80⅞c; old, 79¾c; May, 83c. Corn, August, 27⅜@½c; September, 27⅝@28c; December, 29¾c; May, 31⅜c. Oats, August, 17¼c; September, 17½@⅝c; October, 18c; December, 18½c; May, 20¾@⅞c. Pork, August, $8.00; September, $8.00; October, $8.02; December, $8.10. Lard, August, $4.40; September, $4.40; October, $4.45; December, $4.52. Ribs, August, $4.90; September, $4.90; October, $4.92. Cash, wheat, No. 2 red, 84@86c; No. 3 red, 81@83c; No. 2 spring, 82@84c; No. 3 spring, 78@81c; No. 2 hard winter, 83@84c; No. 3 hard winter, 80@82c. Corn, No. 2, 28¼c; No. 3, 27¼c. Oats, No. 2, 17¾@18c; No. 3, 16@18½c. Barley, cash, No. 3, 25½@35c. Rye, cash, 45c; September, 46c. Flax, cash, 98½c; cash, Northwestern, 99½c; September, 98½c; December, $1.00¾@1.01. Timothy, cash, $2.75; August, $2.65; September, $2.55.

Poor Pilgarlic,

there is no need for you to contemplate a wig when you can enjoy the pleasure of sitting again under your own "thatch." You can begin to get your hair back as soon as you begin to use

Ayer's Hair Vigor.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

Supplies were quite plentiful this morning on Michigan street but the changes in prices were very few.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed daily.

BUTTER.	
Clover Leaf cream. prints	17 @ 18
Cream., separators, fancy	16 @ 17
Dairies, fancy, special make	11 @ 14
Packing stock	8 @ 9
Dairy, fair	9 @ 12
CHEESE.	
Twins, flats, full cr'm, new	9 @ 10
Full cr'm, Young America	10 @ 11
Swiss cheese, No. 1	12 @ 12½
Brick, No. 1	10
Limburger, full cr'm choice	9 @ 10
Primost	6
EGGS.	
Candled, strictly fresh	8½@ 9
HONEY.	
Fancy white clover	12½@ 13
Fancy white clover, in jars strained, per lb	12½
Golden rod	11½@ 12
Dark honey	11 @ 11½
Buckwheat, dark	11 @ 11½
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per pound	11
Ohio, per pound	10
Maple syrup, per gal	90 @ 1 00
POPCORN.	
Choice, per lb	2½@ 3
NUTS.	
Soft shell almonds, per lb	12
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	12
Hard shell walnuts, per lb	11
Brazils, per lb	8
Pecans, per lb	9 @ 11
Filberts, per lb	11
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7
Raw peanuts	4½@ 5½
VEGETABLES.	
Green or red peppers, doz	30
Summer squash, per doz	40 @ 50
Green corn, per doz	8 @ 10
Celery, per doz	30
New potatoes, in sacks, bus	60 @ 65
Carrots, new, per bus	70 @ 85
New beets, per bus	65 @ 75
Carrots, new per bus	60 @ 75
New turnips, per bus	65 @ 75
Asparagus, per doz	25 @ 35
New wax beans, per bus	60 @ 75
Cucumbers, per doz	15 @ 20
Cucumbers, per bus	1 25
New beets, per doz bunches	25 @ 30
Green peas, per bus	90 @ 1 00
Cabbage, per crate	1 25 @ 1 50
Pie plant, per 100 lbs	80 @ 1 00
Egg plant, per doz	1 50 @ 1 75
Potatoes, old, per bus	50 @ 60
Mint, per doz	35
Cauliflowers, per doz	1 30 @ 1 75
Horse radish, per lb	6 @ 7
Illinois cabbage, per crate	1 25 @ 1 50
Illinois tomatoes, crate	25 @ 40
Oyster plant, doz bunches	50
Green onions, doz bunches	12 @ 20
Spinach, per bus	30
Lettuce, per bus	40 @ 50
Horse radish roots, per bbl	4 00 @ 4 50
Long radishes, per doz	12 @ 15
Round radishes, per doz	12½@ 15
Kohl Rabi, per doz	20
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bus	90 @ 1 00
Medium, hand picked, bus	90
Brown beans, fancy, bus	90
Green and yellow peas	75 @ 90
Green peas, bus	65
FRUITS.	
Michigan peaches, basket	30
Red currants, per basket	1 00 @ 1 25
Osage melons, per basket	1 25
Pit plant, per basket	1 00
Blueberries, 16 qt cases	1 00 @ 1 25
Georgia grapes, per basket	30 @ 35
Pears, California Bartletts	2 00 @ 2 25
N. Y. currants, 32 qt case	3 00
Limes, per case	4 00
Red raspberries, 24 qt cases	3 25 @ 3 75
Gooseberries, per case	1 00 @ 1 25
Blackberries, per case	1 25 @ 1 50
Oranges Mediterranean sweets	4 25 @ 4 50
Seedling oranges	4 25
Bananas, bunches	1 50 @ 1 75
Lemons, per box	4 75 @ 5 50
Cocoanuts, per doz	40 @ 60
Figs, per lb	12 @ 15
Pineapple, per doz	1 65 @ 1 75
Pineapples (Union River) crate	4 00
California peaches, case	1 25 @ 1 35
California apricots, case	1 10 @ 1 25
California plums	1 00 @ 1 25
Gem melons, per basket	50 @ 60
Watermelons	12 @ 18
Dates, per lb	9 @ 10
APPLES AND CIDER.	
Apples, per bbl	2 00 @ 2 50
Mich. sweet cider, per keg	2 50 @ 2 75
Fruit juices, per keg	4 50
LIVE POULTRY.	
Hens	8½@ 9
Spring chickens, per lb	10 @ 11
DRESSED POULTRY.	
Turkeys, per lb	12½@ 15
Chickens, per lb	8½@ 10
Geese, per lb	10 @ 11
DRESSED MEATS.	
Mutton	7½@ 8
Lamb	9
Veal, fancy	7½@ 8
Veal, good	7 @ 7½
Veal, coarse	6½@ 7
Pork	5½
BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.	
Bran, 200 lbs. sacks inc	$ 8 50 @ 9 00
Shorts, 100 lbs. sacks inc.	10 25 @10 50
Shorts, 200 lbs. sacks inc.	9 75 @10 00
Red dog	12 00
Ground feed, No. 1	10 25 @11 75
Choice South Minn.	7 50 @ 8 00
Ground feed, No. 2	10 25 @11 75
HAY, CAR LOTS.	
Northern Minn.	4 00 @ 6 50
Medium	4 00 @ 6 50
Tame, ton, choice timothy	9 00 @10 00

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Aug. 13.—Butter, firm; creameries, 11@15c; dairies, 10@13c. Eggs, firm; fresh, 11c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Aug. 13.—Butter very firm; Western creamery, 11@15½c; Elgins, 15c; factory, 7@10½c. Eggs, very firm; state and Pennsylvania, 12@15c; Western, 13½@14c.

FLY CASTING TOURNAMENT.

Chicago, Aug. 13.—The national fly-casting tournament, attended by well-known people from all over the country, began at Gardens Park today. Six events are on the program, which will not be completed until tomorrow. The first event, for fixed distance and accuracy at buoys, fifty, fifty-five and sixty feet, was won by H. A. Newkirk, of Chicago, with 91 1-3 per cent; F. N. Peet, Chicago, second, 87 per cent; R. Mansfield, San Francisco, third, 85 2-3 per cent.

AT WEST DULUTH

Further Particulars as to the Drowning of Burns Boys Yesterday.

BODIES RECOVERED

Tom Forrestal Tells of an Adventure He Had Tuesday Night.

The drowning of Joseph and Victor Burns near the Hugo Iron works late yesterday afternoon, which was briefly mentioned in yesterday's Evening Herald, has caused much mourning in West Duluth, where both of the boys were well and favorably known. Joseph Burns, the elder of the two boys, lost his life in a vain attempt to save his younger brother from a watery grave and showed remarkable courage and heroism. Victor, who was on a log slipped and fell in the water and when he came to the surface was grasped by Joseph, who was in turn pulled in. He was a good swimmer, however, and on coming to the surface immediately plunged in to the assistance of Victor. He brought his brother again to the surface, but was unable to get a hold on a log and both again went down never to rise alive. When they were hauled out by the grappling hooks Victor's arm was clasped about the neck of his heroic brother.

A number of boys who were swimming in the vicinity when they saw the danger their companions were in lost their heads, and picking up their clothes ran away without thinking to look for assistance, which was near at hand and might have been procured in time to save the boys' lives.

The bodies of the brothers were taken to Fowler's undertaking establishment.

FORRESTAL SAVED THEM.

Tom Forrestal, manager of Zenith park, tells of a thrilling adventure which he met with Tuesday night while returning to the park from West Duluth. As he was crossing the channel he saw two young ladies struggling in the water with their escorts, some distance from the boat in which they had been riding. He at once went to their rescue and being a good swimmer succeeded in bringing them all safely to shore, none the worse for their mishap. Forrestal in doing this work lost his watch and chain, and while searching for them those whom he had been of such valuable service to sneaked away without so much as saying thank you or good-bye. He did not learn their names or where they lived. It is probable that had it not been for Mr. Forrestal's timely assistance one or more of them would have been drowned. While Tom is the loser of a valuable watch and chain, and has a damaged suit of clothes on his hands, he is pleased at having done a kind act even though those who profited by it have shown an ungrateful spirit.

INJURED BY A RUNAWAY.

Ole Eklung, George Sgaw and John Tracy, of West Duluth, met with a severe shaking up in a runaway yesterday afternoon on the road between West Duluth and New Duluth, near Smithville. The thills in the shaft became loose and the horse was startled and ran away. The men had nearly got the horse under control when the bit was broken and all were thrown out. Eklund's shoulder was dislocated, and Shaw was badly bruised.

W. C. T. U. MEETING.

The W. C. T. U. held a special meeting yesterday afternoon in Westminster Presbyterian church to prepare for the state convention which will meet in Duluth Tuesday, Aug. 24, and continue in session four days. At the conclusion of the meeting Miss Hollister met the West Duluth Sunday schools and rehearsed them in the part they will take in the junior rally which will be a feature of the state convention. Another rehearsal has been arranged for next Sunday.

WILL PLAY NEXT SUNDAY.

The West Duluth ball club has made another effort to get on a match with the Athletics and again has been scheduled for Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock, at the West End ball park. These clubs were to have played last Sunday, but the Athletics failed to put in an appearance at the appointed hour.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Tonight the Degree of Honor lodge will give its first public ball at Great Eastern hall. Enough tickets have already been sold to insure a large attendance.

Mrs. Winters, of Washington, D. C., is visiting with her mother, Mrs. Lovelace, at her home, 315 Fifty-ninth avenue west.

A young people's sicoety has been organized by the West Duluth Baptist church.

Mrs. Frank Riggin and children returned last night from Mankato, where they have been on a short visit.

West Duluth grocers report a most enjoyable time at the grocers' picnic at Lester Park yesterday.

The Epworth leage entertainment at Asbury M. E. church tonight for the benefit of Dr. Robert Forbes, gives every promise of being a success, both socially and financially.

Ex-Mayor N. W. Kauffman and wife, of Marquette, left this morning with General Superintendent D. M. Philbin for a trip over the Duluth, Superior & Western road. They will visit the big mines at Hibbing. The trip is made in President Greassinger's private car.

Martin Adson, city passenger agent of the South Shore road, left last night for Sault Ste. Marie and Mackinac island on a short business trip.

Mrs. H. M. Pearce, wife of the general freight agent of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha road, passed through Duluth yesterday on her way home from Buffalo.

To the Traveling Public.

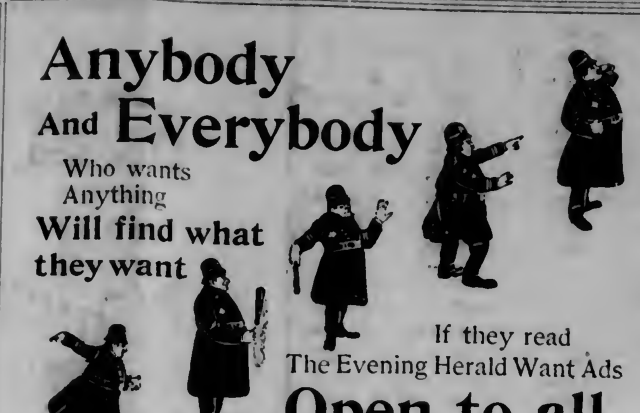
The Evening Herald is on sale at the news stands in the Great Northern hotel, Chicago; Windsor hotel, St. Paul; West hotel, Minneapolis.

Your choice of 300 pairs of Ladies' $5.00 Tan Shoes,

$2.50.

PHILLIPS & CO.

Anybody And Everybody
Who wants Anything
Will find what they want



If they read The Evening Herald Want Ads
Open to all.
Read them in this evening's paper.

ONE CENT A WORD.

TRAINED NURSE.

IF YOU WANT A TRAINED NURSE, leave your order at Boyce's drug store.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in small family. 1034 East First street.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. German preferred. 224 Fourth avenue west.

YOUNG GIRL WANTED AT ONCE TO do light housework. Call at 319 First avenue east.

WANTED — A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Call after 5 p. m. at 506 Fifth avenue east.

GIRL COMPETENT TO DO HOUSEwork in family of three. Easy work. Apply 222 Fourteenth avenue east.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 213 Fifth avenue west.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. Call 504 East First street.

EXPERIENCED GIRLS CAN FIND first class places and good wages by calling at Mrs. Shattuck's, 31 West Superior street, ground floor.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework at 30 Twelfth avenue east.

A FEW COMPETENT GIRLS WISH situations at housework. Ladies can always find good girls and girls can find places at Mrs. Seibold's employment office, 225 East Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—A GOOD CHORE MAN, who can take care of cows and horses. None but a sober man need apply. Missabe hotel, Proctorknott, Minn.

WANTED — A GOOD NIGHT COOK. None but a sober man need apply. Missabe hotel, Proctorknott, Minn.

WANTED — A FEW ENERGETIC salesmen to sell specialties in household goods on easy payments. John Gately & Co., 705 West Superior street.

1000 MEN FOR DAKOTA, CHEAP HARvest tickets. Ship every day. New orders for railroad and lumber crews, sawmills, etc. Free fare. National Employment company, 431 West Michigan street, under Spalding hotel.

WANTED—TWO SALESMEN; SALARY and commission. Can make more gold and easier than at Klondike. Sales come easy. The Singer Manufacturing company, 614 West Superior street.

BUSINESS CHANGES.

CONTROL OF GOOD PAYING, ACTIVE business connected with jobbing trade, for sale to right party. No attention paid to any correspondence unless full particulars as to capital can employ, former business, age, etc., is stated. N 52, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED — GOOD SECOND HAND baby carriage. Address "Carriage," Herald.

WANTED—A CAMP LOGGING OUTfit for about twenty men. Address N 69, Herald.

PROFESSIONAL.

MRS. JULIA L. HUGHES—SUPERFLUous hair, moles, etc., permanently destroyed by electricity, without injury. Also scientific face massage and complexion treatment. Manicuring. Choice toilet preparations. 305 Masonic temple, Duluth.

FREE FARMS! 160 acres of land free, in a good climate and near a good market; suitable for mixed farming and stock raising. Cheap rates for bona fide settles.

J. H. M. PARKER,
Dominion Colonization Agent.
502 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn.

PAWNBROKER.

MONEY TO LOAN ON ALL GOODS OF value. All business strictly confidential. A full line of musical instruments, new and second hand. Julius Cook, 404 West Superior street.

REQUIEM MASS FOR CANOVAS.

Solemn Service in the Spanish Church in London.

London, Aug. 13.—A requiem mass for the repose of the soul of the late prime minister of Spain, Senor Canovas Del Castillo, was celebrated this morning in the Spanish church. The altar was draped with black and in the center of the main V was a plaque covered with a pall of purple velvet with a large gold cross.

There were many people present at the service, including the Spanish ambassador, Count Casa Valencia, and his staff, all in full uniform; the United States ambassador, Col. John Hay; the German ambassador, Count Von Hatzfeldt-Wildenburg; the Italian ambassador, Gen. Ferrero; most of the ministers, Mr. White, secretary of the United States embassy, and many ladies.

Summer Excursion Rates.

VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 16-18, $18.55.

Indianapolis, Ind., and return, Sept. 7, 8, 9, $18.75.

Buffalo, N. Y., and return, G. A. R., Aug. 21, 22, announced later.

Nashville, Tenn., and return, Centennial, $43.30.

Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, $46.45.

Summer tourist tickets to Colorado, Yellowstone Park, Pacific coast, and to all Eastern and Western resorts.

For rates and particulars call or address city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, corner Providence building.

The evening paper is always carefully read, especially in the home circle, and is therefore the best advertising medium.

ONE CENT A WORD.

All advertisements of "situations wanted" inserted FREE. We invite as many repetitions as are necessary to secure what you advertise for. The Herald's 50,000 daily readers will be sure to fill your wants.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

YOUNG WOMAN WOULD LIKE A place to work days and go home nights. Can sew or do any kind of work except washing; sewing preferred. Address N 44, Herald.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN WANTS POsition in office. Railroad, freight, ticket or coal office preferred. Can operate and furnish machine; moderate salary to begin with. Address J. R., 2048 West First street.

A GOOD EXPERIENCED LAUNDRESS wishes position at once. Can show city references. Address Box 231 West Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—POSITION BY A COMPEtent second girl in private family. Call or address 327 West Fourth street.

WANTED — POSITION BY A FIRST class dining room girl in hotel or in private boarding house. Call or address 327 West Fourth street.

SITUATION WANTED — BY COMPEtent girl. Address M. H., Herald.

SITUATION WANTED BY A FIRST-class cook in or out of city; best of references can be given. N 51, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION IN SOME OFfice or store by young man 17 years of age. A fair penman and not afraid of work. Have had experience. Address H. C., Herald.

A YOUNG WOMAN, WITH A BABY, would like to get a situation to do general housework. Will work for small pay. Call or address Mrs. Thompson, 112 Park avenue, Seventeenth avenue west.

WANTED—PLACE TO DO GENERAL housework in small family. Address N 62, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION AS HOUSEkeeper by young woman, of eight years' experience. No objection to leaving city. N 61, Herald.

WANTED — HOUSE CLEANING scrubbing, stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 390 Lake avenue south.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE BEST CARriage or light delivery horse in the city. Also delivery wagon and double harness, or will exchange for single delivery wagon and harness. W. W. Seekins, 921 East Third street.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE MOR SALE cheap, at 1230 East Third street.

FOR SALE—BALED SHAVINGS. Woodruff's planing mill, Garfield avenue, Rice's Point. Telephone 132.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, A HOUSE WHICH must be moved immediately. Apply Roy & Robertson, 25 East First.

FOR SALE—140 SHARES IMPERIAL Mill company stock. A. R. Macfarlane.

FOR SALE—FINE GILT MANTLE MIRror, also furniture. 1 Adams flats.

FOR SALE—AT A SACRIFICE, A FINE new silk upholstered parlor suite of five pieces. Also fine upright Emerson piano. Address N 50, Herald.

BICYCLES AND TANDEMS FOR SALE cheap or trade for anything we can use. Going out of renting business. Duluth Van company.

MARKUS MISFIT CARPET AND FURniture company, are selling carpets, furniture, stoves, according to the times. 50 cents on the dollar. Call and give us a trial. Open evenings. 20 West Superior street.

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE OR RENT. Wyckoff, Seamens & Benedict, 323 West Superior street.

REAL ESTATE—FOR SALE.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR $650; EASY monthly payments; special bargain. D. W. Scott, 10 Mesaba block.

$450 ON EASY TERMS, WILL BUY 25x140 foot lot on Sixth street between Twelfth and Thirteenth avenue east; fine location; look at them, by George H. Crosby.

CLEAR FARM LAND IN MINNESOTA at $2.50 per acre, $10 cash payment and $1 per week. Great chance to buy a farm. George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building, Duluth.

INSECTS EXTERMINATED.

THE BED BUG DIES! THE COCKroach perishes. Sure death to vermin. Your house cleaned of all vermin and insects, and all disease germs killed. Andrew Furni, 121 East Superior street. Work guaranteed.

STORAGE.

STORAGE — LICENSED AND BONDed, are you going to move or store your household goods. Separate lock-up rooms furnished on application. Nice, dry, airy, clean brick storehouse; lowest rates of fire insurance; we have the only padded covered vans in Duluth. We take entire charge and guarantee you against damage or loss in the removal of your goods, while in our care. We work rain or shine; we have competent men to do packing, and we furnish all packing material, and pack china, books, bric a brac, pictures, pianos, furniture, etc. Call or telephone 492 and we will go out and talk over details. Will furnish estimates for packing, moving, storage free of charge. Only licensed and bonded warehouse in city. Duluth Van, Express and Storage company, 212 West Superior street. (Incorporated.)

EXPRESS AND DRAY LINE.

Seal. **UNION DRAY.** We beg leave to inform the public that the Duluth Draymen's Union carries a card like above on every union dray wagon, and are ready to do all kinds of heavy and light draying by reliable and experienced men on short notice and at reasonable prices. Look for the union card on dray wagon and give us a trial. TRUNKS DELIVERED 25c.

DULUTH DRAYMEN'S UNION 6703,
(Affiliated with the A. F. of L.)

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

St. Paul & Duluth R. R.

Leave Duluth.	*Daily. †Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth.
†9 00 am *1 55 pm *11 15 pm	St. Paul, Minneapolis.	*6 30 am *1 05 pm †7 45 pm

From UNION DEPOT, CITY TICKET OFFICE, 332 W. Superior street, corner Providence building. Tickets sold to all points. Telephone 218.

ONE CENT A WORD.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT — AN EIGHT-ROOM house in Endion with conveniences. E. R. Brace, 621 Chamber of Commerce.

FOR RENT—NINE ROOM HOUSE, 1102 East Second street. City water.

EIGHT ROOM HOUSE FOR RENT, NO. 123 Second avenue west; all modern improvements, including steam heat; also eight room house, 204 West Second street; bath, electric light. E. R. Jefferson, 121 Second avenue west.

EIGHT ROOM HOUSE, CENTRALLY located; all modern conveniences. R. P. & J. B. Paine, 206 West Superior street, room 4.

FOR RENT—6-ROOM HOUSE, LAKEside; well water; cheap. R. P. Paine, No. 206 West Superior street. Room 4.

HOUSES, FLATS AND STORES TO rent. N. J. Upham company, 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT—TWO MODERN BRICK houses. Inquire of Clark & Dickerman, Trust company building.

TO RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—MODERN STEAM HEATed flats. McGregor, Providence building.

FOR RENT—THREE PLEASANT FIVE-room flats, $7 to $10. W. J. Holmes, 504 Palladio.

FLAT AND HOUSE, ASHTABULA terrace. R. T. Lewis, Herald building.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

FURNISHED ROOMS AND BOARD. 20 West Third street.

FOR RENT—TWO ROOMS, EITHER furnished or unfurnished at 212 Ninth avenue east.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT FURNISHED front bedroom; electric light and heat. 1420 Jefferson street.

TWO LARGE NICELY FURNISHED front rooms. 313 Fourth avenue west.

FOR RENT—OFFICES AND SLEEPING rooms on Superior street. Apply Big Duluth Clothing store.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — STORE IN GRAFF block, 206 West Superior street; has extra entrance from Michigan street. R. P. Paine, room 4, over store.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TO RENT, TWO OR THREE pleasant furnished rooms, east of Tenth avenue east, where light housekeeping is allowed. Must be reasonable. Address N 49, Herald.

WANTED—TO RENT, A SIX OR SEVen room house, with small barn and yard; handy to street car. Address T. M., Herald.

CLAIRVOYANT.

PROFESSOR LA WARDE, CLAIRVOYant, trance medium and powerful magnetic healer, reads your life without question or mistake; gives advice on business and love affairs; tells if your lover is true or false; unites the separated; brings success in all undertakings; lucky days; if confronted by any difficulties consult him at once. Parlors 2 West Second street.

FRATERNITIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:30 p. m. Next meeting Aug. 16, 1897. Work, Third degree. W. A. McGonagle, W. M.; Edwin Mooers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Aug. 23, 1897. Work, ——. F. W. Kugler, W. M.; J. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 8, 1897. —— degree. John F. McLaren, H. P.; George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18 K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Sept. 7, 1897. M. M. Gasser, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO 105. Meets every Thursday in the Kalamazoo block, third floor, 18 West Superior street. James McDowell, M. W.; J. H. Powers, recorder.

TO EXCHANGE.

FARM LAND TO EXCHANGE FOR DUluth real estate. Apply 106 Providence building.

FINANCIAL.

$5000 ON HAND TO LOAN BY GEORGE H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, ETC. THE STANDARD JEWELRY AND LOAN OFFICE, 324 W. Sup. street.

MONEY TO LOAN

On watches, Diamonds and Jewelry. All business strictly confidential. Application by mail promptly attended to.

Marcus' Collateral Loan Bank,
319 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

Fire Insurance, Life Insurance, Investments.... I have for sale a few choice commercial loans—$500,00 up.

A. R. Macfarlane,
13 Exchange Building.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

CONTRACT WORK.—

Office of Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minn., Aug. 11, 1897.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 10 a. m., on the 23d day of August, A. D. 1897, for the construction of a sanitary sewer in Dingwall street in said city from the easterly terminus of the present sewer in said street to Twenty-second avenue east, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of fifty (50) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

W. H. SMITH,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Aug 11 10 t.

RAILROAD AND STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

Duluth's Popular Highway to the East!

Northern Steamship Company's
EXCLUSIVE PASSENGER STEAMSHIPS,

North West and North Land

Sailing from Duluth to Sault Ste. Marie, Mackinac Island, Detroit, Cleveland and Buffalo

Every Saturday and Tuesday at 1:45 p. m.

Ships arrive from the East every Friday and Monday at 6:30 p. m.

C. D. HARPER,
Nor. Pass. Agt., 432 W. Superior St.

Steamer Dixon

Will make an extra trip to

GRAND MARAIS

During the summer season, leaving Duluth every Friday morning at 10 a. m. Other sailing days Sunday and Wednesday at 10 a. m.

Eastern Railway
Of Minnesota.

CITY TICKET OFFICE 432 W. SUP. ST.

Leave Duluth.		Arrive Duluth.
†1 15 pm *11 15 pm	St. Paul and Minneapolis	†1 15 pm *7 00 am

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

Buffet Parlor Cars on Day Trains.
New Sleeping Cars on Night Trains.

Direct connections with Great Northern trains for—

Fargo, Grand Forks, Winnipeg, Helena, Butte, Spokane, Portland, Seattle and Japan.

At St. Paul connections are made for all points East, West and South. Through tickets and baggage checked to destination.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

C., ST. P., M. & O. RY.
Office 405 W. Superior St. 'Phone No. 20.

Leave	*Daily. †Except Sunday.	Arrive
†10 45 am	St. Paul, Min'apolis and West	†5 10 pm
*11 00 pm	St. Paul, Min'apolis and West	*7 00 am
*5 10 pm	Chicago Limited	*10 30 am

Parlor cars on day train; Wagner's Finest Sleepers on night trains.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

THE Marquette ROUTE. Trains for all points East leave Duluth Union depot at **6:30 P. M.** Daily EXCEPT SATURDAY with WAGNER PALACE SLEEPING CAR for Sault Ste Marie.

West bound train arrives 8:50 a. m. EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Ticket offices: 426 Spalding Hotel building and Union Depot.

Duluth, Superior & Western Ry.

WEST. P. M.		*Daily except Sunday.	EAST A. M.
*3:05	0	Lv...... Duluth ....Ar	* 11:40
4:05	23	Ar...... Cloquet Lv	10:41
6:13	76	Ar.... Swan River Lv	8:40
7:40		Ar.... Hibbing Lv	7:15
7:02	94	Ar.. Grand Rapids Lv	7:50
8:00	109	Ar.... Deer River Lv	6:55

Duluth, Missabe & Northern Ry. Co.

7:45 a.m.	Lv..... Duluth	.....Ar	3:35 p.m.
10:45 a.m.	Ar.... Virginia	Lv	12:45 p.m.
10:44 a.m.	Ar.... Eveleth	Lv	10:56 a.m.
11:56 a.m.	Ar.... Biwabik	Lv	12:28 p.m.
11:00 a.m.	Ar.... Mt. Iron	Lv	12:30 p.m.
11:25 a.m.	Ar.... Hibbing	Lv	12:13 p.m.
9:00 a.m.	Lv.... Virginia	....Ar	1:45 p.m.
1:25 p.m.	Ar...... Wolf	Lv	10:33 a.m.
11:25 a.m.	Ar.... Hibbing	Lv	12:13 p.m.

Daily, except Sunday. J. B. HANSON,
General Passenger Agent.

Duluth & Iron Range R. R.

3:15 p.m.	Lv.... Duluth	......Ar	12:00 m.
7:15 p.m.	Ar..... Virginia	Lv	8:00 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar ..... Eveleth	Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar......... Ely	Lv	7:30 a.m.

Daily. Except Sunday.

There's Only One Railroad

That operates its trains on the famous block system between the Twin Cities, Milwaukee and Chicago.
That lights its trains with electricity throughout;
That uses the celebrated electric berth reading lamp;
That runs four splendidly equipped passenger trains every day from St. Paul and Minneapolis through to Chicago via Milwaukee;
And that road is the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.

It also operates steam-heated vestibule trains carrying the latest private compartment cars, library buffet smoking cars and palace drawing-room sleepers.
Parlor cars, free reclining chair cars and the very best dining car service.
For lowest rates to any point in the United States, Canada or Mexico, apply to ticket agents, or address

J. T. CONLEY,
Ass't. Gen. Pass. Agt.,
St. Paul, Minn.

Note—Elegantly equipped trains from St. Paul and Minneapolis through from Peoria, St. Louis and Kansas City daily.

Burlington Route

Finest Trains on Earth from—

St. Paul and Minneapolis to Chicago.

Only Evening Paper in Duluth

THE EVENING HERALD,
An Independent Newspaper.
Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior St.
Duluth Printing and Publishing Co.
Telephone Calls: Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

TEN CENTS A WEEK.
EVERY EVENING, DELIVERED OR BY MAIL.

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One month	.45
Three months	1.30
Six months	2.60
One year	5.00

WEEKLY HERALD.
$1 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.

Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second-class matter

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.
OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF DULUTH.

Herald's Circulation High-Water Mark,
17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (Central time), Aug. 13.—The low pressure area has moved eastward to the vicinity of Winnipeg, and extends thence southwestward to Colorado. It has been accompanied by numerous thunder storms, since yesterday morning, in the Canadian Northwest, Montana and the Dakotas, with high winds in localities. Rainfalls of .56, .70 and .88 inch are reported at Bismarck, Calgary and Minnedosa, respectively; elsewhere the rainfalls have been light.

The temperature is generally 4 to 10 degrees lower than at the corresponding hour yesterday in Montana, Wyoming and the Canadian provinces adjoining Montana; elsewhere it has generally risen. Maximum temperatures of 90 to 96 degrees were reported yesterday afternoon at stations in Manitoba, the Dakotas, Montana and Colorado.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 66; maximum yesterday, 66; minimum yesterday, 58.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Showers tonight, and probably showers Saturday; cooler Saturday afternoon and night; winds brisk to high southwest, veering to northwest, with thunder squalls.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Aug. 14.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Partly cloudy with local showers in extreme northwest portion tonight and showers Saturday; warmer tonight; cooler in extreme west portion Saturday; brisk southerly winds. For Minnesota: Local showers and probably thunder storms tonight and Saturday; warmer in extreme southeast portion tonight; cooler Saturday; brisk southerly winds.

AN AVERAGE WHEAT CROP.

The commercial editor of the Minneapolis Journal has been making a tour of the wheat regions of Minnesota and the Dakotas, and his investigations show that the yield of wheat in the three states will not exceed that of last year. In a dispatch from Casselton, N. D., yesterday, he said:

"Taking North Dakota up to the Northern Pacific road, the state will not raise more wheat than last year. There is an increased acreage, but a large area will be plowed out, and, considerable is too wet to plow. Nearly 1500 acres between Fargo and Mapleton are now being plowed without cutting. This condition probably offsets the acreage increase. In the southern part of the state the average yield on the acreage rmaining will be about eleven bushels. The Dairymple farm and the rich section about Casselton, and other fine farms will produce a moderate average, probably not above eleven bushels. There is a fine straw, but the heads are poorly filled, and many contain no wheat. There is a good deal of disappointment here over the discovery that the large straw will not yield heavily. My investigation in Minnesota and for this portion of North Dakota suggests a yield in the three states not very much above last year."

The above confirms the special reports from the wheat fields which were published by The Herald over one week ago. These reports were furnished by the editors of the leading newspapers at the principal wheat centers and were the most reliable information which could be obtained. They said that an average crop will be harvested and that the reports of a phenomenal yield which have been generally circulated are incorrect.

With the better prices prevailing, however, an average crop this year will make larger returns to the farmers than they have received in several years. The shortage in other countries is causing a strong export demand, which will no doubt be increased, and this will result in a still further advance in values. Agriculture is the source of all wealth, and to the increased values of the products of the soil we must look for the initiation of prosperity. The rise in the price of wheat means more money for the farmer, more money for all whom he feeds, more money for all from whom he buys, more money for the whole country. Upon his prosperity depends the prosperity of the country, and consequently the rise in prices, due to the shortage in other wheat-producing countries, may be regarded as a sure indication of a general revival of business.

ADDITIONAL ENTRY ALLOWED.

The interior department has recently promulgated a decision which is of great importance to homesteaders. Section 6 of the act of March 2, 1889, authorizes those who have partially exercised their homestead privilege to make an additional entry of public lahd so as to make a full quota of 160 acres. This section says:

"Section 6. That every person entitled, under the provisions of the homestead laws, to enter a homestead, who has heretofore complied with or shall hereafter comply with the conditions of said laws, and who shall have made his final proof thereunder for a quantity of land less than 160 acres, and received the receiver's final receipt therefor, shall be entitled under said laws to enter as a personal right, and not assignable, by legal subdivisions of the public lands of the United States subject to homestead entry, so much additional land as added to the quantity previously so entered by him shall not exceed 160 acres."

This section also provides that the person making the additional entry shall reside upon and cultivate the land so entered. Heretofore the section has been construed as applying only to those who had partially exercised their homestead privilege before the passage of the act, but the decision now promulgated overrules the former opinion and holds that this section equally applies to all who took less than 160 acres after the date of the act. As soon as the district land offices have been officially notified by the department, the new ruling will go into effect. Every person who has heretofore made final proof of less than 160 acres under the homestead laws will be entitled to an additional entry. There are many such cases in the Duluth district, and the new decision will probably result in many additional entries being made at the land office here. It will be noticed, however, that section 6 only applies to cases in which the applicant for the additional right has made final proof upon his original entry.

THE EDUCATION OF WOMEN.

The New York Independent has published a symposium of the views of distinguished Europeans concerning the education of women, which was originally published in Paris and has been summarized in English by Theodore Stanton. This symposium will tend to correct an impression in this country that the sentiment here in favor of the development of the feminine intellect is not equaled abroad. Among those whose opinions are carefully expressed are Senator Carnot, father of the late president of France; Jules Simon, M. Bardoux, former minister of public instruction; Leon Say, Jules Herbette, Juliette Adam and several thinkers outside of France. These names are enough to indicate that these opinions are of value, and that American educators will be repaid by examining them. While all those who contribute to this collection of opinion agree in advocating the education of women, perhaps the words of Mme. Rosalie d'Olivecrona, a Swedish authority, summarize the argument most concisely and completely. She writes:

"Giving a woman a good education, which is, at once and the same time, moral, intellectual and practical, is elevating to the human race. Thus, whatever a nation spends on the instruction of girls is a capital whose interest is always increasing."

This general suggestion, says the New York Mail and Express, that the race is to be improved by the education of the mothers forms the basic idea of almost every other form in which the advocates of this cause have cast their arguments. We are reminded that great men, as a rule, owe their greatness to their mothers; that Schopenhauer and other philosophers, in discussing the laws of heredity, attribute the greater share of the origin of the intellectual faculties to the mother; that we have heard only of the mother of the Gracchi; and that the grandeur or the decadence of a nation must depend, not only upon the virtue, but upon the mental development of its women. A curious sidelight is shed upon this discussion by Alexander Dumas, who frankly expressed his fear that if girls are taught as much as boys and if women know as much as men, masculine authority will be lost. This is equivalent to saying that the authority of man over his mate is based upon her ignorance; whereas it is only the natural accompaniment of that care and protection which it is the duty and the joy of his life to confer. The intellectual cultivation of woman would make her a truer and closer companion, as well as a better mother.

THE CANADIAN MARINE.

Some figures have been recently published, which show that the Canadian shipping is steadily declining. During the last five or six years her merchant shipping interests have been declining at the rate of 25,000 to 50,000 tons a year and at the present time there does not seem to be anything that will stop the decrease. The Dominion lake fleet does not contain a vessel of importance when compared with the boats composing the modern fleet of this country. Her largest vessels, like the steamers Algonquin and Rosedale, are ships of about 2000 tons and of these she owns only six or eight. The lake trade of that country is in the hands of Americans in a large degree. Grain shipped from Port Arthur and Fort William, on Lake Superior, is moved almost exclusively in tonnage owned on the south shores of the great lakes. Likewise is the coal sent to Lake Superior, Jack Fish bay, Sandwich and Windsor. Canada has no shipping lines of any consequence from the view of a person conversant with the lake marine of this nation.

The report of the department of marine and fisheries shows that the total number of vessels owned in Canada on Jan. 1, 1896, was 7262, including old and new ships, sailing vessels, steamers and barges of the entire country. These registered 825,836 tons, being an increase of 43,788 tons register during the year. On the date mentioned, the number of Canadian steamers was 1718, with a gross capacity of 247,007 tons. Assuming the average value of $30 a ton the value of the registered tonnage of the Dominion on Jan. 1, 1896, was $24,775,000. For about twenty years previous to 1892 the tonnage reported each year aggregated 1,000,000 to 1,300,000 net tons, but since 1892 there has been a marked decrease in the aggregate, notwithstanding the building of new vessels. The decline in Canadian shipping for three years is displayed in the tonnage figures for 1894, 1895 and 1896. In the first year 912,539 tons were in commission; in the next, 869,624 tons, and in 1896, only 825,836 tons.

Senator Hale describes himself as follows: "Here I am, well dressed, and my tailor never has to wait for his pay. I live well. I have never done anything very mean. I am rich. I enjoy my riches. I am a gentleman in walk and in talk. Sometimes I am ennui and can't conceal it. If the Persians be right, that 'every man is as God makes him,' then I am that man, and if every man be as he fashions himself, then I am that man too, and the senate is full of bigger fools than I am."

The lowest annual salary paid anyone in the consular service of this government is $1. This is received by the consular agents at Kalamata, Greece, and Dardanelles, Turkey; but as it is stated that they are not expected to entertain, they may be financially better off at the end of the year than some of our ambassadors.

Among the eminent members of the United States senate who can never be president because they were born in a foreign country are Knute Nelson of Minnesota, Gallinger of New Hampshire, Jones of Nevada, McMillan of Michigan, Mantle of Montana, Pasco of Florida and Sewell of New Jersey.

The Boston Transcript has added to its mechanical equipment, at a cost of $40,000, a new quadruple Hoe perfecting press, in order to meet the increasing demands on its circulation department. The Transcript is one of the solid institutions of Boston and is a high grade, complete newspaper.

A Kansas preacher thus brought his discourse to a sudden stop on Sunday: "Brethren, I will now close, for I see that we are going to have a thunderstorm. The congregation will please follow me to Brother Soandso's field and help him stack his wheat."

Alderman Mangler has probably concluded by this time that the attempted bribery story is not such a good joke as he thought. A fine of $1000 and a ninety-day sentence deprives it of any humorous features.

Henry Labouchere of London Truth and member of parliament for Northampton is considered by the English investing public to be the greatest and most clear-sighted authority on American stocks and bonds.

The Saturday Herald tomorrow will contain numerous special features of great interest and, as usual, all the news. There is no Saturday or Sunday paper at the head of the lakes which equals it.

The Canadian customs authorities now charge a $30 tax on every bicycle entering that country. Visitors, however, can receive the $30 back when they take their bicycle out of the country.

The Smiths have achieved new fame. One of the family, Kate by name, a belle of Yonkers, N. Y., captured a sneak thief, stripped him of his plunder and turned him over to the police.

A Chicago woman, who was married ten years ago, has sued for divorce on the ground that she was hypnotized into matrimony. Perhaps some Svengali is hypnotizing her now.

The recent mortgage placed on its property by the Tammany society of New York was not a new debt, but was to retire the balance of old bonds issued many years ago.

Senator Mills of Texas is a wise man. He owns some petroleum oil land, but he refuses to have it developed for fear the Standard Oil company will ruin him.

If some one would discover gold on the isthmus of Panama, the canal would be speedily dug out.

A SUMMARY.

Summer girl;
Summer fan;
Summer hammock;
Summer man.

Summer love;
Summer blisses;
Summer joys;
Summer kisses.

Summer sighs;
Summer vows;
Summer lies;
Summer rows.

Summer passing;
Summer over;
Summer lass and
Summer lover.

Some ar happy;
Some are sad;
Some are sorry;
Some are glad;

Some are parted;
Some are wed;
Summer gone;
Summer dead.

Delavan, Wis., July 10, 1897. —Chicago Tribune.

THE LITTLE PEOPLE.

A dreary place would be the earth
Were there no little people in it.
The song of life would lose its mirth
Were there no children to begin it.

No little forms, like buds, to grow
And make the admiring heart surrender.
No little heads on breast and brow
To keep the thrilling love chords tender.

The sterner soul would grow more stern,
Unfeeling nature more inhuman.
And man to stole coldness turn,
And woman would be less than woman.

Life's song indeed would lose its charm
Were there no babies to begin it.
A doleful place this world would be
Were there no little people in it.

JOHN G. WHITTIER.

THEIR WIVES BARRED.

It is a strict rule with the big transAtlantic steamship companies that the wife of the captain shall not travel in his ship. The company strongly prohibits its captains from taking their wives aboard with them. The supposition is that if anything should happen to the ship the captain, instead of attending to his public duty, would devote his attention mainly to the safety of his wife.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

DOMESTIC IDYLS.

Detroit Journal: "How came you to marry at such an early age?"

"Oh, I was a motherless girl."

Brooklyn Life: "I do not see what she finds attractive about him."

"Why, there are a million reasons for her loving him."

"What are they?"

"Dollars."

Judge: Claude—If I kiss you will you call your father?

Maude—It won't be at all necessary for you to kiss the whole family.

Chicago Journal: Wife of his bosom—amus this morning, but was detained by box.

James—All ri', my dear, nothing there—paid your dressmaker's bill yesterday.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Bolson is certainly daft about that new baby of his."

"What has he done?"

"Why, we were all talking about the tariff at the office last Saturday, but Bolson only made one remark."

"What did he say?"

"He wanted to know if they had raised the duty on catnip tea."

Indianapolis Journal: "Oh," twittered the sweet girl, "I have just been reading that two is also an unlucky number, same as thirteen. I wonder if it is true?"

"Two is an unlucky number," said the hateful bachelor, "when it is made one."

Detroit Journal: Wifey—You came home very late last night.

Hubby—I looked at the clock when I came in and it was only 1.

Wifey—I didn't say you were full; I said you were late.

Detroit Free Press: "Mr. Davis wants to borrow the lawn mower."

"No, tell him we won't lend it, but if he wants exercise he can come over and cut our grass."

Chicago Post: "Can you swim?" asked the girl who had been at the beach before.

"Yes, indeed," replied the new arrival. "Well, you'd better pretend you can't or you'll miss all the fun of having some nice young man teach you."

CUPID AND MAMMON.

"Oh, hear my plea!" the lover cried,
"And, if you do not yield,
I'll pull my freight direct and straight
For Klondike's frozen field.
Mayhap in that bleak atmosphere
I'll perish with the cold,
Or yet I may come back some day
With barrels full of gold!"
"Go get the gold," she said, "and when
You've got it tackle me again."
—Denver Post.

Off For the Klondike.

You must wake and call me early,
Call me early, mother dear;
At a quarter after nine the ship
Is advertised to clear.

Eleven days I've stood it off
And tried to keep it down;
But I'll be goshed if I remain—
The only man in town.

My temperature is going up,
The fever's in my veins,
The gold cure is the thing I need;
I'll take it in large grains.

Quite long enough I've walked the hill
To save the cable fare;
Too long the grindstone's done its worst;
My nose won't stand the wear.

The frozen north is getting warm
With nuggets thick as flies,
A man now has a chance to win
A fortune ere he dies.

I've pan and shovel, lots of grub
Warm clothing, rubber boots,
So wake and call me early
When the Klondike steamer toots.
—Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

A Bachelor's Reflections.

New York Press: Every road is rough to the man with the stone bruise.

It's only in novels that women ever feel unworthy of their husbands.

When a girl who is in love with one man kisses another she looks over her shoulder.

Most of the men who are going up to Alaska to dig for gold want to get it for their wives to spend.

The hatred that a country woman gives the neighbors' chickens in a city woman is given to the janitor.

A man quarrels with a woman for the sake of making up again; a woman makes up with a man for the sake of quarreling again.

What Pease Thinks.

Anoka Union (Ind.): Today men are not noticed going around and bragging about being Republicans.

A Populist is one who thinks no one is right but himself.

Expect to pay higher prices under the new tariff bill, and you won't be disappointed.

President McKinley is trying to live up to the promises made by the Republican party, but he finds much opposition, and the task is a prodigious one.

Let the Republican diddlers in Minnesota play, and how correctly the Republican newspapers dance to their music. The Union has quit dancing for the present.

Better no editorial column at all, than to use the syndicate stuff now being sent from an Eastern city to Republican newspapers all over the land.

Most of the bad men seem to be in the Republican party, for just as soon as a man has been appointed to office, a protest is at once forwarded to Washington, telling what a wicked mean creature he is.

The Union believes that most of the credit in securing the appointment of Robert Whidden belongs to Senator Davis, rather than Page Morris.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, LUCAS COUNTY—SS.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.
(Seal.) A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

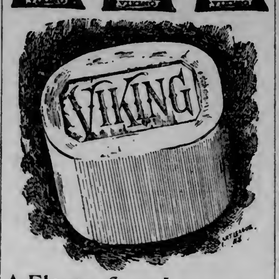
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Your choice of 200 pairs of Ladies' $3.00 and $3.50 Oxfords, only
$1.75.
PHILLIPS & CO.

Gronseth & Olsen Established 1887.
Cash Grocers. Telephone 292. 401-403 East Fourth St.





A Floury Soap Language.

Would you like some floury language; we can give it to you about the "Viking" Flour, the King of Flour. Oh! it is such good Flour, surprisingly good Flour. But then we want to mention our **"Nansen's" Whole Wheat Flour.** It's so good you know and so cheap. Soap is a thing we keep in large quantities. Our **"Viking," "Floating Viking" and "Viking King"** are winners in the **Households.** Viking is a 12-ounce bar. Competitors are trying to compete with a 10-ounce bar. A 25c **"Stack"** of "Viking" Soap outweighs any other Soap **"Stack"** of the same grade by 20 per cent. Then we keep Flour besides. **Excellent Flour. High in grade and low in price.** "Viking" is the Grocer's Picnic every day.

Saturday we offer:

"Viking" fancy patent flour, 98-lb	$2.25
"Viking Pride," 98-lb	$2.15
"Viking Pride," white rye, 49-lb	50
"Nansen's" entire wheat, 24½-lb	65
Ceylon Tea, 50c quality	38
Silver Leaf Lard, per lb	5
Lard is advancing rapidly.	
Boneless Ham, per lb	10
Winchester Brand, Cal. Ham	7½c
Best Pork, per lb	5c
Bacon, per lb	8c
Lamb Tongue, 30c cans	23c
Domestic Sardines, per can	3c
D. & G. Sardines, 20c cans	15c
Cooper & Co. Chocolate, per lb	25c
Ginger Snaps, F. A. K., per lb	5c
"Viking" Soap, 12-oz bar, 10 for	25c
"Viking King," 12-oz bar, 8 for	25c
"Floating Viking," 10-oz, 5 for	25c
Viking Baking Powder, per lb	40c
"Viking" Sublime Olive Oil, 40c bottle for	35c
Julian Renan Macaroni, 15c pkge	11c
Salmon Steak, 20c cans	14c
Mason Fruit Jars, pints, dozen	38c
Mason Fruit Jars, quarts, dozen	45c
Mason Fruit Jars, ½ gallon, dozen	57c
Blueing, pint bottles	4c
Eos, 5c package	3½c
Pearl Barley, 10 lbs for	25c
Daisy Creamery, 1-lb prints	17c
Fancy Prunes, per lb	5c
Ric Coffee, per lb	11c
Maiden Blush Appics, peck	18c
Fancy Crawford Peaches, box	95c

Gronseth & Olsen

TEXAS TRAIN WRECKERS.

Dallas, Tex., Aug. 13.—The northbound Katy train was wrecked this morning near Caddo Mills, Tex., by someone removing a fish plate and bending the rails. Every car but the rear sleeper was turned over. Messenger Rawlins was instantly killed. Several passengers were injured. The injured were taken to Greenville. A wrecking crew has reached the scene.

AMUSEMENTS.

MARKS BROS.' CO.
TURNER HALL.
TWO NIGHTS MORE AND SATURDAY MATINEE.
TONIGHT, "THE IRISH EMIGRANT"
Saturday Matinee and Night, 14.....East Lynne
$5 IN GOLD given for the best amateur specialty tomorrow night.
The audience to be the judges.

UNION RINK...
RELAY **BICYCLE RACE**
All this week—From 8:30 to 10:30 p. m.
Between the Crack Riders of Duluth and Superior.
THE CYCLE SENSATION OF THE SEASON.
Wheels checked at side entrance. Admission 25c. All seats free. MUSIC BY CITY BAND.

Ladies' Six-Day Bicycle Race
—AT THE—
Union Rink
All next week, commencing **MONDAY, Aug. 16th.** Racing from 8 to 10 o'clock each evening, with good music in attendance.
$400--IN PRIZES--$400
....AND THE....
12-Hour Championship of the World.
FAMOUS FEMALE RIDERS.. HARP, FIERING, DREHMEL, BROOKS, PETERSON, and Duluth's Favorite, BABE WELLINGTON.
Holders of the World's Record. Admission—25c

STACK & CO.
Square and Fair dealing to all who visit our store. We sell goods cheaper than any other house in city.
28 and 30 West Superior Street.

GREAT HOUSE-FURNISHING SALE!
Tomorrow will be of Special Interest to housekeepers here. We will sell you more goods for your money than ever it was your good fortune to get before. Every item is incomparable, all goods taken back at what they cost if not as represented. Come as early as possible.

Granite-ware Sale.....
12 dozen 10-quart Water Pails, regular price 75c, at **25c**
2 gross Granite Tea and and Coffee Pots, worth from 48c to 98c; your choice at **25c**
1 gross Granite Drinking Cups, special tomorrow **5c**
½ gross Bread Pans, worth 35c each, at **12c**
6 dozen Granite Dinner Pails, worth 18c, now **5c**
12 dozen Granite Match Safes, nice for the kitchen all day tomorrow each **5c**
20 dozen Granite Basting Spoons, worth 15c, at **5c**
3 dozen Granite Chamber Pails, regular price $1.25, at **69c**
THE FAIR.

Tinware Specials.
5 gross 1-pint Cups at **1c**
6 doz 1-pint Coffee Flasks at **3c**
12 gross assort'd fancy cake and doughnut cutters, worth 5c each, at **1c**
12 doz. 1-quart Funnels at **2c**
3 doz. Rice Boilers at **19c**
6 doz 1-qt. Boiled Milk Kettles at **1c**
1 doz. No. 8 Coffee Boilers, worth 48c, at **25c**
3 doz Refrigerator Pans at **21c**
Your choice of 6 doz. 012, 014, 016, 018 Sauce Pans, worth from 10c to 18c, at **5c**
12 doz. 2-quart Dairy Pans at **2c**
12 doz. 3-quart Dairy Pans at **3c**
12 doz. 4-quart Dairy Pans at **4c**
6 doz. plain Rinsing Pans **5c**
25-lb Flour Barrels at **35c**
THE FAIR.

Miscellaneous Bargains
24 Iron Frame Wringers, **$1.10**
12 Wood Frame Wringers, **$1.19**
5 gross Plate Handles; you know what others ask for them; each at **5c**
1 gross genuine Dover Egg Beaters, worth 15c, tomorrow, **7c**
1 gross Reflector Lamps, complete, at **25c**
Others ask double for them.
12 dozen Bowl Handled Strainers, **2c**
24 doz Liver Broilers at **5c**
10 doz Feather Dusters, slightly imperfect, regular 25c size, tomorrow at **10c**
3 gross Leatherette Lunch Boxes, worth 15c, 17c and 19c; choice, **10c**
2,000 packages Toilet Paper at **3c**
3 gross Vegetable Brushes, each, **2c**
THE FAIR.

Boys' $2.50 Tan shoes, all sizes,
$1.60.
PHILLIPS & CO.

A THEATER ATTACHED.

Saratoga, N. Y., Aug. 13.—The Edisonia theater conducted here by John W. W. Ferno, of St. Louis, has been attached and closed by the sheriff.

A DAY OF PLEASURE
VIA THE PICTURESQUE
B & O
RAILROAD, AND
CLEVELAND & BUFFALO TRANSIT COMPANY'S MAGNIFICENT LINE OF STEAMERS TO THE
GRAND ARMY
ENCAMPMENT AT BUFFALO, N. Y.
AUGUST 21, 22 AND 23.
May be Extended to September 20.
Niagara Falls Forty Minutes Away.
ROUND **$10.50** TRIP
The Superb Rail and Water Route
Full particulars at City Ticket Office
193 CLARK STREET,
B. N. AUSTIN, G. P. A., Chicago. W. W. PICKING, C. P. A., Chicago.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Charles J. Fredrikson and Clara M. Fredrikson, his wife, mortgagors, to A. D. Morse, mortgagee, bearing date the 10th day of March, 1893, and with a power of sale contained therein, which said mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for said St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 17th day of March, 1893, at 8:30 o'clock a. m. in Book 125 of mortgages, on page 40, and

Whereas, payment of said note and mortgage was at the maturity thereof, for value, extended for a term of two (2) years, interest to be paid thereon semi-annually, at the same rate, according to the terms of six interest coupons attached to said mortgage note and.

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the semi-annual installment of interest due thereon on the 10th day of March, 1897, amounting to the sum of fifty-six dollars ($56.00), and whereas said mortgage contains a covenant that if default shall be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained and such default shall continue for the space of ten days, then it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee to consider the whole sum secured by said mortgage as immediately due and payable, and, whereas, the aforesaid default has continued for a space of over ten days, the said mortgagee hereby elects to and does consider and declare the whole sum secured by said mortgage to be due and payable, and,

Whereas, there is claimed and declared to be due and there is actually due on said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of $1635.00, principal and interest and $75.00 attorney's fees, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure thereof and, no action at law, or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by the said mortgage.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, which has become operative by reason of such default, election and notice above mentioned and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the said mortgaged premises, situate in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: That part of lots fifteen (15) and sixteen (16), block sixty-two (62), Portland Division of Duluth according to the recorded plat thereof which lies between two straight lines parallel with the northerly line of said lots, one being distant one hundred and five (105) feet and the other being distant one hundred and forty (140) feet from the said northerly line of said lots, intending hereby to convey the southerly thirty-five (35) feet of said lots, which said premises with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said mortgage debt and $75.00 attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; which said sale will be made by the sheriff of St. Louis County at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 21st day of August, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 8th, 1897.
A. D. MORSE, Mortgagee.
JAMES A. HANKS, Attorney for Mortgagee, Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, July-9-16-23-30-Aug-6-13.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixteen hundred three and 60-100 dollars, which amount is claimed to be due and is due, owing and unpaid at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage containing a power of sale duly made and delivered by Sivert Loroos (widower) mortgagor, to Duluth Loan, Deposit and Trust Company of county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, mortgagee, bearing date the 9th day of June, 1892, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 10th day of June, 1892, at 2:20 o'clock p. m., in Book 103 of mortgages on page 41; which mortgage and mortgage debt were duly assigned by said Duluth Loan, Deposit and Trust Company to Stella F. Jewell, who is now the owner and holder thereof, by written instrument bearing date June 29th, 1892, and duly recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 9th day of July, 1892, at 8 o'clock a. m., in Book 97 of mortgages, on page 216.

And whereas, no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: Lot numbered fifty-seven (57), in block numbered eighty-three (83), Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plats thereof, which premises, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Saturday, the fourth day of September, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, together with fifty dollars attorneys' fee, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as by law provided.

Dated July 23, 1897.
STELLA F. JEWELL, Assignee of Mortgagee.
RICHARDSON & DAY, Attorneys for said Assignee of Mortgage, Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, July 23-30-Aug-6-13-20-27.

New Fall Goods

Coming in and force a quick selling of all summer wares now in stock—a loss to us, but a gain to you. Here're BARGAINS for TOMORROW in just such things as you need right now.

Children's Hats In pretty Colored Dimities and Muslins, with lace trimmings; about 50 of them divided into two lots ---------- **25c and 50c**

Misses' Leghorn Hats.

A very fine quality, with braid edge, cheap at 85c, but to close them out they'll sell tomorrow at---------- **50c**

Corsets "C. P." French Corsets, known the world over and sold for $2.00 and $2.25. We're closing out the line and have made the price---------- **$1.50**

Also Dr. Warner's Corset Waists, worth $1 and $1.25. To close them out quick will sell at---------- **50c**

Shirt Waists! **50c**

All our finest ones divided into two lots. We don't want to carry one over, so we've made the 75c, $1.00 and $1.25 ones 50c, and those from $1.50 to $3.00 (all our very best styles) in another lot to sell for $1.00. You had better get into the deal quick before the best ones are all picked out ---------- $1.00

Tailor-Made Suits.

Both for Ladies and Misses, to make them move out quick we have cut the former prices right in two.

New Fall Skirts.

A line of black ones came in this morning and they are beauties, we we have marked them very cheap to sell quickly at—

$1.85, $2.35 and $3.50

The best lined and the best hanging Skirts which we've ever seen for the money.

Parasols: The balance of our fancy Silk and Chiffon ones, in fact all of our Novelty Parasols to close out. **Half the former price.**

Kid Gloves: A great bargain. Our $1.50 and $1.75 best French Kid in hook, clasp or button for---------- **98c**

The best value in a Kid Glove ever offered. Better buy them now. You'll never buy a good glove so cheap again.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

A PERFECT NIGHT.

Yesterday Brought One of the Record Breakers.

Last night will go on record as one of the perfect nights of the season—with a 3-ply accent on "the." The moon, at the full, hung like a great gem set against a background of turquoise picked out with little diamonds. The lake seemed as if overspread with a carpet of shining silver such as was spread for the feet of the kings and queens whose history is written in the fairy tales of the East.

All Duluth was out of doors, and the strangers within her gates who had fled from the sizzling pavements and heat-pulsating air of the cities of the South lifted up their voices and said verily the land is good. The cares of business were forgotten and by the silver watters under the sighing pines, the children of men sported as in the days of the golden age, before such things as taxes and per cent had been devised by man wherewith to vex his soul and crease his brow with care.

Along the shore of Minnesota Point flashing bonfires gleamed, beacons of merry groups of revelers. London road, the paradise of cyclists was ablaze with shifting lights, the scene resembling the midsummer night's fantastic parade of the fairies. If the fairies in the olden days did not haunt this bit of shore on moonlit nights it would indicate a great lack of judgment in making locations.

The shore of the lake down Lakeside and Lester Park way resounded with the merriment of impromptu picnic parties that had been tempted forth by the perfect night to take their suppers by the water side. At intervals were heard that note that runs through all nature, the note of coming change when the golden hours of the present shall be but a memory. The prophets that told the story were the autumn-heralding insects, which early hear the coming season's footsteps, and proclaim its approach, the voices of these soldiers warning that the most must be made of the present hours as they are passing.

THE FORESTERS RETURN.

Failed to Elect N. B. Morrison But Enjoyed Themselves.

The Duluth delegation to the grand lodge of the Independent Order of Foresters returned last night with the exception of two or three members. Though defeated in the contest for the office of high chief ranger, N. B. Morrison, their candidate, receiving but about one-third of the votes cast, they are not discouraged and are hopeful of winning out next time. Mr. Morrison had besides the fifteen votes of the Duluth delegation as many more from other points in the northern part of the state and some from the Twin Cities. The combination had the whip-row, however, and its candidate, O. H. O'Neill, an attorney of St. Paul, received 65 of the 35 votes cast.

The delegates had a good time and cannot say too much in praise of the manner in which they were entertained by the Winona people. The Duluth delegation received special mention in the Winona Herald as an exceptionally fine body of representative men.

Hood's Pills

Best to take after dinner; prevent distress, aid digestion, cure constipation. Purely vegetable; do not gripe or cause pain. Sold by all druggists. 25 cents. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

PRICES ARE STIFFENING.

Soft Coal Is Showing the Effect of the Strike.

Prices on soft coal at the head of the lakes are stiffening greatly, a direct result of the coal strike. The "card" price—that is, the established scale—is not being cut at all and the tendency is upward. One of the unusual features just now, according to a coal man, is that shippers are not contracting for large lots of coal at present price. They will take car orders and others of reasonable size, but when it comes to big contracts instead of shaving the card price as might be expected in such cases, they are really stiffening it and do not seem to care to take them. One of the coal men said yesterday that he would not be surprised if the strike keeps up to see soft coal go to $3 or $4 a ton here this fall. This is probably the reason companies are not anxious to sell large lots at present prices.

The railroads are beginning to fear a shortage of coal and lately have been shipping large lots of soft coal out of here. During the month of July there was shipped from the head of the lakes 7409 cars of coal. In June the number was 5393, an increase for July of nearly 2000 cars. The Milwaukee road has been shipping out a large amount lately. The movement of the crop will begin very soon and it will not do for the roads to run short while that is under way.

Coal for threshing purposes is also going to the West and Southwest at quite a lively rate. Threshing will begin very soon and a fairly large amount of coal is always consumed in this way.

There is little or no movement in anthracite coal, but this is not unusual or unexpected as there is never very much doing at this time of the year.

The stocks of coal on the docks are about the same as they usually are at this time of the year. Should the strike, however, continue much longer they will begin to deplete.

Handsome Animals.

Professor Gentry's superb company of performing dogs and ponies are to exhibit in this city under a thoroughly water-proof tent on Fourth avenue west and First street four nights, beginning Wednesday, Aug. 18, with a matinee Saturday.

Professor Gentry easily has the best show of its kind in the world. The 100 handsome dogs and ponies in the company are said to surpass anything ever seen in that line before. The sixty-five dogs in the collection, it is said, are worth some $16,000; this is a good sum when a person realizes that they are only dogs. This exhibition will be thoroughly worth attending, and all the little folks will probably be on hand. The prices of admission are: Children, 10 cents; adults, 20 cents.

Craggencroft Class For Boys.

The Rev. Mr. Duncan would like to secure twelve boys for classical training. These he would teach almost exclusively himself; certainly so in English and mathematics and the classics. The large experience of Mr. Duncan in preparing boys for college leads him to assure parents of good results in this direction.

STEAMER EDNA

Can be chartered for afternoon on evening parties at $1 per hour.

H. W. FARRINGTON, Master and Manager.

Pine lands tributary to Duluth wanted. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows block.

REVIVAL IS LIKELY

Next Year Almost Sure to See a Renewed Interest In Rowing.

PLANS NOW FORMING

Duluth's Eight Figuring on Going to the National Regatta.

Rowing in the Minnesota and Winnipeg Rowing association this year reached its lowest ebb, and the interest taken and the the amount done, with the exception of the work of the Winnipeg men at Henley, was the lightest in years. From all appearances there will be a reaction next season and everything pertaining to rowing in this section will take on new life. For one thing Duluth took the smallest part in rowing that she has taken since she became a part of the association. So small a part did she take that Duluth had no representatives at the Minnetonka regatta, and as a consequence the standing of the club in the association is imperilled. That may easily be remedied, however, and it is pretty nearly a sure thing that next year Duluth will react so far from this year's quietness that she will take a larger part in rowing than she has ever taken before.

The members of the club are now figuring on going to the national regatta next year, and it is very likely that their plans will develop into something long before the time comes that will land them at the regatta with a strong team of men. The members of the eight are working somewhat independently, although they will, of course, get the support of the club as well as its assistance, and if the plan goes through, and there is little reason to doubt that it will, the credit of it will rest largely on the men themselves. They are planning to get their vacations all at the same time next year so as to arrange it to get off for the national regatta without difficulty. If necessary, they will pay part of their own expenses and they have figured out that the trip will not be an expensive one.

In addition to this it is hoped that the club will be well represented at the Minnetonka regatta. The great fault with the attendance at Minnetonka in the past has been that there has been a lack of material. There has always been enough to make up the crews, but there has been no such scrambling for places as there is in many other places where the candidates outnumber the places several times over. Here, after the crews are picked, if one or two fall out for any reason, the crew is in danger of breaking up. To avoid this difficulty in the future it is the intention of the club to interest new men in rowing and to train up some of the raw material in town so that the selection will be larger.

Duluth is not the only place where a revival in interest is likely. The Lurlines, of Minneapolis, who have been moribund for several years, have taken a new lease of life and it is very likely that the figure they will cut next year will be a much larger one than it has been for several years past. As an indication of this it may be mentioned that the Lurlines are planning a club regatta to take place on Lake Calhoun Aug. 28. The Lurlines are much encouraged by the fact that their men won a senior double race at Minnetonka last week, and of the revival of interest attendant upon that fact the Minneapolis Journal says:

"The winning of the senior double race at Lake Minnetonka last Saturday by the Lurline team, Christian and Louden, has done a good deal to revive rowing in this city. All the old-time members of the club who were out on the lake when these youngsters won their race, felt that they would like nothing better than to re-enter active service, and that in default of that, to do everything in their power towards putting the good old light blue back where she used to be.

"It is safe to assert that as a result of the victory, which all things considered was a particularly creditable one, there will be a great many more men working in the boats from this on to the end of the season, than there have been up to date. There is a greater demand for the working boats than there was a week ago, and if the same interest had been shown earlier in the season the Lurlines might have pulled out a four-oared race. With as good a crew as this club had on the water last year the junior four-oared event would have been won with comparative ease."

Winnipeg and the Minnesota club, of St. Paul, have so far been sufficiently alive, and it is considered likely that they will remain so. Rat Portage, however, is a club that is very likely to make a better showing next year than it has ever made before. Jake Gaudaur, the well known oarsman, has offered to train the Rat Portage men, and as he has donated his services there is not the slightest probability that they will not be accepted. This will make a big difference with the Rat Portage men. In previous years the club has sent men that were marvels as far as wind and power are concerned and the only thing they lacked was form. Gaudaur is able to give them this, and with his aid they will become formidable rivals.

"Blow winds and crack your cheeks! Rage! Blow!

—King Lear. Act III. Scene 2.

Pond's Extract Ointment will soon heal the cracks.

ECZEMA

Most Torturing, Disfiguring, Humiliating

Of itching, burning, bleeding, scaly skin and scalp humors is instantly relieved by a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, a single application of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure, and a full dose of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, greatest of blood purifiers and humor cures.

Cuticura

REMEDIES speedily, permanently, and economically cure, when all else fails.

POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. "How to Cure Every Skin and Blood Humor," free.

PIMPLY FACES Purified and Beautified by CUTICURA SOAP.

WE OFFER FOR TOMORROW THE STRONGEST AND BIGGEST BARGAINS EVER OFFERED IN DULUTH.

Slashing prices on Tinw're

Flour Sieves, with crank and back handle, well made, worth 15c. Saturday, each ---------- **6c**

2-quart, oblong-shaped Dinner Pail, worth 25c. Saturday, each ---------- **14c**

Heavy Tin Dishpan, worth 15c. Saturday, each ---------- **7c**

SLASHING PRICES ON CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE.

10-inch Imitation Cut Glass Flower Vases, worth 25c—Saturday, each ---------- **9c**

2-quart Glass Water Pitchers, worth 20c—Saturday, each ---------- **9c**

25 dozen 8-inch Glass Berry Bowls, worth 15c—Saturday, each ---------- **7c**

75 dozen Glass Sauce Dishes, worth 5c each—Saturday, each ---------- **1c**

Slashing Prices on Notions

8-inch Rubber Dressing Combs worth 8c each, Saturday ---------- **3c**

Children's India Rubber Round Combs, worth 7c each, Saturday ---------- **3c**

Linen Thread, 100-yard spools, always sold at 4c, Saturday, per spool ---------- **2c**

Box Hair Pins, 80 assorted pins in box, sold all over at 5c a box, Saturday ---------- **3c**

PRICES ALWAYS THE LOWEST. HIGHEST AND BEST QUALITIES. HONEST, LEGITIMATE VALUES.

3-quart copper-bottom, heavy Tin Coffee Pot, worth 20c. Saturday, each ---------- **10c**

No. 8 copper rim, heavy tin, copper bottom Teakettles, worth 50c. Saturday, each ---------- **33c**

Japanned Tin Cuspidors, assorted colors, worth 10c. Saturday, each ---------- **5c**

Plain White Ironstone China Slop Jars with bailed handle, worth $1.50, Saturday **65c**

Flower Pots and Saucers, size 7½x7½, worth 12c—Saturday, only—each ---------- **6c**

100-piece English Dinner Sets, worth $8.00 per set—only ---------- **$4.95**

Knitting Silk, the 5c kind, on sale Saturday at, per spool ---------- **3c**

Swan Bill Hooks and Eyes, black and white, per card ---------- **1c**

Stay Binding, all widths, black and white, each ---------- **1c**

Velveteen Skirt Binding, sold all over at 5c a yard, Saturday's special ---------- **3c**

DULUTH'S GREAT BARGAIN CENTER.

One Cent Store

109 West Superior St. S. GOLDBERG & CO.

DULUTH'S GREAT BARGAIN CENTER.

HOMESTEAD DENIED.

E. P. Emerson Has No Right to One In the Spalding Hotel.

The supreme court has decided once more the well known case of E. P. Emerson and his claim to a homestead right in the Spalding hotel, of which he was proprietor at the time he became insolvent. Soon after the insolvency proceedings began, Emerson successfully defended an attempt to oust him from his quarters in the Spalding house, claiming a homestead right in the rooms he was occupying. The trial court and the appellate court both decided in his favor. In the case which the supreme court has just decided the Spalding Hotel company, the lessors of the hotel, sought to restrain the receiver from allowing Emerson to occupy the rooms as his homestead, and the court holds that the restraining order should be granted on the ground that the lease contained the provision that the premises should be held for hotel purposes exclusively. The syllabus is as follows:

First. The purpose for which property is leased must be observed. To accept a lease of premises for a certain purpose amounts to a covenant on the part of the lessee that he will so use them.

Second. Where a lease does not contain an express or formal covenant that the premises shall be used for a certain purpose, with a forfeiture clause in case of a breach, but does contain language and stipulations equivalent to such a covenant, the lessor may, by injunction, prevent the lessee or those claiming or holding under him, or acting by his authority, from converting the demised premises or a part thereof to uses inconsistent with the terms of the contract.

Third. Defendant E entered into a lease with plaintiffs, whereby E became a tenant for years of certain hotel property. E, while operating the hotel under this lease, used and occupied certain rooms in the building for family purposes. He then became insolvent, and under the insolvency laws of the state a receiver of his estate was duly appointed. This receiver took possession of the hotel property and by order of the court continued to operate the same as a hotel. In proceedings instituted to oust E from his rooms, so used and occupied, it was held, in re-Emerson's Homestead, 58 Minn., 450, that the rooms constituted his homestead and that as against the receiver he was entitled to possession. Held, in an action brought by the lessor to restrain E from continuing to occupy and use the rooms as his private residence, and, also, to refrain the receiver from permitting E to use the same rooms, that, although there was no express or formal covenant in the lease with respect to the purpose for which the premises were demised, certain language and stipulations therein contained amounted and were equivalent, when considering the lessors rights in this action, to an express and formal covenant that the premises should be used for hotel purposes exclusively.

Fourth. Held, that the complaint herein states a cause of action as against E and the receiver of his estate for an injunction as therein demanded.

WILL SHE HAVE A DUENNA?

Question Which "Shorty" Wirtensohn Is Requested to Answer.

The announcement is made that the female riders are coming to Duluth again and with them will come "Babe" Wellington. This "Babe" is the same one who was here before and in this connection there comes to mind the Minneapolis Journal's interview with "Shorty" Wirtensohn, "Babe's" trainer, in which the facetious "Shorty" told of what a terrible time he had while in Duluth to keep the Johnnies away from his "Babe." He declared that if he ever brought her here again he would bring a Spanish duenna or she-dragon of some kind to stand guard over the dear girl. He felt that the responsibility was too great for him to assume unassisted. "Babe" is a fairly good-looking young girl with flaxen hair which she allows to stream out behind in a coquettish manner as she rides, but "Shorty" rather laid himself open to the suspicion at the time that he was getting some good advertising for his protege, the "Babe."

In all the advertising which has so far been done, no hint is given as to how the fair "Babe" is to be protected upon her coming visit to Duluth; nor is it stated whether "Shorty" Wirtensohn will be here with her or not; or whether she will be accompanied by the duenna. All information of this sort has been withheld and it is therefore reasonably certain that "Shorty" no longer has the fair "Babe" in tow. This, if true, will undoubtedly be hailed with great glee by the Johnnies and they will prepare to buy out the florist's stock.

But if "Shorty" is to come with "Babe," let him wire at once as to whether he will bring the duenna.

DISAGREES WITH HIM.

Louis Rouchleau Takes a Different View From C. M. Boss.

Louis Rouchleau, who, perhaps, has as good a right to feel that the outlook for independent iron mine owners is anything but rosy, takes issue with the pessimistic ideas advanced by C. M. Boss in an interview in The Evening Herald several days ago. Mr. Rouchleau returned from the East a few days ago and like all other Eastern travelers heard everybody talking about the good times that were coming. He said that while prosperity had not yet become visible to him that he believed it was surely near at hand as it was engaged in distributing its favors among other industries it would not discriminate against iron miners and mine owners.

"The immense output of iron ore this year must create a demand for iron properties," said he. "I do not look for a return of high prices for iron ore, but I do expect that the low cost of mining will greatly increase the demand for it by widening the market and enabling American manufacturers to send their goods to all parts of the globe. If as has been stated there were enough mines in operation to more than supply the expected demand such concerns as the Consolidated would not be engaged in developing new properties, especially when they already have mines opened up that are not being operated to anywhere near their full capacity. I cannot believe with Mr. Boss that a general revival of business will not be perceptible to independent mine owners on the Minnesota ranges."

SIX THOUSAND TONS DAILY.

Duluth, Superior & Western Road Hauling That Much Ore.

The Duluth, Superior & Western road is now hauling an average of 6000 gross tons of iron ore to the docks on Allouez bay daily. Most of this comes from the Mahoning mine, although the Penobscot at Hibbing, the property of Eddy Bros., has began shipping in a small way. The ore cars on this road are considerably larger than those on either the Missabe or Iron Range, each having a capacity of about twenty-eight and one-half gross tons, while the cars on the other lines carry only twenty-five tons.

D. M. Philbin, general superintendent, says that while the shipments over his road are larger this year than ever before and steadily increasing, that he does not expect them to ever equal those of the other lines, for the reason that they have their own mines and when the demand for ore is light they keep their shipments up by stocking up the docks on the lower lakes and waiting for an opportunity to sell it.

COMMITTEES ARE NAMED.

President Hugo Announces Them For the School Board.

At the adjourned meeting of the school board President Hugo announced his committees as follows:

Executive—T. W. Hugo, J. J. Le Tourneau and S. T. Harrison.

Buildings and grounds—E. R. Cobb, J. O. Milne and A. R. Merritt.

Finance and accounts—F. C. Bowman, J. R. Brearley and W. H. Salter.

Schools and teachers—S. T. Harrison, A. R. Merritt and J. J. LeTourneau.

Property and supplies—J. O. Milne, F. C. Bowman and J. R. Brearley.

Fuel and janitors—J. R. Brearley, S. T. Harrison and F. C. Bowman.

High school and course of study—W. H. Salter, J. J. LeTourneau and E. R. Cobb.

Text books—J. J. LeTourneau, W. H. Salter and S. T. Harrison.

Special instruction—A. R. Merritt, E. R. Cobb and J. O. Milne.

The first named on each committee will act as chairman. Four weeks were cut off the school year, in accordance with the resolution passed by the old board. The year will begin Sept. 20, two weeks later than usual, and will close three weeks earlier in the spring. The extra week will be taken out of the Christmas holidays, which will last one week instead of two. The salary of Treasurer LeTourneau was left at $200, the same figure that has been paid in the past. It was suggested that the salary of Clerk Cobb be fixed at $65 per month, but the vote was a tie, and as Mr. Cobb refused to cast the deciding vote the salary remained at its present figure of $16 per month. It was formerly $2000 per year. The duty of filling the vacancies caused by several resignations from the staff of teachers was referred to the committee on schools and teachers. The board adjourned to meet Aug. 21.

Smoke X Ray Cigar.

Best home made union 5c cigar.

Boys' $1.75 Tan Shoes, only

$1.20.

PHILLIPS & CO.

The Relay Race.

There was another good crowd at the relay race last night, and the interest was even livelier than it has been before. At the close Duluth still led, but the lead is not so large that it cannot be wiped out in a single night of hard riding. During the race Bert Erickson met with a slight accident and his place was taken by C. B. Benson, who did some fast riding. Several falls were experienced, but none of them were serious. The scores at the close were as follows: Duluth 342 miles 3 laps; Superior, 337 miles 4 laps. The score for last night was: Duluth, 89 miles 14 laps; Superior, 84 miles 5 laps.

Medical Society Meeting.

The St. Louis County Medical association held its regular monthly meeting at the Spalding last evening. Dr. Boyer read the paper of the evening, the subject being "Modern Treatment of Fractures." A general discussion followed. The subject of constant practice was debated, but no action was taken. The question will come up for final disposition at the next regular meeting, which will be held on the second Thursday in September.

Have you thought about the style of your new hat yet? Think of the Gordon hat. Out Aug. 15.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of that certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by William Meinhardt and Emilie Meinhardt, his wife, mortgagors, to Maria H. Stewart, mortgagee, bearing date the 8th day of June, A. D. 1885, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds, in and for the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, on the 16th day of June, A. D. 1886, at four o'clock p. m., in Book 106 of mortgages on page 37, which default has continued to the date of this notice, by the failure and neglect of said mortgagors to make the payment of the sum of one hundred dollars ($100) semi-annual interest due on said mortgage, on the 8th day of June, A. D. 1895, and of the further failure to pay all the subsequent semi-annual interest due on the 8th days of December and June of each and every year, except the one hundred dollars ($100) semi-annual interest, which was due on the 8th day of December, 1896, and there being due and unpaid at the date of this notice, the interest coupons which were due on the 8th days of June and December, 1895, and on the 8th days of June, 1896 and 1897, making in all the sum of four hundred dollars ($400) of semi-annual interest, and interest on said coupon notes and each of them at the rate of 8 per cent per annum after their maturity, making in all the sum of four hundred forty and 48-100 dollars ($440.48) of unpaid interest on said coupons.

And whereas, by reason of the aforesaid defaults, the said mortgagee and holder of said mortgage has elected and hereby does elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars ($2500) principal, with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from the 8th day of December, 1894, as evidenced by the coupon notes aforesaid, making in all due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of two thousand nine hundred sixty-nine and 36-100 dollars ($2969.36) of principal and interest; and whereas the power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: All those tracts or parcels of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lots one (1) and two (2), in block twenty-three (23), in the Portland Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the eleventh day of September, 1897, at ten o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 30th, A. D. 1897.

MARIA H. STEWART, Mortgagee.

AGATIN, DAVIDSON & CAREY, Attorneys for Mortgagee.

Duluth Evening Herald, July-30-Aug-6-13-20-27-Sept-3

BIDS.

Auditor's Office, St. Louis County, Duluth, Minn., August 11th, 1897.

Sealed proposals will be received at the county auditor's office up to twelve o'clock noon, of Tuesday, September 7th, 1897, for furnishing suitles of office rooms for the following named county offices:

County attorney, two rooms.
County surveyor, two rooms.
County superintendent of poor, two rooms.
County physician, two rooms.

Such proposals to be in writing specifying location and numbers of the respective office rooms, manner of heating and lighting same and shortest and longest terms for which same may be rented at prices named in the proposals.

The envelope containing the proposals should be endorsed "proposals for office rent.

O. HALDEN, County Auditor.

Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-12-13-14.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made and delivered by John E. Roos and Gustaf Meden (both single), Mortgagors, to Charles T. Taylor, Mortgagee, which said mortgage was dated January 5th, 1893, and was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on January 20th, 1893, at eight (8) o'clock A. M. in Book one hundred three (103) of mortgages on page two hundred ninety-nine (299), and was again duly recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on February 21st, 1893, at nine forty (9:40) o'clock A. M., in Book one hundred twenty-five (125) of mortgages on page six (6). Said mortgage was thereafter duly assigned by said Charles T. Taylor to Mary E. Bolles by an instrument in writing dated February 17th, 1893, and duly recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on February 20th, 1895, at nine forty (9:40) o'clock A. M., in Book one hundred seven (107) of mortgages on page fifteen (15).

The default aforesaid consists in the non-payment of the sum of six hundred (600.00) Dollars, the amount of the debt secured by said mortgage which became due by the terms thereof on the 1st day of January, 1896, and of the interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from the 1st day of April, 1897.

There is claimed to be due and there is actually due at the date of this notice upon the debt secured by said mortgage the sum of six hundred and sixteen and 95-100 (616.95) Dollars, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover said mortgage debt or any part thereof.

NOW, THEREFORE, Notice is hereby given, that under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage which has become operative by reason of the aforesaid defaults and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and thereby mortgaged, viz:—

All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The westerly half (w½) of lot fifty-six (56), block one hundred and twenty (120), Duluth Proper, Third Division, as shown by the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said county of St. Louis, State of Minnesota, which said premises with the hereditaments and appurtenances will be sold at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, to pay said mortgage debt and interest and taxes (if any) on said premises and the sum of fifty (50.00) Dollars Attorneys' fees stipulated for in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure hereof and the disbursements allowed by law, by the Sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Duluth, in said County and State, on Saturday, the 18th day of September, 1897, at ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon of that day subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated August 6th, 1897.

MARY E. BOLLES, Assignee of Mortgagee.

TOWNE & MERCHANT, Attorneys for Assignee of Mortgagee, 103-105 Duluth Trust Co. Bldg., Duluth, Minnesota.

Duluth Evening Herald. Aug-6-13-20-27-Sept-3-10-17, 1897.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.—

In District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of the Manufacturers' Bank of West Duluth, insolvent:

Whereas, the above named court did on the fifth day of August, 1897, duly make and enter its order requiring that the receiver of said insolvent estate advertise for bids from the various creditors of said estate, stating what amount of their respective claims against said estate they would be willing to turn out in consideration of a conveyance of said premises belonging to said estate, described as follows, to-wit: The west half of the northwest quarter of section twenty-one (21), township forty-nine (49) north, of range fifteen (15) west, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, containing eighty acres.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that in accordance with said order, the creditors of said estate are requested to make their respective bids to the undersigned stating therein what amount of their respective claims against said estate they will turn out in consideration for a transfer of said premises. Said bids will be received by the undersigned at his office at West Duluth, in said county and state, not later than the 31st day of August, 1897, said bids to be in writing, duly signed and sealed.

Dated Duluth, Minnesota, August 11, 1897.

C. E. PEASLEE, Receiver of the Manufacturers' Bank of West Duluth, Insolvent.

Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-12-13-14.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, July 30th, 1897.

In the matter of the estate of Andrew P. Nyman, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Sven Jernberg, administrator of the estate of Andrew P. Nyman, deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court on Monday, the 23rd day of August, A. D. 1897, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office in Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 30th day of July, A. D. 1897.

By the Court, PHINEAS AYER, Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)

Duluth Evening Herald, July-30-Aug-6-13.

CLAIMS ALLOWED

Chicago Banks Not Required to Release Their Marinette Works Bonds.

HAVE LARGE CLAIMS

Decision Also Made In the Tower & Soudan Street Railway Case.

Judge Cant this morning filed his findings in the matter of the appeals of the Bankers' National bank, of Chicago, and the First National bank of Chicago from the disallowance of their claims by the receiver of the Marinette iron works. The cases both involved the same question. Both had sums due them from the company on notes, and both had first mortgage bonds of the company to secure the notes. The receiver refused to allow them to participate in the division of the assets unless they gave up their collateral for cancellation. Judge Cant finds against the receiver, and decides that the banks should be allowed to participate in the estate without giving up the bonds. The Bankers' National bank has coming from the estate $14,667.31, secured by first mortgage bonds to the amount of $25,000, and the First National bank of Chicago is allowed a claim of $52,-495.25, its claim being secured by bonds amounting to $70,000.

Judge Cant this morning filed his findings in the bond foreclosure case of the American Loan and Trust company against the Tower & Soudan Railway company. The defendant when it was in existence issued bonds to the amount of $25,000 secured by a first lien on the road. Judge Cant finds that the mortgage is in default and that the plaintiff is entitled to whatever is left of the road and its property to satisfy its claim on the bonds. He finds also that the only thing there is left is $2827.14, now in the bank at Tower, representing the proceeds of the estate turned into money. He awards that sum to the plaintiff to apply on the payment of $37,291.77 he finds to be due on the bonds.

THE GROCERS' PICNIC.

Commission Men Won Out Easily In the Ball Game.

The grocers had a great time at Lester Park yesterday, and the fourth annual picnic of the Association stands at the front so far as the pressure of fun to the square inch is concerned. The perfect weather brought out a crowd and it is estimated that fully 2500 people were on the grounds during the day. As the saying is the more the merrier, preeminently holds good at a picnic, the large attendance contributing in no small measure to the success of the affair.

There was no program of sports, aside from a baseball game between nines from the commission men and the grocers. The commission men "didn't do a thing" to the grocers, the score standing 14 to 4 in favor of the former at the end of the fifth inning. A feature of the game was the home run made by Frank Sleeper of the commission men. He was no sleeper on the bases, he beat the ball to second, and then second to home and all that could be seen as he passed along were little puffs of dust at wide intervals when he touched the ground. A boy followed him around to pick up what he shed in his flight, collecting a tooth brush and two suspender buttons, a pocket corkscrew, an old copper cent, four modern pennies and a square piece of chalk with a green paper wrapper and a deep indentation on one side. The latter article the grocers were unable to identify but Alderman Crasweller, who had dropped in for a few minutes, at once pronounced it billiard chalk.

Music for dancing was furnished by two orchestras in the pavilions during the afternoon and evening. The merry making was kept up until after midnight.

The Ladies' Guild of GlenAvon promise a delightful trip to all the young people who are on board the Dixon tomorrow afternoon. Glorious sunset going—enchanting moonlight returning. Music and ice cream. Leaves Booth's dock for Agate bay at 4 o'clock p. m.

Maggie Was Discharged.

The question whether or not Maggie La Flex said "damn" occupied the attention of Judge Boyle for a while yesterday afternoon. The defendant was charged Cleophas Tremblay with having used such a word in a loud voice in a public place while addressing him. The court concluded that Maggie hadn't done it and she was discharged.

G. A. R. Encampment.

Round trip to Buffalo, $18.50 via "The Northwestern Line" (Omaha railway). Tickets good going on Aug. 21 and 22, choice of lines east of Chicago. Take this, the short line, avoiding changes and roundabout routes. Tickets and berth reservations at 405 West Superior street.

The Ladies' Guild of Glen Avon will serve ice cream, coffee and sandwiches on the Dixon excursion to Agate bay tomorrow afternoon.

THE HOME BAKERY
AND CONFECTIONERY,
No. 5 West Superior St.

There's no need of going hungry when you can purchase Bread at three cents a loaf at the HOME BAKERY.

Special sale on Bakeries for ...Saturday...

Large Home-made Bread	3c
Buns, per dozen	8c
Cinnamon Rolls	8c
Ginger Bread	8c
Boston Brown Bread	8c
Doughnuts, per dozen	8c
Assorted Cookies, dozen	8c
Pies, each	8c
Golden Road Cake	8c

Don't miss the place—No. 5 West Superior Street.

The HOME BAKERY
MARS & CO. No. 6 West Superior St.

RATHBUN'S
CASH GROCERY,
21 East Superior Street.
Tel. 656. Simon Clark, Manager.

High Quality-- ...Low Prices

When referring to Rathbun's Groceries, is no Alaska jest. It's the mining truth of practical fact.

Saturday Offerings.

Peaches, Berries, Green Gage Plums, at the Lowest Market Prices.....

Watermelons, ripe and luscious—
13c each, 2 for 25c
Sweet Corn—
10c doz, 3 doz 25c
Minnesota New Potatoes—
15c per peck
Cultivated Red Raspberries from Deerwood. Nothing finer ever sold on this market.
Large Lawton Blackberries—
8c per quart
Duluth Green Peas—
4 quarts 10c
Cauliflower, Egg Plant, Celery, Spinach, Wax Beans, Squash, Asparagus, Mint and full assortment of new vegetables at the right prices.
Strictly Fancy Dairy Butter in 3 and 5-lb jars and bulk—
13c per pound
Blueberries—
10c qt, 3 for 25c

SUNDRIES.

Large Bottles Bluing, each	5c
Large Bottles Ammonia, each	5c
Large Packets Matches, each	10c
Large Packets Toothpicks, each	5c
3-lb Bulk Starch	10c
New Potatoes, per peck	15c
2-oz bottles Lemon Extract, each	7c
2-oz bottles Vanilla Extract, each	7c
2-lb Bricks Codfish, each	15c
Pure Lard, per lb	5c
Radishes, per bunch	1c
Onions, per bunch	1c
Cucumbers, per bunch	1c
Evergreen Sweet Corn, dozen	10c

RATHBUN'S.
21 East Superior Street.

AMUSEMENTS.

MARKS BROS.' COMPANY.

"The Irish Dragoon," a 6-act comedy drama, was the magnet that drew another packed house to Turner hall last night. There is a certain dash and sparkle to the productions presented by this company that catches the audience. Last night the play was bright and full of hearty laughs. The engagement in Duluth ends Saturday night, when, besides the regular program, there will be an amateurs' contest for $5 in gold. Over twenty amateurs have handed in their names to contest for the prize. The audience will be the judges. Tonight "An Irish Immigrant."

THE LABADIES.

For the past eighteen years the Labadies, who will appear at the Armory for the benefit of Company A, Friday, Aug. 20, have been before the public. Their entertainment, which is high class in all particulars, never fails to please. "An Original Idea," in which they will appear at the Armory, is the best in their repertoire. All readers of Shakespeare will enjoy their representation of the "wooing scene" from Richard III and the "trial scene" from the Merchant of Venice. The closing duologue, "A Happy Pair," is probably the most humorous little two-people act that has ever been written. Every line of it is full of refined humor.

NOW FOR MORE WAR.

Health Officer and Board of Public Works In It.

There is war between the health department and the board of public works. The latter's teams have, according to Health Officer Murray, been dumping street sweepings in the vicinity of the electric light plant, in violation of his strict and oft-repeated orders. The health officer notified the board this afternoon that he is tired of being played with and that he has instructed his inspectors to arrest the teamsters who dump loads in the forbidden territory.

MISSION CREEK WORKS.

Board of Public Works Discussed Them Today.

The board of public works at its meeting this morning, discussed the question of repairing Mission creek canal at Fond du Lac, or changing the course of the creek. The city engineer was requested to submit estimates of the cost of the work for purposes of comparison. The board decided to recommend the construction of a storm sewer in Eleventh avenue east, between Second and Fifth streets, which has been asked for by petition. The cost is estimated at $4257.49.

The city engineer was requested to submit plans and estimates for a new bridge on Tenth street, between Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth avenues west, and one on Oneota street, between Fortieth and Forty-third avenues west.

The board will recommend that repairs made necessary by the recent storm be made on Twenty-sixth avenue west, between Huron and Michigan streets.

THE TREASURY CONDITION.

Washington, Aug. 13.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $225,-251,142; gold reserve, $141,200,244.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

The Steamer George W. Roby Damaged By Fire at Marquette Today.

ONE MAN DROWNED

The Steamer Lake Michigan, With Lighthouse Supplies, Aground.

Marquette, Mich., Aug. 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Fire was discovered on the steamer George W. Roby, which was lying at a dock here, at 2 o'clock this morning. By heroic efforts the flames were kept in the forward part of the vessel, which was partly damaged. While assisting in putting out the fire George Shelle, an ore trimmer, fell off the dock and was drowned. The estimated loss on the Roby is $8000.

A STEAMER AGROUND.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Aug. 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer Lake Michigan, with a cargo of lighthouse supplies, grounded off Point Aux Pins. She is resting easy. A tug has gone to release her.

COAL CHARTERS.

Buffalo, Aug. 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Coal is scarce. Charters: Lubben, to Port Arthur, 20 cents. One dock has raised the price of fuel coal to $3.

THE EDDY LIBELED.

Cleveland, Aug. 13.—The owners of the steamer Mariposa have brought suit against the steamer Selwyn Eddy for $21,200. The Eddy was seized on a libel and later bonded for $35,000. The suit grows out of a collision between the two steamers recently on Lake Superior.

THE WELLAND CANAL.

Port Colborne, Ont., Aug. 13.—The superintendent of the Welland canal states that it is expected the break in the canal will be repaired by Saturday.

FINED FOR DUMPING ASHES.

Some time ago Maj. Sears entered a complaint against the steamer Sacramento for dumping ashes in the Wisconsin entry. The United States district attorney of Wisconsin took the matter up. The boat owners were at first inclined to fight the matter, but finally concluded to plead guilty. A fine was imposed.

PASSED PORT HURON.

Port Huron, Mich., Aug. 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Kaliyuga, Fontana, 9:20 last night; Fulton, Thomas, 5:20; Lagonda, 10; Aurania, midnight; Calvin and consorts, 12:15 a. m.; Sitka, 12:30; Hopkins and consorts, 2; Canisteo and consorts, 3:30; Harvey Brown, 4; La Salle, 4:30; Andaste, 5; Northern Light, 5:20; Saturn and consorts, 5:40; Alaska, 6; Lansing, 6:40; Spokane, 7; Watt, Jenney, 7:30; Yuma, Erin and consort, 7:40; Lewiston, 8:45; James Lockwood, 9:30; Thomson and whaleback, 10:20.

Down yesterday: Nebraska, 11:10 a. m.; Globe Redington, 11:45; Colgate and consort, 1 p. m.; Pratt, Ash, 2:10; Curry, 2:30; Monteagle, 2:45; Avon, 4; Ward, 5.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Aug. 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Rockefeller and whaleback, 9:40 last night; Shenango, Jr., 11; North Land, 10; Northern Wave, 1 a. m.; Victory, Constitution, 3; Spry, Johnson, 5; Niagara, 5:30; Gilchrist, Foster, 6:20; Senator, 7; Pontiac, 8:20; China, Mariposa, Martha, 9. Down: Folsom, Mitchell, Neilson, Oscecola, 10:20 last night; Mesaba, 5 a. m.; Business, Wotan, Paige, 10.

Later—Up: The two Parkers, 11:20 a. m.; Coderus, 12:20 p. m. Down: Stewart, Krupp, Magnet, Drake, noon; W. P. Ketchum, Schuck, Sheldon, Crosthwaite, 1 p. m.

Up yesterday: C. B. Lockwood, 6 p. m.; Arizona, Plymouth, Scotia, 7:30; Tampa, 9. Down: Elfinmere, 4 p. m.; Northern Queen, Coralia, 9:30.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Venice, 11:10 last night; Onoko, Aberdeen, 4:50; Eddy, Hutchinson, 6; Corsica, 6:20; Iroquois, 7:40; Oscar, Flint, 8:10; Stephenson, Jenney, 10:20.

Up yesterday: Vance, noon; Ranney, D. P. Rhodes, 12:50 p. m.; Weston and consorts, 1; Gogebic, Biwabik, 2:20; Mather and whalebacks, 3; Clarion, Cranage, 3:30; Marion, 4:30; Oceanica, 4:50; Wawatam, 5:30; Specular, Magnetic, 5:40; Cort, Russell, 6:30.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Cleveland—Cleared: Wade, Griffin, Republic, Duluth.

Buffalo—Cleared: Stone, Robert Rhodes, Exile, Angus Smith, Duluth.

Two Harbors—Cleared: Mariposa, Cleveland; Manda, Malta, Chicago.

Ashland—Arrived: O'Neil, Montgomery. Cleared: Mills, Duluth; Iron King, Iron Queen, Merida, Johnson, Helvetia, Germanic, Calvin, Case, Tecumseh.

MARINE NOTES.

The tug Industry, of the Barry line, got fouled with the schooner Athens last evening about 6 o'clock while towing the Granada, and received a bad punch. About ten feet of the tug's rail near the bow was torn off. Her crew says that the cause of the accident was an accident to the steering gear which prevented its working.

The steamer John Owens, which left port today drew 17 feet 10 inches, more, it is said than any boat that ever left this port before.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arriver—Gilbert, Moran, Buffalo, merchandise; Jay Gould, Chicago, passengers and merchandise; Sacramento, Athens, Madden, Lake Erie, coal; Abyssinia, Granada, Buffalo, light for grain; John Owens, Chisholm, Sauber, Lake Erie, light for ore; Mautenee, Lake Erie, light for lumber.

Departed—Tom Adams, Foster, Harper, Colby and whalebacks, Tyrone, Penobscot, John Owens, Chisholm, Sauber, Lake Erie, ore; Northern King, Vanderbilt, Buffalo, flour; Paris, Farwell, Buffalo, grain; Mitchell, 130, Two Harbors, light.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Furst Bismarck, Hamburg.

Queenstown—Arrived: Lucania, New York, for Liverpool.

Liverpool—Arrived: Cevic, New York.

Londan—Arrived: Minnesota, Philadelphia.

New York—Arrived: Campania, Liverpool.

PERSONALS.

Dr. Emund W. Weis and wife, of Ottawa, Ills., are the guests of Mrs. W. D. Underhill, on East Third street.

Judge Edson and Clerk Fairfax of the municipal court returned today from their fishing trip down the north shore. They report good catches.

Rev. T. M. Findley returned this week from an outing up the north shore and will preach as usual Sunday. He accompanied a party of friends from Cedar Rapids, Iowa, and they spent two weks at the mouth of Poplar river and one at the mouth of Cross river.

Rev. H. T. McClelland, D.D., pastor of Bellefield Avenue church, of Pittsburg, has been spending a few weeks in the neighborhood of Duluth and along the north shore. He was a class mate in early days of Rev. T. M. Findley. Mrs. McClelland accompanied the doctor on his trip.

Mrs. John Mason Duncan, of Craggencroft, arrived last night from Pittsburg, where she had been visiting her mother and her brother Hon. Johns McCleave, of the law firm of Watson & McCleave. Mrs. Duncan stopped in Chicago and held a conference with some Craggencroft friends and faculty members.

Ex-Congressman C. A. Towne returned yesterday from Columbus, Ohio.

George K. Taylor has returned from a ten days' trip down the lakes.

W. O. Chamberlain, a Minneapolis insurance man, is at the Spalding.

H. Van Barcum, postmastere at Ely, returned this morning from a trip down the north shore.

Mrs. Thomas Marks, of Port Arthur, is at the St. Louis.

J. E. McWilliams, St. Paul agent of the Ohio Coal company, is a guest at the Spalding.

E. W. Durant, Jr., of Stillwater, is in the city, a guest at the Spalding.

W. G. Davis came over from Ashland, this morning and registered at the St. Louis.

Jacob J. Harold and Joseph R. Seeds, of Philadelphia, returned today from a Western trip and will sail for the East on the North Land tomorrow. They are at the St. Louis.

George Graham, of Fort William, Ont., is at the Spalding.

E. F. Webster and wife, of Helena, Mont., arrived at the Spalding this morning and will leave on the North Land tomorrow afternoon for a trip down the lakes.

James Ready, of Ashland Junction, is at the St. Louis.

E. J. Rockwell, of Hibbing, arrived in the city today and registered at the St. Louis.

P. E. Dowling, editor of the Eveleth Star, is at the St. Louis.

D. H. Moon went to Virginia this morning.

William Saantry, the well-known lumberman of Stillwater, is in the city, a guest at the Spalding.

W. E. Wooding, of Ashland, a prominent lumberman, is among today's arrivals at the Spalding.

A. J. Thomas, Miss Cora Thomas and W. J. Cowling, of Ely, are among today's arrivals at the St. Louis.

Mrs. F. M. Spears and daughter Caro took the steamer Japan yesterday for Buffalo, where they will visit until after the G. A. R. encampment. They will then go to Springfield, Mass., and spend the winter with Mr. and Mrs. Fred S. Martin.

Comptroller Lovett and family left for Pike Lake, Wis., this afternoon for an outing of a couple of weeks.

Miss Margaret Wightman, of Boston, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Wightman, left for home this afternoon.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio. Phone No. 9.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

Cora Wicks appeared before Judge Boyle this morning, charged with drunkenness. It was Cora's third offense and she was sent up on the hill for sixty days.

The ladies of St. Paul's Guild have chartered a steam and tug for a moonlight excursion on the bay Monday evening, Aug. 16, instead of 18, as advertised. All are cordially invited. Music and refreshments. Scow leaves Bethel dock 7:30 and Fifth avenue dock 8:15. Tickets, 25 cents.

The gas and water company repaired the intake pipe at Lakeside yesterday and a decided improvement was noted today in the water furnished.

The following births have been reported to the health department: A daughter to Peter T. and Ida A. Gorman, of 219 Twenty-first avenue west; a son to Thomas and Carrie Burg, 120 Twentieth avenue west.

The German Evangelical church will celebrate its twenty-fifth anniversary next Sunday, the congregation having been organized in the year of 1872, with Rev. J. Lueder as pastor. He will be here and take part in the exercises.

Hope church of the Evangelical association held a picnic at Lincoln park yesterday and a large number were present. Rev. A. H. Utzinger, pastor of the church in Duluth, and Rev. William Hillman, of West Superior, were present.

The missions' feast, which will take place tonight at the Nineteenth avenue west Baptist church, promises to be very interesting. Rev. M. Berglund is to make a report from the Baptist young people's convention recently held in Chattanooga, Tenn. A fine musical program will be rendered.

The cases against the firm of Sueeh & Risatti and Lyson & Nelson, charged with selling adulterated food, were this afternoon continued to Aug. 24.

Cleaning that suits at Kelly's.

There will be excursions to Two Harbors next Sunday on the steamers Dixon and Hunter, the former leaving Booth's dock at 10 a. m. and the Hunter at 2 p. m.

To Test It Tomorrow.

The members of the council waterworks committee, the board of public works and the city engineer have been invited by C. M. Horton to witness a test of his bridge at the car works at West Duluth tomorrow afternoon.

G. A. R. Rates to Buffalo.

VIA EASTERN MINNESOTA RAILWAY.

Only $18.50 round trip to Buffalo Aug. 21 and 22. Tickets and full information at Union depot or city ticket office, 432 West Superior street.

C. D. HARPER,
Northern Passenger Agent.

Pure Spring Water.

Delivered daily. Telephone orders to Stewart's livery, telephone No. 334.

Misses' $1.75 Tan and Oxblood Shoes only $1.20
PHILLIPS & CO.

ELLEFSEN'S

There is nothing like the old saying—best quality, lowest prices, which we have been practicing since our opening in 1894. Compare our prices.

Special Offerings for Saturday, Aug. 14.

Strictly Fresh Eggs, today's shipment direct from the farmers—per doz.
10 cents.
We have just received a large shipment of fancy Dairy Butter in small tubs, worth from 15c to 18c per lb—tomorrow only
12½ cents.
Fancy Creamery Butter in prints—per lb.
18 cents.
Extra large Watermelons—each
13 cents, 2 for 25c.
Fancy new Beets—per peck
15 cents.
Fresh home grown Sweet Peas—per quart
2 cents.
Fresh home-grown Wax Beans—
2 quarts for 5c
Extra large heads of Cabbage, weighs from 5 to 7 lbs apiece, each—
5 cents.
Extra fine, dry New Onions, per lb—
2½ cents.
Per peck, 28 cents.
Fresh home-grown Cucumbers 3 for—
5 cents.
Fancy new Apples, eating or cooking, per peck—
20 cents.
Fancy Toilet Soap, 3 cakes in box, per box—
8 cents.
Monarch Laundry Soap, 10 bars for—
25 cents.
Kennedy's F. O. K. Soda Crackers, lb—
4 cents.
H. J. Heinze's Pickles, in 20c bottles, per bottle—
10 cents.
Heinze Co.'s Pickles in 10c bottles, per bottle—
5 cents.
Williams Bros'. and Charbonneau's Chow-Chow, the finest in the land; 35c bottles, each—
23 cents.
Fancy Japan Tea, worth 50c per lb; tomorrow, per lb—
38 cents.
Give us your next order and save 10 per cent on your purchase.
No coupons given on these prices.

C. L. E. ELLEFSEN & SON,
CASH GROCERS,
22 EAST SECOND STREET.

MISSION MONEY.

How It Is Seat to Workers in Foreign Fields.

Each foreign board treasurer seems to have his own way of transmitting money to foreign fields. Nearly thirty years ago the Methodists adopted a plan which their secretaries declare cannot be improved upon, says the Church Economist. This is the plan: A secretary draws a three-day draft on the treasurer of his own board. This draft he mails to the missionary in some part of the globe. The missionary cashes the draft at any local bank. No missionary is permitted to draw on the treasurer of his home board. Only a board secretary is authorized to sign a draft.

Some advantages of this plan are: First, the saving of the cost of a bank draft, because the secretary uses his own draft. Second, the saving of interest while his money is in transit. Third, a gaining of time. To illustrate the latter advantage it is needful only to point out that, were a draft, purchased at a bank, the money or its collateral would, of course, have to be forthcoming to pay for it. Under the plan in use the secretary sends the draft to the missionary whether he has the ready money or the collateral in hand at the moment or not. One to three months are required for the mails to bring the draft back. By that time the money is in hand.

The American Church Missionary society, which is auxiliary to the Protestant Episcopal board of missions, two years ago adopted a plan somewhat similar to the foregoing. Previous to that time it had been buying London exchange and paying many dollars annually for the same. Now the secretary issues a letter of credit to the treasurer of the mission, in Brazil, for example. On this letter the treasurer receiving it draws drafts up to this amount, which drafts he gets cashed at his local bank at the current rate of exchange. The same advantages in saving of cost of exchange, in interest, and in time accrue under the plan employed by the Methodist board.

The Presbyterian board still uses drafts on London. The treasurer of the foreign board draws a draft on the English bank. In this bank he keeps a balance by buying bills of exchange here. As interest is allowed on balances by the London bank, little is lost, except the cost of the bill of exchange. Under all of these plans the amount the missionary gets varies with the fluctuation in the exchange rate. For instance: In October, 1895, the Presbyterian foreign board sent £200 to Brazil, and it netted 5250 milreis. Last October it sent the same sum and it netted 6000 milreis, a difference of almost $200.

In Africa the drafts of the Methodist board are similar, in both appearance and availability to United States coin. Some are issued for as small a sum as 25 cents. They pass as readily as currency all along the coast and in many parts of the interior. Often they are many months, in some cases years, in being returned to the home office for redemption.

STATE'S WITNESS KILLED.

Middlesboro, Ky., Aug. 13.—William Miller, the only eye witness to the shooting of Dugan, now on trial for the murder of Colson, was killed in a fight with the people of Clark's show. The latter have fled to the mountains and Miller's friends are in pursuit. A bloody time may arise if they meet.

Boys' $1.50 Tan Shoes, sizes 3 to 5, only 98c
PHILLIPS & CO.

CLEARING SALE OF SHOES and OXFORDS NOW ON.



15% to 50% off on all Summer Shoes; we must close out these summer goods.

Men's Bargains.
Men's Tan and Oxblood Shoes, $3.50 and $4.00 grade; Clearing price $2.50

Ladies' Bargains.
Ladies' Tan Lace and Button Gray's $5.00 make at $3.50
Ladies' $3.50 Tan Shoes at $2.50

Men's Tan and Oxblood
Pointed toes and medium pointed, the best $5.00 and $6.00 grades, To close out at $3.50

Ladies, any $5.00 Shoe
IN THE STORE—
Chocolate, Oxblood or Black Shoes, Lace or Button—Your choice at $4.00

Special--at half price, $1.50 to 75c.



Ladies' $1.50 Tan Oxfords, square or medium pointed toes, sizes mostly 2½ to 5, a few larger sizes, just the shoe for picnics for girls and ladies, we put them on the bargain table at half price 75c
$2.00 Oxfords, black or tan, lot to close out $1.00
$2.50 Oxfords, black or oxblood, at $1.50

Men's $2.00 Tan Shoes	$1.50
Boys' $2.00 Tan Shoes	$1.50
Boys' $1.75 Tan Shoes	$1.25
Youths' $1.25 grade, spring heel Shoes	89c
Men's and Boys' Lawn Tennis Shoes	50c
Misses' and Children's Oxfords, tan or black, $1.00 grade, to be closed out at	65c
Misses' $1.50 Oxfords	$1.00
Misses' Lace or Button, brown or black Shoes	$1.25
Infants Shoes	25c, 35c, 50c

BICYCLE LEGGINGS AT COST.

A. WIELAND.
123 West Superior St.

BEER AND BREAD.

Comparative Figures on the Sum Spent For Each.

Whether beer or bread costs more in a year is a question on which the statisticians do not agree, but they are pretty generally of the opinion that more money is spent for drink—including spirits and wine with beer—than for bread and all other articles of nutriment made from grain, says the New York Sun. In the United Kingdom, for instance, it is computed that the expenditure for liquor in a year is £280,000,000, against £50,000,000 for grain. In France the proportion was 95 to 80. In Germany, where there is relatively less bread eaten than in France, the figures are as 90 to 75; in Italy they are as 45 to 42, in Spain as 39 to 28, and in the United States as 75 to 60. In all of these countries, therefore, it may be said that the consumption of liquors exceeds in value the consumption of grain.

The United States have long been able to meet a considerable portion of their current expenses from the liquor or internal revenue taxes. Since 1864 there has been a uniform tax of $1 a barrel on beer, the government's measure of a barrel being thirty-one gallons. This tax now yields the government about $30,000,000 a year, and it has been rising steadily. When first imposed $2,000,000 was the sum obtained from it. By 1870 the amount had risen to $6,000,000. In 1880 it had doubled to $12,000,000. In 1890 it had more than doubled again, reaching $25,000,000. The tax on spirits is 90 cents a gallon on the average, and this item of revenue yields the government about $90,000,000 a year, having more than doubled since 1875. Whatever the indirect effects of the sale of liquor may be on the inhabitants of a country, the fact is undeniable that all civilized governments with scarcely any exception get a large share of their revenues from beer and whisky taxes. A computation was recently made to the effect that during the five years of the civil war $600,-000,000 was raised by internal taxation and $525,000,000 from tariff duties. The people of every American community spend more in a year for bread than they do for beer, but if whisky, wine, cordials and ale be added the expenditure for liquors is larger than the sum paid for bread and cake.

ENGAGED THIRTY YEARS.

A bright example in constancy and filial devotion is afforded in the experience of a couple recently wedded in Liberty township, Indiana, the newly married pair being Mr. and Mrs. Henry Foreman, who reside on their 400-acre farm near Greentown. In point of age both bride and groom have passed the half-century mark. Though lovers from early childhood and betrothed from youth, the marriage was deferred until now, the engagement covering a period of thirty years, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Young Foreman had a stepmother to whom he was greatly attached and to whom he solemnly pledged support during her lifetime, promising not to marry while she remained alive. Contrary to expectations, the invalid and dependent stepmother lived until a year or more ago. During this long wait of nearly a third of a century the lovers scrupulously observed their vows, toiling on though the years without a thought of disregarding the pledges given the stepmother or breaking faith in any manner whatever. They grew gray, lived frugally, saved their earnings and patiently bided their time.

When death removed the barrier the lovers had accumulated sufficient means to buy the largest farm in the township. The minister first engaged to perform the marriage ceremony died of old age many years ago, and a divine of a new generation officiated at the long-delayed wedding.

THE WRONG CARD.

The men employed at the Big Four freight office in Indianapolis think they have a good joke. A woman went into the office, says the Indianapolis News, and laid before the cashier a postal card, which she supposed was one she had received notifying her that there was freight in the station addressed to her.

"Can I get that?" she asked. The cashier picked up the card and read: "Dear ——, a 10-pound boy arrived yesterday afternoon; mother and child are doing well."

"Did you read this card?" stammered the cashier.

"Certainly I read it," replied the woman, indignantly. The cashier silently handed the card back to the woman. Her first glance at it told her she had presented the wrong card. She turned and hastily left the office.

You may never know it happened if you fail to read The Evening Herald.

THE ARMORY.

Friday Evening, Aug. 13, 1897, at 8 p.m.

Under direction Greysolon Du Lhut Chapter "Daughters of American Revolution."

AN ENTERTAINMENT.
Military Drill by Company G.
Under direction of Capt. C. C. Tear.

The Game of Living Chess.
Under direction of Dr. M. B. Cullum and Charles Geist, as first produced in Dublin. Two games limited to twenty-five minutes each.

MUSIC BY HOARE'S ORCHESTRA.

After above dancing, music and refreshments; also on exhibition miniatures of George and Martha Washington, painted by Jonathan Trumbull.

Tickets 50c, including right to dance.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of one hundred twenty dollars interest, which became due and payable on March 1st, 1897, all of which is owing and unpaid at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage containing a power of sale duly made and delivered by Mary A. Miller and Allen J. Miller, her husband, mortgagors, to Alexander Macrae, mortgagee, bearing date the 29th day of February, 1896, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the third day of March, 1896, at 8:40 o'clock a. m., in Book 127 of mortgages, on page 544 which mortgage and mortgage debt were duly assigned by said Alexander Macrae to John H. Packard by written instrument bearing date March 20th, 1896, and duly recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 26th day of March, 1896, at 8:40 o'clock a. m., in Book 108 of mortgages, on page 402.

And whereas, at Boston, Massachusetts, said John H. Packard, thereafter died intestate, and the undersigned, Edward A. Packard, was thereafter duly appointed administrator of his estate by the probate court in and for Suffolk County, Massachusetts.

And whereas, a duly certified copy of the said appointment of Edward A. Packard as such administrator was on June 8th, 1897, at 3:30 o'clock p. m. duly filed and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, in Book 132 of deeds, on page 139.

And whereas, said default is a default in one of the conditions of said mortgage, it has become optional with the holder of said mortgage and the notes secured thereby by the terms thereof to declare the whole debt secured by said mortgage to be immediately due and payable, in the exercise of which option the whole thereof is hereby declared and claimed to be due, and is due, owing and unpaid, amounting at the date of this notice to the sum of forty-two hundred twenty-two and 04-100 dollars.

And whereas, no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: Lots number eighteen, twenty, twenty-two and twenty-four, East Sixth street, Duluth Proper, First Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Saturday, the 11th day of September, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, together with seventy-five dollars attorneys' fee, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as by law provided.

Dated July 30th, 1897.

EDWARD A. PACKARD, Administrator of the estate of JOHN H. PACKARD, Assignee of Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for said Assignee of Mortgagee,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, July-30-Aug-6-13-20-27-Sept-3

FREE! FREE!

The Leading Specialist of America!
36 Years' Experience! 250,000 Cured!

Catarrh, Short Breath, Heart Palpitations, Rheumatism, Chronic Diseases and all Diseases and Deformities Cured.

TREATMENT FREE UNTIL CURED DURING AUGUST.
Office Hours, 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. Sunday, all but Church Hours.

DISEASES OF WOMEN: If you are suffering from any of the diseases peculiar to your sex such as ovarian troubles, bearing down from the hips, nervous troubles, shortness of breath, heart palpitations, all gone feeling, falling or displacement of the womb, inflammation or ulceration, bloating, headaches, spinal weakness, pain in back and loins, leucorrhoea, discharges and burning, smarting and itching, you can, with absolute certainty, be cured by Dr. S. Clay Todd's valuable aid. Don't stay away because you are poor. If your physician is not curing you, or if you wish immediate relief and a permanent cure, consult **DR. S. CLAY TODD at his Medical Institute and Eye and Ear infirmary, 1224 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis. Consultation free. Medicines furnished.**

Linens Show Immaculate Whiteness

when they are laundried with



KINGSFORD'S OSWEGO STARCH

"SILVER GLOSS"

gives universal satisfaction.

For sale by all first class grocers.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Irregular Changes at the Opening But Mainly Higher.

New York, Aug. 13.—The opening of the market showed irregular changes, but advances predominating. The industrials were strong. Sugar rose 1¼c, and Chicago Gas, ⅞c: Louisville & Nashville, and Northern Pacific preferred yielded ⅝c in sympathy with lower prices in London. The grangers were firm.

Liquidation in Tobacco, which carried the price down two points, together with a resumption of bear pressure in various parts of the list, caused general heaviness in the leading shares, with Susquehanna & Western preferred exceptionally weak. Meanwhile, however, the low-priced inactive stocks displayed great strength on large purchases, which were well distributed.

The selling movement was soon exhausted and although the volume of trading diminished considerably, sharp recoveries ensued under the leadership of Sugar, which touched $1.48¾. The grangers recovered to the top level and improvements elsewhere were also important. The fluctuations in properties which have recently forged to the front were especially wide: Linseed Oil and Great Northern, preferred, rising 4 points, and Mobile and Ohio 3. The industrials were generally quiet, except for Sugar, and Chicago Gas which received moderate attention. Toward midday the market again developed an easier tone on liberal offerings of Sugar and Northern Pacific, preferred. The selling movement soon extended to the grangers, Burlington selling off 2¾, of which it recovered partially, the whole list being more or less effected. Sales to noon, 342,500 shares. The bond market continued to trend upward on good buying of the speculative issues.

CUBAN TOBACCO CROP.

Spain Has Not Issued a General Order of Release.

Washington, Aug. 13.—So far as is known at the state department there has been no general order issued by the Spanish government for the release of all of the tobacco held in Cuba for export to the United States, under the prohibitory rule of Capt. Gen. Weyler, issued last year. Each case is being treated on its merits, and the only general order issued relates to the evidence that must be produced by the owner of the tobacco, such as proof that the contracts for delivery of the tobacco were actually made prior to the issue of the prohibitory rule; dates of the various steps in the transaction and explanations of the reasons why the tobacco had not been shipped before.

In some cases there has been considerable delay in securing the release of the tobacco owing to the fact that this evidence has been sent to Madrid instead of to Havana. But, generally, it is said, the Spanish government is treating the applications with proper attention.

FRENCH IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

Paris, Aug. 13.—The official returns just published show that the imports into France for the past seven months were 20,217,000 francs below those of 1896. On the other hand the exports foot up 177,637,000 francs more than during the same period of 1896. A decree has been gazetted temporarily admitting hard and soft wheat for milling purposes.

WILL CLOSE ITS CAREER.

Boston, Aug. 13.—The Globe this afternoon says that the Massachusetts Life association will probably cease its corporate existence Tuesday, Aug. 17, on which date a petition will be presented to the supreme court for the appointment of a receiver. It is understood that there will be no objection to the motion.

PORTUGUESE TROOPS VICTROIOUS.

Lisbon, Aug. 13.—It is officially announced here that the Portugese troops surprised and routed the rebellious Mapulanquenes on Tuesday last, killing twenty-three chiefs and 293 of their followers, in addition to wounding many of the rebels. The Portuguese had two killed and four wounded. All the territory of the rebellious tribesmen has been laid waste.

KNEELAND'S MANY WIVES.

St. Joseph, Mo., Aug. 13.—Albert Kneeland, the alleged bigamist arrested in New Mexico and brought here for trial, according to letters received, has ten wives, nearly all of them living. They live in Ohio, Illinois and Missouri. Kneeland is a traveling salesman and was married the last time here about two years ago. He was first married at Columbus, Ohio. His fourth wife, living at St. Louis, is pushing the prosecution.

MAILS FOR KLONDIKE DISTRICT.

The Contractor May Not Agree to a Change.

Washington, Aug. 13.—The postoffice department has written the postal authorities of Canada concerning company operation in carrying the mails to the Klondike country, but there is no hope of being able to reach an adjustment as the American contractor may not accept a modification of his contract.

The proposition made is that the two governments should co-operate and arrange for an interchange of mail at Circle City and Dawson City, the United States to maintain a service once a month and Canada the same. This would give two mails every month. No reply has been received from the Canadian government, and even if it was favorable, arrangements must be made with the contractor who carries the mail to Circle City to carry the mail destined for Dawson City.

His representative in Washington has intimated that he will not care to modify his contract, and indicates that in case there is to be an increase in the service the contractor should have considerably more compensation. The postoffice department cannot modify the contract and impose more labor on the contractor without his consent. It is recognized at the department that the arrangement must be a mutual agreement, not only with the Canadian government, but with the Alaskan contractor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Private Sale of a choice list of property comprising Houses and Fine Residence Lots, suitable for improvement. Will be sold at great bargains, as time for winding up estate is expiring. Call and see list or write

WILLIAM McRAE, Local Agent, 711 Torrey Building.

POM KWANG SOH DEAD.

Ex-Corean Minister Dies of Consumption In Washington.

Washington, Aug. 13.—Pom Kwang Soh, ex-minister from Corea, died at 3:30 of acute consumption recently aggravated by over-exercise. The funeral arrangements will probably be attended to by the Corean legation. It was Mr. Soh's wish that his body should be cremated.

RATHER QUEER CASE.

Stillwater Penitentiary Official Arrested For Breaking Badger Law.

Milwaukee, Aug. 13.—A special to the Journal from Hudson, Wis., says: Vint Connelly, of Stillwater, Minn., was arrested here today for offering convict-made shoes for sale without having first complied with the law passed by last legislature, which provides that convict-made goods manufactured outside of the state shall be branded or marked in a certain way, with a penalty of $1 to $500 fine as a violation.

Connelly is the salesman for the Minnesota penitentiary shoes, and the suit is brought for the purpose of testing the law. Connelly was bound over to the circuit court.

LIEBECK WAS DISCHARGED.

Louisville, Ky., Aug. 13.—J. F. Liebeck, the young St. Louis society man, who was arrested on a charge of detaining Miss Bayless in a carriage on the boulevard in this city last Friday night, appeared in the police court today to answer the charge. The relatives of the young lady and her attorneys asked that the case be dismissed. The court ordered the case dismissed.

HEPBURN'S PRONUNCIATION.

Congressman Hepburn of Iowa tells how he once got back a $2,000 office by knowing how to pronounce Sioux, says the Pittsburg Dispatch. "I had been chief clerk," he says, "of the Iowa house of representatives for several terms, but the wheel of political fortune had finally brought in a house that was not as friendly as I could wish. Another candidate appeared, and he and I had a warm fight, with the result that he defeated me by a few votes in the Republican caucus. The house was organized and this man was duly elected chief clerk. It so happened that the first paper he had to read was a communication relative to the Sioux Indians. The name 'Sioux,' appeared very frequently, and the new clerk persisted in calling it 'Si-oux,' to the disgust of the old Westerners who had been accustomed to the correct pronunciation all their lives. As soon as the house adjourned on the first day, one of the Republican leaders asked all Republicans to remain for a caucus. The caucus having been convened, this gentleman arose and said: 'I move that the present chief clerk be discharged, and that J. P. Hepburn, the former chief clerk of this body, be re-elected. We want a man who knows how to pronounce 'Sioux.'" The motion was adopted unanimously, and I was reinstated because I knew better than to call 'Sioux' 'Si-oux.'"

BLOOD FLOWED

Band Instrument Was Shoved Into a Player's Eye---An Exciting Time.

STRIKERS GO BACK

Sheriff Lowry Disperses a Large Crowd of Marchers---Today's Developments.

Pittsburg Aug. 13.—The first bloodshed during the present miners' strike was that of Jacob Mott, a drummer in the McDonald band. The trouble occurred this morning at 5 o'clock near the Plum Creek tipple. The 1000 strikers in the camp at Plum Creek left the camp at 3 a. m. and divided into two squads at Center, one body of the marchers going to Center school house and the others to the miners' houses. The Center squad was headed by the McDonald drum corps. Sheriff Lowry reacher Center about 5 a. m. He drove from Turtle Creek by way of Monroeville and was met by Deputy Sheriff Richards and a number of deputies.

The marchers were stopped and the sheriff read the injunction order made yesterday by the court. He then ordered the strikers to return to their camp. The men paid no attention to the order for a time and the drum corps attempted to lead the marchers past the sheriff and his deputies. The deputies closed up and moved forward, headed by the sheriff and the opposing forces came together. No blows were struck and no weapons drawn, but there was a lively scuffle, during which a horn in the hands of one of the band was pushed into Jacob Mott's face and he was badly cut over the right eye. Blood flowed in a stream from the wound and the sight of blood checked the pushing struggling men.

The sheriff again read the order of the court and ordered the crowd to disperse and appear in court Saturday to make answer to the bill filed. The men again refused and John Brown was particularly pronounced in his opposition. He was threatened with arrest and after considerable argument, during which he asserted his right to be on the public road, Uriah Bellingham and the band again tried to force their way past the sheriff and his deputies. The deputies again closed up and moved forward. More pushing and shoving followed. The deputies pushed ahead, crowding and pushing the strikers back until both bodies were closely packed and it looked for a time as though serious trouble would follow.

Sheriff Lowry again ordered them to disperse and threatened them with arrest if they did not instantly obey. After some hesitation the strikers moved back to camp, closely followed by the sheriff and his deputies. It is reported that twenty-nine men discharged from the Plum Creek mine are to be arrested for alleged breach of contract. Bodies of marchers also started from Turtle Creek for Oak Hill and Spring Hill this morning in defense of the injunction, but nothing has been heard from them.

About 2 o'clock this morning some of the deputies doing duty at Plum Creek mines were called from Center school to disperse a crowd of Hungarians. May Haas, the daisy crowned Jeanne d'Arc, went to the camp and aroused seventy-five of the Hungarians to the point of accompanying her to the company houses to do missionary work. The motley crowd got a good start before news of the movement was conveyed to the De Armit stables, whence the warning was sent to the deputies. After much chasing the deputies managed to catch up with the crowd and dispersed it.

No one can tell how serious trouble was averted during the clash between the strikers and deputies. The strikers in camp at Turtle Creek obeyed the injunction by not marching on Oak Hill mine. Instead they proceeded to the Springfield mine of Dempster, Boyd & Co., and succeeded in inducing the men to meet them this afternoon and discuss the situation.

Last night was one of anxiety in the strikers' camp at Plum Creek, and one of sleeplessness among the deputy sheriffs at Center. The campers had been warned that the sheriff would attempt to stop their marching and numerous threats were reported to the deputies as having been made by the strikers.

At 9 o'clock nearly all the deputies retired so that they could have as much rest as possible before the strikers appeared in the morning. They had hardly fallen into a doze before the pickets gave an alarm that the strikers were coming in a body, and they tumbled out of bed and were marshaled about the company's buildings at Center. The music of a brass band was heard and, after a wait of ten minutes the head of a column of strikers appeared. They were escorting home from the camp Emma Haas, the lame girl who had been crowned by them with a wreath of daisies for firing a revolver in honor of the marchers.

The deputies went to bed again, but they had very little sleep, for at 2:30 a. m., the alarm was again sounded and they turned out, knowing that it would be hours before they would again be permitted to rest. From that time until daylight there were numerous clashes between the deputies and strikers, and several times a bloody riot was narrowly averted.

At 5 a. m. Sheriff Lowry and Deputy Sheriff Richards arrived across the country from Turtle Creek. They drove in the patrolling parties, and in doing so gave the men to understand that an argument would be of no avail. This action caused a jam of men that impeded their progress. There was a man who did not seem disposed to move on as directed and Sheriff Richards read a copy of the injunction and delivered it to him. The man would not give his name and for want of a better order Sheriff Lowry dubbed him "John Brown." The men were in a sullen mood and nearly a hundred others gathered about the sheriff. One man demanded to know by what right the courts granted an injunction against citizens who were using public roads for a lawful purpose. He was immediately stood up and served with a copy of the injunction.

There was a threatening movement among the men and Sheriff Lowry made a short speech, saying the men were defendants in a suit brought by the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal company, and that the injunction would hold good until Monday, when they would have a hearing before Judges Stowe and Collier. He added: "I command you, as high sheriff of Allegheny county, to cease this marching. You must not molest men who want to work. They have as much right to the roads as you, and if you do not desist, in obedience to this injunction, I will arrest you."

Deputy sheriffs then formed a line across the road and forced the strikers to move along. Seeing no way to help themselves, the fife and drum band commenced to play and the men moved on in the direction of their camps.

By this time news of the sheriff's arrival and action had reached the division of the strikers guarding the miners' houses across the ravine, and they hastened to gain their companies. They met on the hill above Center and formed on either side of the road and invited the deputy sheriffs to pass through. The invitation was not accepted and the deputies allowed them to stand. This did not please them and the band started back. One of the strikers who assumed a leadership, bade the others to fall in the rear. George Kelly and Michael Dukes marched ahead carrying flags, and attempted to break through the ranks of the deputies. They did not succeed, however, and were compelled to stand and listen to the reading of the injunction.

A few of the more stubborn ones resisted and asserted a right to go down the road in the direction of the pit mouth, but Sheriff Lowry was firm and told them that as they had come from their camps they would have to return that way. One of these was James A. Bruce, colored. He said he had paid his tax and asked to pass through the line of deputy sheriffs. When refused he insisted that his name should be added to the list of defendants in De Armit's equity suit, and also demanded a copy not only of the injunction, but of the allegations upon which it was issued.

While the negro was being disposed of, Richard Barrow, of Walker's Mills, with a half dozen of his companions, seated themselves on the side of the road and refused to move. They said they would not be made to move by all the deputies present and a wordy war ensued. Finally Deputy Sheriff Clark seized Barrow by the shoulders and a dozen strikers ran to his rescue. One striker, with a cooler head than the others, shouted to them not to resist the officers and after much persuasion Barrow and his companions moved off. The strikers then marched to Camp Isolation without further molestation.

During the morning about forty women appeared on the road leading to Plum Creek. The party was headed by Emma Haas. A number of banners were displayed bearing striking inscriptions, among which were:

"We are out for women's rights; 69 cents or bust."

"United we stand, divided we fall. It's bread and butter we want."

The women were accompanied by Jacob Thompson, who has been active during the campaign. The deputies lined up again and ordered the crowd to disperse. One girl said to a deputy: "Oh, you are not so many. We are not afraid of you."

The deputies received many taunts and jers, but the marching women were finally persuaded to return to their homes without any serious trouble occurring.

Superintendent De Armit of the Oak Hill mine will make another determined effort to operate his mine with a largely-increased number of diggers. Instead of importing men, the miners now idle, through sympathy with the strike, are to be rounded up with a view of getting them to work. Benjamin Tarr, the master mechanic at the mines, said today that most of the miners were afraid to go to work. "They are actually afraid to go to the pit or else they would be there now," said he.

Deputies will be placed on guard at the homes of the miners willing to work, but unwilling to run the gauntlet of the strikers. Nineteen Italian miners residing near the bridge at Newton went to work at Oak Hill this morning. They promised to work every day if given protection. Orders were issued to the deputy sheriffs to keep a posse constantly guarding the house night and day.

This afternoon William J. Brennan, attorney for the strikers, said that he would enter suit against W. P. DeArmit for perjury in connection with the affidavits made in the application for the injunction issued yesterday. Mr. Brennan said that one of the defendants named had been dead two years, and two others had not been mining coal for about the same period. The names, he said, had evidently been taken out of an old book.

THE MONONGAH MEETING.

West Virginia Miners Expected to Come Out Soon.

Fairmont, W. Va., Aug. 13.—The meeting at Monongah this afternoon is now in progress and Ratchford is speaking to the men. He will be followed by Gompers, Sovereign, O'Connell and Mahon. Up to this time there have been no signs of serving the injunction and a prominent operator says that it will not be served. James O'Connell, when told this, said: "I was afraid this step would not be taken when it was circulated that we wanted that move. Nevertheless, it gives us an opportunity of addressing the men of this section and with our big meeting at Fairmont tonight we will get to talk with many of the Fairmont district men."

This morning President Ratchford, Gompers, Sovereign, Mahon, O'Connell, Jones, Barnes, Woods, Rea, Lennon and Evans held a long conference and many matters were discussed. It is said Sovereign made some interesting remarks on Judge Jackson, but they are not given to the public. O'Connell is very jubilant and says all the men will be out by Monday at the furthest.

PRESIDENT DOLAN'S TRIP.

Pittsburg, Aug. 13.—As soon as the trouble at Plum Creek reached the miners' headquarters, this morning President Dolan left for Plum Creek to investigate the cause. He will bring Mott to this city and have an information made against Stewart, the deputy whom it is alleged struck Mott with the horn, for assault and battery. Dolan said he was still determined in his decision to maintain the camps, but will counsel the men to keep the peace.

The... **Only Oil**

that stops the pain and cures its cause. The action of Kickapoo Indian Oil on the irritated nerves, is as soothing as "oil spread on the troubled waters." The result is instantly felt. The cure begins at once. Toothache, earache, headache, neuralgic and rheumatic pains, dysentery, diarrhœa, cholera morbus colic, cramps and all acute pains yield instantly to

Kickapoo Indian Oil.

TRUE UNIFORMITY PROGRESS.

Committee Reports a Number of Additional Signatures.

Pitsburg, Aug. 13.—The true uniformity committee reports that a number of signatures have been secured to the agreement and that the outlook is very encouraging. The names of the signers were not given out, but it was intimated that the number was quite large and that it included some of the larger firms. From this time forward a regular and systematic canvass for signatures to the agreement will be made.

J. B. Johnston, a local newspaper man, has been appointed secretary of the committee on revision, with instructions to visit every operator in the district, elucidate the terms of the articles and if possible secure his signature. Inasmuch as many of the operators are away from the city, it is expected that the canvass for signatures will last many weeks.

CONFERENCE AT DECATUR.

Decatur, Ill., Aug. 13.—Archie Neil and John Davis two leaders and speakers for the Springfield marching miners, conferred this afternoon with B. B. Ray, Governor Tanner's representative, at the St. Nicholas hotel. They told him they thought they had a right to enter the city as individuals, and so far they had done nothing to be kept out at the point of the musket. He advised them to confer with Attorney Mill and went to the court house to see Mill. About 100 miners from Springfield and Pana came in as individuals and went quietly about town. Several went to the coal shaft, but were warned away by two policemen on duty there.

SHERIFF STOPPED THEM.

Decatur, Ill., Aug. 13.—About 100 men, the advance guard of the body of marching miners from the west, were met this afternoon by Sheriff Nicholson and Marshal Mason three miles west of the city and ordered not to come farther.

They went into camp. Two hundred men from Pana and other places to the south are camped two miles southwest. All are orderly and quiet. The miners here are still working.

AID FOR STRIKERS.

Macon, Mo., Aug. 13.—Representatives from Springfield, Ill., have raised $450 among the Bevier miners to help support the Eastern stockers. The Springfield men made no effort for a strike at Bevier.

ON TO DECATUR.

Moweaqua, Ill., Aug. 13.—This city was invaded last night by a large body of miners from Pana, Assumption and Nokomis en route to Decatur. They were reinforced here by a large number of miners, and left for the north about midnight.

SETTLEMENT EXPECTED.

Jellico, Tenn., Aug. 13.—The operators and miners of this district met here in joint session today. Nothing was done further than to appoint a committee to arrange a scale for the district. It is believed that a settlement will be reached before final adjournment.

A STRIKERS' PROPOSITION.

Decatur, Ill., Aug. 13.—The miners' leaders in their conference with B. B. Ray decided to submit to the city and county authorities a proposition. If the authorities will permit one man from each district, making a delegation of about twelve men, to come in and arrange a meeting for the Decatur miners to attend, and if the Decatur men refuse to attend or say they do not want to strike the invading miners will leave for home.

AID OFFER REFUSED.

Wheeling, W. Va., Aug. 13.—The offer of the miners at the mine to give 10 per cent of their earnings to the strike fund, and the proposition of the company to duplicate any sum the miners might give was not satisfactory to the Eastern Ohio strikers, and this morning the marching column from the Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling railway mines marched with flags and a band to the Laughlin mines. The men at work refused to come out until the national officers had passed upon their proposition. Except the Laughlin and Aetna mines, everything in this vicinity is closed down. The Kanawha valley shows no change this morning.

BOTTLING OF SPIRITS.

Washington, Aug. 13.—Acting Commissioner Wilson of the internal revenue bureau has modified the regulations governing the bottling of distilled spirits issued in May last. By these amendments the time within which the bottling may be completed is extended from one to six days, including the day on which the spirits are dumped into the cisterns. The number of cisterns for bottling purposes is increased from one to six if necessary, and more liberal provisions have been made as to the disposition of remnants resulting from each dumping. The requirements as to branding have been modified so as to allow the name of the season to be used instead of the actual date.

WILL NOT RESIGN.

Madrid, Aug. 13.—The Epoca denies that the minister for the interior, Senor F. Goshayon, contemplates resigning.

Visitors to Duluth should take the steamer Dixon to Agate and Burlington bays tomorrow, leaving Booth's dock at 4 o'clock and returning by moonlight, passing the great ore docks and terminals at Two Harbors. There will be an opportunity to gather some of the celebrated Lake Superior agates while at the bay. Under the auspices of the Ladies' Guild of Glen Avon. Tickets only 50 cents for the round trip.

HIS PULL.

A good story is being told about the appointment of a postmaster in Northeastern Ohio, says the Columbus Dispatch. It appears that there were a number of aspirants for the place, and when the announcement was made to him that a German was to secure the plum, every person was anxious to be in line and congratulate him on his success. One of the congratulators was a man who was noted for being blunt and asking questions from the shoulder, so to speak. After the usual form had been gone through with, he blurted out:

"Why, no person had any idea that you were a candidate to say nothing about expecting you to get the place. What kind of a pull did you have?"

"I vill dell you," said the German. "You see, I used to go to school vid de congressman and ve vere chumps."

Most of the people of the town agreed with the German, but that didn't interfere with his getting the place and drawing a nice salary for four years.

REGATTA OPENING

Philadelphia Full of Crack Oarsmen For the Big Aquatic Carnival.

LASTS TWO DAYS

Some of the Preliminary Heats Being Rowed Off This Afternoon.

Philadelphia, Aug. 13.—A more beautiful day for the National association regatta here today and tomorrow could not be desired. The races will be on the national course on the Schuylkill in one of the prettiest parts of Fairmount park. The international 4-oared shell race and the 8-oared race will be one and a half miles straight away, while all the other races will be the same distance with a turn. The water at noon was glassy. The oarsmen will have no tide to contend with and the current is nothing to speak of.

There was much disappointment among the oarsmen and others over Ten Eyck's decision not to row. Many persons journeyed to this city to see the Henley champion measure strokes with the American and Canadian cracks, and they feel the disappointment keenly. There was some talk of asking Ten Eyck to row an exhibition mile, but nothing definite has been done in that direction.

The greatest interest is centered in the senior single championship of the United States. With Ten Eyck out, the knowing ones seem to think the race lies between Maguire, of Cambridge, Mass.; Justenal, of Philadelphia, and Whitehead, of Boston, while Thompson and Alward, of Toronto, and Van Damme, of Detroit, have many followers. Alward is the present Canadian champion, and there is much interest manifested in his meeting the American cracks.

Intermediate singles, first heat: C. H. Lewis, of Worcester, Mass., won by two lengths; B. G. Wilson, of New York, second; J. M. Blinder, of Philadelphia, third. Time, 10:32¼.

Senior 4-oared shell, first heat: Ariel Rowing club, Baltimore, won by a length; Staten Island Boat club, second; Crescent Boat club, Philadelphia, third. Time, 9:25.

Senior 4-oared shell, second heat—Institute Boat club, Neweark, N. J., won by a length and a half, Argonaut Boat club, Toronto, second; Columbia Athletic club, Washington, third. Time, 9:15.

HOLDING TO THE LETTER.

Umpire Enforced the Rules According to the Words.

Chicago Chronicle: "You talk about your home umpires," says George Decker. "I had an experience with one of them one time that was a home umpire and no mistake. I guess pretty near every indicator handler on Uncle Nick's staff has been accused this year of being a home umpire, but if you'd seen the boy that I was against perform you'd admit right there and then that he was the only perfect specimen of a home umpire in the world.

"It was three years ago this coming fall that I ran across this chap I'm telling you about. It was just after the close of the league season and a certain Hoosier team had sent up to Chicago for a battery with which they could go over and trim a team of deadly rivals that were located in Lafayette, Ind. Abbey had been pitching for Anson that summer and he and I heard about the request for a battery, and soon fixed up matters whereby we were to don the uniforms of the Hoosier team and lead them to the much-desired victory over Lafayette for our expenses and a consideration. Well, down into Indiana we went, and after Abbey and I arranged our signs I put on a mask and the game started, with none of the Lafayette fans suspecting where we hailed from.

"The man who had been agreed upon to umpire the game was an old fellow with a set of gray whiskers and a checked suit of clothes that even a boy from the Bowery would blush to wear. He was supposed to be the boss fan of the town, I believe, and, as no outsider could be secured, the captain of the team we were with agreed to the old fellow, after Abbey had called him off to one side and assured him there was no chance for us to lose, anyhow. That umpire was a peach. He evidently realized that he was there to go with the home team on every possible occasion, and some of his decisions were certainly corkers. Abbey was in pretty good form that day, and the Lafayette team couldn't do very much with him, while our team found the other pitcher easy, and by banging the ball out where there was no chance for argument with the umpire, managed to get well off in the lead. In the last couple of innings the home team and the umpire grew desperate, and after sending one of Lafayette's players to first on balls that were strikes, he called another one safe when he was out by ten feet. There is when he made the star decision of the day. One of the home batters hit a little easy bounder down to Abbey and he snatched it and sent it fast to the first baseman in order to beat the runner out so far that there would be no chance for any argument on the out. The runner was only half way to the base when the ball got there, but that didn't make much difference to the umpire. The old fellow scratched his head for a minute and then motioned the batter, who had stopped and started back to the bench, to go on to his base.

"'What's the matter?' asked Abbey.

"'He's safe,' said Mr. Umpire.

"'Safe? How do you make that out?'

"'Look at your rules,' replied his whiskers.

"'Well, what's in the rules that makes him safe?' asked Abbey.

"'Why, just this,' said his nobs in the checked suit, as he dug up a copy of the rules and shook it in the faces of all the team, who had by this time gathered around him. 'These rules say that a ball must be thrown to first to put the runner out!'

"'Well, what did I do—kick it there?' roared Abbey.

"'Well, you didn't throw it,' said Mr. Umpire, as he pulled out his watch. 'You pitched it! I'll give you five minutes to play ball!'"

You may never know it happened if you fail to read The Evening Herald.

GREAT REDUCTIONS!

Come early and avoid the rush.

Best patent flour, $2.50 per 100; choice patent, $2.40; good family Flour, $2.30 per 100.

Choice New Potatoes, 50c per bus.

Choice Oatmeal, $1.60, half bbl.; 50 chests choice new Teas, half price, 8c, 10c, 20c, 25c, 35c per lb; 5000 lbs choice Coffees, 12c, 15c, 18c, 20c, 30c per lb; choice California Sugar Cured Hams, 8c per lb; fancy Hams, 10c per lb; dried salt pork and bbl Pork, 6 and 7c per lb; choice Bacon, 7c per lb; best Silver Leaf Lard, 5c and 6c per lb; Evaporated Apples, 7c; Peaches and Pears, 10c per lb; Prunes, best, 5c per lb; English Currants, 5c to 8c; Raisins, 5c to 8c; choice Dairy butter, 10c to 15c; fancy Creamery, 18c per lb; endless line of Canned Goods, choice Tomatoes, Corn, Beans, String Beans, Peas and other brands, from 75c to 85c per dozen or 4 for 25c; large line of California Peaches, Egg Plums, Green Gages, Apricots, Pears, $1.50 per doz, or 15c per can; 45 bars good Soap for $1.00; 22 bars best Soap for $1.00; Kerosene oil, per gal, 8c in bbl lots; strictly fresh Eggs, 11c and 9c per dozen; 20 lbs good Rice for $1.00 or 5c per lb. Gasoline 12c a gallon. Choice Java and Mocha Coffee, 20c per lb. Best Rio and Java Coffee, 6 lbs for $1.00. Best Broken Java Coffee, 8 lbs for $1.00. Best Rio Coffee, 15c per lb.

Prices subject to market changes. Mail orders promptly attended to, send money order or cash for about the amount of bill and save delay. All goods guaranteed, prices and quality.

Dry Goods and Shoes must be closed out regardless of cost. Come and take them at your own price. Will sell the entire stock for 50c on the dollar on actual wholesale cost.

Prompt delivery will be made to all points. Terms, cash.

J. WILKEY & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Department House.
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Misses' $1.50 Tan Lace and Button Shoes only 98c

PHILLIPS & CO.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Edmond Vogtlin and Margred Vogtlin, his wife, mortgagors, to The Union Building and Loan Association, mortgagee, bearing date the 3rd day of March, 1896, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 5th day of March, 1896, at 4:20 o'clock p. m., in Book M of mortgages, on page 243.

Said default consists in the non-payment of monthly interest and premium on the principal sum of the mortgage debt, for more than the space of six months, and whereas the three shares of stock described in said mortgage have been sold for non-payment of dues.

And whereas, the said The Union Building and Loan Association, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of one hundred ninety-two and 30-100 dollars, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot eighty-three, Minnesota avenue, Upper Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof. Said lot being in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 25th day of September, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $192.30 dollars and interest, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Aug. 13, A. D. 1897.

THE UNION BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,
Mortgagee.

S. T. HARRISON,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Rooms 608-611 Torrey Building,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-13-20-27-Sept-3-10-17.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Edmond Vogtlin and Margred Vogtlin, his wife, mortgagors, to The Union Building and Loan Association, mortgagee, bearing date the 3rd day of March, 1896, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 5th day of March, 1896, at 4:20 o'clock p. m., in Book M of mortgages, on page 243.

Said default consists in the non-payment of monthly interest and premium on the principal sum of the mortgage debt, for more than the space of six months, and whereas the three shares of stock described in said mortgage have been sold for non-payment of dues.

And whereas, the said The Union Building and Loan Association, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of eight per cent per annum, from the 25th day of August, 1895, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot nine, of block five, of Macfarlane's Grassy Point Addition to Duluth, in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state on the 25th day of September, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of five hundred dollars, and interest, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Aug. 13, A. D. 1897.

THE UNION BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,
Mortgagee.

S. T. HARRISON,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Rooms 608-611 Torrey Building,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-13-20-27-Sept-3-10-17.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of the sum of one hundred and forty dollars principal and interest which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Mauritz Carlson, mortgagor, to The Union Building and Loan Association, mortgagee, bearing date the 26th day of August, 1895, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 27th day of August, 1895, at 3:35 o'clock p. m., in Book 85 of mortgages, on page 225.

And whereas, the said The Union Building and Loan Association, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas, there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of eight per cent per annum, from the 25th day of August, 1895, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot nine, of block five, of Macfarlane's Grassy Point Addition to Duluth, in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state on the 25th day of September, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of five hundred dollars, and interest, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

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Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-13-20-27-Sept-3-10-17.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

FREE! FREE!

The Leading Specialist of America!
36 Years' Experience! 250,000 Cured!

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TREATMENT FREE UNTIL CURED DURING AUGUST.
Office Hours, 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. Sunday, all but Church Hours.

DISEASES OF WOMEN: If you are suffering from any of the diseases peculiar to your sex such as ovarian troubles, bearing down from the hips, nervous troubles, shortness of breath, heart palpitations, all gone feeling, falling or displacement of the womb, inflammation or ulceration, bloating, headaches, spinal weakness, pain in back and loins, leucorrhoea, discharges and burning, smarting and itching, you can, with absolute certainty, be cured by Dr. S. Clay Todd's valuable aid. Don't stay away because you are poor. If your physician is not curing you, or if you wish immediate relief and a permanent cure, consult **DR. S. CLAY TODD at his Medical Institute and Eye and Ear infirmary, 1224 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis. Consultation free. Medicines furnished.**

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KINGSFORD'S OSWEGO STARCH

"SILVER GLOSS"

gives universal satisfaction.

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NEW YORK STOCKS.

Irregular Changes at the Opening But Mainly Higher.

New York, Aug. 13.—The opening of the market showed irregular changes, but advances predominating. The industrials were strong. Sugar rose 1⅛c, and Chicago Gas, ⅞c; Louisville & Nashville, and Northern Pacific preferred yielded ⅝c in sympathy with lower prices in London. The grangers were firm.

Liquidation in Tobacco, which carried the price down two points, together with a resumption of bear pressure in various parts of the list, caused general heaviness in the leading shares, with Susquehanna & Western preferred exceptionally weak. Meanwhile, however, the low-priced inactive stocks displayed great strength on large purchases, which were well distributed.

The selling movement was soon exhausted and although the volume of trading diminished considerably, sharp recoveries ensued under the leadership of Sugar, which touched $1.48¾. The grangers recovered to the top level and improvements elsewhere were also important. The fluctuations in properties which have recently forged to the front were especially wide; Linseed Oil and Great Northern, preferred, rising 4 points, and Mobile and Ohio 3. The industrials were generally quiet, except for Sugar, and Chicago Gas which received moderate attention. Toward midday the market again developed an easier tone on liberal offerings of Sugar and Northern Pacific, preferred. The selling movement soon extended to the grangers, Burlington selling off 2⅛, of which it recovered partially, the whole list being more or less effected. Sales to noon, 342,500 shares. The bond market continued to trend upward on good buying of the speculative issues.

CUBAN TOBACCO CROP.

Spain Has Not Issued a General Order of Release.

Washington, Aug. 13.—So far as is known at the state department there has been no general order issued by the Spanish government for the release of all of the tobacco held in Cuba for export to the United States, under the prohibitory rule of Capt. Gen. Weyler, issued last year. Each case is being treated on its merits, and the only general order issued relates to the evidence that must be produced by the owner of the tobacco, such as proof that the contracts for delivery of the tobacco were actually made prior to the issue of the prohibitory rule; dates of the various steps in the transaction and explanations of the reasons why the tobacco had not been shipped before.

In some cases there has been considerable delay in securing the release of the tobacco owing to the fact that this evidence has been sent to Madrid instead of to Havana. But, generally, it is said, the Spanish government is treating the applications with proper attention.

FRENCH IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

Paris, Aug. 13.—The official returns just published show that the imports into France for the past seven months were 20,217,000 francs below those of 1896. On the other hand the exports foot up 177,637,000 francs more than during the same period of 1896. A decree has been gazetted temporarily admitting hard and soft wheat for milling purposes.

WILL CLOSE ITS CAREER.

Boston, Aug. 13.—The Globe this afternoon says that the Massachusetts Life association will probably cease its corporate existence Tuesday, Aug. 17, on which date a petition will be presented to the supreme court for the appointment of a receiver. It is understood that there will be no objection to the motion.

PORTUGUESE TROOPS VICTRIOUS.

Lisbon, Aug. 13.—It is officially announced here that the Portugese troops surprised and routed the rebellious Mapulanquenes on Tuesday last, killing twenty-three chiefs and 293 of their followers, in addition to wounding many of the rebels. The Portuguese had two killed and four wounded. All the territory of the rebellious tribesmen has been laid waste.

KNEELAND'S MANY WIVES.

St. Joseph, Mo., Aug. 13.—Albert Kneeland, the alleged bigamist arrested in New Mexico and brought here for trial, according to letters received, has ten wives, nearly all of them living. They live in Ohio, Illinois and Missouri. Kneeland is a traveling salesman and was married the last time here about two years ago. He was first married at Columbus, Ohio. His fourth wife, living at St. Louis, is pushing the prosecution.

MAILS FOR KLONDIKE DISTRICT.

The Contractor May Not Agree to a Change.

Washington, Aug. 13.—The postoffice department has written the postal authorities of Canada concerning company operation in carrying the mails to the Klondike country, but there is no hope of being able to reach an adjustment as the American contractor may not accept a modification of his contract.

The proposition made is that the two governments should co-operate and arrange for an interchange of mail at Circle City and Dawson City, the United States to maintain a service once a month and Canada the same. This would give two mails every month. No reply has been received from the Canadian government, and even if it was favorable, arrangements must be made with the contractor who carries the mail to Circle City to carry the mail destined for Dawson City.

His representative in Washington has intimated that he will not care to modify his contract, and indicates that in case there is to be an increase in the service the contractor should have considerably more compensation. The postoffice department cannot modify the contract and impose more labor on the contractor without his consent. It is recognized at the department that the arrangement must be a mutual agreement, not only with the Canadian government, but with the Alaskan contractor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Private Sale of a choice list of property comprising Houses and Fine Residence Lots, suitable for improvement. Will be sold at great bargains, as time for winding up estate is expiring. Call and see list or write

WILLIAM MORAL, Local Agent,
711 Torrey Building.

POM KWANG SOH DEAD.

Ex-Corean Minister Dies of Consumption In Washington.

Washington, Aug. 13.—Pom Kwang Soh, ex-minister from Corea, died at 3:20 of acute consumption recently aggravated by over-exercise. The funeral arrangements will probably be attended to by the Corean legation. It was Mr. Soh's wish that his body should be cremated.

RATHER QUEER CASE.

Stillwater Penitentiary Official Arrested For Breaking Badger Law.

Milwaukee, Aug. 13.—A special to the Journal from Hudson, Wis., says: Vint Connelly, of Stillwater, Minn., was arrested here today for offering convict-made shoes for sale without having first complied with the law passed by last legislature, which provides that convict-made goods manufactured outside of the state shall be branded or marked in a certain way, with a penalty of $1 to $500 fine as a violation.

Connelly is the salesman for the Minnesota penitentiary shoes, and the suit is brought for the purpose of testing the law. Connelly was bound over to the circuit court.

LIEBECK WAS DISCHARGED.

Louisville, Ky., Aug. 13.—J. F. Liebeck, the young St. Louis society man, who was arrested on a charge of detaining Miss Bayless in a carriage on the boulevard in this city last Friday night, appeared in the police court today to answer the charge. The relatives of the young lady and her attorneys asked that the case be dismissed. The court ordered the case dismissed.

HEPBURN'S PRONUNCIATION.

Congressman Hepburn of Iowa tells how he once got back a $2000 office by knowing how to pronounce Sioux, says the Pittsburg Dispatch. "I had been chief clerk," he says, "of the Iowa house of representatives for several terms, but the wheel of political fortune had finally brought in a house that was not as friendly as I could wish. Another candidate appeared, and he and I had a warm fight, with the result that he defeated me by a few votes in the Republican caucus. The house was organized and this man was duly elected chief clerk. It so happened that the first paper he had to read was a communication relative to the Sioux Indians. The name 'Sioux,' appeared very frequently, and the new clerk persisted in calling it 'Si-oux,' to the disgust of the old Westerners who had been accustomed to the correct pronunciation all their lives. As soon as the house adjourned on the first day, one of the Republican leaders asked all Republicans to remain for a caucus. The caucus having been convened, this gentleman arose and said: 'I move that the present chief clerk be discharged, and that J. F. Hepburn, the former chief clerk of this body, be re-elected. We want a man who knows how to pronounce "Sioux."' The motion was adopted unanimously, and I was reinstated because I knew better than to call 'Sioux' 'Si-oux.'"

BLOOD FLOWED

Band Instrument Was Shoved Into a Player's Eye---An Exciting Time.

STRIKERS GO BACK

Sheriff Lowry Disperses a Large Crowd of Marchers---Today's Developments.

Pittsburg Aug. 13.—The first bloodshed during the present miners' strike was that of Jacob Mott, a drummer in the McDonald band. The trouble occurred this morning at 5 o'clock near the Plum Creek tipple. The 1000 strikers in the camp at Plum Creek left the camp at 3 a. m. and divided into two squads at Center, one body of the marchers going to Center school house and the others to the miners' houses. The Center squad was headed by the McDonald drum corps. Sheriff Lowry reacher Center about 5 a. m. He drove from Turtle Creek by way of Monroeville and was met by Deputy Sheriff Richards and a number of deputies.

The marchers were stopped and the sheriff read the injunction order made yesterday by the court. He then ordered the strikers to return to their camp. The men paid no attention to the order for a time and the drum corps attempted to lead the marchers past the sheriff and his deputies. The deputies closed up and moved forward, headed by the sheriff and the opposing forces came together. No blows were struck and no weapons drawn, but there was a lively scuffle, during which a horn in the hands of one of the band was pushed into Jacob Mott's face and he was badly cut over the right eye. Blood flowed in a stream from the wound and the sight of blood checked the pushing struggling men.

The sheriff again read the order of the court and ordered the crowd to disperse and appear in court Saturday to make answer to the bill filed. The men again refused and John Brown was particularly pronounced in his opposition. He was threatened with arrest and after considerable argument, during which he asserted his right to be on the public road, Uriah Bellingham and the band again tried to force their way past the sheriff and his deputies. The deputies again closed up and moved forward. More pushing and shoving followed. The deputies pushed ahead, crowding and pushing the strikers back until both bodies were closely packed and it looked for a time as though serious trouble would follow.

Sheriff Lowry again ordered them to disperse and threatened them with arrest if they did not instantly obey. After some hesitation the strikers moved back to camp, closely followed by the sheriff and his deputies. It is reported that the twenty-nine men discharged from the Plum Creek mine are to be arrested for alleged breach of contract. Bodies of marchers also started from Turtle Creek for Oak Hill and Spring Hill this morning in defense of the injunction, but nothing has been heard from them.

About 2 o'clock this morning some of the deputies doing duty at Plum Creek mines were called from Center school to disperse a crowd of Hungarians. May Haas, the fifty crowned Joanne d'Arc, went to the camp and aroused seventy-five of the Hungarians to the point of accompanying her to the company houses to do missionary work. The motley crowd got a good start before news of the movement was conveyed to the De Armit stables, whence the warning was sent to the deputies. After much chasing the deputies managed to catch up with the crowd and dispersed it.

No one can tell how serious trouble was averted during the clash between the strikers and deputies. The strikers in camp at Turtle Creek obeyed the injunction by not marching on Oak Hill mine. Instead they proceeded to the Springfield mine of Dempster, Boyd & Co., and succeeded in inducing the men to meet them this afternoon and discuss the situation.

Last night was one of anxiety in the strikers' camp at Plum Creek, and one of sleeplessness among the deputy sheriffs at Center. The campers had been warned that the sheriff would attempt to stop their marching and numerous threats were reported to the deputies as having been made by the strikers.

At 9 o'clock nearly all the deputies retired so that they could have as much rest as possible before the strikers appeared in the morning. They had hardly fallen into a doze before the pickets gave an alarm that the strikers were coming in a body, and they tumbled out of bed and were marshaled about the company's buildings at Center. The music of a brass band was heard and, after a wait of ten minutes the head of a column of strikers appeared. They were escorting home from the camp Emma Haas, the lame girl who had been crowned by them with a wreath of daisies for firing a revolver in honor of the marchers.

The deputies went to bed again, but they had very little sleep, for at 2:30 a. m., the alarm was again sounded and they turned out, knowing that it would be hours before they would again be permitted to rest. From that time until daylight there were numerous clashes between the deputies and strikers, and several times a bloody riot was narrowly averted.

At 5 a. m. Sheriff Lowry and Deputy Sheriff Richards arrived across the country from Turtle Creek. They drove in the patrolling parties, and in doing so gave the men to understand that an argument would be of no avail. This action caused a jam of men that impeded their progress. There was a man who did not seem disposed to move on as directed and Sheriff Richards read a copy of the injunction and delivered it to him. The man would not give his name and for want of a better order Sheriff Lowry dubbed him "John Brown." The men were in a sullen mood and nearly a hundred others gathered about the sheriff. One man demanded to know by what right the courts granted an injunction against citizens who were using public roads for a lawful purpose. He was immediately stood up and served with a copy of the injunction.

There was a threatening movement among the men and Sheriff Lowry made a short speech, saying the men were defendants in a suit brought by the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal company, and that the injunction would hold good until Monday, when they would have a hearing before Judges Stowe and Collier. He added: "I command you, as high sheriff of Allegheny county, to cease this marching. You must not molest men who want to work. They have as much right to the roads as you, and if you do not desist, in obedience to this injunction, I will arrest you."

Deputy sheriffs then formed a line across the road and forced the strikers to move along. Seeing no way to help themselves, the fife and drum band commenced to play and the men moved on in the direction of their camps.

By this time news of the sheriff's arrival and action had reached the division of the strikers guarding the miners' houses across the ravine, and they hastened to gain their companies. They met on the hill above Center and formed on either side of the road and invited the deputy sheriffs to pass through. The invitation was not accepted and the deputies allowed them to stand. This did not please them and the band started back. One of the strikers who assumed a leadership, bade the others to fall in the rear. George Kelly and Michael Dukes marched ahead carrying flags, and attempted to break through the ranks of the deputies. They did not succeed, however, and were compelled to stand and listen to the reading of the injunction.

A few of the more stubborn ones resisted and asserted a right to go down the road in the direction of the pit mouth, but Sheriff Lowry was firm and told them that as they had come from their camps they would have to return that way. One of these was James A. Bruce, colored. He said he had paid his tax and asked to pass through the line of deputy sheriffs. When refused he insisted that his name should be added to the list of defendants in De Armit's equity suit, and also demanded a copy not only of the injunction, but of the allegations upon which it was issued.

While the negro was being disposed of, Richard Barrow, of Walker's Mills, with a half dozen of his companions, seated themselves on the side of the road and refused to move. They said they would not be made to move by all the deputies present and a wordy war ensued. Finally Deputy Sheriff Clark seized Barrow by the shoulders and a dozen strikers ran to his rescue. One striker, with a cooler head than the others, shouted to them not to resist the officers and after much persuasion Barrow and his companions moved off. The strikers then marched to Camp Isolation without further molestation.

During the morning about forty women appeared on the road leading to Plum Creek. The party was headed by Emma Haas. A number of banners were displayed bearing striking inscriptions, among which were:

"We are out for women's rights; 60 cents or bust."

"United we stand, divided we fall. It's bread and butter we want."

The women were accompanied by Jacob Thompson, who has been active during the campaign. The deputies lined up again and ordered the crowd to disperse. One girl said to a deputy: "Oh, you are not so many. We are not afraid of you."

The deputies received many taunts and jers, but the marching women were finally persuaded to return to their homes without any serious trouble occurring.

Superintendent De Armit of the Oak Hill mine will make another determined effort to operate his mine with a largely-increased number of diggers. Instead of importing men, the miners now idle, through sympathy with the strike, are to be rounded up with a view of getting them to work. Benjamin Tarr, the master mechanic at the mines, said today that most of the miners were afraid to go to work. "They are actually afraid to go to the pit or else they would be there now," said he.

Deputies will be placed on guard at the homes of the miners willing to work, but unwilling to run the gauntlet of the strikers. Nineteen Italian miners residing near the bridge at Newton went to work at Oak Hill this morning. They promised to work every day if given protection. Orders were issued to the deputy sheriffs to keep a posse constantly guarding the house night and day.

This afternoon William J. Brennan, attorney for the strikers, said that he would enter suit against W. P. DeArmit for perjury in connection with the affidavits made in the application for the injunction issued yesterday. Mr. Brennan said that one of the defendants named had been dead two years, and two others had not been mining coal for about the same period. The names, he said, had evidently been taken out of an old book.

THE MONONGAH MEETING.

West Virginia Miners Expected to Come Out Soon.

Fairmont, W. Va., Aug. 13.—The meeting at Monongah this afternoon is now in progress and Ratchford is speaking to the men. He will be followed by Gompers, Sovereign, O'Connell and Mahon. Up to this time there have been no signs of serving the injunction and a prominent operator says that it will not be served. James O'Connell, when told this, said: "I was afraid this step would not be taken when it was circulated that we wanted that move. Nevertheless, it gives us an opportunity of addressing the men of this section and with our big meeting at Fairmont tonight we will get to talk with many of the Fairmont district men."

This morning President Ratchford, Gompers, Sovereign, Mahon, O'Connell, Jones, Barnes, Woods, Rea, Lennon and Evans held a long conference and many matters were discussed. It is said Sovereign made some interesting remarks on Judge Jackson, but they are not given to the public. O'Connell is very jubilant and says all the men will be out by Monday at the furthest.

PRESIDENT DOLAN'S TRIP.

Pittsburg, Aug. 13.—As soon as the trouble at Plum Creek reached the miners' headquarters, this morning President Dolan left for Plum Creek to investigate the cause. He will bring Mott to this city and have an information made against Stewart, the deputy whom it is alleged struck Mott with the horn, for assault and battery. Dolan said he was still determined in his decision to maintain the camps, but will counsel the men to keep the peace.

The... Only Oil

that stops the pain and cures its cause. The action of Kickapoo Indian Oil on the irritated nerves, is as soothing a "oil spread on the troubled waters." The result is instantly felt. The cure begins at once. Toothache, earache, headache, neuralgic and rheumatic pains, dysentery, diarrhœa, cholera morbus colic, cramps and all acute pains yield instantly to

Kickapoo Indian Oil.

TRUE UNIFORMITY PROGRESS.

Committee Reports a Number of Additional Signatures.

Pittsburg, Aug. 13.—The true uniformity committee reports that a number of signatures have been secured to the agreement and that the outlook is very encouraging. The names of the signers were not given out, but it was intimated that the number was quite large and that it included some of the larger firms. From this time forward a regular and systematic canvass for signatures to the agreement will be made.

J. B. Johnston, a local newspaper man, has been appointed secretary of the committee on revision, with instructions to visit every operator in the district, elucidate the terms of the articles and if possible secure his signature. Inasmuch as many of the operators are away from the city, it is expected that the canvass for signatures will last many weeks.

CONFERENCE AT DECATUR.

Decatur, Ill., Aug. 13.—Archie Neil and John Davis two leaders and speakers for the Springfield marching miners, conferred this afternoon with B. B. Ray, Governor Tanner's representative, at the St. Nicholas hotel. They told him they thought they had a right to enter the city as individuals, and so far they had done nothing to be kept out at the point of the musket. He advised them to confer with Attorney Mill and went to the court-house to see Mill. About 100 miners from Springfield and Pana came in as individuals and went quietly about town. Several went to the coal shaft, but were warned away by two policemen on duty there.

SHERIFF STOPPED THEM.

Decatur, Ill., Aug. 13.—About 100 men, the advance guard of the body of marching miners from the west, were met this afternoon by Sheriff Nicholson and Marshal Mason three miles west of the city and ordered not to come farther.

They went into camp. Two hundred men from Pana and other places to the south are camped two miles southwest. All are orderly and quiet. The miners here are still working.

AID FOR STRIKERS.

Macon, Mo., Aug. 13.—Representatives from Springfield, Ill., have raised $400 among the Bevier miners to help support the Eastern stockers. The Springfield men made no effort for a strike at Bevier.

ON TO DECATUR.

Moweaqua, Ill., Aug. 13.—This city was invaded last night by a large body of miners from Pana, Assumption and Nokomis en route to Decatur. They were reinforced here by a large number of miners, and left for the north about midnight.

SETTLEMENT EXPECTED.

Jellico, Tenn., Aug. 13.—The operators and miners of this district met here in joint session today. Nothing was done further than to appoint a committee to arrange a scale for the district. It is believed that a settlement will be reached before final adjournment.

A STRIKERS' PROPOSITION.

Decatur, Ill., Aug. 13.—The miners' leaders in their conference with B. B. Ray decided to submit to the city and county authorities a proposition. If the authorities will permit one man from each district, making a delegation of about twelve men, to come in and arrange a meeting for the Decatur miners to attend, and if the Decatur men refuse to attend or say they do not want to strike the invading miners will leave for home.

AID OFFER REFUSED.

Wheeling, W. Va., Aug. 13.—The offer of the miners at the mine to give 10 per cent of their earnings to the strike fund, and the proposition of the company to duplicate any sum the miners might give was not satisfactory to the Eastern Ohio strikers, and this morning the marching column from the Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling railway mines marched with flags and a band to the Laughlin mines. The men at work refused to come out until the national officers had passed upon their proposition. Except the Laughlin and Aetna mines, everything in this vicinity is closed down. The Kanawha valley shows no change this morning.

BOTTLING OF SPIRITS.

Washington, Aug. 13.—Acting Commissioner Wilson of the internal revenue bureau has modified the regulations governing the bottling of distilled spirits issued in May last. By these amendments the time within which the bottling may be completed is extended from one to six days, including the day on which the spirits are dumped into the cisterns. The number of cisterns for bottling purposes is increased from one to six if necessary, and more liberal provisions have been made as to the disposition of remnants resulting from each dumping. The requirements as to branding have been modified so as to allow the name of the season to be used instead of the actual date.

WILL NOT RESIGN.

Madrid, Aug. 13.—The Epoca denies that the minister for the interior, Senor F. Goshayon, contemplates resigning.

Visitors to Duluth should take the steamer Dixon to Agate and Burlington bays tomorrow, leaving Booth's dock at 4 o'clock and returning by moonlight, passing the great ore docks and terminals at Two Harbors. There will be an opportunity to gather some of the celebrated Lake Superior agates while at the bay. Under the auspices of the Ladies' Guild of Glen Avon. Tickets only 50 cents for the round trip.

HIS PULL.

A good story is being told about the appointment of a postmaster in Northeastern Ohio, says the Columbus Dispatch. It appears that there were a number of aspirants for the place, and when the announcement was made to him that a German was to secure the plum, every person was anxious to be in line and congratulate him on his success. One of the congratulators was a man who was noted for being blunt and asking questions from the shoulder, so to speak. After the usual form had been gone through with, he blurted out:

"Why, no person had any idea that you were a candidate to say nothing about expecting you to get the place. What kind of a pull did you have?"

"I vill dell you," said the German. "You see, I used to go to school vid de congressman and ve vere chumps."

Most of the people of the town agreed with the German, but that didn't interfere with his getting the place and drawing a nice salary for four years.

REGATTA OPENING

Philadelphia Full of Crack Oarsmen For the Big Aquatic Carnival.

LASTS TWO DAYS

Some of the Preliminary Heats Being Rowed Off This Afternoon.

Philadelphia, Aug. 13.—A more beautiful day for the National association regatta here today and tomorrow could not be desired. The races will be on the national course on the Schuylkill in one of the prettiest parts of Fairmount park. The international 4-oared shell race and the 8-oared race will be one and a half miles straight away, while all the other races will be the same distance with a turn. The water at noon was glassy. The oarsmen will have no tide to contend with and the current is nothing to speak of.

There was much disappointment among the oarsmen and others over Ten Eyck's decision not to row. Many persons journeyed to this city to see the Henley champion measure strokes with the American and Canadian cracks, and they feel the disappointment keenly. There was some talk of asking Ten Eyck to row an exhibition mile, but nothing definite has been done in that direction.

The greatest interest is centered in the senior single championship of the United States. With Ten Eyck out, the knowing ones seem to think the race lies between Maguire, of Cambridge, Mass.; Justenal, of Philadelphia, and Whitehead, of Boston, while Thompson and Alward, of Toronto, and Van Damme, of Detroit, have many followers. Alward is the present Canadian champion, and there is much interest manifested in his meeting the American cracks.

Intermediate singles, first heat: C. H. Lewis, of Worcester, Mass., won by two lengths; B. G. Wilson, of New York, second; J. M. Binder, of Philadelphia, third. Time, 10:32¼.

Senior 4-oared shell, first heat: Ariel Rowing club, Baltimore, won by a length; Staten Island Boat club, second; Crescent Boat club, Philadelphia, third. Time, 2:25.

Senior 4-oared shell, second heat—Institute Boat club, Neweark, N. J., won by a length and a half, Argonaut Boat club, Toronto, second; Columbia Athletic club, Washington, third. Time, 2:15.

HOLDING TO THE LETTER.

Umpire Enforced the Rules According to the Words.

Chicago Chronicle: "You talk about your home umpires," says George Decker. "I had an experience with one of them one time that was a home umpire and no mistake. I guess pretty near every indicator handler on Uncle Nick's staff has been accused this year of being a home umpire, but if you'd seen the boy that I was against perform you'd admit right there and then that he was the only perfect specimen of a home umpire in the world.

"It was three years ago this coming fall that I ran across this chap I'm telling you about. It was just after the close of the league season and a certain Hoosier team had sent up to Chicago for a battery with which they could go over and trim a team of deadly rivals that were located in Lafayette, Ind. Abbey had been pitching for Anson that summer and he and I heard about the request for a battery, and soon fixed up matters whereby we were to don the uniforms of the Hoosier team and lead them to the much-desired victory over Lafayette for our expenses and a consideration. Well, down into Indiana we went, and after Abbey and I arranged our signs I put on a mask and the game started, with none of the Lafayette fans suspecting where we hailed from.

"The man who had been agreed upon to umpire the game was an old fellow with a set of gray whiskers and a checked suit of clothes that even a boy from the Bowery would blush to wear. He was supposed to be the boss fan of the town, I believe, and, as no outsider could be secured, the captain of the team we were with agreed to the old fellow, after Abbey had called him off to one side and assured him there was no chance for us to lose, anyhow. That umpire was a peach. He evidently realized that he was there to go with the home team on every possible occasion, and some of his decisions were certainly corkers. Abbey was in pretty good form that day, and the Lafayette team couldn't do very much with him, while our team found the other pitcher easy, and by banging the ball out where there was no chance for argument with the umpire, managed to get well off in the lead. In the last couple of innings the home team and the umpire grew desperate, and after sending one of Lafayette's players to first on balls that were strikes, he called another one safe when he was out by ten feet. There is when he made the star decision of the day. One of the home batters hit a little easy bounder down to Abbey and he snatched it and sent it fast to the first baseman in order to beat the runner out so far that there would be no chance for any argument on the out. The runner was only half way to the base when the ball got there, but that didn't make much difference to the umpire. The old fellow scratched his head for a minute and then motioned the batter, who had stopped and started back to the bench, to go on to his base.

"'What's the matter?' asked Abbey.

"'He's safe,' said Mr. Umpire.

"'Safe? How do you make that out?'

"'Look at your rules,' replied his whiskers.

"'Well, what's in the rules that makes him safe?' asked Abbey.

"'Why, just this,' said his nobs in the checked suit, as he dug up a copy of the rules and shook it in the faces of all the team, who had by this time gathered around him. 'These rules say that a ball must be thrown to first to put the runner out!'

"'Well, what did I do—kick it there?' roared Abbey.

"'Well, you didn't throw it,' said Mr. Umpire, as he pulled out his watch. 'You pitched it! I'll give you five minutes to play ball!'"

You may never know it happened if you fail to read The Evening Herald.

GREAT REDUCTIONS!

Come early and avoid the rush.

Best patent flour, $2.50 per 100; choice patent, $2.40; good family Flour, $2.30 per 100.

Choice New Potatoes, 50c per bus.

Choice Oatmeal, $1.60, half bbl.; 50 chests choice new Teas, half price, 8c, 10c, 20c, 25c, 35c per lb; 5000 lbs choice Coffees, 12c, 15c, 18c, 20c, 30c per lb; choice California Sugar Cured Hams, 8c per lb; fancy Hams, 10c per lb; dried salt pork and bbl Pork, 6 and 7c per lb; choice Bacon, 7c per lb; best Silver Leaf Lard, 5c and 6c per lb; Evaporated Apples, 7c; Peaches and Pears, 10c per lb; Prunes, best, 5c per lb; English Currants, 5c to 8c; Raisins, 5c to 8c; choice Dairy butter, 10c to 15c; fancy Creamery, 18c per lb; endless line of Canned Goods, choice Tomatoes, Corn, Beans, String Beans, Peas and other brands, from 75c to 85c per dozen or 4 for 25c; large line of California Peaches, Egg Plums, Green Gages, Apricots, Pears, $1.50 per doz, or 15c per can; 45 bars good Soap for $1.00; 32 bars best Soap for $1.00; Kerosene oil, per gal, 8c in bbl lots; strictly fresh Eggs, 11c and 9c per dozen; 20 lbs good Rice for $1.00 or 5c per lb. Gasoline 12c a gallon. Choice Java and Mocha Coffee, 20c per lb. Best Rio and Java Coffee, 6 lbs for $1.00. Best Broken Java Coffee, 8 lbs for $1.00. Best Rio Coffee, 15c per lb.

Prices subject to market changes. Mail orders promptly attended to, send money order or cash for about the amount of bill and save delay. All goods guaranteed, prices and quality.

Dry Goods and Shoes must be closed out regardless of cost. Come and take them at your own price. Will sell the entire stock for 50c on the dollar on actual wholesale cost.

Prompt delivery will be made to all points. Terms, cash.

J. WILKEY & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Department House.
203-205 East Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

Misses' $1.50 Tan Lace and Button Shoes only..... 98c

PHILLIPS & CO.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Edmond Vogtlin and Margred Vogtlin, his wife, mortgagors, to The Union Building and Loan Association, mortgagee, bearing date the 3rd day of March, 1890, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 5th day of March, 1890, at 4:20 o'clock p. m., in Book M of mortgages, on page 283.

Said default consists in the non-payment of monthly interest and premium on the principal sum of the mortgage debt for more than the space of six months, and whereas the three shares of stock described in said mortgage have been sold for non-payment of dues.

And whereas, the said The Union Building and Loan Association, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of one hundred ninety-two and 40-100 dollars, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot eighty-three, Minnesota avenue, Upper Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof. Said lot being in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 25th day of September, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $192.40 dollars and interest, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Aug. 13, A. D. 1897.
THE UNION BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,
Mortgagee.
S. T. HARRISON,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Rooms 608-611 Torrey Building,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-13-20-27-Sept-3-10-17.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of one hundred and forty dollars principal and interest which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Mauritz Carlson, mortgagor, to The Union Building and Loan Association, mortgagee, bearing date the 28th day of August, 1895, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 27th day of August, 1895, at 3:35 o'clock p. m., in Book 96 of mortgages, on page 322.

And whereas, the said The Union Building and Loan Association, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas, there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of eight per cent per annum, from the 24th day of August, 1895, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot nine, of block five, of Macfarlane's Grassy Point Addition to Duluth, in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 24th day of September, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of five hundred dollars, and interest, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Aug. 13, A. D. 1897.
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Duluth Evening Herald. Aug-13-20-27-Sept-3-10-17.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

The Great Eastern Duluth

Saturday Bargains

Tomorrow....

will be the last chance to receive these Great Suit Bargains.

Choice of any Suit in the house for..... $15

Remember this is as all our finest $20, $22, $25, $27, $28 Diamonde Suits.



$10 Suits for $6.50!

Your choice of 300 Fine Black Clay Worsted Sack and Frock Suits, made up in perfect manner, elegant trimmings and linings—Suits that are better than you'll find in other stores for $12; go on sale tomorrow for

$6.50

$15, $14 and $12 Suits for $9.50.

We offer the choice of 500 fine $15, $14, $12 Tailor-made Suits handsomely made up from fancy Scotch Cheviots, Cassimeres and Imported Worsteds—every one of them a model of the tailor's art; yet all will go tomorrow for

$9.50





Men's Trouser Dept.

Take Elevator Second Floor.

For Tomorrow, Saturday==

150 pairs Men's Tailor-Made Trousers, in hair line Cassimere, medium and light shades Cheviots and Worsteds, French Waistbands, patent buttons, warranted seams, worth $3.50 and $3.00: this sale **$2.45**

Men's Trousers.

$5.00 and $4.50 Trousers for $3.95.

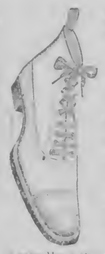
Another picking out of 350 pair of fine tailor-made Trousers, the medium light weight, all made up from custom tailors' patterns, and perfect fitters, pants that sold regularly for $5.00 and $4.50 go in this sale for **$3.95**

$7.50, $7.00 and $6.50 Trousers for $4.95.

We have gone through our Trouser stock and picked out about 300 pairs of our finest light and medium-weight tailor-made Trousers, 1 and 2 pairs of a kind where we had 20 or 30 pair, they are the finest in the house, of the King and other elaborated make: Trousers that sold regularly for $7.50, $7.00 and $6.00, we place them on a separate table and offer you the choice for **$4.95**

Shoe Department.

All Shoes Shined Free!



Great Reduction on all $5 and $6 Tan and Colored Shoes!

50 pairs Men's Vici Kid Chocolate color, the latest style toes, all sizes and widths, Goodyear welt, lace Shoe, worth $5.00; we will sell, to close them out at **$4.50**

40 pairs Men's Vici Kid Chocolate color, a wide toe shoe for comfort, very flexible, and Goodyear welt, lace; good value at $5; to close them out our price will be **$4.50**

100 pairs men's Vici Kid Lace Shoes, of different styles, broken sizes, shoe that are worth $4.50 and $5 a pair; we give you the choice for **$3.00**

(Get suited before they are all gone)

1 case Men's Russia Calf Lace Shoes, oxblood colors, Goodyear Welt, Newark toe, [illegible] last, Dull finishers, a shoe worth $4.50 a pair. Will sell them at this sale at a choice for, a pair **$3.00**

Men's Canvas Bicycle Shoes for $1.00 a Pair.

Boy's Clothing Dept.

Mothers get the Boys ready for school.

Boys' Wash Suits at **Half Price.**

Take Elevator Second Floor.



$4.00 Wash Suits	$2.00
$3.00 Wash Suits	$1.50
$2.50 Wash Suits	$1.25
$2.00 Wash Suits	$1.00
$1.50 Wash Suits	75c

They consist of Linens, Crash, Percales, Galateas, in plain and fancy ducks, made up in every conceivable combination of coloring and trimming, each suit has a cute cord and whistle. A full and complete assortment of sizes.

Knee Pants Suits.

225 Boys' Double-Breasted Knee Pants School Suits in a pretty dark red, gray and white Pin Check Cassimere; strongly and well made, all seams are taped and stayed; this suit will give good wear. Regular price $3, special sale **$1.98**

Knee Pants Suits.

At $2.35—Choice of fully 400 Boys' Purely All-wool Double Breasted Knee Pants Suits, in six distinct styles of Brown Plaids and Gray Diagonal Cheviots, Gray Striped Cassimeres and pretty and neat gray, Brown and Red Pin Checks, made up with double knee, reinforced taped seams, riveted buttons, patented elastic waist bands; regular $3.50, $3.75 ..... **$2.35**

M. S. BURROWS.

REGISTER CHOSEN

August Lofgren Elected By the Board to Succeed P. J. Borgstrom.

THIRTEEN BALLOTS

Required That Number to Reach a Decision---Ten Applications Filed.

The board of county commissioners this morning elected August Lofgren, of West Duluth, to fill the unexpired term of Peter J. Borgstrom, register of deeds. He was elected on the thirteenth ballot, on Aug. 13 and on Friday, but it is not understood that he will resign because of the superstition attaching to those figures.

The special meeting of the board called for the purpose of filling the vacancy in the office of the register of deeds, was called to order at 10:15 this morning, all the commissioners and a number of candidates being present, the latter accompanied by their friends and all of them being for the time at least very good friends of the commissioners. The applications for the office that had been filed, ten in number, were read. August Lofgren's application was to the effect that the position was conceded to West Duluth and he would like to have his name considered. Arvin Bagley and Otto Erickson were the other West Duluth candidates. W. P. Strickland stated in his application that he was an old soldier, and S. E. Peachy put in a proposition along the lines of economy. He offered to do the work for $125 per month instead of $250, which salary the office pays, and to do without a deputy and save another $100. The other candidates whose names were presented were John H. Cameron, A. J. Miller, D. W. Scott, Nels A. Linderberg and N. B. Morrison.

The board immediately proceeded to take an informal ballot, which resulted in two votes for Paul Sharvy and one each for Lofgren, Erickson and Linderberg. The first formal ballot stood exactly the same, and on the second Lofgren got two, and Sharvy, Peachy and Linderberg one each. On the third formal ballot Morrison, Lofgren, Erickson and Linderberg got one vote apiece. When five ballots had been taken with the chances for agreement apparently no nearer than on the start, the board went into executive session on motion of Commissioner Williams, opposed by Commissioner Dinham. When the executive session was over and the balloting began again it did not appear that the consultation had been of the slightest benefit, for the vote was about the same until the thirteenth ballot, when Lofgren gained the one vote necessary for a choice and received three. The other votes were cast for Linderberg and J. C. Helm.

Mr. Lofgren was declared elected and the board adjourned. The successful candidate will take his place as soon as he has qualified. His bonds will probably be presented at the meeting of the board to be held next Tuesday, and if they are approved he will then assume the duties of the office.

The new register was born in Sweden in 1867 and he is therefore 30 years of age. He came to this country with his parents when he was 2 years old, and he came directly to Black River Falls, Wis., where he remained a year. He then went to Polk county, Minnesota, and afterwards removed to Sauk Center, where he received his education and learned the drug business. Seven years ago he came to West Duluth and embarked in the drug business for himself and he has remained there ever since. He was married only a few months ago. Though a young man his friends say that he has had much business experience and that he will make a capable official.

Commissioner Kauppi, who has been contending all the time that the office should go to West Duluth, was as pleased at the outcome as if he had received the office himself. He said that he believed that West Duluth was entitled to the place and he was glad that he had been able to pull his man through.

EXCURSION... TO FOND DU LAC!

Saturday August 14th

On Steamer Barker.

Leaves Booth's Dock, Lake avenue south at 9:45 a. m. and Fifth avenue west dock at 10 a. m.

Fare 50 cents, Round Trip.

The Coming Convention.

The members of the Central W. C. T. U. have elected the following delegates to the state meeting to be held Aug. 24 in the M. E. church: Mrs. W. S. Birch, Mrs. T. P. Bragg, Mrs. J. C. Allen, Mrs. W. S. Woodbridge. Mrs. R. E. Holt gave an interesting address. Several new members joined the union. Preparations for the state meeting to be held Aug. 24 are nearly completed and the chairman of entertainment, Mrs. Woodbridge, has received a number of names of those who are willing to entertain the coming visitors. They come from all parts of the city, but the committee is anxious to have all officers in homes near the church or as central as possible. Ladies willing to take one or two will please give their names to any member of the society or send a card to 311 East Thirds treet.

Ball Game Tomorrow.

There will be a baseball game tomorrow afternoon between the Missabe-Consolidated and Company G baseball nines. It will take place at the West End park and a good game is promised. Both nines are good and have had considerable practice.

Odd Fellows' Excursion.

The Odd Fellows have secured the steamer Dixon for a moonlight excursion on the lake on Tuesday evening. They have arranged to take the weather man along and chain him in the hold, and the Rebekahs will have charge of the moon as well as the refreshments.

Alaska For Gold

E. E. Esterly for your watch repairs. Watches cleaned for $1. 105 West Superior street. Room 5 over Power & Settle's.

WORK OF PIPE LAYING.

It Is Now Progressing at a Rapid Rate.

The break in the intake pipe at Lakewood would, it was thought, be fixed today. Two divers were at work all day examining the section that is laid in the tunnel. Mr. King said today that the pipe would be laid and ready for the sand covering by Tuesday unless a storm should come up. There were, this morning, but four more pieces to lay, one of which is the elbow under the crib.

The pipe laying is completed from Lester river to the fire hall at Fifty-fourth avenue east, which is as far as the ditch has been extended. A test of the pipe between the points named will be made Tuesday, after which back filling may be begun at once. King & Steele will discard the use of derricks in laying the pipe the remainder of the distance when the ground is hard. The work can be then done more rapidly, and it is thought that twenty lengths a day, of 560 feet, can be laid. Mr. King says the pipe can now be laid as fast as the trench is ready and that he would be willing to guarantee to maintain the trench until the pipe is laid and tested. The firm is ready to lay pipe on the line from Fortieth avenue east to the low level reservoir as soon as the trench is opened.

CROP OUTLOOK IS POOR.

J. E. Cooley Finds Wheat Fields In Bad Shape.

J. E. Cooley returned today from a trip to Watertown, S. D., in the interest of the state fair of which he is one of the board of managers. Mr. Cooley says the coming fair will be the largest ever held if present indications are realized. The entries for the races average fifteen for each event and it only requires sixteen to pay the entire purse. The county exhibits, too, are sure to be very large. The premiums in this have been increased from $700 to $1200 and this will attract a great many counties. Mr. Cooley says he will make an especial effort to have the St. Louis county exhibit a fine one.

During his absence of more than a week Mr. Cooley traveled through a great deal of farming country and he declares it his opinion that the Minnesota wheat crop will be a failure. He traveled all over Lac Qui Parle county, which has always been a fine wheat-producing country and he says the wheat there is very poor. The heads are not filled and the kernels are shrunken and dirty. If it yields ten bushels to the acre the farmers will be lucky. Hot and wet weather during the past two weeks have damaged grain from 20 to 30 per cent. It has been retarded fully that much during that period.

Around Watertown Mr. Cooley found the same condition. Wet weather has caused a heavy growth of weeds and crop prospects are poor.

The board of trade men here are receiving daily reports similar to that of Mr. Cooley. They are no longer anticipating a large crop.

Next Sunday Mr. Cooley will go to Fort Dodge, Iowa, to be away several days on state fair business.

Pleaded Not Guilty.

Frank Suech, of the firm of Suech & Risatti, was arraigned before Judge Boyle this morning on a charge of selling adulterated baking powder, preferred by Inspector Snyder of the dairy and food department. The accused pleaded not guilty and his trial was set for this afternoon, he being released on his own recognizance.

Alfred Lysen and Adolph Nelson, of the firm of Lysen & Nelson, were arraigned for selling adulterated vinegar, Inspector Snyder being the complainant. They pleaded not guilty and their trial was also set for this afternoon. They were released on their own recognizance.

Was Found Guilty.

William McDougall was on trial this morning before Judge Boyle for failing to support his wife. He was found guilty and sentence was suspended on condition that he furnish a bond in the sum of $150 to furnish the complainant with $20 per month for six months.

The latter testified that they were married last April and that the defendant had only lived with her a week and had furnished her but about $10 since that time. The latter testified that he had been out of work and had done the best he could.

"Living Chess" Tonight.

Tonight the game of "living chess" will be presented at the Armory under the auspices of Greysolon du Lhut chapter of Daughters of the American Revolution. Dr. Culium and Charles Geist, two of the best chess players in Duluth, will direct the game. Company G will give a drill during the evening and afterward there will be dancing.

The date: Aug. 13!
The hat: The Gordon!
The price: That's where the saving is!

G. A. R. Encampment.

Round trip to Buffalo, $18.50 via "The Northwestern Line" (Omaha railway). Tickets good going on Aug. 21 and 22, choice of lines east of Chicago. Take this, the short line, avoiding changes and roundabout routes. Tickets and berth reservations at 405 West Superior street.

Ideal Meal Tickets.

I desire to notify all holders of meal tickets issued by L. C. Knickerbocker that I am willing to share one-half the loss on the tickets. M. S. COLSON, Proprietor Ideal Restaurant.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 Years the Standard.

FREIMUTH'S

SPECIAL GOOD VALUES

For Saturday's big trade which you can't afford to miss. BETTER AND MORE BARGAINS than you can find at any other store.

DEEP PRICE CUTS IN CLOAK ROOM.

LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS.

At 43c—Choice from all our 65c and 75c Shirt Waists.

At 69c—Choice from the Derby Shirt Waists, made to sell at $1.25.

At 89c—Choice from our $1.35 $1.50 and $1.75 Shirt Waists.

At $1.48—Choice from our $2.25 and $2.50 Shirt Waists.

At $2.28—Choice from our $3.75 and $4.00 Shirt Waists.

House Wrappers.

58c—for Ladies' House Wrappers, made from good quality medium dark Calico, worth 88c each.

89c—for Ladies' House Wrappers, made from good heavy light-colored Percale, trimmed with braid and lace; regular value $1.50.

Black Dress Skirts in new fall patterns.

Ladies' Black Mohair Figured Skirts, taffeta lined, velveteen bound, 4 yards wide, well worth $2.75; tomorrow **$1.95**

Ladies' Black Brilliantine Brocade Skirts, percaline lined, perfect fitting, well worth $3.50, tomorrow **$2.48**

Ladies' Black Silk Lustre Figured Brilliantine skirts, percaline lined, cheap at $4, tomorrow **$2.98**

Ladies Black All-wool Brocaded Empress Cord Skirts, lined with silk-finished taffeta, perfect in make and finish, cheap at $7.00, tomorrow **$5.00**

Handkerchiefs.

Ladies Embroidered Lawn Handkerchiefs, regular price 15c and 18c. Tomorrow ..... **9c each or 3 for 25c**

Muslin Underwear and Corsets. Second Floor.

Ladies' Ventilating Summer Corsets, regular value 50c, tomorrow only **33c**

Royal Worcester Corsets in drab and white, extra long waists, regular price $1.00, to close out tomorrow only **75c**

Children's Gingham Dresses, sizes 2, 3 and 4, regular price 65c and 75c, tomorrow **39c**

Children's White Lawn Aprons, lace trimmed, regular price 39c, reduced to **25c**

Cambric Corset Covers, worth 25c, at **15c**

Ladies' Muslin Drawers with 3 tucks, embroidery on bottom, worth 35c, at **23c**

Children's Muslin Drawers, all sizes at **15c**

Ladies' Muslin Skirts with a 6-inch embroidery ruffle, cheap at $1.00, tomorrow **75c**

Ladies' Muslin Nightgowns, trimmed with fine embroidery, worth $1.25, tomorrow **89c**

Hosiery and Underwear.

50 doz ladies' silk-finished Hermsdorf Fast Black Hose, with double sole and heels; regular price 35c; tomorrow at, a pair **25c**

40 dozen Children's Heavy Ribbed Hose, sizes 6 to 9½, perfectly fast black; regular value 23c; price tomorrow **15c**

Ladies' Sleeveless White Vests, with silk tape around neck and arm holes, worth 15c each; price tomorrow, each **7c**

Parasols.

⅓ Off from our low price of any White or Colored Parasol in the house.

$1.50 Parasols at **$1.00**
$2.00 Parasols at **$1.37**
$3.00 Parasols at **$2.00**
And so on.

Toilet Articles.

Buttermilk Soap, regular price 10c; tomorrow **5c**

200 boxes Vegatine Soap, worth 20c a box; tomorrow **8c**

Youthful Tint Complexion Powder, worth 25c a box; tomorrow **10c**

Menen's Talcum Toilet Powder, regular price 25c; price tomorrow **14c**

Colgate's Dental Powder, regular price 25c; price tomorrow **15c**

Colgate's Handkerchief Extracts, all odors, regular price 39c; tomorrow, per ounce **25c**

Sherman's Egg Hair Shampoo, regular price 25c a bottle; tomorrow only **19c**

Gloves.

At 75c—White Chamois Gloves, with either plain backs or black embroidered backs; regular price $1.00.

Shoe Department.

Letting down the prices. Reliable makes of Footwear in the most desirable shapes at and below manufacturers' cost.

Choice of any Ladies' $3.00 brown Shoes at, a pair **$2.00**

Choice of any Ladies' $2.50 brown Shoes at, a pair **$1.50**

Choice of any Ladies' $3.00 colored Oxfords, including silk vesting tops at, a pair **$2.00**

Choice of any Ladies' $2.00 brown Oxfords at a pair **$1.25**

Choice of any Misses' $2.00 lace or button Shoes in brown or wine shades at, a pair **$1.25**

Choice of any Misses' $1.50 Shoes in brown or oxblood red at, per pair **98c**

Choice of any Children's $1.25 Shoes in brown or oxblood red, sizes 8½ to 11, at, per pair **75c**

Choice of any Children's $1.75 Shoes in brown or wine shades, sizes 8½ to 11, at a pair **$1.13**

FREIMUTH'S

BOARD OF EQUALIZATION.

Business Men's Taxes Not Likely to Be Raised.

The board of equalization met this afternoon, and it was believed by the members of the board that its work for the year would be completed by tomorrow noon. The hearings on the proposed raises in personal property valuations are all over, and all that remains is for the board to fix values. It was not believed probable by the board this morning that many raises would be made. The members were nearly all of the opinion that it would not do to make any heavy increases in the taxes of the business men. "I believe," said Commissioner Dinham to The Herald this morning, "that it will be impossible for the board to make much, if any, raises in personal property valuations, and I do not think that it would be advisable to do so. I believe that we should let the business houses, wholesale and retail, as much alone as we can, and let them off as easily as possible in order to attract more here."

Tomorrow is the last day allowed by the law for the board to do business, and it will therefore be compelled to get through then.

The matter of inspecting the Miller trunk road has been so arranged that it will be possible for the board of county commissioners to meet Tuesday. The different parts of the road have been divided between two committees one of which, consisting of Commissioners Williams and Berg and Attorney Phelps, will go over the section between here and Virginia, while the other, consisting of Commissioners Dinham and Morcom, will look over the part near Tower. They will start Sunday morning and return Monday.

INDUCEMENTS TO TOURISTS.

New Plan Which the Railroads Have Inaugurated.

Some of the railroads are beginning to appreciate the attractions which Duluth has to offer tourists and as an inducement to them to come here have a coupon attached to their tickets which entitles them to a ride over the boulevard by Kendall's hack and bus line. In addition to this arrangements are about completed for free rides from the boats to the hotels.

Some time ago the Northern Steamship company conceived the idea of making a rate to excursionists from Lake Erie ports which would include transportation and berths on the boats, a ride to the hotel, all hotel expenses in Duluth from the time one boat arrives until another departs, a ride over the boulevard and a return ride including berth to the place of starting. This includes all expenses incident to such a trip except meals on the boat. The effect of this would be to bring many more people to Duluth during the tourist season and hold out inducements for them to remain at least a half a week. The plan was decided upon too late to be put in operation successfully this season, but it is the intention to advertise it extensively next spring, and it is thought that the passenger traffic on the big boats will be greatly increased in this way. There are many more passengers leave on the North Land and North West from Buffalo and Cleveland than ever come to Lake Superior, a large percentage of them stopping at Detroit and Cleveland. Excursions run on this plan it is thought will induce many to come through to Duluth who now stop off on the way.

A. O. H. Picnic.

The annual picnic of Division No. 1, A. O. H., will be held at Lester Park, on Wednesday, Aug. 18, and it invites all its friends to join with it.

You may never know it happened if you fail to read The Evening Herald.

All Misses' and Children's Tan Shoes at COST.

PHILLIPS & CO.

ONCE A PATRON ALWAYS A PATRON

AT THE—

Bon Ton Bakery

Everything of the best and all home-made.

Pound Loaves, home-made Bread	3c
Irish Bread	4c
Coffee Kuchens, Punt, Cheese and Apple Kuchens	6c, 8c, 10c
Berry Pies, all kinds	10c
Assorted Cookies	8c
Macaroons	10c
White, Pound and Fruit Cakes	10c
Angel Food	10c
Layer Cakes	25c
Raised Doughnuts and Fruit Cakes	8c

We make a specialty of Cakes to order. You will not be disappointed if you try a box of our Bon Bons. We endeavor to give the public the best in the market at the lowest possible prices.

Bon Ton Bakery,

25 West Superior St.

OPEN SUNDAYS.

A. FITGER & CO.'S

FAVORITE BRANDS—

PALE BOHEMIAN AND BAVARIAN.

2 dozen quarts	$2.25
3 dozen pints	$2.00

Free!

The Leading Specialist of America ---36 Years Experience--- 250,000 Cured.

We Cure Gleet.

Thousands of young and middle-aged men are having their sexual vigor and vitality continually sapped by this disease. They are frequently unconscious of the cause of these symptoms. General weakness, unnatural discharges, failing manhood, nervousness, poor memory, irritability, at times smarting sensation, sunken eyes, with dark circles, weak back, general depression, lack of ambition, varicocele, shrunken parts, etc. GLEET and STRICTURE may be the cause. Don't allow anyone to experiment on you. Consult specialists who have made a life study of diseases of men and women. Our NEW METHOD TREATMENT will positively cure you.

We treat and cure EMISSIONS, VARICOCELE, GLEET, STRICTURE, IMPOTENCY, SECRET DRAINS, UNNATURAL DISCHARGES, EYE, EAR, NOSE, LUNG, BRAIN, NERVE, STOMACH, KIDNEY and BLADDER DISEASES. Dr. S. Clay Todd, 1224 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis. Hours, 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. all this and next week. Permanently located.

Free treatment until cured. Consultations free. Make one call. Waiting rooms open from 6 a. m. to 9 p. m.

CONDENSED BANK STATEMENTS.

Condensed Statement of Condition OF THE

First National Bank

OF DULUTH, MINN.

At the close of Business, July 23rd, 1897.

RESOURCES.

Loans		$1,038,342 56
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		54,000 00
Other bonds and stocks		22,765 43
Bank building		175,000 00
Five per cent redemption fund.		2,250 00
Demand grain loans	$382,000 00	
Government bonds	56,000 00	
Due from other banks	785,631 19	
Cash on hand	227,702 68	
		1,450,731 05
		$2,743,092 04

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$ 500,000 00
Surplus fund	250,000 00
Undivided profits	24,038 54
Circulation	45,000 00
Deposits	1,924,053 50
	$2,743,092 04

A SNAP.....

Lot on East Superior Street, between 22nd and 23rd Avenue—Upper Side.

$1,300.00

W. A. ABBETT,

201 West Superior Street.

SECTION ONE---PAGES 1 to 8

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

FIFTEENTH YEAR. SATURDAY, AUGUST 14, 1897. FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY



A FEW LOW PRICES IN ..... LAMPS

Lamp and Globe:	Globes:
$3.85	.50
$4.50	.60
$5.00	.75
$6.00	.80
and up	$1.00 and up

IRON LAMP AND GLOBE, $4.50, $4.50, $5, $6.00, $7.00 and up.

This Lamp Complete $3.85.

TERMS CASH OR

$25 worth of Goo	$5 down and	$5 a month
$40 worth of Goo	$8 down and	$6 a month
$60 worth of Goo	$12 down and	$7 a month
$80 worth of Go	$15 down and	$8 a month
$75 worth of Goods	$18 down and	$9 a month
$100 worth of Goods	$20 down and	$10 a month

Special and Favorable Arrangements for Larger amounts.

FRENCH & BASSETT,

First Street and Third Avenue West.

LUDWIG PIANOS!

BY THE CAR LOAD. We have purchased a car load of the high grade Ludwig Pianos. Each one has been carefully selected by our expert buyers. They are the finest Pianos ever offered in this market at a medium price.

E. G. CHAPMAN, Manager.

CITY SALESROOMS—Phenix Block—Second Floor, Fourth Avenue West and Superior Street.

DULUTH MUSIC CO.

Souvenirs Of Duluth!

Chamberlain & Taylor's Bookstore,

323 West Superior Street.

GREATEST SUCCESS OF MODERN TIMES!

She had eight operations by the best surgeons of Europe, and still the leg was three times the natural size and the pain unbearable.

Mrs. Erickson says: My daughter Selma had a dreadful limb. From the knee down swelled to three times the natural size. She was treated by the best surgeons of Europe, who performed eight operations, cutting away pieces of the flesh, but it was still three times the natural size and stiff knee and very painful and hurt dreadfully to walk. She began treatment with Dr. S. Clay Todd, 1224 Tower avenue, West Superior, Monday, July 19, and the next day the swelling was reduced one-third, and today (21st) the swelling is still less and the ankle is one-third its former size. The pain is mostly gone, and we are greatly pleased, as we expect he will get her well perfectly. MRS. EMMA ERICKSON,

July 21, 1897. 456 Main Street, West Superior, Wis.

August 12—This young lady's leg is now getting to be of a good shape, and her knee, which was as stiff as a bar of iron, can now be moved a little.

Commercial Light and Power Company,

Successor to Hartman General Electric Co.

Office--Rooms 4, 5, 6, 216 West Superior St.

Furnish Electric Current For Light and Power.

L. MENDENHALL. ESTABLISHED 1869. T. W. HOOPES.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES,

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

$12,500.00 to Loan on Improved Property.

CRICKETERS COME HOME.

And Are Now Busy Explaining Why They Lost.

New York, Aug. 14.—Among the passengers who arrived on the steamer Paris today were the countess of Aberdeen, W. C. Carnegie, President E. M. Galludet and the following members of the American cricket team: F. H. Bates, Harry P. Bailey, Crawford Coates, Jr., Herbert L. Clark, J. Barton King, Frank W. Ralston, J. H. Scattergood, Harry C. Thayer and Milton C. Work.

They played fifteen games in fifteen counties. Of these they won two, drew four and lost nine. The reason for their losses, Mr. Work said, was that a number of their players were crippled all the time and they were handicapped from good work by the climate.

ASSASSIN GOLLI'S TRIAL.

Madrid, Aug. 14.—The court martial of Angio Golli, the assassin of Premier Canovas Del Castillo, which was to have commenced at Vergaza today, will not open until Monday next. The court will be presided over by a lieutenant colonel of artillery. The public prosecutor, who went to San Sebastian to collect evidence against the prisoner, has not yet returned to Vergaza.

CHICAGO MOONSHINE FACTORY.

Illicit Still Discovered in the Heart of the City.

Chicago, Aug. 14.—Detectives and revenue officers raided a little frame house in Twenty-sixth place today and found an illicit distillery capable of turning out fifty-two gallons of moonshine whisky a day. Samuel Marlow, a Prussian Jew, and his son were taken in as proprietors of the place. Several illicit distilleries have neen located almost in the heart of the city, and other arrests will probably follow.

KHALIFA'S LAST STAND.

Has Summoned Osman Digna to Stop British Advances.

Suakim, Aug. 14.—The khalifa has summoned Osman Digna, the famous fighting general of the Dervish forces, to Omdurman, the camp near Khartoum, where the khalifa is preparing to make a final and desperate stand against the advance of the Anglo-Egyptian forces up the Nile.

THE TREASURY CONDITION.

Washington, Aug. 14.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $226,163,114; gold reserve, $141,589,457.

MARCHERS ROUTED

Sheriff's Deputies Turn Back the Strikers at Sandy and Turtle Creek.

INCREASED OUTPUT

Great Distress and Sickness In the Moon Run District ---Strike's Progress.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 14.—Despite the orders of the miners officials the campers at Sandy Creek and Turtle Creek attempted to march on the mines this morning, but the deputies were on the alert and both bodies were forced to break ranks and return to their camps. There was the same show of resistance made by the marchers at Sandy Creek this morning that occurred at Plum Creek yesterday, but of a milder degree. The campers began the march at 3 o'clock, an hour and a half earlier than usual. This was done to outwit the deputies, but it failed.

The sheriff's men were on guard and when the strikers came up the road they were met by twenty-six deputies and ordered to halt. The injunction was then read to them and they were ordered back to camp. They resisted at first, but when the deputies pressed forward the strikers quickly broke ranks and returned to their quarters. As the result of this twenty-two diggers went into the mine.

At Turtle Creek the men had just formed on the road when the deputies appeared. After a short parley the strikers quietly withdrew. The output of the mine shows an increase.

At Plum Creek the situation is a victory for the company, so far as operating the mine is concerned. There was no marching, the strikers having decided to obey President Dolan's order to discontinue the marches until after the injunction proceedings next Monday. All was quiet during the night. The sheriff arrived at 7 o'clock this morning with an additional force of deputies. The strikers had decided to go about the pits in groups of from two to four men, but this will not be permitted by Sheriff Lowry.

This morning Chief Deputy Richards, Superintendent De Armit and the two deputies went to Clarksville on a scouting tour. They found several small bodies of men on the road. They were stopped and after the injunction had been read, were ordered to disperse. The men invariably obeyed the order. The object of the trip to Clarksville, it is said, was to secure names for the purpose of entertaining proceedings for contempt of court. Among the names obtained were President Dolan, Capt. Billengham, Paul Trimmer and James Bruce.

There will be a big meeting at Plum Creek this afternoon. President Dolan says a large number of the Plum Creek miners will be present and that they will succeed in shutting down the mine.

Distressing word comes from the Moon Run district where 300 families are said to be in want. It has been seven weeks since the miners went out, and at that time they had little or nothing ahead of them. Much sickness is said to prevail. A fund for the distressed has been started.

About forty Italians returned to work at the Oak Hill mine today under guard of deputies. Most of the Italians carried knives, and as they marched to the train they kept close to the deputies, but no attempt was made to interfere with them.

Notwithstanding the injunction secured by the Bunola Coal company, the strikers continue to march every morning to the pit. This morning the deputies arrested 18 and brought them to Pittsburg. They were placed in jail on a charge of disorderly conduct.

The injunction case against the Bunola miners was heard before Judge Collier of the county court this morning and the decision reserved. Pending his decision the preliminary injunction against the miners was continued.

WEST VIRGINIA SITUATION.

Strikers Appear to Be Making Good Headway There.

Wheeling, W. Va., Aug. 14.—The failure of the operators in the Fairmont region to call the bluff of the national labor leaders by serving Judge Jackson's United States court injunction, which was plainly violated yesterday, throws the strike in that region into about the shape it was a week ago, except that the strikers are gaining a little daily. The Monongah union has now 507 members, a growth of fifty this week. Other mines are losing their workers slowly, and the strike is gaining in proportion. It is argued now that since the injunction was not served on the leaders, the operators will hardly try serving it on the subordinates and strikers.

Reports from reliable and disinterested sources in the Kanawha valley do not agree with those given by Fred Dilcher to the Associated Press, although it is admitted by many that the strikers are making gains in that region. There are still twenty mines at work and 2000 miners. It is reported that the Norfolk and Western will be attacked by the organizers again Monday. The Wheeling district is now entirely closed.

A ROW AT HONEYBROOK.

Mine Superintendent Knocked Down and Kicked.

Hazleton, Pa., Aug. 14.—The drivers and miners employed at Honeybrook No. 5 colliery struck this morning for an advance in wages. Some of the drivers are Americans and others are Hungarians and Italians. They have been getting from $1 to $1.35 per day, according to the grade of teams. They claim they have to work one hour per day without pay, and for that they want remuneration.

This morning two drivers left the strikers' ranks and were going to the strippings when about thirty strikers met them and tried to persuade them to come back. Superintendent Gomer Jones put in an appearance about this time. A fight followed which developed into a small-sized riot, in which Jones was knocked down and kicked. Levi Watts, a carpenter, who came to his aid, was struck on the head with a rock and severely injured.

The arrival of a number of English-speaking miners probably saved the superintendent from a serious flogging, as he is unpopular with the men. The coal and iron police were called from this city, but before their arrival the men dispersed quietly and no further trouble has developed.

MINE BOSS POISONED.

Dunbar, Pa., Aug. 14.—Thomas Jeffries, a night boss at the Ferguson mine, was poisoned this morning by drinking coffee in which had been placed paris green. He was taken violently ill, but is now believed to be out of danger. Jeffries incurred the enmity of a number of strikers in 1894 by acting as deputy for the Dunbar company. The Ferguson miners in the coke region are quiet and there is no trouble there at present.

ROBBED THE STAGE.

First Affair of the Kind In the Precincts of Yellowstone Park.

Washington, Aug. 14.—The first stage robbery ever reported in the Yellowstone National park occurred today. Col. Young announced it to the secretary of the interior in the following telegram:

"Fort Yellowstone, Aug. 14.—Transportation stage robbed by two men on Sol Futuara Plateau this morning; $500 taken. Have ordered out everything possible within means at my disposal and desire authority to offer reward for capture. YOUNG,

"Acting Superintendent."

The interior department has no authority to offer a reward for the apprehension of the robbers.

A JOB FOR ECKELS.

To Be Elected President of a Trust Company.

New York, Aug. 14.—The rumor was revived in Wall street today that Comptroller of the Currency Eckels, whose term soon expires, has been invited to accept the presidency of a trust company in this city. Mr. Eckels' name was prominently mentioned some time ago in connection with the presidency of the newly formed Colonial Trust company, of which Roswell P. Flower is the acting president.

The ex-governor accepted the position with reluctance and with the understanding that he should be permitted to retire at an early day. It is said that negotiations between the directors of the Colonial Trust and Mr. Eckels have been renewed.

COSMOPOLITAN UNIVERSITY.

Will Soon Be Founded and Will Be Entirely Free.

New York, Aug. 14.—John Brisbin Walker spoke readily today about the university which he is to found and of which Dr. Andrews lately president of Brown university, is to be the first executive. The university is to be entitled the Cosmopolitan university and work will be commenced Oct. 1 next. Work is to be carried on entirely on the Chautauqua correspondence plan. Dr. Andrews has already begun work appointing the following as members of the advisory board of ten.

Spencer Trask, the well known banker of New York; President McAllister of the Drexel Institute Philadelphia; Albert Shaw, American editor of Review of Reviews; Gen. Samuel Thomas, the prominent railroad man, and George F. S. Howard, president of the Fidelity and Casualty company of New York.

A feature of the new university will be that it entails no payment of fees of any kind upon the part of its students. The services rendered will be entirely free and no charge will be made directly or indirectly.

BRYAN AT BUTTE.

Another Big Demonstration to Democracy's Leader.

Butte, Mont., Aug. 14.—The greatest demonstration ever witnessed in the Northwest was the reception given by the people of Butte to William J. Bryan and his wife. Mr. Bryan said it exceeded any he had seen since the last campaign. A crowd of 25,000 people listened to his speech at the West Side race track. He spoke chiefly on the silver question. During the morning Mr. Bryan went through the famous Anaconda copper mine.

THE CHINESE LOAN.

Shanghai, Aug. 14.—The preliminary contract for the indemnity loan of £16,000,000 ($80,000,000, which the Hooley syndicate has been negotiating with Sheng Ta-Jen, was signed on Aug. 15, and on the same terms as offered by the Hong Kong and Shanghai bank, namely, 5 per cent at ninety-five years, besides giving the syndicate the option to construct the Shanghai-Soo-Chow railway. It is rumored that the Belgian loan has collapsed.

PROFESSOR LINCOLN'S MISHAP.

Milwaukee, Aug. 14.—A special to the Journal from Madison, Wis., says: Professor Lincoln of the state university is suffering from the effects of an explosion which occurred while he was at work in the chemical laboratory. He was thrown across the room by an explosion. When found by the janitor two hours later, he was still unconscious. He will be disfigured by the accident.

SENATOR TELLER'S OPINION.

Denver, Aug. 14.—"Heretofore it has been supposed to be the province of the courts to punish men for crimes committed," said Senator Teller in discussing the injunctions against the striking coal miners, "but now it seems to be the accepted idea that the courts can punish men for crimes which somebody alleges they may commit.

OLD GRAIN DEALER DEAD.

Chicago, Aug. 14.—J. Austin Brown, for many years prominently identified with the grain and stock commission business in this city and Milwaukee, died here today.

JUBILEE REGATTA

Senior Single Shell Contest Exciting the Liveliest Talk at Philadelphia.

TEN EYCK MAY ROW

Weather Is Fine and Conditions Are Favorable For Fast Time.

Philadelphia, Aug. 14.—The final heats of the silver jubilee regatta of the National Association of Amateur Oarsmen, the trial heats of which were rowed yesterday, will be pulled off this afternoon on the Schuylkill river. The weather conditions are fine, although it is considerably warmer. What little breeze is blowing is from the southwest, but is not sufficient to disturb the course.

The all-absorbing topic among oarsmen this morning was the senior single shell contest for the championship of the United States. J. J. Whitehead, of Boston, who won the championship at Saratoga last year; Joseph Maguire, of Cambridge, Mass., and James B. Juvenal, the Philadelphia champion, are the favorites. Each won his heat in the trials yesterday.

The 8-oared shell race is also claiming much attention. The University of Pennsylvania 'varsity eight, which rowed against Harvard and Cornell at Poughkeepsie; the Weed crew composed of Harvard undergraduates; the Worcester, Mass., high school crew, and the Pennsylvania barge eight of Philadelphia, are in popular esteem. Of these the two Philadelphia crews are hot favorites.

There is a possibility that Ten Eyck may row an exhibition race this afternoon with the winner of the senior single event, or some other well-known sculler. The first race will be called at 3 o'clock.

It was estimated 30,000 persons were present at 3:08 p. m., when the first race was called. Summary:

Senior double sculls, final heat: Pennsylvania Barge club, Philadelphia, (Hugh Monaghan, stroke, and George W. Van Vliet, bow), won by three lengths; Catlin Boat club, Chicago, second; Toronto Rowing club, third. Time, 9:27¾. Vesper Boat club, Philadelphia, did not start, De Burle, the stroke, being sick.

Senior 4-oared shell race for championship of America, won by Institute Boat club, Newark, N. J., (E. J. Carney, F. A. Sullivan, J. E. Walker, and Owen E. Fox), by a quarter of a length; Ariel Rowing club, Baltimore, second; Argonaut Rowing club, Toronto, third. Time, 9:07. Staten Island Boat club also started.

ARMOR PLATE WAR.

Union Iron Works Accepts the Government Price.

Washington, Aug. 14.—The Union iron works of San Francisco has accepted the navy department's terms for the diagonal armor for the bulkheads for the battleships Wisconsin and Iowa under construction at their shipyard. The arrangements for the supply of this structural armor were made recently with the Cramps in the case of the Alabama, being at the rate of $300 a ton, which is the maximum rate allowed by law.

Nothing as yet has been heard from the Newport News company with regard to supplying diagonal armor for the battleship under construction at their yard.

THE GODDARD MURDERERS.

Colorado People May Attempt to Lynch Them.

Central City, Col., Aug. 14.—One hundred men called at midnight at the saloon in Russell Gulch where the affray occurred in which Alex. Goddard was fatally stabbed, and gave the proprietor, named Vinilla, warning to leave the camp within five days.

The four Austrians who were charged with the murder of Goddard are having an examination today behind closed doors. The streets are crowded with excited people, and it is feared a lynching will be attempted.

EDMUNDS WILL ARGUE.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 14—In the suit of W. B. Sparks and others, citizens of Macon, against the Southern railway, to dissolve the consolidation of the various roads composing that system, an order was made that the demurrer which has all the motions in the case of which notice shall be given by Oct. 1, be set for hearing at Mount Airey on Oct. 12. Ex-Senator Edmunds will argue the demurrer for the railroad company.

SHOT HIS GIRL'S FATHER.

Florence, Ala., Aug. 14.—Ell Burney, who waes forbidden to visit his sweetheart, shot and fatally wounded the girl's father, V. B. Green, at Whitehead, Ala., yesterday. Burney made his escape and is being pursued by officers.

NEVER MARRIED GOULD.

New York, Aug. 14.—Mrs. Emily Brown, of Douglas, Mich., in a deposition made today testifies that so far as she knows her daughter Sarah Ann Angell was never married to Jay Gould.

A MEDAL FOR LAURIER.

London, Aug. 14.—The members of the Cobden club have authorized a special gold medal to be struck for presentation to the Canadian premier, Sir Wilfred Laurier, in formal recognition of his attachment to free trade.

ORDER OF REDMEN.

Buffalo, Aug. 14.—The great council Improved Order of Redmen completed its work today and most of the delegates started for their homes. Discussion of amendments to the constitution was continued today but out of ninety-seven recommendations only five were adopted.

SUED FOR HIS FEES.

But Coleman Only Got a Very Small Slice.

Milwaukee, Aug. 14.—Judge Seaman handed down a decision today in the case of Elihu Colman, of Fond du Lac, ex-United States district attorney, who brought suit against the federal government to recover docket fees, amounting to $2940. Mr. Coleman's suit was on three separate claims, $100, $20 and $2820 respectively. The court renders judgment for the plaintiff for the amount of the first claim of $100 only.

In rendering the decision in the case, Judge Seaman says that claims for fees must rest entirely upon the statutory plans. Neither the court nor the officials are allowed to exercise any discretion in the matter. The court finds in the cases of the two claims of $20 and $2820, the work was performed at a time when the district attorney was properly an officer of the court; and further that the labor performed was a part of the duty of attorney at the time for which he was paid with a salary.

YACHT MOMO WON.

The American Boat Was Too Speedy For the Canadian Glencairn.

Montreal, Aug. 14.—A light, fresh breeze and smooth water were the conditions under which the first race between the Glencairn, representing the Royal St. Lawrence Yacht club, and the Momo, the American challenger for the Seawanhaka Corinthian challenge trophy for one-raters, was sailed



THE MOMO.

today. At 9 o'clock this morning scarcely a ripple disturbed the surface of Lake St. Louis, where the race was sailed.

The Glencairn II was the favorite. The Glencairn crossed the line first, but the Momo soon caught and passed her, steadily increasing the lead until at the 4-mile mark she was 1000 yards ahead of the Glencairn. The sailing capacity of the Momo proved superior throughout the race and she crossed the line a winner at 2:23½.

The Glencairn crossed at 2:27¼. The elapsed time of the winning boat was 2 hours 48½ minutes, the official start being made at 11:40 a. m.

The Momo sailed a beautiful race throughout and her showing was a great surprise even to her friends. It is now conceded that the American challenger is likely to be a sure winner of the series and will take the cup back to the Seawanhaka-Corinthian club, which she represents.

The Momo crossed the finish line at 2:23½, and the Glencairn at 2:27¼.

It now appears that Glencairn stove a four-inch square hole in her bow by fouling the buoy at the start and was compelled to sail on an even keel.

CAN WEAR FEATHERS.

Massachusett's Famous Bird Law Is Practically Inoperative.

Boston, Aug. 14.—The famous law which was intended to prohibit the wearing of feathers or bodies of birds for ornamental purposes in Massachusetts has been interpreted by Attorney General Knowlton in such a way that there is practically no prohibition at all. In an exhaustive paper he has given the opinion that the bird law does not prohibit the bringing of birds into the state. In the summary of his paper the attorney general says:

"I am of the opinion that the statutes of 1897, chapter 524, is not to be construed as prohibiting the having in possession or the wearing of the body or feathers of birds taken or killed without the commonwealth."

New York was especially interested in this matter, because the majority of feathers used by local milliners are procured through New York. It was stated at the time of the passage of the act that the measure was an honest and earnest attempt to stop the killing of birds for ornamental purposes and to discourage the wearing of feathers in women's bonnets. A new crusade will probably be started next winter.

RACING MAN'S SUICIDE.

Gallatin, Tenn., Aug. 14.—Capt. W. H. Shafer, one of the best known racing men in the South, committed suicide by shooting himself through the left temple in his room in the Truesdale house, in this city, this morning. No cause is assigned for the rash act, as he was wealthy and seemingly happily situated in all his relations. He was the owner of the Peytonia stock farm near Gallatin and was worth in the neighborhood of $150,000. He was 55 years of age and a widower.

A BIG INDIAN DRUNK.

Omaha, Aug. 14.—The government officers here had received no word at noon today from the reservation concerning any trouble whatever. Deputy Marshal Allen went up to the Winnebago reservation yesterday. It is thought here that if there is any disturbance it is simply another big Indian drunk, such as they had up to several weeks ago.

MURDERER DUGAN SENTENCED.

Barbourville, Ky., Aug. 14.—The trial of John Dugan, charged with the murder of John C. Olsen, which has been in progress here for the past week, was brought to a close this morning by a verdict of guilty of manslaughter and a sentence of twenty-one years in the penitentiary.

BOOMED FOR BRYAN

Anaconda Outdid Itself In a Right Royal Welcome to Bryan.

CANNON AND MUSKET

And Cheers of Thousands Proclaimed His Popularity In the Smelter City.

St. Paul, Aug. 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—An Anaconda, Mont., special to the Dispatch says: Amid the booming of cannon, rattle of musketry and the cheering of 10,000 people, the train bearing Hon. William J. Bryan and party arrived here at 9:20 last night. Carriages were in attendance and the party were immediately driven to the Montana hotel.

Mr. Bryan spoke from the balcony and was followed by Senator Mantle and Congressman Hartman and Marcus Daly. Mrs. Bryan made her appearance for a moment and was accorded an ovation. All the business houses were profusely decorated, many with colored lights bearing the name W. J. Bryan and some appropriate motto.

Mr. Bryan will speak at 3 o'clock this afternoon. He will visit the smelters this morning and may, as he said last night, buy them if they suit.

CUBAN RELIEF FUND.

Consul General Lee Says It Has Nearly All Been Expended.

Washington, Aug. 14.—Consul General Lee, in a report to the state department, says that the $10,000 placed to the credit of the relief fund on May 22 last was equivalent to 10,975 Spanish dollars. This fund, which he says was expended with the greatest care and economy, is nearly exhausted. About 1400 destitute Americans have been fed daily and provided with necessary medicines. It costs 9½ cents United States money for each person each day, or even less, for transportation has been taken from the relief fund. One hundred and seven persons have had transportation purchased for them to various points in the United States. About 95 per cent of the 1400 destitute persons are naturalized American citizens, but who have resided in Cuba for a long time and whose business is there. Many of them, the report says, do not speak English. A large number have never been in the United States, being the wives and children of naturalized citizens.

BELLIGERENT REDSKINS.

May Make Trouble In Nebraska If Not Checked.

St. Paul, Aug. 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—A Sioux City, Iowa, special to the Dispatch says: Telephone reports from Homer, Neb., tell of trouble with Indians on the Winnebago reservation, near there. The agent last night telephoned Sheriff Borowsky of Dakota county to wire the United States marshal at Omaha to come at once with a force of deputies.

The Indians commenced yesterday to celebrate the sale of their wheat crop by a spree, a war dance around the agency buildings, volleys from their firearms and bloody threats against the reservation authorities. Unless help arrives it is feared they may carry out their threats. About 100 are in arms.

SHARKEY-MAHER FIGHT OFF.

Articles of Agreement Not Now Acceptable to the Club.

San Francisco, Aug. 14.—Tom Sharkey and Peter Maher will not meet in the ring in San Francisco, or if they do, it will not be under the auspices of the Knickerbocker Athletic club. Zeke Abrahams, the club matchmaker, says that the fight was all off as the men have altered the articles of agreement sent to them to sign and the club will make no concessions.

INJUNCTION STILL OPERATIVE.

Fulton, Ill., Aug. 14.—No record of Judge Gest's decree dissolving the injunction against the removal of Head Clerk Hawes office, Modern Woodmen of America, from Fulton has yet been filed at Morrison, where the injunction was granted. Therefore the injunction is still in force. The Fultonites, it is claimed, were justified in repelling the Rock Island Woodmen invaders last night, and the Rock Islanders and friends who assisted are in contempt of court. Head Attorney Johnson, Modern Woodmen of America, charged with inciting to riot, is released on a bond of $500.

COFFEE CREEK DIGGINGS.

Redding, Cal., Aug. 14.—J. M. Graham arrived here last night from Coffee Creek and reported that miners and prospectors are coming into the new diggings in crowds. Graham and an old Colorado prospector named Armstrong located claims on Coffee creek not far from Graves, five days ago. They say the diggings are in an old river channel and that the bed rock is very deep.

DISCHARGED IN GERMANY.

Washington, Aug. 14.—Alfred Meyer, of Baltimore, a naturalized citizen of the United States, who was impressed into the German army while on a visit to Germany, has been released in compliance with the request of this government. Meyer was discharged, however, as unfit for service.

MAY FIGHT MONDAY.

Paris, Aug. 14.—Late this evening it was generally understood that the duel between the count of Turin and Prince Henri of Orleans, would take place on Monday next outside of France and that swords would be the weapons used.

LONDON'S BUDGET

President Faure's Visit to Russia a Topic In High Official Circles.

VISITING ROYALTY

Marquis of Lorne as a Playwright--Gossip of Notables and the Stage.

London, Aug. 14.—(Copyright, 1897, by the Associated Press.)—The arrangements for the visit of President Faure to St. Petersburg are practically completed. He will leave Dunkirk Wednesday aboard the French warship Pothuau, escorted by the Bruix and Surcof, and will arrive at Cronstadt Monday, Aug. 23. The first day of his sojourn in Russia will be devoted to his reception at Cronstadt, and at Petershof to the exchange of official visits, a banquet at the Petershof palace and a gala performance at the imperial theater. The president and the czar will start for St. Petersburg Aug. 24. There M. Faure will be welcomed by the municipality of St. Petersburg and will receive in audience delegations from the principal cities of the empire. He will also, Tuesday, lay the corner stone of the French hospital. In the evening the president will give a banquet at the French embassy in honor of the czar. There will be a grand review at Krasnoe-Selo on Aug. 25, followed by a grand military dinner. At night there will be a fete in the gardens of the Petershof palace. After a review of the combined French and Russian squadrons in Cronstadt Roads, the president will bid farewell to the czar and czarina and will return on board the Pothuau, which will start immedately for France, reaching Dunkirk on Aug. 31.

Magnificent decorations are projected at St. Petersburg, including a Faure fountain in the middle of the historic Kazan square, which will remain a permanent memorial of the president's visit. A medal which President Faure will distribute to the guard of honor and to the various functionaries attending him during his visit to Russia, bears on one side the profile of an effigy of the republic and the words "Republique Francaise." On the obverse side is a wreath of laurels surrounding the date "August, 1897." Three hundred medals of this description in gold and platinum, eighty of silver gilt and twenty of dull gold have been struck.

Referring to the coming visit the Russian newspapers are discussing a scheme to benefit France by sending stalwart Russians to inter-marry in France and stem the falling birth rate of that country. St. Petersburg's municipal authorities will present three immense loving cups to the visiting French warships.

The Bayreuth festival closes next Thursday with the 100th performance of "Parsifel." The receipts exceed $130,000. Among those present there this week are the princess of Wales, the grand duke of Hesse, Ladies Lonsdale and Battersea and A. J. Balfour. The performances of 1897 have been characterized by the presence and influence of many of London's smart set. The charms of the anti-conventionalism of the earlier years have largely vanished and with them the cheap prices, which this year are 35 to 50 per cent over those of 1896.

The marquis of Lorne, son-in-law of Queen Victoria, is engaged in finishing a four-act play of a Scottish historical character, in which the Argyll Campbells figure.

Mr. and Mrs. George Curzeon have rented Beldorney castle, Banffshire, for shooting and fishing.

Lady Henry Somerset has withdrawn her resignation of the presidency of the British Women's Temperance association.

The straw manufacturers of Luton have been doing a big business in sun bonnets for horses, owing to the instigation of the government and the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. The hats are shaped on the Bordeaux model, having a high crown and a broad brim like the straw bathing hat used in the United States with holes for the horses' ears. The use of the bonnets has greatly decreased the summer mortality among the horses in France.

The annual scandal about the tramps, loafers, criminals and their female companions in Hyde park is again being ventilated. The park is positively dangerous after dusk and almost so in the daytime. Owing to the great number of assault cases occurring in the park, which have found their way into the police courts recently, the newspapers took up the matter again. Last year, as a result of the public disgust which followed similar exposures, new regulations were issued for the police control of the park and parliament voted £1200 towards its lighting by electricity and also voted £1400 for a refreshment kiosk, but owing to the opposition of the duke of Cambridge, who is the ranger of Hyde park, nothing was done. The movement now on foot is to wrest the control of the park from the duke and give it to the county council.

A parliamentary committee of France, which was appointed to investigate the subject of theatrical passes, has recommended to the chamber of deputies the adoption of a law to abolish season tickets for all dramatic and musical entertainments and for imposing a heavy stamp tax on all free passes and a moderate tax on all tickets. The rate proposed for passes is fifty centimes. On this basis the income is reckoned at 1,445,000 francs on free passes in Paris alone, and a total of 3,543,750 francs on all classes of tickets.

The Berlin chess tournament, which is expected to rival the recent contest at Nuremburg and Buda Pest, will begin Sept. 12. Prizes range from £100 to £5, and a "brilliancy" prize will be awarded by Baron Rothschild, of Vienna, who is a chess enthusiast.

News comes from Bayreuth that this year's Wagnerian fastival was supported mainly by Americans and English. Jean de Reszke, it is believed, will devote himself almost entirely to Wagnerian roles.

A stroke of very good fortune has befallen one of the Abbott sisters, American girls, who have had considerable success here in drawing rooms and in music halls as singers of plantation melodies. Jean de Reszke has offered to defray Bessie Abbott's expenses in educating her for opera and expects to launch her on the stage.

Alfred Kendrick has been engaged to support Julia Marlowe in America next season.

Since the Canovas assassination last Sunday the authorities of Scotland yard have been exercising the most active supervision over the anarchists of Great Britain, and they have been in constant communication with the police authorities of Paris, Rome, Madrid and other capitals. The number of detectives stationed at the various ports has been doubled and new arrivals are constantly shadowed. But despite these precautions the commissioner of police, Sir Edward Bradford, has authorized a public meeting in Trafalgar on Sunday, Aug. 22, to "denounce the revival of torture in Spanish prisons." The authorities declare the commissioner did not know that it was the anarchists woh had applied for it. The newspapers say it is certain that there will be trouble if the meeting is held, as the people here are waking up to the necessity of a stern repression of the anarchists.

A long-existing scandal has been ended by a complaint upon the part of Sir John Brunner, the well known philanthropist of Liverpool, and a member of parliament for the Norwich division of Cheshire, who drew the attention of the home secretary, Sir Matthew White Ridley, to the habit of transferring the women prisoners from the Liverpool jail to Knutsford prison in big gangs, chained together like slaves. It developed from the inquiries made by the home secretary into the subject that as many as thirty-two women in one gang have been thus paraded. Orders have been issued to stop this practice.



Many a man who would be startled at the bare thought of sitting down and deliberately drinking a dose of poison, allows himself to be regularly and systematically poisoned day after day by accumulations of bile in the blood.

When the liver fails to do its regular work of filtering this bilious poison out of the circulation, it goes on poisoning the entire constitution just as surely as if a man was drinking prussic acid.

Every part of the body is polluted. The digestive juices are suppressed and weakened. The kidneys and skin are clogged with impurities and the lungs and bronchial tubes overloaded with morbid secretion which eat away the delicate tissue, and bring about bronchitis and consumption.

All the diseases caused by this subtle process of bilious poisoning are cured by the marvelous alterative action of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It directly increases the liver's natural excretive and purifying powers; gives the digestive and blood-making organs power to manufacture an abundance of red, rich, healthy blood.

It drives out all impurities, and vitalizes the circulation with the life-giving elements which restore perfect nutrition, solid muscular power, and healthy nerve-force.

"In August 1895, I was taken down in bed with a burning and severe pains in my stomach and under my shoulders, and dizziness in my head," writes Ira D. Herring, Esq., of Needmore, Levy Co., Fla. "My home physician was called and he said my symptoms were more like consumption than anything else. I lingered in this way seven months trying different kinds of medicine. Nothing that I ate would digest, and I had great distress in my stomach. I was persuaded to try some of Dr. Pierce's remedies or to see what he thought of my case. I wrote him and received an answer stating that my suffering was from indigestion and torpid liver, and advising me to take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. The first bottle gave pleasing results. I have taken four bottles of the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and three small vials of the 'Pleasant Pellets.' I am able to do my work and eat what I could not before I took these medicines."

CIVIL SERVICE PERPLEXITIES.

Said to Be All Straightened Out In the Engineer Corps.

Washington, Aug. 14.—The engineers of the army experienced some trouble and made several complaints concerning the extension of civil service to the employes on public works under their charge. The new regulations occasioned considerable correspondence which was finally transmitted to congress where the complaints were lodged by the army officers.

The regulations have since been so arranged that the engineers now say the civil service extensions will work in a most satisfactory manner. The right of selection of men from any branch of the classified service has been extended so that the officers can investigate and inform themseives of the qualifications of clerks which are needed in their service.

PAN-AMERICAN CONFERENCE.

President Favors Another Meeting For the Year 1900.

Washington, Aug. 14.—President McKinley is said to be in favor of another Pan-American conference, to meet in 1900. This subject is to be one of the first discussed immediately after the vacation period is over. It will come up in connection with the negotiations of commerce of the Dingley tariff bill.

The administration purposes making a bold play for American trade in South and Central America, and that which cannot be accomplished under existing conditions will be sought after through the medium of another Pan-American congress. Better means of transportation, better methods of banking and a better system of commercial relations are requisites, in the opinion of administration officials, for a safer and more satisfactory business intercourse between the United States and Latin-American countries.

THE EUCHARISTIC LEAGUE.

South Bend, Ind., Aug. 14.—The annual congress of the Priests' Eucharistic league will be held at the university of Notre Dame Aug. 17-19. Extensive preparations have been made for the entertainment of the 400 guests expected to be presnt. Among them will be Archbishop Elder, of Cincinnati, and Archbishop Williams, of Boston. A dozen bishops and 200 priests will also be among the visitors. This is the second annual gathering of the league, which was formed here three years ago.

NEW FAST TROTTER.

Middletown, N. Y., Aug. 14.—Ella T, a gray mare owned by J. W. Tilden, of Red Oak, Iowa, made a mile on the fair ground track here in 2:09½, the fastest mile ever trotted in this state on a half-mile track.

NEW STANDARD OIL PLANT.

San Francisco, Aug. 14.—The Standard Oil company has purchased a site upon which to erect a new plant in this city. Work will be commenced within two months.

TANDEM PRICE CUT

To 50c per hour straight, of $1 per evening. Best tandems on earth, kept in perfect repair, seven in number. Come on, boys. All for sale, cheap.

DULUTH VAN COMPANY.

YELLOW FEVER

So Far the United States Has Enjoyed Immunity From Infection.

SABINE PASS PERIL

Ballast For Incoming Vessels From Infected Ports Was Discharged There.

Washington, Aug. 14.—Although yellow fever is more widely prevalent throughout the islands of the West Indies and the Spanish main generally this year than usual, not a single case has yet reached the shore of the United States. Cases of yellow fever have reached our quarantine stations on the Southern Atlantic and gulf coast, and also on the Pacific coast, but in every instance the infected persons have been stopped there. The Pacific coast cases came from Panama where the disease is unusually severe and widespread.

Our immunity thus far has been due to the untiring efforts of the marine hospital service. The surgeon general has just received reports from an inspection of all gulf and South Atlantic stations as far north as Virginia. They are uniformly of a most gratifying character with the single exception of Sabine Pass, Texas. The recent growth of the commerce of Sabine Pass, owing to the deepening of the channel therehas resulted in conditions which make the inhabitants unusually liable to the infection. The ballast for incoming vessels was discharged there and used to raise the grade of the town. This practice is strictly against preventive regulations and has now been stopped.

An officer of the bureau is now at Sabine Pass looking after matters. In addition to these and other regular precautions solitary inspectors have been appointed at Colon and other places on the Isthmus of Panama to prevent, as far as possible the embarkation of infected persons bound to the United States.

WARRING MODERN WOODMEN.

Headquarters Squabble Leads to Bloodshed at Fulton, Illinois.

Fulton, Ill., Aug. 14.—The long-standing fight between this town and Rock Island, Ill., for the location of the headquarters of the Modern Woodmen of America, culminated yesterday in a hand-to-hand fight between scores of partisans of the respective towns, in which a number of persons were seriously injured.

The contest between the two towns dates back several years. At the recent convention of the order held at Dubuque, Iowa, it was decided to move the offices and books of Head Clerk Hawes to Rock Island. Then there was a lull, but the factions were by no means reconciled.

Those who are desirous of having the headquarters retained in this city applied to the courts for an injunction restraining their removal. A temporary injunction was granted, and the controversy went over until the fall term of court. This was not the first time the courts had been called on to intercede between the warring factions. The slow process of the law was not satisfactory to the Rock Islanders, so they determined to take matters in their own hands.

Yesterday a party was made up in the city by the Mississippi, and plans were made for a raid on the Fulton headquarters, with the object of forcibly taking possession of the books, records, etc., of Head Clerk Hawes, and removing the headquarters of the order to Rock Island.

A train was chartered consisting of three coaches, a baggage car and two box cars, and the invaders were soon on their way to Fulton.

The Fulton people were on the lookout and the arrival of the special train was the signal for hostilities to begin. There was intense feeling on both sides, and a great variety of weapons, this combination resulting in many casualties.

City Marshal Bennett was badly cut about the head and is believed to be fatally hurt. The others who are seriously hurt are W. H. Flannigan, James Carrier, Ed Bare, Chris Miller and F. J. Casey. A score of others were badly bruised. The fight lasted over an hour, but the Fulton crowd held the fort and some of the Rock Islanders were arrested.

AN INJUNCTION SERVED.

Fulton, Ill., Aug. 14.—Head Attorney Johnson of the Modern Woodmen of America, who was one of those arrested in connection with yesterday's riot, has been served with an injunction issued late last night by Master in Chancery McPharen, at Sterling, for the purpose of preventing any further efforts to remove the headquarters of the order to Rock Island by force. Anthony Bastian and G. W. Clendennen, of Fulton, who were directors of the Modern Woodmen in 1890, when the board was reduced from seventeen to five, took possession of Head Clerk Howe's office early this morning as directors of the order.

FUNERAL OF CANOVAS.

Coffin Buried Under an Avalanche of Floral Tributes.

Madrid, Aug. 14.—The funeral of Senor Canovas Del Castillo yesterday was a most touching and solemn ceremony. All the troops of the garison lined the route along which the cortege moved; the flags were lowered and the public buildings, embassies, consulates and clubs were heavily draped with crepe. More than a thousand wreaths were deposited in the death chamber.

WHITE TO BOX WALLACE.

Chicago, Aug. 14.—Tommy White has signed articles to go to England and box Nunie Wallace, the English 126-pound champion, before the National Sporting club of London. The fight will be twenty-five rounds for $1000 a side, a large purse and the international 126-pound championship.

SELL REAL ESTATE

By means of an Evening Herald "want ad."

BACKACHE

makes the young feel old, and the old feel that life is not worth the living. It's a danger signal of Kidney Disease—the unerring evidence of weak, inactive and sore Kidneys. Any person cured of Kidney weakness will tell you that when the back ceased to ache, all troubles ended. Neither liniments, nor plasters, nor electricity can cure it. The seat of the trouble is not in the skin, flesh or muscles. It's in the Kidneys.

It can be

CURED

For over two years I have been troubled very badly with pains in my back and kidneys. I was one of those who got a sample box of your Sparagus Kidney Pills from Lutz's drug store. After using in all three boxes of those wonderful pills, the pains in my back and kidneys are all gone. I have now a better appetite than before and sleep well at nights. So, I cheerfully recommend Dr. Hobbs Pills to everyone who is suffering as I did for two years. Yours in good health,

CHAS. CHRISTOPHERSON.
253 South St., St. Paul, Minn.

HOBBS
Sparagus Kidney Pills.

HOBBS REMEDY CO., PROPRIETORS, CHICAGO.

SIGHTED A BALLOON.

But It Is Not Believed to Be Andree's Airship.

Stavanger, Norway, Aug. 14.—The steamer Konghalfdan, which has just arrived here, reports that at 4:50 a. m. today she sighted between Haugesund and Ryvarden, a large balloon going east and southeast at an altitude of 1500 feet. A guide rope about 400 feet long descends from the car. It is thought probable that it is the balloon of Cetti, the aeronaut, who ascended yesterday at Urendal, with a southeasterly wind blowing.

BURIED AT SEA.

Returning Grand Forks Man Dies From Consumption.

New York, Aug. 14.—Ole A. Omlid, a second cabin passenger on the steamship Campania, died while the vessel was at sea on Aug. 11, from consumption. Omlid was returning to Grand Forks, N. D., after a visit to his native town in Sweden. His wife and infant were with him and he was buried at sea.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Winners at the Brighton Beach, New York, track yesterday were Rossifer, Cherry Pickers, Sun Up, Concord, Michael III, Maurice and Campania.

Prince Bismarck in his telegram of condolence to Senora Canovas says: "I have never bowed my head before any one, but I bow it every time I hear the name of Canovas."

It is said that King Humbert has sent a dispatch to the count of Turin and another to Prince Henri of Orleans severely censuring the "boyish hot headedness."

At Great Falls, Mont., State Senator T. W. Brosnan died from cancer yesterday morning. Prior to 1881 he was prominently identified with labor movements in Minneapolis.

The Dominion government is fully determined to collect royalties from miners in the Klondike and elsewhere in the Canadian territory in the Yukon. Arrangements are now being made to see that royalty fees are collected.

At Dayton, Ohio, "Kid" McCoy knocked out Dan Balliff, of Lima, Ohio, last night in the third round. Balliff showed up plucky, but was no match for McCoy as a scientific fighter.

At Milwaukee the council judiciary committee yesterday decided to report for passage a resolution by Alderman Stevens requiring Judge Waller to summon a grand jury for the purpose of investigating the charges of bribery that have been made in connection with the garbage controversy.

Gaston Riverre, the famous French bike racer, who won the recent Paris-Bordeaux road race and who holds most of the long distance records of France, cabled today that he will sail next Saturday for this country, where he will meet all the long distance riders.

Great surprise folowed the announcement that Miss Adelaide Fairbanks, only daughter of United States Senator Fairbanks, had been quietly married to Dr. Horace R. Allen, Jr., proprietor of the National Surgical Institute.

At San Francisco the sea wall is blocked with wheat which has been pouring into that city for some days past from all sections of the state. Five steamers are alongside discharging wheat, and the huge sheds which are 1000 feet long by 200 feet wide, are filled to their utmost capacity.

Secretary Gage has instructed the collector of customs at Buffalo to admit the Canadian stone for the breakwater pending a final settlement as to the rate of duty and by whom to be paid. The government work will not be delayed.

A treasury statement shows that the value of foreign merchandise imported into the United States and subsequently exported during the last fiscal year amounted to $18,285,933, as compared with $19,406,451 for the next preceding year.

A dispatch from Havana via Key West says: "It is learned on what seems to be the best authority that Capt. Gen. Weyler has sent his resignation to Madrid. There is no doubt that the resignation is due to the assassination of Senor Canovas, through whose personal wishes Capt. Gen. Weyler was retained in Cuba."

At Black River Falls, Wis., William R. O'Hearn, cashier of the Jackson County bank, which was placed in the hands of a receiver Sept. 4, 1896, upon application of one of its directors, was arrested by Sheriff Buckley upon a warrant sworn out by E. McEwen, a depositor, upon the charge of receiving deposits when he knew the bank was insolvent.

During an electric storm on the Blackfeet reservation, near Great Falls, Mont., a little Cree Indian girl, aged 12 years, was sent out to round up and bring in ten ponies. She failed to return and her friends went to search for her. Half a mile from the camp they found the ponies all lying dead and in the center the Indian girl burned to almost a crisp. Lightning did it.

William R. Green, the defaulting cashier of the Hannibal & St. Joe railroad, proves to be a bigamist. When he fled from Kansas City in March, 1896, taking with him, it is charged $4000 of the railroad company's money he left a wife and twin children in Ottawa, Kan. In Brooklyn, under the name of W. W. Bowen, he marred a young woman of respectable family and was living at 281 Jay street when arrested.

At Chicago the police department has received information which tends to show that Charles Clifford, who killed his wife and then committed suicide on Wednesday, was the son of a wealthy Buffalo, N. Y., family, and that his real name was Charles Clifford Ellsworth. His wife was Lottie Heller, a Buffalo girl, who eloped from a convent sixteen years ago, married Ellsworth and went on the stage under the name of Clifford.

ADVANCE IN CROCKERY.

Chicago, Aug. 14.—An advance of from 10 to 15 per cent and more will be made in the prices of foreign crockery Monday. The move was decided on at a meeting of the National association of jobbers in crockery and glassware just closed. The advance was made to meet the increased duty under the Dingley act, which amounts practically to the duty levied in the original McKinley act.

BAYHA & TIBBETTS,
UNDERTAKERS.

AT THE CHURCHES.

John Coldwell, Secretary of Faribault Y. M. C. A., to Speak Here Tomorrow.

John Coldwell, secretary of the Y. M. C. A. at Faribault, has been secured by the Duluth association to address the meeting for men tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock. Mr. Coldwell is one of the foremost evangelists in this country and is constantly sought after by the largest camp meetings. An 8-piece orchestra will furnish instrumental music for the occasion.

* * *

Tomorrow evening there will be a special song service at the First Presbyterian church and selections from Gaul's "The Holy City" will be sung. The choir, consisting of Miss McKay, Miss Calverly, Mr. Cleland and Mr. Brown, will be assisted by Miss McGiffert, soprano; Miss Anderson, Miss Moody, contralto; Mr. Arbury, tenor; Messrs. Mandelert and McLeod, bass; Mrs. John A. Stephenson, organist. The program is as follows:

Part I.—"Contemplation."
Chorus and quartet—"No Shadows Yonder" ....
Tenor solo, Mr. Arbury.
Trio—"At Eventide It Shall Be Light" ....
The Misses McKay, Messrs. McGiffert and Anderson.
Chorus and quartet—"They That Sow in Tears" ....
Contralto solo—"Eye Hath Not Seen" ....
Miss Anderson.
Chorus—"For Thee, O Dear, Dear Country" ....
Part II.—"Adoration."
Solo and choral sanctus—"A New Heaven and a New Earth" .....
Mr. Brown.
Solo—"Come, Ye Blessed" ....
Miss Moody.
Soprano solo—"These Are They Which Came" ....
Miss McKay.
Duet—"They Shall Hunger No More" ....
Misses McGiffert and Anderson.
Quartet and chorus—"List! the Cherubic Host" ....
Bass solo—"I Heard the Voice of Harpers" ....
Mr. Mandelert.

* * *

Dr. John Peate, a prominent member of Erie conference, Pa., is expected to preach in the First M. E. church Sunday at 10:30 a. m. Dr. Humason will preach at 8 p. m. on "Modern Isms." Mr. Briggs will deliver a lecture at 9:30 a. m. on "John Wesley's Relation to Methodism." Sabbath school at 12 m., Epworth league at 6:45 p. m. The musical programs are as follows:

MORNING.
Prelude—"Air Religieux" ......Chopin
Anthem—"Sweet is Thy Mercy, Lord" ....Barnby
Soprano solo and chorus.
Offertory—Andante from Symphony in C ....Schubert
Mrs. John Loman.
"Come Unto Him," from "Messiah"
Mrs. Woodward.
Postlude in D minor ....Vockner
EVENING.
Prelude—"Tendresse" ....Pacher
"Arise, Shine" ....La Fevre
Chorus.
Response ....
Mrs. Woodward.
Offertory—Idylle ....Leybach
Baritone solo—"Help Me to Pray" ....Tosti
Francis E. Woodward.
Postlude—"Tannhauser" ....Wagner

* * *

At the Bethel tomorrow C. F. Robel will preach at 10 a. m. Sunday school at 3 p. m., Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:45 p. m. The evening service will be at 7:45 o'clock, and Rev. C. C. Salter will preach.

* * *

The evening service at the branch Bethel at 7:45 o'clock will be conducted by Rev. George Shorter and C. F. Robel.

* * *

At the First Christian church, corner of Fourth street and Fifth avenue west, there will be services at 10:30 a. m. and 8 p. m. tomorrow. Preaching by the pastor, Robert Grieve. Bible school at 12 m. and Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:45 p. m.

* * *

At the First Baptist church, 1026 East Second street, Rev. B. R. Patrick will preach tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m.

* * *

At the Pilgrim Congregational church Rev. G. R. Black, D.D., of Park Avenue Congregational church, Minneapolis, will preach tomorrow morning. There will be no evening service.

* * *

At St. John's English Lutheran church Rev. S. W. Kuhns will preach at 10:30 a. m. tomorrow. No evening service.

* * *

At the Second Presbyterian church tomorrow services will be at 10:45 a. m. and 7:45 p. m., with preaching by Rev. T. M. Findley. Morning subject, "The Willing Benefactor; evening subject, "New Things in Judgment." Communion at morning service.

* * *

At Hazelwood Presbyterian church Rev. T. M. Findley will preach at 3 p. m. Sunday school at 2 p. m.

* * *

At the Nineteenth Avenue West Baptist church services tomorrow will be at 10:30 in the morning and 8 o'clock in the evening. Sunday school at 12 m., young people's meeting at 6:30. Rev. M. Berglund will preach both morning and evening.

* * *

At Grace Methodist church Rev. G. T. Newcomb will preach tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. and 8 p. m. Class meeting at 9:30 a. m., Sunday school at 12 m., Epworth league at 7 p. m.

* * *

The German Evangelical church, corner Tenth avenue east and Third street, will celebrate its twenty-fifth anniversary tomorrow and appropriate services will be held at 10:30 a. m. and 2:30 and 7:30 p. m. Professor J. Lueder, of the college at Elmhurst, Ill., who was their first pastor, will preach the anniversary sermon in the morning. Rev. A. Thiele, of St. Paul, and Rev. G. Mayer, of Minneapolis, will speak at the afternoon and evening mission services.

* * *

The First Church of Christ, Scientist, will hold services in the hall on the fifth floor of the Masonic Temple at 11 o'clock in the morning. Subject, "Paul Teaches that Christian Liberty is Not License to Indulge, but the Overcoming of Material Appetites."

* * *

At the Oneota Methodist church Rev. R. H. Craig, the pastor, will preach tomorrow at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m., Epworth league at 7 p. m.

* * *

At the Glen Avon church at 10:45 a. m. Rev. Wilson Aull will preach to young people, though not exclusively to them. The topic of the sermon will be "The Meaning of Life." Sabbath school at noon, Junior Endeavor society at 4 o'clock, Endeavor prayer service at 6:45 p. m.

* * *

At Highland Presbyterian church A. Terryberry will conduct services tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. Sunday school at 2 p. m.

* * *

Tomorrow there will be only high mass at 10:30 in St. James' church, West Duluth.

THE TRADE OUTLOOK

Dun Notes a Large Increase In Trade From Every Reporting City.

New York, Aug. 14.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade today says: Every city reporting this week notes increase in trade and nearly all bright crop prospects. The great change in business is emphasized by the presence of a multitude of the situation at their homes and more forcibly yet by the heavy purchases they are making. But the customary signs of prosperity are not lacking.

The strong rise in stocks, the growth of bank clearings and railroad earnings, the heavy speculation in many products, but most of all in wheat, have made the week one of surpassing interest even to those who best remember the upward rush in 1879. In the principal clearing houses throughout the country payments in July were for the first time slightly larger than in 1892, and 11.0 per cent larger than last year; in the first week of August 7.7 per cent larger than in 1892, and 28.4 per cent larger than last year in the second week of August they are 17.9 per cent larger than in 1892 and 18.1 per cent larger than last year.

The great crops and the haste of foreigners to buy and ship wheat, in view of shortage elsewhere, have made the week memorable. Taking of profits by a pool lowered the price 3 cents on Saturday, but it has since risen 5 cents.

Western receipts, slow in July, have in two weeks been 7,239,133 bushels against 6,722,362 last year, and Atlantic exports, flour included, have been in the same two weeks 6,114,031 against 3,384,313 last year.

Even the demand for corn, by greatly exceeding last year's shows that foreign anxieties are serious, for 5,510,135 bushels have been exported in two weeks from Atlantic ports, against 2,274,428 last year. The price has advanced 1.12 cents, notwithstanding enormous stocks brought over. The urgency of French buying of wheat reports that Russia will stop exports in order to keep supplies for herself, and continued shipments from the Pacific to countries usually having a surplus, make even the largest estimates of a probable supply not too great for the possible demand.

In all the great industries a large demand for products appears with strong speculation in materials and in intermediate products. In the iron and steel branch, starting of many works after settlement of wages keeps prices low, and even depresses some, but the fact that the demand is growing leads to heavy purchases of iron ore, 200,000 tons at Cleveland in a week, and of billets, 40,000 tons, while concessions recently reported in pig iron have ceased. The output of furnaces was Aug. 1, 165,378 tons against 164,064 July 1, and decrease in known stocks unsold indicates a consumption for two months past averaging 181,000 weekly, which is more than in the same months of 1892, though below the greatly increased capacity of works now. Sales of tin are moderate, of copper to American consumers rare, it is said at 11 cents for lake, and of lead at 3.72½ with speculative realizing, but heavy sales of tin plates are bringing slightly better prices.

All textile industries are encouraged by a greatly improved and really large demand for goods which causes many to advance in price. With production much curtailed, stocks of cotton goods are rapidly decreasing and in woolens advances have been made in clay worsted and mixtures, flannels and middlesex suitings. Speculation in wool continues, with prices about 1 cent higher, but sales of 23,499,800 pounds in two weeks show the willingness of some holders to realize.

Failures for the week have been 239 in the United States against 298 last year and 30 in Canada against 36 last year.

WHAT BRADSTREET SEES.

New York, Aug. 14.—Bradstreet's today says: Evidences of widespread revival in demand for merchandise and other products have become so numerous as to compel general recognition. The press has therefore ceased discussing whether trade has really improved or not and have begun measuring the volume of business compared with preceding periods.

A buoyancy of feeling has appeared among buyers and sellers at New York, Baltimore, Chicago, St. Louis and Kansas City, where interior merchants have thronged this week, the like of which has not been seen for several years. Interior merchants are buying dry goods, clothing, shoes, groceries and fancy articles far more freely than at any time since 1892. Crop conditions have improved at the South and Southwest and merchants there are encouraged.

Southern lumber mills are not able to keep up with orders and innumerable small consumers of iron and steel throughout Central Western states are buying raw material as they have not for years.

A nominal advance of 75 cents a ton for steel billets is more than a feature, as it means their confidence of makers in an early revival of the demand for iron and steel that has been so long delayed. Wheat scored an advance of 7 cents on continued heavy exports and a tendency to decrease estimates of the size of the domestic crop. Wool is higher on speculative holding and cotton yarns have advanced again. Hides and Southern lumber are up, as are wheat, flour, Indian corn and oats, and last, but not least, print cloths, the market for which has been so long depressed. Prices for sugar, coffee, lard and petroleum remain unchanged, while pork is almost the only important product quoted lower than last week.

Exports of wheat (flour included as wheat) from both coasts of the United States and from Montreal this week aggregate 4,460,519 bushels, an increase over last week of more than 1,100,000 bushels, and compared with shipments in the week a year ago of 2,635,000 bushels, 1,824,000 bushels in 1895, 2,979,000 bushels in 1894 and of 6,129,000 bushels in 1893. The world-wide character of the demand for our wheat and flour is illustrated by the exports from both coasts of this country to such far off and infrequent customers as Rio de Janeiro in Brazil, Callao in Peru and Surabaya in the Island of Java, not to mention heavily increased shipments to Europe, China and the East.

Total exports of Indian corn this week aggregate 3,275,652 bushels against 3,223,000 bushels last week, 2,367,000 bushels in the week a year ago, 944,000 bushels in 1895, 166,000 bushels in 1894 and 1,734,000 bsuhels in 1893.

There are 214 business failures reported throughout the United States this week, compared with 214 last week, 258 in the second week of August, 1895, 195 in the like period in 1895, 234 in 1894 and 209 in the like week of 1893.

There thirty-one business failures reported from the Dominion of Canada this week against forty-one last week, thirty-five in the week a year ago and twenty-nine two years ago.

Don't Stop Tobacco

Suddenly, to do so is injurious to the nervous system.

Baco-Curo

The only scientific cure for the Tobacco habit.

Baco-Curo

Has cured thousands where other remedies failed. (Write for proofs.)

Baco-Curo

Does not depend on the will power of the user. It is *the* cure. Veget'ble & harml'ss

Baco-Curo

Is the *original written guarantee* remedy that refunds your money if it fails to cure.

Fifty cents and $1.00 per box; 3 boxes (guaranteed cure) $2.50. If your druggist does not keep it, we will send it. EUREKA CHEMICAL & MANUFACTURING CO., La Crosse, Wis.

HORSELESS VEHICLES BARRED.

Washington Will Not Allow Them In the Capital Streets.

Washington, Aug. 14.—The commissioners of the District of Columbia have refused to allow horseless carriages to be used on the streets of Washington. John A. Hughes, a merchant, applied for permission to use a horseless delivery wagon, and in refusing the permit the commissioners placed a ban on all horseless vehicles on the ground that they frighten horses and are likely to cause runaways and accidents.

BASEBALL YESTERDAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At New York—New York, 14; Boston, 6.
At Washington—Washington, 7; Brooklyn, 3.
At Cleveland—Cleveland, 6; St. Louis, 5.
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 1; Baltimore, 8.
At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 0; Chicago, 2.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 12; Columbus, 10.
At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 16; Grand Rapids, 8.
At St. Paul—St. Paul, 11; Indianapolis, 8.
At Kansas City—Kansas City, 1; Detroit, 5.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Boston	93	64	.688
Baltimore	89	59	.663
Cincinnati	89	58	.652
New York	89	53	.596
Cleveland	92	49	.533
Chicago	96	46	.479
Louisville	96	43	.448
Philadelphia	94	42	.447
Pittsburg	92	41	.446
Brooklyn	91	38	.418
Washington	91	36	.396
St. Louis	96	25	.260

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Indianapolis	94	66	.702
Columbus	93	61	.656
St. Paul	101	62	.614
Milwaukee	102	62	.608
Detroit	101	49	.485
Grand Rapids	96	31	.323
Minneapolis	101	32	.317
Kansas City	100	31	.310

IN THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Authority has been granted for the organization of the Fargo National bank of Fargo. Capital, $50,000.

C. A. Kaeppler, the Fargo fruit man, who was recently arrested at the instigation of the Red River Valley National bank, for alleged attempt to defraud his creditors, has begun suit against the bank for $10,000 damages for false arrest and imprisonment.

Maj. William Camp, one of Pembina's oldest settlers, is seriously ill, being paralyzed in the lower extremities. He is a brother-in-law of the late Gen. Hancock and uncle to Mrs. Governor Merriam, of St. Paul.

Maud Iverson, daughter of J. J. Iverson, living nine miles north of Oakes, was drowned while in bathing Thursday afternoon. She and a little brother went out together and at supper time the boy came home alone, but said nothing about his sister until late in the evening. The family went in search of her and found her body in Bare creek.

Arrangements are completed for the reception and entertainment of twenty hungry little folks at Wahpeton. They are to arrive Tuesday, sent by the Minneapolis Outing association, and will spend two weeks taking in Dakota ozone and food, and enjoying harvest sights.

Work has commenced on the roller mill at Ellendale. The contract for the machinery was let the Ellis company, of Milwaukee, for $8000. The mill will grind from 100 to 125 barrels per day.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Mrs. Margaret Mellette, widow of ex-Governor A. C. Mellette, has instructed her attorneys to begin legal proceedings to compel the state to deed back to her the homestead in Watertown, deeded in trust to the state in settlement of the ex-governor's liability on the bond of W. W. Taylor. The state clearly has no title to the homestead, and the legislature recognized this when it passed a bill to deed it back. The property was deeded in trust, to guarantee the fulfillment of certain obligations, and these have been fulfilled. Governor Lee has refused to deed the property, claiming irregularities in the bill as passed.

It is very apparent that the Northern Hills are infested by a gang of professional safe crackers and burglars. Last night the burglar proof safe of the Black Hills & Fort Pierre freight depot at Lead City was blown open, but it luckily contained no money. The passenger depot of the same company was broken into, but the safe, which is an unusually large one, was not tampered with, probably because the beat of the night watchman comes past the window in full view. At Terry, the jewelry store owned by W. R. Dickinson, of Lead, was broken into and all the best jewelry, estimated at $900, was taken. Sheriff Plunkett is investigating the case and thinks he has a clew.

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LYON & HEALY,
30 Adams St., Chicago, Ill.

THE BOOM IN WHEAT

Another Rise of Two Cents In the Price of September Wheat.

THE NEWS BULLISH

France's Import Duty on Wheat to Be Removed---Northwest Showers.

Wheat had another boom today, and the decline of yesterday was more than made up by a steady advance throughout the session. As usual, the foreign news was the bullish feature which predominated and gave the strength to the market. Rumors that the French government had decided to remove the import duty on certain grades of wheat used for milling were put afloat early in the session. But little credence was placed in these reports, mainly because Paris quoted wheat at an advance of 2c. The closing cables from that market, however, showed a decline of 20@45 centimes and were taken as an ample confirmation of the early rumors. The seaboard reported bids from French importers on a large scale.

A New York dispatch said: "The most interesting incident in the wheat market is an order received from the heart of Switzerland for 10,000 quintals (110 tons) of hard red No. 1 Manitoba wheat, America's best grade. The order was small, but it fully exhibited the straits of France, which has always supplied Switzerland with wheat. During the week one firm has booked orders for over 1,000,000 bus of wheat for France. An order for 200,000 bus November delivery for that country has been received." Liverpool showed a decline of ⅞d at the start. Chicago received 219 cars; Minneapolis and Duluth 300 compared with 242 last year. The world's shipments were estimated at 5,600,000 bus. Showers in the Northwest were considered dangerous. Antwerp reported a decline of ¼c. The day's clearances of wheat and flour were equal to 613,000 bus. Argentine shipped no wheat. Discouraging reports from the spring wheat fields of the Northwest were very numerous and received considerable attention.

There was a fair amount of trading on the Duluth board. September wheat opened ⅝c higher at 82⅝c, advanced to 82¾c, reacted to 82⅜c, but turned strong and sold up to 83¾c. After easing off ⅛c it advanced again to 83½c at 11 o'clock and during the next hour sold up to 84⅛c. The close was firm at 84c, an advance of 2c for the day. The mills bought 11 cars of cash stuff at 6c over September and the elevators took 4 cars at the same premium. Two cars of new wheat were sold at the September price. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 90c. No. 1 northern, cash, 90c; September, 84c bid; December, 82c. No. 2 northern, 85c. No. 3, 79¼c. Rejected, 65¼@75¼c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 90c; No. 1 northern, 90c. Rye, 45½c. No. 2 oats, 18½c; No. 3 oats, 18c. Flax, $1.02.

Car inspection—Wheat, 196; corn, 15; oats, 8; rye, 11; barley, 7; flax, 4. Receipts—Wheat, 121,392 bus; corn, 13,027 bus; oats, 26,971 bus; rye, 6071 bus; barley, 6938 bus; flax, 7432 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 93,553 bus; oats, 64,590 bus; flax, 112,694 bus.

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, Aug. 14.—Estimated receipts hogs today, 12,000; left over, 2500. Market generally strong to 5c higher. Light, $3.87½@4.10; mixed, $3.77½@4.05; heavy, $3.55@4.05; rough, $3.55@3.65. Cattle, receipts, 400. Market steady. Sheep receipts, 4000. Yesterday's official: Hogs, receipts, 13,987; shipments, 6800. Cattle, receipts, 2504; shipments, 3300. Sheep, receipts, 10,609; shipments, 3344. Estimated receipts hogs Monday, 31,000. Sheep market steady. Native sheep, $2.40@4.10; Westerns, $3.10@3.85; lambs, $3.50@5.50.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, Aug. 14.—Wheat, close: August, 81½c; September, 81c; December, 82⅝c; old, 81⅜c; May, 84⅝c. Corn, August, 27⅞@28c; September, 28⅜@½c; December, 29⅝c; May, 32¾c. Oats, August, 17⅛c; September, 17⅝c; October, 18⅞c; December, 18½c; May, 20⅝@⅞c. Pork, August, $7.95; September, $7.95; December, $8.05. Lard, August, $4.40; September, $4.45; December, $4.50. Ribs, August, $4.87@4.90; September, $4.87@4.90; October, $4.90. Cash, wheat, No. 2 red, 85@86c; No. 3 red, 82@85c; No. 2 spring, 83@85c; No. 3 spring, 78@83c; No. 2 hard winter, 84@85c; No. 3 hard winter, 80@83c. Corn, No. 2, 27⅞c; No. 3, 27¼c. Oats, No. 2, 17½@¾c; No. 3, 16½@19½c. Barley, cash, No. 3, 25½@38c. Rye, cash, 45¼c; September, 45½c; December, 46½c. Flax, cash, 98½c; cash, Northwestern, 99½c; September, 98½c; December, $1.00½. Timothy, cash, $2.75; August, $2.65; September, $2.55.

NEW YORK BANKS.

New York, Aug. 14.—The weekly statement of the associated banks shows the following changes:

Reserve, decrease	$22,190,200
Loans, increase	5,609,400
Specie, increase	482,500
Legal tenders, decrease	1,512,500
Deposits, increase	4,357,600
Circulation, decrease	199,200

The banks now hold $39,882,725 in excess of the requirements of the 25 per cent rule.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Aug. 14—Close, wheat, August, 91¼c; September 89¼c; October, 89⅜c; November, 88⅜c, December, 87⅞c. Corn, September, 33c. Oats, September, 21⅝c.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Aug. 14.—Money on call nominally 1@2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange weak with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.83½@4.83¾ for demand and at $4.85¾@4.85½ for sixty days. Posted rates $4.84@4.85 and $4.86½@4.87. Commercial bills $4.82½. Bar silver, 55c. State bonds quiet; railroad bonds firm; government bonds firm. New 4s registered, $1.25¼; coupon, $1.25¼; 5s registered, $1.13⅜; coupon, $1.13⅜; 4s registered, $1.11⅞; coupon, $1.12; 2s registered, 87½; Pacific 6s of '98, $1.02.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, Aug. 14.—Spot wheat firm; poor demand; unchanged; futures steady to firm, ⅝@¾d lower. August, 5s 1¾d; September, 6s 10¾d; October, 6s 9¾d; December, 6s 8¾d. Spot corn ¼d higher; futures firm, unchanged to ⅛c higher. August, 3s 11¾d; September 3s ¾d; October, 3s 1⅝d; December, 3s 2¾d.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, Aug. 14.—Wheat strong and higher. Close, August, 90⅝c; September, 81½c; December, 80⅝c. On track—No. 1 hard, 92½c; No. 1 northern, 91½c; No. 2 northern, 86½@89½c. Receipts, 104 cars.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Aug. 14.—Wheat closed very strong for September but comparatively weak for December, September gaining 2½c since yesterday's close and December 1½c discount. The features of the day's trade were early dullness which was relieved later by the rumor of a reduction in the duty of soft wheat for milling by the French ministry. This was hardly credited at first but the decline in Paris and Antwerp seemed to give credence to the rumor. The closing strength, however, came from the spring wheat section when several localities reported clear and cool weather after yesterday's rains and indications of frost tonight. Cash markets quiet and no feature here or at the seaboard. Some reselling was reported at Liverpool but the good inquiry from France continues and orders received at New York yesterday direct from Switzerland which generally gets its supplies from France. The wheat situation continues very attractive to buyers but the breaks are not large enough to get many of them into the market. Short sellers confine their attention to December.

Corn was weak early on the rains but firmed with wheat at the close and for the same reason fear of frost.

Provisions showed little change after a dull day's trade but the feeling is firm and an advance would meet general aid.

Puts, September wheat, 81¼@82c.
Calls, September wheat, 87⅜@89½c.
Curb, September wheat, 85½c.
Puts, September corn, 28½c.
Calls, September corn, 29@29½c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky				
Atchison preferred	31	32⅞	31	32
Sugar	147¼	148¼	146¾	148
Canada Southern	54⅛	54⅛	54⅛	54¼
C., B. & Q.	95⅞	98	95¼	97⅞
St. Paul	93	94½	92⅞	94⅛
Chicago Gas	102	102⅞	102	102⅝
D., L. & W.				
General Electric	36⅝	36⅞	36⅝	36½
Omaha	67⅞	68½	67⅞	68
Reading	26	26¾	26	26¾
L. & N.	59⅜	61	59⅝	60⅜
Manhattan	103½	105	103½	105
Missouri Pacific	28⅝	29¾	28⅝	29¾
Tobacco	91½	92¾	89¾	92¼
C. & N. W.	119½	120¼	119⅜	120¼
N. P. preferred	48⅞	50½	48¾	50¼
Rock Island	84⅝	86	84½	85⅞
Union Pacific	12⅞	13⅝	12⅞	13⅜
Western Union	91⅞	92¾	91⅝	92¼
Leather	66¼	67	66¼	67
Laks Shore				

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

Supplies were quite plentiful this morning on Michigan street but the changes in prices were very few.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed daily.

BUTTER.	
Clover Leaf cream. prints	17 @ 18
Cream., separators, fancy	16 @ 17
Dairies, fancy, special make	11 @ 14
Packing stock	8 @ 9
Dairy, fair	9 @ 12
CHEESE.	
Twins, flats, full cr'm, new	9 @ 10
Full cr'm, Young America	10 @ 11
Swiss cheese, No. 1	12 @ 12½
Brick, No. 1	10
Limburger, full cr'm choice	9 @ 10
Primost	6
EGGS.	
Candled, strictly fresh	8½@ 9
HONEY.	
Fancy white clover	12½@ 13
Fancy white clover, in jars strained, per lb	12½
Golden rod	11½@ 12
Dark honey	11 @ 11½
Buckwheat, dark	11 @ 11½
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per pound	11
Ohio, per pound	10
Maple syrup, per gal	90 @ 1 00
POPCORN.	
Choice, per lb	2½@ 3
NUTS.	
Soft shell almonds, per lb	12
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	12
Hard shell walnuts, per lb	11
Brazils, per lb	8
Pecans, per lb	9 @ 11
Filberts, per lb	11
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7
Raw peanuts	4½@ 5½
VEGETABLES.	
Green or red peppers, doz	30
Summer squash, per doz	40 @ 50
Green corn, per doz	8 @ 10
Celery, per doz	30
New potatoes, in sacks, bus	60 @ 65
Carrots, new, per bus	70 @ 85
New beets, per bus	65 @ 75
Carrots, new per bus	60 @ 75
New turnips, per bus	65 @ 75
Asparagus, per doz	25 @ 35
New wax beans, per bus	60 @ 75
Cucumbers, per doz	15 @ 20
Cucumbers, per bus	1 25
New beets, per doz bunches	25 @ 30
Green peas, per bus	90 @ 1 00
Cabbage, per crate	1 25 @ 1 50
Pie plant, per 100 lbs	80 @ 1 00
Egg plant, per doz	1 50 @ 1 75
Potatoes, old, per bus	50 @ 60
Mint, per doz	35
Cauliflowers, per doz	1 30 @ 1 75
Horse radish, per lb	6 @ 7
Illinois cabbage, per crate	1 25 @ 1 50
Illinois tomatoes, crate	25 @ 40
Oyster plant, doz bunches	50
Green onions, doz bunches	12 @ 20
Spinach, per bus	30
Lettuce, per bus	40 @ 50
Horse radish roots, per bbl	4 00 @ 4 50
Long radishes, per doz	12 @ 15
Round radishes, per doz	12½@ 15
Kohl Rabi, per doz	20
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bus	90 @ 1 00
Medium, hand picked, bus	90
Brown beans, fancy, bus	90
Green and yellow peas	75 @ 90
Green peas, bus	65
FRUITS.	
Michigan peaches, basket	30
Red currants, per basket	1 00 @ 1 25
Osage melons, per basket	1 25
Pit plant, per basket	1 00
Blueberries, 16 qt cases	1 00 @ 1 25
Georgia grapes, per basket	30 @ 35
Pears, California Bartletts	2 00 @ 2 25
N. Y. currants, 32 qt case	3 00
Limes, per case	4 00
Red raspberries, 24 qt cases	3 25 @ 3 75
Gooseberries, per case	1 00 @ 1 25
Blackberries, per case	1 25 @ 1 50
Oranges Mediterranean sweets	4 25 @ 4 50
Seedling oranges	4 25
Bananas, bunches	1 50 @ 1 75
Lemons, per box	4 75 @ 5 50
Cocoanuts, per doz	40 @ 60
Figs, per lb	12 @ 15
Pineapple, per doz	1 65 @ 1 75
Pineapples (Union River) crate	4 00
California peaches, case	1 25 @ 1 35
California apricots, case	1 10 @ 1 25
California plums	1 00 @ 1 25
Gem melons, per basket	50 @ 60
Watermelons	12 @ 18
Dates, per lb	9 @ 10
APPLES AND CIDER.	
Apples, per bbl	2 00 @ 2 50
Mich. sweet cider, per keg	2 50 @ 2 75
Fruit juices, per keg	4 50
LIVE POULTRY.	
Hens	8½@ 9
Spring chickens, per lb	10 @ 11
DRESSED POULTRY.	
Turkeys, per lb	12½@ 15
Chickens, per lb	8½@ 10
Geese, per lb	10 @ 11
DRESSED MEATS.	
Mutton	7½@ 8
Lamb	9
Veal, fancy	7½@ 8
Veal, good	7 @ 7½
Veal, coarse	6½@ 7
Pork	5½
BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.	
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	$ 8 50 @ 9 00
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	10 25 @10 50
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	9 75 @10 00
Red dog	12 00
Ground feed, No. 1	10 25 @11 75
Choice South Minn	7 50 @ 8 00
Ground feed, No. 2	10 25 @11 75
HAY, CAR LOTS.	
Northern Minn	4 00 @ 6 50
Medium	4 00 @ 6 50
Tame, ton, choice timothy	9 00 @10 00

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Aug. 14.—Butter, steady; Western creamery, 11@15½c; Elgins, 15½c; factory, 7@10½c; imitation creamery, 9½@12c. Eggs, state and Pennsylvania, 13@15c; Western, 14½c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Aug. 14.—Butter, firm; creameries, 11@15½c; dairies, 10@13c. Eggs, firm; fresh, 11½c.

Summer Excursion Rates.

VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 16-18, $18.55. Indianapolis, Ind., and return, Sept. 7, 8, 9, $18.75.

Buffalo, N. Y., and return, G. A. R., Aug. 21, 22, announced later.

Nashville, Tenn., and return, Centennial, $43.30.

Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, $46.45.

Summer tourist tickets to Colorado, Yellowstone Park, Pacific coast, and to all Eastern and Western resorts.

For rates and particulars call or address city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, corner Providence building.

SELL REAL ESTATE

By means of an Evening Herald "want ad."

AT WEST DULUTH

Election of August Lofgren Very Satisfactory to West Duluth People.

GAME TOMORROW

Good Prize to Go to the Winner---Drowning Sensation Exploded.

The election of August Lofgren, the West Duluth druggist, by the board of county commissioners yesterday afternoon to the position of register of deeds has proven entirely satisfactory to the people of this city regardless of party. Mr. Lofgren is a successful business man and will apply business methods to the conduct of his office. He will turn the management of his drug store over to Charles Quinn, a young druggist well and favorably known, who until a few months ago was employed in Cloquet, and devote his entire time to the management of his office. Mr. Lofgren said to an Evening Herald reporter today that he would make no changes in the working force of the office for the present, but would wait until he became familiar with the work before permanently organizing his force.

GOOD PRIZE TO PLAY FOR.

The winners of the game at the West End park between the West Duluth club and the Athletics tomorrow afternoon will receive a prize of $50 in addition to the glory that will go with the victory. The Athletics claim to be the champions of the head of the lakes and the West Duluth club will decide tomorrow whether the claim is well-founded or not.

HEARD NOTHING OF IT.

The rumor was current in West Duluth this morning that an unknown woman had committed suicide at New Duluth yesterday by drowning, and that her body had been recovered and was lying at J. W. Fowler & Co.'s undertaking establishment awaiting identification. Yesterday afternoon Mr. Fowler received word that some woman had drowned herself at New Duluth and that the services of an undertaker were required. He promptly dispatched a man with a wagon to the scene of the alleged suicide, but he could learn nothing of it and returned empty handed. The source of the report could not be learned.

DEGREE OF HONOR BALL.

The Degree of Honor ball in the Great Eastern hall last night was a most enjoyable affair. Nearly seventy couples were in attendance notwithstanding the disagreeable weather and dancing was continued without interruption until 2 o'clock this morning. Music was furnished by Murphy's orchestra and refreshments were served by the ladies of the lodge.

PROCTORKNOTT PARTY.

Miss Augusta Melander gave a party in the town hall at Proctorknott Thursday night, for her mother, Mrs. A. Melander, wife of the section foreman on the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railroad. Mrs. Melander will leave Sept. 1 for Sweden on an extended visit. There were thirty-five couples in attendance and all unite in saying that it was the most pleasant social event that has been had in Proctorknott for some time. Refreshments were served at midnight and dancing was continued until 2 o'clock. Music was furnished by Hoare's archestra.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The police are still in the dark as to the perpertrators of the buglary on Milligan's saloon last week.

J. E. Hyde, train dispatcher on the Missabe road at Proctorknott, has resigned his position and A. M. Murphy has been appointed to succeed him.

Rev. Wilson Aull will preach at Westminster Presbyterian church Sunday evening at 8 o'clock.

Miss Jessie Quinn and Miss Alice Doran, of Saginaw, Mich., are the guests of Mrs. Victor Method, of 527 Fifty-seventh avenue west.

A. J. Filiatrault left this afternoon for Aitkin to visit the A. O. U. W. lodge there. He will be away from home three or four weeks visiting lodges in the capacity of deputy grand master workman.

The funeral of John Joseph and Victor Burns, the two brothers who were drowned near the Hugo iron works will take place from St. James Catholic church tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Opening Prices of the Leaders Were Lower.

New York, Aug. 14.—The opening prices of the leading stocks were on a running scale at considerably below last night's close and vibrated feverishly. Tobacco opened off ½ and quickly declined 2 points. Louisville opened off 1⅛ cent, Union Pacific and Burlington ⅞ cent; St. Paul ⅜ cent, and other stocks less amounts.

The bears paid special attention to the initial shares and succeeded in effecting noteworthy losses in New York Central and Southern, preferred. The decline in the general market was soon arrested and under heavy purchases by the shorts, practically the entire list recovered to last night's close at some shares scoring marked advances. Sugar and Burlington gained over a point and Tobacco received effective support.

The strong buying movement continued uninterruptedly during the final hour of trading, prices showing an advance of 1 to 2 per cent in a large number of active shares. The whole market showed an improvement, net gains extending to nearly a point in many shares. The closing was strong and animated and at top prices. The bond market was active and showed improved prices. Total sales of stocks, 265,100 shares.

FELTZ'S AERIAL FLIGHT.

Colorado Springs, Col., Aug. 14.—Suspended between two immense areoplanes, made by himself, W. B. Feltz will attempt tomorrow to fly from the towering summit of Pike's Peak. At no time the past week have the weather conditions been favorable to the carrying out of the bold plan.

Anybody And Everybody

Who wants Anything Will find what they want



If they read The Evening Herald Want Ads

Open to all.

Read them in this evening's paper.

ONE CENT A WORD.

TRAINED NURSE.

IF YOU WANT A TRAINED NURSE, leave your order at Boyce's drug store.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—A RELIABLE MIDDLE-aged woman to keep house for widower. Must talk Swedish. Address Mrs. Siebold, 225 East Superior street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in small family. 1034 East First street.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. German preferred. 224 Fourth avenue west.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Call after 5 p. m. at 506 Fifth avenue east.

EXPERIENCED GIRLS CAN FIND first class places and good wages by calling at Mrs. Shattuck's, 31 West Superior street, ground floor.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework at 30 Twelfth avenue east.

A FEW COMPETENT GIRLS WISH situations at housework. Ladies can always find good girls and girls can find places at Mrs. Seibold's employment office, 225 East Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

RELIABLE MAN FOR TRAVELING position. Permanent. $40 per month and expenses to start. Give references. P. W., Box 734, Chicago.

WANTED—A NIGHT CLERK, WHO knows how to wait on table, at once, at Clarke & Dickerman's, Trust building.

WANTED—MEN AND WOMEN WHO wish good paying government positions. Now is the time to apply. Fall examinations held in every state. Pointers and catalogue free. Address the American Correspondence school, Washington, D. C.

WANTED—A FEW ENERGETIC salesmen to sell specialties in household goods on easy payments. John Gately & Co., 705 West Superior street.

WANTED—TWO SALESMEN; SALARY and commission. Can make more gold and easier than at Klondike. Sales come easy. The Singer Manufacturing company, 614 West Superior street.

WANTED—AGENTS.

AGENTS—"SEE AT NIGHT" LUMINous plate glass house numbers, $1. Name plates, $1.50. Quick sellers. Catalogue free. Simons Sign works, Cleveland, Ohio.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—GOOD SECOND HAND baby carriage. Address "Carriage," Herald.

WANTED—A CAMP LOGGING OUTfit for about twenty men. Address N 69, Herald.

PROFESSIONAL.

MRS. JULIA L. HUGHES—SUPERFLUous hair, moles, etc., permanently destroyed by electricity, without injury. Also scientific face massage and complexion treatment. Manicuring. Choice toilet preparations. 305 Masonic temple, Duluth.

FREE FARMS! 160 acres of land free, in a good climate and near a good market; suitable for mixed farming and stock raising. Cheap rates for bona fide settles.

J. H. M. PARKER, Dominion Colonization Agent. 602 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn.

WHY HE WAS COURAGEOUS.

Chicago Post: "I think," she said hesitatingly and with downcast eyes, "that you'd better speak to papa."

"Sure," he replied promptly. "That's dead easy. The only thing that troubled me was the interview with you."

"You're not afraid of papa?" she said inquiringly, opening her eyes in astonishment.

"Afraid!" he exclaimed. "Why should I be?"

"Really I don't know," she answered, "but it's usual, you know."

"Oh, I suppose so," he answered in the offhand way of the man of the world. "With inexperienced men there would be nothing surprising in it, but I have taken the precaution to loan him money which is still unpaid."

Then it was that the beautiful girl realized that she had caught a genuine financier for a husband.

A ROBIN THAT TALKS.

Miss Edith Bartlett, of 38 Wooster street, Albany, has a talking robin that is the wonder of the neighborhood, says the New York Sun. Miss Bartlett found the robin on the sidewalk in front of her home a year ago. The bird had toppled out of its nest, and, being too young to fly, was in great danger of being killed by cats. She rescued the bird and took it into her house, provided it with a cage, and soon became tenderly attached to it. The robin thrived wonderfully, was as happy as the day is long, and watched with eager interest all the actions of the family. Early this spring the robin surprised its mistress by imitating speech. Under Miss Bartlett's careful training it is now able to say a number of words intelligently. The words "Hurry up! Hurry up!" it utters with startling distinctness. The robin also successfully imitates the whistles of a variety of birds. Thus far, however, it has not been able to learn any tunes, although it pays the closest attention to the music of the piano.

To the Traveling Public.

The Evening Herald is on sale at the news stands in the Great Northern hotel, Chicago; Windsor hotel, St. Paul; West hotel, Minneapolis.

Rooms are quickly rented when advertised in The Evening Herald. It costs but 1 cent a word.

ONE CENT A WORD.

All advertisements of "situations wanted" inserted FREE. We invite as many repetitions as are necessary to secure what you advertise for. The Herald's 50,000 daily readers will be sure to fill your wants.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

STENOGRAPHER AND GENERAL OFfice man, who has had experience in Minneapolis chamber of commerce, wants job in grain business. Good reference; easy terms. N 53, Herald.

YOUNG WOMAN WOULD LIKE A place to work days and go home nights. Can sew or do any kind of work except washing; sewing preferred. Address N 44, Herald.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN WANTS POsition in office. Railroad, freight, ticket or coal office preferred. Can operate and furnish machine; moderate salary to begin with. Address J. R., 2048 West First street.

A GOOD EXPERIENCED LAUNDRESS wishes position at once. Can show city references. Address Box 231 West Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—POSITION BY A COMPETENT second girl in private family. Call or address 327 West Fourth street.

WANTED—POSITION BY A FIRST class dining room girl in hotel or in private boarding house. Call or address 327 West Fourth street.

WANTED—SITUATION AS HOUSEkeeper by young woman, of eight years' experience. No objection to leaving city. N 61, Herald.

WANTED—HOUSE CLEANING scrubbing, stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 390 Lake avenue south.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—LARGE SUPPLY OF LOGgers' camp outfit, blacksmith's tools, sleds, blankets, etc., good as new. Will be sold at a bargain. J. M. Reed, room 17, Wisconsin block, West Superior.

FOR SALE—EIGHTEEN ROOM HOTEL and furniture at Itasca, Omaha yards, newly painted and papered and doing good business. One other hotel in town. Terms liberal; good reasons for selling. Call or address D. J. McDonald, Itasca, Wis.

FOR SALE—AT WEST SUPERIOR, Aug. 18, carload of fresh milch cows. Gardner & Co., 1322 Oaks avenue.

FOR SALE—HANDSOME CHAMBER set and household furniture. 1429 Jefferson street.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE BEST CARriage or light delivery horse in the city. Also delivery wagon and double harness, or will exchange for single delivery wagon and harness. W. W. Seekins, 921 East Third street.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE FOR SALE cheap, at 1230 East Third street.

FOR SALE—BALED SHAVINGS. Woodruff's planing mill, Garfield avenue, Rice's Point. Telephone 132.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, A HOUSE WHICH must be moved immediately. Apply Roy & Robertson, 25 East First.

FOR SALE—FINE GILT MANTLE MIRror, also furniture. 1 Adams flats.

BICYCLES AND TANDEMS FOR SALE cheap or trade for anything we can use. Going out of renting business. Duluth Van company.

MARKUS MISFIT CARPET AND FURniture company, are selling carpets, furniture, stoves, according to the times. 50 cents on the dollar. Call and give us a trial. Open evenings. 20 West Superior street.

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE OR RENT. Wyckoff, Seamens & Benedict, 323 West Superior street.

REAL ESTATE—FOR SALE.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR $650; EASY monthly payments; special bargain. D. W. Scott, 10 Mesaba block.

$450 ON EASY TERMS, WILL BUY 25x140 foot lot on Sixth street between Twelfth and Thirteenth avenue east; fine location; look at them, by George H. Crosby.

CLEAR FARM LAND IN MINNESOTA at $2.50 per acre, $10 cash payment and $1 per week. Great chance to buy a farm. George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building, Duluth.

INSECTS EXTERMINATED.

THE BED BUG DIES! THE COCKroach perishes. Sure death to vermin. Your house cleaned of all vermin and insects, and all disease germs killed. Andrew Furni, 121 East Superior street. Work guaranteed.

STORAGE.

STORAGE—LICENSED AND BONDed, are you going to move or store your household goods. Separate lock-up rooms furnished on application. Nice, dry, airy, clean brick storehouse; lowest rates of fire insurance; we have the only padded covered vans in Duluth. We take entire charge and guarantee you against damage or loss in the removal of your goods, while in our care. We work rain or shine; we have competent men to do packing, and we furnish all packing material, and pack china, books, bric a brac, pictures, pianos, furniture, etc. Call or telephone 492 and we will go out and talk over details. Will furnish estimates for packing, moving, storage free of charge. Only licensed and bonded warehouse in city. Duluth Van, Express and Storage company, 212 West Superior street. (Incorporated.)

EXPRESS AND DRAY LINE.

Seal. UNION DRAY. We beg leave to inform the public that the Duluth Draymen's Union carries a card like above on every union dray wagon, and are ready to do all kinds of heavy and light draying by reliable and experienced men on short notice and at reasonable prices. Look for the union card on dray wagon and give us a trial. TRUNKS DELIVERED 25c.

DULUTH DRAYMEN'S UNION 6703,

(Affiliated with the A. F. of L.)

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

St. Paul & Duluth R. R.

Leave Duluth.	*Daily. †Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth.
†9 00 am *1 55 pm *11 15 pm	St. Paul, Minneapolis.	*6 30 am *1 05 pm †7 45 pm

From UNION DEPOT, CITY TICKET OFFICE, 332 W. Superior street, corner Providence building. Tickets sold to all points. Telephone 218.

ONE CENT A WORD.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—NINE ROOM HOUSE, 1102 East Second street. City water.

EIGHT ROOM HOUSE FOR RENT, NO. 123 Second avenue west; all modern improvements, including steam heat; also eight room house, 204 West Second street; bath, electric light. E. R. Jefferson, 121 Second avenue west.

EIGHT ROOM HOUSE, CENTRALLY located; all modern conveniences. R. P. & J. B. Paine, 206 West Superior street, room 4.

FOR RENT—TWO MODERN BRICK houses. Inquire of Clark & Dickerman, Trust company building.

TO RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—MODERN STEAM HEATed flats. McGregor, Providence building.

FOR RENT—THREE PLEASANT FIVE-room flats, $7 to $10. W. J. Holmes, 504 Palladio.

FLAT AND HOUSE, ASHTABULA terrace. R. T. Lewis, Herald building.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

FURNISHED ROOMS AND BOARD. 20 West Third street.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT FURNISHED front bedroom; electric light and heat. 1420 Jefferson street.

TWO LARGE NICELY FURNISHED front rooms. 313 Fourth avenue west.

FOR RENT—OFFICES AND SLEEPING rooms on Superior street. Apply Big Duluth Clothing store.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STORE IN GRAFF block. 206 West Superior street; has extra entrance from Michigan street. R. P. Paine, room 4, over store.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TO RENT, A SIX OR SEVen room house, with small barn and yard; handy to street car. Address T. M., Herald.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

$1000—YOUR SURPLUS DOLLARS WILL make dollars for you; a continuous income within your reach. Conden & Co., Covington, Ky.

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PROFESSOR LA WARDE, CLAIRVOYant, trance medium and powerful magnetic healer, reads your life without question or mistake; gives advice on business and love affairs; tells if your lover is true or false; unites the separated; brings success in all undertakings; lucky days; if confronted by any difficulties consult him at once. Parlors 2 West Second street.

FRATERNITIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:30 p. m. Next meeting Aug. 16, 1897. Work, Third degree. W. A. McGonagle, W. M.; Edwin Mooers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Aug. 23, 1897. Work, —— F. W. Kugler, W. M.; J. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 8, 1897. —— degree. John F. McLaren, H. P.; George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18 K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Sept. 7, 1897. M. M. Gasser, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO 105. Meets every Thursday in the Kalamazoo block, third floor, 18 West Superior street. James McDowell, M. W.; J. H. Powers, recorder.

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FARM LAND TO EXCHANGE FOR DUluth real estate. Apply 106 Providence building.

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On watches, Diamonds and jewelry. All business strictly confidential. Application by mail promptly attended to.

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MONEY TO LOAN ON ALL GOODS OF value. All business strictly confidential. A full line of musical instruments, new and second hand. Julius Cook, 404 West Superior street.

LOST.

LOST—BLACK HORSE, 7 YEARS OLD, weight 1500. Inform Fox, city livery, West Duluth, or M. L. Sullivan, Harney, Minn.

CONTRACT WORK.—

Office of Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minn., Aug. 11, 1897.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 10 a. m., on the 23d day of August, A. D. 1897, for the construction of a sanitary sewer in Dingwall street in said city from the easterly terminus of the present sewer in said street to Twenty-second avenue east, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of fifty (50) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

W. H. SMITH, President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Aug 11 10 t.

RAILROAD AND STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

Duluth's Popular Highway to the East!

Northern Steamship Company's

EXCLUSIVE PASSENGER STEAMSHIPS,

North West and North Land

Sailing from Duluth to Sault Ste. Marie, Mackinac Island, Detroit, Cleveland and Buffalo

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Ships arrive from the East every Friday and Monday at 6:30 p. m.

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THE Soo ROUTE. Trains for all points East leave Duluth Union depot at 6:30 P. M. Daily EXCEPT SATURDAY with WAGNER PALACE SLEEPING CAR for Sault Ste Marie.

West bound train arrives 8:50 a. m. EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Ticket offices: 426 Spalding Hotel building and Union Depot.

Duluth, Superior & Western Ry.

WEST. P. M.		*Daily except Sunday.	EAST A. M.
*3:05	0	Lv...... Duluth ....Ar	* 11:40
4:05	23	Ar...... Cloquet Lv	10:41
6:13	76	Ar.... Swan River Lv	8:40
7:40		Ar..... Hibbing Lv	7:15
7:02	94	Ar.. Grand Rapids Lv	7:50
8:00	109	Ar.... Deer River Lv	6:55

Duluth, Missabe & Northern Ry. Co.

7:45 a.m.	Lv...... Duluth .....Ar	3:25 p.m.
10:35 a.m.	Ar.... Virginia Lv	12:45 p.m.
10:44 a.m.	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	10:56 a.m.
11:56 a.m.	Ar..... Biwabik Lv	12:28 p.m.
11:00 a.m.	Ar..... Mt. Iron Lv	12:30 p.m.
11:25 a.m.	Ar..... Hibbing Lv	12:13 p.m.
9:00 a.m.	Lv.... Virginia ....Ar	1:45 p.m.
1:25 p.m.	Ar...... Wolf Lv	10:33 a.m.
11:25 a.m.	Ar..... Hibbing Lv	12:13 p.m.

Daily, except Sunday. J. B. HANSON, General Passenger Agent.

Duluth & Iron Range R. R.

3:15 p.m.	Lv.... Duluth ......Ar	12:00 m.
7:15 p.m.	Ar.... Virginia Lv	8:00 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar ..... Eveleth Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar....... Ely Lv	7:30 a.m.

Daily, Except Sunday.

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That operates its trains on the famous block system between the Twin Cities, Milwaukee and Chicago.
That lights its trains with electricity throughout;
That uses the celebrated electric berth reading lamp;
That runs four splendidly equipped passenger trains every day from St. Paul and Minneapolis through to Chicago via Milwaukee;
And that road is the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.

It also operates steam-heated vestibule trains carrying the latest private compartment cars, library buffet smoking cars and palace drawing-room sleepers.
Parlor cars, free reclining chair cars and the very best dining car service.
For lowest rates to any point in the United States, Canada or Mexico, apply to ticket agents, or address

J. T. CONLEY,
Ass't. Gen. Pass. Agt.,
St. Paul, Minn.

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WEEKLY HERALD.
$1 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.

Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second-class matter

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.
OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF DULUTH.

Herald's Circulation High-Water Mark,
17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Aug. 14.—The low pressure area has remained nearly stationary, with increasing intensity, and is central this morning in the vicinity of Winnipeg, as a storm of moderate energy. A marked increase in pressure is noted in the Canadian provinces north of Montana, where the barometer is now highest.

Numerous showers are reported from Kansas and Missouri northward into the Canadian provinces, with the heaviest rainfalls in Ontario, Missouri, Nebraska and Kansas, as follows: Port Arthur, 2.08 inches; Kansas City, .76 inch; Omaha, .58 inch; Dodge City, .50 inch.

The temperature has risen in Missouri, Arkansas and thence northeast to Lower Michigan; elsewhere it has generally fallen.

Yesterday's maximum temperatures ranged from 64 in Saskatchewan, to 86 at Marquette and Omaha, and 90 at Kansas City and Pueblo.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 62; maximum yesterday, 81; minimum yesterday, 60; rainfall, .17 inch.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Showers this afternoon and tonight; generally fair Sunday; slight changes in temperature; southwest winds shifting to northerly by tonight, and becoming occasionally brisk to high in force.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Aug. 14.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Generally fair tonight and Sunday, except showers in extreme north portion tonight; cooler in west portion tonight; cooler in east portion Sunday; winds shifting to brisk northwest. For Wisconsin: Partly cloudy tonight with showers in extreme east and Sunday generally fair; brisk southwest to west winds.

WILL WHEAT REACH A DOLLAR?

Wheat has passed the 80-cent point and promises to climb still higher. This advance is due to the foreign demand, which is large and shows no sign of diminishing. A New York dispatch today reports that an order has been received from the heart of Switzerland for 10,000 quintals of No. 1 hard wheat from the Northwest. As Switzerland has always been supplied with wheat by France, this order is very significant of the shortage in the French crop. One New York firm is also reported to have booked orders this week for over 1,000,000 bushels of wheat for France. Other wheat-producing countries also report a great shortage in their crops, and this, coupled with the fact that the world's stocks are lower than for many years, explains the great rise which has taken place recently in wheat prices.

Statistics of much interest on this point are given by Bradstreet's. According to this journal the world's visible supplies on Aug. 1 were only 67,540,000 bushels. On July 1 the amount was 79,702,266 bushels; July 1, 1896, they were 115,481,000; July 1, 1895, they were 146,677,000, and July 1, 1894, they were 164,319,000. This means not only the available stocks in this country, Canada and Australia, but all the wheat afloat and being exported from these countries. Available stocks in store in this country and Canada amounted to only 26,040,000 bushels on Aug. 1. A year ago they were 60,331,000; two years ago, 53,617,000; three years ago, 74,880,000; four years ago, 73,126,000; five years ago, 30,080,000. They are less than one-half what they were a year ago, and just one-half of the stocks two years ago.

A more striking exhibit is that showing the "total quantities of wheat available for immediate distribution in the United States and Canada, both coasts, plus the quantity afloat from Europe from all exporting countries added to available stocks in Europe." This table is as follows:

	Bushels.
Aug. 1, 1897	66,340,000
Aug. 1, 1896	97,131,000
Aug. 1, 1895	118,857,000
Aug. 1, 1894	142,354,000
Aug. 1, 1893	151,070,000
Aug. 1, 1892	98,520,000
Aug. 1, 1891	85,864,000
Aug. 1, 1890	68,822,000
Aug. 1, 1889	69,132,000

In view of these facts, together with the shortage of the French and English crops and the expectation (practically assured) of short supplies from Russia, India, Argentina and Australia, Bradstreet's concludes that we shall have a demand for all the wheat we can spare from now until Aug. 1, 1898. It ends its article as follows: "The buying of wheat for export at St. Louis, Chicago, Philadelphia, New York and elsewhere during the past fortnight is evidence that the wheat trade generally has realized that this is to be the opportunity for the grower and dealer in the United States. If the latter do not take advantage of it, it will be their own fault. A break in wheat, due to sales by large speculative holders, is not likely to exert a permanent influence."

In this last opinion, Robert Lindblom, one of the best known operators on the Chicago board of trade, concurs. A few days ago he predicted that if a reaction came and the price slumped back to 75 cents, it would be followed by a still greater movement upward and that wheat would sell for $1 on the Chicago board. The Louisville Courier-Journal agrees with this opinion, and says: "No man can forecast the movements of the wheat market from day to day, so thoroughly is it at the mercy of great manipulators at times, but looking at the ultimate result, it is pretty reasonable to believe that $1 a bushel is a price not very far off, and there is a chance of the exaction of a 10 per cent premium."

THE METRIC SYSTEM.

A bill providing for the adoption of the metric system was reported favorably by the committee on coinage, weights and measures of the last congress, but after some debate it was recommitted and was not heard from again. Representative Stone, of Pennsylvania, has been reappointed chairman of this committee. He is a strong advocate of the metric system and has announced that he will make a determined effort at the next session of congress to secure action favorable to the introduction of the system. He has already drafted a bill which provides that after July 1, 1898, the metric system of weights and measures shall be exclusively used in all the operations of the government. The system is now partially in use in several of the departments and its general adoption by the government has been urged from time to time by secretaries of the treasury and other cabinet officials. The bill further provides that after Jan. 1, 1901, the metric system shall be the only legal system of weights and measures recognized in the United States. This does not imply that it will be compulsory on the people to use the metric system. It does not propose to prohibit or in any way interfere with the continued use of the now customary weights and measures, but proposes simply to establish certain legal standards to which reference can be made in case of dispute or for any proper purpose and it proposes that these standards shall be the same that are recognized as authoritative by nearly all the civilized nations.

The principal countries not using the metric system are Great Britain, Russia and the United States, and information obtained by our state department shows that all the countries having the system in general use are entirely satisfied with it. It is urged that its adoption here would be advantageous in foreign trade, but inasmuch as by far the larger portion of this trade is with Great Britain, which does not have the metric system, the Omaha Bee thinks this argument in behalf of our adoption of the system is not particularly forceful. The matter is one in which the business interests of the country may be induced to take an interest, but it is safe to say that it will be a very long time before the metric system comes into general use in this country.

AN INVITATION TO DEATH.

The sinking of the steamer Mexico, en route to Alaska with a large party bound for the Klondike gold region, was happily unattended by loss of life, or even by the loss of the baggage of those who were on board, but it should prove a warning to those starting on the long ocean voyage to Alaska to pay particular attention to the seaworthiness of the vessels on which they engage.

The San Francisco Report said in a recent issue: "Some of the ships that are now leaving this port for the North look like and may turn out to be death traps. That they are dangerously overloaded there can be no question, and that someone will be morally guilty of murder should they go down is equally beyond question. The existing laws designed for the safety of crews and passengers are insufficient and virtually inoperative anyhow. Even as they are they are observed or disregarded by owners according to what self-interest may seem to suggest. For a great many years a similar state of affairs existed in England. Cupidity and bribery went hand in hand and human life counted for nothing. But in due time a certain Mr. Plimsoll arose in parliament and made a fight for the lives of the men who go down into the sea in ships. He was regarded at first as a crank and laughed at accordingly. Then, as he persevered and began to be dangerous, the shipping interests—always largely represented in the British parliament—united against him and tried to crush him. But he won his battle, and now a disc—the 'Plimsoll mark'—painted on the side of every British ship shows the point to which the vessel may be submerged, and no captain or owner dares sink it lower. There will be a similar rule here in time—when a few thousand more lives have been lost in the waves. The loss of a whole load of gold hunters would go quite a way toward the passing of the necessary law and perhaps toward the enforcement of it."

A PROMISING OUTLOOK.

One of the most gratifying signs of the times, so far as Duluth and vicinity is concerned, is the steadily increasing demand for labor. The demand is now reported to be greater than the supply, and this state of things will naturally result, as soon as business generally feels the thrill of activity, in an advance in wages. The important fact, however, is that every man who actually desires work can get it. There is no excuse for any man being idle here. The rush to the harvest fields attracted several hundred men, and the railroads and the logging firms are undertaking work which necessitates the employment of hundreds of men. So far they have been unable to get nearly as many as they desire.

The employment of all the men who desire to work will do much more than any other thing to renew the prosperity which formerly prevailed. It means the distribution of large sums weekly or monthly for wages, the payment of old debts, and the purchase of the necessaries of life from the grocers and butchers and the buying of clothing from the clothing houses and the dry goods firms. The increased price of wheat and the heavy demand for that cereal will also do much to put in circulation large sums of money which will go into the hands of the storekeepers, the wholesale houses, the manufacturers and the people generally. The outlook is certainly brighter than it has been for several years.

TO PREVENT DAMAGE.

Almost every rain storm this summer has inflicted considerable damage upon the avenue gutters and the street pavements. Even last night's little storm did some damage in this respect. It is evident that something must be done to prevent such damage, or the city's bill of repairs each summer will reach very large proportions.

The best plan, it would appear to The Herald, is to enlarge the outlets of the avenue gutters. During a heavy rain the water rushes down the avenues with great velocity and carries with it gravel and small stones and sticks, and any rubbish which may have been deposited on the avenues. The result is that the outlets become choked up and the water is turned aside on the Superior street pavement and soon washes out some of the wooden blocks. If the outlets were enlarged, the danger of their becoming clogged would be greatly lessened and there would be less likelihood of the pavement being injured. Perhaps the board of public works and the city engineer can suggest a better remedy. Something should be done without delay, or the next heavy storm will add greatly to the damage which the city must repair. "An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and the city may save several thousand dollars by the expenditure of a small sum.

EXTERMINATE THEM!

The city officials have been performing a good work during the past week by cutting down the Canada thistles and other obnoxious and dangerous weeds. Attention should also be given to the dandelions which grow on the sides of the streets in the residence portions and thence spread to the adjoining vacant lots and to the lawns. Most people have made successful efforts to free their lawns from dandelions, but they are greatly handicapped in the work of exterminating them by the seed being blown from dandelions growing on the sides of the streets. If a general campaign should be waged by both the city authorities and the property owners, it would not be long before the dandelions would be completely driven out of the city. Let the good work proceed!

In the opinion of Long Island City Patrick Jerome Gleason is the one man fully qualified for mayor of Greater New York. Patsy took all his people on an excursion last Monday. There were 12,000 persons, young and old, in the party, and they filled five steamers and tugs and five barges. He fed them with 600 gallons of ice cream, 1000 quarts of milk and a ton of fancy cakes. As a result Mr. Gleason has votes to burn. If Seth Low hopes to defeat Mr. Gleason for the Republican nomination, he must devise something more captivating than this scheme.

Queer things happen in Boston nowadays, says the Omaha Bee. A local paper reports that "the dead man was driving about the city Saturday, apparently in the best of health." Probably the animated cadaver wanted to engage a band to head the procession. Equally remarkable was the performance of a retiring militia commander, who, in closing his farewell address, said: "May God bless and preserve the militia of the commonwealth of Massachusetts. By command of Brig.-Gen. Peach."

"Hon. J. O'Hara, member of the Japanese parliament," is the name and position of a gentleman just landed at Seattle. Mark the sonorous Celticism of the name, and mark well the dignity attained. Here is a possible clew to the influences which induced Japan to strut around recently with a chip on its shoulder. When the Irish get control of the Japanese government, it will be time to treat that country with due respect or be prepared to engage in war.

A Texas paper says that ex-Governor Hogg is one of the most popular speakers in Texas. His facial expression is remarkable, and when he makes a good point he stops short and surveys his audience with a look so comical that his most bitter opponent is forced to laugh. But the Texas paper in question is an anti-Hogg organ and therefore may be regarded as prejudiced.

Telegraphing without wires is the latest invention which is attracting attention, but it is not such a novel thing as some people imagine. Several years ago the St. Paul Dispatch printed special telegrams from Grand Marais and more recently it had a dispatch from Rainy Lake City, and yet everyone knows there are no telegraph wires to either place.

Profesor E. C. Lisdermann, after whom the great lake in Alaska was named, in talking of his recent trip there, said the other day: "In dress I wore silk underwear and red flannels, which I steeped in lard oil. Outside my woolen clothing I wore Hamburger overalls of corduroy. I never suffered from cold in that dress."

Just to show that Iowa could pace Kansas in the hailstone line, report comes from Ottumwa that railroads thereabouts were obliged to stop traffic recently until the wrecking derricks removed the ice boulders. This is equal to any of the best efforts of the Duluth "string fiends."

Atchison, Kan., is to have a curfew signal in the form of a powerful steam whistle, which will be blown at 9 o'clock each night to warn the wandering younsters to bed. It is not likely that such an absurd regulation will be long continued.

The New York Journal thinks the announcement that President Andrews was forced out of his position by such a financial fidget as Congressman Joseph W. Walker will be of no material assistance to Brown university in the pending controversy.

The story that Maj. Dick, representing Mark Hanna, paid $25 each to anti-fusion Populists in Ohio is rather improbable. The sum named is too high. The men who are ready to sell out their party and oppose fusion come cheaper than this.

Milwaukee is indignant because some franchise grabber offered an alderman $300 for his vote. With prices of cereals rising, aldermanic influence should not be rated so low, and Milwaukee is justly indignant.

Dead people are the hobby of Miss Mabel Parrish, of Texas. Although she is "exceptionally beautiful," she prefers the quiet cadaver to the most assiduous beau. The former cannot talk back.

Indianapolis boasts of the largest fountain in the world, having a capacity of 7000 gallons a minute. The Hoosier capital regards water as a very useful article—for show purposes.

Inquisitive people are prying into the methods of the lobby which manipulated the last legislature of Missouri in the interest of certain school book publishers.

The Toronto World opines that the time has arrived for Canada to greet American threats with bold defiance. But what a funny spectacle Canada would present!

Lord Wolseley, commander-in-chief of the British army, is a victim of excessive smoking and is said to have the same disease which killed Gen. Grant.

The reported appearance of sharks at the summer resorts indicates that the summer season has nearly ended and it is getting too cold for surf bathing. But all the sharks are not seen in the water.

Detroit's new directory contains 123,480 names and, with the multiple of 2¾, instead of 3, which was used last year, the population of the city is estimated at 339,570, an increase of 10,000 in a year.

Stoke Susong is the latest Georgia statesman who aspires to hold a public office. His name should be a winner—in Georgia.

SECULAR SHOTS AT THE PULPIT.

Chicago Times-Herald: A new religious sect is said to have been organized recently in Nebraska for the avowed purpose of "frightening away the devil." So long as the Populistic spell-binders remain in the field the necessity for the newer organization is not apparent.

Chicago Inter Ocean: "A sect has been organized in Bryan's state of Nebraska to frighten away the devil," says an exchange. The screeching locomotives bearing away millions upon millions of the great crops of the state will do the work better than the calamity howlers could do it, organize as they will. The devil doesn't like a prosperous, happy people.

Springfield Republican: The mosquito pest is really mild in this region compared with some other localities. While Rev. Joshua Abbott was offering prayer last Friday evening at a colored camp meeting in Delaware, a cloud of mosquitoes attacked him and, filling his capacious mouth and throat, nearly choked him to death. The service had to be suspended then and there, with the prayer unfinished.

The Woman of It.

Two weeping women at the Gate,
Repentance, stood disconsolate.

"For love I married; he was poor,"
Said one; "the wolf was at our door.

"I would that I had had less heart,
And chosen of the better part."

The Judge of All Things frowned and said
No word, but gravely shook his head.

"And I for wealth," the second cried;
"I sacrificed my love to pride.

"I would that I had had more heart,
And chosen of the better part."

The Judge of All Things smiled and said
No word, but gravely shook his head.

And for a time His counsel kept,
As each unhappy woman wept.

Then, with His hand, He opened wide
The Gate, and to them both replied:

"Pass in, ye penitents; the years
That shall be yours shall know no tears,

"For this is heaven; this is where
The married have no weight of care;

"For here they marry not; nor give
In marriage here. Pass in and live."

The women moved not. "Sir," said they
"We do not wish to live that way."

—Town Topics.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

ROYAL
ROYAL BAKING POWDER
BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

SILVER AND WHEAT.

Why One is Declining and the Other Rising.

New York Financial News: The renewed decline of silver is attracting the attention of the world.

For it means double taxation in India for every cent of decline, and as the present taxation is over double what it was before silver was demonetized in 1873, this following question becomes open: Can England withstand the brunt of 250,000,000 starving and almost starving Hindoos being further impoverished in this way?

Additionally, every cent decline doubles the cost of the foreign obligations—they owe—of each and every silver basis country.

Mexico is already "kicking" and more "kicks" are expected from elsewhere.

Likewise, all exports of merchandise from this country, or any gold basis country, to Mexico, or any silver basis country, cost the buyers therein double—in their money—of each cent decline in silver's quotation, which, of course, means a premium to that extent upon non-exports of all products of gold basis countries to silver basis countries.

Mexican railways must pay double what they have been paying to their foreign security holders for each cent of decline, which, of course, at once reduces the value of "Mexicans" in the hands of the gold basis countries to that extent.

It is likewise the case with India's railways, Japan's railways, South American railways; hence more "kicking" is to be expected from those quarters.

What it is, what the modus operandi is, by which this decline in silver is accomplished, seemingly does not enter the heads of our financial contemporaries. In commenting upon it, one and all blindly follow the old saw: "All due to the law of supply and demand," without any knowledge of, or even any search for, facts bearing upon this assumption.

For instance, the New York Sun sarcastically said, editorially, July 28: "Silver fell again yesterday, following, no doubt, the plans of the goldbug conspirators against the human race. * * * The great, white and grand old buzzard dollar was worth 45.14 cents yesterday. The Democratic candidate for governor of Ohio says that that sacred coin may come to be worth 10 cents. * * * Shall the gigantic conspiracy of the money kings be allowed to continue unrebuked? * * * The duty of every sincere raiser of wheat who is a silver man is clear. He should scorn to accept high prices which come to him as a bribe from the plutocratic enemies of the human race and the Chicago platform. As long as the gold dollar is allowed to pursue its nefarious career, the price of wheat must be kept down."

The Sun fails to understand some plain facts.

The price of silver, as that paper may learn if it takes the proper step, in its daily London quotations is one of manipulation by about five bullion houses, who monopolize all bids or offers for silver on the London exchange. These five houses are dominated by one firm, which is not publicly advertised as the manipulative director.

The five meet daily in their private sanctum and agree among themselves what the following day's quotations shall be, that is to say, they agree upon the public quotations they shall make that is most profitable to their private ends and aims.

These five firms—a trust—being the only bidders for silver bullion, naturally their quotations have true "mock auction" quotation, having no connection whatever with "the law of supply and demand."

These five firms being agents of exchange houses in all parts of the world, make a quotation as corresponds with orders previously given them; all, as said before, to the private profit of the directors of the company.

Therefore when the Sun said the "great, white and grand old buzzard dollar was worth 45.14 cents yesterday," it was equivalent to saying that a "mock auction" makes the intrinsic value of our silver dollar.

For purposes of foreign business it may be doing so, but does that legitimize "mock auctions?" Shall that "mock auction" really and forever control the metal currencies of all governments, including our own? Shall we, a great nation, be wagged about like a weathercock by the secret manipulations of these five firms?

The rise in wheat, as put in the Sun's words, is without point or application.

Whatever point the Sun does make is this, that a decline in silver does not tend to depreciate the price of wheat.

That, however, is totally contrary to plain facts.

Argentine, for instance, being on a silver basis, sells wheat in Liverpool for gold, and gets, say, one dollar gold a bushel. That gold dollar the Argentine seller changes for two silver dollars, which have two dollars' value, the same value, with gold, or silver bullion—in coin.

Our United States sells a bushel of wheat in Liverpool for one gold dollar, which is one dollar only when the United States seller uses it in this country. Hence the Argentine seller—by the half value, with gold, of silver bullion—in consequence of the manipulations of the five firms, beats our United States seller out of a full dollar, or that dollar's value in home merchandise.

And every further "mock auction" decline in silver of a cent means a clear double, or 100 per cent, upon it of bounty, in behalf of the Argentine and all silver basis country producers.

Thus it is proved, that the Sun, in the quotation made, does not understand what it is talking about.

Wheat is rising, because silver basis countries have not got sufficient wheat crops to supply European needs, plus whatever market manipulation there may be in it.

The reasons for any material non-decline in the "mock auction" quotation of silver between 1894 and until after the passage of our new tariff law are obvious.

The Song of Most of Them.

Do you recall that time last year,
Upon the Klondike river,
We thirsted for a glass of beer.
And shook with many a shiver?
I of since then have wondered why
For gold, in Nature's quiver,
She did not have a wedge of pie
Upon the Klondike river.

Our boat kept measure with its oar,
'Till one September morning
The river froze from shore to shore
Without a moment's warning,
And cut our commissary so,
We didn't have a sliver
Of anything to eat but snow
Upon the Klondike river.

We'd dug four tons of gold a week,
And piled it all around us,
Into a glittering yellow peak,
Just as the winter downed us;
And when the summer came once more,
Although it seemed it never
Would come again, we were dead sore
Upon the Klondike river.

For not a speck of dust had we
Of all we had collected,
Because, by gravy, don't you see,
'Twas not as we expected,
For grub was needed right along,
And stuff to stop a shiver,
And "pound for pound," the sutler's song,
Upon the Klondike river.

So when the warm had killed the cold
And winter time was over,
We'd eaten all our pile of gold,
And still were not in clover,
Because we owed a board bill yet,
Which with our best endeavor,
Will wipe the wad this year we'll get
Upon the Klondike river.

—W. J. L. in New York Sun.

CRIED FOR AN APPOINTMENT.

When the president sent his last big batch of consular nominations to the senate, although Illinois got more than its share, one of the disappointed men was Charles L. Malon, of Chicago, says the Pittsburg Dispatch. In a wrathy state of mind he went to the capitol and sought Senator Mason. Very excitedly and loudly he took that gentleman to task. In vain did Mr. Mason attempt to soothe Mr. Malon's perturbed spirit.

"I will expose you," shouted the irate Chicago man. "I will have you shown up in all the Chicago newspapers for making promises and not keeping them." And much more to the same effect did the angry Mr. Malon threaten.

"Oh," said Mr. Mason, "if you want to make threats you can do so, only I tell you now that you will not get your consulship, for I will see that you are not appointed."

The man's blustering talk ceased at once and he began to cry. This melted Mason's heart, and when the Chicago man departed the senator had promised to help him all he could.

BRIGHT AND BREEZY.

Detroit Free Press: "Madge is either awfully careless, or she is engaged." "What do you mean?" "Why, she says she can't wear a shirt waist but one day."

Brooklyn Life: To tramp: Man, man, where is your pride? He—Hunger led me to swallow it, mum.

Chicago Tribune: Spectator (at the picnic)—Nothing goes to suit that chairman of the committee of arrangements. He's kicking about something or other all the time.

The other spectator—Well, he's one of the big guns. He has a right to kick.

New York Weekly: American boy—Papa, what's an absolute monarchy? Papa—A country ruled by a king whose authority is unlimited. His word is law and the people must do his bidding. Do you understand? American Boy—O, yes; a sort of political boss.

Philadelphia North American: "There's another grievance Japan has against us." "What's that?"

"Go on a football field in the fall and see to what use we've put her sacred chrysanthemum."

Cincinnati Enquirer: "Mother Eve, at least didn't have to worry about the fashions."

"And look what ridiculous erors she made—wearing a ball dress and a bathing suit at one and the same time."

Detroit Journal: "Moscow," the traveled person went on to say, "is magnificent."

The indicted banker's daughter inclined her head graciously.

"My ma's cow," she rejoined, "is a corker, too. Of course, she's not so famous as Mrs. Leary's cuw, but that is a matter of opportunity, don't you know."

Chicago oPst: "General," cried the orderly riding up to headquarters in great excitement, "our left wing is gone."

"Then it is no longer possible to fly," returned the general thoughtfully. "However, we should not forget that our legs are left."

Thereupon he led the way.

Harper's Bazar: "He gives twice that gives quickly," urged the collector, earnestly.

"True," responded Snagge, calmly, "but I've noticed that he that gives slowly very frequently doesn't have to give at all."

SIGNS OF PROSPERITY.

Philadelphia Press: When business is dull and industries prostrated transportation lines are the first to feel the effect. When improvement in commercial and manufacturing circles is noted these same highways are also the first and most reliable means of gauging the extent of the rejuvenation. It is interesting to note that the improved condition of business is being felt by the railroads, and in the most gratifying and convincing manner.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: The railroads in all parts of the country are making great gains in earnings over this time last year, but the Western roads are having larger percentages than the Eastern. Montana's true business really took place a little earlier in the West than it did in the East. This, of course, is largely due to the circumstance that the crops are heavy, and thus the prosperity wave struck the farmers before it did other people. The entire country, though, will have the prosperity by the beginning of the fall season.

Louisville Courier-Journal: The calamity howlers, who cannot reconcile themselves to the business improvement which is making stocks and drakes of their occupation, declare that the advance in stocks is confined to the trusts, and is due to tariff legislation. The trusts have been helped by the new tariff, but their securities have not led the advance in prices. Those railroads which run through the great agricultural regions of the West and which are consequently nicknamed "grangers," are the corporations whose stocks were first to rise and have improved the most. The average advance on their stocks has been 20 to 25 since April 19, the last "low point" in the Wall street market.

Philadelphia Ledger: The quickening impulse of returning prosperity can scarcely be expected to reach all branches of trade during the ordinarily dull summer season, but it is a pleasure to note various signs that "there's a good time coming, and it's almost here." We may reasonably conclude that the improvement is due to a reaction that does not depend upon tariff rates, and that it has been brought about less by the tariff bill, to which it will be ascribed, than by trade conditions of which the settlement of the tariff question for four years is only one factor. But whatever the cause or causes, it is certainly a fact that within the last thirty days there has been an increase in the army of men employed in mills and factories, and that in consequence there will be an increased circulation of money. The farmers of the country, as a whole, will not only have better crops than usual, but will dispose of them for better prices. Europe wants our wheat and we will have wheat to sell. It is not always that these conditions come together. When, however, the farmers have big crops which they can sell at good prices, all other businesses are sure to be stimulated. That is the reason for the hopeful view taken of the situation by the 1610 merchants from whom the Dry Goods Economist has obtained an expression of opinion on the trade situation. These merchants represent every state and territory in the Union except Alaska, and their answers are very encouraging. Only thirteen failed to express an opinion as to the outlook; of the 1597 who wrote respecting trade conditions only 107 took a gloomy view of the situation. More than 1000 say that business is good or very good, and 421 that it is fair.

A Bachelor's Reflections.

New York Press: Falling in love is all right; it is falling out of love that hurts.

When a baby yells in a certain way, it is swearing in baby language.

In the book of woman, marriage is the chapter where everybody guesses the plot.

The best time for a man to guard against trouble with his wife is before he gets married.

No man knows how much he loves his wife until he begins to be afraid she doesn't love him.

Probably on judgment day a lot of the women won't get up at all, because they know their shrouds will be way out of style.

BEYOND MY REACH.

It was peeping through the bramble—
That little wild white rose—
Where the hawthorn hedge was planted,
My garden to inclose;
All beyond was fern and heather;
All within was sun and shelter,
And the wealth of beauty's store;
But I did not heed the fragrance
Of floweret or of tree,
For my eyes were on that rosebud,
And it grew too high for me.

In vain I strove to reach it
Through the tangled mass of green—
It only smiled and nodded
Behind its thorny screen;
Yet through that summer morning
I lingered near the spot.
Oh! why do things seem sweeter
If we possess them not?
My garden buds were blooming,
But all that I could see
Was that little mocking white rose
That grew too high for me.

So, in life's wider garden
There are buds of promise, too,
Beyond our reach to gather—
But not beyond our view;
And, like the little charmer
That tempted me astray,
They steal out half the brightness
Of many a summer day.
Oh, hearts that fail with longing
For some forbidden tree,
Look up, and learn a lesson
From my white rose and me!

'Tis wiser far to number
The blessings at my feet
Than ever to be sighing
For just one bud more sweet.
My sunbeams and my shadows
Fall from a pierced hand—
I can surely trust His wisdom,
Since His heart I understand.
And maybe, in the morning,
When His blessed face I see,
He will tell me why my white rose
Grew just too high for me.

—Anonymous.

With nerves in
POISE,
The world is . .
YOURS.

POSTUM CEREAL
FOOD COFFEE
MAKES BOTH POSSIBLE.

FIRE AT DEER RIVER.

Frank L. Vance's Store Burned With Loss of $4000.

Grand Rapids, Minn., Aug. 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—The store of Frank L. Vance, at Deer River, was destroyed by fire yesterday. There is some salvage on goods, but the building is wrecked. Loss $4000, partially insured.

Professor W. M. Hays, of the Minnesota College of Agriculture, went out to the state farm near here yesterday.

The Itasca Gun club met last night and decided to proceed with the November moose hunt upon the proposed lines.

RESOLVE TO BE MERRY.

There's many a trouble
Would break like a bubble,
And into the waters of Lethe depart,
Did we not rehearse it,
And tenderly nurse it,
And give it a permanent place in the heart.

There's many a sorrow
Would vanish tomorrow,
Were we not unwilling to furnish the wings;
So sadly intruding,
And quietly brooding,
It hatches out all sorts of horrible things.

How welcome the seeming
Of looks that are beaming,
Whether one's wealthy or whether one's poor;
Eyes bright as a berry,
Checks red as a cherry,
The groan and the curse and the heartache can cure.

Resolved to be merry,
All worry to ferry
Across the famed water that bid us forget;
And no longer tearful,
But happy and cheerful,
We feel life has much that's worth living for yet.

—Selected.

AN IMPERIAL NIGHTHAWK.

The emperor of China is one of the hardest-worked men in the world, and according to a curious custom that I have never heard explained, he turns day into night, says a writer in the Chicago Record. Some of the most important events in his daily program take place after midnight, and he frequently receives visitors by appointment at 3 and 4 o'clock in the morning. When Li Hung Chang returned to Pekin from his tour around the world, the emperor received him and heard his reports between 4 and 5 o'clock a. m. He has often received ambassadors at similar hours. The emperor's workday begins at 1 o'clock p. m. He first sees the members of the privy council, then he devotes an hour or two to the consideration of their reports and recommendations, and then he receives the members of the official boards, viceroys, governors, and other officials who have come to Pekin to be presented or to pay tribute or receive instructions. He sits upon a throne upon a raised platform. They kneel before him with their foreheads touching the floor until he commands them to lift their eyes. They are kept in this posture so long that the old men always pad their knees with cushions. The emperor dines about sunset and has the third meal of the day at midnight. Sometimes he retires as early as 1 or 2 o'clock a. m., but he is often at work until daylight.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY—SS.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal.) A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE ARMORY.
FRIDAY EVENING, AUG. 20.
REFINED ENTERTAINMENT!
BENEFIT COMPANY "A"
MR. AND MRS.
FRANCIS LABADIE
—IN—
'AN ORIGINAL IDEA'
Children, 25c. Adults, 50c.

MARKS BROS.' CO.
TURNER HALL.
LAST TIME TONIGHT.
EAST LYNNE.
$5 IN GOLD given for the best amateur specialty TONIGHT.
The audience to be the judges.

Ladies' Six-Day
Bicycle Race
—AT THE—
Union Rink
All next week, commencing MONDAY, Aug. 16th. Racing from 8 to 10 o'clock each evening, with good music in attendance.
$400--IN PRIZES--$400
....AND THE....
12-Hour Championship of the World.
FAMOUS FEMALE RIDERS.. HARP, FIERING, DREHMEL, BROOKS, PETERSON, and Duluth's Favorite, BABE WELLINGTON.
Holders of the World's Record. Admission—25c.

In Duluth's Social Circles

The midsummer party of the Assembly was given Thursday evening at the Spalding, and was delightful in every way. The midsummer party is always given especially for the visiting young ladies and the number in attendance this year was larger than ever before, in fact they outnumbered the home young ladies. It was a very pretty party and the visitors were more than delighted. Hoare's full orchestra played and there was a program of twenty regular numbers and several extras.

Among those present were:

Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Mahoney, Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Chase, Mr. and Mrs. S. T. Powell, of West Superior; Mr. and Mrs. Clark Fagg, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Nienstadt, Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Dowse, Mrs. F. L. Gilbert, Mrs. W. R. Burt, Mrs. Gamble, of Saginaw.

Misses Burt, Marion Burt, McClure, Oliver, Ayers and Reynolds, of Saginaw; Smith, of Chicago; Moore, of Minneapolis; Hayes, of Pittsburg; Pelcher, of Montreal; May Kinney, of Winona; Phillips, of Amsterdam, N. Y.: Hunt, of Harland, Iowa; Hearn, of Guelph, Ont.; Fuller, of Toronto; Wheeler, of Grand Rapids; Belknap and Alice Belknap, of Louisville, Ky.; Bradshaw, Butler, Florence Green, McDonough, of Superior; Copeland, of Pembroke, Ont.; Wright, of St. Paul; Bradley, Bull, Chapin, Strayer, La Vaque, Parker, Macdougall, Spencer, Brearley, Jennie Magoffin, Janet Smith, Dickinson, McLaren, Sellwood, Hirsch, Comstock.

Messrs. Neely and Bond, of Chicago; Robert Kelly, Trumbull Kelly, DeGroat, Linley, Smith, Butler, G. Coburn, Hammond, W. Coburn, of Superior; Brower, of St. Cloud; Philip James, of New York; Miller, B. M. Peyton, Leslie, C. P. McCormick, James, A. W. Hartman, W. R. Peyton, Jacobi, D. R. McLennan, H. Peyton, W. McCormick, Ames, Shepard, Frank Leach, Laurence Horton, Cash, Stocking, O. C. Hartman, Macdonald, Hartley, W. McLennan, W. McCormick, Cook, Reichert, McBride, Hunter, Watson, McLaren, Boldrick, Costello, Eaton, Upham, Spencer, Martin.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Albert H. Comstock and Miss Comstock gave a charming dancing party at their home on Wednesday evening in honor of Miss Marion Burt, of Saginaw. The house was beautifully decorated. In the reception room there were roses and pansies in great number. Sweet peas decorated the dining room. The veranda was charmingly arranged being decorated with golden rod and black-eyed susans. Large Japanese lanterns lighted it. Flaaten's orchestra played.

Those present were: Mrs. W. R. Burt, of Saginaw; Mr. and Mrs. Henry Nienstadt Misses Burt, McClure, Marion Burt, Ayers and Reynolds, of Saginaw; Hayes, of Pittsburg; Elliott, of St. Paul; Phillips, of Amsterdam, N. Y.; Bradley, Sellwood, Spencer, Strayer, Fitzgerald, Eaton, Dickinson, Chapin and Messrs. W. R. Peyton, Williamson, Taussig, H. Peyton, Noyes, Spencer, Leslie, A. W. Hartman, Watrous, McBride, O. C. Hartman, Sellwood, D. R. McLennan, Philip James, of New York; C. McCormick, James, Upham, Telford, W. McCormick, Coburn, of Superior and Culver.

* * *

The Q. F. U. has decided to have its party at the Spalding Wednesday evening, Aug. 25. A meeting was held Thursday morning at the Spalding at which the date was fixed.

* * *

Mrs. Clark, of Ashtabula terrace, gave an afternoon reception yesterday in honor of her guest, Miss Wheeler, of Grand Rapids. A large number were present.

* * *

Last Monday Maj. Sears took Miss Ayers and Miss Reynolds, of Saginaw; Mrs. James, of New York; A. W. Hartman, Philip James, of New York, and Howard James and Martin Watrous, around the bay on the Tangent.

* * *

Mrs. Frederick L. Gilbert gave a luncheon Thursday in honor of her guest, Miss Hayes, of Pittsburg. Among those present were: Mrs. Thomas D. Merrill, Mrs. George Rupley, Mrs. Clark Fagg, Mrs. George C. Smith, of Atlanta, Ga.; Mrs. W. B. Silvey, Misses Burt, Reynolds, McClure, Marion Burt and Ayers, of Saginaw; Smith, of Atlanta; Josephine Peyton and Comstock.

* * *

On Monday evening a picnic was given on the lake shore at Twenty-sixth avenue east, at which those in the party were: Mr. and Mrs. Ward Ames, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Ames, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Ames, Mr. and Mrs. Rufus Draper, Misses Smith, of Chicago; Miss Ames and Messrs. Stocking, C. P. McCormick, Reichert and W. McCormick.

* * *

Mrs. A. H. Comstock, Miss Marion Burt, of Saginaw, and Miss Comstock were entertained at dinner Tuesday by the young men on the house boat, Messrs. Dalrymple, Ames, Shepard and Miller.

* * *

A tallyho ride and picnic in honor of Miss Severance, of St. Paul, was given last Saturday.

* * *

On Tuesday a tug party went down to Knife island, lunched and returned in the evening. Those in the party were: Mrs. James, of New York; Miss Ayer, Miss Reynolds and Miss McClure, of Saginaw; Miss Fitzgerald, Miss Sellwood, Philip James, of New York; Howard James, A. W. Hartman, Patterson, Culver and Hill.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Upham, of 1427 East First street, entertained a number of their friends at dinner on Wednesday evening.

* * *

The yacht Arnetta took a large party for a sail around the bay last Saturday evening. Those in the party were: Misses Ayers, Reynolds and Marion Burt, of Saginaw; Wright, of St. Paul; Wheeler, of Grand Rapids; Rhodes, of Newark, Ohio; Phillips, of Amsterdam, N. Y.; Bradley, Sellwood, Macdougall, Parker, Eaton and Comstock and Messrs. Philip James, of New York; A. W. Hartman, Eaton, D. R. McLennan, C. P. McCormick, Howard James, N. Leach, Leslie, Stocking, Reichert, McBride, W. McCormick.

* * *

Mrs. John McLeod entertained a number of friends at luncheon Monday at her home, 514 East Third street, in honor of her guest, Mrs. Pomeroy, of Minneapolis.

* * *

The announcement of the marriage of Miss Pauline Alice Winship, of Minneapolis, and Christopher P. Mohrfeld, of Philadelphia, has been made. It is to take place in Duluth at the home of the bride's brother, F. W. Winship, 226 Fourteenth avenue east, on Tuesday, Aug. 31. The wedding will be at noon, and the bridal couple will leave on the North West in the afternoon for Philadelphia, where they will reside.

* * *

Herr Carl Riedelsberger will give a stag party and musical next Tuesday evening at the residence of Dr. and Mrs. Phelan.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Vincent D. Cliff will give a dancing party Monday evening in honor of their wedding anniversary.

* * *

A picnic party, composed of Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Prudden, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Leader, Mrs. Stanford, Misses Hall, Prudden, Lafitte, Davies and Fawcett and Messrs. Hunter, Annis, Cal Hunter, Nixon, Roberts and Cleaves, picnicked at Lester Park Wednesday evening.

* * *

Wednesday afternoon Miss Ruth Markell and Miss Daisy Ray, pupils of Mrs. John Loman, gave a piano recital at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Ray, of 403 East Second street. Master James Ray, violinist, assisted. A very pleasing program was given, some classical numbers being rendered in a highly artistic manner.

* * *

A marriage was celebrated at Tower on Wednesday which was almost of as much interest in Duluth as a wedding here, the bride being so well known here. The Iron Journal says of it:

"'Happy is the bride the sun shines on,' and a more perfect day could not be imagined than when St. Martin's church was the scene yesterday morning of what was the leading social event in Tower during the present year, when one of the best known and popular young ladies of the city became the bride of Dr. F. A. Hoyt, of St. Cloud. The ceremony was fixed for 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and at that hour the church was filled with the guests who had assembled to witness the wedding. The church, of which Miss McInnis was an active member, had been beautifully decorated, the prevailing colors being pink and white, while banks of evergreen and ferns gave an added charm to the scene.

"While the guests were assembling De Koven's 'O Promise Me' was sung by R. B. Brower, of St. Cloud, and at 11 o'clock precisely the wedding procession proceeded up the church to the altar to the strains of the wedding march from 'Lohengrin,' played by C. E. McNamara, who officiated at the organ throughout the ceremony. The ushers, Messrs. C. Purdon and Glenn C. Brown, were preceded by W. J. Smith and Mrs. Neil McInnis, brother-in-law and mother of the bride, and followed by the bridesmaids, the Misses Minnie McLean and Alta Owens, and the lady of honor, Mrs. W. J. Smith, sister of the bride. The bride followed leaning upon the arm of her father, Hon. Neil McInnis. At the altar the bridal party was met by the bridegroom and his best man, Ripley B. Brower, and a semicircle was formed around the officiating priest, the Very Rev. Joseph F. Buh, vicar general of the diocese of Duluth. The words which made the happy couple man and wife having been pronounced, mass was sung, the music being Concone's mass in F, and Miss E. Robinson sang 'Ave Maria,' from the intermezzo of Mascagni's 'Cavalleria Rusticana.' After the benediction had been pronounced the bridal procession reformed, the newly married couple leading, and proceeded down the aisle, Mendelssohn's wedding march being played.

"Immediately after the ceremony a reception was held by Dr. and Mrs. Hoyt at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. McInnis, and for three hours the many friends of the bride and bridegroom offered their congratulations. The rooms were tastefully decorated, pink and white being the prevailing colors here also, the parlors being a mass of pansies, while the dining room was banked with sweet peas and potted plants. Miss Fanchon Barrett and Miss Frances Hunt presided at the punch bowl and Miss Elsie Congdon served ice cream, assisted by a staff of young girls. At 4:30 Dr. and Mrs. Hoyt left for Duluth amid showers of rice and good wishes for their future happiness from the assembled wedding guests. D. H. Bacon placed his private car at their disposal for the journey to Duluth, from whence they will proceed to Minneapolis and will be at home in St. Cloud after Sept. 8.

"The bride wore a dress of novelty silk chiffon in gray over lavender silk, with a large picture hat of gray with white aigrettes and feathers. Miss Minnie McLean wore organdie over pink brocade, with pink taffeta ribbons and red and white roses on her hat. Miss Alta Owens wore flowered organdie over green silk, and mauve ribbons, with a large hat and pink flowers. Mrs. W. J. Smith wore a fancy mesh grenadine over magenta silk, bodice of embroidered applique, with large leghorn hat. Mrs. Neil McInnis wore a gown of green suiting with front of violet silk and Oriental lace. The gentlemen wore ordinary morning dress. The bride wore an enameled violet pin, studded with diamonds, the gift of the bridegroom, while the bridesmaids and lady of honor wore pendant pins set with pearls, the gift of the bride. The ushers and best man wore pearl pins given by the bridegroom. The wedding presents, which were displayed at the reception, were numerous and beautiful, and included a piano from the bride's father and mother."

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. LaRue chaperoned a jolly picnic party up to the Pavilion Tuesday evening, and after partaking of an elegant lunch they formed a box party and attended the theater.

* * *

Master Fred Gallagher, of 315 West Fourth street, gave a dancing party Wednesday, Aug. 11, from 8 to 11 o'clock, in honor of Miss May Wylie, of Denver, Col. The little guests were received by Miss Lucile Martin and Master Fred Gallagher. Among those present were: Misses May Wylie, Lillie Boyer, Lucile Martin, Bessie Bailey, Glenn Murray, Clara Mundy, Elizabeth Kendall, Abbie Sutton, Kate Hoople, Stella Ladouser, Bessie Hoopes, Olive Colbath, Bessie Holmes, Stewart Draper, Raymond Willcuts, Fred Johnston, George Suffel, Shirley Alexander and Carroll Suffel.

* * *

The Women's auxiliary of the Unitarian church has issued over 200 invitations for one of their delightful parties to be given in Harmonie hall, at Lester Park, on Monday evening. Flaaten's orchestra will be in attendance and several bicycle parties have been made up to go. Arrangements have been made with the street car company to have cars in waiting at the end of the evening.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Leader entertained Miss Weber, Miss Rose Laffitte, Arthur Cleaves and Mrs. L. B. Weber, of Burlington, Iowa, in Superintendent Blanchard's private car last week. The party left for Brainerd Saturday and returned on Monday.

* * *

The ladies of St. Paul's Guild will give an excursion on the bay next Monday evening. A jolly time is anticipated.

* * *

A people's concert will be given next Friday evening at the Bethel and a fine program has been arranged under the direction of J. G. McDermid. It is as follows:

Quartet—"Lead Kindly Light"..Buck
Messrs. Britts, Black, McDermid and McCarthy.
Reading.... .. ..Selected
R. H. Cox.
Contralto solo—"Good bye".. ....Tosti
Miss Julia Donovan.
Bass solo—"Let All Obey"........Lench
A. W. Lahey.
Soprano solo—"Answer".... ....Robyn
Miss Sadie Prescott.
Reading.... .. ..Selected
R. H. Cox.
Quartet—"Wake, Pretty Kate"...Macy
Messrs. Britts, Black, McDermid and McCarthy.

* * *

There is to be an art entertainment given by the Christian Endeavor society of Glen Avon, assisted by the ladies of the church at Craggencroft classical institution on next Friday evening at 8 o'clock. It will consist of Greek statuary, living pictures, music and refreshments. The human statuary will be in charge of Mrs. C. Sherwin, the living pictures will be directed by Miss India Willcuts and the instrumental and vocal music will be under Mrs. H. M. Backus. The experience of these ladies assures the success of the entertainment.

* * *

Charles C. Turner was given a surprise party Saturday evening at his home, 5614 London road, in honor of his twentieth birthday. Miss Turner, assisted by Miss Lida B. Mishler received. The rooms were decorated with a profusion of flowers and dainty souvenirs were given. Those present were: Mrs. Robert Sweeny, Jr., Misses Mishler, Thompson, Dean, Martha Carey, Josephine Carey, Baldwin, McDonald, Clark, Wood, Turner and G. Edith Mariner, of La Crosse, Wis.; Messrs. Lovett, Thompson, Clements, Clark, Allen, Silliman, Mishler and Warfield.

* * *

A testimonial concert will be tendered Miss Julia Donovan at Turner hall Thursday evening, Aug. 26. A fine program is being arranged and among those who will give numbers are: Miss Donovan, contralto; Mrs. Emilie Ellis Woodward, soprano; Mrs. John Loman and Miss Agnes Frerker, pianists; Miss Olga Lavitzky, soprano; Herr Carl Riedelsberger, violinist; J. G. McDermid, baritone; Franz Schultz, basso, and the Aeolian quartet.

* * *

The latest Eastern art craze is for tapestry panels. A splendid assortment has been sent to Mrs. Paine for exhibition during the coming week only.

* * *

The Christian Endeavor society of the First Baptist church will give an excursion on the lake on the steamer Barker Wednesday evening. The boat will leave Booth's dock at 8 o'clock and the Fifth avenue west dock at 8:15.

* * *

A number of Lester Park young people are camping near Brighton with Mrs. Annie Hough as chaperone. Those in the party are: Misses Mishler, Turner, Lackie, Dean and Thompson, and Messrs. Turner, Lovett, Warfield, Thompson and Clements.

* * *

The Forest Home club gave a dancing party Wednesday night at Lester Park. About forty couples were in attendance.

* * *

The ladies of St. Anthony's church will give a social in St. Anthony's hall Tuesday evening. There will be refreshments and music.

* * *

The Midsummer Outing club has postponed the social party that was to have been given last night at Lester Park till Monday night.

* * *

Mrs. Thomas D. Merrill gave a tug party yesterday afternoon in honor of her guests, Mrs. George C. Smith and Miss Olivia Smith, of Atlanta, Ga.

* * *

The ladies of the Morley Congregational church gave an excursion to Fond du Lac on the steamer Barker yesterday. The attendance was good and the affair was very successful.

* * *

The game of "living chess" at the Armory last evening was interfered with by the weather and while it was played through it was not as elaborately carried out as was intended. All who attended had their tickets returned and can use them when the entertainment is repeated Friday evening, Aug. 27.

At 9 o'clock the procession was formed and those who represented the white pieces marched in one column and those of the black in another. They marched around the board and took their places. Mrs. T. W. Hoopes was queen of the black pieces and F. H. Barnard king, and Mrs. D. H. Day was queen of the whites and W. C. McAdam king. Charles Geist played the whites and Dr. Cullum the blacks. Each won a game.

Previous to the game Company G gave an exhibition drill and went through a series of evolutions very cleverly. Flaaten's orchestra played.

* * *

A most unique picnic was enjoyed by the "Oktet Piknikers" yesterday afternoon and evening on the Point. In place of the proverbial ham sandwiches and deviled eggs, an elaborate menu was prepared on the camp fires and served by the ladies. Those present were: Misses Alice Jones, Jamison, Florence Gail Briggs, Mrs. Emily Ellis Woodward and Mrs. Mary R. Ellis, of Denver; Messrs. Pearce, Chaffee, Black and Woodward.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Miss Hayes, of Pittsburg, is the guest of Mrs. Frederick L. Gilbert.

Miss Florence Fuller, of Toronto, and Miss Hearn, of Guelph, Ont., who have been the guests of Miss Howe, will leave for their homes on Tuesday.

Miss Barette returned from St. Paul on Monday accompanied by Miss Kelly, of St. Paul.

Mrs. James and Philip James, of New York, mother and brother of Howard James, left for home on the North Land today.

Miss Ayers and Miss Reynolds, of Saginaw, are the guests of Mrs. W. C. McClure at the Spalding.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Bishop left Tuesday for a trip down the lakes. Miss Katherine Bishop, of Chicago, who was visiting them, has returned home.

Miss Rothermel, who has been spending the summer here, will return to her home in Philadelphia next week.

Mrs. S. L. Frazer and Miss Frazer left on the North Land today for an Eastern visit.

Miss Frances Hunt, of Harlan, Iowa, has returned from Tower and is with Miss Gridley.

Miss Alta Owens is visiting at Tower.

Mr. and Mrs. John H. Upham, Mr. and Mrs. Clark Fagg, Mrs. Dean Burke, of Two Harbors, and John Upham will leave tomorrow on the steamer Dixon for Baptism river to spend a week at the club house there.

Mark Baldwin has returned from Illinois.

Misses Peyton, Martha Peyton, Alice Peyton, Josephine Peyton, H. Peyton and Master John Peyton are at the bungalow on St. Louis river enjoying an outing.

Dr. and Mrs. Stocker, Dr. and Mrs. Prince, Mr. and Mrs. Schupp, Mrs. Van Vliet, Miss Van Vliet, Col. Shiras, Miss Kugler and W. T. Bray left today for Knife river to go into camp.

Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Donnelly, of St. Paul, are visiting here.

Miss Cornelia Fanning, of New York, came in on the North Land last evening and left for St. Paul. During her short stay here she was the guest of O. C. and A. W. Hartman.

Dr. and Mrs. Homer Collins have returned from a trip to Port Arthur and the Seine River country.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles J. George, and Mr. and Mrs. Hubely, of Pittsburg, arrived on the North Land last evening and will visit Mrs. T. H. Phillips, of Piedmont terrace for a week.

Mrs. F. M. Spears and daughter Caro took the steamer Japan Thursday for Buffalo, where they will visit until after the G. A. R. encampment. They will then go to Springfield, Mass., and spend the winter with Mr. and Mrs. Fred S. Martin.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Lovett and family left for Pike Lake, Wis., yesterday afternoon for an outing of a couple of weeks.

Miss Margaret Wightman, of Boston, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Wightman, left for home yesterday afternoon.

Dr. Edmund W. Weis and wife, of Ottawa, Ills., are the guests of Mrs. W. D. Underhill, on East Third street.

Mrs. John Mason Duncan, of Craggencroft, arrived Thursday from Pittsburg, where she had been visiting her mother, and her brother, Hon. Johns McCleave.

Miss Savina Kennedy, of St. Paul, who has been the guest of the Misses Kennedy, of East Second street, for the past week, returned home today.

Miss Sarah E. Harper, of Indianapolis, is visiting her nephew, C. D. Harper, and expects to remain in Duluth during the coming winter.

Miss Marguerite Sullivan will leave tomorrow for a visit at her home in Grand Rapids, Mich., and in Detroit, Toronto and Montreal.

Mrs. M. J. Springer, of Ottawa, Canada, is visiting Miss Murray and M. S. Burrows.

Gabe Ullman and wife, of Appleton, Wis., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Louis Hammel, 423 East Third street.

Miss Maude Barton has gone on a visit to friends in St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Mrs. Walter Hiller and Miss Julia Gabboy, of St. Paul, are paying a visit to Mrs. Oliver Barton, of 1001 West Michigan stret.

Miss Louise Meyire, of St. Paul, is visiting Mrs. Al Ruscett, of this city.

Rev. M. G. Goran and daughter, of St. Louis, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. S. T. Harrison.

Miss Anna Fitzpatrick is home after a month's visit with friends in Houghton, Mich.

Miss Margaret Dunn left today for a trip down the lakes.

Miss Matie Boxell will spend next week at her home in St. Paul.

Miss Pearl Chalk has returned from a lake trip to Chicago.

Miss Mary K. Yahnke, of Chicago, is in the city, the guest of Mrs. M. Wardell, of 316 Lake avenue north.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hatcher and children have returned after a month's visit with friends in Winona.

Mrs. John C. Robinson returned Tuesday after a year's absence and is at the Spalding. She will remain here for some time.

Miss Julia Leahy, Miss Bella Henry and Miss Pearl Chalk went to Ashland Tuesday on the steamer Hunter and returned Wednesday.

Misses Eva McLaggan and Annie Kelly, of Stillwater, who were connected with the city schools one year ago, are in Duluth visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Richardson.

Mrs. Henry Hahn, of Minneapolis, is visiting Mrs. W. H. Richardson, of 1416 East First street.

Mrs. E. C. Woods has gone to La Crosse and Winona for a two weeks' visit among friends and relatives.

Mrs. J. C. Disney, of Zumbrota Falls, is the guest of her son, J. W. Disney, of 815 West Superior street.

Mrs. W. H. Wiod and two sons, of Chicago, are the guests of Mrs. F. B. Ross.

Miss Fanny Lefever, of Keokuk, Iowa, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Pastoret.

Herr Carl Riedelsberger has returned from Des Moines, and will be here until the early part of September. He is the guest of Dr. and Mrs. Phelan at present.

Miss Rosser, Miss Kipp, of St. Paul, and James Geggie returned from Grand Rapids Tuesday.

Mrs. M. P. Hofheimer, of Norwalk, Va., is visiting Mrs. B. Heller, of Ashtabula terrace.

Miss D. V. Maud McGann has returned from an extended visit with her sister in Minneapolis.

Dr. John G. Spenzer, of Cleveland, Ohio, Miss Sara T. Van Wormer and Miss Cammie Stanrod, of Pocatello, Idaho, are here for a few weeks' visit with Miss Ada Van Wormer, at 9 East Third street.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Beuglet are visiting in Detroit and Cleveland.

Miss Albina Ouelette, who has been visiting here for some time, returned East Tuesday.

Mrs. W. H. Wagner, of 101 West Fourth street, is entertaining her former school friend, Miss Mayme Damon, of St. Paul. Miss Damon will remain in Duluth for several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis Lacadie, cousins of Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Towne, are visiting them for a few days.

Professor and Mrs. J. Lender, of Elmhurst, Ill., are the guests of Mrs. L. Meining and family, of 217 Second avenue east.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Nicolls, of 1801 East Third street, left for Owatonna Saturday night.

Mr. and Mrs. D. P. Hood, 801 East First street, are entertaining Mrs. Hart and daughter Marjory, of Huntsville.

Mrs. S. A. Damuth is visiting friends in Ashland, Wis.

Miss Arnetta McBride, who has been visiting her sister, Miss McBride, for several weeks, will leave for home next Wednesday.

Miss Harriet Stevens, daughter of George W. Stevens, of Buffalo, N. Y., a former resident of Duluth, is visiting her brother, G. Fred Stevens.

WEST DULUTH SOCIAL.

A surprise party was given Friday evening in honor of Miss M. McKinnon, of Port Wing, Wis., at the home of Miss Shorten, whose guest she has been for a short time.

Miss Mary Fillatrault has gone to Crookston, Minn., to spend a short vacation visiting relatives.

John De Forrest has returned from St. Paul, where he has been visiting friends.

Mrs. I. B. Flack and daughter Ruth returned Tuesday evening from a short visit among friends at Forest Lake.

Mrs. Winters, of Washington, D. C., is visiting with her mother, Mrs. Lovelace, at her home, 315 Fifty-ninth avenue west.

Mrs. M. Neuman, of Chicago, and Miss Rose Neuman, of St. Paul, were guests of Mrs. M. Kastriner, at 40 East Main street, during the week.

Miss Bessie Lovelace has returned from her old home in De Pere, Wis., after a month's visit among friends.

Miss Maud Coughlan left Monday for Rochester, Minn., where she will visit among relatives for several months.

Miss Katie Constantine, of Waukesha, Wis., is visiting her brother, J. H. Constantine, on Fifty-seventh avenue west.

Mrs. Frank Riggin and children arrived home Sunday, after a visit among friends and relatives at Mankato.

Mrs. William Coil has gone to Grantsburg, Wis., to visit friends for a few weeks.

Miss Nellie Murphy went to St. Paul Tuesday for a short visit to friends.

When you ask for any goods advertised in this paper, see that you get the right thing. Don't be put off with a substitute.

A Welcome Exhibition.

The announcement that Professor Gentry's famous dog and pony show is soon to exhibit in this city has led to numerous inquiries about the details, such as the location of the grounds and prices of admission. The character of the show is so well known that the people will regard the information as news and consequently we have made inquiries with the following result: The show, which it is needless to mention, is the best one of its kind in the world, will exhibit under their own waterproof tent which will be located on Fourth avenue west and First street, four nights, beginning Wednesday, Aug. 18, with a matinee Saturday.

The prices of admission are, children 10 cents, adults, 20 cents; and when the magnitude and artistic worth of the show is taken into consideration it will easily be seen that the prices of admission are decidedly reasonable.

YOU CAN GET TICKETS.

TO INDIANAPOLIS AT LOW RATES.

Anybody may take advantage of low rates to Indianapolis Aug. 17 and 18 account Y. P. C. U. convention via Pennsylvania Short line, the official route from Chicago, and the only line directly through the great natural gas belt. Special train leaves Chicago 10 a. m., Wednesday, Aug. 18, after arrival of trains from west and northwest. Full particulars free by addressing J. M. Greaves, Traveling Passenger Agent, St Paul, or H. R. Dering, A. G. P. Agt., Chicago.

Across the Tea Table

"I like the chaliced lilies,
The heavy Eastern lilies,
The gorgeous tiger lilies,
That in our garden grow."

There are no flowers so typical of August as the tiger lilies of which Aldrich sings. Anyone familiar with an old-fashioned garden recalls their flaming cups on slender stalks, the blooms all dashed with carmine, the stamens a soft velvet fine color, their tall green stalks bending "like those Circassian women, the favorites of the sultan" as the poet pictures them; a flame against the emerald of trees and garden, far more Oriental looking than the poppy, the sister flower of the month. Not long since I saw a hedge of these gorgeous blooms, tall and straight rising from their lance-like leaves, they fringed an old stone wall, the foundation walls of the garden of an historical home, and I noted mentally the absence of the old garden flowers in Duluth. Day lilies, like pure white trumpets, breathe their exquisite perfume in the summer air elsewhere, but in how many of our gardens grow the August lilies? Old-fashioned gardens hold so much that we banish from ours on account of the short season; but a covering of straw laid upon the roots in the early fall shields them, and nature's fall of snow is always sufficient protection against the icy chill of winter. There is such a revival of old things these days, such an imitation of our grandmother's tasks and interests, that the old-fashioned garden is part and parcel of the appreciation of old-time customs, ways and habits. So we must go back to memory and plant our gardens with the tender care our grandmammas did if we want to be in the fashion. Have great tall hedges of the sunflower, America's early emblem, as an invading conquering race saw it. One historian and flower-lover says: "In the mythology of the ancient Peruvians it occupied an imporatnt place, and was employed as a mystic decoration in ancient Mexican sculpture. Like the lotus of the East, it is equally a sacred and an artistic emblem figuring in the symbolism of Mexico and Peru, where the Spaniards found it, rearing its aspiring stalk in the fields, and serving in the temples as a sign and decoration; the sun-god's officiating hand-maidens wearing upon their breasts representations of the sacred flower in beaten gold." Three hundred years ago an old botanist, Gerarde, wrote a description of "the Indian sun, or the golden floure of Peru," which has become classical; so that it should stand in great hedges in our gardens, an appreciation of nature's beauty. Then there should be old-fashioned phlox, day lilies, tiger lilies, Canterbury bells, annunciation lilies, which unless forced, bloom in gardens in August and give the name of lily-month, though Easter is stealing her white emblem and leaving her the poppy. Then there are the evening primroses which open their buds with a pop toward nightfall, sending out a perfume almost overpowering in intensity. The tall, yellow weed growing by our wayside is the degenerated cousin of our garden blooms—and the nasturtiums—how they bloom, their flame-like cups holding a spicy odor of the Orient, and the great round green leaves seem a fitting background to cool and quench the fire of the blossoms. These always seem to me to be part and parcel of an Oriental dream. The variety of color in the flower never deviating from the shades of red and yellow, and the soul of a fire-worshipper seems imprisoned in their heart. One seems to dream again while surrounded by nasturtiums of "the moonlight over Oman's sea, her banks of pearl and palmy isles," and to catch a suggestion of that fire-temple built by the Ghebers, that story of the worshippers of the old religion who fled before Arab conquerors as told by Feramorz to Lalla Rookh; such and old, old story of love and worship; and that molly valley of Cachmere which seems like a faded dream to us now; only when summer brings the nasturtium does one remember its beauty, and the immortality of sacrifice for a great cause.

* * *

It has always seemed strange that so few people understand the artistically proper arrangement of nasturtiums; surely nature gives us our lesson in this regard, and yet it is seldom that one finds them arranged as nature sets them. Go into any drawing room or library during their season of blossoming, and you will find them bunched into vases and bowls, their tender petals torn and rubbed by close contact with one another, their individuality of coloring lost entirely. Take them as I saw a bunch arranged a day or two ago, place them in home surroundings, and you will be surprised to find a sense of satisfaction in your artistic appreciation, and a new delight and suggestiveness in their bloom. A dozen or more varieties, on long slender stems, hung over the edge of an old blue ginger jar. They had been arranged in this with a gackground of green leaves which cooled their flame. They had found repose in a product of their own native home, and gratefully gave forth fragrance in dying, placed as they were, fittingly and artistically. Try it, my dear sister; place your roses in old English bowls—the rose is England's queen of flowers—your nasturtiums amid Persian and Oriental associations, your lilies in tall glass vases, made to show their graceful stems, and ponder to the artistic and your sense of the eternal fitness of things in even so small a matter as the arrangement of flowers.

* * *

And so August brings a dream of Oriental beauty to us through our gardens and their inhabitants, and listening to the echoes of strife in India, a strife which is as old as British invasion and usurpation, one wonders over certain questions of justice and injustice, the ethics of the rights of man. India has not forgotten that it is just forty years since a terrible cry arose in Delhi, in Cawnpore, in Lucknow—and revenge has smouldered and smoulders still in the mind of that fierce native reflecting upon the acts which led up to and made the "mutiny" possible. British rule in India after forty years still finds itself questioning, for the death of English officers, and the outbreaks which Lord Sandhurst has foolishly refused to notice makes one wonder if the arm of England has grown weak, and India is ready to take advantage of the slightest lack of vigilance. In the light of recent occurrences, Mrs. Steel's book "On the Face of the Waters," now in our library bears a double significance. This is a book which has been more or less talked of and written about for a year. It is not a story of the mutiny in its entirety, only certain phases of it, particularly the story of Delhi, and its rose-red palace walls, its mosque with its many minarets, and its tale of certain persons woven in upon this background. It is somewhat disappointing as one recalls the heralding with which it was sent forth. It is like Carlyle's "French Revolution" in one respect only; to read Carlyle's history, one must have a complete, perfect knowledge of the French revolution; must know the court gossip of the time; the personal intrigues; the theatrical by-play, which helped to form the "mise en scene." So with Mrs. Steele's novel, which is doubtless intensely interesting to Anglo-Indians, but which wearies and frets one, grown impatient of over Oriental hyperbole, and mythical conversations intended to be suggestive. The whole book is Oriental in tone. Mrs. Steel seems to have breathed in Indian philosophy, Hindoo politics, and Oriental mysticism with her very life, but one longs to hear the story more directly told. She utterly lacks Kipling's exquisite charm, his power of suggestiveness, his fancy, and narative gift, though Indian students tell us that the feminine writer has an insight into native life which the masculine writer lacks. We have read many stories of that hideous time, and history, cold and cruel has laid the secrets before us. But in a short romance, one finds it hard to follow the politics of the palace at Delhi; hard to concentrate the thoughts upon the story. The literary merit of the book is above the ordinary. The intimate and perfect knowledge of the intrigues, military and native above question apparently, and yet it all lacks charm, vivacity, concentration, and even so strong a book as it undoubtedly is, it fails to hold the entire attention; one literally reads, reads all the time to finish it, and it takes a strength of purpose in reading to enable one not to be led into throwing the book aside in despair over the many threads one is obliged to keep in hand. Having finished it one recognizes that the book has a compelling power to keep one to the effort to finish and has undoubted strength though lacking, as I said, the charm of Kipling, and many another writer of Anglo-Indian life.

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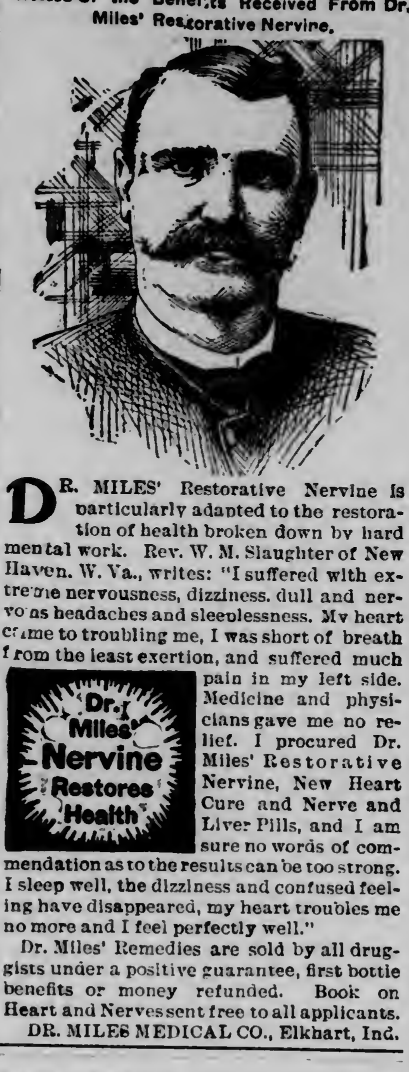
If you are afflicted with the love of bargain-hunting, my dear sister, now is the time to look to your laurels as a successful searcher out of hidden things in this particular field. Table and bed linen appeal greatly to the housekeeper in the months of January and August, for then the merchants make appeals to her which are most compelling. But do not be deluded into buying last year's stock at this year's price—a stumbling block which is apt to lie in the way of even the most experienced bargain fiends. This year the damask cloths for the table have a perfectly plain, satiny damask center piece, a circle which is entirely unfigured, as was the fashion a year or so ago. From the border on the edge of the cloth the flowers extend to this center, and are large and sketchy in effect, not close and small. In fact, buds and stems and wide open flowers are drawn with lavish profusion from edge to center, and nothing in the flower kingdom is out of place. In some of the ultra-fashionable cloths the center piece is plain, heavy linen instead of damask, and the napkins and table doilies are made to match. It seems rather a strange thing that our drawn work, now so fashionable, Fayal work, as it is called, is most of it done in Japan. Linen houses have the cloths woven and hemmed and then sent to Japan, where skilled labor is so much cheaper than with us. The new drawn work, which is to be a rival for lace work, does not resemble either the Mexican or the old-style drawn work; there are neither blocks nor wheels, but elaborate designs for small tea and luncheon cloths are worked on daintiest linen, and these are, with napkins and doilies to match, quite the latest thing for the housewife to spend her time upon.

* * *

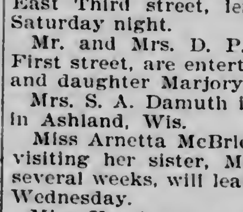
Since the bargain counter of August appeals so to the housewife, these cool days are ideal ones for needlework on household belongings. Sheets and pillowcases need to be supplied, as well as table cloths and napkins, and only the bride of the year finds herself scorning the so-called drudgery of keeping the linen closet up to its standard. Laundering with the water we have is an extremely hard task, and tells upon the fiber of both cotton and linen, and therefore the supply needs more careful watching with us than elsewhere. The thrifty buyer looks for odd lengths and remnants; here she finds much to help her out in the drain necessitated by constant use and hard water for washing. Only her best table cloths and napkins need bear the stamp of the latest style, fortunately, and one set a year is all that is demanded by social exigencies in Duluth. But cotton and linen for the bed and towels of all kinds need constant watchfulness, lest the stock get low, and a sudden call upon it, unexpected company or sickness, reveals the shelves like the cupboard of Dame Hubbard, bare, bare, bare. The short lengths left over in table linen may be made to serve well as everyday cloths for family use, though it is a bad principle, in my opinion, to use for the family anything not suitable for company. But the very best table linen is to be found in short lengths sometimes, and the family does not degenerate under its influence. Every woman takes a pride in the possession of linen for bedding, though few of us use it here; it is only suitable for a warm climate, but tradition as to its possession appeals to the feminine heart. No muslin pillowcase can be made to look upon a bed as does a carefully laundered linen one, and to make linen pillowslips, linen just the width of the pillow should be bought, carefully over-seamed by hand, the selvedge edges joining; they outlast two pairs of muslin ones. The young woman of the day should be taught the secrets of linen buying, to distinguish between the kinds and threads, and to know what the "round" thread means; to tell whether linen has cotton in it by the feeling, to, in fact, practice the arts of fifty years ago—useful in this season of revival of old things, old possessions and old customs.

—AGATE.

Rev. W. M. Slaughter,
OF WEST VIRGINIA.
Writes of the Benefits Received From Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine.



DR. MILES' Restorative Nervine is particularly adapted to the restoration of health broken down by hard mental work. Rev. W. M. Slaughter of New Haven, W. Va., writes: "I suffered with extreme nervousness, dizziness, dull and nervous headaches and sleeplessness. My heart came to troubling me, I was short of breath from the least exertion, and suffered much pain in my left side. Medicine and physicians gave me no relief. I procured Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine, New Heart Cure and Nerve and Liver Pills, and I am sure no words of commendation as to the results can be too strong. I sleep well, the dizziness and confused feeling have disappeared, my heart troubles me no more and I feel perfectly well."



Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on Heart and Nerves sent free to all applicants.
DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

Scrofula

In its thousands of forms is the most terrible affliction of the human race. Salt rheum, sores, eruptions, boils, all humors, swellings, etc., originate in its foul taint, and are cured by the great and only True Blood Purifier, Hood's Sarsaparilla. The advanced theory of today that tuberculosis, or consumption, is curable by proper nutrition, care and purifying the blood, finds confirmation in the experience of many who have been cured by

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Hood's Pills cure sick headache. 25c.

HAIR HUMORS

Itching, irritated, scaly, crusted Scalps, dry, thin, and falling Hair, cleansed, purified, and beautified by warm shampoos with CUTICURA SOAP, and occasional dressings of CUTICURA, purest of emollients, the greatest skin cures.

Cuticura

Treatment will produce a clean, healthy scalp with luxuriant, lustrous hair, when all else fails.
Sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston.
"How to produce Luxuriant Hair," mailed free.

SKINS ON FIRE with Eczema instantly relieved by CUTICURA REMEDIES.

Are you going to serve Punch?

Then Use "Sovern Ginger Ale,"

As good as Imported and much cheaper.
Made at Crosley Park Spring.

'Phone 696. SOVERN CARBONATING CO. 413 Palladio Bldg

Your Grocer Will Give You **FREE** This Silver-Plated TEASPOON with every large size cake of

White Cloud Floating Soap

OR---A Spool containing 20 yards of the best sewing silk with every small size cake of **White Cloud Floating Soap.** The cost of this spoon and spool of silk comes out of our pocket entirely—it's one of our ways of advertising. We want you to get acquainted with the whitest floating soap on the market. **White Cloud** is the only soap in the world made in **Porcelaine Lined Kettles** which is an absolute guarantee of **purity.** If your grocer can not supply you send us his name and address.

Made by the MONOTUCK SILK CO

WHITE CLOUD WARRANTED PURE DYE SILK TWIST

MADE ONLY BY **JAS. S. KIRK & CO.,** CHICAGO.
THE LARGEST SOAP MANUFACTURERS IN THE WORLD. ESTABLISHED 1839.

Everybody can have soft water to wash with if they will use Kirk's "Rainwater Maker." It makes hard water soft. Try it.

THE PREACHER HAS GONE!

On a vacation for a much needed rest. Dr. S. Clay Todd will therefore work in forenoon as well as afternoon, and will for a few Sundays have his office hours from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. There seems to be need of this extra labor because so many who wish to see the Doctor can come on Sunday who could not come during week days. Christ healed the sick on the Sabbath and none spoke against it except those who were opposed to Him. Office hours week days from 8 a. m. to 9 p. m.

FRANK HIBBING'S DEATH.

The Order of Elks Adopts Eloquent Resolutions.

The Elks have adopted the following resolutions expressing the loss felt by the order in the death of Frank Hibbing:

Whereas, in the sad death of our brother, Frank Hibbing, the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks is called upon to mourn the loss of one, who in life endeared himself to all by many noble and manly qualities.

Therefore resolved, that recognizing in his death, not only our own personal loss, but also a great loss to the community in which he lived and to a fraternity to the cardinal principles and virtues of which he confessed fealty, Duluth Lodge No. 133 B. P. O. E. will ever cherish his memory with love and affection. In the seeming noonday of life's comforts and joys, her pleasures and luxuries, the summons of death was served on our Brother Hibbing, and as we call back to fleeting memory's domain sweet remembrances of our brother forever gone to pay the penalty of existence we muse on life and on what the poet so beautifully styled as "Transition."

Our departed brother we knew full well. His virtues, manly qualities and solid worth will ever remain. The warm hospitality, the quiet and pleasing ways, the generous manner and the charitable deeds of our revered dead are part and parcel of the sum total of things that are and always shall be.

Brother Hibbing was a kind and affectionate husband, a good neighbor, a true friend and a respected and worthy citizen. His walk in the paths of life was upright and honorable. He was a man who wore no mask. His life was an open book. He was a faithful and true type of all that is best in American citizenship. Schooled in adversity, honest motive, lofty aim and energetic and patient effort laid, in the short span of two score years, the foundations for a competency. The community loses a good citizen and a successful and energetic business man. The Order of Elks, in the earthly lodge, loses one of its best and most faithful members. Our departed brother rests in peace. He has crossed the portals of a higher mansion. He sailed life's bark upon the widening sea until it anchored safely in the haven where billows never roll and storm clouds never lower. He tasted of the ashen crust and drank from the wine cup of dissolution. Upon his lips he has felt the "breath of eternal morning." To him has been revealed whether in this life duty is but a chimera and virtue a superstition. We, the living, are still storm lashed upon the ocean of our earthly desires, our affiliations, our hopes and aspirations.

Resolved, that recognizing the uncertainty of human life and that in the shadow of the living ever stalks the grim spectre we call Death, pointing "its cold and solemn finger to the beautiful and holy visions that have passed away, and left no shadow of their loveliness on the dead waste of life," we, the living, believe:

"When hearts, whose worth was proven,
Like his, are laid in earth,
Then, should a wreath be woven,
To tell the world their worth."

Resolved, that Duluth lodge No. 133, B. P. O. E. extends its deepest sympathy to his bereaved family in the hour of their grief; that the lodge be draped for a period of thirty days; that these resolutions be published in the daily papers of Duluth and be spread upon the records of the lodge and that an engrossed copy of these resolutions, duly attested, be sent to the family of our deceased brother:

"The dread angel came not as an enemy
With pain and anguish, but gently touched
His eyelids, as if with sleep.
And, when, amid the dark,
The gleam of heaven's morning broke,
It was, as the hand that ends a dream,
That death with the might of his sunbeam
Touched his flesh, and his soul awoke."

By order of Duluth lodge No. 133, B. P. O. E.

JOSEPH B. COTTON,
JOS. WARD REYNOLDS,
DAVID T. ADAMS,
WILLIAM F. HENRY,
GEORGE C. GILBERT,
Committee.

Pure Spring Water.

Delivered daily. Telephone orders to Stewart's livery, telephone No. 334.

LOW EXCURSION RATES TO BUFFALO, N. Y.—G. A. R. NATIONAL ENCAMPMENT—VIA THE BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD.

On Aug. 21, 22 and 23 the Baltimore & Ohio railroad will sell low rate excursion tickets to Buffalo, N. Y., account of G. A. R. national encampment. Passengers purchasing tickets at points west of Akron have choice of routes, via Cleveland and rail in both directions, via Cleveland and steamer in both directions, via Cleveland and steamer going and all rail returning, or via all-rail going and steamer to Cleveland, thence rail, returning. Tickets will be valid for return until Aug. 31, but are subject to an extension until Sept. 20, 1897, on payment of a fee of twenty-five (25) cents, if deposited with joint agent of terminal lines at Buffalo.

For further information call on or address B. N. Austin, general passenger agent, Chicago, Ill.

NORTH LAND'S LIST.

Nearly Every State Room Was Taken Today.

The North Land left this afternoon with the banner passenger list of the season, according to the local officials. There were only a few vacant staterooms at 11 o'clock this morning. A few of those who left Duluth on the boat were as follows:

To Buffalo—W. R. Coppln, Eau Claire, Wis.; E. P. Collier, E. Jackson, England; Mr. and Mrs. H. Hunneberger, Miss Hunneberger, H. Hunneberger, Jr., New Rochelle, N. Y.; Miss McCarthy, Mrs. H. T. Black, St. Paul; W. E., W. R. and E. Stanton, G. B. Wilkes, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Cornwell, Buffalo; Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Webster, Helena, Mont.; Gertrude Gibbs, Miss E. M. Stanton, Miss L. Stanton, Miss S. Hopkins, W. J. Murphy, J. H. Dunn, A. F. Rand, Casey and Kenneth Rand, Maggie Ryan, Mrs. P. Poehler, Clara and Emma Poehler, Minneapolis; Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Burnham, Hartford, Conn.; Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Sturtevant, Green Lake, Wis.; Mr. and Mrs. D. H. James, Thomas G. Hayes, John E. Kaughran, New York; Mrs. L. D. James, Williamsburgh, Mass.; Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Thornton, Miss Thornton, Pawtucket, R. I.; E. W. Brigham, Great Falls, Mont.

To Mackinac—Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Chambers, St. Louis, Mo.; Miss Lulu Frick, Wooster, Ohio; Mr. and Mrs. G. J. Holdridge, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. McClelland, Pittsburg; Mr. and Mrs. Willis Hoyt, Aurora, Ill.; Mr. and Mrs. John Shelby, Lexington, Ky.; Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Schicht, Mr. and Mrs. M. W. Summer, Milwaukee; F. C. Rounds, Chicago.

To Cleveland—E. R. Stanton, Buffalo; R. R. Wick, Jersey City; Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Frick, Wooster, Ohio; Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Jones, Cleveland; Mr. and Mrs. J. Seeds and two children, Germantown, Pa.; Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Adams and child, West Superior.

To Detroit—W. F. Myers, St. Paul; C. M. Caverly, Boston; A. E. Culvert, Mrs. C. C. Wendell, Chillicothe, Ohio; Mr. and Mrs. L. I. Bennett, Owatonna, Minn.; T. Poftenhauser, Mrs. Louis Poftenhauser, Miss Poftenhauser, Minneapolis; Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Crabbs, Kansas City, Mo.; Mr. and Mrs. N. M. Kaughman, Marquette; B. W. Twohy, West Superior; Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Smith, Tower.

To the Sault—E. G. Crowdis, Princeton, N. J.; M. D. and C. J. Creary, Sheffield, Pa.; W. F. Morris, Duluth.

BEYOND THE GRAVE.

According to the Babylonians, there was only one path which all mankind had to tread after death. Deep in the bowels of the earth, under a huge mountain known as the "Mountain of the Universe," which was supposed to be situated in the distant north, lay the place where the dead were gathered, says the Pittsburg Dispatch. Separated from the land of the living by the "waters of death," there was no hope for those who once entered it of ever retracing their steps. It was therefore appropriately termed "the land from which there is no return." It was pictured as dark and cheerless; the inhabitants, far from being content with their lot, were supposed to be longing for a sight of the upper world again. There are no indications that the Babylonians looked upon death as a deliverer from evils. On the contrary, the day of death was to them a "day of sorrow," and the dead themselves are represented as bewailing their fate.

The moment that the deceased reaches the shores of the nether world his coming is announced to Nergal, the ruler of these regions. He is then conducted through seven gates, at each of which he is obliged to lay aside a portion of his clothing, until, having happily passed the seventh gate, he stands naked before the divine judge, Nergal, and his consort Allatu. There judgment is pronounced over him. Namtar, the demon of plagues, is in readiness to remove the condemned to a place of special torture, where painful disease and privations of all kinds rob him of his rest. But even those who escape the ire of the gods are not much better off. They dwell in a place of darkness, with dust as their food and with no pleasure to cheer their spirits. Only the few favorites of the gods, that is, the popular heroes, were accorded a happy lot. They were removed by a special decree to an island vaguely described as lying at the "conflux of waters," where a seat was assigned to them and they entered upon enjoyment of eternal life.

The present life was accordingly considered the all-important one by the Babylonians, and their religion bears witness to this conception.

NEW BICYCLE RECORD.

New York, Aug. 14.—A. W. Evans, the New York Athletic club wheelman, today broke the state 100-mile road record of New Jersey by riding the distance in 5 hours, 1 minute, 42½ seconds. The course was from New Brunswick to Elizabeth, two round trips.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Some of the Boats Getting Their Coal Supply at Duluth.

THE FREIGHT RATES

Coal Shipments This Season Have Been Smaller Than Last Year.

The first boat reported as coaling at this end of the lake was the Mesaba, of the Minnesota fleet, which took on coal at Two Harbors a few days ago. So far there has been very little of this done, most of the boats being still able to get enough coal for fuel at their regular places of supply, though they are not able to get coal cargoes with any degree of facility. If the strike continues it is only a question of time before a great many of the boats will have to get their coal here if they are able to do so. They will have to pay larger prices here than they would below, and larger prices than the dealers get from the local consumers. It is doubtful whether local stocks will be able to stand much of a drain in this direction, as the railroads have been pulling on the coal piles at a pretty good rate.

The local coal dealers have stated that it would be an easy matter to fill up the stocks so that there would be no shortage in sixty days of navigation. If the coal strike is over in time is, of course, an understood condition. If the stocks are to be filled up then, it is necessary that the coal shall begin to move freely at least two months before the close of navigation. This would give all the months of October and November to carry coal in, and would make it necessary that the strike should be over by the last of September. If it is not over several weeks before that time there will be a great scramble for tonnage, and the result will be that for the last few weeks of navigation the rates will probably be high enough to compensate for the dullness and poor returns of the season. If there should be such a thing as the strike lasting into October, it is likely that it would be impossible to fill up the stocks, and the result would be more or less of a shortage and prices more or less higher than ordinarily.

The steamer North Land coaled up at the Northwestern Fuel company's dock this morning. Her trip up was delayed so that she was nearly three hours late, and the cause of the delay was the poor quality of the coal she was forced to pick up below. This is another sign that the strike is affecting things seriously, and that the stocks at the lower ports must be getting pretty low.

THE FREIGHT SITUATION.

Cleveland, Aug. 14.—The Marine Review says: The situation as regards soft coal shipments is probably the most interesting feature of the lake trade at this time. Figures at hand relate only to the Lake Superior coal movement, but this is, of course, most important. The shipments of soft coal to all Lake Superior ports last season, as shown by the St. Mary's Falls canal statistics, aggregated 2,626,130 net tons, which is a little above the average for three years past. Requirements this year, if the coal can be moved, will very probably be in excess of 1896. On Aug. 1 of this year only 958,377 tons had been moved to Lake Superior, so that, figuring simply on a basis of last season's shipments, there is yet to be moved in round numbers 1,650,000, as against 1,303,376 tons moved after Aug. 1 of last year. But it must be noted that during the month of August last year 425,000 tons of coal were shipped to Lake Superior. During the present August the shipments will, of course, be very light, even if the strike is settled before the month is half over, so that it is safe to figure that if the supply of coal forwarded to Lake Superior is to equal that of last year, fully 1,500,000 tons must be shipped during September, October and November. During these three months of last year the shipments aggregated only 878,000 tons. In the fall of last year the ore shippers were all cutting down the movement of ore, and there was no great shortage of cars as there is thus early this season. Taking all these facts into consideration, it certainly seems that the coal shippers, even if the strike is settled at once, will find great difficulty in moving their lake coal.

Reports from all ore-shipping ports to the Cleveland sales agents show shipments to Aug. 1 aggregating 5,415,560 gross tons, as against 5,682,308 gross tons on the same date a year ago, or a shortage of only 266,748 tons. The movement of ore in July was the greatest in the history of the business. This certainly indicates a comfortable condition of affairs among the ore dealers, but it is encouraging to note that within the past few days sales of ore footing up about 300,000 tons have been made.

PARKER AND MILLEN FLEET.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 14.—The Parker and Millen fleet, which has been in ordinary for some time, is being fitted out. The Iron Age is in drydock for recalking, and the Iron Chief is waiting outside.

ENCOUNTERED A SEVERE GALE.

Alpena, Mich., Aug. 14.—The tug Balize, with dredge and scows in tow from Sault Ste. Marie to Buffalo encountered a severe gale on Lake Huron Thursday night. One of the scows, on which were an engine, boiler and other machinery, sank off Presque Isle, going down in deep water. The Balize had a hard time of it, and came near losing the dredge. She is now at Thunder Bay island, where the life savers are helping make repairs.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Black Rock, 8 last night; Stone, 10:10; Grecian, Outhwaite, 11; Nicol, 1:10 a. m.; Pathfinder, Sagamore, Ed Smith and consorts, Pioneer, 2:40; Selwyn Eddy, 3:30; Joliet; Coffinberry and consort, 3:40; Yale, 4; Marina, 4:30; Frontenac, 5:30; India, 5:50; Buell and consort, 7; Santa Maria and consorts, 8:50; Hadley, 9:40; Carpenter, Tyson, 10; Caledonia, North West, 10:20; Birekhead and consorts, 10:30; Presley, 10:40.

Up yesterday: Ketchum, Becker, 11:50 a. m.; North Star, noon; Seneca, 12:20 p. m.; Bielman, 12:30; Badger State, 3:50; Cumberland and consorts, 4:30; Corona, 6; Trevor, 131, 133, 6.

PASSED PORT HURON.

Port Huron, Mich., Aug. 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Hoyt and consorts, 9:20 last night; Shores and consorts, 10; Siberia, 11; Christie, Sonsmith, 1:40 a. m.; Coralia, 3; German, 4:30; John Lyon, 5:40; Masaba, 7.

Down yesterday: Ericsson, 11:30 a. m.; Rees, 12:30 p. m.; Viking, Vineland, 2; Elfinmere, Northern Queen, 7:30.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Aug. 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Kirby, Hartnell, 10:30 last night; Bartlett and whalebacks, 11:30; Hope, Fitzpatrick, Midnight, Gettysburg, Mecosta, 10; Ashland, 12:30 a. m.; Colorado, 2; Spencer, Pennington, Continental, Holland, 3; Goshawk, Jenness, 3:40; City of Duluth, 8:40; Fryer and whaleback, 11. Down: Williams, Hawgood, 7 last night; S. Mitchell, 10:15; Peshtigo, 11:40; Iron King, Iron Queen, Hiawatha, Georger, 2 a. m.; Peerless, 2:30; Cadillac, Northern King, Uganda, 5; John Ketchum, 10.

Later—Up: City of Venice, 11 a. m.; Wade, 1 p. m. Down: Germanic, Hutchinson, 11 a. m.; Vanderbilt, 12:30 p. m.; Wilson and whalebacks, 1:20; Zenith City, Runnells, 1:40.

Up yesterday: The two Wallaces, 3:30; J. J. McWilliams, 5; Arabia, 8; Sawyer, Tuxbury, Redfern, 9:30 a. m. Down: Porter, Brainard, Maxwell, Keystone, Masten, 3 p. m.; Bradley, Woolson, Brightie, Peshtigo, Sibley, Montana, 3:30; Wallula, 4; Stimson, 4:40; Emory Owen, Michigan, Portage, 5:30; Mohawk, 8; St. Andrew, 8:20; Merida, 9.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Lorain—Cleared: Northwest, Duluth.

Ashtabula—Cleared: Roumania, Barium, Polynesia, Fayette Brown, Duluth.

Buffalo—Cleared: P. Minch, H. A. Tuttle, Choctaw, Twin Sisters, Duluth.

Two Harbors—Cleared: Zenith City, Mitchell, 130, Castalia, Kearsarge, Cleveland; Alva, Chicago.

Washburn—Arrived: Montgomery.

Ashland — Arrived: Noquebay. Cleared: Madden, Montgomery, Nasmyth, Neilson, Whitworth, Centurion.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—North Land, Buffalo, passengers; Majestic, Lake Erie, coal; Walter Q. Gresham, revenue cutter; Dixon, Port Arthur, passengers and fish; Northern Wave, Buffalo, merchandise; Langell, Smith, Lake Erie, light for lumber; C. B. Lockwood, Senator, Lake Erie, light for ore.

Departed—McGregor, Lake Erie, lumber; two Boyces, Two Harbors, light; Gratwick (wooden), Lake Erie, ore; Jay Gould, Chicago, passengers and flour; North Land, Buffalo, passengers.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Veendam, from Rotterdam.

Philadelphia—Sailed: Belgen Land, for Liverpool.

NO DECISION REACHED.

Capitol Commission Still Undecided What to Do.

Col. C. H. Graves, who is a member of the state capitol commission, says that the report published in the St. Paul papers yesterday to the effect that the contract for stone for the capitol has been let to William C. Baxter, and that St. Cloud granite was to be used, was probably started by the St. Cloud granite men, who gave currency to a similar rumor some time ago. The contract has not been let and will not be before the commissioners meet again. Col. Graves said this afternoon that the board will meet next Thursday but that it is by no means certain that the question of stone will be settled at that time. The members of the commission will have to reach some agreement before that can be done and Col. Graves said that as for himself he was still at sea and had not decided what would be the best thing to do. No formal action will be taken on the bids until after the state architect has submitted his report on them.

Wanted the Whole Thing.

The relay race between the Duluth and Superior riders came to an abrupt termination last evening. The Superior men came over and made a big kick claiming the Duluth crowd had put in better riders than it was understood they were to. They wanted to start anew and when their demands were made known it was found that they wanted to be given a mile and some laps the advantage. The Duluth boys were divided between indignation at their demand and admiration for their nerve. They agreed to start even again but the Superior men would not hear of this and pulled out. This ended the race.

RUDE JOLT FOR THE JUDGE.

A certain judge, popular enough, but with a slight tendency to irascibility, was holding court, says the Pittsburg Dispatch. One of this judge's favorite ideas is to go into the details of a case in a thorough manner and explain matters at length to the jury, always under the impression that the members of that body are not capable of understanding for themselves.

The case in point had been treated carefully by the judge, who, as he thought, had put it so clearly that a verdict could be given at once, and he expressed surprise when the jury found it necessary to leave their seats. As hour after hour passed and they did not return, he finally sent in word inquiring what the trouble was. The reply that one juror was standing out against the other eleven angered him so that he summoned the jury before him and rebuked the recalcitrant.

"But may I say a word?"

"Yes, you may!" cried the judge.

"Well, then, you see, I was the only man on your side, and I stood out."

A NEW DANCE.

Buffalo News: The "Consuelo," one of the new dances, is as follows:

First position—The first position is much the same as is that of the waltz. The gentleman takes the lady gently by the waist and extends her right hand in his at arm's length. The gentleman starts with the left foot, the lady with the right.

Second position—Waltz once and a half around.

Third position—A graceful position at the end of the waltz step, and just before the gallop.

Fourth position—Two gallop steps are taken to the right.

Fifth position—At the end of the gallop steps the couple pauses for an instant before returning to the waltz step.

BURGLAR APOLOGIZED.

The burglar noiselessly opened the door of the bedroom and glided in. After flashing his bull's-eye lantern around the room, he placed it on the dresser and coolly proceeded to collect every valuable, says Truth. He had been at work perhaps two minutes when the occupant of the bed awoke and said, "I say, Mister Burglar—" But the gentleman addressed promptly covered the speaker with his revolver and remarked huskily, "If yer say anudder word er make a move yer'll be lately deceased. See?"

"I beg your pardon," said the other, whose name was Wheeler; "I don't intend to make an angel out of myself just yet. I only wanted to know where I can buy a bicycle lamp like yours. It's the best I ever saw."

LABOUCHERE'S STORY.

Speaking of protocols and treaties, Mr. Labouchere once told this story, says the Pittsburg Dispatch: "Years ago I was in America, and went down with the English minister in the United States to a small inn in Virginia, where we were to meet Mr. Marcy, the then United States secretary of state, and a reciprocity treaty between Canada and the United States was to be quietly discussed. Mr. Marcy, the most genial of men, was cross as a bear. He would agree to nothing. 'What on earth is the matter with your chief?' I said to a secretary who accompanied him. 'He does not have his rubber of whist,' said the secretary. After this every night the minister and I played at whist with Mr. Marcy and his secretary, and every night we lost. The stakes were trifling, but Mr. Marcy felt flattered at beating the Britishers at what he called their own game. His good humor returned, and every morning when the details of the treaty were being discussed we had our revenge, and scored points for Canada."

CHEAP ADVICE.

Boston Transcript: Mrs. Greene—Dr. Jalap is such a nice man. And he is so reasonable in his charges, too. He only charged me $2 today.

Mrs. Browne—What did he say was the matter with you?

Mrs. Greene—He said that there really was nothing the matter with me, and that all I wanted was good food and all the rest I could get.

Mrs. Browne—Do you call that cheap? Why, Dr. Stickem, the last time I called on him, said I had a complication of diseases—just think of that, a complication of diseases!—and he only charged me $3.50 for all that. Talk of cheapness!

The evening paper is always carefully read, especially in the home circle, and is therefore an excellent advertising medium. Advertisers in The Evening Herald always get full value.

THE PAVILION.
Duluth's only recognized summer theater.

TONIGHT AT 8:15.
An American Play by an American Author
THE COMEDY

Aunt Augusta

BY BRUNO EYFURTH, OF DULUTH.
Together with a combination of Vaudeville Artists.
POPULAR PRICES.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF FOREIGN WILL.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, August 12th, 1897.

In the matter of the estate of Elizabeth W. How, deceased:

Whereas certain writings purporting to be duly authenticated copies of the last will and testament of Elizabeth W. How, late of Brooklyn, New York, deceased, and the probate thereof in the surrogate's court of the county of Kings, in the state of New York, have been delivered to this court;

And whereas, Jane S. Litchfield has filed therewith her petition, representing among other things that said Elizabeth W. How lately died in said county of Kings testate, possessed of certain real estate, situated in said county of St. Louis and that said petitioner is sole executrix named in said will and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters of administration with the will annexed be to Walter Van Brunt issued thereon.

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument and the said petition be heard before this court, at the probate office, in said county, on Monday the sixth day of September, A. D. 1897, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument;

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 13th day of August, A. D. 1897.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)

Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-14-21-28.

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN the payment of the sum of thirty-four hundred ninety-five and 94-100 dollars ($3495.94) which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Josiah B. Scovell and Naomi E. Scovell, mortgagors, to Duluth Loan, Deposit and Trust Company, a corporation, mortgagee, bearing date the 17th day of June, A. D. 1892, and with a power of sale therein contained, recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 15th day of July, A. D. 1892, at eight o'clock a. m., in Book one hundred and three (103) of mortgages, on page eighty-two (82), which said mortgage with the debt secured thereby, was assigned by said Duluth Loan, Deposit and Trust Company to John Waldron, by deed dated the 5th day of December, A. D. 1892, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 7th day of December, A. D. 1892, at four o'clock p. m., in Book fifty-five (55) of mortgages, on page two hundred and forty-six (246). The assignee of said mortgage on July 26, 1897, paid the taxes on the mortgaged premises for the years 1893, 1894 and 1895, with costs, interest and penalties thereon, amounting to one hundred ninety-two and 69-100 dollars ($192.69), and said last named sum with interest thereon at the rate of eight per cent per annum is due and claimed to be due on said mortgage in addition to the sum first above stated, and no action or proceedings have been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained therein and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, that said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises described in said mortgage, as follows, to-wit:

All that part of lot numbered one hundred fourteen (114), in block numbered twenty-three (23), Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, comprised within the following boundaries, to-wit: Commencing at a point where the southerly line of West Second street intersects the westerly line of Seventh avenue west, running thence in a westerly direction along the southerly line of West Second street twenty and five tenths (20 5-10) feet to the place of beginning; running thence still in a westerly direction along the southerly line of West Second street nineteen and six-tenths (19 6-10) feet; running thence at right angles to said southerly line of West Second street in a southerly direction fifty feet; running thence easterly parallel with the southerly line of said West Second street nineteen and six-tenths (19 6-10) feet; running thence at right angles to said last mentioned line in a northerly direction a distance of fifty feet to the place of beginning, together with all hereditaments and appurtenances; said premises lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said county at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 27th day of September, A. D. 1897, at ten o'clock a. m. of said day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of thirty-four hundred ninety-five and 94-100 dollars ($3495.94) and one hundred ninety-two and 69-100 dollars ($192.69) and interest for taxes paid as aforesaid, and seventy-five dollars ($75) attorneys' fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage and costs of said foreclosure and disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as provided by law.

Dated August 14, 1897.

JOHN WALDRON,
Assignee of Mortgage.

S. T. & WM. HARRISON,
Attorneys for Assignee of Mortgage,
608-609 Torrey Building,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-14-21-28-Sept-4-11-18.

EVENING HERALD'S BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ARCHITECTS.
G. A. Tenbusch, 633 Chamber of Commerce.

BAKERIES.
BON TON Bakery and Confectionery 25 W. Superior St.
Gray Bros., 13 E. Sup. st 'Phone 258.

BANKS AND BANKERS.
Hanson E. Smith, Prest. James P. Smith, Cashier. THE WEST DULUTH BANK.
H. E. Smith & Co., Duluth and West Duluth Minn. Fire Insurance, Mortgage Loans, Real Estate and dealers in Stocks, Bonds and other securities.

BATHS.
Turkish, Russian and Anadrosie Compound Vapor. 415 West Michigan st.

BICYCLES.
Duluth Cycle Co., 228½ West First st. New and second hand wheels foa sale, rent or exchange. Repairing a specialty. E. E. Moseman, manager.

BICYCLES AND SPORTING GOODS.
City Gun Store, 402 W. Sup St., Fishing Tackle, Tents Cutlery, Barber Supplies, Athletic Goods, repairing of all kinds.

BOTTLING WORKS.
Sovern Carbonating Co., bottlers "Sovern" mineral water and soft drinks. 'Phone 696.

CITY CARPET CLEANING WORKS.
Bayha & Co., office 24 E Superior St., 'Phone 435.

COLD STORAGE.
Messick-Macaulay Co. 202 W Michigan street.

COMMISSION HOUSES.
Bevier & Co., general produce. 208 W. Michigan st,
Smith Produce Co., 206 W. Michigan street.
Hallin, Erickson & Olson, 26 East Superior street.
C. S. Prosser & Co., 120 East Superior street.
Fitzimmons-Derrig Co. 106 W. Michigan street.
Tessman & Belliveau, 212 W. Michigan street.

CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM.
Morrison & Smith's, Zenetta Chocolates and Ice Cream, Flowers and Fruits are the latest—Phone 80.
Gray Bros., 13 E. Sup. st. 'Phone 258.
The Cafitier, 17 East Superior st. Ice Cream, Lunches, Home baking newly opened.
Webster, B., & Co., 103 West Superior st. 'Phone 344. Home Bakery, Lunches, Meals, Delicacies and Party Orders a specialty.

DENTISTS.
C. G. Von Suessmilch, D. D. S. 31 West Superior street.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.
Benson's Detective Agency, Exchange building.

DREDGING CONTRACTORS.
Duluth Dredge & Dock Co., 416 Torrey.

DRUGGISTS.
Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.
White Swan Drug Store, Lewis Rietz Proprietor, examined pharmacist, 3 East Superior street.
Smith & Smith, 101 West Superior st. 'Phone 323.

ENGRAVING.
Albertson, 330 West Superior street. Card and Wedding Stationery.

ELECTRIC SUPPLIES.
Wieland Electric Co., 10 East Superior street.
Crowley Electric Co., 20 Third avenue west.
Burgess Electric Co., 24 Third ave. west. 'Phone 465.

EMPLOYMENT AGENCIES.
Alexander & Co., "All Work Guaranteed," corner Michigan street and 5th ave. west, Spalding hotel.

ENGRAVING AND WRITING.
Phelps & Hooper, second floor Woodbridge building. Cards and Wedding Invitations, Monograms for collectors of celebrities.

FURRIERS.
R. Krojanker, mfg'r of fine furs, 29 W. Superior street.

FACIAL BLEMISHES.
Mrs. Julia L. Hughes, superfluous hair, moles, etc., permanently destroyed by electricity, without injury. Also scientific face massage and complexion treatment, Manicuring, choice toilet preparations. 305 Masonic Temple.

FLORISTS.
C. H. Stang, 16 West First street.
W. W. Seekins, 331 West Superior street. Greenhouses: 921 East Third street.

GLASS AND PAINTERS SUPPLIES.
T. J. St. Germain Co., 16 First Ave. E. Phone 148.

HAIR DRESSERS.
Knauff Sisters, Scalp and Complexion Treatment, Manicuring and Chiropody. 101 West Superior street.

HOTELS.
The Ralston, 122 East First street. Transients will find the best accommodations. Rates to boarders.
Norris House, M. Norris, Prop. 112 East Superior st.

INSURANCE.
Scott & Olafson, Agents, West Duluth. We sell real estate, loan money, collect rents.

JEWELERS.
Jacob Gruesen, 7 West Superior St., Scott's drug store. Accurate watch and French clock repairing.
F. D. Day & Co., 315 West Superior street.
E. C. Regli, 105 West Superior st., over Power's. Full line Jewelry; manufacturing a specialty.

LITHOGRAPHERS.
Christie & Collier, Providence building.

LEGAL BLANKS.
Duluth Paper & Stationery Co., 108 West Superior st.

LIVERY AND BOARDING STABLES.
H. C. Kendall, 20-24 Second ave. west. 'Phone 60. Livery, omnibus, hacks and transfer line.
Totman Bros., livery-boarding. 221 W. Sup. st. Tel. 81.

MEAT MARKETS.
Fulton Market, 101 East Superior st. 'Phone 231.

MERCHANT TAILORS.
Paul Preiss, merchant tailor, repairing, cleaning and fit and workmanship guaranteed, 17 Lake ave. north.
Nelson & Swanson, 400 West Superior street.
F. J. Mueller, 18 East Superior Street. High grade tailoring.

MILLINERY.
Miss Walsh, 16 Third avenue west. Fashionable millinery.

OPTICIANS.
C. D. Trott, also Kodaks, 106 West Superior street.
F. D. Day & Co., 315 West Superior street. Manufacturers of Spectacles and Eye Glasses.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.
Carl Thiel, 105 West Superior street.
Cook Ely, Portrait and Landscape phgr. 7 E. Sup. st.

PLUMBING.
Zenith City Plumbing Co., Sanitary experts, plumbing and gas fitting, 32 E. Michigan street.
Burns & Cox, 14 First ave. west. 'Phone 254.

PRINTING.
Greer & Moore, B[illegible]nt Torrey.
Nugent & Brow[illegible] 132 West Michigan street.

PICTURE FRAMES.
Decker Manufacturing Co., 721 West Superior street.
H. H. Close, also Wall Paper and Paints, 16 East Superior street.

RESTAURANTS.
Columbia, Jim Stetson, Mgr., 311 West Sup. st. Open day and night. Prices reasonable.
Don't roast but go to **Mitchell's,** 417 West Superior street for first-class meals. Electric fans and everything in season. Open day and night.

RUBBER STAMPS AND PRINTING.
Zenith Stamp and Printing Works, 13 Phœnix block.

ROOFING, TIN AND SHEET IRON WORKS
Doetz & Co., 108 First avenue west.

SEWING MACHINES AND SUPPLIES.
C. W. Howard, dealer in Domestic, Standard, New Home and other **SEWING MACHINES,** needles, oil and supplies for all machines, second hand machines for sale cheap, repairing a specialty, 17 W. Sup. st.

SADDLE AND HARNESS MAKERS.
James Cullyford, 305 West Michigan street.

STATIONERY AND PAPER DEALERS.
Duluth Paper & Stationery Co., 108 West Superior St. Wholesale and retail paper and stationery.

STEAM LAUNDRIES.
Globe Laundry, 524 West Superior St. 'Phone 591.
Lutes' Laundry, 808 East Second Street. 'Phone 447. We aim to please. Try us.
Peerless Laundry, 14 East Michigan St. 'Phone 428.
Troy Laundry, 510 East Superior St. 'Phone 257.
West Duluth Laundry, 'Phone 3060.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER.
M. E. Stokely, 408 First National Bank. 'Phone 7.

TRUNK MANUFACTURERS.
Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 West Superior St. Full line Trunks and Traveling Bags.

WATCHMAKERS.
E. E. Esterly, 105 West Superior street, over Power & Settle. Watches cleaned and warranted $1.00.

WINES AND LIQUORS.
J. B. Dunphy. T. C. Hays. **DUNPHY & HAYS,** Successors to Cargill, Campbell Co., 421 W. Sup. st. We handle only the best wines, liquors, cigars.

WALL PAPER AND PAINTS.
Engels & Giett, 19 Third ave. west. 'Phone 187.

WHOLESALE SADDLERY & FINDINGS.
Schulze Bros., jobbers and manufacturers of Leather and Shoe Findings, Harness and Saddlery, 8 E. Sup. st

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.—

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Hannie C. Edson,
Plaintiff,
vs.
Charles C. Pierson, Thomas Pierson and Mrs. Pierson, his wife, Lucius H. Whipple, Mary P. Whipple, Samuel A. Jamison and Samuel Thompson,
Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that, under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 19th day of June, 1897, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, sheriff of said St. Louis County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Tuesday, the 31st day of August, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Commencing at a point where the westerly line of Second avenue east intersects the northerly line of Fifth street in Duluth Proper, First Division thence running in a northerly direction along the said westerly line of said Second avenue east thirty-five feet, thence running in a westerly direction in a right line and at right angles to said westerly line of Second avenue east sixty-five feet, thence running in a straight line in a southerly direction, parallel to the said westerly line of said Second avenue east thirty-five feet to the northerly line of Fifth street, thence running along the northerly line of Fifth street in an easterly direction sixty-five feet to the place of beginning. Being a piece of ground thirty-five by sixty-five feet at the corner of Fifth street and Second avenue east, being parts of lots twenty-nine and thirty-one East Fifth street, Duluth Proper, First Division, according to the recorded plat thereof.

That said property will be sold under the Jamison or second mortgage in said decree described and subject to the first or Edson mortgage and the order and decree for judgment in favor of said first mortgagee.

Dated July 16th, 1897.

WILLIAM C. SARGENT,
Sheriff of St. Louis Co., Minn.,
By V. A. DASH,
Deputy.

WILLIAM R. TRIGGS,
Attorney for S. A. Jamison,
Duluth Evening Herald, July-17-24-31-Aug-7-14-21.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Andrew Marshalkiewicz and Mary Marshalkiewicz, his wife, mortgagors, to the Minneapolis Brewing Company, mortgagee, bearing date the fifteenth (15th) day of January, 1895, and with a power of sale therein contained which said mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds within and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the twenty-first (21st) day of January, 1895, at 2 o'clock p. m., in Book 93, of mortgages, on page 234; and

Whereas, there is claimed to be due thereon and is actually due on said mortgage at the date of this notice, the sum of five hundred and four and 94-100 dollars ($504.94), which said sum includes the sum of thirty-seven and 52-100 dollars ($37.52) taxes in default paid by the mortgagee as it had a right to do under said mortgage, and no action or proceeding has been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and pursuant to the statute of the state of Minnesota in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises covered by said mortgage lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and in said mortgage described as follows, to-wit:

Lot numbered twenty-two (22), and lot numbered twenty-three (23), all in block numbered nine (9), in Hunter's Grassy Point Addition to Duluth, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay and satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage and on the note thereby secured, and twenty-five ($25) dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of the foreclosure thereof, and the disbursements allowed by law; which said sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth in said county, on Wednesday, the eighteenth (18th) day of August, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated this 28th day of June, 1897.

MINNEAPOLIS BREWING COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

COBB & WHEELWRIGHT,
Attorneys for said Mortgagee,
801 New York Life Building,
Minneapolis, Minnesota.

Duluth Evening Herald, July-3-10-17-24-31-Aug-7-14.

GRESHAM IN PORT

Uncle Sam's New and Handsome Revenue Cutter Arrived This Afternoon.

A CREDITABLE BOAT

Armed and Equipped In the Most Complete and Serviceable Manner.

The new and handsome revenue cutter Walter Q. Gresham, the first lake craft belonging to the government that is anything but an eye-sore, came into port at 1:30 this afternoon. As she lay in the Omaha slip this afternoon she was admired by a large number of visitors. A few months ago Uncle Sam's lake fleet contained nothing that approached the appearance of a man-of-war, though he had a collection of more or less dilapidated tubs flying the revenue jack. Since the new cutter Gresham came out there is one government boat on the lakes which is not only a credit to the flag it bears in appearance but which could if necessary do battle in a very active manner under the orders of the navy department.

The Gresham is commanded by Capt. A. B. Davis, the ranking officer of the revenue service, as befits the handsomest boat in the service. Capt. Davis has spent more years in the revenue service than many people have in life, and he is heartily liked by officers and men.

The new boat is detailed to patrol Lakes Michigan and Superior, and she carries one gun that would compel any boat on the lakes to heave to. She carries two steam launches as tenders, which are used to patrol the straits and islands. She is built of steel and has a registered speed of 17¾ nautical miles an hour. She is modeled after the torpedo cruisers of the navy, and she has deck space for six to ten rapid-firing cannon. She is clean cut in build, has no waste spaces, and is a model of neatness. Her bulwarks are of steel, her gates leading to the ladders are bronze and her finishings of plush and mahogany.

The Gresham is the successor of the Andy Johnson, well-known at this port, and in that capacity she is a thorough success. The difference between the worm-eaten and crazy craft last named and the new boat is too great for expression. The Gresham is 200 feet over all, 35 feet beam, and is 25 feet in depth from hurricane to keel-piece. She draws about twelve feet of water. Forward she mounts a 6-pound Driggs-Schroeder rapid-fire gun, from the muzzle of which forty shells can be fired every minute. At a distance of three miles these shells will penetrate three inches of steel. Under the forward deck is a hole in the prow from which deadly Whitehead torpedoes can be sent against an opposing vessel. The torpedo gun is not yet aboard, however, though everything is ready for its reception. The boat is equipped with every facility for repairing anything that needs it.

Back of the wheelhouse and bridge is the hurricane deck. It extends to the mainmast and covers the cook's galley and engine rooms. It also protects the entrance to the wardroom, the quarters of the commissioned officers, and the deck arsenal. The latter is well filled with rifles of the latest army pattern, huge pistols and the deadly cutlass. The carpenter and machinists have shops on the starboard side of the vessel on the main or gun deck.

Abaft the arsenal is the gun deck. This occupies all of the after quarter. Here is room for a battery of six or eight big guns, to say nothing of the possibilities of one-pounders on the bulwarks on swivel pivots. At every gun station there is a speaking tube which communicates with the commander on the bridge. Thus he can have direct communication with the gun captain of every piece and communicate his orders to each at will. He can put the starboard battery or any part of it in or out of action without disturbing the action of the port battery.

Below the hurricane the engine rooms open out on the gun deck on both sides of the vessel. On the level of the wardroom the huge engines, three triple expansion machines of the latest make, are compactly planted. Under them one can see the heavy shaft which revolves the single screw. The shaft alley is big enough to admit an average man in an erect position. The chief engineer or any of his assistants can inspect the entire shaft aboard ship. Every portion of the machinery is in such position that the engineers can see it at a moment's notice.

Forward of the engine room, back of the forecastle and below it, are the coal bunkers and fireroom. Here there is a double battery of boilers, only one of which is in use at one time. The boilers develop 2400 horse-power, quite a deal of power for so small a vessel. The Gresham carries coal enough to steam two weeks without replenishing, and that at forced draught. She can make the tour of the lakes under her supervision and never make port unless the captain or somebody else aboard has a yearning for land.

The line officers and engineers live in the ward room abaft the engine rooms. The captain occupies the cabin still farther aft. The two rooms are models of compactness and comfort. They are furnished in mahogany and plush, and are fitted with every convenience a man could wish for. Few hotels can boast of as pleasant surroundings as these two rooms. Every officer has a state room opening from the ward room. He has clothes' lockers and drawers under his bunk and every appointment shows the care taken with the furnishings of the vessel. If the officer present has a thirst with him he reaches up to the button on a string, and in a few seconds the ward room mess boy is on hand to dig up a bottle of beer or other comfort for the thirsty. It is a very agreeable manner of coming at a soothing drink.

Capt Davis has but two line officers on his vessel besides himself. The law requires three, but the department is lacking in officers just now, and the executive has to divide watches. But the captain has a full complement of engineers. They take the three ratings of lieutenants. They are F. E. Owen, chief; H. W. Spear, first assistant; R. E. Wright, second assistant.

There are half a dozen petty officers on the vessel, and a crew of thirty-five men. These do not include the assistants in the engine and fire rooms. The latter report to Mr. Owen. They are down in the bowels of the vessel, and have nothing of deck duty. But some of the more experienced petty officers or commissioned officers of the department must always be on hand, for steam is kept up all the time, and the condition of the machinery must always be known.

When the Gresham returns to Chicago the men will be put through regular drill exercises. These include infantry evolutions and manual of arms, according to naval infantry tactics. These differ enough from the army tactics and drill regulations to form a pleasing change to those familiar with the performances of the land forces.

The Michigan is expected to be in port shortly, and some mail for her has already been received.

KLONDIKE CUSTOMS CHARGES.

Dominion Government is Disposed to Deal Liberally.

Washington, Aug. 14.—Mr. Adam, the British charge d'affaires, has telegraphed the department of state that the customs charges on miners' outfit for Klondike coming from Dyea nd other points are those authorized by ordinary revenue laws of Canada.

The instructions sent were to exempt miners' blankets, personal clothing in use and broken packages of provisions being used; also cooking utensils in use. To make food allowance clear instructions have been given for the season to the customs officers at Tagish to exempt 100 pounds of food for the journey, charging ordinary customs duty only on excess.

EXCURSIONS
TO
TWO HARBORS
SUNDAY, AUGUST 15.
Stmr. H. R. DIXON
Will leave Booth's Dock at 10 a. m. and
Stmr. HUNTER at 2 p. m.
Returning leave Two Harbors 5 p. m.
Fare 50c Round Trip.

ECKEL'S VACATION.

Washington, Aug. 14.—Mr. Eckels, the comptroller of the currency, has left Washington for the West where he will spend his vacation. He expects to return about Oct. 1.

BIDS FOR GUN FORGINGS.

Washington, Aug. 14.—The proposals for furnishing gun forgings were opened at the navy department today. There were only two bidders, the Midvale Steel company, of Nicetown, Pa., and the Bethlehem iron works. Bids respectively were (in each case the bid of the Bethlehem company following that of the Nicetown company): Six sets of 6-inch forgings, 23½ cents per pound; 25 cents per pound; twenty-five sets of 5-inch armor, 26½ cents; 26 cents; fifteen sets of 4-inch armor, 25½ cents; 26 cents.

IMPOSED ON HIM.

Brooklyn Citizen: "Perhaps it wasn't fair," admitted the man who has more money than anyone really needs in this world, "but it laid the foundation of my fortune. You've all heard of Old Trumper. He was crochety, eccentric and superstitious on the higher plane. That is, he was a spiritualist, was influenced by his dreams and frequently consulted a clairvoyant.

"While I was anxious to make a try at life on my own hook and didn't know just which way to turn, I saw an advertisement in the paper for a capable and responsible young man to act as a private secretary. It requested that responses be sent to a certain box, the number of which was given. I had tried answering in such cases, and found that I was practically taking part in a raffle with fifty or a hundred good chances against me. So I went to the postoffice, found the box, waited until a boy had relieved it of a large package of letters and then shadowed him right to Old Trumper's door.

"Two hours later I was back, rang the door bell and was shown to the library where Trumper was going through the answers to his advertisement. I apologized for the intrusion, and told him that I was not only a believer but a student of the occult. It might sound foolish to him, but I had repeatedly dreamed that he wanted me as a private secretary, and I had been induced to call in a spirit of investigation as much as anything else. Was it possible that his wishes had been conveyed to me in some mysterious way or was it a mere delusion? He was positive that some friendly spirit had sent me to him. So was I, for he burned all these applications, hired me on the spot at a big salary and notified me then that faithful service would make me his heir. He left me half a million."

JUST A HINT.

She knew that he wanted to propose, but couldn't gather sufficient courage, and naturally she was not averse to helping him a little, says the Chicago Post.

"A penny for your thoughts," he had remarked in merry mood.

"Is that all?" she asked, blushing prettily, and at the same time showing evidence of disappointment.

"I don't quite follow—" he began, but she interrupted him.

"If you knew what they were," she said, "you would bid a good deal higher than that."

G. A. R. Rates to Buffalo.

VIA EASTERN MINNESOTA RAILWAY.

Only $18.50 round trip to Buffalo Aug. 21 and 22. Tickets and full information at Union depot or city ticket office, 432 West Superior street.

C. D. HARPER,
Northern Passenger Agent.

G. A. R. Encampment.

Round trip to Buffalo, $18.50 via "The Northwestern Line" (Omaha railway). Tickets good going on Aug. 21 and 22, choice of lines east of Chicago. Take this, the short line, avoiding changes and roundabout routes. Tickets and berth reservations at 405 West Superior street.

BICYCLE MEET
The ladies of the Lakeside Presbyterian Church will be pleased to entertain all BICYCLE RIDERS and others on
TUESDAY EV'G
AUGUST 17th,
On the lawn at MESSRS. CLARKSTON AND EVEREST, London Road and Forty-eighth Avenue East.
GOOD MUSIC AND REFRESHMENTS.
(Full program on Monday.)
Arrangements made to care for wheels.

GOVERNMENT WASTE

Millions of Dollars Spent Around Key West and No Beneficial Result.

Fortifications That Are Now Obsolete and Abandoned---Improvement Needed.

The people of Key West have little reason to complain of any neglect on the part of the paternal national government. If the citizens of the place had worked as hard as the United States government to improve the island it would be an immensely pleasanter place of residence, says the Chicago Record. Since that day seventy-five years ago, when Lieut. M. C. Perry, commanding the United States schooner Shark, took formal possession of the island, with infrequent interruptions the national government has been burying money in the sands of its beaches more lavishly than ever did the pirates of old. A succession of obsolete fortification, virtually abandoned, but with some recent promise of renovation, marks the place where the treasure was expended. Other government works with the functions of peace have shared the congressional appropriations. From the deep-water harbor to the southwestern end of the island for four miles the west and south beaches are lined with government property. Of late years certain parts of the sea front, unoccupied, have fallen into private ownership. But the defenses are continuous for the entire face of the island looking southward across the gulf stream to Cuba.

It was in 1844 and 1845 that the picturesque barracks, still occupied, were erected in the barracks yard, facing the northeast branch, and the troops stationed there were augmented. This was the preliminary in starting the pretentious fortifications of the south and west branches. Liberal congressional appropriations were made and continued for years in the interest of gulf defense, and during the term of service of Jefferson Davis as secretary of war everything possible was done to complete the fort that had been under construction for ten years.

Fort Taylor was begun in 1845. It stands still unfinished, a great pile of brick and cement inclosing a triangular parade ground of two or three acres of grassy lawn, and until two months ago absolutely desolate, except for the presence of an ordnance sergeant acting as custodian. The fort is built on an island 1000 feet off shore from the island of Key West itself and is connected with the latter by a low wooden causeway under which shallow tidewater flows. The land side of the fort is the base of the triangle. It is protected by a surrounding sea wall and a moat, over which a narrow drawbridge leads to the sally port. The sides of the triangle are extended into the ocean, with the sea beating directly at their base, over ugly rocks that forbid an approach. Before the intersection point is reached the lines are cut off, and a wall built squarely between them makes the geometrical figure blunted instead of perfect.

Technically, the fort comprises two tiers of casemates and a barbette. The officers' and soldiers' quarters, the cisterns, the administrative offices, the magazines, and the prison are all in the wall on the land side while the seaward space is used entirely for the mounting of guns. Scores of mounted cannon frown over the brow and through the ports of the old fortress and other scores lie unmounted. The furnace, where the solid shot were to be heated red, is rusted almost to decay. The casemates are stored with ammunition of patterns thirty or forty years old. No flag floats from the staff and no hostile shot ever was fired from the walls.

All the work that had been done on the fort was washed away and obliterated by the famous hurricane of October, 1846. The loss was repaired as promptly as possible, and work was continued steadily, while several millions of dollars were spent in construction and equipment. While the secession convention was deliberating on Dec. 12, 1860, Capt. John M. Brannan, who was in command of the battery of artillery occupying the barracks on the other side of the island, evacuated those quarters, made an early morning march, and took possession of the uncompleted fortress. He had less than thirty men, but other troops came soon to garrison the fortification, and the island was held by the Union troops throughout the war.

In 1845, the same year that saw the new barracks and the beginning of Fort Taylor, the United States marine hospital was built and occupied, and it still stands to give aid to the sailors who need its care. Amid a grove of cocoanut trees in a splendid lawn with the open sea and the fort on one side, great verandas, many hammocks, and thick stone walls, well shaded to keep it cool, a far worse and less picturesque station may be found than the Key West marine hospital. For two years, with plenty of spare time and books and a lawn tennis court, the surgeons like it well. Then it begins to be desperately lonesome.

The war department had had its turn and now the navy was to be cared for. In 1856 a navy storehouse was begun. The following spring it was ready to be roofed, when the appropriation failed and work had to cease. In this condition it remained until the outbreak of the civil war, when the national government took prompt steps to complete all the work then unfinished. This important station had been left without a ton of coal. The steamer Atlantic, after bringing troops for the relief of Fort Pickens, came here, found no coal, and had to steam to Havana at half speed to replenish her bunkers. Work was hastened on the naval warehouse and it was stocked with munitions of war. Not far distant a machine shop and foundry were erected for the east gulf squadron. Fort Taylor was put in shape for use, so far as its condition would allow, and laborers were employed to bring it nearer completion.

Key West was not sufficiently protected. The Washington administration saw four miles of the south beach unfortified against possible attack from the Confederate or Spanish enemies. Another appropriation was made and two martello towers were begun in 1861. A railroad was built for construction purposes, connecting the towers and Fort Taylor. Hundreds of men were employed and brick and cement masonry laid that will stand for centuries. This is the form of fortification that chronologically succeeded the familiar round tower of the Irish coast. These at Key West were calculated to protect the entire south beach, their lines of fire intersecting one another and also those of the guns from Fort Taylor. They are splendidly arranged to repulse an attack from the water side, for they stand at the beach, two miles apart, and face the natural fortifications of shallow water and sharp stones. They are designed to slaughter with neatness and despatch any enemy who may scale the walls and come in range of the riflemen in and around the inner citadel, but there is nothing whatever to prevent a force from landing elsewhere, marching to the land side with field pieces, and hammering the towers to bits. Not a single gun in the towers could command the land side effectively. this makes no difference, however, for after several years of work the towers were abandoned, unfinished, and no gun ever was mounted in the embrasures. Their function now is important. One is the city slaughter house. The other is a genuine picturesque old ruin, and furnishes entertainment for energetic tourists who will go so far and climb over and around it.

A later measure of protection and coast defense was planned in the early '70s. In 1873 two sand batteries were constructed on the beach—one on either side of Fort Taylor—one mounting three Parrott rifles, and the other half a dozen of larger caliber. But they were never finished, and are now half dismantled.

This is a melancholy catalogue of wasted effort and money. Millions of dollars have been spent on these fortifications, now abandoned, obsolete in the extreme, yet sound in their masonry as the day they were built. Even now work is beginning on the renovation of Fort Taylor, and it is understood that some $500,000 will be spent there within the next three years. Modern disappearing guns are to be mounted in sand pits, the fort is to be lowered one story, and then things will be at least modern. The engineers are at work in a row of houses and offices near the fort, and admission to the place has been refused of late. It is alleged that one reason for this is that two Spanish gentlemen were found photographing and drawing plans of the interior of the fort three months ago.

The works of peace tell a brighter tale. The customs house and post-office at Key West is a beautiful building, costing $100,000. It adjoins the naval storehouse and the government wharf, a fine modern structure, at which one may always see the vessels of the White Squadron coaling. The coal docks, where 10,000 tons are always on hand, hold the next part of the water front, protected by a sea wall almost equal to that of Lincoln Park, though scarcely as long. Then comes the beautiful home of the commandant of the port, and, in geographical succession, the machine shop and foundry, the engineering corps, Fort Taylor, the second sand battery, the first martello tower, and the second martello tower. This is how the United States occupies four miles of the water front of Key West, looking off to Cuba.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Duluth Drug company.

A. O. H. Picnic.

The annual picnic of Division No. 1, A. O. H., will be held at Lester Park, on Wednesday, Aug. 18, and it invites all its friends to join with it.

All Styles and Sizes for Every Kind of Fuel. The Genuine all bear this Trade-Mark. Beware of Imitations.

GARLAND STOVES AND RANGES "The World's Best"

When you see this Trade-Mark on a Stove or Range you have a guarantee that for quality, workmanship and appearance they cannot be surpassed.

We are now showing the latest designs in the **Columbian Garland Steel Range** and cordially invite the buying public to inspect them. They are truly "The World's Best."

Northern Hardware Co.

Agents for Garland Stoves and Ranges.

409-411 West Superior Street, = = = = Duluth, Minn.

OUR RAILROAD MILEAGE.

Irregularly Distributed Over the Country and Growing.

New York is the first of the states in respect of population, Pennsylvania is second. Texas is the largest of the states, California is the second largest. Yet neither New York, Pennsylvania, Texas nor California stands first in respect of railroad mileage; that distinction belongs to Illinois. The railroad mileage of Illinois exceeds 10,600. The significance of that figure may be understood when it is known that the railroad mileage of Russia is only 25,000, says the New York Sun. Second in the list of states in railroad mileage is Pennsylvania. New York comes sixth, Kansas, Iowa and Ohio being ahead of it; Kansas has a railroad mileage of 8900, Iowa of 8600, Ohio of 8700, and New York of 8200. The railroad mileage of New York, small as it is by comparison with that of some other states is large when compared with that of some European countries. The mileage of Spain, a nation of 16,000,000 people, is only 7500 and that of Portugal is but 1500, though the population is three-quarters as large as that of the Empire state. Montana, with an area of 146,000 square miles, has only 2700 miles of railroad, while New Jersey with only 7806 square miles, has 2200 miles of railroad. Utah and Minnesota are almost exactly of the same size, and the little difference which exists between them is in favor of Utah, but Minnesota has only 1300 miles of railroad while Utah has 600. Nevada and Vermont have almost to a mile the same railroad mileage, but Nevada has an area of 110,000 square miles and Vermont an area of only 900

The total railroad mileage of England is 14,000, less than that of Illinois and Indiana together, and the total mileage of the United Kingdom, England, Scotland and Ireland (there is a larger railroad mileage in Scotland than in Ireland), is less than that of New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio. The disparity between the states in the matter of railroad building is increasing for new lines are being pushed constantly in some sections of the country while others are neglected. In Connecticut, for instance, the present railroad mileage has increased less than 100 in the last seventeen years, though in the same period the railroad mileage of Florida has increased from 518 to 3000. Virginia has doubled its railroad trackage since 1880; so has Kentucky; but Washington state has increased its mileage in the same period from 289 miles to 2890 miles.

It is supposed popularly that there has been less railroad development in the South than in many of the Northern states, but the contrary is true. From 1880 to 1895 the railroad mileage of the Middle Atlantic states—New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware and Maryland—increased 50 per cent, and that of the five north central states—Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Illinois and Wisconsin—60 per cent. But in the same period the railroad mileage of what are called the Mississippi Valley states—Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Kentucky and Tennessee—increased 100 per cent, and the railroad mileage of the South Atlantic states—Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, West Virginia and Florida—increased 120 per cent. The average cost of constructing a mile of railroad is $65,000.

ELECTRICAL NONCONDUCTOR.

Electrical phenomena are more frequent upon high mountains than upon lower levels. It is said that on Pike's peak luminous jets appear on telegraph wires over a distance of an eighth of a mile. Such phenomena, however, are reported to be very rare on Mount Etna, and it is doubtful whether lightning has occured since 1810 at an old station on the mountain side. Etna's huge cap of smoke and hot air is supposed to act as a gigantic lightning guard. Perhaps the dense smoke that hangs over Chicago's business district is responsible for the infrequency of casualties by lightning thereabouts.

OH! MY EYE! I FEAR I SHALL LOSE IT.

It hurts so. Seems as if I could not stand it another minute. I have put the medicine the doctor gave me in it, and it does no good, and the doctor says I must have an operation—my eye taken out.

Then do as Mrs. Bertina Tolafson of Duluth, and Mrs. G. W. Berge of West Superior, did; go to **DR. S. CLAY TODD, 1224 Tower Avenue, West Superior, Wis.** They got immediate relief from the pain and soreness and are now doing well, and their eyes are saved.

Their surgeon wanted to perform an operation.

ONE WAY TO FIND OUT.

Harper's Bazar: They were sitting on the sands side by side, looking out over the ocean.

"How peaceful it looks!" said he.

"Yes," said she, "but how very wet!"

"True," he observed, "and yet how calm and restful it appears! With you by my side I could sail on forever."

"Yes?" she queried.

"Yes," he affirmed, "forever. Will you, dearest?"

"On one condition," she replied. "I am a cautious girl, and I do not wish to be over hasty. But I will let you make the test, and when the test is made and you say it is successful, I will go with you."

"And that test, love?" he cried.

"You take a boat and sail on forever, and after you have sailed on forever tell me how it works," she answered.

And she left him meditating.

BOYISH TREASURES.

A mother describes in the Interior how she came to look upon the rubbish in her boy's drawer as his unwritten diary and the basis of his autobiography. She said to him one day:

"My son, your bureau drawer is full of rubbish. You had better clear it out."

Yes, that would be his great delight. So we began.

"This horseshoe is of no use."

"Oh, yes, it is. I found it under grandpa's corn crib, and he let me have it."

"These clam shells you'd better break up for the hens."

"Why, mamma, I got them on the beach, you know, last summer."

"And this faded ribbon. Burn it up."

"Oh, no! That was our class badge for the last day of school, and I want to keep it."

"Here is that old tin flute yet! Why do you heap up such trash?"

"That is a nice flute that Willie gave me two Christmases ago. Didn't we have a splendid time that day?"

"Well, this bottle is good for nothing."

"Oh, yes, it is. That is the bottle I used for a bobber when we went fishing at Green's lake. A black bass pulled that bottle away under water!"

Then the mother thought that to destroy these historic relics would be to obliterate pleasant memories.

You may never know it happened if you fail to read The Evening Herald.

Ideal Meal Tickets.

I desire to notify all holders of meal tickets issued by L. C. Knickerbocker that I am willing to share one-half the loss on the tickets. M. S. COLSON,
Proprietor Ideal Restaurant.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Nancy Van Horn, Harvey Van Horn and Clara Van Horn, mortgagors, to Clara F. Reynolds, mortgagee, who, since the execution and delivery of said mortgage has been married and now is Clara F. Casey, which said mortgage, with a power of sale therein contained is dated the 25th day of March, 1887, and was duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 27th day of March, 1887, at forty minutes past one o'clock in the afternoon, in Book 178 of mortgages, on page 67.

Said default consists in the non-payment of one of the principal notes secured by said mortgage, which said note is for the sum of $40.00 and which became due and payable on the 1st day of July, 1897, and upon which there has been paid the sum of $23.00 and in the non-payment of a second one of the principal notes secured by said mortgage, which said note is for the sum of $40.00, and which became due and payable on the 1st day of August, 1897, no part of which has been paid and the failure of the said mortgagors to insure said premises in accordance with the terms of said mortgage.

Said mortgagee, on account of the defaults above mentioned, has elected, and hereby does elect to declare the whole sum secured by said mortgage due and payable, and there is therefore claimed to be due, and is due, at the date of this notice the sum of three hundred and eighty-eight and 72-100 dollars. No action or proceeding has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, the same being situated in St. Louis County, Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: Lot number twelve (12), in block number nine (9), in the town of Hibbing, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof, with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging, which sale will be made by the sheriff of St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, upon the 27th day of September, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon on that day, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage and $25 attorneys' fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated August 14th, 1897.

CLARA F. CASEY, who was at the time of the execution and delivery of said mortgage Clara F. Reynolds,
Mortgagee.

BALDWIN & BALDWIN,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-14-21-28-Sept-4-11-18.

FREE! FREE! FREE!



YOUNG, MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD PEOPLE CURED.

Nervous debility, nervous weakness, resulting from early indiscretions and excesses of manhood, overwork of the brain, some other diseases, long continued worry, nervous shocks from loss of friends, excessive joy from good news, too close confinement, sedentary occupations, store or office work, sitting with feet elevated instead of upright, spine complaint, dyspepsia, close application to study, horseback or bicycle riding, hereditary weakness, etc., causing lost manhood, impotency, barrenness, inability to collect ideas or remember a word during conversation, making the sufferer lose confidence in everyone, even himself, causing continual worry and anxiety about troubles that never come, causing epilepsy, consumption, rheumatism, early death, insanity, deafness, paralysis, nervousness and heart disease, inability to conduct business, etc. This disease, with all its complications, is always cured by Dr. S. Clay Todd.

Dr. S. Clay Todd

At Dr. S. Clay Todd's Medical Institute and Eye and Ear Imfirmary, 1224 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis.

Consultation Free, Medicines Furnished.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio, Phone No. 9.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

There will be excursions to Two Harbors tomorrow on the steamers Dixon and Hunter, the former leaving Booth's dock at 10 a. m. and the Hunter at 2 p. m.

The death of Cora Wolkowiak, of 2115 West Sixth street, of cholera infantum, has been reported to the health department.

The following births have been reported to the health department: A daughter to Lewis and Bessie Polinski, of 1128 East Sixth street; a son to Michael and Annie McCabe, of 2302 West Third street; a son to Murdoc and Mary McCloud, of 721 Twenty-three and One-half avenue east; a son to Florence and Flora Stoch, of 217 West Fourth street; a daughter to Frank and Augusta Manosky, of 215 West Ninth street.

William McDougall, who was convicted yesterday of failure to support his family yesterday afternoon furnished a bond to contribute $20 per month for six months to their support, and was released under a suspended sentence.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Ferdinand O. Gross and Gertrude E. Haynman, and to Oscar Olson and Jorda E. Boglund.

Second papers were granted by the district court this morning to Jacob Loeb, Martin Brodahl, Ole Rask, Harry Milner and Peter Rask.

Mrs. E. L. Knebel will sing at the First Baptist church Sunday evening. Miss Elizabeth Spencer will sing "Angels Song," by Mascheroni, at the morning service at the First Presbyterian church tomorrow.

The game of baseball between the Missabe-Consolidated and Company G base ball nines, which was to have taken place at the West End park today, was postponed to next Saturday on account of wet grounds.

The Sunday school rehearsals for the state W. C. T. U. convention will be held at the First Methodist church, Monday, at 3 p. m.

The excursion and picnic given yesterday by Morley Congregational church on the steamer Barker, was a delightful one and the members of the congregation and their friends enjoyed it thoroughly.

The case of Addie B. Chisholm vs. Peter Peterson, involving the ne¼ of sw¼ and lots 6, 7 and 8 in section 7 and lot 2 in section 8-56-24, has been decided by the general land commissioner. Miss Chisholm contested Peter Peterson's homestead entry, claiming he had abandoned the land. The local officers decided in her favor and the general land commissioner also takes this view of the case.

Receiver Lacey of the Marine bank this morning began paying out the third 10 per cent dividend, amounting to $20,000. About half of it had been paid at noon.

A. Oscarson, residing in the West 42nd, reported to the police this afternoon that sixty-three chickens were stolen from his premises last night.

SURETY BONDS!

BONDS OF CONTRACTORS,
BONDS OF OFFICERS,
BONDS OF ASSIGNEES,
BONDS OF RECEIVERS.

AMERICAN BONDING AND TRUST CO.
GEO. R. LAYBOURN, Gen. Agt., 14 Phoenix Blk.

To Yellowstone Park.

About forty of the passengers who arrived here last night on the North Land left this afternoon for Yellowstone Park. Among the number were Dr. and Mrs. Van Cott, Willard P. Reid and wife and George E. Earnshaw and daughter, of Brooklyn, and a party of New York theatrical people composed of Mrs. M. J. Dreyfus, Miss L. Rothschild, S. R. Guckenheimer and wife, Miss Fanny Rothschild and B. Fusha. The tourist travel to Yellowstone Park just now is unusually heavy, large numbers leaving Duluth, St. Paul and Minneapolis daily. The Park hotel capacity is being taxed to its utmost, most of the transcontinental travelers by the northern route stopping there for a few days.

HALF-RATE EXCURSION SOUTH AND WEST.

Via St. Paul & Duluth railway, Aug. 17, Sept. 7 and 21, to points in South and West generally. One fare plus $2 for the round trip. Tickets and particulars City Ticket office, 332 West Superior street, corner Providence building.

PERSONALS.

S. De La Vergue left today for a three weeks' visit at Solon Springs, Wis.

Mr. and Mrs. B. R. Walker, Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Curran and C. G. Walker will leave tomorrow for a bicycle trip of about three weeks. They will go to Minneapolis and follow the Mississippi river down to Dubuque.

George F. Porter, of Minneapolis, was a visitor on the board of trade today.

R. S. Stevenson, of Carmi, Ill., was in the city today.

A. V. Koenig, of New York, was a visitor at the board of trade today.

After a year's absence, Miss Marie D'Aoust returned this week from Montreal, where she was continuing her musical studies. Miss D'Aoust has acquitted herself with honor, graduating at the Academy of Music, Quebec.

George H. Prudden and family, Miss Nora Hall, Frank D. Hunter and R. D. Annis left for Solon Springs, Wis., today for a few days' outing at White Birch lodge.

W. W. Wright came in from Swan River this morning and registered at the St. Louis.

E. D. Parmelee, well known iron mining man, of Iron Mountain, Mich., is at the St. Louis.

W. R. Baumbach, of Grand Rapids, is in the city, a guest at the St. Louis.

Fred W. Horn, the Ashland lumberman, is among today's arrivals at the St. Louis.

Mrs. E. Morcom and daughter, Alice, arrived in the city this morning en route home from an extended visit in Michigan.

George L. Eastman and wife, of St. Augustine, Fla., registered at the St. Louis today.

F. Pfotenhauer and family, of Hamburg, Minn., are guests at the St. Louis.

Capt. B. Doherty, wife and daughter came over from Clevedon this morning and registered at the St. Louis.

D. McEachin is down from Hibbing today, a guest at the St. Louis.

State Auditor Robert C. Dunn and family returned last night on the steamship North Land from a trip to New York and left this afternoon for St. Paul.

J. P. Sims, of the Itasca Lumber company, came in from Grand Rapids today.

Mrs. P. S. Anneke left this afternoon for Milwaukee with her son, who is to receive treatment for his eyes from a specialist of that city.

George MacReay, assistant general passenger and ticket agent of the Omaha road, is in the city today bound for a trip down the lakes to Buffalo. He will leave tonight on the Appomattox, accompanied by his mother and sister.

Miss Nellie Keveny, of Detroit, Mich., who has been visiting Mrs. L. A. Mathews the past month, departed for her home on the Japan Thursday, accompanied by Miss L. A. Burns, who expects to spend some months in the East.

At the October Term.

The case of P. J. Borgstrom will in all probability come before the supreme court at the October term. The stay of execution granted by Judge Moer holds good until the case comes before the supreme court, and the sentence will therefore not go into effect until the appellate court decides the case adversely to the defendant, if it does so decide. In the meantime Mr. Borgstrom has furnished bonds in the sum of $2000. Both sides have expressed an anxiety to get the case on the supreme court calendar for the October term, and if an effort is made it is possible to get it in that term.

To the Public.

As a wave in the line of strict economy in the administration of county affairs has recently swept over the community, and as I was the oldest man in point of service, connected with the office of clerk of the district court, the result has been that I was notified that my service was no longer needed as deputy clerk, and as a consequence I have been compelled to seek pastures green and new.

I am, however, gratified to be able to announce to my numerous friends in this city and county, that I am again on my feet, so to speak, and about to return to my first love, and that on and after Monday next I will be associated with the job printing establishment of G. A. Seipel, on Second avenue west, where I am about to take charge of the business department of that institution. As soon as possible for me so to do, I will call upon all of my old friends and also upon the new ones I expect in future to make, soliciting their orders for anything in the line of job printing they may happen to need.

S. E. PEACHEY.

ONE BARREL OF THIS FLOUR



Will Make More Than

300 Loaves Of the Best Bread You Ever Ate

Sold everywhere.

FATALLY BURNED

Steam Plug on North Land Blew Out Causing Terrible Results.

TWO MEN SCALDED

Charles Bergan Dies Within a Few Hours---Both Were Stokers.

C. H. Bergan, a stoker on the steamship North Land, was so badly burned by escaping steam while at work on the vessel this morning that he died this afternoon shortly after 1 o'clock. F. O. Mason, a stoker, who was working with Bergan, was slightly burned about the face and hands.

Both men shipped at Buffalo. They were engaged in making some repairs on the machinery when a plug on a steam pipe blew out. Bergan received the full force of the scorching blast, and his throat and lungs were literally parboiled, as well as the flesh on the entire upper part of the body.

Mason's injuries are slight. He was able to walk to the ambulance, and it is thought that his recovery will be but a matter of a short time. He was resting easily this afternoon. The men were taken to St. Luke's hospital, where they were attended by Dr. Sherwin, marine surgeon. Bergan was terribly burned and lived but three or four hours.

The accident was not a serious one to the boat, and she went out on time this afternoon.

IS HAVING TROUBLE.

Steamer Keenora Objects to Being Launched.

George A. Graham, of Fort William, who has been in the city several days looking after his lumber interests here, leaves tonight for Winnipeg. Mr. Graham is the owner of the new steel steamer Keenora that has just been built to run on the Lake of the Woods. Many annoying delays have been experienced in getting the boat ready for service and when an attempt was made to launch her a few days ago she stuck on the stays and will have to be jacked up before she can be slid into the water. The boat was built at Toronto and brought to Rat Portage in sections. She was to have been completed and ready for business by June 1, but one delay has followed another until her builders are now nearly three months behind contract time. Mr. Graham is now confident, however, that she will be running regularly to Fort Frances in a few days.

Would Revoke Its License.

Alderman Sang is of the opinion that the saloonkeeper in whose establishment Carrie Strand, the young woman who attempted suicide at the police station last night, was arrested, should be punished.

"It has only been two or three weeks," said he, "since the council passed an ordinance providing a penalty for saloonkeepers who conduct wine rooms in connection with their saloons. A number of saloonkeepers' licenses were hung up because they had been catering to the trade of women, and it is the intention of the council that the business should be stopped. At the next meeting of the council I will offer a motion to revoke the license. That kind of a man cannot be permitted to run a saloon in Duluth."

The Labadie Entertainment.

The press and public at all places where Mr. and Mrs. Francis Labadie have given their entertainment are unanimous in declaring it to be one of the finest they have ever seen. Return dates are always asked for. The American, at Owosso, Mich., says:

"A crowded house greeted Mr. and Mrs. Francis Labadie in their new duologue entertainment, entitled 'An Original Idea.' The program was exceptionally good and of a high standard. The entertainment was far above the ordinary. The little sketch is filled to the brim with witty sayings which are so equally mixed with thrilling situations and pathos of the Shakespearean scenes that the hearer is impelled to laughter and admiration almost the same moment. Mr. Labadie has an ideal conception of his part and Mrs. Labadie becomes a favorite at once. Her voice is a great treasure, being full of a certain indescribable richness."

Visiting Railroad Man.

J. R. Buchanan, general passenger agent of the Fremont, Elkhorn & Missouri Valley railroad, his wife and Miss Boyd, daughter of ex-Governor Boyd of Nebraska and Miss Barber, of Watertown, Wis., arrived in the city from Omaha this morning and registered at the Spalding. Mr. Buchanan is an old friend of T. H. Larke, who entertained him and his party this morning by giving them a ride over the street car lines of the city in the private car St. Louis. They left on the North Land this afternoon for the Sault and will go from there to Mackinac Island in a few days for a short stay.

Templars Will Entertain.

Crown of Victory council, No. 65, Royal Templars of Temperance, will have an entertainment at Svea hall Monday evening. There will be a fine program of music, addresses and recitations. An address will be delivered by Hon. L. R. Sanborn, of Buffalo, supreme councilor of the order. Baskets containing lunches are to be sold at auction, and prizes for the most handsomely decorated baskets have been offered as follows: First prize, a silk fan, donated by Johnson & Moe; second prize, a Waterbury alarm clock, donated by O. C. Hurberg; third prize, a bottle of Jockey club perfumery, donated by Shesgreen & Son; fourth prize, a bottle of violet perfume, by C. J. Tufte. Prizes will be awarded by five judges appointed by the chairman.

At the Pavilion.

The comedy "Aunt Augusta," written by Bruno Eyforth, of Duluth, will be presented at the Pavilion for the last time this evening. Tomorrow afternoon there will be a complete change of program with new specialties and features.

You may never know it happened if you fail to read The Evening Herald.

DEMAND STILL LARGE.

More Labor Wanted Than Is to Be Had.

The demand for labor in Duluth and on both ranges is still greater than the supply, and employment agencies and railroad ticket agents are receiving orders for men every day which they are unable to fill. President Greatsinger of the Duluth & Iron Range said today that he could use 200 or 300 more men if he had them, but that he was getting along very well without them until the rush to the harvest fields was over. He said that men were always scarce at this time of the year, and that the exodus to Dakota was anticipated, although the rush this season was greater than usual and the demand for men at home greater.

A number of the logging firms are beginning operations earlier than has been their custom, in anticipation of a better lumber market next year and with a realization that all of the old logs will be sawed up before the end of the sawing season, which will leave the mills entirely dependent on what is taken out during the coming winter to begin operations on next spring. The Tower lumbermen have already begun preparations for the fall and winter work, and men are being sent to the woods in unusual numbers. The Howe Lumber company will put in 15,000,000 feet and is already at work building a big camp near the Vermilion dam. Similar preparations are being made in the vicinity of Hibbing, and the result is that there is already a sharp advance in the wages offered men.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Private Sale of a choice list of property comprising Houses and Fine Residence Lots, suitable for improvement. Will be sold at great bargains, as time for winding up estate is expiring. Call and see list or write

WILLIAM McRAE, Local Agent, 711 Torrey Building.

CRAGGENCROFT'S PROSPECTUS.

Issued Today Setting Forth the School's Many Advantages.

Fresh from the hands of the printer comes the 1897-1898 prospectus of Craggencroft, Duluth's classical school for young ladies. Typographically the book is perfect, but that feature is a small matter when compared with the undeniable advantages which Craggencroft as an educational institute, sets forth which are fully described in the tasty publication. Illustrations of the school buildings, exterior and pictures of a few of the most prominent indoor apartments embellish the "personal word" descriptive matter and the statistical information as to courses of study, rules, text books, etc. It will be widely distributed and will do much toward extending the growing popularity of an institution of which Duluth is justly proud.

EXCURSION... TO FOND DU LAC!

Sunday, August 15th

On Steamer Barker.

Leaves Booth's Dock, Lake avenue south at 9:45 a. m. and Fifth avenue west dock at 10 a. m.

Fare 50 cents, Round Trip.

Modern Woodmen Excursion.

The Modern Woodmen will give an excursion and basket picnic at Two Harbors Sunday, Aug. 22. Address by Hon. C. A. Towne. Good band of music. Fine program. The Normanna mandskor, sixteen singers, wil give several numbers. Round trip, 75 cents. Duluth & Iron Range railroad; first train leaves Union depot at 9:30 a. m., second train, 11:30 a. m., returning leaves Two Harbors at 7 p. m. and 10:30 p. m. Also the Dixon, Hunter and Barker will leave Booth Packing company's dock at 10 a. m. and Hunter at 2 p. m., returning leave Two Harbors, Hunter at 5 p. m., Barker at 6 p. m. and the Hunter at 10 p. m. Round trip on boats, 50 cents. Tickets on sale by the members and at the following stations, Lyceum drug store, Boyce's drug store, Porter brothers, the Singer sewing machine office, Peterson's drug store, Shesgren's drug store, Twentieth avenue west and Union depot before the trains leave. All persons going on the boats will please buy tickets of members or at the stations named, or on Lake avenue from members on the morning of excursion. Everybody invited.

Craggencroft Prices.

TUITION.

Preparatory and seminary	$120 00
The boys' class	125 00
Intermediate and primary	100 00
The kindergarten	50 00

EXTRAS.

(That is, things not included above.)

Drawing or painting.

Individual instruction.....At cost

Class instruction.....$50 00 to $70 00

MUSIC.

Piano	$ 75 00
Singing	75 00

Class instruction at reduced rates.

Midday luncheon (if desired)..$ 40 00
Or 25 cents per luncheon.

Home and tuition.....$ 450 00
(Laundry not included.)

DATES FOR OPENING.

I.—The first term, Sept. 14, '97—Nov. 30, '97.

II.—The second term, Dec. 1, '97—March 7, '98.

III.—The third term, March 8, '98—June 8, '98.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 Years the Standard.

RUDOLPH HERING HERE.

The Eminent Consulting Engineer a Visitor in Duluth.

Rudolph Hering, the prominent consulting engineer, was in the city today en route to New York from Winnipeg, where he was summoned for consultation in regard to the water system of that city. Mr. Hering arrived this morning and left this afternoon on the Omaha for Chicago. He called for a few minutes at the office of the board of public works, where he met some of the city officials.

In the course of a talk on the subject of paving, Mr. Hering said that he recognized in the bicycle one of the very strongest factors in the movement for good roads, and that to it more than anything else is due the constantly increasing use of asphalt as a paving material.

According to Mr. Hering, it is better, from an economic standpoint, to repair the damages of such phenomenal storms as those of July 3 and Aug. 8, which occur but once in a century than for a city of the size of Duluth to incur the expense of putting in storm sewers capable of carrying off the downfall of water. Mr. Hering expressed great surprise at the recorded rainfall during the storm of Aug. 8, which exceeds, he says, anything he had ever heard of in this country.

Mr. Hering went to Euperior this afternoon and on his return attended the test of C. M. Horton's bridge at the West Duluth Car works. Mr. Hering drew the plans for the present sewer system in this city.

BOARD ADJOURNS.

Work of Equalizing Assessments Is Concluded---But Few Were Raised.

The bark of the board of equalization, when it proposed to raise the valuations of all the corporations in the city from 50 to 300 per cent, was a great deal worse than its bite, when it let everybody alone except the mines and three local corporations.

The board finished its work yesterday afternoon somewhat unexpectedly, for it had been expected that the work of fixing valuations would run over into today. The results of yesterday afternoon's deliberations were that the lumber companies, the coal companies, the elevator companies, the merchants and the jobbers who had been threatened with raises all the way from 25 to 300 per cent were let off without any raise at all, and that they may breathe easy again for another year so far as their personal property taxation is concerned.

The protest of the mining companies against the assessment of their stock piles as personal property was turned down, and the assessment was made, slightly changed from those made by the assessors. The mining companies claimed that it was not just to tax their stock piles as personal property when the ore contained in them had been taxed in the ground as real estate the year before. There was an interesting question in the dispute, and it is not unlikely that the companies will appeal to the courts from the decision of the board, as the Michigan tax officials do not tax the stock piles as personal property, although on the whole the Michigan mines pay a very much larger proportion of the taxes than do the Minnesota mines.

The board equalized the assessments of stock piles by making a uniform valuation of 16½ cents per ton on all the ore on the piles on May 1 of this year. Those that were returned at more than that by the assessor were reduced to that figure, while those that were assessed at lower rates were raised.

The Duluth Gas and Water company received a raise of $43,848.75 in its valuation. Two articles of its personal property that were returned at $174,395 were raised 25 per cent. The original proposition was to make a raise of $175,000 in the total valuation of the company. The Duluth Street Railway company received an increase in its valuation of $41,375, one article returned by the assessor at $165,500 being raised 25 per cent. The board proposed at first to raise this article 10 per cent. The Hartman General Electric company was raised $37,500, an article returned at $75,000 being raised 50 per cent. The board had proposed to make a raise of 150 per cent in this article.

Ambulance Has a Collision.

One of the city ambulances, while en route to the steamer North Land this morning in response to a call, collided with an express wagon in front of Boyle Bros.' restaurant and was made a candidate for the wagon hospital. After the disabled vehicle had lain in the street for some time Charley Boyle reported to police headquarters that the boys were making it hot for him with inquiries as to what there was in the meals set up at his place that made it necessary for an ambulance to be in constant attendance. He wanted the thing taken away, he said. Steps were at once taken to comply with the request.

Christian Endeavor Delegate.

Miss Christine K. Cameron, who for the past three weeks has been visiting in Duluth, the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Roderick McKenzie, of Hunter's Park, returned yesterday to her home in St. Louis, Mo. Miss Cameron was a delegate from St. Louis to the national convention of Christian Endeavor recently held in San Francisco. The St. Louis party of which she was a member, consisted of 158 delegates. Their special train was in charge of Mr. McClain, the well known St. Louis business man. They passed through fifteen different states, making stops at the larger cities. Also reviewing the great canyons of the Rockies and beautiful scenery of California. They returned by way of Seattle, stopping for some time at the Yellowstone Park. Miss Cameron left the party at Minneapolis to visit Duluth.

I. O. O. F.

There will be a moonlight excursion on the steamer Dixon Tuesday evening, Aug. 17. Boat will leave Lake avenue at 7:30 and foot of Fifth avenue at 8 p. m. There will be music and the refreshments will be in the hands of the Rebekahs. Tickets, 25 cents, can be obtained from members of the committee.

R. E. PATTERSON,
A. E. BOTSFORD,
CHARLES MARSHALL,
Committee.

The Bethel.

The young people of the Bethel will give a moonlight excursion on Tuesday evening, Aug. 17, on the steamer S. B. Barker. Refreshments will be served on the boat. The steamer will leave at 8:15 opposite the Bethel on Lake avenue.

NOTHING LIKE IT SINCE THE SECOND CENTURY.

The Blind receive their Sight in West Superior

Mr. Matt Johnson, of Midway, six miles from West Duluth, Minn., was totally blind. He has been boarding a week in West Superior, Wis., in order to receive the personal attention of Dr. S. Clay Todd, at his Medical Institute, 1224 Tower avenue. Saturday he could see a little and Sunday, July 11, he was greatly rejoiced. He said, "The light is getting stronger, I can see better today." Oh! how happy is the man who, having lost his sight, is now recovering.

July 12—He could see his hand at arm's length.
July 15—He could see objects six feet away.
July 16—Can now see objects ten feet away.
July 18—He can see objects twenty feet away.
July 29—Can now see objects across the street.
August 12—Mr. Matt Johnson has been home to attend to some business, but returned last week. He can now see the street easy as he walks on the sidewalk and can see the shapes of houses across the street. "What a blessing sight is!"

TRIED TO SUICIDE.

Disgrace of Being Arrested Causes Carrie Strand to Attempt Hanging.

Carrie Strand, aged 22, residing at First avenue east and First street, a professional nurse, attempted suicide by hanging herself in her cell at police headquarters last evening while smarting under the disgrace of being arrested for being in a public wine room. She was discovered by Jailer McEwen, who, with the assistance of Driver Wayland of the patrol wagon, cut her down and resuscitated her. When she recovered consciousness she reproached the officers for saving her life and insisted that she wanted to die.

She was found in a wine room at Eighth avenue west and Superior street by Officer Elskett about 9:30 o'clock last night, the officer taking her to headquarters and locking her up. When she was ushered into the dark corridor of the women's department of the jail, a realization of her position burst suddenly upon her and she broke down and wept bitterly. Her lamentations continued for nearly an hour when they all at once ceased. The sudden quiet seemed ominous to Jailer McEwen and he decided to investigate. Entering the ward he saw Miss Strand's body hanging suspended from the top bar of the grating at the front of the cell. Officer Wayland responding to McEwen's call, the two cut the woman down and after ten minutes' hard work were rewarded with indication of returning animation. Her first words after opening her eyes were: "Wy did you not let me die? It would have been better so." As memory returned to her she again fell to bemoaning her fate, Jailer McEwen's efforts to brace her up having but slight effect, and finally became hysterical. Toward morning she quieted down and told her place of residence and occupation. Until a short time ago, she said, she had been employed in the city hospital at Superior. Since coming here she has nursed at the home of W. D. Hatch, 514 East Fourth street, and at that of Gerard Tonning, 1204 East Third street. Her parents are in Wisconsin, she said, but would give no further information on that subject, except that she had left home two years ago. She expressed the determination of going away as soon as she was released and never letting her friends see her again.

This morning she was released and left the station with a friend.

HAVE YOU EATEN TOO MUCH?

TAKE HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE.

People impose on the stomach sometimes, giving it more than it can do. "Horsford's" helps to digest the food, and puts the stomach into a strong and healthy condition.

THE STEAMERS EDNA AND HULL

Will make regular trips Tomorrow, Sunday, Aug 15, leaving canal, Lake ave., and 5th ave. west for Oatka beach every hour. Boats will stop going and returning at foot of Garfield ave. Fare to Oatka Beach 5c. Boats may be chartered for moonlight or evening excursions. 'Phone 4022, or inquire of M. J. Ryan on Steamer Estelle.

MONEY! MONEY! MONEY!

To loan on Duluth real estate in sums from $1000 to $5000. No delay.

GEO. H. CROSBY,
106 Providence Building.

A. FITGER & CO.'S

FAVORITE BRANDS—

PALE BOHEMIAN AND BAVARIAN.

2 dozen quarts.....$2.25
3 dozen pints.....$2.00

Free!

The Leading Specialist of America ---36 Years Experience--- 250,000 Cured.

We Cure Gleet.

Thousands of young and middle-aged men are having their sexual vigor and vitality continually sapped by this disease. They are frequently unconscious of the cause of these symptoms. General weakness, unnatural discharges, failing manhood, nervousness, poor memory, irritability, at times smarting sensation, sunken eyes, with dark circles, weak back, general depression, lack of ambition, varicocele, shrunken parts, etc. GLEET and STRICTURE may be the cause. Don't allow anyone to experiment on you. Consult specialists who have made a life study of diseases of men and women. Our NEW METHOD TREATMENT will positively cure you.

We treat and cure EMISSIONS, VARICOCELE, GLEET, STRICTURE, IMPOTENCY, SECRET DRAINS, UNNATURAL DISCHARGES, EYE, EAR, NOSE, LUNG, BRAIN, NERVE, STOMACH, KIDNEY and BLADDER DISEASES. Dr. S. Clay Todd, 1224 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis. Hours, 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. all this and next week. Permanently located.

Free treatment until cured. Consultations free. Make one call. Waiting rooms open from 6 a. m. to 9 p. m.

PICNIC TOMORROW.

FIRST ANNUAL PICNIC OF THE

FREIGHT HANDLERS UNION No. 64

AT BRAEUTIGAM'S

Summer Garden

36th Ave. East. Sunday, Aug. 15th.

Athletic Sports and Games. Good Music and Dancing. Refreshments will be served on the Grounds.

Take Lakeside Cars. Admission Free.

O-AT-KA BEACH

SUMMER RESORT.

Best and only First Class Picnic Grounds at head of the lakes. Large Dancing Pavilions Music every afternoon and evening, new Bath House and Toboggan Slide, with five hundred foot dock, new boat house in connection, ball park, lunch rooms, soda fountains and confectionery stores, tables, benches and swings free to picnic parties. Cars and boats make regular trips from Duluth and Tower Bay Slip, West Superior everyhalf hour.

Ely

Have a PHOTO of the Baby Today.....

THE PHOTOGRAPHER
7 East Superior St.
4th door east of Lake Ave.

Can give you the best value in PHOTOGRAPHS. Try him.

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PATENTS.

MASON, FENWICK & LAWRENCE, JAMES T. WATSON, PATENT LAWYERS, SOLICITORS AND EXPERTS.

Established Washington, D. C., 1861. Guide Book free. Palladio Building. DULUTH, MINN.

CONDENSED BANK STATEMENTS.

Condensed Statement of Condition OF THE

First National Bank

OF DULUTH, MINN.

At the close of Business, July 23rd, 1897.

RESOURCES.

Loans		$1,038,342 56
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		54,000 00
Other bonds and stocks		22,765 43
Bank building		175,000 00
Five per cent redemption fund.		2,250 00
Demand grain loans	$382,000 00	
Government bonds	56,000 00	
Due from other banks	785,021 19	
Cash on hand	227,702 68	
		1,450,724 05
		$2,743,092 04

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$ 500,000 00
Surplus fund	250,000 00
Undivided profits	24,038 54
Circulation	45,000 00
Deposits	1,924,053 50
	$2,743,092 04

Report of the Condition OF THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF DULUTH

At the close of Business July 23, 1897.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$ 79,293 14
Overdrafts		31 98
Stocks and bonds		3,050 00
Furniture and fixtures		2,322 75
Current expenses and taxes paid		3,574 55
Reserve—		
Cash on hand	$15,401 54	
Cash in other banks	14,360 30	
Exchanges for clearing house	3,450 70	
		33,212 54
		$121,494 94

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$ 25,000 00
Undivided profits		4,417 32
Deposits subject to check	$54,336 58	
Certificates of deposit	28,097 75	
Public funds	7,618 65	
Deposits of banks	1,178 49	
Cashier's checks	300 50	
Certified checks	545 65	
		92,077 62
		$121,494 94

A SNAP.....

Lot on East Superior Street, between 22nd and 23rd Avenue—Upper Side.

$1,300.00

W. A. ABBETT,
201 West Superior Street.

SECTION TWO---PAGES 9 to 14

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 14, 1897.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

CAVIARE FROM HOME

Eggs From Minnesota Sturgeon Used to Make the Toothsome Delicacy.

SHIPPED TO RUSSIA

They Are Prepared There and Then Sent Back to America.

When the American eats Russian caviare he eats a compatriot who has traveled many thousands of miles before he is prepared for the palate. He eats the eggs of the Lake of the Woods and the Rainy lake sturgeon. These lakes of many islands which lie in the northwest angle of Minnesota and in the province of Ontario are the home of more sturgeon than any other body of water in the world, and for that reason have become the principal supply point of the caviare trade. But before the sturgeon's eggs come to the table as Russian caviare they are transported to Germany or to Russia and back again.

Lake of the Woods is one of the most beautiful bodies of water in America. It is about eighty miles long and eighty miles wide, but the northern half of it is filled with so many rocky islands that their number is conservatively estimated at 11,000. The southern half of the lake—the "big traverse"—is open, and in one direction the wind has an open sweep of sixty or seventy miles. The water being shallow, hardly ever passing fifty feet, a strong wind stirs up a dangerous swell on this part of the lake—so dangerous that the passenger steamers always remain in harbor when the wind blows hard. The freight boats and tugs that face the storms often strike the bottom in the depression between the swells, so high are they and so shallow is the water. It is along the low shores and in the shallow waters of this part of the lake that the fishermen of this part of the United States and Canada carry on their hunt for the big, clumsy sturgeon. This ugly fish, with its two horn-like tentacles, its small eyes, its mouth on the under side of its head, its slippery body, and big and powerful as it is, is taken in great numbers, chiefly in pound nets.

The pound net is built on the trap plan—like the mouse trap that has doors so easy to find but no exits. A fence of netting is run out into the lake from the shore. The sturgeon encountering it swims along beside it until he comes to a narrow opening at the end of a passage fenced in with nets. When he passes through this opening he is doomed, for he is in the pound—an area, perhaps forty feet square, entirely inclosed by nets. Every other day the pound net is raised and the captives are gaffed by rough fishermen and thrown into the wide fishing boats, where they are clubbed to death. Ordinarily there will be two or three thousand pounds of sturgeon in each haul, together with many whitefish, trout, pike and pickerel. Occasionally as many as 11,000 pounds of fish have been taken in a single haul.

The sturgeon runs from sixty to 200 pounds in weight and is often six or seven feet long. The female is the most desirable on account of the roe or eggs, which are made into caviare. Formerly no part of the fish was used except the eggs and the entire body of the male and all of the female except the eggs were thrown away and left to decay on the shores unless the Indians happened along to possess themselves of the waste.

The Lake of the Woods and Rainy lake fisheries comprise many companies and employ about 250 men. There are several small Canadian companies and three large American companies. The American companies have pooled their interests. The business is so extensive that it demands the investment of considerable capital, the construction of ice and fish houses along the shore of the lake and the use of many tugs, rowboats and sailboats. The Canadian fisheries are under the supervision of the Dominion fisheries department, while the Minnesota game and fish commission regulates the fishing in American waters. The Canadians have an agent who lives at Rat Portage and who keeps the fisheries well under his eye. He has the power to limit the number of nets and the distance between them. On the Canadian side the nets are generally placed 2500 feet apart. The Minnesota law calls for intervals of 1500 feet. A license to fish costs $50 on the Canadian side and $10 on the American side. The best fisheries on the American side are on the shore of the "northwest angle." This angle is a little piece of American soil which is entirely inclosed by water or by Canadian land.

For the last two years the fishing on Lake of the Woods has been very poor—partly on account of the extraordinarily high water, which has permitted the sturgeon to find feeding grounds where there were no nets, and partly because the numbers of the big fish have undoubtedly been greatly reduced by the wholesale fishing. Their only salvation lies in the fact that the Minnesota commission refuses to permit the use of nets on Rainy river, the principal feeder of Lake of the Woods and the favorite feeding ground and breeding place of the fish. Many fish are caught in this river at the rapids, however, by the use of gaff spears. The Indians, armed with a gaff, stand at the rapids with the hook well under the water. The sturgeon, pushing up the stream, keep near the shore, where the current is not so swift, and poke their heads against the gaff. Then the Indian quickly pulls the gaff into the under side of the fish and lands him on the shore.

After the sturgeon are caught at the fisheries they are picked up from the small boat at the fishing stations and taken in tugs to the headquarters of the company, where the roe is removed from the females and the flesh is either smoked or sent to the market on ice. Properly cooked, the sturgeon steaks are very toothsome, while the smoked sturgeon is often sold as smoked halibut. Duluth and Minneapolis are the principal markets for the fish—sturgeon and other kinds—caught by the American companies. They are then quickly distributed to Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City and other points. As the water of Lake of the Woods is very cold the trout and whitefish are quite equal to those of Lake Superior.

The sturgeon eggs are taken to the fishhouses and put through a process which separates them from other matter. They are then packed in 125-pound kegs, salted and shipped to Germany and Russia. The roe from a single sturgeon is worth about $8 and weighs thirty or forty pounds. Though so much of the sturgeon's carcass was wasted in the past it is all saved now. The offal is made into fertilizing material and the fat is turned into harness oil. All of these products are shipped from Rat Portage on the Canadian Pacific railroad and frequently till three or four cars a week.

The eggs after being shipped to Europe and subjected to the caviare process come back to America in little tin cans with foreign labels and with no suggestion of Lake of the Woods or Rainy lake. It is said by some that the caviare process is a secret, while others say it is not, but that the industry is an ancient one in Europe and Americans have found quite enough profit in supplying the raw material. There is some talk of establishing a Canadian caviare factory at Rat Portage, but unless the sturgeon are found in numbers in some other lake there will be neither Russian nor American caviare in the near future. Lake of the Woods will soon be fished out so far as concerns the sturgeon, though it is only a few years since it was fished at all.

OLD TIME NEGROES.

The Old Before the War Species Nearly Extinct.

The old-time "fore de war" negro is rapidly passing away, and it will not be many years before he will be extinct. He is not by any means to be confounded with the modern product, for he is a distinct genus, says the Richmond Times. We have the highest regard for him, and see him passing away with profound sorrow. He is inseparably associated with Southern society of ante-bellum days, and the history of the South is by no means complete with the negro and his characteristics, and especially his relationship with the family to which he belonged, omitted. These things are little understood by the people of the North, and not much better by the young folks of the South, who hear the negro called "mister," instead of "uncle." Tom Page and Polk Miller and others of that school, who, as they say, were "raised with niggers," have preserved to us the negro dialect and many of his ways, but there is one phase of the subject that has not been committed to print. We refer to the religious teachings of the negro by their mistresses, the wives and daughters of the men who owned them.

We are pleased to know that the Rev. Edward L. Pell, of this city, is collecting material for a history of the efforts made by the South for the moral elevation of the negro before the war. The facts of such a history, while not easily available, are more abundant than is generally supposed. Not only did the churches of the South spend large sums of money in missionary work among the blacks, but it was not uncommon for those who owned a large body of slaves to have a place of worship for them, and to have a preacher employed for their special ministry. Moreover, every white church had its contingent of colored members, who had a voice in the management of church affairs, and so sacred was this tie that many of the colored people continued their membership in the white churches, even after they were emancipated. The efforts of individual laymen, as, for example, Stonewall Jackson, in the Sunday school for slaves at Lexington, would make another long and touching chapter. All this is nothing, however, compared with the work done for the negro by the women of the South. The idea that the Southern women were made heroines by the late war is far from the fact. They were heroines from the beginning, and they had been in training from the time that the slaves came into our possession. Instead of the many public charities in which they are engaged today, they devoted their time to the instruction of the slaves and the amelioration of their condition. Seek any old negro and ask him where he got his religious instruction, and he will almost invariably tell you that he owes it to "Ole Miss," who had him at the "Gre't house" on Sunday morning, read to him and his companions selections from the scriptures, and expounded their meaning.

HOT WEATHER DIET.

"During the hot months," writes Mrs. S. T. Rorer in the August Ladies' Home Journal, "the diet should consist largely of dainty, cold, lean meat, green, succulent vegetables and fruits. It is a popular fallacy that the free use of sub-acid fruits during hot weather causes disturbances of the bowels. No diet is more healthful than ripe fruit provided it is properly masticated and swallowed before or after bread and butter, but never with it.

"The lighter wheat preparations, such as farina, wheatlet and glutena, should be substituted for the heat-giving oatmeal for breakfast. Cook enough one morning to last two, as they are just as palatable cold as they are hot. While fried food may seem a little out of place in the warm weather there are certain light dishes that may be utilized for breakfast. Cornmeal or hominy croquettes, or even rice croquettes, may be made the day before and simply fried at serving time. Squash and cucumbers may be dipped and fried. In the chafing dish one may have chipped beef, creamed or fricasseed barbecued beef, cold mutton warmed in a little tomato sauce, and dishes of eggs, such as omelets, scrambled eggs, creamed eggs or poached eggs.

"Fruit should be served in a flat dish, with, if the weather is particularly hot, a little chopped ice sprinkled over it. Fruit that is very acid should not be served too cold. Powdered sugar and cream should accompany the fruit course. In the place of chops or steaks we may have eggplant, broiled or fried tomatoes, panned tomatoes, a dainty omelet with peas, omelet with asparagus tips, or with parsley, following the fruit. Corn oysters and corn fritters may also take the place of meat. Coffee, tea, chocolate and milk are, of course, in summer, as in winter, the breakfast beverages."

STEAMER EDNA

Can be chartered for afternoon on evening parties at $1 per hour.

H. W. FARRINGTON,
Master and Manager.

A PUBLIC SERVANT

Judge J. R. Carey and His Long Term of Residence In Duluth.

IN MANY POSITIONS

Mail Carrier, Mill Hand, Hotelkeeper, County Official and Federal Officer.

Many readers of The Herald keep diaries; at least, it is to be hoped they do, for there is no greater memory refresher than an occasional glimpse into the record of the vanished years. Father Time is a grand old fellow, but he is not builder—he is a destroyer—and he plays just as much havoc with memories as he does with buildings. His touch carries with it a blight to both and the result in nearly every case is—decay. A diary is a sort of mental repair shop, a junk house where life's odds and ends of experiences may be trotted out from the debris of oblivion and made to do duty again in blending into perfection the story of a career. A diary, too, is useful sometimes in business or legal procedure as a means of establishing the date of an occurrence, the existence of an alibi, or in many other little ways.

There are, of course, many persons whose memory is so keen, even when burdened with the weight of years, that they do not require even a memoranda to guide them; people whose recollection of the flight of time is so acute that to them a recital of what has been is no more of a task than reading the day's doings in the evening paper. In this class and one of the oldest of Duluth's settlers, Judge J. R. Carey, a veritable landmark of the development at this end of Lake Superior.

Some years ago, at Brainerd, G. G. Hartley was a judge of election, and an old denizen of that place, familiarly known as "Old Zeb" was challenged when he attempted to vote on the ground of short residence and "Gill" undertook to question him with the following result:

"What is your name?"

"Zeb Clarke."

"Where were you born?"

"Damifino; down in Maine somewhar, I reckon."

"How long have you lived here?"

"Look here, Gill," said Old Zeb, "do you see that hill over there with them jack pines on it?"

"Yes," said Mr. Hartley, wondering what the hill had to do with the case.

"Well," continued Old Zeb, "when I came here there were no trees on it, and the hill was as bare as the ground."

Duluth hills were not bare in the ground when Judge Carey came here, but there were no houses on them in the central part of the city, only a hillside covered with virgin forest and almost protected by the ax.

J. R. Carey came to the head of Lake Superior and settled in Old Superior on June 2, 1857, and engaged in the boot and shoe business. He remained there about two years, or until, 'to use his own words, "the bottom dropped out of the place, and business was dead." Money was as scarce in Superior then as the coined stuff is now in Klondike, and "stand-offs" were the bane of the few dealers in the old town. As an instance of how hard up responsible men were for ready cash in those days, Judge Carey relates that one Rice, a brother of Governor Rice, had a big contract on the north end of the old military road leading from Superior, and he had a man who wanted a pair of boots, so he started in to Superior and tackled Storekeeper Carey for a pair of boots and suggested a "stand off." Carey was inflexible, so Rice proposed a plan by which he could get the boots. He offered to give Mr. Carey two lots in Duluth for the longed-for frogskin, but the transfer was declined with thanks and Orrin Rice's man went without his new boots.

In November, 1857, Mr. Carey moved over to Oneota, where he worked in a sawmill and in the woods in winter, and between times raked in a few shekels as proprietor of a boarding house. He moved from Oneota to Duluth on the ice Dec. 23, 1864, a big dog being the beast of burden which hauled himself, his wife, three children and his household effects between the two towns. Judge Carey located first in Duluth in what old timers used to call the "Porter" or "Jefferson" house, down on Minnesota Point, near the canal, which house was for a time the principal stopping place for the Argonauts who were pouring into the Lake Vermilion country during the gold excitement of 1864—1865.

Between 1864 and 1870, Mr. Carey was the government mail carrier on two routes—between Duluth and Fond du Lac, and between Duluth and Superior, the former demanding a weekly service and the latter a semi-weekly, at $3.50 and $1.50 per trip, respectively. He had a boat in the boating season and a sleigh in the winter time, and pickep up a few extra dollars in carrying passengers and freight.

Mr. Carey was also probate judge of St. Louis county from 1858 to 1870, and in 1860 he was appointed United States court commissioner by Judge Nelson, "during good behavior." His official behavior was so good that he has held the office ever since, although he now holds it under appointment for four years by Judge Lochren, the status of the office being changed by the last congress. At the election in 1869, while he was still judge of probate, he was elected clerk of the court for St. Louis county, which position he assumed in 1870 and relinquished the probate judgeship. He held the district clerkship until 1882 and declined further service.

In 1882 President Chester A. Arthur appointed him register of the United States land office, which position he occupied until 1885. Since that time Judge Carey has devoted his time to the law, real estate and private business. For two years—1874-5—he was city justice under Mayor Sidney Luce and he has held several other city and county offices.

With regard to Judge Carey's term of service as mail carrier, and for the sake of correcting a wrong impression, The Herald states that Col. J. B. Culver was Duluth's first postmaster and the first postoffice was in a little building on Minnesota Point near where the canal now is. Col. Culver never personally attended to the business of the office and almost as soon as he received his appointment he made Sidney Luce his deputy. Mr. Luce decided the office was not conveniently located, so he moved it to his warehouse which was then situated in the town of Portland on the lake shore near where Third avenue east terminates. After a while, in 1869, it was moved to the little frame building on Superior street near Third avenue east. At that time Gilbert Faulkner was the postmaster. Up to the time, however, when Postmaster Marvin took the office the Duluth postoffice had never been in Duluth. Under the Marvin regime the office was in Duluth for the first time and Marvin was the first stamp pounder under those conditions.

Judge Carey was born in Bangor, Maine, March 3, 1830, and remained there until his parents died, when he went to Connecticut with an uncle, and in the old Nutmeg state he cast his first votes for Seymour for governor, and Franklin Pierce for president, and shortly after the Pierce campaign he moved to this section of the United States. He was married in St. Paul on Sept. 29, 1854, to Miss Annie E. Terry, of Orange county, New York. They had eight children, six of whom are still alive. Mrs. Carey, who was his faithful partner for over forty years, was gathered to her well-earned eternal rest a short time ago, leaving a large circle of friends to mourn her taking away.

Just before 1869, the year of Duluth's first boom, the white population of Fond du Lac was about twelve, Oneota was the metropolis with about 160 and Duluth was second with a scant 100.

Judge Carey's 67 years weigh lightly upon him and he is a very active business man, besides being a member of the State Historical society, the Duluth and Superior Old Settlers' association, the Duluth Historical and Scientific association and a prominent member of the Masonic order.

ENGLISH PUB. DOCS. AND OURS.

The British government sells all its publications. It gives nothing away, says the Chicago Record. If you want a copy of a bill that has been introduced into the house of commons, or a report that has been presented to the house of lords, or any public matter in the London county council or the board of aldermen of the city, you have to buy it from the official printers, and you have to pay postage if it is sent through the mails. In our country nearly all official documents of this kind are given away, and are sent free through the mails under a frank. The British plan seems to be the more sensible. It saves millions of dollars every year that are wasted in the United States to furnish public documents to people who do not care anything for them, and who throw them into the waste-paper basket as soon as they are received. The charge for official publications is only sufficient to pay the cost and a small margin for wastage. Thus the government printing office is self-supporting and the postal service pays a profit of $10,000,000 or $12,000,000 annually into the treasury. On the contrary, on our side of the Atlantic, it costs $5,000,000 or more to pay for printing for which no one is the wiser, and our postoffice department declares an Irish dividend of $9,000,000 or $10,000,000 every year, much of it is due to the transportation of "pub. docs."

MELONS AT CHURCH.

"A man would hardly imagine that negroes used to crowd around the front of that elegant church and sell watermelons on Sunday," said H. T. Powell, the well-known banker, recently. He referred to Mulberry Street Methodist church, one of the finest church buildings in Macon, says the Telegraph. "But it's a fact," continued Mr. Powell, "I am not an old man and everybody in the crowd looked with admiration at his tall, erect figure but I can remember those scenes as well as if they were yesterday.

"It was before the war, when all the slave owners allowed their industrious slaves an acre or so of land on which to raise watermelons or anything they chose. The negroes were given every Saturday afternoon to tend their patches, and on Sundays were allowed to hitch a mule to a wagon and take their melons and other produce around to churches, camp meetings or elsewhere and sell them. It was a very common thing to see a man stop at a negro's watermelon pile and select a melon, pay for it and put it in his buggy and drive on home after church; and, indeed, children frequently clubbed in and bought melons from the slaves and ate them during the time between Sunday school and preaching."

In those days masters took great interest in the industry and enterprise of their slaves, and did everything they could to encourage them. Nobody ever thought of objecting or interfering with the negroes in their Sunday traffic.

PLANTS THAT THRIVE INDOORS.

Plants suitable for indoor window gardens, says the Ladies' Home Journal, are: Geraniums; begonias, not including the Rex sections, as these are not adapted to house culture; oleander, plumbago, cacti, ficus, palm, aspidistra, lantana, fuchsia speciosa, anthurium, amaryllis, sword fern, Chinese primrose, primula obconica, calla, abutilon, anthericum, Swainsonia, heliotrope, chrysanthemum and azalea. For vines, English ivy, hoya, passiflora, cobea and jasmine. For hanging plants, othonna, saxifraga, money-musk and tradescantia. For bracket plants, fuchsia speciosa, sword fern, begonia guttata, and geranium Madame Salleroi will be found excellent, also the single petunia of the flower garden.



RIGHT ON HIS TRAIL.

Mrs. Staylate—John, you were talking in your sleep last night.
Mr. Staylate—What did I say?
Mrs. Staylate—Oh, you were evidently talking about some charitable institution, for you said, "I'll see you, and raise you $50 more."
Mr. Staylate—What did you do?
Mrs. Staylate—Oh, I called you and you turned over and said, "That don't go, you saw my hand."

A STRIKE PROBABLE

Labor Troubles In the Michigan Iron Districts Are Now Expected.

THE WAGES ARE LOW

But More Men Are Working at Better Pay Than For Years.

Ishpeming, Mich., Aug. 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—Labor troubles are imminent in the iron districts, and it will be surprising if a strike is not on within ten days in this city. The miners here and at Negaunee held parades daily during the strike of two years ago, and out of the parades grew a union, organized for the entire Lake Superior iron district, but which never succeeded in effecting a lodgment on the Gogebic or Vermilion ranges. The union was at one time very strong on this range, although it did not cover several important mining camps in the county, but of late has been decreasing in membership and influence. The political action of the organization was distasteful to many of the more conservative members, and certain nationalities became so badly disaffected that they dropped out. The meetings have been poorly attended for some time past, and the fiasco resulting from the strike at Norway, which was advised and assisted by the union, helped to increase the disfavor in which it was held by many workmen about the mines. The strike at Norway proved a complete failure, the strikers being unable to get work on any terms whatever after humbly petitioning the owners of the Arragon mine for employment. It was generally thought that the union would peacefully succumb to its lingering death that seemed inevitable, but it seems there is at least one fight left in it yet, and despite the present weakness of the organization it may prove a bitter struggle. In preference to quietly accepting the approaching dissolution, the officials and leaders decided upon a coup de maine, which will either kill or cure the ills to which the organization is a prey. At a public meeting held in open air last Sunday, and largely attended, the decision of the union to allow no union miner to work with non-union men after Aug. 23, was promulgated. Some fiery speeches were made and the sufferings of the striking coal miners pointed out as the fate in store for Lake Superior miners should they allow the union to lapse into the limbo of forgotten things. The strong speeches and the determined stand taken by the leaders of the union men were not without effect, and from the prospective occupant of an unhonored grave in the early future, the union has suddenly been metamorphosed into a very aggressive sort of an institution.

The sentiment of the miners of the district as a whole is decidedly averse to striking for any cause, but that does not signify that there will be no strike. The men who want a strike always talk louder and more frequently than those who want to remain at work. It is a part of the unwritten code of ethics of the miners that it is dishonorable for a man to continue at work, even if he is perfectly satisfied with his job, when other men are on strike at the same property or in the same district. A few determined men can frequently begin a big strike, especially if they are fluent talkers, and the union has a number of men who can talk, and talk well. Seven years ago four miners working together in the Lake Angeline mine decided that there should be a strike because the mining companies refused to allow six days' wages for five shifts night work. They threw down their tools, marched through the drifts to the next gang of workmen, called them out, and before nightfall 3000 men were on strike here. The strike was a failure from the start, as all the older miners admitted at the beginning that it would be, but it cost the men about $150,000 in wages, besides the loss of the mines. The point for which the men struck was voluntarily conceded by the mining companies in the following season.

The condition of the miners here is better than it has been for four years. Affairs are by no means in an ideal condition, wages being low when compared with the good years previous to 1893, but there are more men at work and earning better average wages than at any time since the panic of 1893 descended with such withering effect upon the iron industry. This is admitted by the miners, who as a class are an intelligent body of workmen and conversant with the condition of general business and of the iron ore trade. The class of labor employed in the iron districts is not to be compared with the labor of the coal fields, the Lake Superior miners being a far superior lot of men. The Cornish, who are unquestionably the best miners in the world, are most numerous among the mine employes and earn the best average wages. The Finns do the tramming and other work where muscle is more in demand than skill. There are many Swedish, Norwegian and Irish miners, while on surface there are a great many Canadian-French, who are expert woodsmen, carpenters and mechanics, but have little fondness for delving in the bowels of the earth. The mine employes as a class are frugal, industrious and honest; the standard of morality and sobriety is probably as high here as in any other American town of 15,000 population. During the strikes of 1890 and of 1895, lasting three and ten weeks respectively, there was less disorder and fewer arrests than during an equal period of time while the mines were all working.

The prospects of the strike proving a success are nil. The mining companies will not concede the point asked by the union under any circumstances, preferring to close the mines for an indefinite period. The mines are all protected by strike clauses in their ore contracts, so that they cannot be held for damages for any breach of contract arising through inability to deliver ore while a strike is on. The local mines all had large amounts of unsold ore at Lake Erie ports at the opening of navigation and also had big stockpiles at the mines. The latter have been nearly all shipped and the mines could supply fully 80 per cent of their contracts without moving another ton of ore for the season after Aug. 23. If there is a strike it will be foredoomed to complete failure from the day of its inception, and there will be much suffering wrought and no gain derived by either employer or employe.

The miners in one of the Crystal Falls properties struck during the week for an advance in wages, but returned to work pending the laying of their demands before the eastern management of the mine. The scale of wages paid in the Ishpeming mines is higher than that paid in any other iron mining range, with the exception of certain properties on the Mesaba.

An examination of the Michigamme mine has been made within the past few days by the officials of the Cleveland-Cliffs company, and something may be done there next season in the way of mining ore for the furnace of the company at Gladstone. The Michigamme ore is of good quality, but is so badly mixed as to require a great amount of extra labor in properly assorting. The mine has not been worked for a number of years but could readily be put in condition for operation.

Lake freights are gradually stiffening and the demand for ore charters is slightly improved. Ore shipments to date are but a trifle behind shipments to Aug. 15, 1896. All railroads hauling ore and all ports through which it is shipped are busy.

During the week two of the smaller Mesaba mines have begun shipping, believing that there is a chance to earn a small profit even at present prices.

Sales of the Norrie mine to date are about 600,000 tons, which will give a much better business than last year, although not up to the standard of the six years preceding 1896, unless further sales should be made for this season's delivery.

The Lake Angeline mine has installed a new crushing plant, for the reduction of its hard ores, which has the largest capacity of any in the district. With scarcely an exception the mines producing hard ores now crush their product to nut size, finding that furnacemen prefer such ores much more readily in that state than when delivered in masses weighing up to several hundred pounds each.

Owing to inability to make sales, the Tilden mine, at Bessemer, has suspended operation, probably for the season.

The annual report of State Commissioner of Mineral Statistics Newett has just been issued, and is an exceptionally thorough and accurate work. Owing to the penurious disposition inherent in the state of Michigan, but 1000 copies were printed which is about half as many as there are requests for The economy of paying an official $2500 per annum to keep track of mining matters and hiding his light under a bushel to save $100 on the cost of printing is not apparent.

SEWING MACHINES IN THE NAVY.

Visitors on board war vessels in the navy yard will very likely see among the sailors scattered about the decks smoking, talking and so on, a sailor at work with a sewing machine. It is a hand machine, and has a pretty heavy base, so that it can be set down on deck and worked without shifting its position, says the New York Sun.

The machine is owned by the man working it. On a big ship, for example, the battleship Indiana, carrying a crew of 400 men or more, there would probably be found as many as a dozen sewing machines; on a third-rate cruiser, a smaller vessel, such, for illustration, as the Detroit, there would be apt to be four or five sewing machines. The machines are oftenest owned by sailmakers and sailmakers' mates, but they may be owned by sailors; any man on the ship might have a sewing machine if he wanted to. Space is valuable on a vessel, and so only hand machines are allowed, and to bring a machine aboard permission must be got from the commanding officer. It is not to be supposed that every man in the ship would want a sewing machine; as a matter of fact, comparatively few men do; and those who want to take one aboard are not likely to find any difficulty in the way.

A sailor who has a sewing machine makes and repairs garments for himself and he does work for others for pay. There are not so many sewing machines on the vessels of the new navy as there were on those of the old; the sailor nowadays makes up less of his own outfit than he formerly did; he draws more completed articles from the government; but there is still plenty of work to be done aboard ship with sewing machines, and some money to be made with them yet.

THE TRUE REMEDY.

W. M. Repine, editor of the Tiskilwa, Ill., "Chief," says: "We won't keep house without Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. Experimented with many others, but never got the true remedy until we used Dr. King's New Discovery. No other remedy can take its place in our home, as in it we have a certain and sure cure for Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, etc." It is idle to experiment with other remedies, even if they are urged on you as just as good as Dr. King's New Discovery. They are not as good, because this remedy has a record of cures and besides is guaranteed. It never fails to satisfy. Trial bottles free at Duluth Drug company's drug store.

You may never know it happened if you fail to read The Evening Herald.

HIS HORSE IS FOXEY

Alderman Sang Owns a Beast Which Has Plenty of Cunning.

GAVE HIM A CHASE

Played With Him For a Distance and Then Swiftly Scooted.

Alderman Sang and his family went berrying the other day. They drove about a mile into the woods behind Proctorknott, where they left the horse under a tree while they proceeded to fill their baskets with the fruit. The horse, in a short time, became tired of fighting flies, and, concluding that he was not much stuck on berrying anyhow, started for home. His departure was seen by Mr. Sang, who put off after the beast. The latter knew he could beat Mr. Sang in a foot race, and so he took it easy, keeping just ahead of the alderman. The latter, seeing that the horse was determined not to be overtaken, resolved to try diplomacy.

"Here, horsey, horsey," he said, with that drawn smile that tells of murder in the heart.

"Neigh, neigh," said the horse. He knew the alderman and didn't propose to be drawn into an argument.

"You won't, hay," said Mr. Sang, and he made a vicious spurt for three or four feet. The horse gave a gambol or two, whisking the buggy over a stump. Then Mr. Sang stopped and fanned himself with his hat and looked at the horse. The horse fanned himself with his tail and looked at Mr. Sang.

Finally the latter made another lunge and they both scratched gravel down the road for a short distance. Then Mr. Sang leaned against a tree and fanned himself again. The horse nonchalantly bit off a twig, which he meditatively chewed. One ear was lopped over toward Mr. Sang to catch the remarks the latter was making, and the other one straight up in the air as if to receive an antidote from above. The suggestion that he was not thought of enough account to be accorded the attention of both ears riled Mr. Sang the more, and he made another start for the horse with blood in his eye. The latter, evidently concluding that he had fooled away enough time, now let out at a round pace for Proctorknott.

"Run, why don't you, gol dorn your picture," said the alderman, as he gave up the race and looked after his beast with an expression of mingled anger and reproach.

"Just watch my smoke," the horse seemed to say by a switch of his tail as he disappeared around a bend in the road.

Two hours later a dusty, tired alderman trudged along to Bay View Heights, three miles away. The perspiration was pouring down his face, his hat was on the back of his head and his collar was hanging down his back. His lips were moving, and the birds along the wayside fluttered off to nearby trees as the traveler passed and looked after him with a shocked expression.

In the door of the power house was a man who had corralled the runaway horse. He had hitched the animal under a shed, expecting the owner along, and when he saw the alderman coming with his coat on his arm and caught the expression of his face, he made a pretty close guess at the story.

When the alderman saw the man at the power house he suddenly slowed up and began to look around up at the trees as if he were sizing up the timber.

"Good afternoon, alderman," said the man who had caught the horse. "What are you doing up here?"

"Oh, just out for a stroll," replied the alderman unconcernedly, but casting a surreptitious eye around the premises.

"I didn't know but what you were looking for a horse," said the man. "Haven't lost one, have you?"

"Well, now that you mention it," said the alderman in an off-hand way, "I recollect that I have."

The man invited the alderman around back of the building, and there was the alderman's nag, the animal greeting its master with an "Ah, there" expression as it unconcernedly nibbled a few splinters off a post. The alderman looked as if he could nibble a few splinters or chew up a few nails himself.

"If I'd had a gun I would have shot that beast in its tracks, if it did cost me $40," remarked the alderman, as he gathered up the reins after dividing his stock of cigars with the man who had caught the horse. The latter said something about the fine opportunity the occasion offered for the stroll and the—

But the alderman clattered off without waiting for the rest of the remark.

The next day the alderman, who relishes a joke, succumbed to the temptation to tell the story on himself, first exacting a pledge that the tale should not be repeated to a newspaper man.

CAN'T CONTROL HIS MEMORY.

Shoemaker Shaw, of Dixon is possessed of a phenomenal memory. It is at once phenomenally good and phenomenally bad, says the San Francisco Post. In the first place, when he measures a customer's foot for a pair of shoes he never puts down a figure of all the numerous measurements, but he has them for all time. It is never necessary for him to measure that foot again. Years after he will recall them on an order and make a perfect fit.

That is the only thing Mr. Shaw can remember. A short time ago he was standing at the depot in Dixon talking to a friend. The passenger train pulled out for San Francisco, and still he talked away. Suddenly he exclaimed:

"By George, I was going somewhere on that train. Where in the dickins was I going anyway?"

He felt in his pocket and found a ticket to Suisun.

"Now, what was I going to Suisun for?"

Again Mr. Shaw searched his pockets, read all the letters he found, and finally came to a subpoena.

"That's it. I was subpoenaed as a witness."

He had to hire a team to get to Suisun in time.

NOT HIS CLASS.



Merchant—I want a boy who doesn't smoke, chew, gamble, swear, read dime novels—
Mickey McSwat—Aw, Say, youse don't want er boy. Youse wants a gal.

GOOD CAUSE.



Cannibal king (pointing to missionary in irons)—He don't appear to fatten any.
Chef—No, he seems to be worried over something.

STAKING A CLAIM IN KLONDIKE.



1—Farmer Afterdust—This claim is a peach, an' I'll drive a peg right into it.



2—Ah, one more crack like that, an' she'll be mine.



3—Sir William—Eatables being scarce out here, I'll just tackle this coat and derby for a change.



4—Farmer Afterdust—Great Jerusalem! An' hats out here cost a hundred dollars each, an' coats two hundred!

THERE ARE OTHERS.



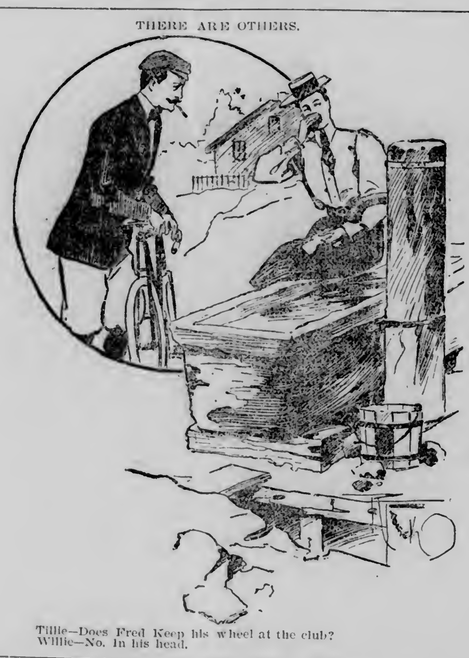
Lillie—What was the most astonishing thing you saw while abroad?
Tillie—Hotel bill.

TO HIS UNCLE'S.



Sister—Is your watch going?
Brother—No it's gone.

THERE ARE OTHERS.



Tillie—Does Fred Keep his wheel at the club?
Willie—No. In his head.

A MANIFESTATION OF GRATITUDE.



Hilliard—Why do you always send Felix a present of cigars and wine on the anniversary of his marriage? Didn't he marry your fiancee?
D'Auber—Yes, that's why.



THE MAID OF MOODS.

When days are dark, and damp, and drear,
I need not note barometer
To see just when the clouds will clear,
I only need to look at her
So moody grown. The storm I've feared
I well can tell, hath run it's race,
I know each cloud has disappeared
I see the sunshine in herface.
—ROY FARRELL GREENE.

JUST RIGHT.



The wife—John, where is my last year's bathing suit?
The husband—I'm using it for a pen-wiper.

EASILY ACCOMMODATED.



Judge—You are charged with being drunk and disorderly. What have you to say?
Prisoner—I've got a good deal to say if you'll only give me time.
Judge—Sixty days.

A PRIZE WINNER.



He—Why are you leaving the water so soon?
She—I promised my sister to lend her this suit for the bicycle parade at 3 o'clock.

Of Duluth's Neighbors

SPIRIT LAKE AND VICINITY.

Smithville, Aug. 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hermann, of New Duluth, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Edwards Sunday.

Mrs. I. T. Burnside and Mrs. Kirkwood, of West Duluth, were callers in Smithville Monday afternoon.

Mrs. Grey, of West Duluth, was entertained by Mrs. G. W. Burrell Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Smith, of West Duluth, spent Wednesday evening with friends in Smithville.

Miss Kenan, of St. Paul, is spending a few days in Smithville as the guest of Mrs. Tillie Harkins.

The Dakota wheat fields have a strong attraction for the laboringmen of this vicinity and labor is not so plentiful as it has been. Consequently higher wages are given to those who remain.

Harry and Ambrose Canfield and Hazen and Stanley Stevens left for Dakota Tuesday night.

Hazen and Stanley Stevens will probably go to the Klondike country after the harvesting is over.

Roy Owens, of West Duluth, is visiting Edward Payne this week.

Miss Selma Peterson, of Duluth, called in Smithville Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Edwards attended church in Duluth Sunday morning.

Master Don Overton is on the sick list.

Spirit lake has always been a favorite watering place, especially for family parties, but never has seemed to be fully appreciated until this summer and steadily grows in popularity as the season advances. White tents dot the river banks and islands and the Spirit Lake grove has taken on the appearance of a miniature village.

James, Robert and Willie Dunn and Edward Payne have been camping in a blueberry field near Proctorknott a part of this week.

Groceryman A. G. Renstrom and family spent Thursday in Fond du Lac instead of picnicking at Lester Park.

Axel Peterson was among the visitors to Duluth Saturday.

Miss Belle Hermann, of New Duluth, called on Miss Twonnette Dash Thursday.

Mrs. Emma Brink and Mrs. J. G. Brink and daughter made a shopping tour to Duluth Wednesday.

Miss Clara Carlson has been very ill, caused by a slight sunstroke while gathering berries.

Mrs. A. A. Douglas and daughter Ruth visited in Duluth Tuesday.

Mrs. A. A. Douglass and Mrs. E. D. Payne enjoyed a drive over to New Duluth Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. Nelson and Miss Emily Oleson, of Oneota, were the guests of Mrs. G. A. Johnson Monday.

Mrs. Johnson and son Ernest visited friends in Smithville Sunday.

Song service will be at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Burrell.

AT GRAND RAPIDS.

Grand Rapids, Minn., Aug. 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—There has been considerable talk about organizing a moose hunt here for the open season (Nov. 5 to 10), and of having the sport carried on under the auspices of the Itasca Gun club, but the details are not perfected. The leading business men of this section are members of the club and enthusiastic over the moose hunt project so it will, in all likelihood, be very successful. The secretary of the Gun club, Dr. W. P. Brown, is busy answering inquiries and arranging for accommodation at the first-class hotels and residences for those who may make Grand Rapids their rallying point during the hunting season.

The annual tournament of the Itasca Gun club will be held on Oct. 29 and 30. Numerous Minnesota marksmen have signified their intention of attending and competing for the prizes to be shot for at Grand Rapids.

The stringent restrictions of the old law against shooting moose and cariboo probably had much to do heretofore with lessening the number of transient deer hunters, but in view of the abundance of game of all kinds this season and the more favorable features of the new law, especially in regard to deer, the hunters in general will have a fine chance for enjoyment.

The regulation shoot of the Itasca Gun club was held at Lily Lake park yesterday afternoon. Twenty members participated. The leading scores were: H. D. Powers, 20 (out of 25); John Lyons, 19; T. S. Powers, 18; Ed Bergen, 17; E. A. Kremer, 15; I. D. Rassmussen, 15, and Charles Kearney, 13.

Capt. J. H. Hasty, of Minneapolis, who runs the ideal farm of the West Mesaba range at Balsam brook, returned here for hay makers last evening. His oats are cut and gave as good a yield as he ever saw anywhere, and his wheat and barley have long well filled heads fit to please any farmer. His corn is in the silk and the vegetables are all doing well except potatoes, which are growing slowly now as his section has not had a rainfall for nearly two weeks. However, he has had new potatoes right along since the last week of July. He says that as the markets for produce are not favorable yet, he is of the opinion that two or three grist mills to grind custom flour, and coarse grains for feed, would solve the problem of living in this part of the country. With such facilities the raising of live stock would be entirely successful and he used strong arguments to induce Daniel W. Doran, of the Hotel Gladstone, to enter upon a grist mill enterprise. Mr. Doran seems to give it very favorable consideration.

The Twin City Mandolin club will be here in about a week to give an entertainment under the auspices of the Itasca Gun club.

R. J. Bell, editor of the Roseau, Minn., Times, is here enjoying the fishing and visiting his son, Roy Bell.

Mrs. Virginia Lester, amanuensis in the office of Attorney F. F. Price, returned this week from a fortnight's visit with relatives at the head of the lakes.

Editor E. C. Kiley and wife, of the Herald-Review, came home from Duluth yesterday.

ELY EVENTS.

Ely, Minn., Aug. 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—Burntside lake was the scene of much enjoyment last Sunday, some fifty people being there on an outing trip. The day was a beautiful one except a slight shower at noon. Saturday evening a dance was given at White's cottage and a most enjoyable evening was spent. Most of the pleasure-seekers returned Sunday evening.

The night shift at the Chandler still remains idle and no men are being taken on the day shift.

The Zenith steam shovel has been moved to the Pioneer stockpile and is now loading in the neighborhood of sixty cars a day for this company.

The building recently purchased by P. R. Vail has been moved to First avenue.

Rich Oakes, Harry James, John Dollar and Sam Aspegren composed a fishing party that visited Bass lake last Sunday.

The dynamo recently purchased by the city has as yet not been placed in position. Work being delayed by the non-arrival of the engine which is to run the machine.

The picnic, concert and dance to be given by the Odd Fellows society next Friday promises to be the event of the season. The City band has been engaged for the picnic at the point, and Flaaten's orchestra, of Duluth, has been secured for the ball in the evening.

Mrs. E. J. Gilbert and children returned Tuesday evening from a two weeks' visit in Duluth.

M. J. Segal, of Tower, spent Tuesday in the city.

Isaac Cowling spent a few days in Tower the first of the week.

W. T. James and Dr. H. E. Wunder departed Wednesday morning for a trip to Duluth and other points.

Mrs. Peter Schaefer and family left Wednesday morning for a visit to Soudan.

Sam Rapson, the peanut dispenser on the passenger train, is taking a vacation. Howard Whiteside, occupies the position during Sam's absence.

Mrs. O. G. Korb visited Duluth Monday.

Miss Tillie Westerin returned Tuesday from her trip to Tower.

George Asplund, one of the "Swede boys," departed Tuesday for Sweden. Mr. Asplund will spend the winter in the old country and will visit the Stockholm exposition. He will return next spring.

Ed Cram spent a few days in Duluth the first of the week.

Sterling S. Smith, manager of the Southall Mining company, spent Tuesday in the city.

William Massey and sister visited in the city the first of the week.

Miss Edyth Ireland, of Winton, departed Wednesday for a visit at Duluth and other points.

Mrs. W. E. Pike visited in Duluth several days the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie Philip departed for Tower Wednesday morning after spending several weeks with Mr. and Mrs. Al. Leighton at section 30.

Archie Philip arrested John Ginotti last week for killing ducks; he was fined $17.

Will Lawrence and family departed Wednesday for Canada, where they will make their future home.

John Ginotti was arrested by T. J. Monahan, United States marshal, for selling liquor to Indians. He was taken to Duluth, but released upon furnishing $300 bonds.

Capt. Bale returned to 106 Thursday, after spending a day or two in the city.

John Johnson visited in Tower Thursday.

J. D. Taylor, of Virginia, assistant county attorney, was in the city Wednesday and Thursday.

Ed McIntosh visited in Duluth several days this week.

Jack Gribben was arrested the first of the week on a charge of larceny. He was examined before Special Judge Cowling and bound over to the grand jury. He was taken to Duluth Friday morning by Officer Garrison.

Joseph Sellwood, of Duluth, was in the city Thursday.

P. R. Vail and wife returned from a trip to Duluth Thursday evening.

Rev. Saratolle and Father Buh came up Thursday evening.

Mayor M. Burt returned from a trip to Duluth Thursday.

Manager Sturtevant returned from a business trip to Duluth Thursday.

TOWER TOPICS.

Tower, Minn., Aug. 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—Local barbers, or at least a part of them, have taken out the license required by an act of the last legislature.

Woodsmen report an unusual number of partridge this season in the woods in this immediate vicinity. The young birds are now able to care for themselves and feed is abundant. In past years hunters have found this field a profitable one, and over 150,000 birds were shipped from this city last season, but the game laws, as amended this season, prohibit the shooting of partridge for sale or shipment, and soon the woods will be teeming with them as of yore.

It has been several years since the Minnesota Iron company's sales of ore from their properties here have equaled this year's shipments. Three large stock piles have already been disposed of and steam shovels are now working on the last one, both day and night, and over 300 cars of twenty-three tons each are being loaded every twenty-four hours. This, of course, includes the cars loaded direct from the pockets, of freshly mined ore. Hand loaders are now working on a sale of 10,000 tons of Vermilion lump ore. It is stated that every pound of ore which can be mined from now until the close of navigation has been sold, and that the mines are working as many men as can be given employment. Last week a large body of high grade ore was encountered in No. 8 shaft, which is superior to the best ore yet found here.

The Howe Lumber company is building new camps on the county road about five miles from the dam on Vermilion river. It has 12,000,000 feet of logs to put in here the coming winter, which will be sawed at the mills in this city next spring. Men are constantly being employed to go into the woods, and many more can find employment here at good wages.

Since the August pay day the Tower Logging company has lost over one-half of its men and is now in the market for more help. The men had been in the woods all summer and probably tired of it, and many went to the harvest fields. This company has a contract, which expires in May next, to cut logs for the Howe Lumber company, of this city, and its camps are located or its railroad connects with the Duluth & Iron Range railway at Murray, about seven miles from Tower. From this junction the logging road extends fifteen miles into the timber. Mr. Allen, president of the company, says that while their present contract expires in May next, when all the timber handy to the road will have been cut, that by extending the logging road seven miles they will be tributary to a tract containing 150,000,000 feet of good pine. This company is now offering from $20 to $30 per month to woodsmen, and can use about 125 more men.

The United States geological surveying party, under the direction of Professor Van Hise, of Madison, Wis., who are making preparations for a new geological map of this section, are making great headway. The party is now working in three sections, one at Robinson lake, the second at Eagle's Nest and the third in this immediate vicinity, with Ely as an objective point.

The local branch of the state Retail Liquor Dealers' association, which was organized here some three weeks ago, is quietly working away at the purpose of its organization, and ere many days startling developments will be forthcoming. This association is formed of strictly retail dealers, and its object is to prevent the wholesalers from finding a market for their goods at the mining locations, where, it is said, a large quantity of beer is sold daily and in turn disposed of to private individuals, contrary to the revenue laws. This mode of business is detrimental to the retailers, as is also the practice of disposing of tickets for beer at the various picnics held here during the summer. While no money is accepted at the park bars for beer, one can easily purchase tickets, and they are good for lager at any of the bars. It was for the purpose of stopping these practices that the organization was formed.

The Finnish Temperance society, assisted by the Ely Dramatic company, gave a play and dance at the opera house on Saturday evening last.

Professor J. A. Hultman of North Park college, Chicago, sometimes styled the "Swedish Sankey," will conduct a concert to be given at the opera house on Monday evening, Aug. 16.

The Hoelscher Concert company is billed to appear at the opera house on Thursday, Aug. 19.

About thirty friends of Gust Naslund tendered him a surprise on Saturday evening last. The evening was pleasantly passed in dancing.

A party consisting of O. E. Gibson, J. Nichols and F. Moulton spent Sunday at Bass lake, returning Sunday evening with eleven bass averaging three and a half pounds each.

Engineer James Shea spent Sunday in Two Harbors visiting a sister from Eddyville, Iowa. He returned to his duties Monday evening.

Conductor J. Burgess made a business trip to Duluth on Monday.

Frank Micka, for some time night yardmaster here, resigned his position here Tuesday and will enter the service of the Eastern Minnesota railway at West Superior.

Assistant Superintendent Holliday of the Duluth & Iron Range railway looked after matters here on Tuesday.

James Begelow left yesterday for Mt. Clemens, Mich., to take a month's treatment at the baths there.

William Bradish left yesterday for a ten days' outing on Lake Vermilion. This is "Brad's" annual outing.

Albert Cummings, of Two Harbors, was the guest of Conductor Thomas Cole on Tuesday.

W. Simons made a business trip to the Zenith City on Wednesday.

Mrs. C. McNamara returned from a visit at Ely yesterday morning.

Miss Hector, of Duluth, who has been the guest of Miss Winnie Oppel the past two weeks, leaves tomorrow morning for her home.

President D. H. Bacon and wife, accompanied by Mrs. L. A. Marsell, departed yesterday for a week's outing at Mackinac, Mich.

Mrs. W.J. Williams departed Wednesday evening for a week's visit with friends at Ely.

Jeweler A. Weinzell and wife spent Sunday with his brother at Ely.

Mrs. J. J. Ketchum departed for Duluth yesterday.

Born, to Dr. and Mrs. J. B. Noble, on Sunday, Aug. 8, a bouncing baby boy.

Julian Moersch, mine inspector, who has just given the Minnesota Iron company's properties thorough inspection, left here yesterday. Mr. Moersch reports the mines in the best condition of any he has ever visited, and says that the tales told of danger here are unwarranted. He further states that regarding the financial condition of the men, there is no other set of miners in the state so prosperous as are those here, and the records of the postoffice and bank show that they are monthly sending large amounts of money to foreign friends and relatives.

Walter J. Smith, city treasurer and cashier of the First State bank for a number of years, has resigned both positions on account of failing health, and, accompanied by his wife, left for Ohio, the home of his parents, yesterday. After a few weeks' visit with his parents Mr. and Mrs. Smith will depart for Texas, their future home, where Mr. Smith hopes to regain his failing health by active outdoor exercise. It is with much regret that Tower loses Mr. and Mrs. Smith, and they have the well wishes of the entire community.

Al Rohrer has been appointed by the common council to succeed Mr. Smith as city treasurer.

The fire department was called out Thursday afternoon to extinguish a small blaze in the rear of the city hall, which was occasioned by some tar becoming ignited in a mysterious manner. The blaze was put out before any damage resulted.

K. O. T. M. lodge, No. 7, is initiating new members nearly every week. After Thursday evening's initiations a social was given, including readings and music, after which refreshments were served.

Mrs. Pike, Mrs. Peter Schafer and Miss Edith Ireland, all of Ely, returned to their homes Thursday evening, after being in attendance at the McInnis-Hoyt nuptials.

Thomas Walsh has purchased another forty acres of mineral land southeast of the city and has men prospecting thereon.

On Monday evening Mrs. D. H. Bacon gave a reception in honor of her guests, Mrs. and Miss M. Schaller, of Chicago, and Thursday a farewell was given them by an excursion on Lake Vermilion. About thirty participants boarded the City of Holland and barge and passed the afternoon pleasantly on the placid waters. Miss Schaller is a violinist of rare ability, and entertained the party with numerous renditions.

Mr. and Mrs. William Lawrence, of Ely, spent Wednesday in the city.

Joseph Bracco is a disciple of irrigation. He has a farm close to this city which is entirely irrigated and shows remarkable results. Mr. Bracco has already housed over 100 tons of hay, and much other produce is grown here. Water power irrigates the whole farm of nearly eighty acres.

C. W. Russell, of St. Paul; W. J. Douglas, of New York; G. Montgomery and wife and W. Montgomery, of Chicago; J. C. Foley, Jr., of Seine City; J. M. Hillyer, of West Duluth, and John Hawkey, of Duluth, are registered at the Vermilion.

SOME THINGS WE SEE EVERY DAY.

To an observant person the constantly recurring scenes of life present an object lesson worthy of the highest consideration.

Such a person profits by the mishaps to his less fortunate brothers and guards against their pitfalls in his own pathway.

The results of excess and extravagance, as demonstrated by example, are avoided, and the creature contemplates, with greater reverence, the wondrous works of the Creator.

All are liable to accident. We are beset by dangers on all sides.

It may come to us while bicycling, rowing, driving, golfing, or in the pursuit of other athletic recreations.

On the street, in our homes, or places of business, we may meet with injury.

Now here is where the observant person shows his ability to grasp a situation.

He knows there is **nothing** he can procure to allay his pains, heal his wounds, remove all effects of violent exercise and cure the bites of insects, chafing, sunburn, itching or burning skin, like the remedy of his fathers, **POND'S EXTRACT**, the family remedy for all pain.

Cheapness does not imply **merit**, and it always **pays** to get the **best**.

Be observant! Do not allow unscrupulous dealers to sell you something else, under **any** pretense.

They are only consulting **their own** pecuniary welfare, **not yours**.

Look for our name on every label and wrapper.

POND'S EXTRACT CO., New York and London.

NEW DULUTH DOINGS.

New Duluth, Aug. 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Della Hermann is quite ill, having been confined to her bed for a week.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hermann attended services at the First Baptist church, Duluth, Sunday.

Rev. S. A. Jamieson, pastor-at-large of the Presbyterian church, was visiting Rev. and Mrs. Higgins Wednesday. He conducted the prayer meeting, and gave a very interesting address at the church Wednesday evening.

Miss Belle Hermann was visiting Miss Celia Le Beau at West Duluth this week.

Robert Crager left Thursday for the Dakota harvest fields.

D. C. Prescott, of West Duluth, was a caller here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Wilson were among Monday's shoppers in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Shaver spent Sunday in Duluth, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Stewart.

Mrs. Clay Giddings and children returned to Duluth Wednesday after a two weeks' visit with her parents here.

Mrs. Daniel McCarthy and a party of friends of West Duluth are camping on the Wisconsin side of the river opposite New Duluth.

Arthur Becklinger is on the sick list this week.

Misses Maud Miller and Georgie Gifford, and Messrs. Edward Hermann and Fred McGill were visiting Mr. Miller at Barnum Thursday and Friday.

Master Francis LeBeau, of West Duluth, was visiting his father here this week.

John Hermann was the guest of Floyd Stewart, of Duluth, this week.

Miss Cullen visited friends at West Duluth this week.

Miss Cecilia LeBeau was the guest of Miss Belle Hermann Friday and Saturday.

Thomas May made a business trip to the city Monday.

The W. C. T. U. met Friday afternoon with Mrs. Fred Hermann. The union was reorganized, new officers elected and other business of importance transacted.

Dr. J. A. McCuen was among Thursday's visitors to the city.

New Duluth has been particularly quiet during the week, both socially and in the labor world. The strike has formed the chief theme of conversation and thought, and the business men, boardinghouses and citizens in general are pleased that the men returned to work Saturday morning. The busy hum of the mill is music in the ears of the people.

An accident which might have resulted seriously happened to George Shaw and Otto Ecklund Thursday afternoon while driving from Duluth. Something broke about the harness, and the horse took fright and ran away, throwing both Shaw and Ecklund from the buggy. Luckily they escaped with nothing more serious than some pretty severe bruises and a dislocated shoulder.

Miss Louise LaSalle visited West Superior Thursday to consult Dr. Todd.

A number of the friends of Miss May Peterson surprised her at her home Friday evening, as she is expecting soon to leave for Iron River, Wis. A thoroughly enjoyable time was had. Ice cream and cake were served. Those participating were the Misses Edith Hermann, Maud Miller, Georgie Gifford, Lottie Watson, Arvesta Reed, Belle Hermann, Mabel Murphy, Messrs. Fred McGill, Edward Hermann, John Mintener, Charles Cargill and Harry Gibbery.

SPARTA.

Sparta, Minn., Aug. 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—Sam Bate and Harry Allen, who were arrested on a charge of assault, were tried before Justice of Peace Powell Friday last, and were acquitted.

Ike Cowling, who has been visiting with Clyde Bender the past week, returned to his home at Ely Monday.

The Duluth & Iron Range has had a crew of men lay the tracks into the Sparta mine, and ore shipping from that property will commence at once. It is not expected that much ore will be gotten out before next year, as it is too late in the season for much to be done now.

Frank Klink visited in Biwabik a couple of days last week.

W. E. Bender, who has been ill for the past ten days, is now able to be around again.

Contractor Denton, who is building our new school house, has secured the contract to build a depot for the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway at Mississippi Junction.

Ransom Metcalfe, editor of the Mesaba Range, took in the town Monday.

The steam shovel at the Genoa mine was started Saturday to load the 100,000-ton stock pile. Shipments from the mine will now average about 2500 tons per day.

D. T. Denton was at Duluth on business Tuesday.

Frank Ainsley, Miss Young and Miss Lee, of Iron Junction, who have been viewing the beauties of Ely lake the past week, returned home Tuesday.

Attorney M. D. L. Fuller, of Eveleth, was in town, attending to legal matters on Wednesday.

W. P. Mars, Virgina's genial hardware dealer, was here Wednesday.

The carpenters have commenced to put on the finishing touches to the new $6000 school house, and expect to have everything completed by Sept. 1.

August Benson has moved his family over from Eveleth. They will reside in the Benson block on Genoa avenue.

Walter Fuller took in the sights of Eveleth Sunday.

The members of the Catholic Sunday school at Virginia had a picnic on Ely lake Wednesday.

Miss Olive Woodland, who has been visiting relatives in Duluth, returned home Wednesday.

Mrs. H. S. Latham visited friends in Eveleth on Thursday.

W. J. Colvin was in Eveleth Sunday.

Roadmaster Shea of the Duluth & Iron Range was in town Thursday.

Beckett's boarding cars were moved here on Thursday to handle hash for the large force of men the Duluth & Iron Range have at work laying side tracks at this station.

H. Bartol, who until recently has been employed by the Genoa Iron company, left for Hibbing Monday to accept a position with one of the mining companies there.

Postmaster Anderson has just put in a new set of boxes in the post office, and Sparta's government building is now as good as the "best of 'em."

G. A. St. Clair, of the Sparta Iron company, left for Duluth yesterday.

M. Shrogrosky, of West Duluth, has opened a clothing store in the Spelar block on Genoa avenue.

Aron Tanner returned from Duluth Thursday.

Thomas Kelly, who has been employed plastering the new school house, was called to West Superior Wednesday.

VIRGINIA.

The first anniversary of the installation of Eveleth lodge No. 144, Knights of Pythias, was celebrated Tuesday evening at Hotel Eveleth by an elegant banquet at which covers were laid for twenty-four persons, says the Virginian. Dr. Z. K. Brown, of Virginia, acted as toastmaster.

W. H. Stultz, county superintendent of schools, will hold teachers' examinations at the school house in Virginia, Friday and Saturday, Aug. 20 and 21.

Mr. and Mrs. Dominick Burns mourn the loss of their infant son Dominick, aged six months. The little one passed away Wednesday night after an illness of only a few hours.

A. L. McGregor left Saturday for a visit to Southern Michigan and Canadinn points.

Miss Bessie Mars, of West Duluth, is visiting at the home of her brother, William P. Mars.

Ogden Hall has returned to Virginia after an absence of several months.

Miss B. Anna M. Opple left for her home in Duluth Thursday, after a ten days visit with Miss Emma G. Stevens.

H. A. Sodergren returned Saturday from a trip to Red Jacket, Mich., where he is interested in a business way.

W. B. Pratt and Charles Oakman returned Tuesday night from a week's hunting and exploring trip in the Seven Beavers country.

Miss Rachel and Maude Moon and D. H. Moon, Jr., of Duluth, arrived in the city Tuesday and will visit their father for the remainder of the summer.

Mrs. R. K. Delsher departed Wednesday with her family and will join her husband and the Virginia colony at Calumet, Mich., where Mr. Delsher has permanent employment.

Mrs. Frank Lerch, mother of Fred N. Lerch, of Hibbing, and Miss Matilda Lerch, a sister of George, Fred and Erwin Lerch, of Easton, Pa., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. George Lerch, of Central avenue.

Mrs. H. Turnbull left Thursday for her old home, Alpena, Mich., where she will make a long visit.

Rev. J. H. Greiheim of the United Norwegian Lutheran church arrived in Virginia yesterday and will make his headquarters here, going to the other range towns to hold mission services from time to time.

McKINLEY.

McKinley, Aug. 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—Paul F. Clark, an employe of the Duluth, Superior & Western railway, visited Clyde Bender Monday and Tuesday.

A cow belonging to Ed Olson was killed by a south bound Duluth & Iron Range ore train near here last Saturday evening.

Dr. J. R. Humphrey, of Biwabik, was in town Monday.

J. R. Ford and daughter Ethel, visited relatives in Tower a couple of days this week.

Charles Johnson has accepted a position with the Duluth & Iron Range engineering corps located at his place.

The spur track into the Roberts mine has been completed and the first train of ore consisting of nine care was taken out Saturday.

A. G. Fox, one of the directors of the Iron Range railway, President Greatsinger, and President D. H. Bacon of the Minesota Iron company, passed through here on a special train Monday.

eorge Lascik and A. Hagenson went over to Virginia Monday.

Matt Nick visited Virginia Tuesday.

W. G. Dundas made a trip to Biwabik Monday.

Superintendent Owens of the Iron Range railway, accompanied by his father and W. A. McGonagle, also of the Duluth & Iron Range, were in town Wednesday evening.

Brakeman Mills of the Duluth & Iron Range was injured while switching in the yards here Thursday morning. He was taken to Biwabik for medical attendance.

Ex-Senator Pettit and J. M. Robinson, of Minneapolis, are in town this week looking over their extensive property interests in this vicinity.

C. J. Johnson made a business trip to Biwabik Thursday.

Ed Jennings, of Two Harbors, stopped here Wednesday night.

George Elastic was buncoed out of $8 on a cow trade by some Biwabik parties Monday. It is thought Elastic will stretch himself considerably to make up the deficiency.

Miss Haney, of Biwabik, visited with Mrs. Hunter this week.

Miss Furtney, of Biwabik, visited with Mrs. Ford on Thursday.

HIBBING.

At a special meeting of the school board Wednesday evening, G. Graham was elected superintendent of the district schools.

Last Sunday night, says the News, in accordance with announcement previously made, that Rev. George E. Satterlee, of the M. E. church, conducted a service applicable especially to the memory of Capt. Frank Hibbing. The church was crowded, and the service was an interesting and impressive one, and the choir rendered some beautiful selections selected with especial reference to the occasion. The address of the pastor was followed by brief remarks touching on the life and personal traits of the deceased by Judge J. M. Martin and the editor of the News.

Conductor Davidson is now filling Conductor Dyse's runs during the latter's absence, who is taking a 90-day leave of absence to visit relatives. And it is said he may not return to the Missabe again.

W. C. Russell, late with the Northern Pacific railway at Detroit, Minn., made a trip over the Missabe road to the several towns on this range this week and was a Hibbing visitor Monday. He will enter the employ of the Missabe road soon.

Capt. Webb has been putting the skip roads in order at the Sellers' mine and getting things in readiness for hoisting the sand and dirt from the lower level of the mine, which was washed in by the heavy rains a few weeks since from the adjoining caves. In all probability there will be no mining done at this mine during this season.

Dr. D. C. Rood has gone to Detroit, Mich., to spend his summer vacation at his parental home. He will be absent several weeks.

A new road has been built to the Mahoning location from the west side of the bridge on the county road, intersecting the old road a short distance east of the laboratory.

Superintendent P. Mitchell received orders to commence shipping ore from the stock piles at the Burt and Hull mines last Saturday morning, and have since been shipping all that they were able to load.

The first shipment of ore from the Penobscot mine went out by the D. M. R. & N. and D. S. & W. roads last Saturday to the docks at Allouez at Superior. The train consisted of twenty-one cars, eleven of which were loaded from the shaft house pockets and the balance from the stock pile.

EVELETH.

John C. Mereevy was appointed a member of the village council at their meeting Monday night, says the Star. The vacancy occuring by the resignation of Ernest Miller who went West a week ago.

Neil McInnis was in town Saturday, looking well after his trip West. Mr. McInnis is very much pleased with his Western trip, but it is not improbable that he may be one of a party from the ranges who will go to the Klondike gold fields next spring.

The Knights of Pythias held their anniversary banquet Tuesday night at the Eveleth hotel. Some twenty-five of the knights participated in a splendid spread.

Miss Flora Dingwall arrived Monday night from Milwaukee, to join her sister, Miss Jessie, and remain the guest of Mrs. C. W. Moore for a week.

Dr. Humphreys, of Biwabik, returned from his Butte, Mont., trip last week. The doctor believes that Butte is rather a hot town and not quite the place for a novice.

Miss Emma Wisted, of Duluth, a personal friend and schoolmate of Arthur Talboys, is visiting at the home of Mrs. F. C. Talboys.

BIWABIK.

Swan Larson, of Merritt, departed yesterday morning for Alberta, Canada, where he will take up a farm, says the Range. He says he is sick of a country where there is work only about four months in the year.

J. F. Armstrong is now located in Cripple Creek, Col., where he has opened an office.

Mrs. A. E. Gill, daughter of Mrs. T. S. Williams, departed Monday morning for her home in Republic, Mich.

Mrs. French, of Sulphur Springs, Iowa, arrived here Tuesday evening to spend the summer with her daughter, Mrs. W. A. Housel.

P. Lahey has been appointed principal of the high school in Forman, N. D., and will leave shortly for his field of labor. There were 160 applicants for the position.

WE DO NOT CLAIM

The World with a Fence around it, but we do claim that

Blatz The STAR Milwaukee Beer

Is distinctly a leader in purity and quality. A strong claim you say? Well, drink the beer and you will find our claim both modest and truthful

CALL FOR BLATZ. SEE THAT "BLATZ" IS ON THE CORK.

VAL. BLATZ BREWING CO., Milwaukee, Wis., U. S. A.

Duluth Branch, Tel. 62.

A DAY OF PLEASURE

VIA THE PICTURESQUE

B & O

RAILROAD, AND

CLEVELAND & BUFFALO TRANSIT COMPANY'S MAGNIFICENT LINE OF STEAMERS TO THE

GRAND ARMY

ENCAMPMENT AT BUFFALO, N. Y.

AUGUST 21, 22 AND 23.

May be Extended to September 20.

Niagara Falls Forty Minutes Away.

ROUND $10.50 TRIP

The Superb Rail and Water Route

Full particulars at City Ticket Office

193 CLARK STREET,

B. N. AUSTIN, G. P. A., Chicago. W. W. PICKING, C. P. A., Chicago.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage which was duly executed and delivered by William S. Woodbridge and Frances A. Woodbridge, his wife, and Lydia F. Woodbridge, (widow), mortgagors, to Lois Van Auken, mortgagee, bearing date July first (1st), 1891, and which was duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on September eleventh (11th), 1891, at eight (8) o'clock a. m., in Book eighty-nine (89)of mortgages, on page forty (40) and following pages; such default consisting in the non-payment of the principal sum of five hundred ($500) dollars thereby secured, with interest thereon at the rate of eight per cent per annum from July 1st, 1896, and exchange, no part of any of which has ever been paid;

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of five hundred forty-two and 55-100 ($542.55) dollars, principal, interest and exchange;

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All of lot numbered eight (L 8), in block numbered ten (B 10), Bay Front Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said St. Louis County; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the twenty-fourth (24th) day of August, A. D. 1897, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 9th, 1897.

LOIS VAN AUKEN, Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN, Attorney for Mortgagee.

Duluth Evening Herald, July-10-17-24-31-Aug-7-14.

MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default having been made in the terms of a certain mortgage dated February 7th, 1891, given by Mary Swanson and Charles Swanson, her husband, mortgagors, to The Zenith Building and Loan Association, mortgagee, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 7th day of February, 1891, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 60 of mortgages, pages 82.

Said default consisting in failure to pay successsive installments with interest when due upon the note of $200.00 secured by said mortgage, whereupon by the terms of said mortgage the whole sum specified in said note and mortgage less $69, the value of mortgagors' stock in said association, has become and is hereby declared to be due and payable, which said sum with interest now due amounts to $141.00. Now, therefore, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and of the statute in such cases made and provided, notice is hereby given that the land embraced in said mortgage, viz: Lot number twelve (12), of block numbered thirty-eight (38), West Duluth, First Division, according to the accepted and recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash at the front door of the court house, facing Second street, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, on the 23rd day of August, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. to pay said indebtedness and the interest thereon from date of this notice, at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, together with all taxes and insurance premiums if any, paid by said mortgagee and the legal costs of this foreclosure, including an attorney's fee of $25 as stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, subject to redemption as provided by law.

ZENITH BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION, Mortgagee.

J. B. RICHARDS, Attorney for Mortgagee, 301-2 Burrows Building, Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, July-10-17-24-31-Aug-7-14.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF FOREIGN WILL.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, Aug. 6th, 1897.

In the matter of the estate of Farnam C. Stone, deceased:

Whereas, certain writings purporting to be duly authenticated copies of the last will and testament of Farnam C. Stone, late of Saginaw, Michigan, deceased, and the probate thereof in the probate court of the county of Saginaw, state of Michigan, have been delivered to this court;

And whereas Edwin P. Stone has filed therewith his petition, representing among other things that said Farnam C. Stone lately died in said county of Saginaw testate, possessed of certain real estate, situated in said county of St. Louis and that said petitioner is one of the executors named in said will and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be to him and to Ammi W. Wright and Harriet F. Stone issued thereon;

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument and the said petition, be heard before this court, at the probate office in said county, on Saturday, the fourth day of September, A. D. 1897, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument.

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the sixth day of August, A. D. 1897.

By the Court, PHINEAS AYER, Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)

Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-7-14-21.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF FOREIGN WILL.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, Aug. 6th, 1897.

In the matter of the estate of Charles W. Wells, deceased:

Whereas, certain writings purporting to be duly authenticated copies of the last will and testament of Charles W. Wells, late of Saginaw, Michigan, deceased, and the probate thereof in the probate court of the county of Saginaw, state of Michigan, have been delivered to this court;

And whereas, Benjamin E. Wells has filed therewith his petition representing among other things that said Charles W. Wells lately died in said county of Saginaw testate, possessed of certain real estate, situated in said county of St. Louis and that said petitioner is one of the executors named in said will and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be to him and Ammi W. Wright issued thereon;

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument and the said petition, be heard before this court, at the probate office in said county, on Saturday, the fourth day of September, A. D. 1897, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument.

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the sixth day of August, A. D. 1897.

By the Court, PHINEAS AYER, Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)

Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-7-14-21.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.—

In District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of the Manufacturers' Bank of West Duluth, insolvent:

Whereas, the above named court did on the 10th day of August, 1897, duly make and enter its order requiring that the receiver of said insolvent estate advertise for bids from the various creditors of said estate, stating what amount of their respective claims against said estate they would be willing to turn out in consideration of a conveyance of said premises belonging to said estate, described as follows, to-wit: The west half of the northwest quarter of section twenty-one (21), township forty-nine (49) north, of range fifteen (15) west, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, containing eighty acres.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that in accordance with said order, the creditors of said estate are requested to make their respective bids to the undersigned stating therein what amount of their respective claims against said estate they will turn out in consideration for a transfer of said premises. Said bids will be received by the undersigned at his office at West Duluth, in said county and state, not later than the 31st day of August, 1897, said bids to be in writing, duly signed and sealed.

Dated Duluth, Minnesota, August 11, 1897.

C. E. PEASLEE, Receiver of the Manufacturers' Bank of West Duluth, Insolvent.

Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-12-13-14.

The World of Fashion

There are few things absolutely new to write about fashions, so you can but discuss the many ways of making up, with but small expense, the pretty dainty, filmy materials that every one may find so much reduced in price just now at the big stores. Never was there a time when a small outlay of money could produce such pretty dresses. Never were gowns so delightfully worn as now, for the present modes make them so becoming to almost any one with a little good taste, says the New York Sun.

The full waists and the puffs and frills make a slender person look plump and round. The flowing skirts, trimmed with flounces or ruffles edged with lace, and the fluttering sash ends falling over these fluffy skirts, lend a girlish gracefulness to pretty flowered or plain lawns and transparent materials, and these make quite as good a showing at the summer resorts as the more expensive materials, both in attractiveness and good taste. Many of these gowns are made with the old-fashioned Spanish flounce, with tucks and insertion set in above the hem of the flounce, the same repeated above the heading of the flounce. Some are carried up so high that the upper skirt is not much more than a deep yoke. This yoke is composed entirely of the tucks and insertion. The bodices are as elaborately trimmed in the back as in the front, either in yoke or bolero fashion or a deep point. The fronts are finished with the trimming put on crosswise or straight up and down.

FASCINATING ORGANDIES.

The organdies are fascinating in their varying tints and combinations. A light green, trimmed with ruffles of a darker shade, is edged with creamy lace and headed with a row of insertion of the same lace above each ruffle. Made over a light green slip of lawn, a silk of the same hue and a soft chiffon sash of the darker green, such a gown is a refreshing bit of simplicity. A very sheer black, with lavender flowers covering its surface, is finished with five little ruffles about the skirt, edged with black lace and worn over a lavender undergown. Ruffles of the lavender lawn trim the bodice. These extend the same over the sleeves and across the front, forming a bertha, finished to a point, with a soft wrinkled belt and bow of lavender. A delicate pink batiste of the plain silky quality has insertions of fine embroidery or lace set above the hem in three rows, the sleeves of the gown just reaching to the elbow, but quite close fitting, except for the very small fullness at the top. The bodice is tucked crosswise with a row of insertion between each pair of tucks.

SKIRT TRIMMINGS.

The trimmings on the skirts are as varied as the decorations of the bodice —flounces, frills, lace and velvet laid on flat in innumerable rows, accordion pleating; in fact, any decoration that makes the skirt more beautiful in the eyes of fashion. The plain skirt is almost a thing of the past already.

White is a great favorite, as it always is, but it is not the simple white swiss of long ago, but is a compound of so many frills, laces and ribbons that it is like a foaming heap of loveliness.

These patterns can be worn as effectively over a slip of lawn as the more expensive silk slip. Of course, all the beautiful transparent fabrics are used most becomingly, but they are far more expensive gauzes, grenadines, chiffon and a coarse silk net, which must have the silk underdress of pale tints. Some of the canvases and grenadines are so delicately woven that they must have the taffeta's silk foundation to give them the required stiffness. In shading they are as delicate as in texture and make very exquisite gowns, vieing with the mousseline de sole. For more enduring service these can be found also in all dark shades making them most useful for street wear.

THE FOULARD GOWN.

The most useful gown this season is the foulard or India. It fills up all demands and is always ready. It is always in order, and it gives the wearer a chance of wearing all the daring combinations of color that have been allowed this season. One in bright blue, with quantities of cream-colored lace, is finished at waist and throat with green ribbons; it has a dark red showing out from under the falls of lace, and the skirt as it flies out shows the red silk lining. This is a very stylish garment, in a combination of blue and violet although likely to offend the eye unless the right shades are chosen. Narrow fringe is used to edge the ruffles of some of these foulard gowns. One in brown and ecru is trimmed with narrow brown fringe on the little ruffles which are lined with bright red. The bodice has a deep fall of broader fringe falling from a yoke of Irish lace over the red silk. The waist is finished with a red chiffon sash fringed at the ends.

The boleros, the becoming little jackets, are still very much worn. Much of the trimming of gowns is put on to suggest these little jackets. Some of them are left open in the back and are much shorter than the front.

MEDIUM-SIZED CHECKS.

For traveling and general wear medium-sized checks or mixed cheviot or mohair are popular fabrics. They are made with fly-front coats or Eton jackets. One very useful gown is made of black and white check, the Eton jacket lined and faced with black silk. This is worn over a pleated white grenadine vest, which has a fine white lisse cravat with cream-colored lace on the ends. With a black sailor with its severe band and a bow of white satin, the costume is very stylish as well as useful.

A gray linen, not ecru, is a most excellent material for a shirt waist to wear with a traveling gown. But then shirt materials are legion—percale, linen, pique or India silk, with collars and cuffs stiffened, like linen ones. The Habutai silk launders as well as cambric.

Of the making or sale of shirts there is no end. The new silk batiste is delicate, but should be made over silk to give firmness. Many of the newer waists are cut up on each side to show a silk under-bodice. Some are slashed up all around the figure, making the whole waist looks like straps.

The first model of the week is made of white pique, with ruffles of embroidered pique, either in white or colors. The color on the ruffles matches the natural flower it represents. This gown has two graduated ruffles on the skirt, forming a frilly basque on the hips and extending down both front and back of the skirt, being graduated so it is a tiny frill when it reaches the hem. The front of the bodice is of soft lawn with an embroidered pointed yoke at the neck. The sleeves are finished with the same ruffle at the outer edge.

MOUJIK BLOUSES.

The moujik blouses are a most necessary addition to a mountain or seaside wardrobe. They are made of woolen stuffs and lined with silks. A pretty one is of bright blue, lined with a rich dark carnation-colored silk. The braid is of a darker shade of the blue, interwoven with gilt. The front is of embroidered cambric and the collar of the same embroidery stiffened and lined with the dark red. Another one is of reseda cashmere and is lined with a delicate straw color. The pleated frills are double, one of the straw color and the other of a darker shade of the cashmere. The same double frilling edges the revers and finishes the hands and neck. A belt of gilt confines it at the waist.

A tasty gown is of foulard, the skirt with tabliers with a shaped band, into which the side and back breadths are fitted. The band is lace insertion lined with a contrasting color. The pretty-shaped bodice has an open front and round neck with a double bertha, one of the silk, and the other of the lace lined with the bright-colored silk. This bodice is fitted closely in the back, but it opens in front on a plastron widening from the waist line upward. This is trimmed with row upon row of rolls of the same shade of silk that shows the insertion on the skirt and the lace collar.

A very pretty gown with its side breadths shirred on the hips is of white grenadine over rosy pink. The back breadths have a full ruching of white chiffon. The full shirred sleeves with the shawl caps at the top are lined with the rosy pink. The front of the close-fitting bodice is covered with full ruchings of chiffon.

AN EMBROIDERED MUSLIN.

A stylish gown is a beautiful embroidered muslin over mauve. The gored skirt is gored in the back and is inserted perpendicularly, with alternate rows of beading lace and strips of embroidered muslin. The bodice is of muslin pleated in the back, and the fronts fall over a wide band of mauve satin ribbon. The muslin is draped across from shoulder to shoulder, where it ends in a lace-edged epaulette falling over a mauve satin bow. A similar bow is at the back of the waist, with long ends that extend to the bottom of the skirt.

A neat model in black net is made over pale green and has three horizontal insertions of Chantilly lace. This has two long sash ends of the lace with accordion-pleated ruchings. The bodice has zouave fronts over a pale green and white lisse bodice. There are tucks and insertions over the green tight sleeve, finished at the top with frills of the lace, the same little frill of lace trimming the edge of the jacket. Black satin ribbon finishes the gown.

A very elaborate costume is one of biscuit-colored canvas over a shot silk. The bodice is becomingly arranged, with a folded waistband of black, and the little bolero of cream-colored guipure lace is lined with cerise silk. The soft front is of gathered lawn, with a deep ruffle with a hemstitched border on the right side. This is finished with large black satin bows.

SHEER ORGANDIES.

Plain, but pretty, is a plain organdie. Although the skirt is perfectly plain, the elaborately trimmed lawn skirt underneath is adornment enough for the skirt. The sash is of cream white moire and is brought to a point in front and knotted on one side with loops and long ends reaching to the hem of the skirt. The bodice is a unique arrangement of tucks crossing and recressing one another in pretty fashion and fastened on one side with bows of ribbon, not large, and of creamy white. The frill here is edged with lace, the same lace-edged frill finishing the neck and hands.

In the dresses of merry bathers is one with a suit of white mohair, the full bloomers buttoned about the knee. The blouse, which is quite full, is fastened under the arm. The square neckband is of red linen embroidered in white. Elbow sleeves and sash with bright handkerchief make a pretty spot of color in the waves. Another one is of blue serge, the sleeves and sash of blue and red striped wool. The fancy yoke is of white linen, coarsely embroidered with red.

Quite stylish is one with the little bolero jacket opening over the sailor shirt with the Byron collar is red and black. The little jacket, tie and skirt are black, and the shirt is red.

A full blouse which has one rever and is buttoned over with one button is of silk, dark blue faced with white, about the bottom of the skirt. The stockings are dark blue, with tiny white stripes running about the leg, and white bath shoes. Another one is of sea green serge; the yoke and bands across the bodice are of coarse lace laid over a band of red.

Butcher's linen trimmed with some coarse lace or braid is being used this season for bathing and is very much liked. The silk handkerchief, to bind the hair, are made waterproof, and consequently are a great protection. It is quite the thing to have the handkerchief and stockings match, which is quite possible, as both come in checks and stripes as well as plain.

SUMMER GIRL DRESSES.

Pretty Things Noticed in the Wrap Novelties.

The summer girl has little to complain of in the variety of wraps in which she may be arrayed. Whether she wishes to travel or go cycling, to ride in a pony cart or go yachting, to shop or to dance, she cannot fail to find something in a wrap which will exactly suit her taste, says the Chicago Chronicle.

The most stylish wrap for traveling, in spite of the July weather, is the new golf cape. The combination of sober color and plaid is a reminder of the Scottish heaths and highland costumes where the game golf originated—indeed, a shawl of true Scotch plaid is not infrequently worn instead of the cape. In pattern, the cape does not greatly differ from that of last winter's wraps—except perhaps for being a trifle longer and possessed of details of turn and finish which make for it an individual style. The colors—which make the body of the cape—if we can call such sober shades "colors" after the resplendency of the spring and summer season, are varying browns and deep greens. There is also an abundance of blacks and a sprinkling of blackish blues. Many of the prettiest capes are made entirely of plaid instead of being only lined with it. The material which composes these garments is of the heaviest possible wool—finished a little rough—and they are worn open enough to show the front of the dress and the cape lining, thereby giving freedom to the arms and insuring a little coolness. It is appropriate to wear these capes with all kinds of summer outing dresses, whether light or dark.

NEW STYLES IN JACKETS.

We are daily getting in new styles in jackets—red and blue and black: It is hard to tell which of these colors produces the nattiest effects when trimmed and made up by the skillful dressmaker. All during the spring and early summer we had jackets galore to match suits; now we may possess ourselves with jaunty creations which seemingly do not belong anywhere—and yet they never seem out of place either. The queen's jubilee has donated us a jacket in red—bright red and trimmed with lace and braid and ribbon and what not. One very pretty one was finished in a fine pattern of gold lace insertion; another was trimmed in red silk braid exactly matching the jacket and lined with red plaid; still another was ornamented by a circular pattern of heavy cream open work lace. The blue jackets—and for these the very bluest blue should be used—are very charming when trimmed with white lace or braid, though silks of various colors for linings and black braid for trimming may be effectively employed. The black jackets are the noblest when trimmed with white appique lace and lined with white silk. Plaids and Roman stripes and plain taffeta may be used with these also. These jackets should never be made without sleeves, though they may be cut off at the waist line in imitation of the sleeveless jacket. They are prettiest when worn, like the golf cape, with light summer fabrics, and are appropriate for elaborately trimmed dresses—which the golf cape is not. They are little worn on the street, though plainer ones may be made which are convenient for traveling and shopping.

NOVELTY IN SHOULDER CAPES.

The airy, fairy shoulder capes whose very fabric and flimsy impalpability of texture is a sufficient warrant that the soot of city streets and the dust of railway cars comes not nigh when it appears—the culmination of the summer's riotous extravagance and tumultuous fancy for trimming—still holds sway with unmitigated favor. One would think that dressmakers would have exhausted their art and drained the fountains of originality long ere this, but garments possessed of charming attractiveness are still being produced, and women are not likely to soon tire of these dainty shoulder enveloppes whose soft frills and tucks and bows bring out facial beauty as nothing else can. A very effective wrap in black and orange was turned out of a shop recently, which various shades of red and blue from very light to very dark tints are combined with one another or with white or black or some color for making new effects in these capes. Some summer wraps which are a trifle longer and of lusterless black have just appeared and they are becoming not a little popular.

A BICYCLE SUIT.

A month ago the girl who had a '97 bicycle and who did not have a bicycle outfit, consisting of a divided skirt and jacket to match and a pair of bicycle boots or gaiters, was in a wretched, rebellious state of mind. A month ago there was scarcely a feminine bicyclist who would venture on the boulevard without a conventional bicycle suit. Today we see more short, round skirts and low shoes and odd waists than anything else. Something has struck the bicycle dress sentiment—perhaps we are tired of being made fun of by our French and English sisters. They ought to envy us now, however, for we do not have to trail around in long, awkard skirts like the English girl nor shock the conservative elements of society by wearing bloomers, as does the French girl. We have rid ourselves of the tall stiff boot, which hindered our pedal action, and outgrown the feeling that we must wear a suit which is cut, made and solely adapted for the bicycle every time we go for a spin. What more can we ask?

ALL MANNER OF SKIRTS.

We also have skirts adapted to the weather. Pique skirts, duck skirts, linen crash—all the materials which we have for skirts of any kind—and we wear any kind of waist with them we choose. We also have a new skirt of waterproof material for rain—though we cannot well ride in the rain and do not need it very much. This skirt is also good for any kind of weather which is bad, and it is durable and not easily faded. When the shirt waist accompanies the bicycle skirt the tie should match the waist. For the nicer shirt waists worn on any occasion a tie to match is appropriate.

One does not need to go to the country and leave the crowded city districts in order to see young ladies emerging day after day in unsullied, immaculate daintiness. The dust flies in the air; the soot reposes in fine and multifarious particles on the nose and forehead of the uninitiated man; his collar wilts, his hat-band makes a distinct and crayon-like line where it connects with his brow, and when he smiles the wrinkles in his cheeks have the appearance of cracks filled with dirt—and yet he encounters young ladies, plenty of them, who look as fresh and clean as though they had been preserved all summer in the proverbial handbox and were now taken out for him to gaze upon for the first time. He wonders if they can possibly be so clean tomorrow—and if he happens to get on the same street car he doubtless encounters the same one, looking as serene and unsullied as the day before. She has her secrets and the laundryman has his woes—but there she is.

NEWLY LAUNDERED.

She wears on her head—and he looks at the stiff white straw hat he has had cleaned three times and meditates—some kind of a very light straw concern, covered with lace veiling or a grenadine sash or some folds of white mousseline de soie, with stiff black feathers or white wings emerging from the soft folds and giving it a jaunty finish. On her hands she wears white chamois gloves, which positively are without a spot. Her dress skirt is as unblemished as a piece of white chalk and her shirt waist is rustling with cleanliness. Even her tie carries with it the air of having been newly laundered, and as for her linen and her shoes, the one is spotless and the other dustless. The man buries both hands in his newspaper and sits very still—he can imagine how like a criminal he would feel if he should get any of his grime on her unsullied costume.

HOW SHE DOES IT.

So much for her appearance. But does she spend the remaining hours of the twenty-four in getting herself ready for this attack on the equanimity of the man to whom cleanliness and a trip around the city streets in summer are totally incompatible? No, not exactly. She has to exert herself more or less to preserve this unblemished appearance day after day, but she thinks it worth her while. She is possessed of plenty of hot water and soap, and everything she has on will wash, from her hat down to the single exception of her shoes, which she can easily polish. She trims her hats up again herself after she has applied soap and water to everything but the frame and feathers—and a little flour and gasoline to these—and it looks quite as well as when she got it from the store. She sends her shirt waist and her duck, piqué or linen crash skirt to the laundry after having worn them once or twice—and they always return to her as good as new. Her gloves and tie go into the suds or gasoline with her hat trimmings.

Then behold her on the same day—if she has but one shopping hat and one pair of chamois gloves—sailing serenely from the front door for the sun to shine on and men to admire. She has pressed out her tie and trimmings, restored her hat, dried her gloves, scolded her laundryman for not having put the dress skirt stiffer and she is now ready to go on any tour of pleasure or feminine conquest.

SIMPLICITY AND ELEGANCE.

White Muslin With Sashes Is In Popular Favor.

Once it pleased a great queen to dress as a dairy maid, and posterity remembers her better for this travesty than perhaps for anything else she did. It is a success that may well inspire the dress amateurs once in a generation or so, and they have certainly bethought themselves of it this year. For simplicity is now the fashion, and rustic effects are the top notch of chic, says Ada Cone in her Paris letter in the Indianapolis News.

Muslin gowns, hemmed and tucked, and tied behind with a sash with long ends, are being worn by the most elegant woman in France. It is delightfully naive. One is reminded of Mary Smith, and Jane Davis come into Jonesville to see the circus. Peanuts, please, and pink lemonade.

Somebody asked M. Doucet how all this came about, and here is what he oracularly said: The fashions are thus because they were not so last year, and they will be otherwise in autumn because they are thus now—and M. Doucet is one of the seven sages of Paris.

The reader may ravel this enigma to suit herself; the plain fact remains. A great many white muslins are worn, and the colored muslins are in such simple tints as are to be found at the village store. A strawberry red gingham, tied with a white sash, makes a fashionable dress. This dress may be tucked or ruffled, or have some insertions of cluny lace, but the trimming must not impose; there must remain always the simple contrast of the strawberry red gown and the big, white sash.

It is the general effect only that must rigorously be rustic and simple; the making may be as difficult as you please. The material may be tucked and appliqued and otherwise needlework as though it were trousseau underwear. Thus a gown being worn by the Duchess d'Uzes is certainly of white muslin tied with a sash, but the skirt is in two overlapping parts, each one tucked vertically, with the lower part of each left loose to form a flounce. The blouse is incrusted with lace, the sash of yellow crape ends in fringe, the neckband of yellow satin is appliqued over with lace. A white organdie just made for Mme. Achille Fould, wife of the rich banker, is trimmed with ruches of white tulle. This trimming is a novelty, and is used on hats as well as on gowns. The ruche is box plaited and full, and measures about three inches across.

But, plain or elaborated, the general idea is the same, and there is just as much style in a tucked gown as in an embroidered one, if it conforms to the type.

BLACK TULLE OVER ROSE.

More costly gowns are of black chantilly lace over white faille or over a color. Very pretty gowns are made also of black tulle. One being worn by the Baroness de Barye, of black tulle over rose, is trimmed with narrow black satin ribbon. The skirt has clusters of rows at intervals all the way up the skirt, and the blouse is made to correspond. As a novelty may be cited also a gown made by Baroness de Fricourt, of iron-gray corded grenadine trimmed with gold galloon.

The color tendencies noticed in my last letter are confirmed. It is the primary tints that have most vogue. Yellow is much worn. Elegance in this direction is exemplified in a gown of yellow foulard printed with white palm leaves, with a yellow hat trimmed with white and black plumes and a white gauze parasol with a yellow stick.

All the materials and the forms and colors mentioned may be relied upon as suggestions for evening dress when cool weather comes. For the first evening gowns are always a modification of summer dress, and when M. Doucet said that things would change in the autumn he was speaking hyperbolically, merely to round out his enigmatic speech. The fashion may go steady by jerks, but it follows the high road all the same.

SIMPLICITY AND CHARACTER.

For elegance in this sort of dress there are certain conditions that remain always the same. The materials must stand wear, and there should be simplicity and character in the forms. The problem is special.

The materials being used are English wools, serges, homespuns and twilled flannels. A good many costumes are all white, a good many are in fine checks, and I have seen at a great dressmaker's a masterpiece in chocolate, trimmed with white braid.

The costume may be made with a blouse or a jacket. The blouse droops rather low over the belt all round; it is open down the front, over a plastron, and has large square revers and collar faced with white flannel. It is covered all over with narrow white braid in lines running round, the lines looped at intervals. The loops, coming one under the other, form a pattern running up and down. The same pattern in the same white braid runs over all the white flannel. The sleeve is braided to match on the upper part, and there is a turn-over cuff of white flannel. A little basque, slashed at intervals, is braided to match. The skirt is left plain.

Among the jackets a good many are made with fitted back and loose front. If the front is double breasted it is finished down both sides alike, to give a plastron effect. Thus a brown and white checked jacket has a wide band of brown ribbon stitched down each side and the ribbon is striped with narrow white braid. The outside of the standing collar is of the plain brown striped with white, and the same striped trimming borders square epaulettes and the foot of the skirt. White satin faces the collar and lines the jacket throughout, and when the fronts are open and turned back there is an effect of long, white revers. The blouse furnished with this handsome costume is of brown and white plaid lawn.

ONE OF WHITE SERGE.

A model in white serge has a loose jacket reaching below the belt; it is open in front, and under each edge is set a short bolero front. The outside jacket has a standing collar that flares and the inside one has a standing military collar. The sleeve has an epaulette, and the whole is braided with white. Blouse of yellow silk. A blue serge is made with a bolero some three inches shorter than the waist, cut straight round, and on the edge are loops of black braid sewed close together and falling long enough to carry the jacket to the bottom of the waist. Square epaulettes are trimmed with the same loops.

An elegant costume just made for a sea voyage is of fine checked brown and black homespun. It has a jacket loose and belted behind and loose and double breasted in front, the belt passing under in the arm seams. It has a large hood that covers the shoulders and can be drawn over the head. The sleeve has a turnover cuff that stands out from the wrist and in its negligee effect seems to be related to the hood. This gown is finished with stitchings and the hood is unlined. The same jacket without the hood will be used for fall street gowns.

All the skirts of heavy wools have been cut down to nearly half the width they had last year. Two and a quarter yards is not thought too narrow, particularly if braid is to be used.

The blouses for wear with these costumes, whether of cotton or silk, are very simply made. They are tucked up and down. Box plaits have come back into use. They are fastened down the front with a cluster of ruffles that do not lie flat, but stand straight out from the waist. The neck is finished with a turn-down linen collar and a tie. The tie is of Scotch plaid silk, or it may be of tulle.

Sailor hats are worn with these wool gowns, of yellow straw trimmed with black velvet and wings, with possibly some poppies and bachelor buttons, or some wheat.

CHILDREN'S DRESS.

The fashion of accordion plaits has been seized on for children, and the greater number of gowns not washable are thus made. Soft liberty silks have the blouse and skirt both plaited and are tied with a sash of the same silk with long ends. The gown will be of yellow silk, with white sash, or of palm-leaf print with sash of blue. These effects, so delightfully simple, make the success of the season in children's wear.

For variety another idea utilized for children is the Marie Antoinette fichu. This fichu is made of white organdie, with ruffles trimmed with narrow black velvet ribbon, and is worn with colored silk or muslin gowns for dancing school or party dress.

The cotton gowns are needle-worked after the manner of those for adults. They have tucks and insertions running in all directions and criss-cross, and the degree of this elaboration depends only on the time or money one wishes to spend. Morning gowns are simple enough. One of brown gingham for a girl of twelve has the skirt and the blouse covered with wide tucks running round. A belt of green satin ribbon is finished with a rosette on the right side, and a rosette and long end on the left side the front. It is a belt-finish, much used for children.

FIRST SCHOOL GOWNS.

The first school gowns will be made in blue and green Scotch plaids trimmed with narrow blue satin or velvet ribbon. A model has rows of velvet round the bottom in graduated widths, and a box plaited blouse, with square epaulettes covering the shoulders, trimmed to match the skirt. Autumn jackets for girls over ten will be cut with double-breasted square front and loose belted back, like that described above for adults. They will make also box-plaited blouses of colored velveteen for wear with plaid wool or surah skirts. The skirt, if trimmed, will have rows of velvet ribbon to match the blouse.

Little girls' hats for autumn will have wide brims of shirred velvet. The trimming is all massed on the front, and is simply a ribbon tied with large loops, to which is added when elaboration is wanted, an ostrich feather that stands straight up in front.

SICK WOMEN.

Catarrh of the Pelvic Organs the Cause.

Catarrh of the pelvic organs is the most frequent cause for diseases peculiar to women. The symptoms are pain in the back, constipation, irritability, sleeplessness, frequent headache, throbbing, flashes of heat, prickly sensations, faintness, numbness, irregularities, discharges, and a continual tired-out feeling.

Mrs. Eliza Wike, Krumroy, Ohio, writes: "I would be in my grave now if it had not been for your God-sent remedy Pe-ru-na. Everybody says I am looking so much better. No doctor could help me as Pe-ru-na did. I was broken down woman, had no appetite; what little I did eat did not agree with my stomach. It is now seven years past that I used Pe-ru-na and I can eat anything."

Dr. Hartman's latest book, written especially for women, will be sent free for a short time to women only, by the Pe-ru-na Drug Manufacturing company, Columbus, Ohio.

ORIGIN OF PRINCETON'S CHEER.

According to Scribner's, different stories are told as to the origin of Princeton's cheer. A member of the class of '69 declares that the late Dr. Woolsey Johnson, of that class, first sounded the "Hooray, hooray, hooray, tigers, siss-boom-ah Princeton," in one of Professor Schenck's recitations. But Chancellor Alexander T. McGill, of the class of '61, declares that he remembers quite distinctly when the Seventh regiment, of this city, went to the war, and how nearly the whole college went down through the Potter woods to the old depot by the canal at midnight to greet it as it passed through. The cheers of the boys were responded to by the Seventh with the "skyrocket," which so impressed the youthful mind that it was indulged in at first as borrowed property, and, later, as time advanced, was adopted as the college cheer.

Are you in The Herald's directory?

Many Think!

When it was said to the woman: "In sorrow shalt thou bring forth children," that a perpetual curse was pronounced, but the thrill of joy felt by every Mother when she clasps to her heart her babe proves the contrary. True, dangers lurk in the pathway of the Expectant Mother and should be avoided.

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DISEASES OF WOMEN: If you are suffering from any of the diseases peculiar to your sex such as ovarian troubles, bearing down from the hips, nervous troubles, shortness of breath, heart palpitations, all gone feeling, falling or displacement of the womb, inflammation or ulceration, bloating, headaches, spinal weakness, pain in back and loins, leucorrhoea, discharges and burning, smarting and itching, you can, with absolute certainty, be cured by Dr. S. Clay Todd's valuable aid. Don't stay away because you are poor. If your physician is not curing you, or if you wish immediate relief and a permanent cure, consult **DR. S. CLAY TODD at his Medical Institute and Eye and Ear infirmary, 1224 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis. Consultation free. Medicines furnished.**

JUST AS HE WAS TOLD.

How a Small Boy Got a Joke on the Teachers.

I listened myself, a day or two ago, to a very good anecdote of a grammar school youngster whom you know, and whom, for the purposes of this communication, I will call Surrey, says a correspondent of the Boston Transcript. The elements for understanding what occurred are these: Surrey has a married sister living, let us say, in Buffalo. Surrey himself lives with his parents in one of the outlying districts of Boston and attends a grammar school there. About ten days ago Surrey's sister was attacked by measles and has been very ill—in fact, her mother was quite anxious about her and daily reports came from Buffalo to Boston. It happens that at the same time a small epidemic of measles and of scarlet fever has been raging in a little district not far from where Surrey lives. The board of health has been trying to stamp out the disease which exists in the district where Surrey's school is located. A few days ago Surrey's teacher rapped to call attention of her pupils, and remarked upon the fact that there were some cases of measles and scarlet fever, and that it was quite important that they should not be communicated in the school, and concluded by asking any one in whose family there was a case of either disease to rise. Surrey promptly stood up. The teacher, who happened to know Surrey's mother, was quite surprised, and asked:

"Who in your family is sick?"

"My sister."

"Have you a sister?"

"Oh, yes."

"What's the matter with her?"

"Measles."

"How long has she been sick?"

"Four or five days, and she's been out of her head."

"Well," said the teacher, "go right up to Mr. Parker and tell him about this."

Surrey went boldly to the room of the master of the school and knocked.

"Well, what is it?" asked the master.

"Miss Bailey told me to come and tell you that my sister has the measles."

"How long has she had the measles?"

"Almost a week."

"Are you sure it is the measles?"

"Oh, yes, the doctor said so and she's been delirious."

"And do you mean to say your mother, knowing that she has had the measles, has sent you to school?"

"Yes, sir."

"Well, you go straight to your room, and when the bell rings take your books and go home, and don't come back to school for three weeks."

"Yes, sir."

Surrey returned and reported to Miss Bailey what Mr. Parker had said, and took his seat. A few minutes later he timidly raised his hand.

"Well, what is it, Surrey?"

"I didn't tell Mr. Parker that my sister lives in Buffalo."

The scholars shouted, and Miss Bailey had difficulty in keeping her own countenance as she said:

"Well, you had better go and tell Mr. Parker now."

Surrey returned and communicated the intelligence to Mr. Parker, who could not help noticing the twinkle in Surrey's eye, but said to him quite sternly:

"Don't try that again. Return to your room."

When Surrey reported at home what had occurred he was remonstrated with, but he replied that he only did exactly what he was asked to do, and only answered the questions that were put to him and that he had been told many times not to volunteer explanations.

SERVE AN INJUNCTION ON DISEASE

By invigorating a feeble constitution, renovating a debilitated physique, and enriching a thin and immutritious circulation with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the finest, the most highly sanctioned, and the most popular tonic and preventive in existence. It strengthens the stomach, remedies torpor of the liver and bowels, and gives a healthful impulse to the secreting and discharging functions of the kidneys and bladder. Not only does it arrest and prevent the recurrence of malarial fevers, but it furnishes the only adequate safeguard against them to persons who have never been afflicted with those maladies, but would be liable to incur them if medicinally unprotected. It eliminates from the blood certain impurities which the most skilful pathologists assign as the exciting cause of those agonizing complaints, rheumatism and gout, and it is, moreover, an excellent remedy for an enfeebled and overwrought state of the nerves, and for mental despondency.

Pine lands tributary to Duluth wanted. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows block.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT applications have been made in writing to the common council of the city of Duluth and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors by the following named persons and at the following places, respectively, to-wit:

William Lawrenz, 329 Lake avenue south.

Ole Olssen, 102 East Superior street.

Said applications will be heard and determined by said common council of the city of Duluth at the council chamber in said city of Duluth, on Monday, the 23d day of August, 1897, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk.

Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-7-14.

NOTICE TO BUILD SIDEWALKS.—

In accordance with a resolution of the common council of the city of Duluth, passed August 2, 1897, notice is hereby given to all owners and occupants of any and all lots or parcels of land adjoining the easterly side of Niagara street between Orange street and Quince street, to construct a sidewalk in said Niagara street adjoining their several lots at their own proper expense and charge before August 31, 1897. Said walk to be constructed in accordance with plans and specifications on file in the office of the board of public works, and to be built to the established line and grade or to a temporary line and grade to be given by the city engineer.

If the said owners or occupants fail to construct said walk before August 31, 1897, or if any such work, or part thereof, is not done in the manner prescribed by said plans and specifications, or if said walk is not built to the line and grade prescribed, then the board of public works of the city of Duluth will cause the same to be done, and the full cost and expense thereof together with ten (10) per cent additional for cost of surveys, plans and superintendence, will be assessed against said lots.

Duluth, Minn., August 7, 1897.

W. H. SMITH,
President Board of Public Works.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-9-14-18.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of fifteen thousand five hundred forty and 12-100 dollars which amount is claimed to be due and is due, owing and unpaid at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly made and delivered by Wallace Warner and Laura A. Warner, his wife, of county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, mortgagors, to American Loan and Trust Company of the city of Duluth, county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, a corporation duly incorporated and organized under the laws of the state of Minnesota, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of November, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 11th day of March, 1889, at one o'clock p. m., in Book 39 of mortgages, on page 40, which mortgage and the debt thereby secured were duly assigned by said American Loan and Trust Company to the undersigned James C. Davis and Lewis S. Dabney, trustees, who are now the owners and holders thereof, by written instrument, bearing date the 18th day of March, 1889, and duly recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 25th day of March, 1889, at five o'clock p. m., in Book 39 of mortgages, on page 77.

And whereas, said mortgage contains a power of sale which power by reason of said default has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: The westerly half of lot numbered eight (8), in block numbered three (3), Duluth Proper, Central Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Tuesday, the 21st day of September, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, together with two hundred dollars attorneys' fee, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as by law provided.

Dated August 6th, 1897.

JAMES C. DAVIS and LEWIS S. DABNEY, Trustees,
Assignees of Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for said Assignee of Mortgagee.
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-7-14-21-28-Sept-4-11.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, July 31st, 1897.

In the Matter of the Estate of Vose Palmer, Deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Lorin W. Palmer, of said county,

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court, for examination and allowance, at the probate office in Duluth, in said county, on the fourth Monday in February, A. D. 1898, at ten o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless, for cause shown, further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 31st day of July, A. D. 1897.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, July-31-Aug-7-14.

Wheels and Their Riders

The principal, and, in fact, only event of interest connected with local wheeling matters this week has been the relay race at the Union rink, which has been in progress all the week, beginning Monday night and ending last night. There has been two hours' racing each evening and there have been two men from each of the contesting cities, Duluth and Superior, on the track each evening. Four men from each city are entered and each has to ride an hour each evening. The race has been very interesting and it has been pretty well attended right through. Last night, owing to the refusal of the Superior men to go on, the race came to an end. Duluth led by a small margin during most of the week, with the Superior men at no time where an extra hard pull could not work them to the lead.

This event engrossed all the attention of the local cycling enthusiasts during the week to the exclusion of everything else, though there was still time for them to think a little about next week's attraction at the Union rink, which will be the female riders, back for a second race in Duluth for this season.

* * *

The second ladies' six-day bicycle race of the season will open at the Union rink Monday evening and promises to be decidedly interesting because of the warm rivalry which exists among the contestants, three of whom have within a fortnight smashed the world's 12-hour record. The riders will be Misses Harp, Flering, Drehmel, Brooks, Peterson and Wellington, the same little "Babe," who scored such a hit during her last appearance here. At a race at Winona, which closed Aug. 3, Miss Harp, Miss Flering and Miss Drehmel smashed the world's record and the result of the race here will decide the championship of the world. The finish promises to be unusually close and interesting. On the occasion of the last race at the rink the price of admission was doubled on the last evening, and through an oversight the fact was not advertised, which aroused considerable unfavorable comment. This time the management promises that there will be no repetition of the offense and the admission price will be the same at the finish as on the opening night.

* * *

Bevel gears and the clickety-click chains will begin a fight to the finish next year. Bicyclists will be warned that a chainless wheel is the only really swell up-to-date $100 one in the world. They will also be told by the versatile salesman that the chain wheel is the real thing, and that the bevel gear is a mere freak, destined to bolster up a rapacious trust. The bevel gear, or chainless wheel, will be sold for $100, and the chain wheel will have a mark-down tag of $75 tied to its front fork.

This is the program laid out by bicycle makers who have been watching certain conferences and consultations held in the East recently, says the Chicago Record. When Col. Pope sent out word that all bicycles made in his shop bearing 1897 date line should be marked down from $100 to $75 wheelmen all over the country joyfully accepted the tidings as an indication that the day of cheaper bicyles had dawned. But it seems that Col. Pope had an ulterior motive in taking this action. It is now reported that there is in process of organization a combination or trust of big bicycle makers who next year will put chainless wheels on the market, and Col. Pope wanted to clear his decks for action. According to this report the bevel gear men will work together, through a selling organization to be formed, not only to sell their products, but to make the chain wheel such a back number that no self-respecting bicyclist will be seen on one. The plans of this chainless wheel combination contemplates the issuing of licenses by the Pope Manufacturing company to the several companies instead of giving them the right to put bevel gears on their wheels. If the combination can prove that the chainless wheel is a practical success and can start a craze for bevel gears on wheels, it is believed the combination will have a practical monopoly on bicycles before 1900 comes in. It is said this combination is buying up patents for chainless wheels right and left, so that in time it will control every device which can in any way be regarded as practical.

But the chain-wheel men also are organizing on lines identical with those employed by the chainless-wheel men. A number of chain-wheel makers have been approached with a proposition to enter into an offensive and defensive combination for the purpose of selling and upholding the chain wheel. The chain-wheel men say that the bevel gear is yet an experiment, and while there is no doubt that chainless bicycles will be put on the market next year and exploited as the only genuine simon-pure, very latest machine, the number will be limited. Arthur Black, chairman of the cycle board of trade, said that he would believe reports of a combination of leading bicycle men for selling chainless wheels when he saw a bevel gear that is as good as the ordinary chain. He intimated that perhaps chain wheels will be standard at $75 next year.

In the bevel gear a bevel-gear wheel is used instead of a sprocket. This large wheel engages with a smaller bevel gear, which in turn rotates a rod that extends back to the bevel gear on the rear wheel. The gear wheels can be encased in a case and completely surrounded by oil, and the casing will be dust proof. A claim will be made that this form of transmitting motion will be much more costly than the chain, but skilled mechanics say the bevel gear should not cost a cent more than a well-made chain, and that in the end the chain will be the victor.

The champions of the new style of gearing argue that the exposure of the chain is a serious defect in bicycle construction; that it adds friction, causes the parts to wear more rapidly, thereby making the bicycle harder to propel, and is a source of annoyance in the way of accumulating dirt and soiling clothing. The vibratory strain often causes it to spring and throw the sprockets out of alignment. These faults are claimed to have been entirely overcome in the bevel geared machine.

As in the case of chain-driven wheels, the side-shaft machine may be geared to any size required. Owing to the ease in propulsion the gears will probably be made slightly higher than the average ones used now. The new machines will be from one to two pounds heavier than those with chains, and their construction will cost the manufacturer more than the present style.

The further a wheelman or wheelwoman can go without a drink the better. Cyclists will be surprised to note how easy it is to ride without frequent assuagings of thirst once the desire for the first drink is overcome. When the rider gets to a point where he thinks he can stand it no longer he will be surprised to note how easily his thirst may be quenched by pouring cold water over his wrists and rinsing out his mouth and throat without gulping down great swallows of an icy liquid that instantly chills his entire system with possibly fatal results.

Riders not fitted for long distance trips may discover after they have gone a considerable distance, that their breath comes quickly and with evident effort. The action of the heart is very hurried and there is something like a feeling of suffocation and oppression in the chest. That is nature's warning to stop and take a rest. Possibly a weakened stomach may have something to do with it, but a weakened stomach means hard work for the heart, as well as the other hard work the heart is doing to supply blood to the body that is undergoing such unusual exercise, compared with that to which it has been accustomed. If the rider refuses to note the warning shortly there will be a collapse and a cyclist prostrate on the road side.

Never, under any circumstances, plunge immediately into cold water when overheated.

When riding in the broad sunlight of a summer's day, it is not a bad idea to put a damp handkerchief on the top of the head, but better than that is a good, old-fashioned relief from the hot rays of the sun, which every farmer and every farmer's son knows about and will recommend. Get a cabbage leaf, if you can, the thicker and broader the better, and stuff it in the crown of your hat or cap. If a cabbage leaf can't be found the broad leaf of the wild dock or the leaves of the turnip will help to soften the fierce intensity with which the sun beats down upon heads accustomed to nothing fiercer than the electric light.

Snyder, the calculating barber, was talking about cycling, and was holding forth upon the energy expended by women in making century runs, says the Philadelphia Record. "I have done a little figuring on the subject," he remarked, "and the result is most surprising.

"Take a woman weighing 120 pounds and who rides a wheel weighing twenty pounds. In riding 100 miles I have calculated that a power of more than 3,000,000 pounds of energy, or about 100 horse-power, has been brought into play.

"And to think that all this has been expending in riding a bicycle. Had the woman directed this energy in running a sewing machine, where a force of two pounds will run a needle over a piece of cloth for a distance of a foot, she could have hemmed a piece of muslin about 1,500,000 feet, or nearly 300 miles long.

"The same amount of energy used to propel a baby carriage weighing ten pounds, containing a baby weighing twelve pounds more, would send the youngster 500 miles.

"The same amount of energy expended in churning would produce thirty tons of butter, or would push a carpet sweeper over an area of 250,000 square feet.

"The woman could also have ironed without any more fatigue a strip of muslin a foot wide and 240 miles long.

"And if she had been shopping, just think of all the bargain counters she could have walked around. I tell you it's astonishing. Bay rum or witch hazel, sir?"

The attempt of accident insurance companies to class bicycle riding as "extra hazardous," and, therefore beyond the conditions nominated in the policy, received a set-back in the New York supreme court recently. Israel W. Baldwin, of Avoca, Steuben county, N. Y., who carried an accident policy of the Fraternal Accident association of America, was badly injured by falling from his bicycle in 1894, and as a result was incapacitated from pursuing his ordinary occupation for over a year. He sued the company to recover $29 per week for the period of one year. The company contested the claim on two grounds. One was that under the terms of the policy the plaintiff was pledged to submit the question of damage to arbitration, in the event of a disagreement with the company, and this he did not consent to. The other was that the policy provided that if the plaintiff should be injured while engaged temporarily or otherwise in any occupation or exposure classified as more hazardous than that specified in the certificate the indemnity should be at the rate only of the more hazardous occupation. If the company's claims on this latter point were conceded the plaintiff's compensation for the period of his disability would be at the rate of $10 per week.

Justice Davy, of the supreme court, before whom the case was brought, ruled in favor of the plaintiff on both points. In the first he held that no private agreement looking to arbitration could extinguish the plaintiff's right of appeal to the courts. In the second, he dismissed as untenable the theory that bicycling as practiced by the ordinary citizen is an "extra hazardous" occupation, deciding that the word "occupation" as used in the policy referred to a man's regular business or calling and did not cover a harmless pastime like bicycle riding.

Before the bicycle was perfected, says the Chautauquan, horseback riding was the only outdoor exercise of the kind suited to feminine needs, and good, gentle, sound riding horses were hard to find, expensive to buy, and still more expensive to take care of, so that few women kept one. Good bicycles, although costly, seem to be within the means of almost every person; at all events hundreds and thousands of women and girls who never could have owned a horse go gaily over our streets and roads on bicycles that are quite equal in price to any but the finest Kentucky steeds. The good effect of this change from sedantary indoor life to free and exhilarating exercise in the open air is already quite noticeable even to the casual observer. Prejudice has rapidly given way before the fascinating progress of what at first seemed but the fad of the hour, and we have already become accustomed to seeing sunburned faces, once sallow and languid, whisk past us at every turn of the street. The magnetism of vivid health has overcome conservative barriers that were impregnable to every other force. And this is, let us hope, but the beginning of a revolution humane and soundly rational, which will bring an era of vigorous physical life to women.

From an official report to the League of American Wheelmen it is shown that New York wheelmen will have completed by 1898 a continuous cycle path of 100 miles, extending from Albany west, with a branch from Schenectady to Saratoga and Lake George, a large portion of which is now being built. There were 354 miles of cycle paths under contract to be built during 1897, of which 137 miles had been completed, at a cost of $16,455, out of a total cost of $40,947. This is to be distributed as follows: Chemung county, fifteen miles, cost $1600; Kings county, five and a half miles, cost $3500, already built; Monroe county, 120 miles, cost $14,000, already built sixty miles at a cost of $7000; Oneida county, forty-five miles, cost $6200, already built fourteen miles at a cost of $2200; Oneida, seventeen miles, cost $3000, already built six miles at a cost of $1200; Saratoga eighteen miles to cost of $2000, not yet begun; Schenectady, twelve miles, to cost $1422, already built seven miles at a cost of $1120; Seneca county, fifteen miles, to cost $2250, already built nine miles at a cost of $1400.

A bicycling young graduate of Vassar, living near Buffalo, recently conducted a bicycling masher to her home and handed him over to her brother-in-law, who was a constable. Before he could be dealt with according to the law in such cases made and provided, he succeeded in persuading his captor to let him go, quoting a Latin precedent to justify his enlargement. The young lady worthily holds up the banner of her predecessor:

"The spunky young lady of Vassar,
Who was hailed in the street by a chasseur,
She flung a brickbat,
Which upset him, and that
Was the last time he wanted to sass her."

According to the Sporting Life, leading professional racing men are enjoying a prosperous season. Competition among the race promoting clubs to secure the best riders is causing big purses to be offered in the all-professional events. The rules on the state and national circuit meets demand full value cash purses, and are inciting a keen rivalry among the big riders to secure the lion's share of the spoils. Although the racing season has not yet progressed very far, the income derived by some of the men is large. While the first prizes are the most coveted, the place men fare generously. Jay Eaton, the professional, cleared nearly $500 in two days' racing out in New Jersey last week. The fact that this sum was realized in three races indicates that for fast riders the bicycle racing game is a remunerative business. In twelve days of racing on the New York state circuit last month E. C. Bald won $725, Tom Cooper $325, F. A. McFarland $320 and F. F. Goodman $290. With a great many riders these sums figure as clear profit. In five days' riding in the national circuit Tom Cooper won $860, which averages over $100 a day. At the recent three-day meet, held at Racine, A. C. Mertens, the St. Paul man, cleared $400. Tom Cooper won $410 at this meet and $250 at the Springfield tournament. Including all the big riders throughout the country, the professional riders are earning more money in purses this season than in any previous year. The bicycle racing season lasts for six months, and it is fair to assume that in that period this year ten or twelve riders will earn from $5000 to $10,000. The riders classified as second-raters will readily earn from $2500 to $3500 in purses this year.

Harry W. Slining, of Chicago, is the tiniest cyclist in the world. He is only 17 months old and rides what is probably the smallest wheel ever built for practical riding. His mount weighs five and five-eighths pounds, has a frame seven and one-half inches high, and the diameter of the wheel is ten inches. It is perfect in equipment, all the parts having been made especially for the diminutive machine. Even the lamp is a midget. Under the guidance of his father or some friend of the family the little fellow pedals along Chicago boulevards with a solemn and dignified air, taking no heed of the attention he is attracting, occasionally observing a scorcher flash by crouching over the handle bars. Harry tries to do likewise, to the huge delight of the spectators. He is learning the pedal mount and is already making feeble tries at simple tricks.

LOWELL'S INSPIRATION.

Lowell had engaged himself to one of the loveliest girls who ever lived, Maria White, of Watertown. He was always writing poetry, and in the enthusiasm of the new engagement he determined to publish a volume of poems, says Edward Everett Hale in Youth's Companion.

Mr. Higginson somewhere describes the interest which the Cambridge boys felt when it was known that "Jim Lowell" was not going to be a lawyer but a poet.

This may be said to mark the period in New England life when literature began to be accepted as a possible profession. The book came out, and it was much better received than most books of love-poetry written by young men of 22. From that moment his career was really assured. I do not believe that he ever was in court on any business whatever. His office was one of a group where literature was worshipped quite as much as law. George Stillman Hillard, Charles Sumner, Charles W. Storey, George Washington Minns and Nathan Hale being his neighbors in the same building.

GROUNDS FOR DOUBT.

The young man who insists on dressing as elaborately in hot weather as he does in the winter was looking at some pictures of cannibal chiefs, says the Washington Star.

"I guess," he said in a meditative tone, as he mopped the perspiration from beneath his lofty collar, "that I won't bother giving any more money for the education of the heathen."

"But you have taken such a great interest in such work in the past."

"Yes. But my ideas on the subject are undergoing a change."

"You can't deny that such people need civilizing."

"Of course. There's no disputing the fact that when they go to war they kill one another one at a time, instead of using a Gatling gun. And they don't have harrowing details worked up in such a way that people can't avoid them whenever there's a shocking crime committed. But I don't feel as much like putting on airs over them as I used to."

"Of course, it is not proper to flaunt your superior advantages in a boastful spirit. But there is no reason why you should not pity them."

"No; I can't pity them, either. I don't feel like assuming a patronizing attitude. I must say that I don't feel sure of my ground when it comes to looking upon any man who has sense enough to wear a cuff around his ankle instead of around his neck as my intellectual inferior."

FREE PILLS.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by Duluth Drug company, druggists.

Among the Sports

The week in sporting circles has been one of the dullest in some time, and that is saying a good deal, for the weeks have taken unto themselves a habit of the utmost dullness in sports. Apparently the rowing season is over, for there is no more talk of the Duluth oarsmen doing anything in that line. There are intermittent games of baseball between the various amateur teams of the city, and occasionaly these liven up the situation just a little, but it is a very little indeed, for the games are not well attended, and they are very few and far between. The situation is about as dull as it well can be, and it needs but a little increase in dullness to disappear altogether.

* * *

Last Saturday the Whalebacks again went down before the men from the offices of the Missabe-Consolidated corporations, and the result of the two games was enough to satisfy the winners that they had been proven to be the better men. No arrangements have been made for any further games, so it is apparent that the big fellows are satisfied too, at least for the present.

* * *

The Y. M. C. A. Tennis club held a meeting Tuesday evening, at which it was decided to hold a tournament on the new grounds at the corner of Lake avenue and Third street. The grounds are now in good shape, and the prospects are that the tournament will be well attended and that it will be a very interesting affair. It has been decided to hold the tournament a week from today, and all the members of the club will take part. The prizes will be buttons similar to those used by the curlers for prizes except, of course, that the design will be pertaining to tennis.

* * *

There was a warm game of ball Saturday between the Lakeside and the Endion teams, in which the Endions won by a score of 6 to 3. Good work was done by both teams, especially by the batteries, who were as follows: Endions—Stockman, McComber and Insphee; Lakesides—Allen and Lenaville.

* * *

The Grand Rapids Gun club is arranging for a lively tournament to be held Oct. 29 and 30, and Nov. 1 to 10, and it is very probable that the Duluth shooters, or some of them, will take some part in the shoot. As a preliminary notice, Dr. W. P. Brown, secretary of the Grand Rapids club, is sending out notices to the effect that "there will be a hot time in Grand Rapids, Itasca county, Minn.," on the above dates.

* * *

If one should casually read the following editorial and had not been told that it was from the Mirror of Life, a sporting weekly published in London, he might perhaps think that this eminently fair presentation of the case had been made by a writer from this side of the Atlantic and not by an editor whose residence and circulation are among the people who have been credited with unwarrantable aspersions on the amateurism of Edward H. Ten Eyck, of Worcester, Mass., winner of the diamond sculls in the recent Henley regatta: "How we strain at gnats and swallow camels. Personally we have always been imbued with the idea that the strict definition of an amateur was a person who exploited his deeds in the world of sport for honor and glory entirely at his own expense. We have lived to learn that we are wrong, for no sooner does a member of an athletic club display ability in any walk of sport than his club sends him away to train for future events, and put the amateur in the hands of an experienced trainer. Men who contend in the boxing amateur championships, especially those from Birmingham, if they show pronounced form, are put through the mill at the expense of their club. We mention this because of the dead set made against Ten Eyck, who is but the merest boy, when he became a entrant for the possession of one of our proudest aquatic championships. Americans from all parts of the world have joined in a paean of praise at the overthrow of the unfortunate Briton, but didn't we sing 'Rule Britania' when the Thames Rowing club defeated the Harvard crew in the hollowest of fashions. We crowed when the English sculling crew, of which Renforth, the English sculling champion, was stroke, defeated the American crew, and did we not crow over our little champion Tom Sayers when 'our Tom' met the gigantic 'Benecia boy?' These occasional defeats, although mortifying to our amour propre, do us no harm. They serve to show us that there are lands beyond England where youth is as talented and as brave as those of our own clime, and help to bring out the grit—a commodity which was once supposed to be the possession alone of the ancient Briton."

* * *

The unofficial averages of all the League players that have taken part in five or more games computed up to and including the last of the Eastern series in the West furnish food for reflection for those who find amusement in figuring out how their club and favorite players are doing. In batting Philadelphia leads the league, their team average being .310, with Baltimore being accredited with 225. Boston has earned 254 of its runs, while the Phillies have batted in 239. New York has had 556 men left on bases, while Cleveland and Philadelphia have had 555 and 537 respectively. Washington players have figured in more double plays than any other, having 71, while the Phillies rank last with 36. Boston, St. Louis and Philadelphia have not lost an extra inning game. Delahanty verified the prediction made in the last table that in another month he would lead the league's heavy hitters, and he does, and that by no mean margin. He is the only player with a percentage over .400. His work with the stick has simply been phenomenal, and his average of .424 stands out alone. Keeler, with .397, is second, and Lajoie, with .384, is third. Hamilton is still the leading base stealer of the country, with 41, while Lange has 40, and is running the champion purloiner a great race. As a rungetter Cooley, with 90 to his credit, heads the list, Hamilton, with 88, and Tiernan, with 85, being next in order. Anson leads the first basemen, McPhee the second, Clingman the third, Johnson the shortstops, Blake the outfielders and Morgan Murphy the catchers.

* * *

With a very creditable showing against Surrey, the English tour of the team of Philadelphia cricketers was completed, and in a fortnight the sixteen wielders of the willow who have sought to uphold the honor of this country against the greatest cricketers in merrie England will be home again. Viewed only from a standpoint of victories lost and won, the showing made by them has been a discouraging one, but when the results are carefully analyzed and the circumstances attending each match are taken into consideration, the situation takes a decidedly more rosy hue, and one can afford to look with satisfaction on the record made and applaud the tourists' efforts most heartily. All things taken into consideration, the record was quite as creditable as that of any English or Australian team which has visited this country, and deserves the same praise. First of all, it must be borne in mind that while the Philadelphia team was only pitted against county elevens in England, the district covered by the counties is much more extensive than that from which Philadelphia has been able to draw. In the second place, the full strength of Philadelphia's cricket talent was not represented by the visiting team, because of the inability of so many of the foremost players to accompany them, while the English eleven in every instance could call out its greatest strength to pit against them. And, in the third place, the game of cricket is at best a game in which chance plays an important part, and Philadelphia was particularly unfortunate, not only in the losing of tosses, but in having its most important games drawn when conditions looked most favorable for a victory. Two victories and five drawn matches under these circumstances are very creditable.

* * *

Eddie Bald has refused to contest further match races with Earl Kiser and Tom Cooper on account of the unsatisfactory ending of the recent Detroit race between the three. He and Arthur Gardiner have challenged Cooper and Kiser to a two-mile pursuit race for a large purse. The challenge will, undoubtedly be accepted, and the race will take place in the near future in conjunction with one of the national circuit meets. Cooper has definitely decided to decline for the purpose of accepting Arthur Gardiner's and Fred Loughead's challenge to a tripartite match race, though he may enter into one at some future date.

* * *

The national amateur and professional golf championships will be played on the course of the Chicago Golf club at Wheaton, Ill., next month. Extensive improvements are now in progress in order that everything may be in fine shape for the big tourney, which is of paramount interest to every devotee of the great Scotch game in this country. Several Omaha enthusiasts will attend, but whether they will participate in the playing or not is a question. Of the championships themselves it is yet too early to base a prediction. It may be of interest to those having an eye on the honor that a prominent golfer who is competent to judge asserts that neither Macdonald nor Whigham, the Chicago cracks, will win the event this year unless they show a marked improvement over their present form. Whigham is the present champion and Macdonald carried off the laurels in 1895. This same prophet heralds the coming of a new aspirant for championship honors, whose claims cannot be overlooked. He is Finley Douglas, of Fairfield, Mass. He came to this country recently, having played at the St. Andrews' club in Scotland. He has shown good form on this side and may give the topnotchers some trouble. Fenn, Sands, Toler, Tyng and some of the college players are also fancied by the critic of Macdonald and Whigham. In the amateur championships the sixteen players with lowest scores, thirty-six holes, medal play, qualify, after which the issue is decided by match play. For the professional championship competition is thirty-six holes, medal play.

* * *

"Fred" Gilbert, of Spirit Lake, Iowa, and Rolla O. Heikes, of Springfield, Ohio, shot a match at clay birds at Dayton, Ohio, recently for the championship of the world. The match was at fifty singles, unknown traps and known angles and twenty-five pairs, making 150 targets in all. In the first fifty Heikes missed three and Gilbert two; in the second fifty Heikes missed six and Gilbert two; in the match at the doubles or twenty-five pairs Heikes missed five and Gilbert four. This gave the match to Gilbert by a score of 142 to 136. Heikes, being at home and surrounded by hundreds of friends who expected him to win, was somewhat nervous. This makes the second time Gilbert has won the championship inanimate target medal for the world's championship. Heikes has also won the medal twice. There was a large turnout of sporting men from all parts of the country.

* * *

Arlie Latham is said to be playing as good ball as he ever did for the Mansfield club, of the Interstate league, in every respect save one, says the Cleveland Leader. Arlie's throwing "wing" is gone, and he can't get the ball across the diamond unless old Sol has got the mercury up in the 90s. The veteran fields, bats and runs the bases as well as he used to with the old Browns.

* * *

"Perhaps you have noticed the small scores made on the Brooklyn grounds," remarked Tom Brown. "These small score games are caused by the balls. Eastern Park, in Brooklyn, which is next door to the ocean and bordering on Jamaica bay, is saturated by a damp atmosphere from the sea. Even on the hottest days in midsummer, when rain hasn't fallen for three weeks, the players on the Brooklyn team complain that their uniforms, locked up in the dressing room, are damp and musty. A player who goes to Brooklyn for the first time complains in practice that he can scarcely knock the ball out of the diamond. The ball emits a dull, hard sound when hit by the bat, and pops in the air when a bat meets it. Now, a baseball is as sensitive to atmospheric influences as a billiard ball, which must be kept in dry places to be of any service. The balls used at Eastern Park in Brooklyn are kept in the office in the grand stand, and the damp, salt sea atmosphere penetrates the horsehide and takes all the life and elasticity out of the rubber. Only this and nothing more accounts for the small score games at Eastern Park."

* * *

The past two weeks have been the most active in Eastern tennis circles that has marked the history of the game in recent years. Great crowds have watched the American and English experts in their trials for supremacy, and it has been conclusively proven that the popularity of the beautiful sport has received a grand impetus among its most prominent exponents. Besides an innumerable number of club tournaments over the country, the big Longwood challenge cup tournament, and the Eastern championship doubles have divided interest with the Western championship singles and doubles at Chicago, so that all the crack players both in the East and West have been striving for mastery and giving tennis enthusiasts a chance to follow their favorite sport and get a line on the various players for the even more important events to follow at the national championship at Newport and the international championship at Niagara-on-the-Lake. The arrival two weeks ago of the three English experts—H. S. Mahoney, ex-champion of England; W. V. Eaves and H. A. Nesbitt—has been a great boon to tennis and increased interest in the game to a remarkable extent. It will be long before this tournament has ceased to be talked about, and it will go down in the annals of sport as a red letter event. Although the future meetings of the invaders with our representative players may show some different results, nevertheless the hard fight for honors in the Longwood tournament will never be forgotten.

* * *

Commenting on the coming battle between Tommy Ryan and Kid McCoy, Sam Austin, of Mexican memory, says: "That Tommy Ryan needs the judgment and advice of someone who is able to look after his interests better than himself is apparent after reading the conditions of the forthcoming match with McCoy. He has agreed to meet McCoy at 158 pounds, weigh in at 9 o'clock. His eagerness to retrieve the laurels he lost when he fought McCoy at Maspeth is doubtless responsible for the match, but there is no excuse for conceding advantages which I believe will result in his defeat. Ryan is a 145-pound man, and able to fight good and strong at that. He cannot be any better, nor, in my opinion, as good, at 158, while on the other hand the Hoosier can be at that weight fit to fight for a king's ransom. Ryan has height, reach and cleverness against him, and I cannot, for the life of me, see what he depends upon to get a victory, especially after the experience he has had with McCoy. Ryan claims that when he fought McCoy a year ago he had absolutely neglected to train, and went into the ring in no condition to fight. It is a well known fact that he regarded McCoy as such a cinch that the idea of undergoing any preparation never occurred to him. When stripped for the fray he was flabby and soft and wholly unconditioned. McCoy, trained to the hour, gave him what he deserved—a mighty good hiding. On that occasion the Kid fooled Ryan into the match at his own weight, and after the match was made, and up to the day of the contest, continued to 'con' him out of training by pretending that he (McCoy) believed he had no chance to win, but was willing to take a beating for the short end of the money. This threw Ryan completely off his guard, and resulted in his absolute refusal to train. Ryan was good enough, however, to fight all right in spots, but at his best he showed himself to be little more than a toy in McCoy's hands. The latter's advantage in reach and superior cleverness enabled him to stand away and literally chop the Syracusan to ribbons, while he himself came out of the encounter with scarcely a mark. Barring a chance blow, I cannot see how Tommy can hope to win."

* * *

After being closed two years the beautiful running course at Saratoga is again the theater of exhilarating activity, says "Sandy" Griswold in the Omaha Bee. About all the prominent horsemen from all over the country have their stables at the track, and the racing thus far has been exceedingly interesting. The society people now summering at the springs turn out en masse every pleasant afternoon, and the meeting is expected to surpass in the way of success any meeting held on this classic old course for many years. All the crack horses of the country have been entered in the principal stakes and the outlook for grand sport could not be brighter, especially in the 2 and 3-year-old divisions. The plungers are also at the springs, and, according to Ed Cole, they will try to make things lively for the layers of odds. "Pittsburg Phil" heads the coterie, and as he is playing in luck, as well as using good judgment, is not a bad man to follow by those inclined to speculate. He and "Tod" Sloan make a great combination, and they play fair. "Phil" advises "Tod" which horses to ride and then "Phil" bets on them, consequently he is playing what he deems the best horse and the best rider at all times and they make very few mistakes. They both deserve the success they are having. It is encouraging to see old Saratoga going again, for race-goers, from all over the world, can recall many pleasant memories of good races, fish dinners and fortunate faro frolics they have indulged in there.

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James P. Johnson, of Fort Wayne, Ind., after battling for years against the mental and physical sufferings of lost manhood has found the exact remedy that cures the trouble.

He is guarding the secret carefully but is willing to send a sample of the medicine to all men who suffer with any form of sexual weakness resulting from youthful ignorance, premature loss of memory and strength, weak back, varicocele and emaciation. The remedy has a peculiarly grateful effect of warmth and seems to act directly giving needed strength and development wherever needed. The remedy cured Mr. Johnson completely of all the ills and troubles that come from years of misuse of the naturally ordained functions and is said to be absolutely reliable in every case.

A request to Mr. James P. Johnson, Box 1001, Ft. Wayne, Ind., stating that you would like a sample of his remedy for men, will be complied with promptly and no charge whatever will be asked by him. He is very much interested in spreading the news of this great remedy and he is careful to send the sample securely sealed in a perfectly plain package so that its recipient need have no fear of embarrassment or publicity.

Readers are requested to write without delay.

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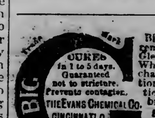


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Gossip of The Stage

The press agent of a New York continuous performance theater has this to say about his newest star: "With Sockalexis playing left field for the Clevelands and the Princess Chinquilla playing the banjo at Proctor's, the Indian problem seems more hopeful of solution. There are plenty of Indians in the Lambs' club and along the Rialto, but none pure blooded like Chinquilla. Her sire, a stern-faced old warrior with white scalps enough to thatch a wigwam, still executes ghost dances at spasmodic intervals away out on an Oklahoma reservation. Her brothers, for a financial consideration, fall victims twice daily, rain or shine, to the unerring aim of Buffalo Bill's stage rescuing cowboys. But Chinquilla, educated at the Carlisle school, soars higher and prefers the unique distinction of being the only genuine Indian lady upon the vaudeville stage. She is gentle and refined and her beauty is of Spanish, rather than the Sioux type. Her act is at once original and aboriginal and she can plunkety-plunk-plunk with any pale face that ever came over the pike." It is reproduced here to illustrate modern methods in this most modern profession.

The late Henri Meilhac was, in spite of the fact that most of his works were in the lighter vein, a man of grave demeanor and did not lend to his own conversation the gayety and wit with which he endowed the characters in his plays. He preserved all of his manuscripts and had them illustrated with caricatures. It is said to be a most curious collection.

During the summer numerous floating paragraphs have appeared with mysterious references to the new play which Fanny Davenport is to present next season. This play was to be by an American author and Miss Davenport said it was in distinct contrast to the Sardou repertoire to which she has devoted so many profitable seasons. It is now about time for the distinguished actress to yield up some more definite information. Henry Jewett is engaged for Miss Davenport's company, but will, of course, be allowed to shine forth in full effulgence only when the stage is not occupied by Miss Davenport and her stalwart husband, Melbourne Macdowell.

Cissy Fitzgerald has just returned from England and, besides the famous wink which it is reported as unimpaired by travel, she brought with her three horses, two carriages, an English thrush, two dogs, four boxes of harness and a maid.

The press agent sometimes turns his hand to other work when he has supplied the newspapers with all he thinks they ought to print about the attraction he represents and one of them, Edward Corbett by name, evolved in his otherwise unoccupied leisure a short burlesque which has been accepted at the Casino in New York. It is called "Little Casino," and during the ceremonies the Klondike gold craze comes in for some hard knocks. Gus York, made up in imitation of Walter Jones' tramp, is master of ceremonies. Things are a good deal in his favor from the start. His entrance is extremely tired. He is preceded by a trio of handsome young women carrying a luxurious steamer chair, in which the comedian seats himself deliberately, with a nice regard for his general comfort, and then sings the opening lyric. Here is a sample verse—though it may not justly represent Mr. Corbett's muse every day in the week:

I'm the man who brought the North Pole down where Nansen could have found it if he only had cut the ice;
I'm the man who fixed it so the Giants strike a winning batting streak now once or twice;
I put Henry Irving on the stage, brought Yvette Guilbert here,
I built the first big music hall, and invented bottled beer;
I fought with the Greeks against the Turks,
Yet some folks have the effrontery to say I'm a man who never works.

And the song goes, can you doubt it?

Bertha Waltzinger has been engaged for DeKoven and Smith's "A Paris Doll," in which Vernona Jarbeau will star next season. Besides Miss Waltzinger the company will include Richie Ling, Bert Coote, Max Eugene and Hubert Wilkie, and the statuesque Jarbeau will be obliged to keep strictly to the center of the stage or the public will forget that she is the star of the cast.

Friedlander, Gottlob & Co., of San Francisco, the owners of the Frawley company, have purchased "An American Beauty," in which Lillian Russell starred last season. For Miss Russell's role as the beauty of the piece they have engaged Corinne:

Prominent in the company engaged by Wagenhals & Kemper to support Louis James for the coming season are Barry Johnstone, Norman Hackett, Frank Peters and Mary Emerson, who succeeds Alma Kruger in the leading female roles.

Pol Plancon and Ben Davis sang to the queen the other day and Landon Ronald accompanied them. The singers were presented with jubilee medals, and the pianist with a handsome "V. R." scarf pin. Her majesty's opinion of accompanists, as expressed by herself, will prove of interest. When Mr. Roland was presented to her the queen said: "Ah, accompanying is quite an art now; in my early days we used to pay no attention to the accompaniment. That is all changed now, isn't it?" It is young men like you who have made it an art."

They don't seem to grow old in London. Florence St. John, who was mature in appearance and staid in her stage demeanor when she toured over here in "Faust Up to Date," is to play the title role in the musical version of "Mme. Sans Gene," shortly to be given in London, and Marcus Mayer, who has just arrived from there with the American rights of the piece, says that Miss St. John hopes to play the part over here.

For the coming season Richard Mansfield announces several new plays, the first to be presented being "The First Violin," a dramatization at unknown hands of Jessie Fothergill's novel of that name. This will be followed by "The Master of Ceremonies," dramatized from George Manville Fenn's novel by Mary Edwina Booth. Mr. Mansfield and Lewis Morrison both announce versions of this piece, and there will probably be news for the newspapers before it is determined who shall use the title. Another new play which promises to be interesting is George Bernard Shaw's "The Devil's Disciple," a drama of the American revolution. Other plays under consideration are "Timon of Athens," in spectacular form, and "Nellie Moray," by Louis Durnay, of St. Louis. These plays are, of course, to be supplemented by more than occasional presentations of the works with which Mr. Mansfield has been identified in past seasons.

Lewis Morrison, in addition to producing and managing "The Privateer" and "The Indian," will next season add two new plays to his repertoire. One is "The Master of Ceremonies," adapted from George Manville Fenn's novel by Charles Coote and R. F. Cotton, and the other is an original play by Theodore Kremer, called "Frederick the Great." Mr. Morrison will, of course, continue to present "Faust" and occasionally "Richelieu."

Most of the London critics covered Henry Irving's performance of Napoleon in "Sans Gene" with charity and faint praise. A finer piece of burlesque has not been shown in a London theater, and therefore you couldn't blame the young cockney who, as he made his way out of the pit at the Lyceum the other night, exclaimed: "Well, 'Enery Irving is a fine actor, but his legs are agin him."

A New York man of some ingenuity used that quality to work all of the bar keepers he could reach with bogus passes to "The Whirl of the Town," which is the summer attraction at the Casino. His plan was to leave with the bar keeper passes for the letter carrier in his block and then sell to the drink mixer a block of passes for himself. The ingenious man is now in jail.

In Germany they have an actor. Herr Bassermann by name, and it is recorded here because he does not allow his pictures to appear in the newspapers and positively refuses to recognize a reporter or a press agent. He is said to be an actor of positive merit and to sink his individuality in every role he impersonates, but if his name ever goes upon the scroll of fame it will be because of his peculiarities and not his acting.

The proposed joint tour of Sousa's band and De Wolf Hopper and his company has been abandoned. The enterprise seemed a promising one, but the announcement and subsequent abandonment give rise to the suspicion that the only purpose was to secure the widespread notice which the enterprising paragrapher is always ready to bestow on real novelties, and this purpose has been well served.

They seem bound to cover pretty Ethel Barrymore with glory in London. First the paragraphers had her engaged to be married to Anthony Hope; next the prospective bridegroom was the duke of Manchester, with Richard Harding Davis infesting the dark corners in their vicinity consumed with jealousy, and now it is announced that Sir Henry Irving has engaged her for his company at the Lyceum. This last will seal with proof, it is said that Miss Barrymore was the only actress invited to the Duchess of Devonshire's garden party and that on this momentous occasion she was chaperoned by the Duchess of Manchester.

Sunday night, Aug. 15, the Chicago Grand opera house, redecorated and reupholstered, will begin its regular fall and winter season with a presentation of its great success of last season, "The Hoosier Doctor." Augustus Thomas' delightful domestic comedy drama. In the title role Digby Bell scored a positive triumph and received the universal indorsement of the press and public for his masterful work. The excellent cast of last season has been further augmented by Mr. Bell's manager, Duncan B. Harrison, and will consist of the following: Laura Joyce Bell, Mabel Strickland, Viola Miles, Emma Butler, Margaret Owen, Ethel Strickland, Jeannette Wilder, Francis Harper, Estelle Marbury and little Ethel Vance and Arthur Hoops, Frank Monroe, Herman Hirshberg, Gage Clarke, Harry S. Robinson, Joseph L. Treacy, Bert Bayard, Harry Lytell, Charles Edwards, Edward H. Franklin and William Roberts. The same excellent production will be used and the management will spare no effort to give a complete and perfect presentation.

Kirtland Calhoun has assumed the direction of the stage at the Great Northern theater. He should prove a most valuable acquisition to Manager Thayer's company.

DEPARTMENT OF MINNESOTA G. A. R.
OFFICIAL ROUTE.

Department Commander E. B. Wood has issued general orders No. 4 reading as follows:

"The official route of the department of Minnesota will be via the Minneapolis & St. Louis and Erie railroads to Buffalo, N. Y., and return. A special headquarters train will leave the Minneapolis & St. Louis depot, St. Paul, 7 p. m., Minneapolis 7:35 p. m., Sunday, Aug. 22, running through to Buffalo without change. This train will carry the department commander and staff, and all comrades and their friends who desire to attend the encampment are cordially invited to accompany the department commander on this train."

Rate—$18.50 for round trip tickets from St. Paul and Minneapolis, proportionately low rates from other points.

Dates of sale—Aug. 21 and 22, limited to Sept. 20 by deposit with joint agent at Buffalo.

The headquarters train will consist of smoking car, coaches, Pullman palace sleeping cars, tourist cars, and a commissary car in which a free lunch will be served to comrades and friends.

The Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad is the favorite route with the old soldiers, and will spare no pains to make the trip comfortable and pleasant in the highest degree.

For further information, or berth reservations, call on ticket agents of the Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad, or address

A. B. CUTTS,
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HALF FARE EXCURSIONS.

The Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad will run homeseekers' excursions on Aug. 3 and 17, Sept. 7 and 21, Oct. 5 and 19, to points north, south and west, at the rate of one fare, plus $2, for the round trip. Tickets good twenty-one days from date of sale. For full particulars write any agent of the Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad or

A. B. CUTTS,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent,
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You should be in our directory, it will be in all the homes.

SMUGGLING IS INCREASED.
The Dingley Tariff Law is Responsible For It.

New York, Aug. 14.—"The man in congress who objected to the new tariff bill because, in his opinion, it would increase smuggling tenfold, was dead right. I've read about the patriotic eagerness of returning tourists to pay the new duties, but I haven't found it. Not much. Instead, there has been more tall lying done on the piers of the Atlantic liners the past fortnight than in all the police courts of the land in a year. The funny part of it is that the richer the passenger is the harder he or she will fib. And usually it's a she. But what can you do when some society woman away up in G says: 'Surely, Mr. Inspector, you are making a mistake. I brought over some lace exactly like that last year, and I didn't have to pay a penny duty on it. Of course I didn't declare it. Why should I, when I am going to wear it? And now you want to charge me $36 for it, when I only paid $48 for it in Paris?'

"That's the kind of patriotic eagerness to pay the new duties I've run against. Why, in the past two or three weeks I have had at least thirty women threaten to have me fired, and I'll bet my hat that at the same time every one of them got something through that should have paid duty. These women seem to think that the customs house inspector is to blame for the new tariff law, and they hold him personally responsible for their troubles. Maybe I haven't got some of my own. Oh! no; only enough to sink a ship," and the customs inspector walked down the pier in time to meet the first lot of baggage from the American liner.

No man familiar with the work of the customs house men doubts for a moment that there is more smuggling going on now by supposedly honest people than ever before, simply because the supposedly honest person runs no risk whatever of being hauled to court and fined, or of losing the valuables. Professed ignorance of Mr. Dingley and his tariff explains everything. But let a professional in the smuggling line come along, and nothing saves him. The professional, however, is a rare animal. The treasury department agents on the other side of the pond are so numerous and expert that they know to a dot just what Mr. or Mrs. Professional has taken on board the steamer, and a cable dispatch warns the inspectors on this side. The professional knows this better than anyone else; consequently, there are mighty few of this kind.

But the summer tourist is a different species altogether. He and she wander all over the British isles and the continent picking up odds and ends. Nine-tenths of them have spent $700 or $800, at least, on trifles. Only $100 worth of dutiable goods are allowed for each tourist to come in free by the new law, but that doesn't bother them.

Just how Uncle Sam is fooled was told by one sweet girl with the most innocent face in the world, wide-open blue eyes like a baby's, and a dimple so wondrous that it rivaled Liberty's torch in its brilliancy.

"How did I do it? Oh, it was easily managed. Pop gave me $1500 spending money for outside things, and I brought $1200 worth back. How much duty did I pay? I think it was $27 on $150 worth of things. The others the inspector never saw, and do you know that when he got through with my luggage he said: 'I wish they were all as honest and helpful as you; but you are almost too conscientious.' That made me feel mean for a minute, but not for long.

"But to tell you how I managed it. I had six trunks, you know, and in each one of them I placed three or four small things which I intended to pay the duty on. I had my wheel, too, and that was fortunate. Do you know what was in the front fork of that wheel, nicely wrapped up in tissue paper to prevent its being soiled? Nineteen yards of the most beautiful lace. It cost 45 francs a yard, and I believe the duty on it would have amounted to $100, but I didn't pay it, not I. Then down in the saddle post, carefully wrapped up so it wouldn't jingle, was the most beautiful shoe buttoner you have ever seen, with a long gold handle and a diamond sunk in the end. That cost me £35 in London, and the duty would surely have been $75 or so.

"I had three rings nicely hidden in my hair, which I had rolled up on the top of my head, and I had two more on my fingers. Unfortunately, I had taken several over with me, otherwise I might have worn the five new ones, but, of course, I could not afford to run the risk of attracting attention. Then I had on four pairs of silk stockings. They were uncomfortable, but it saved me $12. The six pairs that I purchased cost 180 francs, and to relieve my conscience I paid duty on two pairs. I had twelve pairs of fine gloves fastened on a string around my waist and beneath my skirt, but for policy's sake I had four pairs of poor gloves in my trunks.

"When the inspector came to my luggage I pointed out my trunks and told him all about the new things I had bought, that is, about the things which I had agreed with myself that I would pay duty on. In the tray of the first trunk he looked at was the package containing the four pairs of gloves. Luckily he overlooked these, and it gave me the chance I was waiting for. I pointed out the package to him. He looked surprised, and then I dived into the trunk and showed half a dozen trifles. The same thing happened with all of the other trunks, but when we came to the last one there were two or three things there that I didn't want to pay duty on unless I had to. He was evidently convinced of my absolute honesty, however, and trusted entirely to my volunteering information about the dutiable things. I said nothing, and they escaped.

"Do you know that on the steamer there was a fat old lady who toddled about deck on crutches. Some one said that the crutches were hollow and that each one was a regular diamond mine. The old lady's maid said she had rheumatic gout and that she went abroad each year for the baths, but the other person said she went abroad to bring back unset stones. If the crutches were filled with diamonds she must have had $100,000 worth, and think what the duty would have been."

CASTORIA

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H. HURDON, Agent,
No. 1 Lyceum building.

In the Labor Field

The Trades' assembly, last evening, declared in favor of Minnesota stone for the new state capitol building. A committee was appointed to wait on Col. C. H. Graves of the capitol commission and urge on him the selection of Minnesota stone, either granite or sandstone. The committee will also express to Col. Graves the sentiment of the assembly that bids on the capitol that involve the use of convict labor be not considered. The motion favoring Minnesota stone and free labor was made by G. H. Thompson. Objection was made to it because it included Kettle River sandstone on the ground that the Kettle River company's attitude has been hostile to organized labor. An amendment was offered eliminating sandstone and the motion was carried as amended. On motion of Delegate Blix the vote was reconsidered. President McEwen stated that arrangements had been made by which the Kettle River company's quarries were to be unionized shortly, and on this statement the motion including both granite and sandstone was carried. The chair appointed as the committee Delegates Thompson, Baker and Findley.

President McEwen was unanimously chosen grand marshal of Labor day. He will select his aides. After some discussion the request of the Building Trades' council that it be allowed to march in the Labor day parade in a division by itself was granted. There was practical unanimity as to granting the request, the discussion being as to how the allotment of places to the council was to be made. It was finally arranged that in the allotment of places the unions affiliated with the Building Trades' council should be omitted, their order to be settled among themselves. The place of the council in the parade is, it was decided, to be appointed by the marshal.

It developed during the discussion that the plasterers intend to flock by themselves. Delegate Blix said that, although few in number, the plasterers intend to hold their banner as high as any in the procession. Some of the plasterers from Superior are expected over to reinforce their numbers.

In the drawing for place the Bakers' union drew first place and it will head the unions, following the Trades' assembly. The other unions drew places in the following order: Scandinavian Typographical union, Sawmill Workers of New Duluth, Theatrical Stage Employes, Bartenders, Brewery Workers, Central Sawmill Workers, Waitresses, Draymen, Electrical Workers, Printers, Clerks, Laundry Workers, Painters, Longshoremen, Shoemakers, Coopers, Freight Handlers, Pressmen, Iron Workers, Waiters, Cooks, Lathers, Assistant Pressmen's Feeders, Street Car employes, Zenith Federal union, Sawmill Workers of West Duluth, Cigarmakers, Boilermakers' Helpers, Boilermakers, Tailors, Cooks, Bricklayers and Butchers.

The Tinners' union reported a grievance against Joseph Glockle and the matter was referred to the executive committee with power to act.

RESULTS OF CO-OPERATION.

The Leeds (Eng.) Industrial Co-operative society recently completed its fiftieth year, and the report of the last half-year shows that marvelous progress has been made. The sales for the half-year amount to £549,987 19s 8½d, an increase when compared with the preceding half-year of £57,359 10s 6d, and with the corresponding period of last year of £35,282 11s 8½d, or 18.3 per cent; each department of business has participated in this increase. The net profit, after providing for all expenses of production and distribution, and allowing £8605 1s for interest on capital and £6775 6s 3d for depreciation of fixed stock, land and buildings, amounts to £79,470 2s 8d. The amount available for distribution is £80,970 2s 8d, which will be appropriated as follows: Dividends on members' purchases, £526,655, at 2s in the pound, £78,998 5s; grant for educational purposes, £596 0s 6d; towards defraying expenses of the jubilee celebration, £1375 17s 2d; total, £80,970 2s 8d. The sales for the jubilee year of the society amounted to £1,042,616 8s 11d. Reference is made to the output of flour from the mill amounting to 46,928 bags, the highest point ever reached in one half-year, and an increase over the corresponding period of last year of 3778 bags. Purchases from the Wholesale Co-operative society amount to £26,404, and from the other co-operative sources £12,421. The report from which we quote concludes: With 37,500 members, doing a trade of over £1,000,000 a year, making a profit of £150,000 per annum, a capital of £485,000, and the accumulated experience of fifty years, no limit can be fixed to the society's possible future development and usefulness, so long as the members have faith in each other and stand firmly by the true principles of co-operation.

THE OMAHA BARBERS.

Barbers of Omaha, journeymen and bosses, are organizing against the inroads of incompetent and unskilled workmen, and now have forty shops represented in the Barbers' Protective union. Questions of hours, Sunday closing and colors, upon which they have split hitherto, are left out, and they say the only aim is competent work. The Bundy law, now in effect in three states, which requires barbers to be examined, as druggists and others are, by boards of examiners and obtain certificates to be hung up in their shops, they favor.

PERSONS AT WORK.

Comparative figures compiled by the department of labor in the form of deductions from the last census statistics, relating to workers at gainful occupations, point to the fact that persons at work, and females have increased very much faster than the population at large. As a result the statement shows that the proportion of workers relative to the total population and total number of people of the respective ages, was considerably greater in 1890 than at the preceding census periods and that this increased proportion is apparent for each of the great classes of occupations, except agriculture, fisheries and mining. All this, the statement sets out, shows very clearly the constantly increasing disinclination of our population to follow agricultural pursuits, a tendency materially hastened doubtless by the wide application of machinery to the process of agriculture. Despite this disinclination and the recth overcrowding of manufacturing and commercial centers the analysis demonstrates that the increased proportion of workers is found generally in the higher walks of business life and in those occupations which call for skilled labor principally, rather than in the lowest or more laborious forms of employment. The conclusion is accordingly stated to be inevitable that the great body of workers has, as a whole, progressed and has perceptibly improved in the social scale of life.

MUST WEAR UNION SHOES.

The Chicago federation of labor has just granted a somewhat remarkable request of the boot and shoe workers. The delegates from that union asked the adoption of a resolution precluding all but wearers of union label shoes from participation in the coming Labor day parade. When the entire seriousness of the request was realized, it was granted, and all wearers of non-union shoes will be required, by an appointed committee, to fall out of line, next Labor day. The affair has given rise to some talk as to the union label. The Eight-hour Herald (Labor), Chicago, says: "We hasten to congratulate the shoe workers on their new-born zeal in support of the union label. As we have remarked in these columns on numberless occasions, the union label is worthy of all the attention that workingmen can give it. It is a weapon which if properly used will work tremendous benefits to the cause of organized labor. It is more effective than the strike or the boycott. The shoe workers should see to it that the public is made familiar with the list of firms handling union-made shoes, or at least that the list should be made accessible to all interested in the matter."

A FIELD IN EGYPT.

In a letter received by Secretary Ryerson Ritchie of the chamber of commerce, the Cleveland manufacturers and merchants are invited to compete with Europeans in the Egyptian markets. The letter came from Richard Brown & Co., commission merchants, of Alexandria, Egypt, and they said that while competition among European manufacturers and merchants is keen in that city, there are still many opportunities for the goods manufactured in American mills. The American goods most used, the writer said, were the following: Iron bars, plates, sheets, iron pipes, general ironware, woolen goods, belting, nails, grease, tallow, furniture, electrical instruments, zinc sheets, hardware, cutlery, iron bedsteads, carpets, boots, shoes, turpentine, paints, colors, varnishes, paper, paper goods, lamps and soap.

CLOAKMAKERS ON STRIKE.

Cloakmakers employed by Blum Bros., Philadelphia, have gone on a strike. They number about 250, and 200 are men. The strikers contend that for some time past the rates paid have been so low that cloakmakers are no longer able to make living wages, and that repeated appeals to employers for better wages have only resulted in vague promises, which were not fulfilled.

The season for cloakmakers commences in July and lasts about six months, and during that period it is claimed the average wages are about $6 to $8 per week, working ten hours a day, and out of this the men must pay the women helpers 25 per cent. The present rates paid for making plush capes are 50, 35 and 40 cents, according to sizes, while the rates paid a couple of years ago for the same work were 65 cents, 75 cents and $1 respectively. While the latter rates prevailed the garment workers were able to make $30 or more per week, but nowadays even those who take work to their homes and employ wife and daughters to help them and work at night as well as through the day can hardly earn half that amount. The workers also complain that whether they get work or not, if they but report at the shop, they are mulcted the 3 cents per day chargable under the recently enacted law affecting aliens employed in the state.

The strikers have agreed among themselves upon the rates under which they would resume work and are firm in their determination to remain out until these rates are accepted by the employers. They will not make any overtures to the latter, but have appointed a committee authorized to receive a proposition from Blum Brothers should they desire to open negotiations for a settlement of the wage question.

The strikers further say they are, through their membership in the union, able to hold out for an indefinite time and have no intention of asking the workers in other stores to join them; nor do they propose to ask more than moral support from the allied branches of the Garment Workers' association. As the matter now stands they are simply awaiting initiative action by their late employers.

LABOR NOTES.

Over 2,500,000 acres of land are irrigated by farmers in Colorado.

Garment workers of St. Louis are preparing to start a co-operative shop.

Seventeen cotton mills are in course of construction in North Carolina.

Children in the glass industry begin at 11 years old in Indiana. Statistics show that seven out of ten die at 19.

Several sugar beet colonies are to be established by Maj. Winchell of the Salvation Army on land in California donated by Claus Spreckels.

The force of car builders of all grades of labor at the Wisconsin Central car shops at Stevens Point, Wis., will be increased by the addition of 100 men.

Ground has been broken for a new shoe factory at Nashville. The promoters of the plant are J. W. Carter and J. H. Fullton, of the wholesale firm of J. W. Carter & Co., who will do business under the firm name of Carter, Fullton & Co.

In Montana sheep are sheared by machinery propelled by water power. California has a new grain harvester, with a cutting front of fifty-two feet, which reaps, threshes and sacks 180 bushels of wheat an hour. The American farmer is keeping up with the times.

A proclamation has been issued by the governor of Texas calling a convention at Rockport Aug. 25 and 26, 1897, for the purpose of considering the important subject of opening to navigation the chain of bays, lakes and bayous along the gulf coast, from the Rio Grande to the Mississippi and the mouths of the tributary rivers, and devising ways and means for its accomplishment.

Recent strikes and disturbances in Russian cities have brought about the enactment of a new labor law, which goes into effect Jan. 1, 1898. The working day is fixed at a maximum of eleven and a half hours; for Saturdays and the days preceding holidays at ten hours; on Sundays and holidays there is to be no work. Workmen who are not Christians will not be compelled to work on the days held sacred by their sects. For night work eight hours is the limit.

The New York Typographical union has a plan for the establishment of a "farm colony" near New York, where unemployed printers will raise fruit and vegetables for the city market. As colonies of men with less capital have done well, the union considers that it may reasonably hope for success.



ELASTIC STARCH has been before the people of the United States for twenty-three years, and is without doubt the greatest starch invention of the Nineteenth Century. Last year its sales reached the unprecedented number of twenty million packages. It is prepared upon scientific principles by men who have had years of practical experience in fancy laundrying. It makes ironing easy, restores old summer dresses to their natural whiteness, and imparts to linen a beautiful and lasting finish. It is the only starch manufactured that is perfectly harmless, containing neither arsenic, alum or any other substance injurious to linen, and can be used even for a baby powder.

AN INGENIOUS DOOR.
To Be Used on Vessels and Must Be Shut.

The invention is just announced of a door that is never closed and never open, says the Philadelphia Times. It is the only door on earth that a person is forced to shut behind him under any and all circumstances. Water cannot pass through it, nor around the casing. It is the invention of Alexander Kircaldy, of Glasgow, Scotland, and he has labored to bring it to its present state of perfection for ten years. Primarily, this door is intended for vessels, for its chief claim to distinction is that it is watertight. To the bulkhead where the door is fitted is bolted a hollow, cylindrical casing. In this casing are two doors, but they are not opposite one another, rather being located on two sides of the casing. Within this hollow casing revolves a hollow cylinder and there is a doorway to this cylinder.

Now, when it is desired to pass through this novel door, the cylinder referred to within the casing is turned so that the door therein is opposite one of the doors in the casing. When the ingress doorway is in a line with a bulkhead doorway, the passenger enters and stands on the bottom of the casing, and revolves the hollow cylinder by hand until he brings the ingress doorway into line with the second bulkhead doorway, which permits of egress from the casing.

The remarkable feature of this double door, as stated, is it is absolutely impossible to leave it open, as the weight of necessity be effectually closed before the other opens. The revolving cylinder is hung on ball bearings, and is easily brought into the position desired for ingress or egress. At the same time no gear, which is so familiar to other types of watertight doors, is required.

The importance of this doorway to the modern vessel is hard to overestimate. Anyone familiar with the construction of the modern ocean liner knows that the various compartments are connected by doors. It often happens that the sailor in entering these watertight compartments are careless about leaving the doors open. It may be remembered that the loss of the steamship Elbe, off the English coast, several years ago, is supposed to have been due to the fact that the compartments of the vessel were not properly closed. Had this door spoken of been in use such an event would have been impossible.

Let the sailors pass from one compartment to another as much as they may, it is not in their power to leave the connecting ways open in such a condition as to be a menace to the ocean traveler, provided it is, as it is stated it will be, generally adopted. For many years inventors have been endeavoring to evolve just such a door as this, because the demand therefor has been very great and urgent. Mr. Kilcaldy is the first to succeed of the many who have attempted.

A LINCOLN ANECDOTE.

When Lincoln was a young lawyer practicing in Illinois it is said that he was once engaged in a case in which the lawyer on the other side made a very voluble speech, says the New York Mail and Express, full of wild statements, to the jury. Lincoln opened his reply by saying: "My friend who has just spoken to you would be all right if it were not for one thing, and I don't know that you ought to blame him for that, for he can't help it. What I refer to is his reckless statements, without any ground of truth. You have seen instances of this in his speech to you. Now, the reason of this lies in the constitution of his mind. The moment he begins to talk all his mental operations cease and he is not responsible. He is, in fact, much like a little steamboat that I saw on the Sangamon river when I was engaged in boating there. This little steamer had a five foot boiler and a seven-foot whistle, and every time it whistled the engine stopped."

"Straws show which way the wind blows." The Gordon Hat shows which way the styles goes!

WEAKNESS OF MEN

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by a new perfected scientific method that cannot fail unless the case is beyond human aid. You feel improved the first day, feel a benefit every day, soon know yourself a king among men in body, mind and heart. Drains and losses ended. Every obstacle to happy married life removed. Nerve force, will, energy, when failing or lost, are restored by this treatment. All weak portions of the body enlarged and strengthened. Write for our book, with explanations and proofs. Sent sealed, free. Over 2,000 references.

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SANTAL-MIDY

These tiny Capsules are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cubebs or Injections and CURE IN 48 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience. MIDY

Sold by all druggists.

NOTICE OF BIDS.

Department of the interior, U. S. Indian service, La Pointe Indian agency, Ashland, Wis., August 6, 1897.

Sealed proposals (in triplicate) will be received at this office until twelve o'clock noon, central time, September 6th, 1897, to be then and there opened in the presence of bidders, for the purchase of all the merchantable timber, standing or fallen, upon the Red Cliff reservation, situated in the county of Bayfield, three and one-half miles northwest of the city of Bayfield, on Lake Superior, Wisconsin.

Including 7,500,000 feet now banked in Red Cliff bay, on the above described reservation, about 100,000,000 feet more or less. The kind of timber approximately estimated, includes about 60,000,000 white pine, 3,000,000 Norway, 25,000,000 hemlock, 5,000,000 cedar, 4,000,000 spruce, and 3,000,000 feet divided between oak, ash, birch, maple and basswood.

The above estimates are only approximate, and bidders are expected to ascertain for themselves the amount and quality of each class of timber, before submitting proposals. Bids should be made for so much per thousand feet stumpage for each kind of timber, which would include all merchantable, standing, dead or down, burnt or green; or merchantable standing of each kind, so much per thousand feet, merchantable dead or down; so much merchantable burnt, or green and fallen, so much per thousand, or bids may include both methods.

Bids upon the timber now banked will be so much per thousand feet for white pine, and so much for Norway. The Norway included comprises one-half of one per cent of the 7,500,000 feet.

The following requirements must be considered in submitting proposals for the purchase of the above described timber: A mill must be built upon the reservation, and all the timber, including that now banked must be sawed into lumber at the mill. Not less than 10,000,000 feet nor more than 20,000,000 feet of timber to be cut and banked each year and until all the timber is cut and sold. No one except the successful bidder will be allowed to make contracts with the different allottees for the sale of their timber.

Fifty dollars ($50.00) will be paid by the contractor to the allottee on the approval of his contract by the honorable commissioner of Indian affairs, and five per cent of the estimated value of the timber on his allotment, on July 1st of each year till cut. These payments to be charged against the timber and deducted when timber is cut and paid for. A general form of contract with individual allottees, similar to that now being used by the Stearns Lumber Company on the Bad River reservation, will be used, a copy of which can be obtained on application to this office. Payment will be required for the timber now banked on the reservation, when contract is awarded and property delivered.

The contractor will be required to give bond in penalty of $50,000.00 lawful money of the United States, running to the United States, and conditioned for the faithful observance of all laws of the United States now in force or that may hereafter be enacted, relative to trade and intercourse with Indian tribes, and regulations prescribed thereunder, and for the faithful performance of all his obligations under any contract or contracts which he may enter into with the Indians under these regulations, as well as the faithful obligation of the same.

The contractor shall employ Indians in the cutting, moving and manufacture of the timber when practicable, on the same terms as other laborers. Indians to have the preference over white men. The method of appointing scalers, the mode of payment of the same, and minor details of this nature, can be obtained on application to this office.

A certified check for $10,000.00 will be required with each proposal, as guarantee for the faithful execution of the contract if bid is accepted.

The government reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Sealed proposals should be addressed to the undersigned, and marked "proposals for purchase of Red Cliff timber."

(Signed.) G. L. SCOTT,
Captain 6th Cavalry,
Acting Indian Agent.

Duluth Evening Herald, Aug 9 to Sept 6 inc. 25 t.

BIDS.

Auditor's Office, St. Louis County,
Duluth, Minn., August 11th, 1897.

Sealed proposals will be received at the county auditor's office up to twelve o'clock noon, of Tuesday, September 7th, 1897, for furnishing suites of office rooms for the following named county offices:

County attorney, two rooms.
County surveyor, two rooms.
County superintendent of poor, two rooms.
County physician, two rooms.

Such proposals to be in writing specifying location and numbers of the respective office rooms, manner of heating and lighting same and shortest and longest terms for which same may be rented at prices named in the proposals.

The envelope containing the proposals should be endorsed "proposals for office rent.

O. HALDEN,
County Auditor.

Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-12-13-14.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

FIFTEENTH YEAR. MONDAY, AUGUST 16, 1897. FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Positively Last Week of Our 3 Great Suit Sales.

The greatest sale of our clothing ever begun ends with the closing of our doors next Saturday night. The time grows less every day now for saving many dollars on clothing purchases. Keep in mind—without limit or reservation.

Your choice of any suit of clothes in the house for

$13.50.

Suits of this season's manufacture. No old stock of odds and ends. Everything new and stylish and the prices have been $20, $22 and $25. Your choice of any now for $13.50.

Besides your choice of all $12 and $15 Suits for

$9.85.

Your choice of all $8.00, $9.00 and $10.00 Suits for

$6.75.

Now is the time to buy clothing for today and future needs. We have never known anything like the prices in our sixteen years experience. Our friends from adjoining districts have heard the news and are getting their share of bargains.



Minn Hist'l Society May 98

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125-127 West Superior Street.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

Commercial Light and Power Company,

Successor to Hartman General Electric Co.

Office--Rooms 4, 5, 6, 218 West Superior St.

Furnish Electric Current For Light and Power.

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MENDENHALL & HOOPES,

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

$12,500.00 to Loan on Improved Property.

DRY DOCKS WANTED.

Navy Department Will Urge Them Before Next Congress.

Washington, Aug. 16.—Admiral Bunce, commander of the New York navy yard, Commodore Chadwick, chief of the equipment bureau, and Naval Constructor Dashiel were in conference with Acting Secretary Roosevelt at the navy department today, considering in a general way the subject of dry docks for the naval vessels of the United States. The conference is preliminary to the preparation of a project for dry docks to be submitted to congress at the next session.

The necessity which compelled the Indiana to go to Halifax to be docked has aroused the navy department to the importance of having a system of docks which can be utilized for any of the war vessels. Several plans for the building of large docks at different naval stations have been proposed, but none have yet been found satisfactory. Naval officers have urged the importance of having a large dock either at Boston or Portsmouth, N. H., also at Norfolk, Va., and at some point on the gulf, possibly in the mouth of the Mississippi river near Algiers, La., and another on the Pacific coast.

It is said that the reasons for more docks and the urgent necessity of two or more capable of holding the largest battleships will be set out in the project to be submitted to congress by the navy department.

THE HONEYBROOK DISTRICT.

Matters There Begin to Look Quite Serious.

Hazleton, Pa., Aug. 16.—Matters at the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre collieries in the Honeybrook district are growing serious. Thirty-five drivers went out on Saturday for an increase in wages. This morning 2500 miners joined them and the usually quiet South Side towns are in a state of subdued excitement. The Italians and Hungarians are the most aggressive and fears are entertained that they cannot be controlled.

The men had no organiaztion, but a branch of the United Mine Workers' association was started this morning and 600 men at once signified their willingness to join. Chief Organizer Fahey is expected to be on hand this evening. The men held a meeting last night and decided to make the strike general this morning. The entire force of coal and iron police carrying Winchester rifles were on hand to guard the colliers.

MISS BOWMAN'S HOME.

Corder, Mo., Aug. 16.—Miss Mary Bowman, whose mangled body was found on the Chicago & Alton railroad yesterday, did not live in St. Louis, as stated in a dispatch from Higginsville, this morning, but resided at the little post town of Zif, Wayne county, Ill. It is thought Miss Bowman left her berth on the train in a somnambulistic state and walked off the rear platform of the sleeper.

CANDIDATES IN LINE.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, Aug. 16.—All the candidates for governor are here today, either in person or by representative. Each has headquarters opened. The situation is as unsettled as ever. No possible prediction can be made. It is safe to say it will be the most largely attended and hotly contested Republican convention ever held in the state.

THE WORLD'S APPLE KING.

Kansas Man Who Has a Passion For Apple Trees.

Judge Wellhouse is called the apple king of the world. His orchards in Kansas consist of 1620 acres, containing 100,000 apple trees, and are located in the counties of Leavenworth, Miami and Osage. In thirteen years he has picked over 100,000 bushels of apples, and whenever he has a little money to spare he buys more land and sets out some more apple trees. Growing apple trees is his passion, just as gambling is the passion of some men and raising fast horses the passion of others.

"I take more delight in planting apple trees and seeing them grow," said he "than anything else in the world." Chief precedence, as to favorite varieties, is given to Ben Davis, of which he has 620 acres; Missouri pippin, 240 acres; Jonathan, 300 acres, and Gano, 100 acres. He being the apple king, with an experience of thirty-eight years in Kansas, thirty of which have been spent in apple culture, his methods, from his own lips, ought to be of interest not only to all farmers of Kansas, but to all citizens who have any interest in the product adapted to the state:

"In planting apple trees use land in as good a state of cultivation as for other crops. Make the rows north and south, thirty-two feet apart, by turning a straight plow furrow to the west and another to the east, say twenty inches from the first; the middle strip thus left is thrown out by another round with the plow, the last furrow being about ten inches deep. In the bottom of this dead furrow, run a listing plow with subsoiling attachment and then cross-marking with any device to indicate the location for the trees, sixteen feet apart in the rows, completes the preparation of the ground.

"Thrifty 2-year-old trees are considered best, although those a year older are not objectionable."

WEST VIRGINIA INJUNCTIONS.

Charleston, W. Va., Aug. 16.—Judge Jackson's injunction orders were issued this morning and Deputy United States Marshal Priddle has gone to the New River coal field to serve the papers on Dilcher and his associates.

NO STRIKE IN KANSAS.

Pittsburg, Kas., Aug. 16.—After a long conference between the operators and executive board of the miners of Cherokee and Crawford counties, action favorable to the men remaining at work was taken.

WORKING INCREASED TIME.

Milwaukee, Aug. 16.—A special to the Journal from Racine, Wis., says: The big wagon works of the Mitchell, Lewis company began working twelve hours today.

MONEY STOPS A TRAIN.

A few days ago an engineer of a Boston & Maine train, while running between Winchester and Montvale, with an empty engine, discovered what looked to be money, whirling in the suction caused by the locomotive drivers, says the Boston Herald.

He stopped the machine, ran back a few feet and picked up a $50 bill. Near by were two $10 bills. The engineer then started for Winchester, and the engine was rolling along at a good clip when a large bill book, wide open, was seen beside the track. The engine was stopped and the wallet captured. It contained valuable papers and the name of the owner. The money and papers were returned to the proper person with not a cent missing.

A few hours later the man whose property had been restored by the honest engineer made his appearance and handed a package up to the knight of the throttle. It contained a half pint of cheap whisky. Railroad men who heard of the case are wondering if poor whisky is the proper reward for honesty. Some of them claim that the offering of liquor to an engineer is an insult that should not be overlooked.

It seems that the owner of the money lost it from a closet of a passing train, and he had no definite idea as to where the incident occurred.

PERILOUS TRAILS

And the Alaskan Argonauts Do Not Know Which One to Take.

AN IGNORANT CROWD

Why the People of Skaguay Ran a Teamster Out of Town.

San Francisco, Aug. 16.—Thomas McGee, well known as a conservative business man, and a careful observer, who accompanied his son to Dyea, writes from that point to the effect that the ignorance displayed by the crowds who are flocking to the Klondike fields is lamentable. Of the 400 passengers who sailed with him on the steamer, George Elder, not one in twenty had any definite information as to how to reach his destination.

While the routes are well known, the details and conditions to be met with are not considered, most of the searchers for wealth hoping to settle all doubts and uncertainties when they reach Juneau. Instead, however, further confusion was created by the appalling statements that there were only two routes, each of which necessitated the encounter of almost insurmountable difficulties. There were plenty of advocates for both routes at Juneau, but most of them were found to be interested parties.

The two starting points, Dyea and Skaguay, are separated by four miles of salt water. The Dyea trail goes over the Chilcoot pass and involves a climb of 3500 feet, while the other which is not yet completed has a 2650 foot climb over the White pass, and besides being six miles longer is boggy in places. The Indians, who are the sole packers, all pack over the Chilcoot pass from Dyea.

Aug. 7, a miner was drowned while he was packing his goods over a bog about a mile and a half from Skaguay. A teamster charged $10 for bringing his corpse into town and this so enraged the people that he was ordered to leave town at once. He was offered $2000 for his wagon before he left for Juneau.

SUPERINTENDENT JONES SCARED.

Never Moves About Except With an Armed Escort.

Hazleton, Pa., Aug. 16.—The strikers assembled on the hill above the works and a crowd of 300 men marched past the deputies to the breaker. Interference by the deputies would, it is believed, have precipitated a riot as the men were determined and armed. The strikers marched to Tresckow after stopping at the Audenreid collieries and escorted the workers back with them. A body of 400 men then marched to the hall where a meeting was held and the strikers dispersed till afternoon.

The feeling is now so bitter against Superintendent Jones that he himself fears bodily harm and moves about with an armed escort. Jones this morning offered to meet the demands of the drivers, but the men are now determined to have all their grievances heard and will appeal to the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre officers in New York. Besides the wage question they are demanding the discharge of Superintendent Jones or his transfer. This morning some of the men were given five days to leave the company's works. The situation is now critical and an outbreak is looked for.

EVICTIONS ARE THREATENED.

And Strikers Commence Suits For Their Withheld Pay.

Pittsburg, Aug. 16.—There were no evictions up to noon, but it was reported that a number will be made before the close of the day. The threatened suits against the New York and Cleveland company for retaining the wages of their striking miners, have been commenced. It is anticipated that about 150 suits will result. Each will be for salaries ranging from $15 to $20, which represents two weeks' pay. Three suits were entered before Alderman Toole today. The hearings were fixed for next Saturday and the outcome will be awaited with great interest.

Mass meetings were held today at Harmony on the southwest branch of the Pennsylvania railway and the forty-five men at work were induced to come out. The march on the Westmoreland, Jefferson and Clearfield districts will be made this week. The first meeting will be held at Irwin tomorrow.

PRESIDENT'S OUTING.

Plattsburg, N. Y., Aug. 16.—President McKinley and party reviewed the Twenty-first regiment, United States infantry, today at Plattsburg barracks. On his arrival at the military post on his departure a salute of twenty-one guns was fired.

THE TREASURY CONDITION.

Washington, Aug. 16.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balances, $225,140,021; gold reserve, $141,698,807.

THE PRICE OF POWDER.

Little Rock, Ark., Aug. 16.—Two hundred coal miners at Witteville, in Scott county, went on a strike Saturday. The strike has no connection with the Eastern coal strike, but is due to a disagreement between the company and the miners as to the price of powder.

A GALVESTON MURDER.

Galveston, Tex., Aug. 16.—At an early hour this morning Mrs. Kate Gallagher, a school teacher in this city, who lived with her son Virgil at Thirteenth and K streets, was found with her throat cut from ear to ear and the body charred beyond recognition. After killing her the murderer set fire to the bed. No arrest yet, though the police have a suspect under surveillance.

MOTION IS DENIED.

A Decision Made In a Duluth Land Case.

Washington, Aug. 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—Acting Secretary of the Interior Ryan today denied the defendant's motion for a review in the land case of Walsh against Ryan from the Duluth district. He reviews all the testimony introduced and concludes that in no case could Hendrickson acquire title to the land without the establishment of bona fide residence thereon which he had not done.

TAKEN TO CARROLLTON.

Senator George's Body Removed From Jackson, Mississippi.

Jackson, Miss., Aug. 16.—The remains of the late Senator J. Z. George were removed today from the rotunda of the capitol and will be taken to Carrollton, where the interment will take place by the side of his wife, who died a few weeks ago. The remains were escorted to the station by the various military and civil bodies of the city and by an immense crowd of people.

W. C. George, son of the dead statesman, today received a telegram from the sergeant-at-arms of the senate, saying that the committee to attend the funeral is as follows: Senator Walthall, chairman; Bate, Turney, McEnery, Pettus, Bacon, Hoar, Stewart, Proctor; Representatives Catchings, Allen, Robertson, Coux, Bankhead, Wheeler, Carmack, Evans and Gibson.

BOYCOTT THE N. P.

The Commercial Travelers Claim They Do Not Get Proper Treatment.

Anaconda, Mont., Aug. 16.—Plans for a boycott against the Northern Pacific railroad, which promises, in its inception, to attain large proportions, is being matured by the commercial travelers who come to the Northwest. When put in operation it will cost the Northern Pacific a vast amount of freight business, provided the boycott is executed with the earnestness that characterizes the feelings of the promoters, the plan being to all unite in an effort to divert traffic from the line till certain demands which it is proposed to make are complied with.

The situation and the thing which the traveling men resent in the Northern Pacific is stated in following declaration of rights, which has been quite generally signed by the traveling men:

"We, the undersigned representatives of the firms set opposite our names, recognizing to the fullest extent the disadvantages under which commercial travelers labor, who, in making their trips, find it necessary to go from Ogden to Butte and thence to Spokane, do hereby declare ourselves opposed to the arbitrary policy of the Northern Pacific railroad in its refusal to join connecting lines in issuing coupons good from Butte to Spokane or Tacoma. Believing it a great injustice that we should be compelled to pay full local fare between these points, and being firm believers in the theory of reciprocity, we do hereby declare that we will use our utmost endeavor from this date to divert all business possible from the Northern Pacific railroad until such time as it joins the other lines in issuing coupons good from Butte West."

GLENCAIRN WINS AGAIN.

Captures the Second Race For the Seawanhaka Cup.

Pointe Claire, Aug. 16.—Today's race for the Sawanhaka cup was over the triangular course. The weather was clearing. There was a light wind, about four miles an hour.

The Glencairn crossed the finish line winner of the second race.

GOLLI WILL BE GARROTTED.

Murderer of Canovas Is Sentenced to Be Executed.

Madrid, Aug. 16.—Michel Angiolillo, the anarchist assassin of Premier Canovas Del Castillo, who was tried by court martial yesterday at Vergara, was found guilty and sentenced to death. Upon hearing the sentence Angiolillo turned deathly pale and had to be assisted from the court room.

Angiolillo will be garroted within the prison.

COAL STRIKE ACTIVE.

Wheeling, W. Va., Aug. 16.—The coal strike shows more activity today than it has for several weeks. One thousand strikers are encamped near the biggest mine of the county, just far enough away to escape injunction proceedings. In the New river and Laup creek valleys the marching columns, headed by Fred Dilcher, have become so formidable that the operators have secured injunctions from Judge Jacobson's United States court forbidding them to enter upon the property of the company.

HER SON ARRESTED.

Galveston, Tex., Aug. 16.—Virgil, the 20-year-old son of the murdered Gallagher woman, has been arrested and confesses he committed the crime to get money to spend on variety actresses. The young man had packed his trunk and was ready to leave. He had the furniture insured and with the money expected to leave Texas as soon as the fire could be adjusted. But the fire was discovered in time to prevent the destruction of the house and the bloody shirt in which the crime was committed.

FINE HORSE STOLEN.

Cincinnati, Aug. 16.—Animosa, a 3-year-old brown filly, was stolen from the Newport, Ky., race track early this morning. It is thought the theft is for the purpose of entering her under another name. She recently broke the track record at Newport and is valued at $5000.

INJURED SIX LABORERS.

Savanna, Ga., Aug. 16.—About 7 o'clock this morning at the government works on Tybee island a pushing engine pushing a flat car up an inclined plane to the sand chute could not be stopped by the engineer and the car was dumped over the chute. Six men were precipitated twenty feet below. Five of them were badly injured and may die.

MEDAL FOR LAURIER

Cobden Club In London Present the Canadian Premier With a Medal.

REPLY BY LAURIER

Leaves For Home Wednesday ---His Tribute to the Roman Pontiff.

London, Aug. 16.—A delegation of members of the Cobden club, headed by Lord Farrer, called this afternoon at Hotel Cecil and presented to the Canadian premier, Sir Wilfred Laurier, the special gold medal of the club struck for presentation to the Canadian statesman in formal recognition of his attachment to free trade. The premier, thanking the delegation, said the commercial supremacy of Great Britain was assured until the United States adopted free trade.

Later Sir Wilfred Laurier said he would sail for Canada by the steamer Labrador on Wednesday, and added: "I am glad to emphasize that I have been received here everywhere in the most cordial manner, particularly by the pope, who filled me with wonderment as to how so much vigorous and keen intellect could be housed in such an emaciated body. The pope is bent double and appears to be in the frailest health, though he is not troubled with any bodily ailment and his whole mental machinery is marvelous. I was amazed at the profundity of his knowledge of Dominion affairs and was charmed with his exquisite gentleness and sympathy and I was moved deeply at the supreme elevation of his Christian aims."

A MYSTERIOUS PATIENT.

Polish Nobleman Recovering From Suicidal Attempt in Chicago.

Chicago, Aug. 16.—A man who is said to be Dr. Tolfil S. Lawevinski, a Polish nobleman, an officer in the Belgian guards, and who by his own statements has served as a surgeon in the Cuban insurgent army, is lying at the Mercy hospital slowly recovering from a dose of laudanum taken with suicidal intent. He declares that he will make another attempt to take his life at the first opportunity. He refuses to discuss his identity or affairs.

The clew is a letter from Belgium found by the police on the patient's person. It is written in French and is signed "Maria Magdalene." It begs the doctor, to whom the letter is addressed, to return to his sister, who is said to be dying. It tells him that he can go back to Africa for King Leopold and receive 10,000 francs a year. Reference is made to a Countess B——, and also to the Baron Von Bach, and the writer calls the doctor to task for disgracing his noble blood and his honor as an officer, by threats of suicide.

FINAL DECISION TOMORROW.

Meanwhile the Strikers Are Still Temporarily Enjoined.

Pittsburg, Aug. 16.—The hearing in the De Armit injunction case against the striking miners closed at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon. The court announced that the final decision would be rendered tomorrow and pending this the preliminary injunction would be continued.

BISHOP EMBRY'S FUNERAL.

Largely Attended By Bishops and Other Clergymen.

Philadelphia, Aug. 16.—The funeral services over the body of James Crawford Embry, of the South Carolina district of the African M. E. church, was held today at the African Methodist Episcopal church. Bishop Turner, of Atlanta, officiated and in addition to his remarks addresses were made by Bishops Salter, of Nashville, Derry, of Flushing, N. Y.; Handy, of Baltimore, and Lee and Arnett, of Wilberforce, Ohio.

In addition to the bishops there were 167 ministers and ten presiding elders present from all parts of the country. Over 2000 persons crowded into the church and hundreds were unable to gain admittance. During the crush attending the ceremonies several policemen and a woman were slightly injured, and a number of women fainted. The interment was made at Olive cemetery.

A SAN FRANCISCO TRAGEDY.

John Masterson Kills His Nephew and Attempts Suicide.

San Francisco, Aug. 16.—John Masterson shot and killed John Kurran, his nephew, and fatally wounded himself today. Kurran was the proprietor of a grocery store and employed his uncle as a clerk. A few days ago he discharged him. This morning Masterson appeared at the store and said a few words with his nephew, drew a pistol and fired three shots at Kurran, who fell after the third shot, which took effect in the breast. Masterson then attempted to kill the youth who had succeeded him as a clerk, but the latter fled. Masterton then turned the weapon upon himself, inflicting a fatal wound in his head.

KENTUCKY BRIBERY CASES.

Georgetown, Ky., Aug. 16.—The Hunter bribery cases were brought before Judge Cantrill and decided adversely to Hunter today. In other words, the demurrer of the Hunter side was overruled by Judge Cantrill, which forces cases to trial. The demurrer was argued by the defendants themselves and the commonwealth's attorney appeared for the state. After the arguments the judge decided as indicated above.

FALL SEASON 1897.

To the public

At the Head of the Lakes.

The past year has been one of unusual commercial depression, and in consequence of the stagnant condition of trade, there have been large accumulations of Merchandise in first hands. Our house, having full confidence in the future, has taken advantage of opportunities offered in the market, and secured many lines of desirable goods at prices much below present values. All our special purchases made by Mr. Panton while in Europe, and landed in this country previous to present tariff, also our early purchases in the home markets, will be sold at the old prices. Take advantage of the opportunity. Such another will never occur while the present tariff lasts. THESE BARGAINS HOLD GOOD FOR TUESDAY ONLY.

PANTON & WHITE.

Housekeeping Goods Dept.

We have just received and will place on sale Tuesday, 50 dozen fine Damask Towels of the best German make with fancy borders and tied fringes which we will offer at 17c each; per doz $2.00

We have in this shipment 100 dozen in two lots, one extra large Damask Towel with tied fringes and one with two rows of fagotting and tied fringes that are worth today $4.00 per doz—each 25c

Sheetings! Sheetings!

We are offering Tuesday all Sheetings by the piece at manufacturer's quotations. You should avail yourself of this opportunity to buy your winter supply as they are much cheaper than they will be a little later.

Look at our Marseilles Bed Spreads in beautiful designs as good as anything you have seen at $5.00 each which we will sell Tuesday at— each $4.00

Blankets! Blankets!

The new duty on Wool Blankets will be about 83 1-3 per cent. What will you pay for them in the future? The advance is 33 1-3 per cent. A Blanket costing you now $3.00 will cost later $4.00. All other prices in proportion. Look through a sample line of Blankets w ehave received from a manufacturer at old prices and you will surely buy and save yourself the advance.

Dress Goods—Fall Goods.

All new—Our own importations—At old prices.

Black Goods.

We have a few pieces of Fancy Brocade Mohair Crepes that you would say were cheap at $1.75, which we will sell you Tuesday, yard $1.35

All-wool Ottoman Cords, 48 inches wide, a good $1.35 material we offer at per yard $1.00

A beautiful Black Drap d'Ete, you will pay for them later $2.25 per yard— our price, per yard $1.50

Colored Dress Goods.

Look at our new Silk and Wool Mixtures, latest effects for fall; manufacturer tells us there will soon be a heavy advance— but we shall sell them at old prices—per yd 75c

Another line of Silk and Wool Mixtures in reds, greens, blues and browns that are fully worth $1 per yd 89c

We have left of our spring stock a few pieces of Crinkled Silk and Wool Crepe in colors, that are worth 65c per yard; we desire to close them out—consequently make the price, per yard 39c

All the balance of our Wool Challies that have been sold as high as 40c per yard we offer to close—at per yd 29c

Wash Goods Department.

Look at our new Chambrays and Toile du Nord's Wash Fabrics, yard 12½c

New Damassuettes, absolutely fast colors, yd 7c

New "Cameo" Draperies—per yd 12½c

Silk Department.

All odds and ends and manufacturers' samples of Foulard China and Jap Silks, worth from 25c to 50c per yard, all in 1 lot Tuesday at—per yard 15c

We have a few pieces of changeable Taffeta Silks that have sold as high as 85c per yard, which we willoffer Tuesday at—er yardp 50c

Great Offer for One Day.

Tuesday and Tuesday only we will sell you your choice of 50 pieces Satin Rhadame Failles Crystal, worth up to $1.00 per yard—at 50c

We have received in our new importations a few pieces of Changeable Brocades which you will be glad to get a little later at 85c, now we will sell them at—per yard 69c

Millinery Department.

We have received the new advance styles of Fall hats in felt. The "correct thing."

Sombreros, leather trimmed, each $1.25

Cavalier, silk trimmed, each $1.39

Dakotas, very swell, leather trimmed, each $1.75

Tuxedo, in new colors, green, red, blue and black, each $2.25

Annie Oakleys, new and nobby leather trimmed, each $2.50

See our Window Display.

Book Department.

Our Book Department is the "tourists' delight." We carry the largest stock of the best and most popular works in Duluth.

Some New Books.

"The Pursuit of the Houseboat," by John Kendrick Bangs, each $1.19

"The Well Beloved," by Thomas Hardy, each $1.39

"A Story Teller's Pack," by Frank R. Stockton, each $1.39

"Sketches in Lavender and Blue," by Jerome K. Jerome, each $1.19

"The Landlord of Lyon's Head," by Howells, each $1.29

Carpet and Drapery Dept.

Smyrna Rugs.

35 patterns to select from, size 26x54 in, new designs, price $2.35, for $1.89

Japanese Rugs.

25 patterns to select from, size 36x72 in., price $2.25, for $1.58

Chenille Curtains.

A good assortment, fringe top and bottom, price $2.39, for $1.65

Table Oil Cloth.

Best grade, 45 in. wide, all colors, price 17c, for 13c

Drapery Scrims.

36-in. wide and good assortment, price 5c yd, for 3c

Pat. Adjustable Shade Hangers.

Fit any window, 24 inches to 40 inches, require no brackets, price 10c, for 6c

Panton & White.

GLASS BLOCK STORE.

A MINER'S STORY

Says That Most of the Klondikers Will Be Frozen Up En Route.

MANY MAY DIE

Regards the Trip as Suicidal at This Time of the Year.

San Francisco, Aug. 16.—Henry Gable, an old and experienced miner, who was one of the first to join the rush to the Klondike, has returned and tells a story calculated to deter others from going north in search of gold. There is hardly a train in California, Arizona, Nevada or Montana with which Gable is not familiar. When news of the gold strikes reached this country he determined to seek his fortune in the Yukon, left his mines in Arizona and came to San Francisco. He says he bought his outfit and supplies and left on the Umatilla three weeks ago en route for the Klondike, via Juneau and the Chilkoot pass. Now he is back, having sold his outfit, which cost $255.

He learned from many experienced mining men at Juneau and further up that it would be suicide to go before spring. He says: "When we reached Barnum's bay, which is a little way from Dyea, I gave up the idea. I left the vessel, intending to go to work in the Comet mines there and wait until next spring, when I intended to go into the Klondike. I found the mines were deserted, as the men would not work there at this time of the year, owing to the water which fills the mines. The Alaskan mining men are positive that nearly all who are trying to get to Dawson city will be frozen up en route until spring and that their fate is uncertain. I will not answer for the lives of the tenderfeet who are now going."

MANY START FOR KLONDIKE.

Big Steamer and Collier Loaded With Prospectors and Supplies.

Victoria, B. C., Aug. 16.—There were in Victoria yesterday close upon 1000 men of every class and from every part of the world who were just crazy to get started on the long trip to the new Eldorado. These men had tickets which will carry them to Skagway Bay on the big collier Bristol, or on the steamer Islander, both of which sailed yesterday. The Bristol was fitted with bunks and stalls for horses from the bottom of her hold to the top of her cabin deck, and every bunk and stall was occupied, close upon 500 men going on the Bristol and just as many horses and mules. Even the big collier was filled up, the feed for these animals and the outfits for the men taking up an immense amount of space.

The Islander had just as big a crowd, but much of the space on her was taken up by a contingent of mounted police, their horses, dogs and outfits. They realize that they have a winter's trip before them before they reach Dawson City and are taking dogs and sledges. Horses will be taken as far as possible, and when they are of no more use, will be killed and used as food for dogs. A few of the men are going up with the idea of purchasing cheap outfits from men who became discouraged and are turning back; but most of them are well provided and all are taking pack animals, they having in this respect taken the advice of men who went before and have written of the difficulty of securing animals or Indians to pack goods across the pass.

UNGA ISLAND MINES.

San Francisco, Aug. 16.—The Alaska Commercial company's schooner J. M. Weatherwax has sailed for Unga with a cargo of supplies and six miners, who are to work in the company's gold mines on that island. The Klondike steamer arrived at Unga with a full force and many of the miners who had been working there have gone to the new fields.

AERONAUT FELTZ MISSING.

The Pike's Peak Jumper Cannot Be Found.

Manitou, Col., Aug. 16.—William B. Feltz has mysteriously disappeared. His flying machine with which he was to have attempted to fly from Pike's Peak to Colorado Springs is still housed on the top of the peak. There have been rumors that Feltz's nerve was becoming very shaky, which was offset by statements from the professor that he was waiting for a clear day.

Feltz went down the mountain side Friday after stating that he was going for a walk, since which time nothing has been seen or heard of him. His friends say he had probably lost his way in the wilderness west of the peak, and may have fallen down a precipice and been killed or injured. They have been searching for him since Friday. The majority, however, are skeptical enough to believe that the professor had not sufficient faith in his own invention.

LEGION OF HONOR.

Receiver For the Order Has Been Asked For.

New York, Aug. 16.—It is announced that papers have been filed in the United States court in Boston on behalf of James McNamara, of Jersey City, for the appointment of a receiver for the American Legion of Honor. The petitioner asks that the receiver shall take charge of all moneys paid in as assessments by members of the order, and that the Legion of Honor be enjoined from separating moneys received by it from former assessments as is now done.

The bill sets forth that when McNamara became a member of the Legion of Honor, each life insurance certificate was a charge upon all moneys received from assessments and the number of deaths regulated the number of assessments ordered; that on Dec. 1, 1896, a change was made and persons holding certificates were divided into two classes and that the money received from each class was held separate and were charged only with the payment of certificates in the class to which the moneys belonged, thereby changing the object of the original contracts without the assent of the members who made the contracts, and also increasing the number of assessments.

The filing of this petition for the appointment of a receiver for the American Legion of Honor is a continuation of the fight which has been made by some of the members against the order. More than a year ago sixteen councils or branches of the organization in this city and Brooklyn seceded because of the increasing number of assessments. There were in these branches about 10,000 Germans. They contended that the assessments were made so frequently that they were unable to bear the burden.



The Roman mother who with her mantle defended the body of her child from the ravenous birds of prey is a perfect type of motherhood in all times and among all people. To protect her offspring from harm is the overwhelming instinct of motherhood.

Modern mothers are coming to understand that the best protection they can give their children against the preying accidents of life is to transmit to them an abundance of natural health and hardihood. But a mother cannot confer health and strength upon her offspring unless she has it in some measure herself.

Prospective mothers should know that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a scientific medicine, which gives perfect health and strength to the special organs concerned in motherhood.

Taken early during the expectant time, it makes the coming of baby entirely safe and nearly painless. It insures cheerfulness and recuperative energy to the mother and constitutional vigor to the child.

It is the only perfect and positive specific for all weaknesses and diseases of the feminine organism.

Mrs. F. E. Forgey, of Carus, Keyapaha Co., Neb., writes: "I write to you again concerning my daugther, Mrs. D. Billings. She has taken two bottles of 'Favorite Prescriptiou.' She thinks the medicine did her a world of good. She was confined the 15th of February. Was sick but a short time and has a 10 pound daughter. Got along nicely afterward. Looks good, complexion looks clear, and she says she never felt so well.

SHOT HIS RIVAL.

Vincent Syzjka Fatally Shot By Joseph Beodzyk, an Unsuccessful Lover.

Chicago, Aug. 16.—Vincent Syzjka was fatally shot in the head last night by Joseph Beodzyk, his unsuccessful rival for the hand of 14-year-old Bronislarza Kuzarek, while the two men with other acquaintances were at the young woman's house making arrangements for the marriage which was to have taken place within a fortnight. Both men for some time had been paying attention to the young girl. But she and her father, too, seemed to favor the suit of Syzjka, and three weeks ago it was agreed that he was to be the husband of the girl.

When Beodzyk was told of the decision he apparently did not take the matter much to heart and when he met the successful suitor soon afterwards, shook his hand and congratulated him. Because of this apparent good feeling Beodzyk was among those who were asked to the home of the girl last evening to complete the arrangements for the wedding.

The evening was spent in pleasantry, wine was produced and the prospective bride's and groom's health was drunk repeatedly. When the company dispersed Joseph and Vincent left together arm in arm. They were joined by the other men of the company and had proceeded but a short distance down the street when, it is said, Joseph was handed a revolver by one of the others and shot his rival. The wounded man fell to the ground unconscious while the others fled.

The wounded man was taken to the hospital. Although the officers worked all night in the search, but one of the three men was found.

AN INVENTOR'S PROPHECY.

Mexico and Guatemala May Go to War.

Denver, Col., Aug. 16.—Arthur Savage, inventor of the Savage repeating rifle, who has just arrived from Mexico, said in an interview today: "Mexico is engaged in a destructive war with the Yucatan Indians. In fact the preliminary skirmishes of the affair have already commenced, and as soon as the regular army from the republic can be supplied with arms of the latest pattern, hostilities will be pushed with the utmost vigor.

The Yucatan tribe has never been subdued by white men, and the chances are that the conflict will precipitate a war between Mexico and Guatemala. The boundary line between the two countries has never been satisfactorily settled, and in the course of the impending conflict it is prophesied by those who have looked into the subject that the two republics will be brought into martial array against each other."

ANTARCTIC EXPEDITION STARTS.

Steamer Belgica Starts on Her Long Journey.

Antwerp, Aug. 16.—The steamer Belgica, with the Gerlache Antarctic expedition on board, sailed at 10 o'clock this morning. Crowds of people assembled to bid farewell to the explorers, who were heartily cheered as the Belgica left port. It is said that the expedition will land at Graham's land early in December. The crew of the Belgica numbers twenty-one men. She has on board provisions for two years.

CRUISER SALUTES HER.

London, Aug. 16.—A dispatch to the Pall Mall Gazette from Antwerp says that the United States cruiser San Francisco saluted the departing Belgica.

Pine lands tributary to Duluth wanted. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows block.

STUCK ON MEXICO

Consul General Crittenden Outspoken For the Recognition of Silver.

MEXICO'S PROGRESS

He Would Have No Customs Houses Between Mexico and United States.

Denver, Col., Aug. 16.—"It is a surprise to me," remarked ex-Governor T. T. Crittenden of Missouri, "that the United States, Mexico and even, I might say, the South American states, the only silver-producing countries in the world, do not combine together and say 'not an ounce of silver will be mined hereafter until the white metal is given an honorable recognition by the gold countries.' Mexico, in spite of every possible opposition that can possibly be thrown in the way of silver, has improved and will improve in very many ways that will show silver has not lost its merit and its virtue."

The distinguished visitor has just returned from a term of four years and two months as consul general of the United States to the republic of Mexico. He is in Denver for the purpose of meeting old friends and will spend a brief vacation in this city.

"Had I my way," said Mr. Crittenden with the deepest fervor in every word, "I would tear down every custom house along the line on the northern side of the Rio Grande river—permitting everything from Mexico to come in free—assisting in that way to build up that splendid southern republic which is and will ever remain a ward to this government over which the Monroe doctrine will extend its generous wings."

Mr. Crittenden is brimful of enthusiasm over the republic of Mexico and the wonderful future which he prophesies is in store for its people.

PERRY HEATH'S MISHAP.

Assistant Postmaster General Hurt By Boarding a Train.

Washington, Aug. 16.—Word reached here that Perry Heath, assistant postmaster general, was severely injured at Union City, Ind., by falling and being dragged while attempting to board a train at that place. The report was to the effect that Mr. Heath, while en route to his home in Munice, left the train to obtain lunch, and on attempting to board the train after it had started, missed his footing and was dragged some distance before he let go and dropped to the ground. He was taken to a hotel near by and cared for.

Inquiry at Mr. Heath's residence here elicited the fact that he had gone to Kennebunkport, Me., three weeks ago, and was expected to return next Tuesday. Since he left no word has been received by his servant, and the latter was entirely ignorant of the reported accident.

IT WAS HIS BROTHER.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 16.—There is no truth in the report of a mishap to First Assistant Postmaster General Heath. The report grows out of an accident to Mr. Heath's brother. The first assistant postmaster general is in Maine.

USED FURNITURE POLISH.

The Bad Dentrifice Caused the Death of Estella Koonce.

Birmingham, Ala., Aug. 16.—News has reached here of the horrible death at Columbia of Estella, the 17-year-old daughter of Jeff Koonce. The young lady had returned from school last June accomplished in several branches of education, especially music. Two nights ago, before retiring, she by mistake brushed her teeth with a preparation used by her mother to polish the piano and furniture.

The polish contained a corrosive poison. The young lady awoke during the night in convulsions and died before day. She has just been buried, her violin and guitar, at her request, being placed in her coffin.

MOUNTAIN CLIMBING PERILS.

Exploring Tourist Party Take Refuge In the Crater.

Tacoma, Wash., Aug. 16.—J. F. Mitchell and wife, Miss Jeane McFarlane, of Sumner, and Sergeant Will A. Hall, of Puyallup, were nearly starved and frozen to death at the top of Mount Tacoma last week. They were held prisoners for three nights and four days by a storm. As the party was ascending the mountain the storm gathered and increased to a hurricane just as they scrambled over the rim of the crater into a place of shelter.

They remained huddled together during the first night and not an eye closed in sleep. The next day an attempt was made by the men to prepare to escape, but the wind blew them back from the crater's rim. The second night was passed in a sheltered ice cavern, with the sulphur-laden steam rising on all sides. Hardtack softened by steam was the bill of fare, and before the morning of the fourth day every morsel had been devoured. In addition to the prospect of freezing to death the party was face to face with starvation.

The storm broke on the fourth day and all escaped. The Mitchell party reports that the Mazamas burned for firewood the big flag pole which Oscar Brown, of Clelum, risked his life to carry to the top of the mountain five years ago. On this pole the largest American flag ever unfurled at a 3-mile altitude was hung. Mountain climbers from all parts of the world carved their names on the staff.

SENOR ROBLEDO SNUBBED.

Madrid, Aug. 16.—The attempt of Senor Romero Robledo, the Spanish minister of justice, to assume the Conservative leadership, has failed. Following his public declaration in favor of the retention of Capt. Gen. Weyler in Cuba and against any reconciliation with the dissident Conservatives the principal Conservative leaders have given their adhesion to Gen. Azcarrgua, the acting premier and minister for war, who remains at the head of the government.

Sagwa IS SURE.

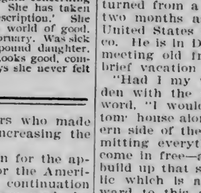
The greatest merit of any medicine is sure relief. That's the great merit of **Sagwa.** In any and all diseases that are caused by bad blood **Kickapoo Indian Sagwa** is a specific. Ninety per cent. of diseases begin in the blood, and ninety per cent. of diseases are curable by the prompt and proper use of **Sagwa.** It expels from the blood all the corrupting and corroding elements and builds up a new body with new blood. There is no substitute for

Kickapoo Indian Sagwa.

LEAGUE AGAINST LIQUOR.

National Temperance Convention to Meet In Saratoga.

Saratoga, N. Y., Aug. 16.—Delegates to the National Temperance convention, which meets here Wednesday, are arriving today and registering at headquarters. The call for the convention is signed by Joshua L. Baily, president; James B. Dunn, general secretary; David Gregg, Thomas L. Poulson, A. A. Robbins, Albert G. Lawson and D. H. Mann, committee. There are only four of the original directors of the National Temperance society living. These are Rev. Dr. Theodore L. Cuyler, Rev. Dr. Peter Stryker, Rev. James B. Dean and Peter Carter. They were present at the formation of the society back in



DR. T. L. CUYLER.

1865. It has had ten national conventions, all of which have been held here.

All the different temperance organizations in the country will be represented. Distinguished speakers, men and women, not only of this country, but from other countries, will take part One of the most prominent figures in the convention will be Dr. Cuyler, of Brooklyn, the eloquent divine, who though advanced in years, is expected to deliver an address.

PINKED THE PRINCE.

Prince Henry of Orleans Worsted In His Duel With the Count of Turin.

Paris, Aug. 16.—The count of Turin and Prince Henri of Orleans fought a duel with swords at 5 o'clock yesterday morning in Bois De Marechaux at Vaneressen. M. Leontieff acted as umpire.

The fighting was most determined, and lasted twenty-six minutes. There were five engagements, of which two were at close quarters.

Prince Henri received two serious wounds in the right shoulder and the right side of the abdomen. The count of Turin was wounded in the right hand. Prince Henri was taken to the residence of the Due de Chartres and received medical attendance.

The condition of Prince Henri of Orleans is as satisfactory this evening as could be expected. The doctors, after consultation, have expressed the opinion that no important organ was touched, but absolute rest is necessary for recovery.

After the fifth assault Maj. Leontieff and M. Mouichon proposed that the combat be stopped, and this was done by common accord.

While his wound was being dressed, Prince Henri raising himself on the ground extended his hand to the count of Turin, saying: "Allow me, monseignor, to shake hands with you." The count extended his hand.

The details of the duel show that the encounter was very sharp and determined and immediately on the crossing of swords Prince Henri vigorously pressed his adversary. The count of Turin retreated to the limit of the ground, and then resuming the offensive, touched his opponent. The third and fourth assaults ended in long engagements within guard. The Temps says that the wound in the abdomen of Prince Henri is serious, but not alarming. Had the count of Turin's steel gone half a centime deeper the intestines would have been perforated.

After his wound had received a preliminary dressing, Prince Henri walked to his carriage unaided.

The count of Turin, accompanied by his seconds, left Paris for Italy this afternoon. He was not experiencing any special stress from his wounds.

IN THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

E. M. Crary, editor of the Crary Courier, while waiting for a train at the depot at Devil's Lake late Friday night, was held up by tramps and robbed of his money and other valuables. Editor Crary has been having more than ordinary bad luck lately. He was appointed postmaster, but the appointment was later withdrawn. He was arrested for criminal libel and is out under $500 bail on that charge; and has now been robbed. It was the libel suit that brought him to Devil's Lake.

An important transfer of property took place at Grand Forks Saturday in which the Brooks Elevator company sold its entire line of elevators, thirty-five in number with a capacity of 1,500,000 bushels, to the Duluth Elevator company, recently organized, with headquarters in Minneapolis. Some of the stockholders of the new company are interested in the Globe Elevator company, owners of a large elevator at Duluth, and the two concerns will work together. The sale includes the entire equipment and stocks on hand of the Brooks elevator here, the largest in the state. The houses are mainly on the line of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific. The Brooks brothers will continue their grain commission business at Minneapolis and Duluth.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

The state railroad commission has advertised at Sioux Falls as the law provides that they will, on Aug. 26, publish the schedule of rates established by the commission to govern railroads in carrying freight. This will precipitate another legal fight with the railroads, and it is not improbable that the state railroad law will be declared void. The contention of the railroads is that the proposed rates will be a reduction of 10 per cent over the present tariff, and that if enforced it would result in a loss to them in this state. In his recent decision, when an injunction against the commission was dissolved because they had sought to put their rates in operation prior to July 1, as the law prescribes, Judge Carland indicated that if the railroads could show that the proposed new tariff would result in a loss to the railroads, they would be entitled to a permanent injunction. This the railroads claim they will be able to do.

F. M. Joslin has gone to Billings, Mont., from Aberdeen to buy 10,000 head of lambs. A gentleman from that place will join him and take 30,000 more, all of which will be shipped into the stubble fields about Wahpeton, N. D., for a few weeks' grazing and then will go to the New Brighton feed yards to be finished off for market. The deal will require an outlay of about $40,000.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

At Baltimore the large saw and planing mills of the Tunis Lumber company, at the foot of Boston street on the water front, were destroyed by fire last night. Fire was communicated to the structure by a bolt of lightning and the conflagration was only subdued after it had wrought damage to the extent of $200,000.

At North Adams Congressman Ashley B. Wright was found dead in the sitting room at his home on Summer street at 10 o'clock Saturday night by his wife. Mr. Wright returned to his home about 9 o'clock feeling well. At 10 o'clock he was found dead, the body lying on the floor. Physicians attribute the death to apoplexy.

At Pittsburg yesterday James Elbert, arrested as a suspected anarchist, while being searched at the station house cut five policemen with a razor, one of them seriously. He then ran out of the station and after a hot chase was shot by Officer Coreless in the arm and was taken back to the station and locked up. He had to be clubbed into insensibility before he could be subdued.

Proceedings at an inquest held upon the body of a girl who died a day or two ago in Bethnal Green, London, pointed to symptoms of Asiatic cholera. Special precautions have been taken by the local health officers.

Mrs. Anthony Orr, wife of a farmer living at North Dumfries, near Galt, Ont., disappeared last Monday during the absence of her husband. Yesterday her body was found buried in a corn field near the house. She had been strangled and her skull crushed in.

The remains of the late Senator James Z. George, who died at Mississippi City Saturday, reached Jacksonville yesterday afternoon and were met at the depot by an immense crowd of citizens. A line of march was formed and the remains conveyed to the rotunda of the capitol where they will lie in state under a military guard until today when the remains of the late senator will be taken to Carrollton, Miss., for burial by the side of his wife who only preceded him to the unknown a few weeks ago.

It is probable that the great silver mines at Creede, Col., will be closed down on account of the low price of silver unless railroad and smelting rates are reduced.

W. A. Rhodes was deterred yesterday in making his leap from the summit of Pike's peak. A snow storm raged from early morning to late in the evening. Many people went to Manitou for the purpose of going to the peak to see Felts jump but he did not make the ascent on account of unfavorable weather.

There were many detectives at work at Bellefontaine and in Union township, Ohio, yesterday on the rumors regarding the double murder one week ago of David Detrick and his wife. While Tony Ford and Lew Derwester are under arrest for the crime, it is generally believed there are others who know something about it.

For three months a band of White Caps have been causing terror in the vicinity of Kensington, Ky., and a determined stand will be made against them by the people of that section.

At Vergera, Spain, Michel Angiolillo, alias "Golli" was tried by court martial for the murder of Senor Canovas Del Castillo at the baths of Santa Agueda on Aug. 8. The court consisted of a lieutenant colonel and six captains of artillery. All the statements of Angiolillo were submitted in writing. The sentence of the court martial will not be divulged until it has been confirmed by the supreme council of war.

Rt. Rev. J. D. Morrison, D.D., bishop of Duluth, was a passenger on the steamer Furnessia, which arrived from Europe at New York yesterday.

Dr. Nansen, the explorer, is of the opinion that the balloon sighted by the steamer Konghalfdan was not Andree's balloon.

BASEBALL YESTERDAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 3; Chicago, 2.
At Cleveland—Cleveland, 13; St. Louis, 3.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Kansas City—Kansas City, 3; Detroit, 6. Second game—Kansas City, 10; Detroit, 0.
At St. Paul—St. Paul, 10; Indianapolis, 5.
At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 13; Grand Rapids, 3.
At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 9; Columbus, 3.

SATURDAY'S GAMES.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At New York—New York, 6; Boston, 4.
At Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 6; Louisville, 3.
At Cleveland—Cleveland, 5; St. Louis, 10.
At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 9; Chicago, 10.
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 10; Baltimore, 11.
At Washington—Washington, 7; Brooklyn, 4.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Kansas City—Kansas City, 6; Detroit, 10.
At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 0; Columbus, 17.
At St. Paul—St. Paul, 3; Indianapolis, 12.
At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 9; Grand Rapids, 8.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Boston	94	61	.681
Baltimore	93	60	.667
Cincinnati	91	50	.554
New York	90	54	.600
Cleveland	94	50	.532
Chicago	98	47	.479
Pittsburg	93	42	.452
Louisville	97	43	.443
Philadelphia	95	42	.442
Brooklyn	92	38	.413
Washington	92	37	.402
St. Louis	98	26	.265

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Indianapolis	96	67	.699
Columbus	95	62	.653
Milwaukee	104	61	.587
St. Paul	103	63	.612
Detroit	104	51	.492
Minneapolis	103	33	.320
Grand Rapids	98	32	.314
Kansas City	103	32	.311

TANDEM PRICE CUT

To 50c per hour straight, of $1 per evening. Best tandems on earth, kept in perfect repair, seven in number. Come on, boys. All for sale, cheap.

DULUTH VAN COMPANY.

BEFORE long my throat was filled with sores, large lumps formed on my neck, and a horrible ulcer broke out on my jaw,—says Mr. O. H. Elbert, who resides at cor. 22d St. and Avenue N., Galveston, Texas. He was three times pronounced cured by prominent physicians, but the dreadful disease always returned; he was then told that

HOT SPRINGS was the only cure His hair had all fallen out, and he was in a sad plight. After taking one bottle of S. S. S. he began to improve and two dozen bottles cured him completely, so that for more than six years he has had no sign of the disease.

SSS

Book on the disease and its treatment mailed free by Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea —the Mother's Friend.

THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

APPEARS ON EVERY WRAPPER.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

BECAME A JESUIT.

New York, Aug. 16.—Rev. Henry Van Rennsaeler took the vows of the Society of Jesus yesterday, giving all his property to the Jesuit brotherhood. He is a son of Gen. Henry Van Rennsaeler, and inherited one-fourth of the general's vast estate.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage which was duly executed and delivered by Antonett A. McKnight (formerly Antonett A. McAdams) and William S. McKnight, her husband, mortgagors, to Milton Homet, mortgagee, bearing date May first (1st), 1894, and which was duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on May twenty-second (22d), 1894, at 8:30 o'clock a. m., in Book one hundred twenty-seven (127) of mortgages, on page two hundred eight (208) thereof; such default consisting in the non-payment of the principal sum secured by said mortgage, together with the two semi-annual installments of interest thereon, each amounting to the sum of $36, which became due respectively on November 1st, 1896, and May 1st, 1897, and exchange, and in the non-payment of insurance premiums upon the premises covered by said mortgage amounting to the sum of $31, which said mortgagors have neglected and refused to pay, and which said mortgagee has heretofore paid in accordance with the provisions of said mortgage;

And whereas, there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of one thousand twenty-one and 56-100 ($1021.56) dollars, principal, interest, exchange and insurance premiums so paid;

And whereas, said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: Lot numbered seven (7), of block one hundred twenty-seven (127), West Duluth, Fifth Division, according to the recorded plat thereof; also lots numbered fifteen (15) and sixteen (16), of block seventeen (17), Clinton Place Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises will be sold by the sheriff of St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the fifteenth (15th) day of September, A. D. 1897, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and insurance premiums, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 9th, 1897.

MILTON HOMET, Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN, Attorney for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, July-26-Aug-2-9-16-23-30-Sept.-6.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Henrietta Bertram, Edward L. Bertram, Otto E. Bertram and Augusta Obreicht, Plaintiffs.

vs.

Svend Oleson and Carrie Oleson, his wife, John P. Mason and Bertha Mason, his wife, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 10th day of July, 1897, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, sheriff of said St. Louis County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Wednesday, the 25th day of August, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, in separate parcels, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All those tracts or parcels of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lots numbered four hundred and two (402) and four hundred and four (404), block forty-two (42), Duluth Proper, Second Division, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Dated July 12th, 1897.

WILLIAM C. SARGENT, Sheriff of St. Louis County.
By V. A. DASH, Deputy.

FRED W. HARGREAVES, Plaintiffs' Attorney.
Duluth Evening Herald, July-12-19-26-Aug-2-9-16-23.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT applications have been made in writing to the common council of the city of Duluth and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors by the following named persons and at the following places respectively, to-wit:

Anthony S. Schmid, 102 East Superior street.

J. W. Gisney, No. 1 West Superior street.

Said applications will be heard and determined by said common council of the city of Duluth at the council chamber in said city of Duluth, on Monday, the 23d day of August, 1897, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day.

C. E. RICHARDSON, City Clerk.
Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-9-16.

NOTICE OF BIDS.

Department of the interior, U. S. Indian service, La Pointe Indian agency, Ashland, Wis., August 6, 1897.

Sealed proposals (in triplicate) will be received at this office until twelve o'clock noon, central time, September 6th, 1897, to be then and there opened in the presence of bidders, for the purchase of all the merchantable timber, standing or fallen, upon the Red Cliff reservation, situated in the county of Bayfield, three and one-half miles northwest of the city of Bayfield, on Lake Superior, Wisconsin.

Including 7,569,000 feet now banked in Red Cliff bay, on the above described reservation, about 100,000,000 feet more or less. The kind of timber approximately estimated, includes about 60,000,000 white pine, 3,000,000 Norway, 25,000,000 hemlock, 5,000,000 cedar, 4,000,000 spruce, and 3,000,000 feet divided between oak, ash, birch, maple and basswood.

The above estimates are only approximate, and bidders are expected to ascertain for themselves the amount and quality of each class of timber, before submitting proposals. Bids should be made for so much per thousand feet stumpage for each kind of timber, which would include all merchantable, standing, dead or down, burnt or green; or merchantable standing of each kind, so much per thousand feet, merchantable dead or down; so much merchantable burnt, or green and fallen, so much per thousand, or bids may include both methods.

Bids upon the timber now banked will be so much per thousand feet for white pine, and so much for Norway. The Norway banked comprises one-half of one per cent of the 7,500,000 feet.

The following requirements must be considered in submitting proposals for the purchase of the above described timber: A mill must be built upon the reservation, and all the timber, including that now banked must be sawed into lumber at the mill. Not less than 10,000,000 feet nor more than 20,000,000 feet of timber to be cut and banked each year and until all the timber is cut and sold. No one except the successful bidder will be allowed to make contracts with the different allottees for the sale of their timber.

Fifty dollars ($50.00) will be paid by the contractor to the allottee on the approval of his contract by the honorable commissioner of Indian affairs, and five per cent of the estimated value of the timber on his allotment, on July 1st of each year till cut. These payments to be charged against the timber and deducted when timber is cut and paid for. A general form of contract with individual allottees, similar to that now being used by the Stearns Lumber Company on the Bad River reservation, will be used, a copy of which can be obtained on application to this office. Payment will be required for the timber now banked on the reservation, when contract is awarded and property delivered.

The contractor will be required to give bond in penalty of $50,000.00 lawful money of the United States, running to the United States, and conditioned for the faithful observance of all laws of the United States now in force or that may hereafter be enacted, relative to trade and intercourse with Indian tribes, and regulations prescribed thereunder, and for the faithful performance of all his obligations under any contract or contracts which he may enter into with the Indians under these regulations, as well as the faithful obligation of the same.

The contractor shall employ Indians in the cutting, moving and manufacture of the timber when practicable, on the same terms as other laborers. Indians to have the preference over white men. The method of appointing scalers, the mode of payment of the same, and minor details of this nature, can be obtained on application to this office.

A certified check for $10,000.00 will be required with each proposal, as guarantee for the faithful execution of the contract if bid is accepted.

The government reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Sealed proposals should be addressed to the undersigned, and marked "proposals for purchase of Red Cliff timber."

(Signed.) G. L. SCOTT, Captain 6th Cavalry, Acting Indian Agent.
Duluth Evening Herald, Aug 9 to Sept 6 inc. 25 t.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of that certain mortgage made and executed by the Northwestern Loan & Investment Company, mortgagor, to Vera L. Brown, mortgagee, and assigned by instrument in writing by said mortgagee, Vera L. Brown, to Martin W. Brown, which mortgage bears date December first, A. D. 1893, and was recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the eighth (8th) day of January, A. D. 1894, in Book ninety-nine (99) of mortgages, on page ninety-five (95) thereof, and the assignment of which mortgage bears date the 27th day of July, A. D. 1897, and was recorded in said office of the register of deeds in and for said county on the 30th day of July, A. D. 1897, in Book one hundred and fifty-two (152) of mortgages on page eighty-five (85) thereof.

That at the date of this notice there is claimed to be due and there is due on said mortgage the sum of five hundred ninety-four and 56-100 dollars ($594.56) principal and interest, together with $50.00 attorneys' fees provided for in said mortgage.

That the premises covered by said mortgage is described as follows, to-wit: Lots numbered four (4), seven (7) and eight, in block numbered ninety-two (92), and lot numbered four (4), in block numbered two hundred and eighty-eight (288), all in the Fourth Division of West Duluth, St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, according to the plat thereof on file in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county and state.

That said premises will be sold pursuant to the terms of the power of sale in said mortgage, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in and for said county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on Saturday, the 25th day of September, A. D. 1897, at ten o'clock a. m. of said day.

Dated August 2, 1897.

MARTIN W. BROWN, Assignee of Mortgagee.
FRYBERGER & JOHANSON, Attorneys for Assignee of Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-9-16-23-30 Sept-6-13.

AT WEST DULUTH

The Gold Hunters Abandon Their Trip and Will Hunt Game.

BALL TEAM BEATEN

Athletics Gave West Duluth Team a Bad Defeat Yesterday Afternoon.

The West Duluth gold hunters, U. S. G. Sharpe, Dr. Guy Pake and R. L. Ettenger who after most elaborate preparations, left a couple of weeks ago for Rainy Lake, have abandoned their quest for gold and are roaming the forests for four-footed game. It will be remembered that these gentlemen, with a boat, went to Grand Rapids, their intention being to reach Rainy Lake by a new route, all water. Word was received from them yesterday, the first that had been heard from them since their departure. It seems that for a week they floated down the Big Fork, and after having made about 100 miles, they came upon the home of a physician who is a mighty hunter. This man had traveled the world over in search of game and finally settled in the wilds of Northern Minnesota on what he considers the best game preserve in the world. He informed the gold hunters that by the route they were following the were still 200 miles from Rainy Lake and that they would be en route two or three weeks longer before they could possibly reach their destination. This was as bad as a trip to the Klondike, and so it was decided to abandon their quest for shining gold and remain with their new-found friend and hunt game in the woods, and fish in the waters. After they have had their fill of this sport they will paddle back to Grand Rapids and return home with only their experience to show for their enterprise.

BALL TEAM DEFEATED.

The West Duluth ball club went down to inglorious defeat yesterday afternoon in a game with the Athletics at the West End ball park. The score stood 12 to 1, and the West Duluth team was lucky to get its single run for they pounded air with great regularity when they went to bat, Cole, of the Athletics striking out thirteen men. Doyle, for the West Duluths, also pitched a strong game, striking out eight men, but his support was weak. The Athletics are now the recognized champions of the head of the lakes.

FUNERAL OF THE BURNS BOYS.

The funeral of Joseph and Victor Burns, the two boys who were drowned under such sad circumstances near the Hugo iron works Thursday afternoon, was held from St. James Catholic church at 11 o'clock yesterday morning. There was a very large attendance and the floral offerings were many and beautiful. The interment took place in the Catholic cemetery.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Rev. Wilson Aull pastor of Glen Avon Presbyterian church, preached last night at Westminster Presbyterian church.

Rev. Mr. Shorter, of the Bethel, preached at Asbury M. E. church yesterday morning and Rev. J. W. Heard, paster of the Lester Park Methodist church, occupied the same pulpit in the evening.

The Women's Christian Temperance union, of West Duluth, met Friday afternoon with Mrs. Fred Hermann and elected the following officers: President, Mrs. Fred Hermann; vice president, Mrs. McGill; secretary, Mrs. Becklinger; treasurer, Mrs. Thayer. Delegates to the state convention which meets next week in Duluth, were also elected.

The Bay View Heights incline road is deriving a good income from the berry pickers, who flock to the hill every day to gather red raspberries.

The addition to the roundhouse of the Missabe road at Proctorknott is nearing completion.

Thomas Wright, one of the pioneers of West Duluth, will leave tomorrow for Edmonton. He is not on his way to the Klondike, but will go to work at this outfitting point at his trade, that of a cabinet maker.

The disagreeable weather yesterday was responsible for the small number of visitors at Zenith Park.

ANYBODY CAN SWIM.

A correspondent of the New York Times writes that anybody may learn to swim in two half hours spent in determined effort to that end. To begin with, let it be understood that the act of "treading water" consists in simply remaining in one place in the water in an upright position by motion of the arms and legs moved as a dog, horse or ox moves his legs in swimming, omitting his effort to move forward. This having been understood, let the tyro wade out from the shore in gradually deepening water until he finds himself in water, say, up to his chin; then turn round, face the shore and proceed to tread water, continuing his efforts until he finds himself standing upright, his feet not touching bottom. Half an hour's persistent effort will enable him to master this his first lesson. When he has done so much, he has virtually captured the whole business. When he again goes into the water, let him go out to the same depth, turn round, face the shore as before, and strike out in front, with his hands and arms, at the same time kicking backward. He will find almost before he is aware of it, that he is off bottom and slowly swimming toward the shore. In fact he has already learned to swim. His flights will be short at first. He can easily learn the common strokes and methods of swimming after he has first learned to swim dog fashion. All he needs, however, is practice to enable him to swim at will, according to his physical strength. In these suggestions the masculine is assumed to include the feminine.

RIDER OUTLASTS THE HORSE.

Bismarck, who had worn himself out in the service of Germany and of his emperor, rarely referred to his labors for the fatherland, says the Pittsburg Dispatch. One morning he and the emperor William were riding together in the park. They had not gone far when Bismarck complained of fatigue. The emperor, who was quite fresh, said somewhat testily:

"How it is that, though I am an older man than yourself, prince, I can always outride you?"

Bismarck's reply was as reproachful as it was epigrammatic.

"Ah, sire," he said, "the rider always outlasts the horse."

To the Traveling Publ

The Evening Herald is on sale at the news stands in the Great Northern hotel, Chicago; Windsor hotel, St. Paul; West hotel, Minneapolis.

Naked Pills

are fit only, for naked savages. Clothes are the marks of civilization—in pills as well as people. A good coat does not make a good pill, any more than good clothes make a good man. But as sure as you'd look on a clothesless man as a mad one, you may look on a coatless pill as a bad one. After fifty years of test no pills stand higher than

AYER'S Cathartic Pills

SUGAR COATED.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

Supplies were quite plentiful this morning on Michigan street but the changes in prices were very few.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed daily.

BUTTER.	
Clover Leaf cream. prints	17 @ 18
Cream., separators, fancy	16 @ 17
Dairies, fancy, special make	11 @ 14
Packing stock	8 @ 9
Dairy, fair	9 @ 12
CHEESE.	
Twins, flats, full cr'm, new	9 @ 10
Full cr'm, Young America	10 @ 11
Swiss cheese, No. 1	12 @ 12½
Brick, No. 1	10
Limburger, full cr'm choice	9 @ 10
Primost	6
EGGS.	
Candled, strictly fresh	8½@ 9
HONEY.	
Fancy white clover	12½@ 13
Fancy white clover, in jars strained, per lb	12½
Golden rod	11½@ 12
Dark honey	11 @ 11½
Buckwheat, dark	11 @ 11½
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per pound	11
Ohio, per pound	10
Maple syrup, per gal	90 @ 1 00
POPCORN.	
Choice, per lb	2½@ 3
NUTS.	
Soft shell almonds, per lb	12
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	12
Hard shell walnuts, per lb	11
Brazils, per lb	8
Pecans, per lb	9 @ 11
Filberts, per lb	11
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7
Raw peanuts	4½@ 5½
VEGETABLES.	
Green or red peppers, doz	30
Summer squash, per doz	40 @ 50
Green corn, per doz	8 @ 10
Celery, per doz	30
New potatoes, in sacks, bus	60 @ 65
Carrots, new, per bus	70 @ 85
New beets, per bus	65 @ 75
Carrots, new per bus	60 @ 75
New turnips, per bus	65 @ 75
Asparagus, per doz	25 @ 35
New wax beans, per bus	60 @ 75
Cucumbers, per doz	15 @ 20
Cucumbers, per bus	1 25
New beets, per doz bunches	25 @ 30
Green peas, per bus	90 @ 1 00
Cabbage, per crate	1 25 @ 1 50
Pie plant, per 100 lbs	80 @ 1 00
Egg plant, per doz	1 50 @ 1 75
Potatoes, old, per bus	50 @ 60
Mint, per doz	35
Cauliflowers, per doz	1 30 @ 1 75
Horse radish, per lb	6 @ 7
Illinois cabbage, per crate	1 25 @ 1 50
Illinois tomatoes, crate	25 @ 40
Oyster plant, doz bunches	50
Green onions, doz bunches	12 @ 20
Spinach, per bus	30
Lettuce, per bus	40 @ 50
Horse radish roots, per bbl	4 00 @ 4 50
Long radishes, per doz	12 @ 15
Round radishes, per doz	12½@ 15
Kohl Rabi, per doz	20
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bus	90 @ 1 00
Medium, hand picked, bus	90
Brown beans, fancy, bus	90
Green and yellow peas	75 @ 90
Green peas, bus	65
FRUITS.	
Michigan peaches, basket	30
Red currants, per basket	1 00 @ 1 25
Osage melons, per basket	1 25
Pit plant, per basket	1 00
Blueberries, 16 qt cases	1 00 @ 1 25
Georgia grapes, per basket	30 @ 35
Pears, California Bartletts	2 00 @ 2 25
N. Y. currants, 32 qt case	3 00
Limes, per case	4 00
Red raspberries, 24 qt cases	3 25 @ 3 75
Gooseberries, per case	1 00 @ 1 25
Blackberries, per case	1 25 @ 1 50
Oranges Mediterranean sweets	4 25 @ 4 50
Seedling oranges	4 25
Bananas, bunches	1 50 @ 1 75
Lemons, per box	4 75 @ 5 50
Cocoanuts, per doz	40 @ 60
Figs, per lb	12 @ 15
Pineapple, per doz	1 65 @ 1 75
Pineapples (Union River) crate	4 00
California peaches, case	1 25 @ 1 35
California apricots, case	1 10 @ 1 25
California plums	1 00 @ 1 25
Gem melons, per basket	50 @ 60
Watermelons	12 @ 18
Dates, per lb	9 @ 10
APPLES AND CIDER.	
Apples, per bbl	2 00 @ 2 50
Mich. sweet cider, per keg	2 50 @ 2 75
Fruit juices, per keg	4 50
LIVE POULTRY.	
Hens	8½@ 9
Spring chickens, per lb	10 @ 11
DRESSED POULTRY.	
Turkeys, per lb	12½@ 15
Chickens, per lb	8½@ 10
Geese, per lb	10 @ 11
DRESSED MEATS.	
Mutton	7½@ 8
Lamb	9
Veal, fancy	7½@ 8
Veal, good	7 @ 7½
Veal, coarse	6½@ 7
Pork	5½
BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.	
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	$8 50 @ 9 00
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	10 25 @10 50
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	9 75 @10 00
Red dog	12 00
Ground feed, No. 1	10 25 @11 75
Choice South Minn	7 50 @ 8 00
Ground feed, No. 2	10 25 @11 75
HAY, CAR LOTS.	
Northern Minn	4 00 @ 6 50
Medium	4 00 @ 6 50
Tame, ton, choice timothy	9 00 @10 00

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Aug. 16.—Butter, firm; Western creamery, 11½@16c; Elgins, 16c; factory, 7@10½c. Eggs, firm; Western, 15c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Aug. 16.—Butter, firm; creameries, 11@16c; dairies, 10@13c. Eggs, firm; fresh, 12c.

For G. A. R. excursion to Buffalo the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway makes the lowest rates and quickest time.

Ask the South Shore for rates and routes to Buffalo before buying. Fourteen routes to choose from.

Summer Excursion Rates.

VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 16-18, $18.55.

Indianapolis, Ind., and return, Sept. 7, 8, 9, $18.75.

Buffalo, N. Y., and return, G. A. R., Aug. 21, 22, announced later.

Nashville, Tenn., and return, Centennial, $43.30.

Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, $46.45.

Summer tourist tickets to Colorado, Yellowstone Park, Pacific coast, and to all Eastern and Western resorts.

For rates and particulars call or address city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, corner Providence building.

The evening paper is always carefully read, especially in the home circle, and is therefore the best advertising medium.

WHEAT CLIMBING

Another Advance Took Place Today, Owing to More Bullish News.

DANGER OF A FROST

Cold Weather In the Northwest and Strong Foreign Demand Continued.

An advance of 2¾c was scored in September wheat in the first forty-five minutes' trading on the Chicago 'change today, the market in that time selling up to 86⅞c. In the first half hour the price rose 2¼c to 86¼c on the Duluth board. Then a reaction occurred owing to the extremely large world's shipments and the heavy increase on passage, 2,000,000 bus. Liverpool showed a 1½d advance and the temperature in the Northwest was dangerously near the frost line in many localities. London reported Paris still buying cargoes. The market was extremely nervous and many of the big operators at Chicago kept aloof but even at that trading was heavy. The quickness with which the market responded to the buying revived the talk of a September squeeze.

The Northwest receipts were 345, against 182 cars last week and 307 a year ago. Chicago received 280 carloads of wheat and the quantity withdrawn from store was 287,000 bus. The stocks in the regular elevators at Chicago are now 2,521,000 bus or 704,000 bus less than they were a week ago. In today's arrivals at Minneapolis it was said there were 59 cars new spring that had been bought to arrive at 3½c per bus over the September price in that market. The world's shipments to Europe last week were 7,300,000 bus compared with 5,035,000 bus on the corresponding week the year before. The domestic visible was estimated to have decreased 1,427,000 bus. The total in the home visible is now 17,226,000 bus against 45,876,000 bus a year ago. The exports of wheat and flour from Atlantic ports since Saturday were equal to 710,000 bus.

There was active trading on the Duluth board. September wheat opened 1⅝c higher at 85⅞c, reacted to 85⅝c but recovered and sold up to 86¼c within the first half hour. Then it slumped off to 85c, but at 11 o'clock was up again to 85¼c. After a temporary decline of ¼c, it sold up to 86c. After noon another weak spell set in and the price dropped to 85½c. Before the close it recovered to 86¼c, and closed with sellers at 85⅝c, an advance of 1⅜c for the day. The elevators bought six cars of cash stuff at 6c over September, and the mills took four cars at the same premium. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 92c. No. 1 northern, cash, 91⅝c; September, 85⅝c asked; December, 83⅝c asked. No. 2 northern, 85¾c. No. 3, 79¾c. Rejected, 65@73c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 92c; No. 1 northern, 91¾c; new No. 1 northern, 86¼c. Rye, 46c. No. 2 oats, 19½c; No. 3 oats, 19c. Flax, $1.05.

Car inspection—Wheat, 44; corn, 15; oats, 22; rye, 6; barley, 7; flax, 3. Receipts—Wheat, 105,019 bus; corn, 21,726 bus; oats, 7531 bus; rye, 66,631 bus; barley, 5670 bus; flax, 1627 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 145,325 bus; oats, 186,932 bus; rye, 56 bus; flax, 90,093 bus.

WEEKLY STATEMENT

Showing the stock of grain in store, by grades, at Duluth, at the close of business on Saturday, Aug. 14, 1897:

Wheat.	Bus.
No. 1 hard	134,019
No. 1 northern	521,480
No. 2 northern	233,453
No 3 spring	67,641
No grade spring	15,502
Rejected and condemned	16,202
Special bin	64,457
Total in store	1,052,844
Increase for the week	38,177
Amount wheat in store corresponding date last year	5,641,020
Corn in store	157,443
Oats in store	193,156
Rye in store	356,958
Barley in store	221,394
Flax seed in store	729,893

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, Aug. 16.—Close, wheat, August, 86c; September, 85½c; December, 84c; old, 82⅝c; May, 85⅞c. Corn, August, 28¼c; September, 28⅝c; December, 29¾c; May, 32½c. Oats, August, 17c; September, 17⅝c; December, 18⅞@⅞c; May, 21⅛c. Pork, August, $8.07; September, $8.07; October, $8.10; December, $8.17. Lard, August, $4.47; September, $4.47; October, $4.52; December, $4.47. Ribs, August, $4.95; September, $4.95; October, $4.95. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 86@88c; No. 3 red, 83@85c; No. 2 spring, 86@87c; No. 3 spring, 78@83c; No. 2 hard winter, 83@85c; No. 3 hard winter, 80@83c. Corn, No. 2, 28⅜@¾c; No. 3, 27½@⅝c. Oats, No. 2, 18c; No. 3, 16½@19c. Barley, cash, No. 3, 25½c. Rye, cash, 46c; Sept., 46¼c; Dec., 47½c. Flax, cash, $1.02; cash, Northwestern, $1.03; September, $1.02¼@1.03; December, $1.03½@1.04. Timothy, cash, $2.75; August, $2.70; September, $2.70.

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, Aug. 16.—Estimated receipts hogs, 33,000. Market opened strong; Saturday's best prices; No. 1 active and a shade weaker at the opening. Light, $3.90@4.12½; mixed, $3.80@4.05; heavy, $3.60@4.02½; rough, $3.60@3.70. Cattle, receipts, 22,000; including 1500 Texans and 400 Westerns. Best steady; others mostly 10c lower. Beeves, $3.80@5.25; cows and heifers, $1.90@4.40; Texas steers, $2.80@4.10; Westerns, $3.45@4.25; stockers and feeders, $3.15@4.25. Sheep, receipts, 21,000. Sheep market generally steady. Native sheep, $2.40@4.10; Western, $3.10@3.85; lambs, $3.50@5.50. Yesterday's official: Hogs, receipts, 11,238; shipments, 5098. Cattle, receipts, 612; shipments, 340. Sheep, receipts, 5783; shipments, 895. Estimated receipts hogs for tomorrow, 17,000.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Aug. 16.—Money on call nominal paper 3½@4¼ per cent. Sterling exchange paper 3½@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange heavy with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.85½@4.85¾ for demand and at $4.83½@4.83¾ for sixty days. Posted rates $4.84½@4.86 and $4.86½@4.87. Commercial bills $4.82½. Silver certificates, 55@½c. Bar silver, 54⅝c. Mexican dollars, 41⅝c. Government bonds firm. New 4s registered, $1.25¼; coupon, $1.25¼; 5s registered, $1.13⅝; coupon, $1.13⅝; 4s registered, $1.11¾; coupon, $1.12; 2s registered, 97½; Pacific 6s of '98, $1.02.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, Aug. 16.—Close, wheat, spot firm; futures firm, 1⅝@2d higher. September, 7s; October, 6s 11⅝d; December, 6s 10⅝d. Corn, spot firm; futures steady, ¾@1½d higher. August, 3s ½d; September, 3s 1¼d; October, 3s 2¼d; December, 3s 3½d.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Aug. 16.—Wheat, August, 93⅝c; September, 91⅝c; October, 90½c; November, 90¼c. Corn, September, 33⅝c. Oats, September, 21⅝c.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, Aug. 16.—Wheat firm and higher. Close: August 91⅞c; September, 82½@⅝c; December, 81⅝@½c. On track—No. 1 hard, 93⅝c; No. 1 northern, 92⅝c; No. 2 northern, 87⅝@90⅝c. Receipts, 181 cars.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Aug. 16.—Wheat advanced 2¾c over Saturday's close but closed only 1½c higher. The market was nervous, the volume of trade not being large and fluctuations often wide apart. The expected frost did not materialize and neither did the reduction in the French tariff. The weather in the Northwest was clear and cool, and some anxiety about frost, but warmer weather is predicted. Paris letters and cables say there is no fear at present of any reduction in the wheat duty. The Paris market opened slightly higher but closed later until Wednesday on account of holiday. Antwerp, which is a very conservative market, was practically unchanged during the past week while we have advanced about 10c. Beerbohm estimates that Europe will require 192,000,000 bus of wheat the coming year from the United States and Canada which is a weekly average of 3,680,000 bus, a quantity which will break all records and should anything happen to further diminish our spring wheat crop we would see things in the wheat pit which would remind us of war times. We still consider the bull side the side to play.

Corn and oats steady early; advanced in sympathy with wheat. The frost scares subsided but large export demand reported which offset the free country offerings.

Provisions—The market has absorbed a large line of long stuff and advanced easily in the face of a weak hog market.

Puts, September wheat, 83½@82c.
Calls, September wheat, 88@88½c.
Curb, September wheat, 85⅝c.
Puts, September corn, 28⅜@28¼c.
Calls, September corn, 29¼c asked @29c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky	.....	.....	.....	.....
Atchison preferred	32¾	33	32⅛	32⅛
Sugar	148	149½	148	148⅝
Canada Southern	54⅝	53⅞	54⅝	55
C., B. & Q.	98¾	99¼	97¾	98⅛
St. Paul	93⅞	94⅞	91	94⅛
Chicago Gas	103	103½	103	103
D., L. & W.	.....	.....	.....	.....
General Electric	37⅜	37⅜	36⅝	36⅝
Omaha	68¾	69	68½	68½
Reading	27	27⅛	26½	26½
L. & N.	61⅜	61⅝	60¾	60⅞
Manhattan	105	106⅜	104¾	105
Missouri Pacific	29⅞	30½	29⅞	30
Tobacco	91	94	92½	92⅝
C. & N. W.	120⅜	120½	119½	119½
N. P. preferred	51	51¼	50¼	50⅜
Rock Island	86¼	86½	85⅝	85⅝
Union Pacific	13⅝	13⅝	12⅞	12⅞
Western Union	93	93	92	92⅛
Leather	67⅞	67⅝	67¼	67¼
Lake Shore	.....	.....	.....	.....

RESERVED FOR REVISION.

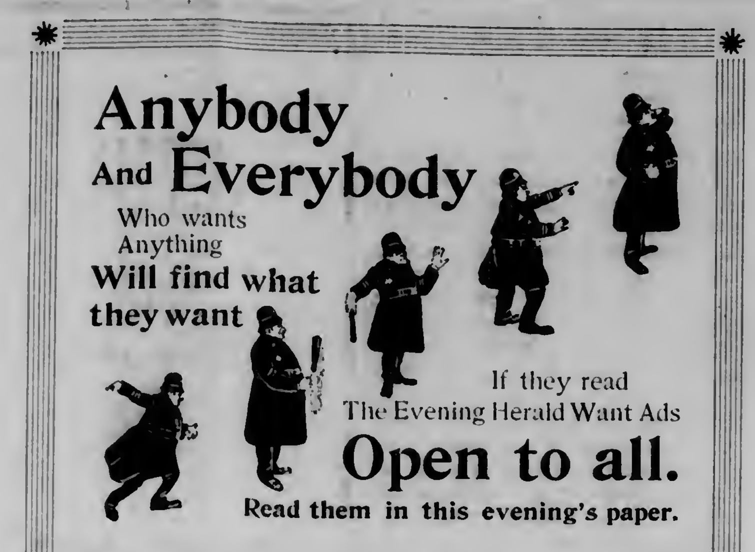
Pittsburg Dispatch: "Anyone who believes that the word 'dead' cannot be compared ought to visit Toronto on Sunday," remarked a drummer the other day. "I've seen dead towns before, but Toronto is the deadest on the map. Anyone who is sidetracked in that town over Sunday can do nothing but grow.

"I slipped $1 into the hand of the clerk of the biggest hotel in Toronto one Sunday afternoon recently and said: 'I'm so dry that I'm afraid I'll crumble into dust and blow away. If you know any way by which I can be moistened so that I will hold together till I get out of town I wish you would point it out. There is a bar connected with the hotel on week days, isn't there? If anyone calls to see me I shall be in my room for the next hour.' Then I went to my room and waited.

"By and by there was a timid knock on the door and the clerk entered. He appeared badly frightened and kept glancing about apprehensively all the while. He carried an old valise, which he thrust into my hands, exclaiming in a loud voice: 'Beg pardon, sir, but you have left this in the office.' Then he added, sotto voce: 'Throw it under the bed out of sight after you're through with it.'

"A drowning man would not have grasped a plank more eagerly than I grabbed the old valise. I thrust another dollar into the clerk's hand, pushed him out of the room, sat down on the bed and opened the thing. It contained two bottles of pop. My subsequent remarks are reserved for revision before printing."

The evening paper is always carefully read, especially in the home circle, and is therefore an excellent advertising medium. Advertisers in The Evening Herald always get full value.



ONE CENT A WORD.

TRAINED NURSE.

IF YOU WANT A TRAINED NURSE, leave your order at Boyce's drug store.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Call after 5 p. m. at 506 Fifth avenue east.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 519 West Second street.

GIRL WANTED. 713½ GARFIELD AVENUE.

WANTED—A GIRL OF 16 OR 17 YEARS to do housework. 425 Ninth avenue east.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in small family. 1031 East First street.

A FEW COMPETENT GIRLS WISH situations at housework. Ladies can always find good girls and girls can find places at Mrs. Selbold's employment office, 225 East Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—BOY 18 YEARS OLD. PERmanent situation if satisfactory. Imperial Coffee and Spice company, 12 West Michigan street.

WANTED—A NIGHT CLERK, WHO knows how to wait on table, at once, at Clarke & Dickerman's, Trust building.

WANTED — A FEW ENERGETIC salesmen to sell specialties in household goods on easy payments. John Gately & Co., 705 West Superior street.

WANTED—TWO SALESMEN; SALARY and commission. Can make more gold and easier than at Klondike. Sales come easy. The Singer Manufacturing company, 614 West Superior street.

PROFESSIONAL.

MRS. JULIA L. HUGHES—SUPERFLUous hair, moles, etc., permanently destroyed by electricity, without injury. Also scientific face massage and complexion treatment. Manicuring. Choice toilet preparations. 305 Masonic temple, Duluth.

CLOTHES CLEANING.

UNTIL SEPT. 10 CLOTHES WILL BE pressed and brushed at the following prices: A full suit, 50 cents; 2 pairs of trousers, 25 cents. 27 West Superior street.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY, A SECOND-HAND set of Minnesota statutes. Address L., Box 740, West Duluth.

ONE CENT A WORD.

All advertisements of "situations wanted" inserted FREE. We invite as many repetitions as are necessary to secure what you advertise for. The Herald's 50,000 daily readers will be sure to fill your wants.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A BOY, AGED 15, WOULD LIKE WORK of any kind. Address N 99, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION BY A FIRST class second girl or waitress in private family. Best city references. Address N 82, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION BY A FIRST class dining room girl in hotel or in private boarding house. Call or address 327 West Fourth street.

STENOGRAPHER AND GENERAL OFfice man, who has had experience in Minneapolis chamber of commerce, wants job in grain business. Good reference; easy terms. N 53, Herald.

YOUNG WOMAN WOULD LIKE A place to work days and go home nights. Can sew or do any kind of work except washing; sewing preferred. Address N 44, Herald.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN WANTS POsition in office. Railroad, freight, ticket or coal office preferred. Can operate and furnish machine; moderate salary to begin with. Address J. R., 2048 West First street.

WANTED—SITUATION AS HOUSEkeeper by young woman, of eight years' experience. No objection to leaving city. N 61, Herald.

WANTED — HOUSE CLEANING scrubbing, stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 390 Lake avenue south.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

PARTY LEAVING CITY WILL SELL his house very cheap or exchange it for lot or acres and small amount of cash. Apply 711 Torrey building.

FOR SALE—EIGHTEEN ROOM HOTEL and furniture at Itasca, Omaha yards, newly painted and papered and doing good business. One other hotel in town. Terms liberal; good reasons for selling. Call or address D. J. McDonald, Itasca, Wis.

FOR SALE—AT WEST SUPERIOR, Aug. 18, carload of fresh milch cows. Gardner & Co., 1322 Oaks avenue.

FOR SALE—HANDSOME CHAMBER set and household furniture. 1429 Jefferson street.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE BEST CARriage or light delivery horse in the city. Also delivery wagon and double harness, or will exchange for single delivery wagon and harness. W. W. Seekins, 921 East Third street.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE MOR SALE cheap, at 1230 East Third street.

FOR SALE — BALED SHAVINGS. Woodruff's planing mill, Garfield avenue, Rice's Point. Telephone 132.

FOR SALE—FINE GILT MANTLE MIRror, also furniture. 1 Adams flats.

BICYCLES AND TANDEMS FOR SALE cheap or trade for anything we can use. Going out of renting business. Duluth Van company.

MARKUS MISFIT CARPET AND FURniture company, are selling carpets, furniture, stoves, according to the times. 50 cents on the dollar. Call and give us a trial. Open evenings. 20 West Superior street.

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE OR RENT. Wyckoff, Seamens & Benedict, 323 West Superior street.

REAL ESTATE—FOR SALE.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR $650; EASY monthly payments; special bargain. D. W. Scott, 10 Mesaba block.

$450 ON EASY TERMS, WILL BUY 25x140 foot lot on Sixth street between Twelfth and Thirteenth avenue east; fine location; look at them, by George H. Crosby.

CLEAR FARM LAND IN MINNESOTA at $2.50 per acre, $10 cash payment and $1 per week. Great chance to buy a farm. George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building, Duluth.

INSECTS EXTERMINATED.

THE BED BUG DIES! THE COCKroach perishes. Sure death to vermin. Your house cleaned of all vermin and insects, and all disease germs killed. Andrew Furni, 121 East Superior street. Work guaranteed.

STORAGE.

STORAGE — LICENSED AND BONDed, are you going to move or store your household goods. Separate lock-up rooms furnished on application. Nice, dry, airy, clean brick storehouse; lowest rates of fire insurance; we have the only padded covered vans in Duluth. We take entire charge and guarantee you against damage or loss in the removal of your goods, while in our care. We work rain or shine; we have competent men to do packing, and we furnish all packing material, and pack china, books, bric a brac, pictures, pianos, furniture, etc. Call or telephone 492 and we will go out and talk over details. Will furnish estimates for packing, moving, storage free of charge. Only licensed and bonded warehouse in city. Duluth Van, Express and Storage company, 212 West Superior street. (Incorporated.)

EXPRESS AND DRAY LINE.

Seal. **UNION DRAY.** We beg leave to inform the public that the Duluth Draymen's Union carries a card like above on every union dray wagon, and are ready to do all kinds of heavy and light draying by reliable and experienced men on short notice and at reasonable prices. Look for the union card on dray wagon and give us a trial. TRUNKS DELIVERED 25c.

DULUTH DRAYMEN'S UNION 6703,

(Affiliated with the A. F. of L.)

LOST.

LOST—BLACK HORSE, 7 YEARS OLD, weight 1500. Inform Fox, city livery, West Duluth, or M. L. Sullivan, Harney, Minn.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

St. Paul & Duluth R. R.

Leave Duluth.	*Daily. †Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth.
†9 00 am *1 55 pm *11 15 pm	St. Paul, Minneapolis.	*6 30 am *1 05 pm †7 45 pm

From UNION DEPOT, CITY TICKET OFFICE, 332 W. Superior street, corner Providence building. Tickets sold to all points. Telephone 218.

ONE CENT A WORD.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—NINE ROOM HOUSE, 1102 East Second street. City water.

EIGHT ROOM HOUSE FOR RENT, NO. 123 Second avenue west; all modern improvements, including steam heat; also eight room house, 204 West Second street; bath, electric light. E. R. Jefferson, 121 Second avenue west.

EIGHT ROOM HOUSE, CENTRALLY located; all modern conveniences. R. P. & J. B. Paine, 206 West Superior street, room 4.

FOR RENT—TWO MODERN BRICK houses. Inquire of Clark & Dickerman, Trust company building.

TO RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—MODERN STEAM HEATed flats. McGregor, Providence building.

FOR RENT—THREE PLEASANT FIVE-room flats, $7 to $10. W. J. Holmes, 504 Palladio.

FLAT AND HOUSE, ASHTABULA terrace. R. T. Lewis, Herald building.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT FURNISHED front bedroom; electric light and heat. 1420 Jefferson street.

FOR RENT—OFFICES AND SLEEPING rooms on Superior street. Apply Big Duluth Clothing store.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — STORE IN GRAFF block, 206 West Superior street; has extra entrance from Michigan street. R. P. Paine, room 4, over store.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TO RENT, A SIX OR SEVen room house, with small barn and yard; handy to street car. Address T. M., Herald.

CLAIRVOYANT.

PROFESSOR LA WARDE, CLAIRVOYant, trance medium and powerful magnetic healer, reads your life without question or mistake; gives advice on business and love affairs; tells if your lover is true or false; unites the separated; brings success in all undertakings; lucky days; if confronted by any difficulties consult him at once. Parlors 2 West Second street.

FRATERNITIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:30 p. m. Next meeting Aug. 16, 1897. Work, Third degree. W. A. McGonagle, W. M.; Edwin Mooers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Aug. 23, 1897. Work, ——— F. W. Kugler, W. M.; J. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 8, 1897. ——— degree. John F. McLaren, H. P.; George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18 K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Sept. 7, 1897. M. M. Gasser, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO 105. Meets every Thursday in the Kalamazoo block, third floor, 18 West Superior street. James McDowell, M. W.; J. H. Powers, recorder.

TO EXCHANGE.

FARM LAND TO EXCHANGE FOR DUluth real estate. Apply 106 Providence building.

FINANCIAL.

$5000 ON HAND TO LOAN BY GEORGE H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, ETC. THE STANDARD JEWELRY AND LOAN OFFICE, 324 W. Sup. street.

MONEY TO LOAN

On watches, Diamonds and jewelry. All business strictly confidential. Application by mail promptly attended to.

Marcus' Collateral Loan Bank,

319 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

Fire Insurance, Life Insurance, Investments.... I have for sale a few choice commercial loans—$500,00 up.

A. R. Macfarlane,
13 Exchange Building.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

PAWNBROKER.

MONEY TO LOAN ON ALL GOODS OF value. All business strictly confidential. A full line of musical instruments, new and second hand. Julius Cook, 404 West Superior street.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

J. A. Carlson to A. Anderson, lands in section 27-51-11	$ 600
Pine Tree Lumber company to Missisippi River Lumber company, pine on section 10, etc., 58-20	625
Delaware Iron company to A. G. Maginnis, pine on lands in section 2-58-20	225
A. G. Maginnis to C. H. Davis, pine on lands in section 2-58-20	650
Little Falls & Dakota Railroad company to W. I. Milliken et al, lands in section 19-54-21	120
J. A. Clarcy to Minnesota Savings Fund and Investment company, lot 23, block 26, Duluth Heights, Fifth division	18
Hotal	$ 2,238

CONTRACT WORK.—

Office of Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minn., Aug. 11, 1897.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 10 a. m., on the 23d day of August, A. D. 1897, for the construction of a sanitary sewer in Dingwall street in said city from the easterly terminus of the present sewer in said street to Twenty-second avenue east, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of fifty (50) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

W. H. SMITH, President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald,, Aug 11 10 t.

RAILROAD AND STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

Duluth's Popular Highway to the East!

Northern Steamship Company's

EXCLUSIVE PASSENGER STEAMSHIPS,

North West and North Land

Sailing from Duluth to Sault Ste. Marie, Mackinac Island, Detroit, Cleveland and Buffalo

Every Saturday and Tuesday at 1:45 p. m.

Ships arrive from the East every Friday and Monday at 6:30 p. m.

C. D. HARPER,
Nor. Pass. Agt., 432 W. Superior St.

Steamer Dixon

Will make an extra trip to

GRAND MARAIS

During the summer season, leaving Duluth every Friday morning at 10 a. m. Other sailing days Sunday and Wednesday at 10 a. m.

Eastern Railway

Of Minnesota.

CITY TICKET OFFICE 432 W. SUP. ST.

Leave Duluth.		Arrive Duluth.
†1 15 pm *11 15 pm	St. Paul and Minneapolis	†1 15 pm *7 00 am

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

Buffet Parlor Cars on Day Trains.
New Sleeping Cars on Night Trains.

Direct connections with Great Northern trains for—

Fargo, Grand Forks, Winnipeg, Helena, Butte, Spokane, Portland, Seattle and Japan.

At St. Paul connections are made for all points East, West and South. Through tickets and baggage checked to destination.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

C., ST. P., M. & O. RY.

Office 405 W. Superior St. 'Phone No. 20.

Leave	*Daily. †Except Sunday.	Arrive
†10 45 am	St. Paul, Min'apolis and West	†5 10 pm
*11 00 pm	St. Paul, Min'apolis and West	*7 00 am
*5 10 pm	Chicago Limited	*10 30 am

Parlor cars on day train; Wagner's Finest Sleepers on night trains.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

THE Soo Line ROUTE. Trains for all points East leave Duluth Union depot at 6:30 P. M. Daily EXCEPT SATURDAY with WAGNER PALACE SLEEPING CAR for Sault Ste Marie.

West bound train arrives 8:50 a. m. EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Ticket offices: 426 Spalding Hotel building and Union Depot.

Duluth, Superior & Western Ry.

WEST. P. M.		*Daily except Sunday.	EAST A. M.
*3:05	0	Lv..... Duluth ..... Ar	*11:40
4:05	23	Ar..... Cloquet Lv	10:41
6:13	76	Ar..... Swan River Lv	8:40
7:40		Ar..... Hibbing Lv	7:15
7:02	94	Ar..... Grand Rapids Lv	7:50
8:00	109	Ar..... Deer River Lv	6:55

Duluth, Missabe & Northern Ry. Co.

7:45 a.m.	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	3:35 p.m.
10:45 a.m.	Ar..... Virginia Lv	12:45 p.m.
10:44 a.m.	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	10:56 a.m.
11:56 a.m.	Ar..... Biwabik Lv	12:28 p.m.
11:00 a.m.	Ar..... Mt. Iron Lv	12:30 p.m.
11:25 a.m.	Ar..... Hibbing Lv	12:13 p.m.
9:00 a.m.	Lv..... Virginia .....Ar	1:45 p.m.
1:25 p.m.	Ar..... Wolf Lv	10:33 a.m.
11:25 a.m.	Ar..... Hibbing Lv	12:13 p.m.

Daily, except Sunday. J. B. HANSON, General Passenger Agent.

Duluth & Iron Range R. R.

3:15 p.m.	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	12:00 m.
7:15 p.m.	Ar..... Virginia Lv	8:00 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar..... Ely Lv	7:30 a.m.

Daily, Except Sunday.

There's Only One Railroad

That operates its trains on the famous block system between the Twin Cities, Milwaukee and Chicago.
That lights its trains with electricity throughout;
That uses the celebrated electric berth reading lamp;
That runs four splendidly equipped passenger trains every day from St. Paul and Minneapolis through to Chicago via Milwaukee;
And that road is the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.

It also operates steam-heated vestibule trains carrying the latest private compartment cars, library buffet smoking cars and palace drawing-room sleepers.
Parlor cars, free reclining chair cars and the very best dining car service.
For lowest rates to any point in the United States, Canada or Mexico, apply to ticket agents, or address

J. T. CONLEY,
Ass't. Gen. Pass. Agt.,
St. Paul, Minn.

Note—Elegantly equipped trains from St. Paul and Minneapolis through from Peoria, St. Louis and Kansas City daily.

Burlington Route

Finest Trains on Earth from——

St. Paul and Minneapolis to Chicago.

Only Evening Paper in Duluth

THE EVENING HERALD,
An Independent Newspaper.
Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior St.
Duluth Printing and Publishing Co.
Telephone Calls: Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

TEN CENTS A WEEK.
EVERY EVENING,
DELIVERED OR BY MAIL.

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One month	.45
Three months	1.30
Six months	2.60
One year	5.00

WEEKLY HERALD.
$1 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.

Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second-class matter

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.
OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF DULUTH.

Herald's Circulation High-Water Mark.
17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Aug. 16.—A cool wave has overspread the Central valleys and the Northwest, during the past forty-eight hours. At 7 a. m. today the temperature of 42 was reported at Huron and Winnipeg, and a minimum of 40 was registered last night at Huron, this being the lowest since the establishment of the weather bureau station at that point, twenty-six years ago.

A storm which has moved from Manitoba across the upper lake region, since Saturday morning, has been accompanied by numerous showers in Manitoba, the Red River valley and from the province of Ontario southward to La Crosse, Milwaukee and Detroit. The weather is still cloudy in the southern sections of Michigan and Wisconsin; elsewhere fair weather is general.

During the seven days ending at 7 o'clock this morning, the following rainfalls were reported (in inches): In the Missouri valley, Williston, .20; Bismarck, .30; Huron, 1.10; Omaha, .60; Kansas City, 1.10; in the Red River valley, Moorhead, .20; Winnipeg, .82; in the Mississippi valley, St. Paul, .10; La Crosse, .30; St. Louis, .10; in the lake region, Duluth, 1.10; Marquette, .80; Sault Ste. Marie, .2; Milwaukee, .60; Chicago, .90.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 56; maximum yesterday, 59; minimum yesterday, 52; rainfall, .66 inch.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Generally fair tonight and Tuesday; warmer Tuesday; light, variable winds.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Aug. 16.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Partly cloudy tonight; Tuesday fair and not so cool; fresh northwest winds. For Minnesota: Generally fair tonight and Tuesday; slightly warmer Tuesday; fresh northwest winds becoming variable.

THE REVIVAL APPARENT.

In connection with an article telling about the rush of buyers to New York from all parts of the country to buy their stocks of fall and winter merchandise, the New York Journal gives several interviews with representative men who are in a position to see the evidence of improvement in business. Albert C. Stevens, editor of Bradstreet's, is quoted as follows:

"That there is to be a wholesome revival in demand for staple articles of merchandise and produce throughout the country this autumn has become apparent to the most indifferent observer. In the past four weeks the groundswell of demand has risen rapidly, and the end is not yet. Wheat crops were short in other exporting and some importing countries, and it was plain that we were to have more than an average crop here; that other wheat-consuming countries were to be obliged to come here for wheat to a greater extent than ever before. The revival is of that conservative, widespread character which promises an era of business prosperity. At no time in four years has such an inroad of Western and Southern merchants into New York been possible as that witnessed this week, irrespective of low rates of transportation."

Manager Douglass of R. G. Dun's mercantile agency was interviewed and said: "The good times have come to stay. We get reports from every part of the country showing that the revival of business extends into every branch of commerce and finance. This sudden rise of values is not a temporary thing. Prices will go much higher. This is not a spurt. It is simply a return of good times, and the wave of prosperity will grow bigger and wider every week. New York is getting a magnificent share. The great jobbing houses are loaded with orders. The new Merchants' association has worked wonders. Don't be afraid that there will be a sudden reaction. The prosperity we are witnessing is real. Everything shows that we are swinging up into a high plane in the same way we did it in 1879."

President George G. Williams of the Chemical bank, probably the strongest financial institution of the country, was quite enthusiastic over the outlook. He declared that prosperity is here, and when asked what is the cause, promptly replied: "Providence. Providence has taken this land in keeping. Behold our splendid crops! It is by providential interference, no doubt, that we have a grand harvest while many other parts of the world suffer. Look at poor India! Rain hasn't fallen in some parts of India for three years. Her people are actually dying for want of food. One of our first acts ought to be to freight the largest steamship that floats and send it to a famine-stricken district. Behold the contrast in our fair land! In the middle West and Northwest our crops are as nowhere else upon the face of the earth. We shall feed the rest of the world. The period of anxiety came to an end a month ago. All our manufacturing industries will be stimulated and the masses of the unemployed will go to work. This is real prosperity; the kind that benefits the agricultural sections. We are an agricultural people, after all is said. We do not recognize the fact sometimes here in the East, but the great West and Northwest make themselves felt at times. Their merchants are crowding our great wholesale houses at this hour, buying the largest stocks of goods they have purchased for years."

The Journal itself editorially extends a welcome to prosperity, saying: "At last the seemingly endless nightmare is over. The people have resolved to go to work and confine politics to their leisure hours. Capital has decided that timidity can be carried to an excess, and that it is time for a little courage. Merchants are flocking into New York to buy goods, and lambs with rich virgin fleeces are flocking into Wall street to get shorn. The wheels are beginning to hum again and the sun is shining. The world has been reviling America long enough. Let us show it that the electrical nerves and the mighty muscles that made this nation the envy of the earth eight years ago are still here."

WHEAT AND SILVER.

The Brainerd Dispatch says: "Tuesday's Duluth Herald contained a column editorial showing that the increased price of wheat was due to increased demand. Last fall The Herald insisted that the price was regulated by the price of silver, but that was just before election, and The Herald wanted to make votes for Charley Towne."

The Sault Ste. Marie News says: "There is an opportunity now for Bryan and Towne to compete for the prize of the next presidential nomination. The one who can offer the best explanation of the fact that wheat has advanced since last year 23 cents per bushel, while silver has fallen 10 cents an ounce, stands the best show of getting the support of the silver barons for the next presidential race."

Both the newspapers from which the above extracts are taken are Republican papers. The Herald has heard Republicans in Duluth—men who are called prominent Republicans locally—make similar remarks during the past two weeks. It has read and heard these expressions of opinion with surprise, because they denote an utter lack of belief in the efficacy of bimetallism by international agreement to secure which a commission, appointed by the Republican president in compliance with the pledge of the Republican national platform adopted at St. Louis last year, is now in Europe endeavoring to pave the way for an international conference at Washington. If there is no relation between the price of silver and the price of wheat, if one is not regulated by the other in the remotest degree, if the price of silver does not affect the price of commodities, why is an effort being made to induce other nations to enter into a bimetallic agreement? Is it not a fact that the Republicans who talk as above quoted do not believe in bimetallism at all and want only the single gold standard?

The rise in wheat and the decline in silver at the present time sustain the contention made by the advocates of bimetallism, and in this class are included both those who honestly want an international agreement and those who would have this country "go it alone," that the price of wheat has been held down during recent years by the competition of silver-using countries which enjoyed a great advantage over our wheat producers by reason of the premium on gold which practically enabled them to cut gold prices in half and still realize the same silver price. Today such silver-using countries as India and Argentina are not exporting any wheat, and their competition having been withdrawn the increased demand for American wheat has naturally forced up the price of wheat. At the same time the scarcity of wheat in the silver-using countries, practically prohibiting any exports from them, has diminished the demand for silver and, consequently, silver has steadily declined in price and is likely to go still lower. Thus the argument of the bimetallists is fully sustained. Every one who is not wedded to gold monometallism will hope that President McKinley's efforts to secure an international agreement will be crowned with success, in order that the higher prices for wheat and other farm products may be maintained for the benefit of the American farmers.

MINISTER TO RUSSIA.

Ethan Allen Hitchcock, of St. Louis, who has been appointed by President McKinley as minister to Russia, succeeds Clifton R. Breckinridge, of Arkansas, who resigned from congress to accept this post at the hands of President Cleveland. Mr. Hitchcock, who is a personal friend of President McKinley, is said to be well qualified to ably represent the United States in the Russian empire. He is a great grandson of Col. Ethan Allen, who captured Fort Ticonderoga. His grandfather married the second daughter of Ethan Allen and took a prominent part in the early history of Vermont, and was made United States circuit judge for the Second circuit by President John Adams. Mr. Hitchcock's father, Henry Hitchcock, was born in Burlington, Vt., from which place he went to Alabama to practice law, in which he was eminently successful, being at the time of his death in 1839 the chief justice of the supreme court of that state.

Ethan Allen Hitchcock was born in Mobile in September, 1835. There he remained until 1840, when he removed with his family to Tennessee. After taking an academic course in New Haven, Conn., he went to St. Louis in 1851 and engaged in business up to 1860, when, at the urgent request of relatives in China, he left for that country to accept employment with Elephant & Co. Mr. Hitchcock has since been actively engaged in business as president of several large manufacturing and railroad corporations, which positions he has resigned in order to accept this appointment abroad.

Judge Woodward of the New York supreme court expressed himself very frankly when asked the other day what he thought of Dr. Andrews' case. He is quoted as saying he thought it a very narrow and un-American creed that tolerated no difference of opinion on a great economic problem, and he considered in the last analysis that the action of the trustees of Brown university was little less than an attempt to curtail freedom of speech. "The only effect such intolerance can have," said Judge Woodward, "is to injure the institution in which it is practiced and to add to a growing sentiment that educational institutions, as a whole, are becoming altogether too subservient to the notions of their wealthy supporters."

French newspapers are suggesting a new system for the prevention of marine accidents which proposes to place strongly smelling chemicals in floating receptacles to be attached to the existing light buoys and bell buoys. Cliffs and dangerous shoals are very often hidden by thick fog, which does light to penetrate nor sound to be heard not allow light to penetrate nor sound to be heard until too late, while the strong smell of some chemical substances would be carried far away, and would indicate to the seafarer with a keen olfactory sense at great distance that he is nearing a dangerous coast.

There is an eminent physician in London takes the position that the health of the people would be, on an average, better and the duration of human life longer, if there were not a practicing physician in the world. In other words, he favors the idea often tersely expressed in the words, "Physicians kill more people than they cure."

The capital of the world will be at the foot of the Himalayas in the year 3000, according to the latest Utopian writer, an Italian, Paolo Montegazza. He is undoubtedly mistaken in his forecast, and The Herald would be willing to wager a small amount that Duluth will be the world's capital in 3000.

The sixth annual session of the National Irrigation congress will be held at Lincoln, Neb., the last of September. Minnesota, not being within the arid or semi-arid regions, is not likely to be represented at the congress. To the people of the farther West the work of the congress is of great importance.

Four women have been drawn to serve on juries at Fort Scott, Kas. It is safe to say that after they have served several weeks and have been out several nights and days because the jury cannot agree, they will not be very much in love with jury duty.

An unfortunate Texas man is suing for divorce because his wife snores vociferously. He declares that "it is impossible to live in the same house with her," and most people will sympathize with the afflicted man.

There was a heavy decrease in the consumption of alcoholic liquors in this country during the last fiscal year. Either the people have become more temperate, or the decrease was due to inability to buy.

The nomination of "Gen." Coxey for governor by the middle-of-the-road mercenaries of the Populist party in Ohio will have little effect on the result. Coxey will not likely get 10,000 votes in the state.

A Frenchman has discovered a method of making silk of fine quality from the webs of spiders. If the spiders are put at work making silk, asks the Boston Transcript, who will catch the flies?

Senator Hanna was pulled off the rocks at Nipigon without serious damage, but he may find it more difficult to avoid serious injury by the Foraker rocks in Ohio.

An anti-expectoration ordinance has been introduced in the Omaha city council. Perhaps the Duluth council will reach this subject before 1900.

It has been suggested that Stephen Crane should take that pup of his to the Klondike, because the miners are fond of dogs.

While the Yale college vacation is on, the New Haven police force is always reduced.

The Contention Upheld.

McIntosh Times: Admitting that starving India has no wheat to spare, and the other silver using countries but little, the present discrepancy in the price of the two but emphasizes the contention of the silver men that competition with silver using countries is what has been bearing down the price of our wheat. With that competition removed wheat goes up. With it restored wheat will again go down unless the price of silver is in some way raised in the meantime.

Somebody.

Somebody crawls into mamma's bed,
Just at the break of day,
Snuggles up close, and whispers loud:
"Somebody's come to stay."

Somebody rushes through the house,
Never once shuts the door;
Scatters her playthings all around
Over the nursery floor.

Climbs on the fence and tears her clothes,
Never a bit cares she—
Swings on the gate and makes mud pies—
Who can somebody be?

Somebody looks with roguish eyes
Up through her tangled hair;
Somebody's "me," she says, "but then
Somebody doesn t care."

—Richmond Times.

SILVER STILL FALLING.

New York, Aug. 16—The price of silver fell again today to a new low record. The fall in London since Saturday for bar silver was ¼ of a penny to 25¼ pence and in New York the price declined ⅝c to 54⅜c. Mexican dollars were quoted at 41⅝c as compared to 42c on Saturday.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

BEAMS OF MIRTH.

Philadelphia Record: When the chorus girl loses her job she is out of work. When the same thing happens to the star she is at liberty.

Harlem Life: Mrs. Gazzam (reading the newspaper)—Here's an article about "A Fatal Flirtation."
Gazzam—They got married, did they?

Detroit Free Press: "Of course I will be homefler some day, dear," she whispered. "Impossible," he replied gallantly, and he marvels that she sent his presents back.

New York Truth: Visitor—I hear there is sickness next door. Is it contagious?
Landlady—Oh, not at all, madam; merely contiguous.

Indianapolis Journal: "The wife," said an ancient philosopher, after looking over his shoulder furtively, "is less than the husband. For instance, my wife is a tease, and I am Socrates."

Brooklyn Life: "Why do you laugh at his jokes? It isn't possible you understand them, is it?"
"No; but if I didn't laugh, he'd try to explain them."

Chicago Record: "What was that disturbance at the theater last night?"
"The people in the play had ice cream in one act and the whole audience broke loose and climbed on the stage."

Roxbury Gazette: Wadford—Did you catch anything on your fishing trip?
"No; didn't catch a fish."
Wadford—Say, Biffer, that's the strangest fish story I've heard yet.

Pittsburg Chronicle: Mrs. Nooly Reech—No; we have no trouble in disposing of our kitchen refuse.
The caller—What do you do with it?
Mrs. Nooly Reech—A private garbage man removes it every day a la cart.

SO ROMANCE DIES.

In Venice, so the tourists say,
Gondolas all have had their day,
And where they once were wont to teem
Behold the puffing craft of steam!
Or gliding through the storied bay
The latmesh of naphtha holds its way.
So romance dies, the gondolier
From paths of progress has to steer,
And where the garlic reigned serene
We get the whiff of kerosene.

—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

SUMMER ON THE LAKES.

Chicago Chronicle: The multiplication of resorts in the lake region bears testimony to the fact that these immense inland reservoirs of pure water are only beginning to be appreciated by the American people. Where fifteen or twenty years ago there was one established resort on the lakes for summer visitors there are now a dozen or more, and the number is increasing with such rapidity as to challenge comment and admiration from the most experienced globe trotters and ordinary travelers. The salubrious summer climate of the lake region, its easy accessibility from the crowded centers of population and the inexpensiveness of its manifold attractions to those who seek rest and quiet rather than frivolity and artificial gayeties all combine to draw visitors in yearly increasing volume.

From the South there are tens of thousands of annual sojourners in the lake region finding relief from torpidity in its temperate and cooling climate. From the Eastern cities there comes a constantly increasing stream of humanity fleeing from the bake ovens of the Atlantic slope and preferring the dry, balsamic atmosphere of the upper lake region to the fogs and humidity of the ocean watering places. From the great West, though as yet sparsely settled, the Ivgira to the lake region in summer is apparently as great in proportion as from the other sections of the country. In the coming years, when a mighty population is located in the West, the lake region will be even more than ever the Mecca of summer travelers escaping from the arid plains and monotonous uplands to the greatest natural sanitarium within the borders of the Union.

The great lakes are a priceless heritage to the people of the Middle West, who as the years progress are more and more able to lay aside everyday cares during the summer solstice, seeking rest and recreation in its ozonic and health-giving climate. The time is opportune to lay plans for preserving the natural beauties of the shores and contiguous smaller lakes, preventing, before it is too late, the despoiler from committing vandalism for private gain. Much has been accomplished by the private owners of the best resorts toward beautifying and supplementing nature's lavish gifts, but much remains yet to be done. There are vast stretches of bluffs on the shores of the great lakes that are now disfigured and in many cases almost destroyed by the shifting sand drifts that blow hither and thither at the mercy of the waves. Time will rectify many of these blots on the natural scenery through the agency of private ownership, but it cannot be too strongly urged upon municipalities and associations that the creation of natural parks is a matter of comparatively trifling cost at the outset and that there are other considerations besides utilitarianism that will justify the levying of an occasional small tax the people are only too willing to pay.

The grandeur of these great inland seas, coupled with the matchless salubrity and beauty of the hundreds of smaller lakes in the contiguous states, forms a gift of nature that the American people are learning to cherish at its true value.

"The Pose and Strut."

Alexandria Post-News (Rep.): There is in this state practically no such thing as a state league of Republican clubs. There is a set of officers who represent the "pose and strut," who get together and name delegates to the pose and strut meetings, but that is all. The rank and file of the party care little who hold the federal appointive offices, but nothing makes them sicker or is more disgusting than to have the real party leaders permit themselves to be humbugged by these cheatswellers who locally are known never to do any genuine or disinterested party service, who are wholly selfish and whose party principles and beliefs are either matters of merchandise or secondary to their personal advantage.

A Bachelor's Reflections.

New York Press: Kisses are love's live wires.

The devil has relations to burn.

Every woman has an overpowering curiosity to see a man cry.

In every girl's bedroom there is a picture of a sad, dreamy-eyed man looking the other way.

A woman's idea of a good husband is one that will go out every evening without being asked and pick a quart of bugs off the rose bushes.

When a woman goes out with her baby and men look at it admiringly, she tries to act sort of careless, and as if that was nothing at all.

A woman is bounded on the north by her husband, on the south by her children, on the east by her bosom friend and on the west by the neighbors.

HEARD IN COURT

New York and Cleveland Coal Company's Case Against the Mine Workers.

NO MARCHING DONE

And the Strikers Are Outwitted at Turtle Creek---Strike Matters.

Pittsburg, Aug. 16.—The hearing in the equity case of the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal company against the United Mine Workers of America was called at 10 o'clock this morning in common pleas No. 1, before Judges Stowe and Collier. The court room was crowded an hour before court opened. The plaintiffs were represented by Attorneys Schoyer, Kaufman and Hall, while A. J. Brennan appeared for the defendants.

The affidavit on which the preliminary injunction was issued, made by William P. De Armit, president of the New York and Cleveland Coal company, set forth that plaintiff's employes were under contracts, that the terms were mutually satisfactory, and that both parties were ready and willing to fulfill their respective duties under it. The strikers were marching, encamping and by other methods prevented many of the men from carrying out their part of the agreement.

It also recited the company's contracts to supply coal in points in the United States in Pennsylvania and abroad, to supply the Pittsburg pumping station with coal, which demands a daily supply in order to keep up the service of water in the city of Pittsburg. The officers of the United Mine Workers of America were named in the bill and the purposes of the organization are set forth, together with a history of the strike.

When court opened Mr. Schoyer, on behalf of the plaintiff company, filed a motion to make the preliminary injunction permanent, and Mr. Brennan made a counter motion to dissolve it. Judge Stowe decided both motions out of order, and President De Armit was called to the stand. His testimony did not materially differ from the affidavits filed when the preliminary injunctions were secured.

Superintendent Thomas DeArmit, the next witness, described the marches of the strikers and their camps, and said that 200 or 300 of their men had told him they were fearful of personal injury or destruction of their property if they went to work. Superintendent Fisher of the Sandy Creek mine testified that he had been notified to stay in the house or he would be "done up," and that he had been shot at. The witness refused to give the name of his informant, and Judge Stowe said that anything that would tend to show that life or property was endangered was competent. They were here he said, to find out if the conduct of the strikers was such as to cause the injunction to be continued.

President Dolan was next called for cross examination, and during his testimony he said the strike was made at the request of several operators. Among the number were James Shields, Capt. J. J. Steytler and Capt. Blythe. These operators, he said, had told him that De Armit was ruining the trade, and the only thing that would save them from the sheriff and the miners from starvation, was a strike. No one had told him to get De Armit's men out, but it was hoped to make the strike general. The hearing will continue until 3 o'clock.

TO SELECT A LEADER.

Important Meeting of Union Officials In Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, Aug. 16.—A meeting of the officials of every labor organization in the city of Pittsburg has been called at the headquarters of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers tonight to confer with and take such action as may be asked by the local officers of the United Mine Workers union of America. It has been anticipated that the hearing on the injunction to be had today may go against them and the temporary restraint put upon the miners now in camp at Turtle Creek and the other mines of the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal company as to marching, and persuading the De Armit men from working, may be made permanent. In that event it is said that the order of the court will be disobeyed and that a test case might be had, and the miners, under the leadership of President Dolan, Secretary Warner, Edward McKay, Frank McKenna, Paul Trimmer and Cameron Miller, will continue to march to the mines. Then it is said the leaders and perhaps many of the rank and file will be arrester. There will be no resistance made to the arrests, but in that case the strike will be without a head, and the meeting tonight is supposed to be for the purpose of selecting a number to take the places of those who may, in event of their being arrested for infringement of the orders of the court, be kept in jail and unable to longer direct the movements of the strikers. Then an appeal is to be taken from the order causing the arrests to be made.

NO MARCHING DONE.

Two Entrances to the Turtle Creek Mines.

Pittsburg, Aug. 16.—Taking advantage of the suspension of marching a number of men went to work during the morning at the Oak Hill mine. They were gotten in by strategy and the strikers were outwitted. Agents of the company have been at work among the strikers for over a week and, although they have induced some to return, the result has been disappointing. It was thought enough men could be procured to run the mines in full. The agents worked hard, but found about one-half of the men in full sympathy with the demand of 69 cents, while the remainder were afraid to go to work.

Although there was no march from Turtle Creek, a number of pickets were sent out, and with the aid of field glasses they saw twenty-four men enter the mine and they returned to camp highly elated, thinking the mine still badly crippled. They knew nothing, however, of the entrances to the mine located near Monroeville, four miles away. Since the siege commenced the village has been guarded by two deputies. The force was increased last night to fifteen men and at daylight this morning seventy diggers and day men were taken to Monroeville in wagons and sent into the mine through these entrances.

At Sandy Creek everything was quiet. The company claims a gain, while the strikers say but four men are working. About 200 men were working in Plum Creek mine.

In anticipation of adverse action by the courts in the injunction proceedings, committees have been sent out to secure boarding houses, so that the siege can be maintained. It is proposed by the marchers to fill the houses of the striking miners with men and keep them supplied with provisions. One hundred men will be quartered at Turtle Creek, the same number at Sandy Creek and 200 at Plum Creek. They will do picket duty and missionary work.

KICK ON THE COMMISSARY.

Strikers Say Their Food Was Not Very Good.

Pittsburg, Aug. 16.—There was open rebellion at the Sandy Creek strike camp this morning. Some fifteen or twenty foreigners who were dissatisfied with the commissary complained to Capt. May and demanded better food. He told them that the man in charge of the commissary department was doing all right and they were being well treated. The foreigners then threatened to march, and Capt. May ordered the deputies to arrest them if they did not keep quiet. This had the desired effect and the foreigners returned to their quarters. There was no trouble at the other camps.

MORE INJUNCTIONS.

Parkersburg, W. Va., Aug. 16.—Judge Jackson issued two more injunctions against striking miners today.

JOIN THE STRIKERS.

Mattewan, W. Va., Aug. 16.—Eight hundred miners at Simmons Creek and Lodga joined the strikers this morning. Fifteen hundred are now out in the Norfolk and western districts.

COTTON EXCHANGE FAILURE.

New York, Aug. 16.—The announcement of the failure of William Mitchell, a member of the cotton exchange, was made on the first call this morning. Mr. Mitchell had few outstanding contracts.

CHIROGRAPHY OF PRESIDENTS.

The chirography of the presidents from Washington down to McKinley is as different as the chirography of the same number of men chosen at random from the various walks of life, says the St. Louis Republic. Students of character contend that there are many points of similarity in the mental make-up and equipment of our presidents, but if there are they are certainly not shown in the handwriting of these men. Of the entire lot I suppose Zachary Taylor wrote the worst hand. I have seen numerous letters of his which I am confident no human being could read. It was cramped and awkward, like that of a boy just learning to write. Jefferson wrote a plain, flowing hand, and Monroe's writing was decidedly feminine, though not nearly so much so as Grover Cleveland's, whose chirography is small and delicate. Jackson's scrawl bespoke a nervousness and timidity of which nobody dared to accuse him while he was on earth, and Lincoln's a smooth polish, which his crude, simple mind did not bespeak. Of all our chief magistrates, McKinley writes the best hand and his chirography shows a painstaking case and caution which are evidently the dominant factors of the man's character.

A CONFUSED RECOLLECTION.

Washington Star: "Yes," said Mr. Cumrox, "my youngest daughter will be through school in a short time. She is already making her preparations for commencement day."

"What are they?"

"I don't know that I followed her description very intelligently, but my impression is that that they have something to do with the immortality of genius in plain white and the neck filled in with chiffon."

MALAPROPISMS.

Chicago Tribune: "Two of the best malapropisms I ever heard, says Howard Paul, "were uttered by an old lady of obscure origin, who lived in the West. She had two daughters being educated in Paris. She desired them to return, and they pleaded for a longer sojourn. 'Them girls,' she said, 'has been so long in Paris they begin to think themselves Parisitics.' Of course she meant Parisians.

"These same girls were warmly devoted to private theatricals, and often took part in them. Somebody told the old lady that one of her daughters had engaged herself to a Frenchman, one of the actors, whereupon she exclaimed: 'I always said no good would come of them amatory theatricals.'"

You may never know it happened if you fail to read The Evening Herald.



ELASTIC STARCH has been before the people of the United States for twenty-three years, and is without doubt the great test starch invention of the Nineteenth Century. Last year its sales reached the unprecedented number of twenty million packages. It is prepared upon scientific principles by men who have had years of practical experience in fancy laundrying. It makes ironing easy, restores old summer dresses to their natural whiteness, and imparts to linen a beautiful and lasting finish. It is the only starch manufactured that is perfectly harmless, containing neither arsenic, alum or any other substance injurious to linen, and can be used even for a baby powder.

ROMANCE OF TWIN DIAMONDS.

Were Cut From One Stone and Famous Through Europe.

Diamond dealers the world over are speculating as to the identity of a mysterious personage of unlimited means who has just purchased of a Parisian diamond dealer two of the most famous gems in existence, a pair of diamonds so nearly alike in appearance that they have become known to collectors and dealers as the "Indian Twins." The wealthy individual who has just become possessed of them is believed to be Mrs. William Astor, says the New York Herald.

A jeweler would describe the "Twins" as a pair of old Indian diamonds cut in cushion shape, weighing eight and a half carats each, and of a remarkable pale blue color. Their tint is far deeper than steel blue, and much lighter than the blue of the celebrated "Hope" diamond. The "Twins" are so full of fire that many a pure white diamond is pale by contrast. So absolutely perfect are the gems that the slightest flaw cannot be discovered by the aid of the most powerful magnifying glass. Their combined weight is seventeen carats, which is divided exactly between the two. They are alike beautifully proportioned, and the peculiar shade of blue is precisely the same in each. So perfect is their correspondence that experts do not doubt that they were originally one stone, which was divided for some reason, probably because the original shape was such that, while susceptible of division, it could not be cut to advantage as a single stone without great loss in weight.

The first record of the "Indian Twins" places them in the possession of Warren Hastings at the time he was governor general of India. Next they came into the possession of a Russian nobleman, who was afterward exiled. As expatriated noblemen have to eat and drink like ordinary mortals, the Russian found himself under the painful necessity of parting with his diamonds.

They parted from each other, and for a long time only one of the gems was known to diamond dealers. This lone twin, after many wanderings, fell at last into the possession of the duke of Brunswick, whose agents searched the world for the lost twin, but were unable to find any trace of it, although the price offered for its recovery was a tremendous one. Finally the duke was gathered to his fathers, and his fine collection of diamonds was sold, the "Indian Twin" coming to America. The final chapter of this story is told by E. August Nereisheimer, of New York city, vice president of the Theosophical Society of America.

"I had the diamond in my possession," said Mr. Nereisheimer, "and my agents were looking for its missing relative, although we had little hope of finding it. This was about twenty years ago. A newspaper at that time recorded the story of the strange finding of the long lost gem. One of the agents who had been for so long engaged in the search for the 'Twin' that it had become a mechanical habit for him to study the jewelry on men and women whom he met was surprised almost out of his wits one day when, seated in a Chicago saloon, he saw a Western man enter in whose shirt bosom blazed the identical 'Twin,' the whereabouts of which had been for so long sought.

"He lost no time in negotiating for and securing the diamond, which was forwarded to me. The united 'Twins' were valued at $125,000, and they were taken to Paris, where I hear they have been purchased by an American whose identity has been kept a secret. There is little doubt, however, from what I have heard from my correspondence over there that Mrs. William Astor will dazzle the eyes of American society people with the 'Twins' next season."

LAUNDRESS TOOK THE HINT.

The private soldiers' washing at a home station is usually done by the married soldiers' wives, who are expected to sew on missing buttons and do general repairs, says the Troy Times. Patrick McGinnis had a good deal of trouble with his laundress. Sunday after Sunday had his shirt come back with the collar button off or else hanging by a thread. He had spoken to her on the subject, and she had promised to see to it, but still the buttons were always missing. One Sunday he got out of patience when a missing button had made him late for church parade. "Bad luck to the woman!" he exclaimed. "Begorra, I'll give her a hint this time anyhow!" He then took the lid of a tin blacking box about three inches in diameter, drilled two holes in it with a fork and sewed it on the shirt, which he sent to be washed. When his washing came back he found his laundress had taken the hint. She had made a buttonhole to fit it!

Today is the day! Your Gordon hat is ready, sir!

WILL NOT BE LIVELY

Tonight's Meeting of the Council Liable to Be a Tame Affair.

CHABOT'S LICENSE

May Lose It as a Result of the Arrest Friday Night.

The council meeting this evening will probably not satisfy those who crave excitement. The business of the session will be of a routine nature in the main. Alderman Sang, in accordance with his determination expressed Saturday, will take steps to stir up matters in connection with the arrest in a wine room of the young woman named Carrie Strand in E. Chabot's saloon at 730 West Superior street Friday night. She was found sitting at a table in the rear of the place by Officer Fiskett, who had been following her. She was under the influence of liquor at the time, and although she had been in the place but a few minutes, and it is not known that she procured any drinks there, the circumstances are such that an investigation is considered advisable. It is certain that the woman was allowed to go in and take a seat at a table where liquor is dispensed. The management made no objection to her remaining there, and the circumstances surrounding the transaction are such as to raise a presumption in the minds of those who have been investigating the matter that she would have been supplied with whatever she wanted in the liquor refreshment line without any great demur on the part of the attendants. The resolution to be offered by Alderman Sang requests the mayor to institute an investigation of the circumstances and report his findings to the council. Miss Strand had certainly procured enough liquor somewhere that night to visibly affect her, and the place or places where she secured it may possibly be brought to light in the shuffle. While the mayor is turning his search-light around the rays may accidentally light on a resort in the vicinity of Sixth avenue east and Third street. If they do, some interesting developments may result.

It is probable, although not certain, that Mr. Horton, the bridge man, will not be heard from for a while at least, in view of the result of the test of his bridge at the car works Saturday.

President Smith of the board of public works said this morning that he is satisfied that it would not be worth while for the city to indulge in the luxury of one of Mr. Horton's bridges. The general opinion of the board is that while it might prove an attraction to sight-seers, the bridge would not be a great success in the carrying line. On seeing the structure Consulting Engineer Hering is said to have smiled a smile. He pointed out before the test certain parts of the structure that, instead of aiding in bearing and distributing the strain, would actually operate to increase it and concentrate it at certain points. An examination after the test showed to the satisfaction of all but Mr. Horton that Mr. Hering's prediction was correct.

DEATH OF ED CHANDLER.

Succumbed Last Evening After a Long Illness.

Edward C. Chandler died at his home at Seventh avenue east between Fifth and Sixth streets at 6 o'clock last evening. His death had not been unexpected, for he had been home but a few days from a futile search for health in California. About a year ago he went to that state for his health on the advice of his physician, as he was threatened with consumption and had been for some time. He put the trip off until the state of his health made it imperative that he should do something, but it was then too late, and he was aware when he came home that he was on his last trip but one.

Mr. Chandler had been for five years general agent at Duluth for the Great Northern elevators. Previous to his connection with the Great Northern he was on the original survey of the Duluth & Winnipeg. He was 38 years of age, and he leaves a wife and one child. His mother, Mrs. Catherine Chandler, is a resident of Duluth, and he was a brother of Mrs. R. C. Ray. Harry Chandler, who is well-known here is his brother. The deceased was a faithful and hardworking man, and he was not only well known, but well liked.

Grand Army Encampment.

BUFFALO AND RETURN.
Via Chicago, $18.50.
Via Milwaukee, $16.00.
Aug. 21-22. "Omaha" road.
Tickets, 405 West Superior street.

Famous Leaping Dogs.

Professor Gentry has this year twelve famous leaping dogs, all imported English greyhounds. Among them, is Dude Snow—white, and the handsomest greyhound ever imported to America.

G. A. R. Encampment.

Round trip to Buffalo, $18.50 via "The Northwestern Line" (Omaha railway). Tickets good going on Aug. 21 and 22, choice of lines east of Chicago. Take this, the short line, avoiding changes and roundabout routes. Tickets and berth reservations at 405 West Superior street.

Saved Many Dollars

Found Hood's Sarsaparilla an Unexcelled Blood Purifier.

"We have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla in our family as a blood purifier and tonic. I think it is an excellent medicine. It has saved us many doctors bills, and we have recommended it to many of our friends." ARTHUR NELSON, 419 Sixth Street, South, Minneapolis, Minn.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills. 25 cents.

RAZOR IN EVIDENCE.

"Brudder" Jackson Uses It Effectively on Robert Cumby.

A cutting affray took place in the Royal hotel at 8 East Superior street yesterday afternoon between Robert Cumby, a porter employed in the St. Louis hotel barber shop, and Alvin Jackson, a barber employed in Ritchie's barber shop in the Spalding hotel, both colored. Cumby received a bad cut in the leg and had slashes in the face. He lost a good deal of blood and his condition is regarded as serious, although not necessarily fatal. Jackson escaped with a slash in his right cheek that is not regarded as serious.

The set-to occurred in room 12 of the hotel, in the presence of Miss Ida Elliott, a white woman, upon whom Jackson was calling. Cumby was armed with a large pocket knife and Jackson wielded a razor. The trouble arose over a debt Jackson owed Cumby. According to Jackson, the two had been running a club at 17 West Michigan street, and when Cumby pulled out of the concern there was a sum coming to him which Jackson was to pay off in installments. Cumby entered Miss Elliott's room yesterday afternoon and demanded of Jackson that the latter pay him up at once. Jackson says he gave Cumby all the money he had. This, however, did not satisfy the latter, and he started for Jackson with his knife. Cumby dealt Jackson a blow, inflicting a cut that extended from under the left eye to the bridge of the nose. Jackson staggered back and Cumby jumped at him and threw him to the floor. Then Jackson got his razor out and sliced Cumby in the leg and in the face, Cumby meanwhile prodding around unsuccessfully to find a thin spot in Jackson's clothes where he could insert his knife. Miss Elliott ran to the stairway and screamed for help, the clerk and several others responding and parting the belligerents.

Detective Troyer and Officer McNeil arrived soon afterward and took the men into custody. The fighters' wounds were dressed at police headquarters by Dr. Graham, and later Cumby was taken to St. Luke's hospital. Both men have scars that they will carry for life.

WHAT THEY THINK OF US.

St. Paul Opinion of the Duluth Boat Club's Eight.

In the course of a little argument through the newspapers at St. Paul the Duluth crew comes in for some good words on the side. One anonymous but immensely dissatisfied citizen started the controversy by a communication in the Dispatch, in which he indulged in some criticisms of the Minnesota Boat club under the signature of "Oarsman." He was answered in the Saturday Dispatch by Leavitt Corning, who proceeded to wipe up the earth with the charges of the anonymous "oarsman," which seem to have consisted principally of the allegation that the St. Paul men lacked spirit. After detailing a number of circumstances tending to show anything but a lack of spirit in the St. Paul oarsmen, he touches upon the 8-oared race in the following manner:

"Why didn't they do something in the 8-oared race? continues this prince of patriots. What does he want more than a victory? Minnesota won the race fairly and squarely against a crew second to none in America—a crew which had beaten its own last year's record fourteen seconds, and which was fast enough last year to win from St. Paul."

All of which, whether it is satisfactory to "Oarsman" or not, is very kind to the Duluth crew and indisputably true.

WEIGHT WAS TOO GREAT.

C. M. Horton's Bridge Failed to Stand the Test.

C. M. Horton's bridge, at the test at the Car works at West Duluth, Saturday afternoon, was knocked out in one round by a 26-ton yard engine. Under the weight of the machine, the bridge settled in the middle and the bow-shaped steel beam that runs from end to end gave way in two places. The sagging of the structure plainly showed that a few more pounds would break its back. Assistant City Engineer Duffes says that in his opinion the bridge is an unqualified failure.

There were present at the test, the members of the board of public works, the city engineer, the assistant city engineer, the building inspector and Rudolph Hering, of New York, the well-known consulting engineer. The latter was present as a visitor merely, but took a great interest in the test. He said that a bridge of the size of the one tested should easily bear a load of fifty tons.

The Gun Club Shoot.

The Central Gun club held the second in its series of shoots for the Nelson medal Saturday afternoon. The experience of the first shoot, when the scratch men were decidedly outclassed by the handicap men, was repeated. Greener, who was given an advantage of two birds, made 24 out of a possible 25; Duchess, with 4 added, made 23; Loud, with 2 added, and Field, with 2 added, made 23 each; Wojeck and Nelson, scratch, and Hart, with 2 added, made 22 each, and Ben, with 6 added, made 20. After the medal shoot three extra events of ten birds each were pulled off. In the first Greener, Duchess, Nelson and Loud made 8 each; Greener won the second with 10 straight, and in the third and final Nelson and Loud made 10 straight each.

LOW EXCURSION RATES TO BUFFALO, N. Y.—G. A. R. NATIONAL ENCAMPMENT—VIA THE BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD.

On Aug. 21, 22 and 23 the Baltimore & Ohio railroad will sell low rate excursion tickets to Buffalo, N. Y., account of G. A. R. national encampment. Passengers purchasing tickets at points west of Akron have choice of routes, via Cleveland a nd rail in both directions, via Cleveland and steamer in both directions, via Cleveland and steamer going and all rail returning, or via all-rail going and steamer to Cleveland, thence rail, returning. Tickets will be valid for return until Aug. 31, but are subject to an extension until Sept. 20, 1897, on payment of a fee of twenty-five (25) cents, if deposited with joint agent of terminal lines at Buffalo.

For further information call on or address B. N. Austin, general passenger agent, Chicago, Ill.

Pure Spring Water.

Delivered daily. Telephone orders to Stewart's livery, telephone No. 334.

Smoke X Ray Cigar.

Best home made union 5c cigar.

A VISITING LADY'S CRITICISM.

Has a Complaint to Offer Against Duluth Loafers.

A New England lady, who recently arrived here by way of the lakes, and who is spending her summer outing in Duluth, said today in conversation with a reporter for The Evening Herald, that the popularity of the lake trip and Duluth as a summer resort is growing rapidly in the East. This is her third visit to the head of the lakes and she is beginning to feel like an old settler, and consequently assumes that she is not presuming too much when she criticises anything that mars the pleasure of her stay here. She said:

"I have visited many summer resorts in my time, but none in which the weather is more delightful, the scenery more beautiful and the accommodations more satisfactory than in Duluth. You have here the pure fresh air that comes over Lake Superior, and the combined advantages of city and country environments which cannot be found in such happy union at any other place with which I am familiar. The future of Duluth as a summer resort is firmly established. As for the city and its people, I have but one objection to offer, and that I think can be easily remedied. This objection is as apparent to ladies with whom I have talked and who make their home here as it is to visitors. I refer to the large number of loafers who stand on street corners, at hotel entrances, or line up along the curb in front of saloons where they ogle every woman who passes and not infrequently exchange remarks concerning her that they expect her to hear. The police apparently make no effort to abate this nuisance for I have often seen blue coated officers standing among these street loafers talking quietly with them in familiar terms, when it seems to me it should have been their duty to disperse them. A woman ought to feel that she can walk the streets of Duluth, in broad daylight at least, without fear of being subjected to insult, such as she is now very apt to meet with on every hand. The offenders that have come under my attention are usually well-dressed men, who apparently are engaged in business or hold good positions, which makes their conduct all the more to be despised, for it is presumed that they know better."

A Duluth lady who heard this protest endorsed all that was said and added that many of her acquaintances dread going down town mornings to do their marketing because of the gauntlet of insulting remarks they are sometimes compelled to run on Superior street.

The Bicycle Meet.

A portion of the musical program that will be given tomorrow evening at the bicycle meet at Lakeside is as follows:

Piano solo—"Les Elfes Valse Elegant"..... .....
Miss Adaline Thomas, of Chicago.
Vocal solo..... .....Selected
Miss Alice Rothermel, of Philadelphia.
Mandolin and banjo selections.....
Grochau Brothers.
Baritone solo—"Garden of Sheep"..
....De Lara
J. G. McDermid.
Solo..... .....Selected
Miss Cook, of Saginaw.

The meet will be given by the Lakeside Presbyterian church on the lawns of Messrs. Clarkson and Everest at London road and Forty-eighth avenue.

Old Settler Dead.

Andrew Magnuson, of 120 Second avenue west, died Saturday of cholera morbus, aged 60 years. He had lived here since early in the '70s and came to this country in 1867. He was in the employ of the Consolidated Elevator company for many years. He leaves a wife, three sons and one daughter. The funeral will take place tomorrow at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, and the body will be interred in the cemetery on London road.

Takes the Brooks Elevator.

The Brooks Elevator company sold its entire elevator line at Grand Forks Saturday to the new Duluth Elevator company, of Minneapolis. The elevators number thirty-five, and they have a capacity of 1,500,000 bushels of grain. Some of the stockholders of the Duluth Elevator company are connected with the Globe Elevator company, of Duluth, and it is believed that the deal means that the warehouses of the latter company will handle some of the business from the transferred elevators, which are situated on the Great Northern and Northern Pacific roads.

At the Pavilion.

Yesterday afternoon a new program was put on at the Pavilion. It includes "England vs. America," a clever skit; "The Marble Arch," a short comedy; "A Happy Pair," a 1-act comedy, and "Forget-Me-Nots." All were well played and seemed to satisfy the audience. The usual specialties were introduced.

Land Case Decided.

In the case of Robert B. Perry vs. Francis J. Curtis, involving lands in section 34-71-24, the general land office has decided in favor of Perry, confirming the decision of the local officers. Curtis made a homestead entry and it was contested by Perry, who claimed he had not fulfilled the law.

"I like the Gordon better than other hats—it fits the head."

G. A. R. Rates to Buffalo.

VIA EASTERN MINNESOTA RAILWAY.

Only $18.50 round trip to Buffalo Aug. 21 and 22. Tickets and full information at Union depot or city ticket office, 432 West Superior street.

C. D. HARPER,
Northern Passenger Agent.

SKINS ON FIRE

Skins on fire with torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, and pimply humors, instantly relieved by a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, a single application of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure, and a full dose of CUTICURA RESOLVENT.

Cuticura

Is sold throughout the world. POTTER D. & C. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. "How to Cure Torturing Humors," free.

BABY'S SKIN Soft, pure and beautified by CUTICURA SOAP.

ROUTE TO KLONDIKE

Canadian Government Makes Overtures Regarding a Telegraph Line.

WILLING TO BUILD

Canada Wishes to Establish a Permanent Route---The Relay Stations.

Washington, Aug. 16.—The Canadian government has submited formal proposals to this government to establish communication with the Klondike region in Alaska by the construction of a telegraph line from the head of winter navigation on the Lynn canal into the center of the Klondike district. The proposals have been taken under advisement. They have been approved by the British principal secretary of state for foreign affairs and were forwarded by the governor general of Canada, through the Britsh embassy, to the state department and referred to the interior department. There the papers are locked up pending consideration.

The proposals, while reserving the rights of either country pending the settlement of the initial boundary line between the United States and Canada south of Mount St. Elias, urge the expediency of establishing a permanent route giving access to the interior at all seasons of the year. The most feasible route, in the judgment of the Canadian authorities, would be to start from the head of winter navigation on the Lynn canal (the body of water running from near Juneau up beyond Dyea and Chilcat, forming part of the present overland route) crossing the mountains by White pass, or by any other pass which may seem more accessible and proceed northward to Fort Selkirk and thence to Klondike.

The Canadian government asserts its readiness to undertake to open communication by constructing a telegraph line from the head of winter navigation on the Lynn canal, traversing a distance of eighty miles, across the summit of the mountain range, where a trail can be followed to Fort Selkirk and Klondike. That government also signifies its intention, in case the propositions are adopted, to erect suitable places for shelter at periods from forty to fifty miles along the line and keep up dog trains during the winter months for the conveyance of the mails to and from the interior.

MARINE NATIONAL DIVIDEND.

A 10 Per Cent One for a Duluth Bank.

Washington, Aug. 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—Comptroller Eckels today declared a third dividend of 10 per cent in favor of the creditors of the Marine National bank of Duluth, making in all 30 per cent on claims proved, amounting to $194,241.

Washington, Aug. 16.—The comptroller of the currency has declared dividends in favor of the creditors of insolvent banks as follows: Ten per cent the Marine National bank of Duluth, Minn.; 5 per cent, the Stockgrower's National bank of Miles City, Mont.

The Glen Avon Excursion.

The ladies of Glen Avon Presbyterian church gave an excursion on the steamer Dixon Saturday to Two Harbors and return, leaving Booth's & Co.'s dock at 4 o'clock and arriving on the return at 9:15. Although it began raining before the boat started, over 200 passengers were on board. The rain continued to fall almost without interruption during the entire trip and none of the excursionists went ashore at Two Harbors. Notwithstanding the unpleasant weather, however, all had a most enjoyable time. Moreno's full orchestra, consisting of eight pieces, furnished the music.

Health Inspector's Work.

The following is a statement of the work done by the deputy inspectors of the health department for the month of July: Notices to clean premises served, 590; nuisances abated, 74; complaints received and attended to, 82; cellars inspected, 799; cellars ordered cleaned, 169; barns and stables inspected, 73; houses placarded and fumigated, 1. Inspection—Meat markets, 19; grocery stores, 576; commission houses, 127. Condemned as unfit for food—Meat, 735 pounds; butter, 15 pounds; fruit, 495 pounds.

Settled the Trouble.

The differences between the LeBeau Lumber company and its employes have been finally adjusted to the entire satisfaction of all concerned and the men are once more at work. The mill has been idle for more than two weeks, the men striking for the reason as they claimed, that they were not being paid as good wages as the employes of other mills were receiving.

A Surprise Party.

A pleasant surprise party was given Robert Morrow by his friends Saturday evening. A merry crowd boarded the Edna, steamed over to O-at-ka beach and took possession of the large pavilion, where the evening was spent in dancing. While seated at lunch Harry Starkey, in the name of the crew of the sail boat Chaska, presented Mr. Morrow with an elegant band ring on which was engraved a miniature representation of the Chaska.

Detroit Official Here.

Harbor Master W. H. O'Neill and Police Sergeant J. H. Cuddy, of Detroit, Mich., were callers at police headquarters today. This is Mr. O'Neill's first visit to Duluth. He is very much impressed with the city. Mr. Cuddy called here twenty-five years ago, when his vessel, the Francis Palms, struck on the breakwater and went ashore during a storm. Mr. O'Neill's brother's vessel, the Sweetheart, went ashore here the same night. Both gentlemen are accompanied by their families. They will leave for home Wednesday.

GUN PRACTICE ACCIDENT.

Trondhjem, Norway, Aug. 16.—Advices just received here from Iceland announce that during firing practice on board the British third-class cruiser Champion off the coast, a gun burst, dangerously wounding an officer and four men and seriously three other men.

G. A. R. Excursion.

VIA BEATTY LINE.

To Buffalo and return, only $29.60, meals and berth included. For further information call on

H. HURDON, Agent,
No. 1 Lyceum building.

DESERTED HIS WIFE.

Peculiar Disappearance of W. A. Cleveland on Saturday.

Mrs. W. A. Cleveland, of Rhinelander, Wis., appealed to the police Saturday night for aid in finding her husband, who, she said, had deserted her here en route to Washington. She said she thought he had left for St. Paul on the 1:55 St. Paul & Duluth train, and the authorities there were notified accordingly. The latter telegraphed that Cleveland had not arrived over the road named, and inquiries at the Union depot here later elicited the information that a man answering Cleveland's description had left on the Eastern Minnesota at 1:15 p. m. instead, pursuit thus being eluded.

Mrs. Cleveland, yesterday announced her intention of giving up the search and going to the home of her parents in Port Huron, Mich. According to Mrs. Cleveland's story, the couple left Rhinelander Thursday and arrived here on the steamer Barker. They went to the Windsor hotel, leaving their baggage at Booth's dock. Cleveland left the hotel Saturday morning, which was the last his wife saw of him. The couple had been married but eight months and had lived very happily together, Mrs. Cleveland says. When he started for Washington, where he was going to take a place in a sawmill, he had insisted on taking his wife with him instead of leaving her until he had made a place ready for her as she had suggested.

It was found that Cleveland had taken all of his baggage with him.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Week Opened Lively With the Feeling Quite Strong.

New York, Aug. 16.—The stock market opened strong on large dealings, most of which were in the prominent stocks. The railway shares were the strongest, Burlington especially jumping 1¾ to 99¼. Tobacco moved up 1¾ to 94, but soon fell to 93. Realizations caused some heaviness in a few properties, notably in the D. & R. G. preferred and Manhattan, which receded a point each. The general market, however, maintained a very strong tone, with the usually inactive specialties in good demand and registering material improvement at 11 a. m. Rubber common and preferred gained 2 each and St. Joe and Grand Island first preferred 3¾ per cent.

Profit-taking was on a liberal scale after 11 o'clock, resulting in fractional recessions generally. Sugar, however, was a notable exception and improved steadily to $1.49¾. The Vanderbilt group was also well supported with Canada Southern and Michigan Central the leaders. The anthracite shares were practically neglected, but sympathized with the balance of the list. Sales to noon, 250,200 shares. The bond market held firm on moderate transactions.

EPWORTH LEAGUER'S FATE.

Young Woman Found Mangled on the Track.

Higginsville, Mo., Aug. 16.—The remains of a young woman have been picked up by an eastbound freight train on the Chicago & Alton railroad about six miles east of this place. Papers in her satchel show her to be Miss Mary Bowman, of St. Louis, aged about 28. She was one of the returning Epworth league excursionists and had occupied a berth in the sleeper of the 10:40 p. m. eastbound train.

The body was clad only in a nightgown and stockings and how she left the train is a mystery. The body was terribly mangled. Her portmanteau contained two baggage checks and about $9 in money.

DROWNED AT DRESDEN.

Berlin, Aug. 16.—A dispatch from Dresden announces that a ferry steamer plying between the old and new towns, was capsized yesterday evening by the wash of a large steamer and over fifty persons were thrown into the water. Seven people are known to be missing and it is feared the loss of life will turn out to be heavy.

ENGLISH YACHT RACES.

Portsmouth, Aug. 16.—At the regatta of the Royal Albert Yacht club today, the duke of Abruzzi's yacht, the Bona, in a splendid breeze obtained the weather berth and led to the Nab, where Emperor William's, the Meteor, overhauled her. At Stoke's Bay the Meteor was first and the Aurora, the property of Charles Day Rose, was second, being two lengths ahead of the Bona, then third, in the race.

The Gordon hat will become you—different colors are shown!

Mrs. Kate Etter
OF MISSOURI,
Is Cured of Heart Disease by Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure.



MRS. KATE ETTER wrote from Neosho, Mo., in March last. "Two years ago I was severely troubled with my stomach and kidneys, and a great affliction so unnerved me that my condition became alarming. The telegraph brought a prominent physician in a consultation which resulted in no benefit. I went to Wyoming for change of climate without benefit, was brought back to Atchison where nurses worked with me night and day to keep me alive to reach my friends here. My heart became so bad that my friends gave up all hope. I began taking Dr. Miles' Heart Cure and Nervine alternately and was restored to health. It is now months since and I am perfectly well."

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on Heart and Nerves sent free to all applicants.

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind



The Slender Thread which binds the convalescent to life can be made strong and durable by the use of Malt-Vivine, the only perfect Malt Extract and a **Non-Intoxicant.** Creates new rich blood, soothes the nerves, cheers the mind. All druggists.

Val Blatz Brewing Co.
Duluth Branch. Tel. 62.

KINGSFORD'S OSWEGO CORN STARCH

MOST DELICIOUS OF ALL PREPARATIONS FOR

Puddings, Custards, Cakes & Blanc Mange.

FOR SALE BY ALL FIRST CLASS GROCERS.

CUPID IN THE SENATE.

Senator Hansbrough Weds Miss Chapman at Washington.

New York, Aug. 16.—Washington and Western society are jointly interested in the wedding today, which is to add another wife to the circles of senate ladies. The prospective groom is Henry O. Hansbrough, senior sena-



SENATOR HANSBROUGH.

tor from North Dakota, who has just begun his second term. The bride is Miss Mary Berri Chapman, of Washington. She is the daughter of Mrs. E. S. Chapman, of Kingman Place, Washington, and is an adept in painting, an able writer and one of the best illustrators in Washington. Withal she is thoroughly womanly and believes that a woman's true sphere is the home. It was a case of love at first sight, as only two months ago the couple met for the first time.

Senator Hansbrough is a widower and is on the sunny side of 50, while Miss Chapman is quite young and prepossessing. Senator Hansbrough is a



MISS MARY BERRI CHAPMAN.

native of Illinois, went West when a lad and began life in California as a printer on a San Jose paper. He came to Dakota in 1882 and was soon a leader in Republican politics. He was elected to the senate in 1891 and was re-elected this year. His first wife died over two years ago. The wedding will take place in this city and will be attended by many of the friends of the contracting parties in Washington.

COMES HOME TO DIE.

James S. Parsons Returns to His Hartford Home.

Hartford, Conn., Aug. 16.—James S. Parsons, the fugitive president of the International Life Insurance company, has returned after ten years a penniless man to pay his debt to nature. It is said that he has an incurable disease of the stomach and can live but a short time. He had been living in Canada since the wrecking of the company, but for a year or so intimate friends have known that he was in Massachusetts, latterly in a Boston hospital.

He is only 60 years old, but his long exile and disease have wrought sad havoc with his physique. He was hunted out of the United States by the officers of the law, and returns in the hope that he may breathe his last in his own home.

State Insurance Company Inspector Filer began the prosecution against him in 1887. It was believed that Parsons' defalcations amounted to between $100,000 and $150,000.

ANOTHER NEW CHURCH.

San Francisco, Aug. 16.—The new movement toward the establishment of an independent church in this city and the expressed wish that the Rev. William Rader should accept a call to the pulpit, has excited considerable interest. Speaking on the subject Mr. Rader said: "As far as my own church and congregation are concerned, there is really no reason why I should leave them. Should I leave the denomination it will only be to labor in a still freer, wider field. What will ultimately result from the desire for an independent church I cannot foresee. My views naturally place me in sympathy with its aims, and I may ultimately be a part of it."

Grand Army Encampment.

BUFFALO AND RETURN.
Via Chicago, $18.50.
Via Milwaukee, $16.00.
Aug. 21-22. "Omaha" road.
Tickets, 405 West Superior street.

PRINCE HENRY RESTING.

Physicians Say His Condition Is Satisfactory.

Paris, Aug. 16, 12:30 p. m.—Prince Henry of Orleans, who was wounded in the lower part of the right side of the abdomen yesterday morning in a duel fought with the count of Turin, nephew of the king of Italy, passed a quiet night. His condition is now considered by his physicians to be satisfactory.

Gen. Albertone, the Italian officer who has challenged Prince Henri but who gave way to the count of Turin, has withdrawn his challenge.

MAY EXCOMMUNICATE THEM.

London, Aug. 16.—A special dispatch from Rome published today says it is reported there that the pope will excommunicate Prince Henri of Orleans and the count of Turin, as duelling is forbidden by the Roman Catholic church.

FOREIGN CROP REPORTS.

As Sized Up By the Mark Lane Express.

London, Aug. 16.—The Mark Lane Express, in its weekly review of the grain situation, says: The French wheat harvest over yield is estimated at 33,000,000 quarters, though excellent judges say it is not so much. The German yield is expected to be 1,000,000 quarters below that of 1896. Austria-Hungary will be almost self-supporting, with nothing to spare for export. Russia reports that her wheat is somewhat below the average, though not seriously so.

In conclusion the Mark Lane Express notes a curious fact that England last week exported wheat to France.

A PLEASANT SURPRISE.

Chester, Pa., Aug. 16.—The employes of George C. Heltzel & Co., manufacturers of worsted goods, have been notified that the wages paid in 1892 would be restored on Sept. 16 next. The notice was a surprise, as the restoration was granted by the firm without solicitation on the part of the hands. Heltzel & Co, employ several hundred people. Since 1892 two reductions of wages have been made, aggregating about 20 per cent, and until three weeks ago the mill has been running on half time. The firm has of late received many new orders and the employes are working full time.

"Oh, I have passed a miserable night."
—Richard III, Act I, Scene 4.
You should have used Pond's Extract in your bath before retiring.

CHARLES COMPTON DEAD.

London, Aug. 16.—Charles Compton, the actor, is dead.

A DAY OF PLEASURE
VIA THE PICTURESQUE
B & O
RAILROAD, AND
CLEVELAND & BUFFALO TRANSIT COMPANY'S MAGNIFICENT LINE OF STEAMERS TO THE
GRAND ARMY
ENCAMPMENT AT BUFFALO, N. Y.
AUGUST 21, 22 AND 23.
May be Extended to September 20.
Niagara Falls Forty Minutes Away.
ROUND **$10.50** TRIP
The Superb Rail and Water Route
Full particulars at City Ticket Office
193 CLARK STREET,
B. N. AUSTIN, G. P. A., Chicago. W. W. PICKING, C. P. A., Chicago.



REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY
Made a Well Man of Me.
THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY
produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circular free. Address
Royal Medicine Co., 269 Dearborn St., CHICAGO, ILL.
For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. BOYCE, druggist.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio, Phone No. 9.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

The North West will arrive this evening with 181 passengers for Duluth, and eighty who are ticketed to various points on the line of the Great Northern. The boat left the Sault a few minutes behind regular time, but is expected to make it up before reaching Duluth.

The following births have been reported to the health department: A son to William and Jennie McKay, of 1307 Lake avenue south; a son to Peter and Anna Oswald, of 225 Sixth avenue west.

The following deaths have been reported to the health department: Ellis Blomgren, aged 8 months, of 1915 Piedmont avenue west, of cholera infantum; Angeline Depew, aged 2, of Twentieth avenue west and Third street, of endocarditis.

Charles Freeman and Charles Anderson went up for ten days this morning for drunkenness.

An art entertainment will be given at Craggencroft Classical Institute by the C. E. society of Glen Avon church, Friday evening, at 8 o'clock. Statuary, living pictures, music and refreshments.

The Ladies' Guild of St. Paul's Episcopal church will give an excursion on the bay tonight and it will be a very delightful entertainment. The boat will leave the dock near the Bethel at 7:30 o'clock and the Fifth avenue dock at 8:15 o'clock.

A marriage license has been issued to Frank Jordan and Margaret Harney.

In the case of Finley Morrison vs. Peter Murphy et al., involving lots 1 and 2 and the s½ of ne¼ of section 2-66-17, the secretary of the interior has decided to entertain Murphy's motion for a review.

The decision of the department of the interior in the case of Tharald O. Hobe vs. L. H. Strong and Hugh P. Strong, involving land in section 30-62-10, has been received here. It was reported from Washington to The Herald by telegraph. The Strongs get the land.

The Security bank stockholders are to meet Wednesday afternoon at 4 o'clock to decide upon what requests to make of Assignee Macfarlane.

Mary E. Englehardt this morning began suit for divorce from her husband, John B. Englehardt, on the ground of desertion. They were married in Pantagulshine, Ont., in December, 1882, and the desertion is alleged to have taken place in Michigan in July, 1891. There are three children, for the custody of which the plaintiff asks. I. E. West is the atorney.

A default judgment for $8000 was entered Saturday in favor of C. E. Ellis and against Louis Ronchleau.

If Kelly cleans your suit it's clean.

We-ke-ma-wup tribe No. 17, Imperial Order of Red Men, has issued a challenge to Ojibway tribe No. 5, in West Superior, to play a game of baseball, the proceeds to go to the widows and orphans fund. The players of each tribe are to be in full war paint and costume.

HOUSES TO RENT—
HOUSES
8 rooms and bath.....$18
7 rooms and heat.....$25
6 rooms and bath.....$20
7 rooms, furnace, bath.....$17
8 rooms, only.....$5
Geo. R. Laybourn, 14 Phœnix Blk

THAT ELECTION WAGER.

Referee Crassweller Files His Report of the Evidence.

Frank Crassweller, the referee appointed to take testimony in the case of the Pabst Brewing company against Pat Liston, this morning reported to the court the evidence produced before him. The suit arose over an election bet. The plaintiff had a judgment against the defendant and the latter had $200 up on the election of Towne in the hands of J. E. Granger, the garnishee in the action. Just before the garnishee summons was served upon the stakeholder he paid the money over on the order of M. M. Gasser, the winner of the bet. The plaintiff seeks to get the stake to apply upon its judgment against Liston. The testimony is to the effect that on the day after the election Liston notified Granger not to pay the money over to Gasser at that time, as one Twomey, a detective, had said that there had been fraud on the ranges in the election, that it was not square and that it might be contested. An hour before the garnishee summons was served, however, the money was paid over to F. A. Patrick upon the order of M. M. Gasser.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY—SS.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886. (Seal.) A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

A. O. H. Picnic.

The annual picnic of Division No. 1, A. O. H., will be held at Lester Park, on Wednesday, Aug. 18, and it invites all its friends to join with it.

For G. A. R. excursion to Buffalo the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway makes the lowest rates and quickest time.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

Notice is hereby given that the firm of Johnson & Major is this day dissolved. All accounts owing the firm will be collected by D. W. Johnson, who will also be responsible for all debts owed by the firm.

D. W. JOHNSON.
C. B. MAJOR.

Aug. 14, 1897.

PERSONALS.

President J. L. Greatsinger went up the Iron Range road today with the pay car, which is on its regular monthly trip.

Comptroller Lovett left this afternoon for Cleveland to visit his mother, who is in indifferent health. He will be gone a week or ten days.

Mr. and Mrs. A. McLean, of Bradford, Pa., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. George MacKenzie. Mr. McLean is city treasurer of Bradford.

Mme. LaFerte left today for New York to be absent about four weeks.

H. S. Lord left this afternoon for Winona to attend the funeral of his mother, Mrs. O. M. Lord.

Bishop and Mrs. Morrison and Dr. A. W. Ryan will arrive home this month from their European trip. Bishop and Mrs. Morrison are now at Shataugay lake in the Adirondacks. Dr. A. W. Ryan is en route home, but will visit along the way.

Daniel E. Baldwin, who has been on the News Tribune's editorial staff for several years, left today for Mexico, where he will engage in the mining business.

Mr. and Mrs. B. J. Whitcomb and son have just returned from an extended visit at a number of places in Southern Michigan.

Mrs. F. W. Orchard, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Starkey for the past two weeks, returned to her home in Minneapolis Sunday.

W. H. Burke, Jr., of Buffalo, is at the Spalding.

E. B. Ober, of St. Paul, is in the city, a guest at the Spalding.

Charles Bergstrom came up from St. Paul this afternoon and registered at the Spalding.

O. J. Thomas, of Minneapolis, is among today's arrivals at the Spalding.

R. E. Fish and R. C. Wallace, of Helena, Mont., are in the city, guests at the Spalding.

J. H. Sessions, a well-known Minneapolis coal man, is at the Spalding.

John J. Rhodes, who has been down on the Brule with Chris O'Brien and a party of St. Paul people, returned this morning and left for home this afternoon.

Hans Westguard, of Chicago, is at the St. Louis.

Andy Gowan is down from Cloquet today, a guest at the St. Louis.

A. J. Sullivan, of Sparta, and his brother, Thomas Sullivan, of Ironwood, Mich., are at the St. Louis.

William Allen, of the Tower Logging company, is at the St. Louis.

D. McLean, master mechanic of the Duluth, Superior & Western, came in from Swan River this morning and registered at the St. Louis.

J. B. Sullivan and wife, of Creston, Iowa, are late arrivals at the St. Louis.

M. J. Hayden, of Eau Claire, is at the St. Louis.

C. C. McCarthy, of Grand Rapids, is a guest at the St. Louis.

Thomas S. McClure, of St. Cloud, who has been in the Rainy Lake country for the past month looking after property interests which he has there, came in today from Tower. He is a guest at the St. Louis.

N. H. Winchell, state geologist, accompanied by A. H. Elftman and U. S. Grant, came up from Minneapolis today and left this afternoon for Tower. From there they will start out on a short geological surveying expedition in the northern part of the county.

Miss Kate Brodie and Miss Flora Brede, who have been guests of Mrs. W. R. Eichman, returned to Dubuque, Iowa, this afternoon.

A. R. Murphy has returned from Minneapolis.

Mrs. E. Lomasney and her mother, Mrs. S. Veazey, left this afternoon for Chicago.

Miss Husted, of Berlin, Wis., who has been visiting with Mrs. Edward Florada for several weeks, returned home today.

Frank Curry, who is connected with the Foley mine in La Seine river, went to Detroit, Mich., today.

DON'T FORGET
The Excursion on the bay..... THIS EVENING
The large scow and tug that the LADIES' GUILD have chartered, together with music and refreshments, means a delightful time for all. Tickets, 25 cents.

Remarkable Clover Specimen.

Auditor Halden this morning received a sample of the clover grown in Independence township, and though this is a poor year for clover it is a remarkable specimen. It is a single stalk and it measures six feet eight inches from root to tip. It is not a picked specimen or an abnormal growth, according to the man from whom it was received, Erik S. Eriksson, but a fair sample of what clover can do if allowed to do its best. The letter accompanying the sample is also interesting, because it introduces the style of note paper now said to be in use in Independence township. It is written on birch bark and accompanying it are several loose sheets of the same material, which Mr. Halden proposes to send down to J. Adam Bede at Pine City for patches.

Accused of Dumping Refuse.

Michael McDonald, a driver in the employ of J. Hammel & Co., was arrested this morning on complaint of Health Inspector Baker, who charges him with dumping refuse near the electric light plant, contrary to the orders of the health department. He pleaded not guilty and his trial was set for Wednesday. He was released on his own recognizance.

Riveters on a Strike.

The riveters at the American Steel Barge company's plant, to the number of from forty to fifty, are out on a strike and the works are operating without them. New men are to be brought in to take their places. The principal complaint made by the men is that they are overworked. They also have a grievance against the manager.

FREIGHT HANDLERS' PICNIC.

The first annual picnic of the Freight Handlers' union has been postponed until Sunday, Aug. 22.

ONE BARREL OF THIS FLOUR


Will Make More Than 300 Loaves Of the Best Bread You Ever Ate
Sold everywhere.

CHANCE TO REDEEM

Duluth Iron & Steel Company Does Not Wish to Be Denied That.

FILES ITS ANSWER

Claims the Trust Deed Was a Mortgage---An Admiralty Puzzle.

Some time ago the Franklin Trust company began a foreclosure suit in the United States circuit court against the Duluth Iron and Steel company. The complaint alleged that the company had given the plaintiff a trust deed to secure a loan of $40,000, which is in default. It asked the court to give a decree ordering the property sold. Under this complaint the defendant company would have no chance to redeem the property.

Today the defendant company filed its answer. It admits the debt, but claims the bonds were given as evidence of a loan of $40,000 and the so-called trust deed was simply a mortgage to secure the loan and that therefore it required to be foreclosed like any other mortgage given under Minnesota state laws, the mortgagor having the right to redeem the property within one year from the date of sale. The property is alleged to be worth $100,000—considerable more than the debt.

MACHINERY LEVIED UPON.

A Complication That May Puzzle the Deputy Marshal.

Thomas Monahan, deputy United States marshal, has a rather peculiar case on hand. Judge Lochren has ordered the issue of a monition in the case of Herman & Sons vs. the machinery of the steamer Belle P. Cross, now in the tug G. A. Tomlinson. It is issued on the intervening libel of the Interocean Coal and Coke company. In accordance with the order of the court, Capt. Pressnell this morning issued the monition and Deputy Marshal Monahan is to serve it.

The question before him is how to take possession of the machinery without also taking possession of other property not included in the monition. Tom will probably find a way to do it, however. A bond will probably be given which will cause its release from the marshal's hands.

RATES ARE ADVANCING.

Wages Paid Laboring Men Are on the Increase.

The immediate result of the scarcity of labor caused by the exodus of men to the harvest fields of North Dakota, is an advance in wages on the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railroad and in the Consolidated mines on the Mesaba range. At the ore docks in this city common laborers on the day shift who have been getting $1.35 a day now receive $1.50 and on the night shift an increase from $1.50 to $1.65 has gone into effect. Men employed on the road and in the mines who were working at $1.25 are now paid $1.30 which is the lowest wages paid. Other grades of laborers will receive a similar increase.

A COMING WEDDING.

Marriage of Miss Rondo and Michael Kelley Tomorrow.

Tomorrow morning at 8 o'clock Miss Lillian M. Rondo, niece of Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Vincent, og 527 West Third street, and Michael Kelley, will be married by Bishop McGolrick. Miss Mamie Kenny will be bridesmaid, and J. F. Killorin will be best man. Miss Rondo has made her home in Duluth for some time and has a large circle of friends. Mr. Kelley is the head of the Kelley Hardware company and one of the popular men in Duluth, both in social and business circles. It was not until today that Mr. Kelley's friends became aware of his coming marriage, and congratulations have been pouring in on him all day. The bridal couple will leave tomorrow on the North West.

To Placate the Examiner.

Judge Cant this morning filed findings for the defendant in the case of C. E. Peaslee, as receiver for the Manufacturers' bank, of West Duluth, against the Duluth Heights Land company, to recover $3500 on a note. The defendant claimed that the note was merely a renewal of another note for the same amount, which the bank had taken without cancelling the old one. It was shown that the new note was made at the request of the bank that it might make the indebtedness look fresher, in anticipation of a visit from the bank examiner. Judge Cant finds that the note was given without consideration and merely for the accommodation of the bank. He orders judgment for the defendant.

Fine Song Service.

The special song service at the First Presbyterian church last evening was among the very best things in the way of church music that has been heard here. Selections from Gaul's "The Holy City" were rendered and the regular choir, consisting of Miss McKay, Miss Calverly, Mr. Cleland and Mr. Brown, was assisted by Miss McGiffert, soprano; Miss Anderson, Miss Moody, contralto; Mr. Arbury, tenor; Messrs. Mandelert and McLeod, bass; Mrs. John A. Stephenson, organist.

Is Receiving Bids.

The Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railroad company will build its proposed extension from Hibbing to the Pillsbury mine by contract and is now receiving bids for the work. The contract will be let in a few days and the road, which will be about two and one-half miles long, will be completed in two weeks. As soon as it is built the work of opening the Pillsbury property will begin and will be ready to ship ore at the opening of navigation next spring.

TAKE YOUR DIRTY WATCH
To E. E. Esterly and have it cleaned. Main springs, $1; cleanig, $1. 105 West Superior street, room 5, over Power & Settle.

SCHOOL BOARD MEETING.

Bids For Fuel and Supplies to Be Opened Saturday.

The board of education will hold a special meeting Saturday night at which the bids for fuel and supplies will be presented in tabulated form for easier reference and contracts will be let for all the various articles and services required during the school year.

The board is sending out notifications to the teachers employed for the coming year of the change made in the school year made at the last meeting of the board. The teachers are notified that their contracts will be changed to accord with the new arrangement. This is that the year will begin Sept. 20 instead of Sept. 5, that there will be but one week's vacation at Christmas, instead of two, and that there will be but one week at Easter. This will make the school year consist of thirty-six instead of thirty-nine weeks.

EXCURSION TO FOND DU LAC
Daily on Str. S. B. Barker.
Leave Booth's dock 9:45 a.m., Fifth avenue 10:00, Tower Bay Slip 10:30. Returning leave Fond du Lac 4 p.m. Fare 60c Round Trip.

THE CUTTING SCRAPE.

Jackson's Hearing Set and the Elliott Woman Sent Up.

The hearing of Alvin Jackson, who cut Robert Cumby in the stabbing affray in the Royal hotel, at 8 East Superior street yesterday afternoon, was set for Aug. 23 by Judge Edson this morning, bail being fixed at $100. Jackson himself displayed an ugly gash on the left side of his head and face, his ear being cut in two and the wound extending to the bridge of his nose. Ida Elliott, the woman in whose room the affair occurred, was arraigned on the charge of vagrancy, to which she pleaded not guilty. Her hearing was set for tomorrow. She was committed to the county jail in default of bail. It is said that her parents, who at one time resided here, are well-to-do people. Cumby, the other party in the cutting match, was reported to be doing well this afternoon.

Must Cremate Carcasses.

Auditor Halden is much dismayed at the duties devolving upon him in connection with the recent legislation in this state regarding wolf-bounties. Formerly when a settler killed a wolf, the carcass was cared for by the town supervisors, and all the auditor had to do was to receive the scalp and see that the bounty was paid. Now, however, the auditor has to receive and destroy the whole wolf probably for fear that if the body is not wholly destroyed the wolf will come to life again and make trouble. Saturday Mr. Halden presided over the cremation of a small wolf, and it reminded him that during the winter there are a large number of claimants for wolf bounties, and that he would have to care for them all, large and small, in the same manner. This will mean that during the coming winter he will be compelled to take every carcass that is brought to him and burn it up. He has not yet decided whether he will have a small crematory built or not.

Finds Things Better.

Frank B. Lazier, formerly a well-known vessel agent in this city, but now state agent of the State Life Insurance company of Indiana, with headquarters in Minneapolis, is in the city for a few days engaged in closing up the work of organizing the state for his company. He has been traveling all over the state in this work, and he says that business generally is looking up a great deal. In the farming districts the increase in wheat prices is causing a great deal of good feeling, and much benefit to the state generally is looked for, though many are holding off to see what their crops are going to amount to before they jubilate to any great extent. Aside from the agricultural interests, however, he finds that there is a better feeling in all interests all over the state and that people generally are looking forward to a prosperous fall.

Preparing For Logging.

C. C. McCarthy, prosecuting attorney of Itasca county, who is in Duluth today, reports that lumbermen have already begun sending crews of men into the woods from Grand Rapids to prepare for the extensive logging operations planned for the fall and winter. They are experiencing much difficulty in getting as many men as are required and much higher wages are being offered than prevailed in that section of the country last winter. Mr. McCarthy expects that more logs will be banked in Itasca county the coming season than ever before.

Erickson Dismissed.

The case against August Erickson, who was arrested several days ago on the charge of larceny, was dismissed this afternoon on motion of the city attorney. Erickson was accused of stealing a ship lantern to which joint ownership was asserted by three others, Erickson and W. H. Pride, the property being valued at $8. There was but one witness for the prosecution and he knew nothing about the case worth mentioning.

Ask the South Shore for rates and routes to Buffalo before buying. Fourteen routes to choose from.

The evening paper is always carefully read, especially in the home circle, and is therefore the best advertising medium.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 Years the Standard.

NAMES HIS MEN

Chairman Towne Announces the Members of His Executive Committee.

CONSISTS OF SEVEN

Fred T. Dubois, Ex-U. S. Senator From Idaho, is Chairman.

Hon. Charles A. Towne, chairman of the national committee of the Silver Republican party, this afternoon announced the executive committee of the national committee, which he was empowered to appoint when he was named as chairman of the latter committee.

The committee is composed of Fred T. Dubois, of Blackfoot, Idaho, chairman; J. J. Harper, of Washington Courthouse, Ohio, who is a judge of the district court at that place; A. M. Stevenson, a prominent politician of Denver, Colo.; Ben S. Dean, of Jamestown, N. Y.; Nathan Cole, Jr., of Los Angeles, Cal., president of the Los Angeles big Silver Republican club of 6000 members; James H. Teller, of Chicago, who is an attorney and a brother of Senator Teller, and Charles S. Hartman, of Bozeman, Mont., who is a representative in congress from Montana, and is too well known here to require any introduction.

This committee will act under the direction of the national committee, of which Mr. Towne is chairman.

Plumbers Being Examined.

The state board of plumbers is here today. It consists of: President, A. W. Scott, of Minneapolis; vice president, J. O. Watson, of Minneapolis; secretary, D. J. Harrington, of St. Paul. The members are here to examine plumbers under the state law requiring them to pass examination in cities of more than 10,000 people where there are waterworks and sewerage systems. There are about thirty plumbers to be examined here. The examination will continue through tomorrow. The theoretical part takes place at the Master Plumbers' association's rooms and the practical part two doors east of Black's plumbing shop on West Michigan street.

Woodmen's Excursion
AND BASKET PICNIC.
TWO HARBORS, SUNDAY, AUGUST 22.
Address by Hon. C. A. TOWNE
EVERYBODY INVITED.
Trains at 9:30 and 11:30 a. m.—Fare, 75 cents.
Boats at 10 a. m. and 2 p. m.—Fare, 50 cents.

HIS DISAPPOINTMENT.

Detroit Free Press: "Yes," sighed the old man sadly, "I'm rich and plenty of people envy me, but I would give at least half my worldly possessions to get rid of one haunting memory. I ran away from home and shipped as a cabin boy when I was 10. I was on my way home from the grocery with a can of molasses when this glorious vista of a life on the ocean wave was opened to my enraptured imagination. I hid the molasses and two hours later was started on my voyage.

"Years passed by as they have a way of doing, and I was given up for dead. But during most of those years I was in India, where the chances favored a shrewd man in acquiring wealth, and I amassed an immense fortune. Then came the inevitable longing to revisit the scenes of my childhood. I wanted to be in the old village and the old home; to make everyone happy who had been associated with my early life.

"On landing I found the molasses just where I had hidden it, went to the house just as I should have done forty years before, and simply said to the aged couple who looked at me as at a stranger: 'Here it is.' While they started I hoped in vain for recognition, and wondered if I were changed as greatly as they. When I told them who I was their greeting was a warm one, and they called me 'son' in a way to delight the wanderer's heart. I suppose they had a legal right to do so, but in time came the surprise."

"What was that?"

"Well, shortly after I left mother died and father married again. Later he paid the final debt of nature and my new mother married again. Never before had I seen either of the aged couple, yet they were what was left of the old family in the old home, and I was 'son.' I did all that money could do for them, but it was very disappointing."

NOT SO GREEN.

The other day a Detroit youth who had come home from college for vacation took his younger sister out to see a baseball game. She is a quiet, demure little lass, with blue eyes and a timid manner, and she slipped into her seat in the grand stand as staidly as if she were entering the family pew at church, says the Detroit Free Press.

As the game progressed he kindly undertook to explain to her something about its points, so she would understand at least a little about it.

"Now the man is about to throw the ball," he said. "He is called the pitcher. The man with the stick in his hand is the batter. He will try to hit the ball, and if he does he will run to that little bag, which is called a base."

The young man's sister seemed to be quite interested, and listened attentively to his explanations.

Presently somebody hit out a two-bagger that went clear through the shortstop, and lit out for first like a wild turkey.

"Now," he said, "if the fielder throws the ball to the man on the bag before—"

The young man ceased suddenly.

His sister had sprung upon the bench, grabbed his hat and thrown it into the crowd, and shrieked at the top of her voice:

"Yah, yah, yah! Wasn't that a hot tamale! Ss-ss-ss-sz-zz-zzz—get that shortstop a seine. Go it, Dempsey, you're a peach! Oh, Lordy, what a daisy cutter! Get him a basket! Whoopee, don't that make your whiskers curl? Yah, yah, yah!"

"Sit down, sis," said the young man in a slightly aggrieved tone. "Why didn't you tell me you were a rooter?"

You may never know it happened if you fail to read The Evening Herald.

NEWS OF THE LAKES.

Coal Freights Were Slack Today But Considerable Business Is Expected.

Buffalo, Aug. 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—Coal freights are still slack, but the example of last week, with considerable business in spite of heavy clearances of light boats, is likely to be followed. Charter: Mohegan, to Duluth, at 20 cents.

GRAIN RATES LOWER.

Chicago, Aug. 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—Grain rates went off this morning to 1¼ cents on corn to Lake Erie. Slow sales led to the drop.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Buffalo—Cleared: Curry, Duluth.

Erie—Cleared: Ericsson, Globe, Duluth.

Two Harbors—Cleared: Maricopa, Martha, Chicago; Kirby, Erie; Bartlett, 109, 110, Cleveland.

Chicago—Cleared: Normandie, Duluth.

Ashland—Arrived: Mecosta, Ashland, the two Parkers, Gilchrist, Foster, Sprigley. Cleared: Tampa, Victory, Constitution.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Aug. 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Harlem, Siemens, Krupp, 8:50 last night; Cumberland, Bacon, Kent, 10; Bessemer, Nasmyth, 10:30; Caledonia, schooner Northwest, 10:40; Ed Smith, Fillmore, Fryer, Martin, 11; Frontenac, 11:40; Republic, 1:30 a. m.; Oglebay, 2; Outhwaite, Barr, 3:40; Devereux, Nicholas, Dundee, Minch, 6; India, 8:30; Maritana, Sitka, Leuty, Botsford, 9:40; Coffinberry, Camden, 10:20; Glidden, Aberdeen, Roman, 10:40. Down: Centurion, Tampa, midnight; Nyanza, 2 a. m.; Gilbert, 4:40; Wade, 6:50.

Later—Up: Italia, Polynesia, 11 a. m.; Choctaw, 11:30; Marshall, Tilden, Kingfisher, noon; Crescent City, Edwards, Golden Age, 12:30 p. m.; Griffin, 2. Down: Senator, 10:40 a. m.; Neilson, Whitworth, 11:30; Manitoba, Comanche, Uganda, 1:40 p. m.

Up yesterday: Rose, Buckeye State, Boscobel, Marina, 9 a. m.; Trevor and whalebacks, Black Rock, 10; Joliet, 11:30; Desmond, Hattie, Pathfinder, Sagamore, 1:20 p. m.; Nicol, 3:30; Alberta, 7; North West, 8:30. Down: Roby, Wadena, 11 a. m.; William Chisholm, 12:40 p. m.; Carnegie, 2:30; North Land, 3; Mary McGregor, 3:20; George Farwell, 4; Gratwick (wood), the two Wallaces, 5:20; Panther, Massasoit, 6:20.

PASSED PORT HURON.

Port Huron, Mich., Aug. 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Schuylkill, 9:30 last night; Porter and consorts, 10:40; Hiawatha and consorts, 11:30; Schoolcraft and consort, Germanic and consort, 1:20 a. m.; Wilson and consort, 3; Iron King and consort, 3:30; Castalia, 3:40; Alva, 3:50; Kearsarge, 4; Mahoning, 4:10; Stevens, 5:40; John Owen, 7:30; Algonquin, 7:40; Kellon, 4:15; Sauber, 9; Johnson, Helvetia, 10:10; Corsica, 10:40.

Down yesterday: Dyer, 10 a. m.; Cadillac, 10:30; Bradley and consorts, 11; Rhoda Stewart and consorts, 11:50; Emory Owen, Michigan, 12:40 p. m.; Fairbairn, Corliss, 12; Saxon, 2:20; Zenith City, 4; George Williams, Hawgood, 4:10; Samoa, Celtic, 4:30; Cambria, 4:30; Runnells, 6:10; John Ketchum, 6:20; Pontiac, 7:30; Penobscot, 7:40.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Fulton, Holley, Curry, 8 last night; Waverly, Verona, 11:20; St. Louis and consorts, 5:30; Genoa, 8:50; Peck and whaleback, 9:30.

Up yesterday: Houghton, Choctaw, 7:30 a. m.; Hebard and consorts, 7:40; Queen City, Cherokee, Chippewa, 9; Fayette Brown, 132, 10; Waldo, 10:10; Argo and consorts, 11:50; Maruba, Manda, 12:30 p. m.; Commodore, 1:10; Pratt, Ash, 1:20; Lagonda, 2:40; Linden, 4:10; Nimick, Antrim, 4:30; Alverson, 4:50; Vega, 5:10.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Cranage, North Star, Buffalo, merchandise; Monarch, Sarnia, passengers and merchandise; Cort, Russell, Mather, Stephenson, Jenney, Lake Erie, light for ore; City of Venice, Fryer, 129, Lake Erie, coal; Holland, Lake Erie, lumber.

Departed—McWilliams, Lake Erie, ore; Madden, Ashland, light; Mills, Lake Erie, lumber; Northern Wave, Arabia, Buffalo, flour.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Bovic, from Liverpool.

HOW TO BEAT THEM.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "When we was at the Sunday school picnic I beat 'em all wading, mamma,' said little Willie Snow.

"And how did that happen?" inquired his fond parent.

"Why, you see, they was afraid to go in any deeper than their knees, 'cause they'd get their clothes wet."

"And wasn't you afraid of getting your clothes wet?"

"No, ma'am, I didn't care."

A COMPLIMENT.

Cleveland Leader: "John," said Mrs. Harkins, "I heard a nice compliment for you today."

Mr. Harkins put his paper down, twisted up the ends of his mustache, looked pleased, and said:

"Well, that's nothing so remarkable. I receive compliments nearly every day."

Mrs. Harkins went on sipping her tea and her husband waited for her to resume. Finally he said:

"Well, why don't you tell me what it was? Who was it that complimented me?"

"Oh, you couldn't guess in a week."

"Mrs. Deering?" he ventured.

"No."

"Not Bessie Fallington?" he rather eagerly suggested.

"No."

"Oh, well, of course, if there's any secret about it, I don't care to hear what it was or who said it."

"There isn't any secret about it," Mrs. Harkins sweetly replied. "Mr. Hannaford told me that every time he and I met he became thoroughly convinced that you were a man of excellent taste."

John Harkins then shoved his hands down in his pockets and walked out upon the veranda to ruminate.

The evening paper is always carefully read, especially in the home circle, and is therefore an excellent advertising medium. Advertisers in The Evening Herald always get full value.

FREE! NO KNIFE!
NOSES RED and noses blue, no knife should cut that nose on you—because DR. S. CLAY TODD, 1224 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis., can make the color of your noses perfectly natural without using a knife.

NEVER SAW NAPOLEON.

The drawing master to Queen Victoria's children, a Mr. Corbould, has just published a volume of reminiscences, including this novel anecdote about the duke of Wellington and Napoleon, says Frank Leslie's Weekly. "On reaching the palace one morning the prince of Wales showed me a drawing he had just finished. Napoleon was depicted on horseback, leveling a pistol at the duke of Wellington, who was advancing to cut down his great enemy. While I was looking at the drawing, who should come in but the duke himself. 'Why, the very man who can best criticize my drawing!' cried the prince. 'Now, can you tell me who is that on the left?' he went on, presenting the sketch to the duke. 'Well,' replied the latter deliberately, 'judging from the waistcoat and the cocked hat I should say it was meant for Napoleon.' 'Right,' said the prince. 'And who is the other figure?' 'By the cut of the jib,' replied the duke, calmly, 'I should say it was myself.' 'Right again. Well, now, is the drawing accurate? That's what I want to know.'

"The duke rose, put down the sketch, and thus impressively addressed the prince of Wales: 'My boy, I'm going to tell you something that the English people don't seem to realize. I was sent out to keep Napoleon in check, but never in my life have I set eyes on him! Once, in the midst of a battle, someone cried, "Look, there's Napoleon;" but before I could get the glass to my eye the smoke from a field gun had enveloped him.'"

SENATOR MASON'S SON.

Senator Mason had a little son about 3 years old, now, unfortunately, dead, who was very much of a boy, says the Washington Post. He was always out on Twelfth street playing, and in order to keep him from straying beyond the block he was duly inculcated with a proper regard of the enormity of a policeman. One morning after breakfast Mason and a genial coterie were in the basement room when the youngster marched in.

"Good morning," said Mr. Mason cordially. "To what do we owe the honor of your visit?"

"I dust had a conveysashun wiz a pleeceman," was the serious response.

"Indeed," remarked his father. "And what did the pleeceman say?"

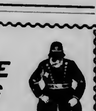
"He said 'Hello!'" was the response.

"And what did you say?" asked Mason.

The tot regarded the gathering gravely.

"I tame in," he responded simply. The party roared.

"I reckon that's the briefest conversation on record," said Mason when the laugh subsided.

FAST FEMALE CYCLERS

AT UNION RINK ALL THIS WEEK!
CHAMPION FEMALE RIDERS OF AMERICA.
RACE FROM 8 TO 10 P. M.
BICYCLES CHECKED AT THIRD AVENUE ENTRANCE.
ADMISSION 25 CENTS.

FREE! FREE!
Mothers Don't Like You
to kiss their children if you have a greasy, pitted face, and the grown-up daughter doesn't relish it, either. Don't stand in your own light. Have your face straightened out by Dr. S. CLAY TODD, 1224 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis.

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JAMES T. WATSON,
PATENT LAWYERS, SOLICITORS AND EXPERTS.
(Free.) Established Washington, D. C., 1861. Guide Book Free.) 407 Palladio Building
DULUTH, MINN.

CONDENSED BANK STATEMENTS.

Condensed Statement of Condition OF THE

First National Bank

OF DULUTH, MINN.

At the close of Business, July 23rd, 1897.

RESOURCES.

Loans	$1,038,342 56
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	54,000 00
Other bonds and stocks	22,755 43
Bank building	175,000 00
Five per cent redemption fund	2,250 00
Demand grain loans	382,000 00
Government bonds	56,000 00
Due from other banks	785,631 19
Cash on hand	227,702 68
	1,450,734 05
	$2,743,092 04

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$ 500,000 00
Surplus fund	250,000 00
Undivided profits	24,038 54
Circulation	45,000 00
Deposits	1,924,053 50
	$2,743,092 04

A. FITGER & CO.'S
FAVORITE BRANDS—
PALE BOHEMIAN AND BAVARIAN.
2 dozen quarts.....$2.25
3 dozen pints.....$2.00

Free!
The Leading Specialist of America
---36 Years Experience---
250,000 Cured.
We Cure Gleet.

Thousands of young and middle-aged men are having their sexual vigor and vitality continually sapped by this disease. They are frequently unconscious of the cause of these symptoms. General weakness, unnatural discharges, failing manhood, nervousness, poor memory, irritability, at times smarting sensation, sunken eyes, with dark circles, weak back, general depression, lack of ambition, varicocele, shrunken parts, etc. GLEET and STRICTURE may be the cause. Don't allow anyone to experiment on you. Consult specialists who have made a life study of diseases of men and women. Our NEW METHOD TREATMENT will positively cure you.

We treat and cure EMISSIONS, VARICOCELE, GLEET, STRICTURE, IMPOTENCY, SECRET DRAINS, UNNATURAL DISCHARGES, EYE, EAR, NOSE, LUNG, BRAIN, NERVE, STOMACH, KIDNEY and BLADDER DISEASES. Dr. S. Clay Todd, 1224 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis. Hours, 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. all this and next week. Permanently located.

Free treatment until cured. Consultations free. Make one call. Waiting rooms open from 6 a. m. to 9 p. m.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

FIFTEENTH YEAR. | TUESDAY, AUGUST 17, 1897. | FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION. | TWO CENTS.



A FEW LOW PRICES IN ..... LAMPS

Lamp and Globe:	Globes:
$3.85	.50
$4.50	.60
$5.00	.75
$6.00	.80
and up	$1.00 and up

IRON LAMP AND GLOBE, $3.50, $4.50, $5, $6.00, $7.00 and up.

This Lamp Complete $3.85.

TERMS OR CASH

$25 worth of Goods—$5 down and $5 a month
$40 worth of Goods—$8 down and $6 a month
$60 worth of Goods—$12 down and $7 a month
$60 worth of Goods—$15 down and $8 a month
$75 worth of Goods—$18 down and $9 a month
$100 worth of Goods—$20 down and $10 a month

Special and Favorable Arrangements for Larger amounts.

FRENCH & BASSETT,

First Street and Third Avenue West.

LUDWIG PIANOS! BY THE CAR LOAD. We have purchased a car load or the high grade Ludwig Pianos. Each one has been carefully selected by our expert buyers. They are the finest Pianos ever offered in this market at a medium price.

E. G. CHAPMAN, Manager.

SALESROOMS—Thurnix Block—Second Floor; Fourth Avenue West and Superior Street.

DULUTH MUSIC CO.

Souvenirs Of Duluth!

Chamberlain & Taylor's Bookstore,

323 West Superior Street.

BURNING GOLD MINE.

Great Gold Producing Property Being Destroyed---Angels' Camp In Peril.

Angels Camp, Cal., Aug. 17.—The great Utica mine is on fire. Flames and smoke were discovered issuing from the 800 foot level, station No. 4, at 4 o'clock this morning. It was with difficulty that the shift made their escape. Six men were cut off, but made their way through the south end of the new shaft. The fire is supposed to have originated from spontaneous combustion, caused by lard and coal oil.

It is impossible at present to estimate the extent of the loss that the fire will cause, but it is safe to say that it will amount to hundreds of thousands of dollars. Not only are the mine owners affected, but the whole town of Angels, which contains a population of 6000 or thereabouts, who are almost dependent upon the miners' employes in the Utica group of mines. There are 1000 men employed by the company and should the fire prove as serious as reported, these men will be left in destitute circumstances.

Every effort is being made to quench the fire as rapidly as possible, but gas and smoke are escaping from all the shafts, which are being rapidly bulkheaded. While stopping up the Utica shaft several firemen were suffocated. The mine is being rapidly flooded. It will take at least four days to flood the mine, and it is estimated that in case no more serious results should happen afterward, it will take at least two months to pump out the water and fix the mines for regular operation.

SHOT HER HUSBAND.

And Then Mrs. Hoex Instantly Killed Herself.

Asheville, N. C., Aug. 17.—At Hendersonville, twenty miles from here today, Mrs. Ben F. Hoex, shot her husband, one shot breaking his right arm and the other shot taking effect in his left breast, and may prove a dangerous wound. Mrs. Hoex then shot herself, dying instantly. The cause of the tragedy is unknown.

Mrs. Hoex was a Miss Cowles, a native of Ohio, aged about 50 years. She has a brother in Ohio, who is a judge and the wife of Senator Fairbanks, of Indiana, is her niece.

GLENCAIRN'S THIRD SUCCESS.

Beat the Momo By Nearly Three Minutes Today.

Montreal, Aug. 17.—The lake this morning presented an appearance which gladdened the hearts of the friends of the Glencairn. The waves were lashing the shore, while out in the lake the whitecaps were chasing each other eastward. It was a dark, rough-looking morning, with every prospect that the wind would blow great guns before the day was over. Under these conditions the Glencairn was picked upon as an almost sure winner. Mr. Crane, however, would by no means concede this. The boats crossed the line in half a gale at 11:40.

The Glencairn won, crossing the finish line at 2:00:10. The Momo finished at 2:03:02.

HENRI IS ALL RIGHT.

Paris, Aug. 17.—Prince Henri d'Orleans, who was wounded on Sunday morning in a duel with swords fought with the count of Turin near this city, has passed an excellent night and all danger of a serious outcome of his wound appears to be over.

A CARD GAME ROW.

In Which Two Men Are Instantly Killed.

Pineville, Ky., Aug. 17.—News has reached here of a double mountain tragedy which was enacted at Chad's Gap, near Pineville. James Felt, Caleb Hatfield and Joe Mallard, all young men of the neighborhood, played cards all night, drinking heavily. Before morning Hatfield and Mallard had won all of Felt's money. They then proposed that the card game break up, and that a drink be taken before continuing across the mountain.

They drank, but Mallard threw the contents of the jug in Felt's face, and told him to leave them. The latter then drew his pistol and opened fire, killing both Mallard and Hatfield. The latter is related to the notorious "Cap" Hatfield.

COUNTY ATTORNEY'S SALARY.

That Was the Question Before the Board Today.

The meeting of the board of county commissioners, which was to be held this afternoon if a quorum was obtainable, which was a doubtful proposition at a late hour, was for the purpose of reconsidering the board's action in cutting $700 per year off County Attorney Arbury's salary and to straighten up the Miller Trunk road matter. It was thought very probable that the board would rescind its action reducing the county attorney's salary. The attorney general of the state, together with a number of other lawyers, have given the board opinions to the effect that when an official is elected at a certain salary it is a difficult thing to cut it before the next election, and the board seems inclined to act on this advice and take back its action cutting the county attorney's salary from $2500 to $1800 per year.

The bond of August Lofgren, the new register of deeds, was also expected to be up for consideration. If the bond is satisfactory the new official will immediately take his office.

McKINLEY GOES YACHTING.

Hotel Champlain, N. Y., Aug. 17.—The president and immediate friends accepted an invitation to a yachting party today given by the owner of the yacht Washita, Mr. Putnam. The party, consisting of the president and Mrs. McKinley, Vice President and Mrs. Hobart, Secretary of War and Mrs. Alger, Mrs. Bailey, Miss Alger, Hon. C. N. Bliss, of New York, and Mr. Hall, of New York, started from Hotel Champlain at 11 o'clock.

VICTORY FOR LABOR.

Pottstown, Pa., Aug. 17.—The wage question between George B. Lessig, proprietor, and the employes of the Universal mill has at last been settled and this plant, together with the 65-inch mill, will resume work this evening with 300 men. The men, it is understood, will receive almost as much as they demanded.

PERUVIAN FINANCES.

Lima, via Galveston, Aug. 17.—The Peruvian government has ordered the banks of Peru to withdraw from circulation within thirty days and to stop further emission of circular checks payable to the bearer, which are classed as being nothing more or less than bank notes in disguise.

WILL WIND IT UP.

Boston, Aug. 17.—Maj. George S. Merrill, the Massachusetts insurance commissioner, presented a petition in the supreme court this afternoon for the appointment of a receiver for the Massachusetts Benefit Life association, on the ground that the further continuance of the association would not be for the best interests of the policyholders.

BANKERS GATHER

American Bankers' Association Comes to Order In Detroit This Morning.

PINGREE'S SPEECH

Address By President Lowry and the Report of Secretary Branch.

Detroit, Aug. 17.—Every seat in the Detroit Opera house was occupied this morning when, at a little after 10 o'clock, President Robert J. Lowry called to order the twenty-third annual convention of the American Bankers' association. The presence of many ladies testified to the great interest taken by Detroit in the proceedings of the convention, and the elaborate decorations of the opera house gave further evidence of Detroit's hospitality. Mayor Maybury welcomed the delegates to Detroit in an address more than usually happy and felicitious.

Governor Pingree was late in arriving, but when he came forward he was received with a generous round of applause.

Governor Pingree was introduced to welcome the delegates on behalf of the state. After a few words of cordial greeting the governor said: "I do not pretend to fully understand the theory of money, being but an everyday manufacturer of shoes; but I have a thought which I wish to start rolling for discussion. Whatever men's ideas may be on the subject as to what money metal of ultimate redemption is best in the world of commerce and monetary systems, I believe it is conceded that when silver gradually ceased to be part of the stock used for such purposes in the balance of trade and otherwise, the available amount of primary money was reduced about one-half. The remedy this state of affairs it is sought to effect an agreement among nations whereby the unit of measure may again be in either gold or silver."

The governor concluded: "The liability of the stockholders to the amount of their stock in addition to the amount invested, and the stringent holding of directors to watchfulness and duty, makes a national bank perhaps the best model of a corporation that has thus far been worked out. One great cause of complaint against many of our private corporations is that the laws tempt the people to organize them for the very purpose of escaping responsibility for the debts that are to be contracted. Many of these debts are in all conscience individual obligations. They ought to be the same in law. A corporation is organized ostensibly so that men who would otherwise be in partnership can continue business without its being entangled with the estate of a deceased partner. But if the business becomes a failure, except as to certain debts, the stockholders are not generally liable to the creditors.

"Laws of this kind sap the individual character of our age. They lower the standard of honesty until people are taught to think that in a collective capacity as stockholders in a corporation they may be less honest than as individuals and are relieved of individual responsibility to those with whom they deal. Now, if the principle of reliability on the part of stockholders and directors of national banks were to extend to other corporations, the stockholders would stake their individual reputation as well as their money on the result of the business. Large business interests would be in the hands of men who intended to pay, and they would be released from illegitimate competition of those who by intention or recklessness go into corporate business by which creditors must lose.

"Progress will doubtless develop other means for making corporations honest. But I believe we ought not to stop until the responsibility to be honest resting upon corporations, which exists by virtue of franchises granted by the public, is as great as that which who are engaged in a legitimate, conservative banking business. Vaults plethoric with idle deposits have no charm for the banker; he can and does appreciate the fact that idle money is as useless as idle men—neither add to the wealth or prosperity of the country, both are but worthless drones in the hive of industry.

"I recognize the fact that 'returning prosperity' has not yet arrived, I know that it is on the way, and believe it is not so far off as some would have us think. This belief is warranted by the fact that under the blessing of God abundant crops are assured; our agricultural products are in demand by less favored peoples, and when the surplus grain of the West and cotton of the South shall begin to move to the coast on their way to supply the wants of other nations, we shall see the great cloud of depression begin to lift and let in the glorious sunshine of prosperity, which will warm into new life the enterprise of our great country."

The annual report of the secretary, James R. Branch, of New York, followed.

Branch was as follows, being a comparative one for the fiscal years of 1896 and 1897:

	1896.	
Cash balance membership account, Aug. 31, 1896		$ 3,618 75
Members joining from Sept. 1, 1895, to Sept. 1, 1896	590 00	
Paid members Sept. 1, 1896	2,196 50	
Annual membership dues paid for year ending Aug. 31, 1896	$17,240 73	
	1897.	
Cash balance membership account, Aug. 10, 1897	$9,255 23	
Drafts deposited for next year's dues subject to payment	37,920 00	$47,175 23
Members joining from Sept. 1, 1896, to Aug. 10, 1897	928 00	
Paid members Aug. 10, 1897	2,813 00	
Annual membership dues paid for year ending Sept. 1, 1896, to Aug. 10, 1897	39,287 90	
Being an increase of $22,047.17.		

The above figures would be larger but for the investment of $15,815.63 in government bonds, of which $10,721.88 was charged to the membership account, the balance of $5093.75 coming from sale of $5000 Lake Erie & Western 5 per cent bonds. In addition to this $10,000 was transferred from membership to protective fund account. There were 341 members lost on account of the new schedule of dues, which went into effect Sept. 1, 1896; thirty members from failure and liquidation, making a total of 371 lost members. This decreased the membership at the beginning of this fiscal year to 1825. In many instances letters were written and circulars were sent from this office to all the banks, trust companies and private bankers in the country; and in some states the local officers of the association addressed all the banks in their respective territories. This resulted in a gain of 982 members, who joined between Sept. 1, 1896, and Aug. 10, 1897. This makes a net gain over last year's total membership of 617.

The roll now embraces: National banks, 1453; state banks, 756; savings banks, 247; trust companies, 132; private bankers, 225; total, 2813, with a combined capital and surplus of $994,607,758, and deposits of $3,178,832,140; a grand total of $4,173,439,898. This does not include the capital and deposits of 225 private bankers, who make no statements.

This progress is due to the harmonious labors of officers and members, the excellent work done by the protective committee, and the complimentary notices from the press throughout the country. When the recent stagnation of business is considered, the growth of the association is gratifying, and now that prosperity is returning it points to even a higher plane of practical usefulness. It is pleasant to note the endorsement of this association's present policy at the conventions of the State Bankers' associations; the local organizations are recognizing that this central association is the complement to themselves and reaches into channels they cannot enter. Continued accord can only result in mutual benefits. It is impossible to estimate what can be accomplished by the solidification and concentration of the vast interests and far-reaching influence of members of the different bankers' associations towards the suppression of crime, the promotion of the nation's credit and welfare, and to shape legislation which has for a guide—justice, equality, equity and right.

A TRAIN HELD UP.

Half a Dozen Highwaymen Loot the Santa Fe Southbound Express Car.

Oklahoma City, Okla., Aug. 17.—Passenger Train No. 405, southbound on the Santa Fe, in charge of Conductor Beers and Engineer Rain, was held up at 12:15 this morning between here and Edmond, by half a dozen masked highwaymen. A charge of dynamite placed beneath the Wells-Fargo safe failed to open it. However, it is said, the robbers secured between $300 and $600 from valuable packages in the local safe and escaped. The passengers were not molested.

The train was the regular passenger for Fort Worth, Texas, and left Kansas City at 9:55 yesterday morning. Local Agent C. R. Teas of the Wells-Fargo company says that the time lock safe could not have been opened till it reached quite a distance beyond the scene of the robbery and he ridicules the story that the robbers secured anything of value from the express car.

GEORGE'S FUNERAL DELEGATION.

Jackson, Miss., Aug. 17.—A special from Carrollton, Miss., says: The special train from Birmingham bearing the congressional committee appointed to attend Senator George's funeral, arrived here this morning at 6 o'clock. It was found impossible to get the full committee together and only three members of the national legislature were aboard: Senator Pettus of Alabama; Senator-elect Money of Mississippi, and Representative Underwood, of Birmingham. Assistant Sergeant-at-arms of the senate S. A. Jones accompanied them.

A BADGER LUMBER DEAL.

Milwaukee, Wis., Aug. 17.—A special to the Journal from Menominee, Mich., says: Smith, Fassett & company, of Tonawanda, have purchased 5,000,000 feet of mill run white pine lumber from the Spalding Lumber company, which is now being sawed at the Cedar river mills. The deal was closed today and involved a consideration of about $80,000. The lumber will be shipped by water as soon as cut.

MARTIAL LAW GOES

Military Rule Declared By Sheriff Lowry In Three Strike Townships.

IT STOPS MARCHING

Strikers Abandon the Idea of a Labor Organization Meeting---Strike News.

Pittsburg, Aug. 17.—Martial law has been declared in Plum, Patton and Wilkins townships by Sheriff Lowry. The three mines of the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal company are in the townships, and all roads leading to them will be patrolled by his deputies. Persons walking or driving along the roads who cannot give a satisfactory excuse for themselves will be ordered to leave the neighborhood, and upon refusal will be arrested.

The sheriff will not attempt to break up the camp of the strikers until the court has passed on the question, but it is announced today that he is determined to stop the marching and trespassing on the company's property. No one will be allowed on the company's property who fails to have a pass signed by Superintendent De Armit.

There are now nearly 800 men in the camp at Plum Creek, and after the mutiny at Sandy Creek yesterday the camp at that point was abandoned and the men went to Plum Creek. In addition 200 men arrived at 3 o'clock this morning from Belleyernon. The large increase in the number in camp has caused a shortage of provisions and the men are hungry. They threatened to march during the morning, but were induced not to do so by the deputies. Last night it was decided to have the women march, as the injunction did not include them. The order of the sheriff to arrest all persons, however, caused a change in the program, and there was no march.

Sheriff Lowry said he would disperse the women as quickly as the men, as he interpreted the court's order to mean to enjoin not only the men but all who attempted to interfere with the De Armit miners in any way by show of force. There were twenty-two evictions near Plum Creek during the day of striking miners. The evictions began at noon yesterday.

Passengers on the morning train from Pittsburg to Turtle Creek say a man, who gave his name as John Monroe and said he was from the Osceola mine, announced he was going to kill Sam De Armit.

The claim is made that there are a number of anarchists in the vicinity of the mines, who are after the De Armits. They are not in the camp, however. Samuel De Armit is under arrest by the sheriff. Neither he nor the sheriff will say for what, but the strikers say it is to prevent his arrest by any constable which would be impossible as long as he is in the sheriff's custody.

Sixteen more men went into Plum Creek mine this morning. The strikers say only twenty-nine men are at work while the company say they have 250 men. The output yesterday was five cars of lump and three cars of screened coal.

UNION MEETING ABANDONED.

De Armit May Bring in Some Foreign Workmen.

Pittsburg, Aug. 17.—The strike leaders for some reason have abandoned the idea of having a meeting of the heads of the different labor organizations to devise ways and means of nominating with an adverse ruling of the court on the miners' injunction. President Dolan says a meeting of the union officers may be held on Thursday. But if it is, it will be for another purpose.

There is a rumor current that the De Armits have arranged for the importation of 200 foreign workmen next Monday to work in the Turtle Creek and Plum Creek mines. This is denied by Thomas De Armit, who says the company has enough men working and that there is no need of importing other miners. In spite of all denials, however, it is believed that the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal company will give notice to all strikers that they are willing to re-employ all the old hands, and should the strikers not choose to return to work within a few days the company will try to employ some who will work.

The work of securing signatures to the uniformity agreement is progressing favorably, and in a few days the list will be ready for publication. About thirty operators are said to have signed, but the committee is not willing to say whether or not any of the larger operators are on the list.

WHAT DOLAN SAYS.

Injunction Proceedings Satisfy the Miners' Officials.

Pittsburg, Aug. 17.—The miners' officials express themselves as well satisfied with the injunction proceedings. "According to the court," said President Dolan, "the injunction only restrains us from doing what we have not done and what we do not intend to do. The camps will be continued and conducted as usual until further notice. We have abundant assurance of help, and the reports that we are destitute have no foundation."

President Dolan said he was misquoted or misunderstood yesterday when giving his testimony at the injunction hearing. "I did not intend to say or convey the impression," said he, "that Operators Shields, Blythe and Steytler and other operators had requested me to order a strike. They never told me to get De Armit's men on a strike, but did say, and it is the general opinion among all operators, that De Armit is responsible for the deplorable condition of affairs in the Pittsburg district."

Four more suits were entered against Superintendent Samuel De Armit today by strikers and their wives, the charges being disorderly conduct.

WEST VIRGINIA GAINS.

Strikers Making Quite a Little Headway There.

Wheeling, W. Va., Aug. 17.—The strikers show material gains in some sections of West Virginia today. In the Wheeling district there is not a miner working, while on the Ohio side of the river the last man, except those who are to furnish coal for water and electric light plants, will be out tonight. In the Fairmont district the strike leaders did not succeed in closing the Montana mine entirely, but they made decided gains. The camp will be maintained there till the last man leaves his work, when these recruits will be taken with the main body to the other Watson company's mines to help close them. In the Kanawaha valley about 300 men have gone to work since yesterday morning.

QUIET AT HONEYBROOK.

Hazleton, Pa., Aug. 17.—The strike situation in the Honeybrook district of the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre company's collieries is unchanged today. No attempt was made to start work at the mines this morning. Manager Lawam was again on the ground this morning. He arranged for a meeting with a committee of the strikers at noon, the result of which will not be made known until the men meet at McAdoo this evening. The mules at Audenreid No. 4 slope, were removed this morning. The coal and iron police are still guarding the mines, but thus far they have not been molested or had occasion to arrest a single striker.

A TURTLE CREEK CROWD.

Pittsburg, Aug. 17.—At Turtle Creek fifty strikers, without leaders or music, and with nothing at their head but the American flag, marched from Camp Determination this morning on the Oak Hill mines. This was done unexpectedly and in violation of the restraining order temporarily continued by the court yesterday. Before reaching the mines Sheriff Lowry and a posse met the marchers and ordered them back to camp, the strikers reluctantly turning back sorely disappointed, but peaceful.

AN IMPORTANT LINE.

Denver and the Black Hills May Be Connected By the Burlington Road.

Denver, Col., Aug. 17.—A movement looking to the connection of Denver and the Black Hills region of South Dakota by railroad is now said to be in progress in Wyoming. The Burlington Railway company has placed a party of surveyors in the field to survey a route for a road between Newcastle and Lead City, S. D. This route, it is claimed in connection with the Cheyenne Northern line, which is liable to pass into the possession of the Burlington, when it is offered for sale, will practically open communication by rail between Denver and the great mining region of South Dakota. The work of the engineers at this time, when the sale of the Cheyenne Northern is approaching, is regarded as strong evidence that the long desired communication between the two mining centers will be consummated at an early date.

MANY PROMINENT SPEAKERS.

Who Will Talk at the Buffalo G. A. R. Encampment.

Buffalo, Aug. 17.—Gen. Curtiss, chairman of the committee having in charge the speeches to be made at the camp fires and reunions of the G. A. R. encampment, has received letters of acceptance from the following prominent men, who had been asked to speak:

President McKinley, Governor Black of New York, Secretary of War Alger, Governor Bradley of Kentucky, Governor Pingree of Michigan, Gen. Daniel Butterfield, of Cold Springs, N. Y.; Maj. Gen. O. O. Howard, Burlington, Vt.; Representatives Warren B. Hooker, Philip B. Low, Wallace T. Foote, Jr., James R. Howe and William Sulzer, of New York; ex-Governors George W. Peck, W. H. Upham and W. D. Hoard, of Wisconsin; A. T. Bliss, department commander G. A. R., department of Michigan; G. W. Aldridge, superintendent of public works; J. M. O'Grady, speaker of the assembly; J. Warren Kiefer, ex-speaker of the house of representatives; William E. Werner, justice of the supreme court, Rochester; Patrick J. Gleason, mayor of Long Island Cit; Gen. Horatio C. King, Brooklyn; Maj. Julius H. Stahl, New York; A. B. Colvin, state treasurer, Glens Falls; Col. William Lamb, and Rev. R. H. Bowling, Norfolk, Va., and Hon. F. Buckner, member of congress, Saginaw, Mich.

NATIONAL VETERANS' UNION.

Springfield, Ohio, Aug. 17.—The leading members of the national encampment of the National Veterans' union which opens here tomorrow began to gather here this morning. The first man on the ground was Gen. Harshbarger, of Louisville, Ky., who came in at 8:40, followed two hours later by National Commander Wood, of Worcester, Mass. The Eastern delegation, including the staff of the national commander, arrived on the early train while state and other delegations are expected tonight and tomorrow morning. The opening meeting will be held tomorrow at 9 a. m.

CONDITION OF SILVER.

English Newspaper Says India Has Demonetized It.

Londwon, Aug. 17.—The Wesminster Gazette this afternoon echoes the editorial of the London Times this morning on bimetallism, and says it sees no chance of the Indian mints being reopened to the coinage of silver, adding: "To fool any longer with President McKinley's commission is surely unnecessary. In declining to abide by the market value of silver as the standard of currency values India has taken a step toward demonetizing silver. Japan and Russia have adopted the gold standard and no one means to go back on it. Then, why not say so, and not be deterred by the threats of a possible Bryanite victory and dismiss the question finally?"

DAKOTA BLIZZARD

Wilmot, South Dakota, Has a Raging Snow Storm as a Novelty.

IT GOT VERY COLD

And Heating Stoves Were In Sudden Demand---Crops Were Damaged.

St. Paul, Aug. 17.—(Special to The Herald.)—A Wilmot, S. D., special to the Dispatch says: Much damage was done by the snow storm which started Saturday noon west of town in the hills. A terrific wind accompanied it, and by 5 p. m. fully two inches of the beautiful lay on the level, and all standing grain and garden stuff was more or less blown down.

This is the earliest snow storm here. The Indians say they have never seen snow in August before. The hills are six miles west of town, and as the wind was blowing from the west the temperature fell rapidly, and by sundown heating stoves were in full blast in Wilmot.

BALDWIN PROTESTS.

Calls Upon Civil Service Commission to Look Into the Matter.

Washington, Aug. 17.—(Special to The Herald.)—Maj. Baldwin has filed a protest with the civil service commission against his removal from the position of Chippewa commissioner. The protest is very lengthy and sets forth the facts that the removal was made for political reasons and no other, that such removal was in violation of the president's recent order that no removal shall be made excepting for causes other than politics.

The civil service commission has referred Maj. Baldwin's communication to the interior department for a report. It is customary to do this and no further action will be taken by the commission until the report has been received. Secretary Bliss is now out of the city and nothing will be done in his department until he returns to Washington, about Sept. 1.

Maj. Baldwin's protest will have the effect of bringing before the civil service commission the question as to whether the Chippewa commissioner is within the classified service. He claimed, when in Washington this spring, that he was assured that the position was in the classified service and went away satisfied that he was secure. If it should be decided that the position is a protected one it will be necessary for Secretary Bliss to request that Dar Hall be certified for re-instatement to his old position. Hall is eligible for re-instatement under the civil service rule No. 9, and he is therefore likely to remain Chippewa commissioner, although his term will not begin officially until after his certification for re-instatement.

EVADING THE DUTIES.

British Steamers Landing Alaskan Freight at the Wrong Port.

Washington, Aug. 17.—Word has reached the government authorities that British steamers are landing freight and passengers at Skagaway, Alaska, instead of at Dyea, in direct violation of the law. Dyea is the sub-port of entry, on the Lynn canal and Skagaway is six miles off. The matter will be investigated by this government.

The creation of the sub-port at Dyea several weeks ago was done at the request of the Canadian government to save passengers the annoyance of disembarking at Juneau and awaiting another steamer for Dyea. The request came from Canada about a month ago and the action of the administration in establishing the sub-port permitted the Canadian vessels to enter at Dyea and land passengers and baggage there.

MR. POLVIN'S UNIQUE PLAN.

Will Send His Employes to the Klondike Fields.

Plaistow, N. H., Aug. 17.—Mr. Polvin, a wealthy brick manufacturer, has formed a company of his employes to go to the Klondike. He will close his brick works while the party is gone. Mr. Polvin has been greatly interested in the newspaper reports of finds in the Klondike and stories of the lucky ones who returned tended to increase his interest. He proposed his plan to his employes and twenty-five of them eagerly accepted his proposition.

Each one of the party agreed to sign a contract, which is that Mr. Polvin shall pay all the expenses of the trip and furnish all the provisions for the party for one year. In consideration the members of the company agree to work in the gold fields one year and give Mr. Polvin one-half of their finds. After the year they are at liberty to shift for themselves.

COLONIAL DENIES IT.

New York, Aug. 17.—An official of the Colonial Trust company, of this city, authoritatively denies the report sent out from Washington that Comptroller of the Currency James H. Eckels, upon the expiration of his term as a federal officer, would replace R. P. Flower as president of the Colonial. It is said Mr. Eckels' name has been mentioned in connection with the presidency of the Metropolitan Trust company, of this city.

GEN. SWAIN DEAD.

Washington, Aug. 17.—David G. Swain, United States army, retired, judge advocate general, died here today aged 63, of Bright's disease.

LEARNED GATHERING

British Association For the Advancement of Science In Session.

MEETS AT TORONTO

Lord Kelvin, Sir Joseph Lister and Other Leading Lights Attend.

Toronto, Ont., Aug. 17.—The British Association for the Advancement of Science will meet in this city during this week, beginning tomorrow. This will be by far the most important assemblage of scientific men on the Western hemisphere in 1897. Only once before in its history has this learned body been convened on American soil. Over 1000 scientific men will attend the Toronto meeting. These will include the most illustrious names in British, American and European science. Sir John Evans, treasurer of the Royal society, of London, and well known for his archaeological researches, will preside, and among others who are to take a prominent part in the proceedings are: Lord Kelvin, Lord Lister, Lord Rayleigh, Professor Lodge, Sir Douglas Fox, Rt. Hon. Leonard Courtney, M. P., Professor Boyd Dawkins, Simon Newcomb, Professor Bonney, Professor Robert Austen, William Crooks, etc. Besides the British and Canadian ordinary members, the American association will conclude its Detroit meeting in time for its members to be in Toronto to join their British brethren, and special efforts have been made to induce the principal scientific men of continental Europe to join in the meeting. The various sections will meet in the extensive buildings of Toronto university. A public banquet will be given to Lord Lister, Lord Kelvin and Sir John Evans. All the local arrangements are in the hands of a committee, of which Professor A. B. Macallum, Ph.D., of Toronto university, is president. The entertainment of the delegates will be elaborate. The sum of £5700 for expenses has been guaranteed by the city and the Dominion and provincial governments.

Here are some data regarding the leading lights of the association who will be present: Lord Kelvin claims special mention as the prince of physicists. His present title was conferred in 1892; before that he was Sir William Thompson. Though a lord, he is no idler, but an indefatigable toiler in the domain of physics. He was born in Belfast, Ireland, 1824, and was educated at the universities of Glasgow and Cambridge. In 1846 he was appointed professor of natural philosophy in the university of Glasgow, where he still remains. He was president of the British Association for the Advancement



THE MEETING PLACE OF THE ASSOCIATION.

of Science in 1871 and the Royal society of London in 1891. It was in great part due to his skill in solving many intricate problems involved in marine telegraphy that trans-oceanic signaling became a success and for which he was knighted in 1866. The best known of his many inventions are his quadrant and portable electrometers, compensated compasses for iron ships and various types of mirror galvanometer, the siphon recorder, a machine for the analysis of tidal curves, and many commercial instruments for measuring electrical currents and potential differences.

Sir Joseph Lister was born at Upton, Essex, in 1827, was educated in London,



SIR JOSEPH LISTER.

where he received the degree of bachelor of medicine in 1852. Since 1877 he has been professor in King's college, London. The antiseptic treatment of wounds, now known everywhere as "listerizing," was invented by and named after him, and it has wrought a revolution in surgical practice. He first announced the theory of germ infection in 1869. He was knighted in 1883 and raised to the peerage in 1896. He has published several works on the germ theory and the antiseptic treatment.

Lord Rayleigh (Sir William Strutt) is a young man in comparison with those above named, having been born in 1842. He is distinguished as a mathematician and physicist. His great achievement was the discovery in the atmosphere of the element argon (so named because of its inertness), which was discovered by him and Professor Ramsey working together in 1894, and has the medal bestowed by the Smithsonian institution and several other awards.

Sir John Evans, who will preside at the meeting here, is a many-sided man, equally well known in business and in scientific circles, and withal a frequent incumbent of political office. He was born in 1823. Early in life he began the study of archaeology, geology and numismatics. He has for many years collected specimens of coins and antique weapons, implements and ornaments, with the result that he has one of the finest collections in Great Britain. He has published many works upon these subjects. He was president of the Geological society in 1875-6; of the Anthropological institute, 1878-9; of the Society of Antiquarians, 1885-91. He has been president of the Numismatic society since 1875. He has for many years conducted the business of paper making. He has been president of the Paper Makers' association. Among the public offices which he has filled, those of high sheriff of Hertfordshire and justice of the peace are the most important.

Arrangements have been made for extensive tours over the Canadian Pacific and Northern Pacific to the far West, but one of the most interesting sightseeing trips will be that to the falls of Niagara, where these men, who can unlock the secrets of rocks and leaves, will commune with nature in her most majestic mood.

MR. MANNIX'S RESOLVE.

San Diego, Cal., Aug. 17.—John B. Mannix, the alleged defaulting absconding assignee of the late Archbishop Purcell, of Cincinnati, is a resident and has been for several years of San Diego, where he practices law. Mr. Mannix says: "I don't attempt to mitigate my own part on the miserable affair. I turned everything, including my own property to indemnify the loss. I stayed there three years, then came back to San Diego, hoping to recover myself and possibly make good some of the losses."

BASEBALL YESTERDAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Baltimore—Baltimore, 14; Brooklyn, 5.
At Boston—Boston, 5; Washington, 2.
At Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 3; Louisville, 2.
At New York—New York, 7; Philadelphia, 2.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At St. Paul—St. Paul, 10; Columbus, 3.
At Kansas City—Kansas City, 11; Grand Rapids, 6.
At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 2; Indianapolis, 5.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Boston	89	65	.684
Baltimore	91	61	.670
Cincinnati	91	59	.648
New York	91	55	.604
Cleveland	94	50	.532
Chicago	98	47	.480
Pittsburg	94	43	.457
Louisville	98	43	.429
Philadelphia	96	42	.438
Brooklyn	93	38	.409
Washington	93	37	.398
St. Louis	98	26	.265

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Indianapolis	97	68	.701
Columbus	96	62	.646
Milwaukee	104	64	.615
St. Paul	104	64	.615
Detroit	101	51	.490
Minneapolis	104	33	.317
Kansas City	104	33	.317
Grand Rapids	99	31	.313

NO DESIRE FOR HOYT.

Los Angeles, Cal., Aug. 17.—R. A. Hoyt, who was released yesterday from a Tennessee penitentiary, where he served a term for forgery and immediately disappeared, is not wanted by the police of this city as has been stated. Hoyt swindled a Los Angeles hotelkeeper several years ago, served a year's imprisonment for the crime and left the state.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Duluth Drug company.



The Astronomy of Life.

When an astronomer foretells the exact minute at which two planets will cross each other, we know there is no magic about it. The whole universe is governed by laws. A man who studies these laws of nature carefully and reduces them to a science, can count on exact results every time.

A doctor knows that certain remedies affect certain diseases.

When a disease seems to have no remedy, the doctors pronounce it incurable. All the time Nature may have the remedy right at hand, but it will only be discovered by the doctor who has studied longer and deeper than others into this particular disease.

Consumption seemed for a long time without a remedy, until Dr. Pierce made his wonderful "Golden Medical Discovery" 30 years ago. It has proved to be a marvelous and almost unfailing specific for consumption and all forms of lung, bronchial and throat difficulties.

Its effects seem almost magical but its operation is based upon simple natural laws. It has the peculiar property of enabling the blood-making glands to manufacture healthy, red blood and pour it abundantly into the circulation. This nourishing, vitalizing effect is rapidly manifested in the lungs and bronchial tubes where it stops the wasting process and builds up healthy tissue.

It is readily assimilated by stomachs which are too weak to digest cod liver oil, and it is far superior to malt-extracts as a permanent and scientific flesh-builder in all wasting diseases.

"Twenty-five years ago eight different doctors told me that I would live but a short time, that I had consumption and must die," writes Geo. K. Coope, Esq., of Myers Valley, Pottawatomie Co., Kans. "I finally commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and am still on the land and among the living. I have faith to believe that it has lengthened my life for the last twenty-five years, and I have so much faith in all of your medicines that I want one of your 'Common Sense Medical Advisers.'"

Dr. Pierce's medicines are recognized as standard remedies throughout the world. His "Pleasant Pellets" cure constipation.

WILL IS GENUINE

Jury Decides at San Francisco That the Contested Davis Will Is O. K.

THE CREMATORY URN

Singular Discovery of the Will Disposing of the Davis Millions.

San Francisco, Aug. 17.—At midnight the jury in the Davis will contest returned a verdict finding that the disputed testamentary document was genuine. If the will is now admitted to probate by Judge Coffey, the estate, valued at over $1,000,000, will be divided between Mrs. Belle Curtis and her sister Lizzie Muir. Mrs. Curtis is the wife of ex-Assemblyman John Curtis. The case was stubbornly fought by relatives of Davis, who claimed that the will offered for probate was a forgery.

Jacob Z. Davis arrived here in early days, formed a co-partnership with Alexander Boyd, and by judicious investment of his money soon became a millionaire. When he died in the Continental hotel, in Philadelphia, last October, he was in the act of dictating a will disposing of his property. It was then believed that he died intestate. A search of his personal effects in this city resulted in the finding of two wills, leaving all of his property to his wife, but as she had died several weeks before him, the wills were not of any value.

Some four or five weeks after his death, a paper, purporting to be his will, was filed for probate in Judge Coffey's court. The will was brief and disposed of the vast estate in a few words. Mrs. Belle Curtis and Miss Lizzie Muir were named as legatees. A contest was at once begun by relatives of Davis, who live in the East. They claimed that the paper offered for probate was a forgery, and they asked in their petition that it be denied in probate.

The will was found in an urn, containing the ashes of Mrs. Davis. The contestants claimed that the paper had been slipped into the urn by the forgers and that it has been drawn several weeks after the death of Davis. The urn containing the ashes was brought in court and made an exhibit in the case.

When the verdict was announced, Attorney Heggarty at once moved that the will be not admitted to probate, notwithstanding the finding of the jury that the paper was genuine. He claimed that there was no evidence to prove that it has been legally executed. Judge Coffey said that he would listen to the argument today and pass on the question of admitting the will to probate. If he decides to admit and accept the disputed paper the estate will be divided between Mrs. Curtis and Miss Muir, as they are the only ones named in the paper that the jury declared is genuine.

STATE FUEL CONTRACTS.

Large Portion of Them Awarded to Duluth Bidder.

St. Paul, Aug. 17.—The state fuel commission yesterday afternoon let the contracts for supplying fuel to the various state institutions for the coming year as follows:

ST. PETER HOSPITAL.

Pennsylvania & Ohio Fuel company, St. Paul Youghiogheny coal, $3.57 per ton.

McCarthy & Newman, Chicago, anthracite, stove, $7.70 per ton.

McCarthy & Newman, Chicago, anthracite, stove, $7.70 per ton.

McCarthy & Newman, Chicago, anthracite, egg, $7.70 per ton.

ROCHESTER HOSPITAL.

Pennsylvania & Ohio Fuel company, St. Paul, Youghiogheny coal, $3.47 per ton.

McCarthy & Newman, Chicago, anthracite, small egg, $7.55 per ton.

McCarthy & Newman, Chicago, anthracite, stove, $7.55 per ton.

McCarthy & Newman, Chicago, anthracite, nut, $7.55 per ton.

FERUS FALLS HOSPITAL.

E. L. Fisher, Duluth, Hocking Valley, $4.20 per ton.

E. L. Fisher, Duluth, anthracite, stove, $8.06 per ton.

CAPITOL, ST. PAUL.

Northwestern Fuel company, St. Paul, Pocahontas coal, $3.25 per ton.

FAIRBAULT INSTITUTIONS.

Northwestern Fuel company, St. Paul, Youghiogheny coal, $3.22 per ton.

Ohio Coal company, St. Paul, anthracite egg, $7.70 per ton.

Ohio Coal company, St. Paul, anthracite nut, $7.70 per ton.

TRAINING SCHOOL, RED WING.

Ohio Coal company, St. Paul, Youghiogheny coal, $3.35 per ton.

REFORMATORY, ST. CLOUD.

E. L. Fisher, Duluth, Youghiogheny, $3.60 per ton.

E. L. Fisher, Duluth, anthracite egg, $7.60 per ton.

E. L. Fisher, Duluth, Cumberland, $4.50 per ton.

SOLDIERS' HOME, MINNEAPOLIS.

E. L. Fisher, Duluth, Youghiogheny, $3.10 per ton.

E. L. Fisher, Duluth, anthracite, stove, $7.05 per ton.

STATE PUBLIC SCHOOL, OWATONNA.

Ohio Coal company, St. Paul, Illinois Wilmington, $2.60 per ton.

McCarthy & Newman, Chicago, anthracite stove, $7.70 per ton.

DULUTH INVENTORS.

Washington, Aug. 17.—(Special to The Herald.)—Patents were today issued to residents of Duluth as follows: Frank Carlson, corset fastener; Charles E. Parker, trunk lock.

Don't stop to argue with a merchant who tries to make you take one thing when you want another. Go straight to a place where your order will be properly filled.

TANDEM PRICE CUT

To 50c per hour straight, of $1 per evening. Best tandems on earth, kept in perfect repair, seven in number. Come on, boys. All for sale, cheap.

DULUTH VAN COMPANY.

Pine lands tributary to Duluth wanted. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows block.

USE POND'S EXTRACT

Genuine absolutely Pure; contains no Wood Alcohol, as many substitutes do; can be used with

PERFECT SAFETY

INTERNALLY AND EXTERNALLY.

POND'S EXTRACT

Subdues all Inflammations, Controls all Hemorrhages, Relieves all Pain.

For Insect Bites, Sunburn, Chafing and Summer Complaints

IT IS UNEQUALED.

Beware of worthless imitations said to be "just as good."

POND'S EXTRACT CO., New York and London.

FIGHT AGAINST GOODNOW.

It Is to Be Transferred to Shanghai Now.

Washington, Aug. 17.—The latest news in connection with the Washburn-Goodnow fight is that efforts are being made to keep Mr. Goodnow from receiving his exequatur from the Chinese government.

A prominent Minnesota man, who was in Washington a day or two since, said that he knew that all of Senator Washburn's charges against Goodnow and the proceedings in his divorce case had been translated and sent to China ten days before Goodnow sailed. Washburn, it is said, is determined to ostracise Goodnow from all English society at Shanghai, but John anticipated all this and long before he left Washington a certified copy of all that took place before the senate committee on commerce, where Washburn made his fight, was filed at the Chinese embassy here and sent to Pekin.

It is also said that Goodnow secured additional testimonials from prominent men, including J. S. Clarkson, Senator Quay, C. A. Pillsbury, and others who have had commercial dealings with China. New York papers publish the reports from Tacoma to the effect that John Goodnow and Miss Elizabeth White, alias "Libbie Gordon," were in Tacoma last week together, and went to San Francisco on the same boat. Goodnow denied just before he sailed that he had again been married.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

By the starting up on full time yesterday of a number of Atlantic coast cotton mills, over 10,000 operatives were given steady employment.

At St. Therese, Que., a Canadian Pacific train from La Chute struck a carriage containing five persons at a crossing near the station yesterday morning. Two were killed and three badly injured.

Subaider Gurmukh Singh, according to a dispatch from Simla, has been shot dead by a Sepoy who ran amuck. Gurmukh was one of the finest native officers and was especially rewarded for his gallantry in the defense of Chitral.

Justice Stephen J. Field of the United States supreme court yesterday established a record for longest service on that bench. Until yesterday the service of Chief Justice John Marshall had been the longest in the history of the court, covering thirty-four years. With yesterday Justice Field's service exceeds that of Marshall. He was appointed in 1862 by President Lincoln and is now in his 31st year.

At Washington Archbishop Keane, who is there from Rome, paid a visit yesterday to the Roman Catholic university with which he was so long identified as rector. He was most cordially welcomed by the faculty and those students remaining through the recess. The archbishop says that his visit to America is in pursuance of a purpose expressed before going to Rome, to come to this country each year.

The fact that hog cholera is curable has again been demonstrated on the farm of the Dubuque Fruit and Produce company, near Dubuque, Iowa, where under the direction of Division Freight Agent Clemens of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad fifty-four cases out of sixty-two sick hogs were treated and saved.

Commercial travelers in the territory west of Chicago are likely to soon secure a long fought for concession from the Western roads in the form of a 1000-mile interchangeable ticket, good over twenty-eight different railroad systems.

In a quarrel between deputies at Camp Isolation yesterday afternoon, near Flatburg, Deputy Sheriff Carr was fatally shot by Capt. Anderson. Anderson fled after the shooting and is still at liberty.

At Buffalo Kid McPartland knocked out Tom McCune, of Columbus, Ohio, before the Olympic Athletic club last night after one minute of hard fighting.

Senator Hansbrough of North Dakota and Miss Berri Chapman, of Washington, D. C., were married yesterday afternoon at Hotel Burlington in New York city. After the ceremony the twenty-five guests were entertained at an informal luncheon served in the hotel. The senator and wife will remain in or near New York until Nov. 1, after which time they will be at home in Washington.

ECKELS' NEW JOB.

His Salary as President Will Be $15,000 Yearly.

Washington, Aug. 17.—Comptroller James H. Eckels will soon take up the duties of the presidency of the recently formed Colonial Trust company, of which Roswell P. Flower is the acting president. Mr. Eckels has had an offer of the presidency of a Chicago bank under consideration for some time. He has finally accepted the New York offer and will relieve Mr. Flower early in the fall immediately after he has finished his annual report as comptroller of the treasury. Mr. Eckels' salary in New York will be $15,000 per year.

Charles G. Dawes, of Evanston, Ill., a member of the Republican executive committee of that state, and a close personal friend of President McKinley, will succeed Mr. Eckels as comptroller of the currency.

BURNED BY THE X-RAYS.

Denver, Colo., Aug. 17.—Charles F. Lacombe, president of the Mountain Electric company of this city, has seriously burned both his hands while experimenting with X-rays and is confined to his home undergoing all the tortures atendant on burns of this nature. Physicians are almost constantly in attendance and everything possible is being done to relieve his suffering. Ten days elapsed after the application of the rays before Mr. Lacombe felt any ill effects therefrom.

HORSELESS CARRIAGE FACTORY.

Dayton, Ohio, Aug. 17.—The most prominent manufacturers and capitalists of this city are considering a proposition to start in this city a manufactory of horseless carriages under Chicago patents, electricity to be the motive power. A committee is going to Chicago to investigate. The company will be largely capitalized.

SEEKING OFFICES

Civil Service Commission Is Overwhelmed With Examination Papers.

EDUCATION'S MARCH

Commissioner Harris Hands In His Report on the Country's Progress.

Washington, Aug. 17.—The civil service commission is overwhelmed with papers of examinations for government offices and the corps of examiners is working overtime to dispose of the constant accumulation. So far, during this administration, more people have been examined by the commission throughout the country than in any previous year, largely the result of anticipated changes in the rules because of the change of administration.

Over 14,700 papers are now on file pending action covering all kinds of examinations. Probably 4000 of these are for position in six offices. About 3500 were filed by candidates for the customs service and 1500 for the international revenue service, while 5000 of the papers belong to the last spring examinations conducted by the commissions.

In addition to these examinations have just been held in fifty-three of the largest postoffices in the country, which are expected to increase the number of cases by no less than 5000. Chief Examiner Sovern says all this immense increase has been developed without material increase in the clerical force of the commission except for temporary details. Since March this has been almost treble the amount of the size of business as compared with similar periods in the past.

PROGRESS OF EDUCATION.

Interesting Report Just Completed By Commissioner Harris.

Washington, Aug. 17.—The report of the United States commissioner of education, Dr. William T. Harris, for the year ended July 1, 1896, has just been completed. It brings the educational progress of the country up to that date and embraces the latest statistics the bureau has gathered. The report shows a total enrollment in that year in schools and colleges, both public and private, of 15,997,197 pupils. This was an increase of 308,755. The number in public institutions was 14,465,371, and in private institutions 1,531,825.

In addition to all these there were 418,000 pupils in the various special schools and institutions, including business colleges, music conservatories, Indian and reform schools, making the grand total enrollment for the whole country 16,415,197.

The report says the 178 schools for secondary and higher education of the colored race had slightly over 40,000 students enrolled, an increase of over 3000 for the year. Then schools are increased by sixteen in number, mostly high schools. There were 25,092 pupils in the elementary grades, 13,562 in the secondary grades, and 1455 in the collegiate departments. There were 4672 college students studying for teachers. Industrial training is a prominent feature in nearly all of these schools.

GOVERNMENT STEAMER SOLD.

Seattle, Wash., Aug. 17.—The United States coast and geodetic survey steamer Hassler has been sold at Port Orchard to H. L. McGuire, of Portland, Ore., for $15,500.

SERVE AN INJUNCTION ON DISEASE

By invigorating feeble constitution, renovating a debilitated physique, and enriching a thin and innutritious circulation with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the tonic of tonics most highly sanctioned, and the most popular vegetable and preventive in existence. It strengthens the stomach, remedies torpor of the liver and bowels, and gives a healthful impulse to the secreting and discharging functions of the kidneys and bladder. Not only does it arrest and prevent the recurrence of malarial fevers, but it furnishes the only adequate safeguard against them to persons who have never been afflicted with those maladies, but would be liable to intense them if medicinally unprotected. It eliminates from the blood certain impurities which the most skillful pathologists assign as the exciting cause or cause of rheumatic complaints, rheumatism and gout, and it is, moreover, an excellent remedy for an enfeebled and overwrought state of the nerves, and for mental despondency.

HALF FARE EXCURSIONS.

The Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad will run homeseekers' excursions on Aug. 3 and 17, Sept. 7 and 21, Oct. 5 and 19, to points north, south and west, at the rate of one fare, plus $2, for the round trip. Tickets good twenty-one days from date of sale. For full particulars write any agent of the Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad or

A. B. CUTTS,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent,
Minneapolis, Minn.

Grand Army Encampment.

BUFFALO AND RETURN.

Via Chicago, $18.50.
Via Milwaukee, $16.00.
Aug. 21-22. "Omaha" road.
Tickets, 405 West Superior street.

There is



No Word so Full of meaning and about which such tender recollections cluster as that of "Mother," yet there are months when her life is filled with pain, dread and suffering, and she looks forward to the final hour with gloomy forebodings, fear and trembling.

"Mother's Friend"

prepares the system for the change taking place, assists Nature to make child-birth easy, and leaves her in a condition more favorable to speedy recovery. It greatly diminishes the danger to life of both mother and child.

Sent by Mail, on receipt of price, $1.00. Book to "Expectant Mothers" free upon application.
The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

1/2 THE { Labor Time Cost

SAVED BY

GOLD DUST WASHING POWDER



What More Can be Asked?

Only this; ask your grocer for it, and insist on trying it. Largest package—greatest economy.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia.

DO YOU KNOW THAT THERE IS SCIENCE IN NEATNESS?
BE WISE AND USE

SAPOLIO

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage which was duly executed and delivered by Nels Hall, (unmarried), and Andrew Weden and Ingre Weden, his wife, mortgagors, to A. H. Porter and T. S. Childs, trustees, mortgagees, bearing date February first (1st), 1892, and which was duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on February twenty-seventh (27th), 1892, at eight (8) o'clock a. m., in Book one hundred one (101) of mortgages, on pages two hundred sixty-five (265), two hundred sixty-six (266), and two hundred sixty-seven (267) and such default consisting in the non-payment of the principal sum of twelve thousand ($12,000) dollars, secured by said mortgage, and the note therein described together with interest thereon at the rate of seven per cent per annum from January 1st, 1897, and exchange, all of which is now due and no part has ever been paid;

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of twelve thousand four hundred sixty-three and 71-100 ($12,463.71) dollars, principal, interest and exchange;

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, to-wit: All those tracts or parcels of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All of lot numbered twenty (20), West First street, Duluth Proper, First Division, according to the recorded plat thereof on file of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for the said St. Louis County; also a strip of land one (1) foot and eighty-five one-hundredths (85-100) in width along the westerly side of lot numbered eighteen (18), West First street, Duluth Proper, First Division, according to the said plat thereof; the two said above described tracts or parcels of land forming one rectangular tract, fronting fifty-one (51) feet on First street by one hundred forty (140) feet deep to an alley; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the twenty-seventh (27th) day of August, A. D. 1897, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and two hundred dollars attorney's fee, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 12th, 1897.

A. H. PORTER and T. S. CHILDS, Trustees,
Mortgagees.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Mortgagees.
Duluth Evening Herald, July-13-20-27-Aug-3-10-17.

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN

the payment of the sum of $435.80 due on the lots three and five hereinafter mentioned, and also in the sum of $435.80 due on the lots eighty-three and eighty-five hereinafter mentioned, and also in the payment of the sum of $290.53, due on the lots two hundred eighty-eight and two hundred ninety hereinafter mentioned said sums being severally claimed to be due, and being actually due, at the date of this notice on the said lots in the proportions hereinbefore specified, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered to Thomas B. Hizar, of Duluth, to Melvin R. Baldwin and Sewall M. Chandler, bearing date the 12th day of July, A. D. 1890, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 22nd day of July, A. D. 1890, at 8 o'clock a. m. in Book 25 of mortgages, on page 528, which said mortgage was by indenture in writing dated June 23rd, 1890, assigned by said Melvin R. Baldwin and Sewall M. Chandler to the People's Savings Bank of Duluth, Minn., and said deed of assignment was thereafter on the said 23rd day of Aug. 1890, at 3:10 p. m. recorded in the register of deeds' office in and for said St. Louis County, and said People's Savings Bank having by deed in writing dated Feb. 27th, 1897, duly assigned all its property to the undersigned, Ernst A. Schulze, for the benefit of its creditors, and said deed of assignment being that day filed in the office of the clerk of the district court in and for St. Louis County, and a duly certified copy thereof recorded March 24th, 1897, at 9:15 a. m., in Book K of miscellaneous records, page 368, of the said register of deeds of said St. Louis County, and the undersigned having duly accepted said trust and duly qualified as such assignee, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: Lots three (3) and five (5), Minnesota avenue, Upper Duluth; lots number eighty-three (83) and eighty-five (85), Minnesota avenue, Lower Duluth; lots two hundred eighty-eight (288) and two hundred ninety (290), Lake avenue, Lower Duluth, according to the recorded plats thereof of record in the register of deeds' office of St. Louis County, Minnesota, all of said lots lying and being in St. Louis County, and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest buder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 25th day of August, A. D. 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 12th, A. D. 1897.

ERNST A. SCHULZ, as Assignee of People's Savings Bank of Duluth, Minn.

S. D. ALLEN,
Attorney for Assignee,
304 Lonsdale Building,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, July-13-20-27-Aug-3-10-17.

NOTICE OF BIDS.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Indian service, La Pointe Indian agency, Ashland, Wis., August 6, 1897.

Sealed proposals (in triplicate) will be received at this office until twelve o'clock noon, central time, September 6th, 1897, to be then and there opened in the presence of bidders, for the purchase of all the merchantable timber, standing or fallen, upon the Red Cliff reservation, situated in the county of Bayfield, three and one-half miles northwest of the city of Bayfield, on Lake Superior, Wisconsin, Including 7,500,000 feet now banked in Red Cliff bay, on the above described reservation, about 100,000,000 feet more or less. The kind of timber approximately estimated, includes about 60,000,000 white pine, 5,000,000 Norway, 25,000,000 hemlock, 5,000,000 cedar, 4,000,000 spruce, and 3,000,000 feet divided between oak, ash, birch, maple and basswood.

The above estimates are only approximate, and bidders are expected to ascertain for themselves the amount and quality of each class of timber, before submitting proposals. Bids should be made for so much per thousand feet standing for each kind of timber, which would include all merchantable, standing, dead or down, burnt or green; or merchantable standing of each kind, so much per thousand feet, merchantable dead or down; so much merchantable burnt, or green and fallen, so much per thousand, or bids may include both methods.

Bids upon the timber now banked will be so much per thousand feet for white pine, and so much for Norway. The Norway banked comprises one-half of one per cent of the 7,500,000 feet.

The following requirements must be considered in submitting proposals for the purchase of the above described timber: A mill must be built upon the reservation, and all the timber, including that now banked must be sawed into lumber at the mill. Not less than 30,000,000 feet nor more than 20,000,000 feet of timber to be cut and banked each year and until all the timber is cut and sold. No one except the successful bidder will be allowed to make contracts with the different allottees for the sale of their timber.

Fifty dollars ($50.00) will be paid by the contractor to the allottee on the approval of his contract by the honorable commissioner of Indian affairs, and five per cent of the estimated value of the timber on his allotment, on July 1st of each year till cut. These payments to be charged against the timber and deducted when timber is cut and paid for. A general form of contract with individual allottees, similar to that now being used by the Stearns Lumber Company on the Bad River reservation, will be used, a copy of which can be obtained on application to this office. Payment will be required for timber now banked on the reservation, when contract is awarded and property delivered.

The contractor will be required to give bond in penalty of $50,000.00 lawful money of the United States, running to the United States, and conditioned for the faithful observance of all laws of the United States now in force or that may hereafter be enacted, relative to trade and intercourse with Indian tribes, and regulations prescribed thereunder, and for the faithful performance of all his obligations under any contracts or contracts which he may enter into with the Indians under these regulations, as well as the faithful obligation of the same.

The contractor shall employ Indians in the cutting, moving and manufacture of the timber when practicable, on the same terms as other laborers. Indians to have the preference over white men. The method of appointing scalers, the mode of payment of the same, and minor details of this nature, can be obtained on application to this office.

A certified check for $10,000.00 will be required with each proposal, as guarantee for the faithful execution of the contract if bid is accepted.

The government reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Sealed proposals should be addressed to the undersigned, and marked "proposals for purchase of Red Cliff timber."

(Signed.) G. L. SCOTT,
Captain 6th Cavalry,
Acting Indian Agent.
Duluth Evening Herald, Aug 9 to Sept 6 inc. 25 t.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

George B. Orr,
Plaintiff,
vs.
William G. Joerns, John Jenswold, Jr., Lena Jenswold, his wife, the Marine National Bank of Duluth, William E. Lucas, as receiver of the Marine National Bank of Duluth, the Lakeside Land Company, and the German Savings Bank,
Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that, under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 12th day of July, 1897, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, sheriff of said St. Louis County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Thursday, the 26th day of August, 1897, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All those tracts or parcels of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lots one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4), five (5), six (6), seven (7), eight (8), nine (9) and eleven (11), in block ten (10); lots seventeen (17), eighteen (18), nineteen (19), twenty (20), twenty-one (21), twenty-two (22), twenty-three (23), twenty-four (24) and fractional lots twenty-five (25) and twenty-six (26), in block eleven (11); and lots one (1), two (2), three (3), fourteen (14), fifteen (15), sixteen (16), seventeen (17) and eighteen (18), in block twenty-two (22), all in Duluth Heights, First Division, St. Louis County, Minnesota, according to the official plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said St. Louis County.

Dated July 12, 1897.

WM. C. SARGENT,
Sheriff of St. Louis County, Minn.,
By V. A. DASH,
Deputy.

SCOTT REX,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Duluth Evening Herald, July-13-20-27-Aug-3-10-17.

DECLINE IN WHEAT

Weakness of the Liverpool Cables the Principal Cause of the Drop.

TRADING WAS DULL

More Reports That the Outlook For Spring Wheat Is Discouraging.

A much easier tone prevailed at the opening of the wheat market today and prices started lower. The paramount reason for the decline was the weakness of the Liverpool cables, which showed but a ½@⅝d advance at the opening and later advices showed nearly all of even this meager advance lost. The weather map was also more favorable. New York, however, acted strong enough to cause some reaction here. The Northwest receipts were 320 cars against 469 last week. Chicago receipts were 432 cars, 398 of this number being new wheat.

The export clearances of wheat and flour from American ports were equal to 876,000 bus, 737,000 bus of which was in the shape of wheat. The primary market receipts were 876,000 bus against 737,000 bus the similar day of last year. Bradstreet's reported an increase of 750,000 bus in the world's visible, compared with a decrease of 516,000 bus the year before. The market had been holding very steady until the receipt of the last named information, but became weak immediately after and declined. New business from outside was small at Chicago and what there was of it was chiefly for December delivery. Trading in September there was generally in the way of settling up of the standing contracts. Reports from the Northwest were in the main corroborative of what has been coming to hand for several days regarding the discouraging prospects for spring wheat as it now stands, without reference to what may be the result of a frost any time in the next two weeks. Seaboard advices were in continuance of what has been their regular drift for some time concerning the excellent demand from exporters.

Trading was dull on the Duluth board. September wheat opened ⅜c lower at 85⅜c, advanced ¼c and ruled quiet until after noon when it sold down to 84¾c and later dropped to 84c. The close was at 84⅛c, a decline of 1⅝c for the day. The mills bought two cars of cash stuff at 6c over September and the elevators took 10,000 bus at the same premium. Following were the closing prices;

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 90c bid. No. 1 northern, cash, 90c bid; September, 84⅛c; December, 81⅞c; new, 84¾c. No. 2 northern, 84c. No. 3, 78c. Rejected, 63½@71½c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 90c; No. 1 northern, 90c. Rye, 46c. No. 2 oats, 20½c; No. 3 oats, 20c. Flax, $1.05.

Car inspection—Wheat, 212; corn, 43; oats, 33; rye, 14; barley, 20; flax, 5. Receipts—Wheat, 36,571 bus; corn, 4984 bus; oats, 31,718 bus; rye, 5008 bus; barley, 8897 bus; flax, 6636 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 14,727 bus; oats, 1262 bus; flax, 49,000 bus.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Aug. 17.—Money on call nominal at 1¼@2 per cent. Prie mercantile paper 3½@4¼ per cent. Sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.85½@4.85¾ for demand and $4.83¼@4.83½ for sixty days. Posted rates $4.84@4.86 and $4.86½@4.87. Commercial bills $4.82½. Silver certificates, 55@55½c. Bar silver, 54⅜c. Mexican dollars, 41⅝c. Government bonds steady. New 4s registered, $1.25; coupon, $1.24⅞; 5s registered, $1.13¼; 4s registered, $1.17⅛; coupon, $1.12; 2s registered, 97½; Pacific 6s of '98, $1.02.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, Aug. 17.—Closing, wheat, spot firm; futures quiet ¼@⅜d lower. September, 6s 11⅜d; October, 6s 10⅜d; December, 6s 10⅛d. Corn, spot firm; futures easy, ¼d higher to ½d lower. August, 3s ¾d; September, 3s ¾d; October, 3s 1⅞d; December, 3s 3¼d.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, Aug. 17.—Wheat weak and lower; close, August, 90¼c; September, 81c; December, 89¾@⅞c. On track—No. 1 hard, 92c; No. 1 northern, 91c; No. 2 northern, 86@89c. Receipts, 110 cars.

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, Aug. 17.—Estimated receipts hogs today, 18,000; left over, 2000. Light hogs holding strong, others shade lower. Light, $3.85@4.15; mixed, $3.75@4.05; heavy, $3.60@4.02½; rough, $3.60@3.70. Cattle, receipts, 3500. Steady. Beeves, $3.75@5.20; cows and heifers, $1.90@4.40; Texas steers, $2.85@4.10; Westerns, $4.15@5.25; stockers and feeders, $3.15@3.25. Sheep market steady. Native sheep, $2.50@4.00; Westerns, $3.10@3.90; lambs, $3.50@5.50. Yesterday's official: Hogs, receipts, 31,708; shipments, 10,537. Cattle, receipts, 22,131; shipments, 5514. Sheep, receipts, 20,373; shipments, 1565. Estimated receipts hogs tomorrow, 27,000.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Aug. 17.—The public does not seem to take kindly to 85c wheat and is keeping out of the market. Lack of outside buying left the market in the hands of professionals who sold it off to a close 1¾c under yesterday. Liverpool cables came fractionally lower. There was some inclination to buy early on the rather unfavorable reports that continue to come from the Northwest wheat fields, but a slow liquidation set in and the steady stream of small offerings was more than ample for the limited demand. Clearances were again very large, a moderate export business was done at the seaboard and 210,000 bus taken here for Eastern shipment but the edge seems to be taken off the cash market and shipping houses find it difficult to effect new business. The small arrivals of new spring wheat also meet with a rather chilly reception and bring reduced prices. Tomorrow we shall have Paris markets again which may change the situation.

Corn was weak and local holders realized freely. There is nothing to keep corn from selling down 3 or 4 cents except the fear of a possible frost.

Provisions active at a higher range. The buying was of an excellent character.

Puts, September wheat, 82¼@81⅞c.
Calls, September wheat, 86¼@85⅝c.
Curb, September wheat, 83⅞@84c.
Puts, September corn, 27⅞@28c.
Calls, September corn, 28½@28⅝c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky	......	......	......	......
Atchison preferred.	32⅛	32¼	31⅛	31¼
Sugar	148⅝	148¾	147¼	147⅜
Canada Southern	55	55½	54¼	54¼
C., B. & Q.	97½	98½	96⅝	96⅝
St. Paul	93⅞	94½	93⅜	93½
Chicago Gas	102¾	102⅞	101⅝	102
D., L. & W.	......	......	......	......
General Electric	36⅝	36⅝	35¾	35⅞
Omaha	68¼	68½	67⅝	67⅝
Reading	26¼	26¼	25⅛	25⅛
L. & N.	60½	60⅝	59⅝	59⅝
Manhattan	104½	104⅞	104¼	104⅛
Missouri Pacific	29¾	31	29½	29½
Tobacco	93¼	93¼	91¼	92
C. & N. W.	119⅝	120	119¼	119¼
N. P. preferred	50⅝	50½	49⅜	49⅜
Rock Island	85½	86	84¾	84¾
Union Pacific	12⅝	12¾	12	12⅛
Western Union	92	92⅛	91¼	91¼
Leather	66¾	67⅜	66¼	66¼
Lake Shore	......	......	......	......

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, Aug. 17.—Close, wheat, August, 86¼c; September, 83⅝@¾c; December, 82⅝c; old, 81¼c; May, 85c. Corn, August, 27¾c; September, 28¼c; December, 29⅜@½c; May, 32¼c. Oats, August, 17½c; September, 17⅜c; December, 18⅜c; May, 21@⅛c. Pork, August, $8.17; September, $8.17@8.20; October, $8.17; December, $8.22. Lard, August, $4.47; September, $4.47; October, $4.50@4.52; December, $4.57. Ribs, August, $4.92@4.95; September, $4.92@4.95; October, $4.97. Cash, wheat, No. 2 red, 85@88c; No. 3 red, 83@85c; No. 2 spring, 85@86c; No. 3 spring, 78@83c; No. 2 hard winter, 84@86c. Corn, No. 2, 27¾c; No. 3, 27@¼c. Oats, No. 2, 17¾c; No. 3, 16@19c. Cash barley, No. 3, 25½@40c; cash, rye, 45½c; September, 45½c; December, 46½c. Flax, cash, $1.02½; cash, Northwest, $1.03½; September, $1.02½; December, $1.04. Timothy, cash, $2.75; August, $2.70; September, $2.70.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Aug. 17.—Close, wheat, August, 92c; September, 90c; October, 89⅛c; December, 88⅞c. Corn, September, 32⅞. Oats, September, 22⅞c.

NEWS OF THE LAKES.

No Decline In Ore Freights Secured By the Escanaba Shippers.

Cleveland, Aug. 17.—(Special to The Herald.)—The drop in Chicago grain freights did not result in Escanaba ore shippers getting any 40-cent tonnage today, but they claim they are comfortable and will not be required to pay an advance until grain begins to move more freely.

COAL CHARTERS.

Buffalo, Aug. 17.—(Special to The Herald.)—Coal charters moderately active, with most of the fleet bringing down grain obliged to go back light. Charters: Paris, Lyon, Mingoe, to Duluth, at 20 cents.

PASSED PORT HURON.

Port Huron, Mich., Aug. 17.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: The two Wallaces, midnight; Panther and consort, 12:30 a. m.; Centurion, 1:40; Tampa, 2; Corona, 2:20; Gilbert, 3:20; Nyanza, 6; Iroquois, 7:40; Vulcan, 8:50; Wade, 9.

Down yesterday: North Land, Harper, Tyrone, 12:40 p. m.; John Mitchell and consorts, 1; Carnegie, 2:30; Japan, 3; Nipigon and consorts, 4; William Chisholm, 5; Gratwick (wood), 6:20; John Duncan, 9.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Aug. 17.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Lagonda, 8 last night; Roumania, Barnum, 9:30; Tuttle, 10; schooner Minch, 11:40; Rhodes, Brown and whaleback, Venezuela, 2 a. m.; Curry, 3; Cormorant, Maruba, Manda, 4; Linden, 4:40; Fulton, Holley, 7; Pratt, Ash, 10:30. Down: Pioneer, 2:30 a. m.; McWilliams, 3; Wawatam, 5; Rockefeller and whaleback, 5:30; Maricopa, Martha, 6; Frontenac, 7.

Later—Up: Athabasca, noon; Cherokee, Chippewa, City of Bangor, 1:40 p. m. Down: Joliet, 11 a. m.; Moran, noon; Ketchum, Becker, 12:30 p. m.; Continental, Holland, 1; Bulgaria, Amazon, 1:30.

Up yesterday: Waldo, 2:20 p. m.; North Wind, Queen City, 3. Down: Yakima, Yukon, Victory, Constitution, 6 p. m.; Niagara, 8:20.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 17.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Andaste, Northern Queen, 7:40 last night; Pope, 11; Lansing, midnight; La Salle, G. King and consorts, 12:30; Hopkins and consorts, 6:30; Rappahannock, Law, 7.

Up yesterday: Cumberland and consort, 7:30 p. m.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Erie—Cleared: Ericsson, Sonsmith, Duluth.

Buffalo—Cleared: Savona, Pasadena, Mohegan, Saveland, Curry, Duluth.

Cleveland—Cleared: Peshtigo, Emory Owen, Michigan, Duluth.

Two Harbors—Cleared: Spencer, Specular, Magnetic, Cleveland; Pennington, Lorain.

Ashland—Arrived: Eddy. Cleared: The two Parkers.

Bayfield—Arrived: Shrigley, Johnson, Jenness.

CORN CHARTER MADE.

For the first time in several years a full cargo of corn has been chartered to go from Duluth to Buffalo by the lakes. Quite frequently boats have taken part cargoes of corn, a deck load or a "jag lot," but it has been a long time since a full load of corn has gone from Duluth. The charter was made yesterday, and as usual with charters made at this port the name of the vessel is withheld. The rate was 1¾ cents, and the cargo will comprise about 100,000 bushels. The lake shipments of corn are mostly handled through Chicago, but during the past few weeks the receipts of corn at the head of the lakes have been larger than they have been in some time, and it is said that the rush will continue till later in the season. The rate paid for this cargo is an eighth of a cent better than that paid at Chicago, where the rate went off yesterday to 1¼ cents. There have been no considerable corn shipments from this port before since 1880, when a large amount of the grain was shipped.

STRUCK ON RACINE REEF.

Milwaukee, Aug. 17.—Yesterday morning the steel steamer Mariska, owned by the Minnesota Steamship company, and bound from South Chicago to Two Harbors for ore, dropped her consort barge at the anchorage behind the breakwater and came inside. She had struck on Racine reef while hugging the west shore for smooth water, and her captain made the stop at this port to ascertain the extent of the damage sustained. Capt. C. M. Davis, wrecking master for David Vance & Co., spent the forenoon in conducting an examination. He found that the Mariska had sustained no perceptible damage, and she was accordingly permitted to proceed on her voyage.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Bielman, Stone, Ranney, Rhodes, Black Rock, Arizona, Plymouth, Scotia, Lake Erie, coal; North West, Buffalo, passengers; City of Duluth, Chicago, passengers and merchandise; Trevor, 133, 131, Siemens, Krupp, Bessemer, Nasmyth, Republic, Lake Erie, light for ore; Dixon, Port Arthur, passengers and fish.

Departed—Mather, Stephenson, Jenney, Russell, Cort, Lake Erie, ore; China, Buffalo, passengers and our; Codorus, Colorado, Buffalo, flour; Gresham, revenue cutter; City of Venice, Cranage, Ashland, light; North West, Buffalo, passengers.

Awards Them Judgment.

Judge Ensign yesterday afternoon filed decisions in the cases of Campbell & Doran against Samuel Loeb and Samuel Loeb against Campbell & Doran. Both cases are similar, and in each the plaintiff wins. In the first suit the plaintiffs alleged that the defendant had a building on lot 35 West Superior street, and that it encroached three feet on their lot. They demanded rent to the amount of $563.20. In the second case Loeb claimed that the defendants encroached 1 8-100 feet on his lot 33 West Superior street, and he demands $206.04 for rent. Judge Ensign awards each judgment for the amount asked.

AT WEST DULUTH

Sawmill Workers' Protective Union to Have an Important Meeting Tomorrow.

TO ELECT OFFICERS

J. W. Nelson's Cottage at Spirit Lake Was Burned Last Evening.

Tomorrow night the Sawmill Workers' Protective union will meet in Odd Fellows hall, where all meetings of the union will be held in future. Much important business is to be transacted, and all members and candidates for initiation are urgently requested to be present promptly at 7:30 o'clock. Officers for the ensuing year are to be elected, and final arrangements for the celebration of Labor day will be made. It is proposed that the union give a ball in Great Eastern hall Labor day evening, the proceeds from which will go into the treasury of the Trades and Labor assembly.

The large majority of the sawmill workers are now members of the union, and special efforts are now being made to induce the few who still remain outside the organization to join. No employe of a sawmill in Duluth is barred, an initiation fee of $1 is charged, and dues of 15 cents a month for seven months, beginning May 1 and ending Nov. 1, are collected. The union expects to make a large and creditable showing in the Labor day parade.

J. W. NELSON'S COTTAGE BURNED.

A small four-room cottage, belonging to ex-Alderman John W. Nelson was burned at Spirit Lake last night. The fire broke out in the kitchen, about 7 o'clock, and in an incredibly short time the structure was entirely destroyed. It was insured for $100 in the Mechanics Fire Insurance company, of New York. The house cost $300. There was no insurance on the goods.

PAID OFF THE DEBT.

Dr. Robert Forbes returned yesterday from Claremont, Dodge county, where he dedicated a new Methodist church Sunday. The church was built at a cost of $2500, and on the day of its dedication it owed a debt of $800, the last cent of which was pledged during the dedicatory exercises. Dr. Forbes says that the people of Dodge county are in a very prosperous condition, that crops are looking fine, and that there appears to be plenty of money in circulation.

SUNDAY SCHOOL REHEARSAL.

Thursday afternoon at 5 o'clock the Sunday schools of West Duluth will meet at Westminster Presbyterian church for another rehearsal of the part they will take in the Junior rally at the state convention of the W. C. T. U. in Duluth next week. The little ones are becoming very proficient in their drill, and will make a creditable showing, both in point of efficiency and numbers.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

M. Jacoby left this afternoon for a short tour through the South. He will visit the exposition at Nashville before returning home.

The W. C. T. U. will give a dime social tomorrow night at the residence of Mrs. B. H. Smith, corner of Fifty-third avenue west and Main street.

Thomas Wright, William McKnight and D. B. McDonald left his afternoon for Edmonton, where they will locate for the winter.

A dance is to be given in Stevens' hall, corner of Raleigh street and Central avenue Saturday night.

Mrs. William Ward returned yesterday from Seattle, where she has been on a visit to her sister.

OLD PEOPLE.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whisky nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old people find it just exactly what they need. Price 50 cents and $1.00 per bottle, at Duluth Drug company's drug store.

CHARGED WITH FORGERY.

J. C. Russell, residing near Burnet and employed by the Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railway company on the section near that place, was arrested yesterday afternoon by Court Officer Marshall on a warrant charging him with forgery, which was issued at the instance of Cashier Dight of the First National bank. The offense was committed, it is alleged, at Butte, Mont., on June 24, 1895. Russell, it is claimed, having cashed a $100 check purporting to have been drawn by Scott & Holston. The check was sent to the bank here, which took care of it. Some time afterward Scott & Holston discovered the check among a number of vouchers returned to them, and denounced it as a forgery.

Russell was recognized yesterday afternoon at the general offices of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railroad company when he called to get his check. It was known that he was wanted by the bank, and Russell was put off until 4 o'clock and Mr. Dight was notified. The latter swore out a warrant and the arrest was made when Russell called at the appointed hour. He waived preliminary examination before Judge Edson this morning and was held to the grand jury in bail of $1000, in default of whic he was committed to jail.

Russell is very philosophical about the matter. He said he was caught and was ready to take his medicine. He volunteered the information that there are other matters on which similar charges against him may be based. Russell has been living in the East since the time when, it is alleged, he perpetrated the Butte forgery and was married recently. He had returned to Minnesota, he said, in order to be near his parents.

Itasca Logging Road.

J. P. Sims, president of the Itasca Logging company, is in the city. He says that the grading on the extension of his logging railroad to Smith is about completed and that the rails will be put down as speedily as possible. Mr. Sims looks for extensive logging operations in Itasca county during the coming season.

ONE CENT A WORD.

TRAINED NURSE.

IF YOU WANT A TRAINED NURSE, leave your order at Boyce's drug store.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

TWELVE DOLLARS A WEEK FOR A lady who is enterprising and willing to work. Apply between 3 and 5 p. m. at 309 Burrows' block.

WANTED—GIRL FOR SMALL FAMILY. 630 West Second.

GIRLS FOR DAKOTA; GOOD PLACES in country and city; $5 per week. Duluth Employment company, 503 West Michigan street, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR cooking and general housework. Call forenoons or evenings. 629 East First street.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 128 West Fourth street.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Call after 5 p. m. at 506 Fifth avenue east.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 519 West Second street.

GIRL WANTED. 713½ GARFIELD AVENUE.

WANTED—A GIRL OF 16 OR 17 YEARS to do housework. 425 Ninth avenue east.

WANTED – GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in small family. 1034 East First street.

A FEW COMPETENT GIRLS WISH situations at housework. Ladies can always find good girls and girls can find places at Mrs. Seibold's employment office, 225 East Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

FIFTEEN DOLLARS A WEEK FOR A good man; reliable and industrious. Apply between 11 and 12 a. m. at 309 Burrows' block.

WANTED – A FEW ENERGETIC salesmen to sell specialties in household goods on easy payments. John Gately & Co., 705 West Superior street.

WANTED—TWO SALESMEN; SALARY and commission. Can make more gold and easier than at Klondike. Sales come easy. The Singer Manufacturing company, 614 West Superior street.

PROFESSIONAL.

MRS. JULIA L. HUGHES—SUPERFLUOUS hair, moles, etc., permanently destroyed by electricity, without injury. Also scientific face massage and complexion treatment. Manicuring. Choice toilet preparations. 305 Masonic temple, Duluth.

CLOTHES CLEANING.

DULUTH STEAM DYE WORKS WILL brush and press a suit of clothes for 50c; pants 10c; if work is brought to the shop, 27 West Superior street, upstairs. J. Oreckovsky. Work guaranteed.

MISCELLANEOUS.

I WANT TO GET A DRIVING HORSE for his keep. N 97, Herald.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

R. H. Pendergast to Charles Hawkinson, east ½ block 52, Kimberley & Stryker's addition	$ 600
F. A. Bell to I. A. Bell, lot 9, block 17 Clinton Place	450
J. C. Hyde from S. A. Sartwell, lands in section 32-71-21	100
Total	$ 1,150

EXPRESS AND DRAY LINE.

Seal. UNION DRAY. We beg leave to inform the public that the Duluth Draymen's Union carries a card like above on every union dray wagon, and are ready to do all kinds of heavy and light draying by reliable and experienced men on short notice and at reasonable prices. Look for the union card on dray wagon and give us a trial. TRUNKS DELIVERED 25c.

DULUTH DRAYMEN'S UNION 6703,
(Affiliated with the A. F. of L.)

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, August 17, 1897.

In the matter of the estate of Andrew Johnson, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Stena Johnson, administratrix of the estate of Andrew Johnson, deceased, representing among other things, that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined and petition heard by this court on Tuesday, the 9 h day of September, A. D. 1897, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office in Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 17th day of August, A. D. 1897.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-17-24-31.

RONDEAU-KELLEY.

Pretty Wedding Ceremony In Bishop McGolrick's Chapel.

This morning at 8 o'clock, in Bishop McGolrick's chapel, Miss Lillian M. Rondeau, niece of Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Vincent, and Michael H. Kelley were joined in marriage by Bishop McGolrick. The ceremony was a very pretty one. The church was beautifully decorated with flowers. Miss Mamie Kenny was bridesmaid and J. F. Killorin was best man.

After the wedding ceremony an elegant wedding breakfast was served for the wedding party at the home of the bride's uncle, R. C. Vincent, 527 West Third street. The house was very prettily decorated with flowers and vines.

Miss Rondeau came here from Marinette, where she was one of the most popular of the young ladies, and during her residence has gained a wide circle of friends. Mr. Kelley is one of Duluth's most poular business men, and his social acquaintances and friendship are very great in number. He has for years been associated with the Wright & Davis Lumber company and is the head of the Kelley Hardware company. All of his friends will join in hearty congratulations. Mr. and Mrs. Kelley left on the North West to visit several places in the East and will make an extended trip. They will be at home Oct. 1 at 1024 East First street.

Institute Postponed.

County Superintendent Stultz made arrangements with the state superintendent for holding a state teachers' institute in Duluth during the week beginning Aug. 23, but owing to the earlier opening of the schools in the range towns and postponement of the opening in the city schools, the state superintendent has cancelled the engagement for the institute and it will be held at a more convenient date.

ONE CENT A WORD.

All advertisements of "situations wanted" inserted FREE. We invite as many repetitions as are necessary to secure what you advertise for. The Herald's 50,000 daily readers will be sure to fill your wants.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—A POSITION AS BOOKKEEPER or cashier by an experienced young lady. Address P 22, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION BY YOUNG woman with a child of 6 years. A home more of an object than wages. 630 West Second street.

WANTED—SITUATION TO DO LIGHT housework; no washing; would like to attend night school. 316 Lowell block.

COMPETENT MAN WANTS WORK ON books evenings. Otto Aurland, 414 Chamber of Commerce.

WANTED—SITUATION IN SOME OFFICE or store by young man 17 years of age; a fair penman and not afraid of work. Address E. C., Herald.

LADY STENOGRAPHER WOULD LIKE position. Will accept moderate salary. Address P. O. Box 538, city.

SITUATION WANTED AS HOUSEKEEPER for young men's club. Address N 98, Herald.

A BOY, AGED 15, WOULD LIKE WORK of any kind. Address N 99, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION BY A FIRST class second girl or waitress in private family. Best city references. Address N 82, Herald.

WANTED – POSITION BY A FIRST class dining room girl in hotel or in private boarding house. Call or address 327 West Fourth street.

STENOGRAPHER AND GENERAL OFFICE man, who has had experience in Minneapolis chamber of commerce, wants job in grain business. Good reference; easy terms. N 53, Herald.

WANTED – HOUSE CLEANING scrubbing, stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 390 Lake avenue south.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—STUMPAGE ON TWO FORTIES on north shore, two and one-half miles from railroad, one-half mile from stream. N 63, Herald.

PARTY LEAVING CITY WILL SELL his house very cheap or exchange it for lot or acres and small amount of cash. Apply 711 Torrey building.

FOR SALE—EIGHTEEN ROOM HOTEL and furniture at Itasca, Omaha yards, newly painted and papered and doing good business. One other hotel in town. Terms liberal; good reasons for selling. Call or address D. J. McDonald, Itasca, Wis.

FOR SALE—AT WEST SUPERIOR, Aug. 18, carload of fresh milch cows. Gardner & Co., 1322 Oaks avenue.

FOR SALE—HANDSOME CHAMBER set and household furniture. 1429 Jefferson street.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE BEST CARRIAGE or light delivery horse in the city. Also delivery wagon and double harness, or will exchange for single delivery wagon and harness. W. W. Seekins, 921 East Third street.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE FOR SALE cheap, at 1230 East Third street.

FOR SALE – BALED SHAVINGS. Woodruff's planing mill, Garfield avenue, Rice's Point. Telephone 132.

FOR SALE—FINE GILT MANTLE MIRROR, also furniture. 1 Adams flats.

BICYCLES AND TANDEMS FOR SALE cheap or trade for anything we can use. Going out of renting business. Duluth Van company.

MARKUS MISFIT CARPET AND FURNITURE company, are selling carpets, furniture, stoves, according to the times. 50 cents on the dollar. Call and give us a trial. Open evenings. 20 West Superior street.

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE OR RENT. Wyckoff, Seamens & Benedict, 323 West Superior street.

REAL ESTATE—FOR SALE.

$450 ON EASY TERMS, WILL BUY 25x140 foot lot on Sixth street between Twelfth and Thirteenth avenue east; fine location; look at them, by George H. Crosby.

CLEAR FARM LAND IN MINNESOTA at $2.50 per acre, $10 cash payment and $1 per week. Great chance to buy a farm. George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building, Duluth.

INSECTS EXTERMINATED.

THE BED BUG DIES! THE COCKROACH perishes. Sure death to vermin. Your house cleaned of all vermin and insects, and all disease germs killed. Andrew Furni, 121 East Superior street. Work guaranteed.

STORAGE.

STORAGE – LICENSED AND BONDED, are you going to move or store your household goods. Separate lock-up rooms furnished on application. Nice, dry, airy, clean brick storehouse; lowest rates of fire insurance; we have the only padded covered vans in Duluth. We take entire charge and guarantee you against damage or loss in the removal of your goods, while in our care. We work rain or shine; we have competent men to do packing, and we furnish all packing material, and pack china, books, bric a brac, pictures, pianos, furniture, etc. Call or telephone 492 and we will go out and talk over details. Will furnish estimates for packing, moving, storage free of charge. Only licensed and bonded warehouse in city. Duluth Van, Express and Storage company, 212 West Superior street. (Incorporated.)

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of $642.60 which is claimed to be due and is due and unpaid at the date of this notice upon that certain mortgage dated April 12th, 1894, made by Nydia H. LeTourneau, mortgagor, to Ellen C. Irwin, mortgagee, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 1st day of September, 1894, at 3:20 o'clock p. m. in Book 125 of mortgages on page 247, and

Whereas, no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover said mortgage debt, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by reason of said default in the payment of said sum and by virtue of a power of sale contained therein, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described which are situated in the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota and described as follows, to-wit:

Lots nine (9) and ten (10), in block fifteen (15), in the Second Division of Lester Park, according to the recorded plat thereof, to pay said debt and $11.98 taxes on said premises paid by said mortgagee and $50.00 attorneys' fees provided for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the costs and disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 30th day of September, 1897, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

Dated August 17th, 1897.

ELLEN C. IRWIN,
Mortgagee.

CAMPBELL & STILSON,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
616 and 617 Torrey Building,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-17-24-31-Sept-7-14-21.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

St. Paul & Duluth R. R.

Leave Duluth.	*Daily. †Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth.
†9 00 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis.	*6 30 am
*1 55 pm		*1 05 pm
*11 15 pm		†7 45 pm

From UNION DEPOT. CITY TICKET OFFICE, 332 W. Superior street, corner Providence building. Tickets sold to all points. Telephone 218.

Duluth & Iron Range R. R.

3:15 p.m.	Lv..... Duluth ......Ar	12:00 m.
7:15 p.m.	Ar..... Virginia Lv	8:00 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar ..... Eveleth Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar........ Ely Lv	7:30 a.m.

Daily, Except Sunday.

ONE CENT A WORD.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

EIGHT ROOM HOUSE FOR RENT, NO. 123 Second avenue west; all modern improvements, including steam heat; also eight room house, 204 West Second street; bath, electric light. E. R. Jefferson, 121 Second avenue west.

EIGHT ROOM HOUSE, CENTRALLY located; all modern conveniences. R. P. & J. B. Paine, 206 West Superior street, room 4.

FOR RENT—TWO MODERN BRICK houses. Inquire of Clark & Dickerman, Trust company building.

TO RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—MODERN STEAM HEATED flats. McGregor, Providence building.

FOR RENT—THREE PLEASANT FIVE-room flats, $7 to $10. W. J. Holmes, 504 Palladio.

FLAT AND HOUSE, ASHTABULA terrace. R. T. Lewis, Herald building.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS with bath. 127 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT FURNISHED front bedroom; electric light and heat. 1420 Jefferson street.

FOR RENT—OFFICES AND SLEEPING rooms on Superior street. Apply Big Duluth Clothing store.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT – STORE IN GRAFF block, 206 West Superior street; has extra entrance from Michigan street. R. P. Paine, room 4, over store.

WANTED—TO RENT.

PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOMS TO let with or without board. 512 East Fourth street.

WANTED—TO RENT, A SIX OR SEVEN room house, with small barn and yard; handy to street car. Address T. M., Herald.

CLAIRVOYANT.

PROFESSOR LA WARDE, CLAIRVOYANT, trance medium and powerful magnetic healer, reads your life without question or mistake; gives advice on business and love affairs; tells if your lover is true or false; unites the separated; brings success in all undertakings; lucky days; if confronted by any difficulties consult him at once. Parlors 2 West Second street.

LOST.

LOST—BLACK HORSE, 7 YEARS OLD, weight 1500. Inform Fox, city livery, West Duluth, or M. L. Sullivan, Harney, Minn.

FRATERNITIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:30 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 6, 1897. Work, First degree. W. A. McGonagle, W. M.; James A. Crawford, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Aug. 23, 1897. Work, ———— F. W. Kugler, W. M.; J. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 8, 1897. ———— degree. John F. McLaren, H. P.; George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18 K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Sept. 7, 1897. M. M. Gasser, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO 105. Meets every Thursday in the Kalamazoo block, third floor, 18 West Superior street. James McDowell, M. W.; J. H. Powers, recorder.

TO EXCHANGE.

FARM LAND TO EXCHANGE FOR DULUTH real estate. Apply 106 Providence building.

FINANCIAL.

$5000 ON HAND TO LOAN BY GEORGE H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, ETC. THE STANDARD JEWELRY AND LOAN OFFICE, 324 W. Sup. street.

MONEY TO LOAN

On watches, Diamonds and jewelry. All business strictly confidential. Application by mail promptly attended to.

Marcus' Collateral Loan Bank,
319 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

Fire Insurance, Life Insurance, Investments.... I have for sale a few choice commercial loans—$500,00 up.

A. R. Macfarlane,
13 Exchange Building.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

PAWNBROKER.

MONEY TO LOAN ON ALL GOODS OF value. All business strictly confidential. A full line of musical instruments, new and second hand. Julius Cook, 404 West Superior street.

CONTRACT WORK.—

Office of Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minn., Aug. 11, 1897.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 10 a. m., on the 23d day of August, A. D. 1897, for the construction of a sanitary sewer in Dingwall street in said city from the easterly terminus of the present sewer in said street to Twenty-second avenue east, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of fifty (50) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

W. H. SMITH,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Aug 11 10 t.

RAILROAD AND STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

Duluth's Popular Highway to the East!

Northern Steamship Company's
EXCLUSIVE PASSENGER STEAMSHIPS,

North West and North Land

Sailing from Duluth to Sault Ste. Marie, Mackinac Island, Detroit, Cleveland and Buffalo

Every Saturday and Tuesday at 1:45 p. m.

Ships arrive from the East every Friday and Monday at 6:30 p. m.

C. D. HARPER,
Nor. Pass. Agt., 432 W. Superior St.

Steamer Dixon

Will make an extra trip to

GRAND MARAIS

During the summer season, leaving Duluth every Friday morning at 10 a. m. Other sailing days Sunday and Wednesday at 10 a. m.

Eastern Railway

Of Minnesota.

CITY TICKET OFFICE 432 W. SUP. ST.

Leave Duluth.		Arrive Duluth.
†1 15 pm	St. Paul and Minneapolis	†1 15 pm
*11 15 pm		*7 00 am

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

Buffet Parlor Cars on Day Trains.
New Sleeping Cars on Night Trains.

Direct connections with Great Northern trains for—

Fargo, Grand Forks, Winnipeg, Helena, Butte, Spokane, Portland, Seattle and Japan.

At St. Paul connections are made for all points East, West and South. Through tickets and baggage checked to destination.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

C., ST. P., M. & O. RY.
Office 405 W. Superior St. 'Phone No. 20.

Leave	*Daily. †Except Sunday.	Arrive
†10 45 am	St. Paul, Min'apolis and West	†5 10 pm
*11 00 pm	St. Paul, Min'apolis and West	*7 00 am
*5 10 pm	Chicago Limited	*10 30 am

Parlor cars on day train; Wagner's Finest Sleepers on night trains.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

THE Soo Route. Trains for all points East leave Duluth Union depot at **6:30 P. M.** Daily EXCEPT SATURDAY with WAGNER PALACE SLEEPING CAR for Sault Ste Marie.

West bound train arrives 8:50 a. m. EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Ticket offices: 426 Spalding Hotel building and Union Depot.

Duluth, Superior & Western Ry.

WEST. P. M.	*Daily except Sunday.		EAST A. M.
*3:05	0	Lv..... Duluth ....Ar	* 11:40
4:05	23	Ar...... Cloquet Lv	10:41
6:13	76	Ar.... Swan River Lv	8:40
7:40		Ar...... Hibbing Lv	7:15
7:02	94	Ar.. Grand Rapids Lv	7:50
8:00	109	Ar.... Deer River Lv	6:55

Duluth, Missabe & Northern Ry. Co.

7:45 a.m.	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	3:35 p.m.
10:45 a.m.	Ar.... Virginia Lv	12:45 p.m.
10:44 a.m.	Ar.... Eveleth Lv	10:56 a.m.
11:56 a.m.	Ar..... Biwabik Lv	12:28 p.m.
11:00 a.m.	Ar..... Mt. Iron Lv	12:30 p.m.
11:25 a.m.	Ar..... Hibbing Lv	12:13 p.m.
9:00 a.m.	Lv...... Virginia .....Ar	1:45 p.m.
1:25 p.m.	Ar....... Wolf Lv	10:33 a.m.
11:25 a.m.	Ar..... Hibbing Lv	12:13 p.m.

Daily, except Sunday. J. B. HANSON,
General Passenger Agent.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—

Notice is hereby given that an application has been made to me by Allen Jacob Miller as trustee of the estate of Gertrude Blake, deceased, under the provisions of Chapter 42 General Statutes 1878 and acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto for a deed of all the following described lands situate in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, to-wit:

So much of lots 32 and 34, on East Clifton street, in Duluth formerly called Portland, as lies within the limits of lots 9, 10, 11 and 12, in block 35, Portland Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof; said application will be heard before the court at the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, on Saturday, the 11th day of September, 1897, at 9:30 o'clock a. m. of that day, at which time and place all persons claiming such portions of lots or any right, title or interest in the same or any of them are hereby summoned and required to attend and establish their right to receive a deed for the portions of said lots above described or to make any objections they may have to the granting of said application.

And it is ordered that notice of said application and hearing be given to all parties in interest by the publication hereof in The Duluth Evening Herald, once in each week for three successive weeks before said day of hearing.

Duluth, Minn., August 17th, 1897.

By the Court,
J. D. ENSIGN,
District Judge.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS,
Attorney for Applicant.
Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-17-24-31.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF WILL.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, August 17th, 1897.

In the matter of the estate of Henry Wieland, deceased:

Whereas an instrument in writing purporting to be the last will and testament of Henry Wieland, deceased, late of said county, has been delivered to this court;

And whereas, Henry P. Wieland has filed therewith his petition, representing, among other things, that said Henry Wieland died in said county, on the sixth day if August, 1897, testate, and that said petitioner is a devisee named in said last will and testament, and praying tha the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters of administration with the will annexed be issued thereon to Charles C. Wieland.

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this court, at the probate office in Duluth, in said county, on Thursday, the ninth day of September, A. D. 1897, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument;

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three sucessive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 17th day of August, A. D. 1897.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-17-24-31.

Only Evening Paper in Duluth

THE EVENING HERALD,
An Independent Newspaper.
Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior St.
Duluth Printing and Publishing Co.

Telephone Calls: Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

TEN CENTS A WEEK.
EVERY EVENING,
DELIVERED OR BY MAIL.

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One month	.45
Three months	1.30
Six months	2.60
One year	5.00

WEEKLY HERALD.
$1 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.

Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second-class matter

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.
OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF DULUTH.

Herald's Circulation High-Water Mark,
17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (Central time), Aug. 17.—The air pressure is highest in the Canadian Northwest, it is lowest east of Lake Huron, and a shallow depression is central in South Dakota. Showers have occurred from Manitoba southward to Kansas, accompanied by thunder storms in the Dakotas and Kansas. The rainfalls of 1.36 inches at Dodge City and .32 inch at Huron are the heaviest reported.

Cool weather continues general, though the temperature has risen slightly in the Missouri and Red River valleys.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 58; maximum yesterday, 67; minimum yesterday, 54.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Partly cloudy tonight and Wednesday, possibly with showers Wednesday; slight changes in temperature; north winds probably veering to northeast and becoming fresh to brisk.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Aug. 17.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Generally fair tonight and Wednesday; variable winds. For Minnesota: Partly cloudy tonight and Wednesday with showers in southeast portion tonight; variable winds.

HAS ANDREE SUCCEEDED?

A Berlin dispatch today says that the Vossische Zeitung publishes a dispatch from Hammerfest, Norway, which says that one of the searchers for Herr Andree in a fast steamer met the sealing vessel Alken about July 22 and learned from her captain that one of the crew had shot a pigeon between North cape and Seven island on the north coast of Lapland, bearing a message addressed to the Atlonbladet, Stockholm. The message ran as follows: "Eighty-two degrees passed. Good journey northward. Andree." It is also said that the captain of the steamer secured another message from Andree, which he has refused to make public until it has been delivered to the person to whom it is directed.

Of course there may be no truth in this story. Various rumors have been published from remote places concerning the Andree expedition, all of which have been found to be false. Carrier pigeons were reported to have arrived with messages stating that Herr Andree has passed over the pole, but the stories were without foundation, and consequently this latest report will be regarded with suspicion. It may be true, however. Since Andree and his two companions sailed in their balloon from Spitzbergen on July 11 with four months' provisions and a seaworthy boat, speculation has been rife as to their probable fate. Some people have declared that the balloon could not be kept afloat for a month, and when a recent report came that a balloon was seen floating in the Arctic sea they wagged their heads knowingly and pointed to this story as confirmation of their prediction.

In an editorial a few days ago discussing Herr Andree's trip, the Philadelphia Inquirer said: "That the venture was one of almost incredible daring is universally admitted, as also that the chances of his return to civilization are slender. There is, however, a possibility that he and his companions would be able to reach habitable land, although even when they had done so, their dangers would not have ended. Explorers have shown conclusively that there is land to the north of Spitzbergen and Franz Josef Land up to 87 degrees. It is, however, probable that in the country beyond Prince Patrick Land, and in that further to the westward, there are islands and tracts of territory, and the likelihood is that if Andree and his party shall return by land it will be by way of Greenland or toward Prince Patrick Land. The direction and velocity of the winds which were encountered after the start must be considered as a factor in the question of success or failure. Andree held that above the surface winds there was a steady gale blowing toward the North Pole without deflection, and, as if to confirm his theory, when the balloon was cut away and so soon as it reached a high level it sailed due north, and continued that course until it was lost to sight. If the balloon has reached land there will be a long slow journey to be made with a heavy load of provisions. If he should return it would thrill the world."

When the balloon left Spitzbergen last month, it was watched for an hour after the ascension moving swiftly toward the north. The report from Hammerfest alleges that the message brought by the carrier pigeon says the balloon had a good trip northward and had passed 82 degrees. If this be true, Andree and his companions have probably reached the pole and are now on their journey homeward.

A HEALTHY GROWTH.

In a recent address ex-Secretary of the Treasury Boutwell cautioned his hearers against over-confidence in the permanency of the approaching prosperity. He apprehended that if the people got the idea that it was to last from now on forever there would be over-production, a crisis and hard times again. The Omaha Bee concludes that there can be no reasonable objection to admonition of this kind, which is founded upon experience. This experience is that when reaction comes after a period of business depression the tendency is to over-confidence. The speculative spirit is stimulated, business men are led to recklessly expand their credit, enterprises are heedlessly undertaken, production in all directions is rapidly increased. At such a time the care and conservatism which prevail in normal conditions are put aside and there is a general disposition to "branch out." The consequences are familiar to every student of economic history.

A steady and healthy advance to prosperity is what is to be desired, as the Bee says, because thereby the country will longer enjoy prosperous conditions. A reasonable measure of caution and conservatism in financial and business affairs is wise under all circumstances, and the general exercise of these qualities will not necessarily retard prosperity, while it will assure for it more permanency. We cannot have prosperous conditions always. Periods of depression come to every country. The better times we are now entering upon may last a number of years, but their extent will depend very much upon the judgment with which the business affairs of the country are conducted. A gradual expansion along safe lines will insure a longer continuance of prosperity than a hurried extension of industrial and other enterprises, which must cause over-production.

THE VOICE OF LABOR.

The Chicago Record of yesterday devoted several columns to opinions of men connected with the labor unions on the subject of establishing a postal savings bank system in this country. In every case the opinion expressed is favorable to the movement. The voice of labor is unanimous in support of the agitation carried on by the Record, and the labor press, without exception, so far as known, gives its endorsement to the proposition. The general opinion expressed by the wage earners is well stated in the following editorial from the Eight-Hour Herald, of Chicago:

"At last there are indications that the people of the United States are awakening to the importance of the establishment of postal savings banks. It has taken a long while for them to realize that it was the duty of the government to provide an absolutely safe depository for the savings of the common people, such a depository, for instance, as the people of Great Britain and many of her colonies have so long enjoyed. Much speculation is being indulged in as to what attitude the banking interests of the country would be likely to take in regard to this matter when it is brought before congress. Perhaps the proper thing to do would be to ignore the banking interests in the consideration of a question of this kind. This would be difficult—perhaps impossible. It should be borne in mind, however, that this agitation for the establishment of postal savings banks is due wholly to the instability and unsound nature of the private savings banks, where the people in the past have been in the habit of placing their money, and where so much of it has been irrevocably lost. We have nothing at hand to show the amount of money which has been swallowed up by unsafe and dishonestly conducted savings banks, but the totals must be something dreadful to contemplate, when it is remembered that in many cases the money lost represented the life savings of a poorly paid mechanic or laborer. Give Uncle Sam a chance to show how he can do business of this kind."

The supreme court of Michigan is acquiring a reputation for undoing knotty problems of law. Recently it decided that a proof-reader was not a laborer, although he runs against some pretty hard work. Later it tackled the bicycle question, and in an exhaustive review of its kinks and curves held that it is not a vehicle subject to toll on a toll road. The court makes the distinction that the bicycle is not propelled by animals or mechanical power, but by the rider himself, the same as a wheelbarrow or a baby carriage. The decision will make the court popular with the bicyclists.

The president of the Citizens' Street Railway company, of Indianapolis, shortened his vacation and hurried home for the purpose of telling the residents of the town that if they didn't stop their clamor for 3-cent fares, capital would be scared away. The Indianapolis Journal calmly retorts that capital which is three-fifths water is not wanted. It shows that this particular street railway represents an investment, very liberally estimated, of $2,700,000. Yet it is bonded for $4,000,000 and stocked for $5,000,000.

Chicago is now claiming to be a health resort and a home for consumptives, because the health department's report shows a death rate of only 87 per 1000 per annum from consumption there, while the average death rate for the entire United States is 126 per 1000 among consumptives. The lower rate in Chicago is easily explained, however. No one with consumption dares to go to such a climate, and residents there who become afflicted with consumption get out as quickly as possible.

Some of the newspapers which are condemning the mining laws applied by the Canadian government to the Klondike district as hostile to American miners and therefore unneighborly should remember that the Dingley bill contains a clause which seeks to prevent Canadian railroads from carrying goods from foreign countries to the United States.

Mr. Mittermayer, a recently elected anti-Semitic member of the Austrian reichsrath, brought a suit for libel against a political opponent who accused him of having stolen money when he was a waiter at a Vienna hotel. At the trial his adversary produced his written confession and Mr. Mittermayer was turned over to the criminal court.

Since the war Indiana has spent $180,000,000 for public education and is spending now $6,000,000 annually. It possesses school property to the value of $20,000,000 and its productive school fund amounts to more than $10,000,000. These are large sums, but the excellent purpose for which they are expended justifies their expenditure.

It is stated that there is a scarcity of cents in Toronto, caused by the 15,000 Epworth leaguers who were there carrying off about 50,000 of the copper coins as souvenirs. To relieve the situation a half ton of the cents was shipped from Montreal last week.

Zinc ore, of which Missouri is one of the largest producers, has advanced $3 per ton. The mines in Europe are failing, and over 12,000 tons of zinc ore have been shipped from Missouri to Wales and Belgium. Both zinc and copper are in largely increased demand for electric railways.

The Chicago man with five wives has secured his release on bail and is now making big money as a freak in a dime museum. Of course there are plenty of Chicago men with five wives, but the others were thoughtful enough to secure divorces.

A suit for dissolution of partnership has been brought in Jersey City by a man who declares that his partner swears at him and threatens him, so that he dare not enter the place in which the business is conducted.

Montreal is much agitated over the decision of its fire department committee to pay $8000 for a fire engine, when the same engines cost only $6000 at Chicago. It is suspected some persons are getting a rich "rake-off."

A great commotion was created in England during a recent hot spell because the chief justice took off his wig while hearing a case in court. Old Conservatives feared that the constitution would be seriously cracked.

The wonderful story published in the Sunday papers about the attempted capture of the Hatfield gang in West Virginia by blowing up their stronghold with dynamite turns out to have been a "fake" from beginning to end.

The telegraph editors who recently featured the statement that the stage robbery in Yellowstone Park was the first hold-up which ever took place there evidently have had no experience with the park hotels.

The returns of the census in Egypt taken on June 1 show the population on that date to have numbered 9,700,000, an increase of 2,900,000 as compared with 1882, or about 42 per cent in fifteen years.

The New York Sun says that "too many people are drowned each year," but it fails to indicate what is the proper number.

It is said that "Gen." Coxey now believes that Mark Hanna will vote for him for governor of Ohio.

The Klondiker.

Gold in my haversack. Gold
Held in the belt at my girth;
Nuggets which I have cajoled
Out of the maw of the earth.
Gold in the misshapen bags
Made of my sleeves with a rude
Skill. There is wealth in my rags,
Ay, I'm dying for food.

Gold like the soil of the land,
Gold that is free as the dirt;
Gold in my trouser legs and
Gold in the furl of my shirt.
Who is there wealthy as I?
Who has equivalent cash?
Heavens, I wish it would buy
Liverwurst, pig's feet and hash.

Gold in my hat and my socks—
(What there is left of the same.)
Little irregular rocks
Root of all evil and shame;
Gold in my handkerchief; gold
Packed in my underwear legs—
Gods! How I'd like to enfold
Three stacks of wheats and some eggs!

Well, let me die if I must,
Chilblained and famished and cold;
Let me sink here with my dust,
Ay, and my nuggets of gold.
Death, ghastly death, come to me,
Wealthiest man among men.
Come with sweet dreams. Let me see
Merry old Clark street again.

Let me look down its long lines
(Here from my deathbed of ice.)
Glaring with red-painted signs
Telling of food and its price.
Bring me the uproar and push,
Show me those supper-hour scenes.
Plutus am I, but I wish
Gold could be eaten like beans.

—Chicago Record.

A Bachelor's Reflections.

New York Press: Nothing exceeds like success.

Half the kissing in the world is habit.

The best cure for a love is another one.

In youth we believe more than we know; in old age we know more than we believe.

No woman can ever get much comfort out of a good cry unless she has her hair down and an old wrapper on.

When a woman talks about things "pulling her heart strings," it is just as likely as not to be ice cream and pickles.

The average man overestimates his wife's affection for him about as much as he does the importance of his trade to the butcher.

A woman spends half her time being sorry she has said things to her husband, and the other half being sorry she was sorry.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

ROYAL
BAKING
POWDER
Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

CHEERY CHAFF.

Brooklyn Life: He—Let's go to the roof garden, tonight.

She—I don't dare leave the baby, dear.

He—Well, I'll tell you what we'll do. I'll go.

Detroit Free Press: "Your youngest daughter seems to have an industrious appetite."

"Yes, indeed; she would rather eat than cook."

Chicago Tribune: "That will do," said Balaam. "You've talked enough."

"Yes," retorted the ass. "I've talked enough to hand you down to immortality."

And the patient animal never spoke again.

Indianapolis Journal: "I don't see how getting one's feet wet causes toothache."

"You don't? If you ever had a tooth pulled you would know that the roots run clear to your toes."

Philadelphia North American: "I went in for amateur photography during my vacation," said the summer man. "There was no end of girls for subjects."

"But how did you make out among the girls?"

"Oh, I got a lot of negatives."

Tit-bits: A political speaker accused a rival of "unfathomable meanness," and then, rising to the occasion, said, "I warn him not to persist in his disgraceful course, or he'll find that two can play at that game!"

Washington Star: "Is that province pacified?" asked the Spanish general.

"Yes," replied the officer. "Now that the inhabitants have whipped us for the third time they seem quite contented."

Detroit Free Press: "Back!" he cried, poising his knife and glaring at her with intense hate in his eyes.

Seeing she did not quail before his glance he took up his fork and went to work trying to carve the portion of the chicken referred to that the landlady usually gave him.

Chicago Post: "Any instructions, doctor?" they asked, as he emerged from the room of the man who had sent for him in a rush.

"Only one," he replied.

"What is that?"

"Don't let him read any more patent medicine advertisements. He has too vivid an imagination."

Cleveland Leader: Billy—A man never knows what there is in life until he gets married.

Dexter—No, nor in the dry goods stores.

My daddy is the man for me;
He is so big, so very strong,
That I believe he's always right,
Although I know he's sometimes wrong.
—Harper's Bazar.

WISHES.

They pulled a wishbone: "What wish was yours?
She asked with a smile benign.
"A wish that has been, and still endures—
'Tis the wish to call you mine."
"And I," said she to her lover true.
"I wished that what you wished would come true."
—Judge.

MRS. LEASE'S HUSBAND.

Topeka, Kan., Mail: Anent the slurs recently cast at Mrs. Lease, it is not generally known that her husband is a man who has not only the willingness to fight when occasion requires it, but who has the requisite brawn to do battle to a successful conclusion. Charles Lease was a mighty good man in his day, and his day has not ended yet. He has had only about two fights in the last ten years, and unless somebody who doesn't know him runs up against him he won't have a fight in the next ten years. In the early days of the alliance, Fred Bailey, who was afterward Jerry Simpson's congressional committeeman, and who is now a member of the townsite board of Perry, Okla., boarded or roomed in Lease's house. Fred was poor in those days and couldn't "liquidate" as promptly as was in keeping with sound business principles. Mr. Lease took no stock in that zealous regard Mr. Bailey had for the reform movement, because Mr. Lease was then, and is today, a sound Democrat.

One fine day the whole Third ward of Wichita was thrown into the greatest excitement at seeing Charles Lease following Mr. Bailey, both fleeing with the fleetness of the coyote. With the greatest regularity Mr. Lease administered punishment to Mr. Bailey every ten steps, alternating kicks with blows often enough to give the affair variety. No arrests were made, for the whole police department knew that Charles Lease would not fight unless he was justified in doing so. The cause for the fight was in a dime store, and it illustrates Mr. Lease's make-up to a dot. He was a salesman in the wholesale drug store of Ben Aldrich. One day a bully who wanted to start a joint in a neighboring town came in to buy some drugs to put in front. He was a mean chap and swore at Mr. Lease frequently and applied disgraceful epithets to him repeatedly. Mr. Lease smiled and treated his customer with the utmost affability all the time.

In due time the sale was made, the goods loaded on a dray and carried away. Mr. Lease took the money from his customer, gave him his change and thanked him most kindly for his patronage. As the fellow went out on the sidewalk Mr. Lease followed and hailed him.

"What's the matter?" said the bully, roughly. "Isn't everything settled?"

"Not quite all," said Charlie, "we haven't yet settled for those names you called me," and so saying he mopped up the sidewalk and half a block of the gutter with his customer. Saturday night, when the store was about to be closed, a cash boy told Mr. Lease he was wanted at the desk of Mr. Aldrich. He thought sure that his cake was dough, but when Ben Aldrich said, "Charlie, your wages are increased $5 a week," he felt better toward himself and the world, and even the man he licked.

Her Answer.

She is a dainty little maid,
With innocent blue eyes
That she knows how to open wide,
To show a shy surprise.
She seemed so modest that I thought
I'd like her for my wife,
But when I asked her if she'd be mine
She said: "You bet your life!"

Now, I am not a betting man,
As all my neighbors know,
I shuddered, and away I ran
As fast as I could go!
Perhaps she'll sue me—I don't care,
And Love may just go hang,
For I will never have for wife
A girl who uses slang!

—Somerville Journal.

The Next Day It Rained.

Carlton County Vidette: Mark Hanna and Jadam Bede had a sort of love feast at Duluth one day last week—and the very next day it rained and washed all the paving blocks off Superior street into the bay—and they (the blocks) haven't been seen since.

THE SIGN OF MIDDLE AGE.

Pall Mall Gazette: "My good child," I said, "it is not stupidity we suffer from, but torpidity." The good child had waxed eloquent on the stupidity of middle-aged people. The average middle-aged person, she asserted with the fervor of 18, was stupid—more stupid than the average young person. The average mother was more stupid than her daughter; the average father more stupid than his son. What she wanted to know was, how was one to avoid growing stupid as one approached middle age? I was one of the few middle-aged persons, the arrogant child asserted, who seemed to have escaped the complaint. Therefore, she came to me for advice.

I waived aside the compliment and proceeded to distinguish between stupidity and torpidity. Torpidity, like weather, changes every day; while stupidity, like climate, lasts all the time. Unfortunately, torpidity, like the weather, shows a tendency at times to set in and stay with us altogether; and as protracted weather may end in climate, so may protracted torpidity end in stupidity. I was beginning to warm to my subject, when we were interrupted by visitors, and the arrogant child went away. When they had all gone, I sat in a garden chair under the willow tree and mediated on middle age.

I smiled to myself as I thought of the arrogant child's compliment, and thought how little she knew of my daily struggle with torpidity—of the perpetual effort to keep awake and interested, when I am really bored and sleeping, and of the heroic way in which I wrestle with the almost unconquerable impulse that arises in me at times to curl up in some obscure corner like a dormouse, and go to sleep for a year or two.

Does the desire that comes over many of us, as we approach middle age to curl up and go to sleep, point to a pre-historic habit of man, corresponding to the habit of hibernating animals? Or is it merely one of the numerous developments of modern civilization—a modern disease?

Whatever may be the cause, there are, I feel sure, scores of sleepy, middle-aged people like myself who, if they obeyed the dictates of their natures, would be at this moment, instead of rubbing their eyes and trying to keep awake, enjoying the delights of deep, sound, uninterrupted slumber.

Unfortunately the "exigencies of modern life" are at warfare with the dictates of nature, and it is impossible for us to obey the latter with comfort. We must keep pace with the times, and in order to keep pace with the times we must be very wide-awake indeed. We must regard torpidity as a disease, and combat it as such, if we would ourselves be regarded as, and enjoy the privileges of, sane people.

The fact is that by the time we reach middle age those of us whom the disease attacks have begun to get used to life. The novelty of the pageant has worn off. It has taken to repeating itself, and no longer delights us with surprises. We are tired of looking at things—and people bore us. They seem to us to be al alike, and all equally dull. So we cease to take an interest in them and confine our attention to the routine of domesticity that surrounds us, which consists chiefly of varying the sequence of viands, and making new combinations of our friends at our dinner table, and endeavoring to keep ourselves and the box we live in free from dust and dirt—duties which we come at last to perform almost automatically. The result is that we grow sleepier and sleeper and duller and duller, till our perceptions become so benumbed that they have no longer any power of sensation.

Books and people may rouse a torpid intellect, but they must be carefully chosen. There are people whose very presence, before they have even opened their lips, will send one into a sound slumber. There are books, the mere covers of which will drive one to torpidity. I number among my acquaintances one woman whom I always look upon as a tonic or invigorator. She hovers on that borderland between craziness and genius which is the monopoly of the salt of earth, and has in her by her mere presence the power to stir one's intellect from a state of torpidity to an exhilarating activity. An hour spent in her company is as full of suggestions to one's mind to be up and doing as a lifetime spent with another. She seems to possess a mesmeric power the reverse of the usual. Instead of sending the body to sleep, she awakens the mind. Of books, I could name, perhaps, a dozen that act as tonics and invigorators—that strike deep into one's intellectual sympathies, and set thought vibrating.

Like many others, I go frequently to see Ibsen's plays. I do not understand them, but they act none the less as an invigorator to my intellect, and I find them one of the best possible antidotes to torpidity. Like a mesmerist, he takes one by the hand and establishes a communion of sympathy, and thenceforth I am his puppet, and see and feel what he likes me to see and feel. He turns my face to the grubby, sordid surface of existence, and makes me see through, as if through a transparency, to an aurora borealis sort of world beyond. Open mouthed I watch and listen—from the rise to the fall of the curtain. And then, when I am asked afterwards what it was all about—I do not know. Certainly my mind has had a douche which has set it working. To discuss the point of the play seems to me as wide of the mark as to discuss the point of a mountain breeze. Sometimes I think I find running through the plays like a silver thread this same idea of airing the torpid intellect by bringing it into contact with something outside the chaos of human affairs. It may be a little bit of wildness, like that all-absorbing and intensely interesting wild duck, that we never see, but to whose existence in the garret we all thrill. It may be a nature, free and untrammeled, that rushes in the person of ——at or Ulrich Brendel, like a whirlwind through the play. Or it may be merely the idea of disentangling one's self from the bustle and fuss of civilization that surges close to the earth, extricating one's self from it and bounding away, as the man in "Little Eyolf," to the mountain top—or, like Nora, to some quiet place where she can be alone and think.

And when all is said and done, perhaps this latter is the best cure for torpidity.

Most Indecent Exhibition.

New York Sun: The most indecent exhibition we remember in even Mugwump journalism is its present attempt to mawe out Secretary Sherman a hopeless imbecile, requiring restraint upon his freedom of movement. There seems to be no limit to its coarse and savage malignity.

Village Ordinance No. 19.

AN ORDINANCE TO LICENSE AND REGULATE AUCTIONEERS IN THE VILLAGE OF BIWABIK.—

The Village Council of the Village of Biwabik do Ordain as follows:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person, as an auctioneer, to sell or offer for sale or otherwise dispose of any goods, wares or merchandise of any description whatever, at public auction within the limits of the village of Biwabik, without first having obtained a license so to do, pursuant to the provisions of this ordinance.

Section 2. Any person desiring to sell goods or merchandise at auction sale within the limits of said village shall pay to the treasurer of said village ten dollars ($10.00) for each day during which he intends to sell goods, merchandise or wares of any kind at auction sale in said village, and shall receive from said treasurer a receipt for the amount so paid. Upon presenting said receipt and filing the same with the recorder of said village, said recorder shall issue to the person so presenting the same a license to sell goods, wares and merchandise at auction sale and to act as auctioneer in said village for the period of time for which payment shall have been made as aforesaid, and said license shall state the time when the license shall terminate.

Section 3. Any person violating any of the provisions of this ordinance shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined in a sum not less than fifteen dollars ($15.00) nor more than seventy-five dollars ($75.00) and the costs of prosecution, and in default of payment thereof shall be confined in the county jail of St. Louis County, in the state of Minnesota, until payment be made, not to exceed sixty days.

Section 4. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Passed this 16th day of August, 1897.
Approved this 16th day of August, 1897.

J. A. LOULAN,
President of the Village of Biwabik.

Attest:
(Seal.)
W. A. HOUSEL,
Recorder of the Village of Biwabik.
Published in The Duluth Evening Herald, on the 17th day of August, A. D. 1897.
Duluth Evening Herald, Aug. 17 1 t.



ELASTIC STARCH has been before the people of the United States for twenty-three years, and is without doubt the greatest starch invention of the Nineteenth Century. Last year its sales reached the unprecedented number of twenty million packages. It is prepared upon scientific principles by men who have had years of practical experience in fancy laundrying. It makes froning easy, restores old summer dresses to their natural whiteness, and imparts to linen a beautiful and lasting finish. It is the only starch manufactured that is perfectly harmless, containing neither arsenic, alum or any other substance injurious to linen, and can be used even for a baby powder.

Grand Army Encampment.

BUFFALO AND RETURN.
Via Chicago, $18.50.
Via Milwaukee, $16.00.
Aug. 21-22. "Omaha" road.
Tickets, 405 West Superior street.

MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of seven hundred eighty-eight and 17-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and which is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by William P. Strickland and Louisa M. Strickland, his wife, to the People's Savings Bank of Duluth, Minn., referred to in said mortgage as People's Savings Bank, bearing date the 1st day of August, A. D. 1890, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 2nd day of August, A. D. 1890, at 8 o'clock a. m., in Book 62 of mortgages, on page 56, and said People's Savings Bank by proper deed dated Feb. 27th, 1897, filed and recorded the same day in the office of the clerk of the district court in and for St. Louis County, Minn., having made an assignment for the benefit of its creditors under the laws of the state of Minnesota, to the undersigned, Ernst A. Schulze, and said undersigned having duly accepted said trust and qualified as assignee under said deed, and having caused a certified copy of said deed of assignment on the 24th day of March, 1897, to be duly recorded in the register of deeds' office in and for said St. Louis County, in Book K of miscellaneous records thereof at page 386, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: Lots one hundred seventy-eight (178) and one hundred eighty (180), in block one hundred one (101), Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof of record in the register of deeds' office of St. Louis County, Minnesota, said premises being in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and to whose disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 1st day of September, A. D. 1897, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 20th, A. D. 1897.

ERNST A. SCHULZE as Assignee of the People's Savings Bank of Duluth, Minn.
S. D. ALLEN,
Attorney for Assignee,
Office 304 Lyndale Building,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, July-20-27-Aug-3-10-17-24.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made and executed by William Lavanway and Jane A. Lavanway, his wife, mortgagors, to William E. Thorpe, mortgagee, dated September 12, 1893, with a power of sale therein contained, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, September 27, 1893, at 8:30 o'clock a. m., in Book 127 of mortgages, page 46; and, whereas, such default consists in the non-payment of fifty-three and 50-100 dollars interest due March 1, 1897, the holder of said mortgage has exercised the option to him given in said mortgage by declaring and he does hereby declare the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage, with all accrued interest thereon to be now due and payable; and, whereas, there is therefore claimed to be due and there is due upon said mortgage debt the sum of fifteen hundred ninety-eight and 08-100 dollars as principal and interest and seventy and 85-100 dollars taxes and assessments heretofore paid by said mortgagee under the terms of said mortgage; and, whereas, said mortgage contains a power of sale which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northerly seventy (70) feet of the west one-half of lot two (2), in block ninety (90), Endion Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 15th day of September, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, taxes and assessments, and seventy-five dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated August 2, 1897.

WILLIAM E. THORPE,
Mortgagee.

PEALER & FESLER,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-3-10-17-24-31-Sept-7.

A DAY OF PLEASURE
VIA THE PICTURESQUE
B & O
RAILROAD, AND
CLEVELAND & BUFFALO TRANSIT COMPANY'S MAGNIFICENT LINE OF STEAMERS TO THE
GRAND ARMY
ENCAMPMENT AT BUFFALO, N. Y.
AUGUST 21, 22 AND 23.
May be Extended to September 20.
Niagara Falls Forty Minutes Away.
ROUND $10.50 TRIP
The Superb Rail and Water Route
Full particulars at City Ticket Office
193 CLARK STREET,
E. N. AUSTIN, C. P. A., Chicago.
W. W. PICKING, C. P. A., Chicago.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of $617.25 which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon that certain mortgage made, executed and delivered by James M. Caldwell and Margaret K. Caldwell, his wife, mortgagors, to George C. Thomas, mortgagee, bearing date the 28th day of January, 1892, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the register of deeds' office in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 4th day of February, at 9 o'clock a. m., in Book 75 of mortgages on page 101.

And whereas, no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described, situated in St. Louis County, state of Minnesota, to-wit: Lots number one and two in block thirty-six, in London Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in said register of deeds' office, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, on the 26th day of August, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $617.25 and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises and the sum of seventy-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 13, 1897.

GEORGE C. THOMAS,
Mortgagee.

JOHN Q. A. CROSBY,
Attorney for said Mortgagee,
Office 213 Palladio Building,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, July-13-20-27-Aug-3-10-17.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

John H. Dight, Plaintiff,
vs.
Jane Bell Crawford, Alexander Crawford, James A. Crawford, Josephine S. Crawford, John B. Crawford and John J. Knles, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 7th day of July, 1897, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, sheriff of said St. Louis County, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, on Tuesday, the 31st day of August, 1897, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, in separate parcels, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All those tracts or parcels of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lots numbered two hundred seventy-eight (278) and two hundred eighty (280), on Lake avenue, Upper Duluth, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds of said county of St. Louis, except twelve (12) feet off the rear westerly ends of said lots occupied by the St. Paul & Duluth Railroad company.

Dated July 12th, 1897.

WILLIAM C. SARGENT,
Sheriff of St. Louis County, Minn.
DRAPER, DAVIS & HOLLISTER,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
Duluth Evening Herald, July-13-20-27-Aug-3-10-17.

THE CITY'S EXPENSES

Is It Possible to Make a Cut of Fifty Per Cent?

RADICAL MEASURES

Service Would Have to Be Impaired Considerably to Do It.

A few days ago there was published in The Evening Herald an interview with G. G. Hartley, in which he claimed that the city is threatened with bankruptcy, and that a reduction of 66 2-3 per cent in the running expenses of the city is absolutely necessary to save it from getting into that condition. This interview and the man who gave it have been severely criticized, and Mr. Hartley has been accused of being as much responsible for the condition the city is now in as any other one man, but it is a fact nevertheless that a large number of the business men of the city, in fact nearly all of them, declare that Mr. Hartley is right, in commending his stand they do not necessarily say that they believe a reduction of two-thirds can be made, but they do believe that a very large reduction is possible.

Hitherto all reductions in the working force of the city have been made with a view to in no way impair the service. A man has been shaved off here and another there, and so on, and aggregate reductions have been from 10 to 15 per cent, or something like that, with no change in the service. Everything has been done with a view of maintaining the high scale of service in all departments. The question which now arises is whether the necessity for the most stringent economical measures does not demand that the city get along with less complete departments than it now has. It is a very fine thing to take a visitor up to the fire hall and show him the largest and one of the very best equipped fire halls in the United States; then around to the stations and tell how many fine horses there are in the department and how many men are employed; then to the police station and explain what a thoroughly equipped force we have and how completely the city is patroled, and so on through all the departments. All this is a very fine thing to be able to do, but that visitor is very apt to ask: "How can a city the size of Duluth afford to do all this?" How can she have the best in the United States when she has only 60,000 population and is a new city and has made so many costly improvements? What is your tax rate and what is your debt?" These are questions that it must be confessed are somewhat embarrassing for Duluth people to answer. Assessed valuations are high, taxes are high, and there is a large number of the property holders unable to pay their taxes as is evidenced by the heavy delinquent list.

The next proposition is "what can be done?" Mr. Hartley advocates a two-thirds reduction. That is probably too much, and possibly Mr. Hartley made it so large with the view of startling some people. And yet seriously it may be asked whether a reduction of 50 per cent is not possible. It cannot, of course, be done without impairing the efficiency of the departments, but those who dance must pay the fiddler, and the size of the orchestra they can hire depends entirely upon the amount of their means. The first thing to be considered then is what can Duluth afford at the present time. If the city cannot afford to pay $80,000 or $90,000 a year for firemen and $50,000 a year for police, it must get along with less. The number must be reduced until it is within the limit which the city can afford. Time has shown that it will not do to bank on the future to get the money to pay them. The good times that everybody has been predicting for the past four years are not yet here, and to continue to rely upon their coming may be the cause of further and more serious embarrassment.

With a view to enlightening the people and placing the facts before them, some of the figures in connection with city departments are given herewith, and some suggestions in connection with them are made. It is not intended to point out exactly where the cuts can or ought to be made. That is the duty of the persons in charge of the departments. If a cut of 50 per cent is decided, it is for them to say how to best enforce it.

THE POLICE DEPARTMENT.

There are on the police force, aside from the chief at a salary of $125 per month a captain at $90 per month, two lieutenants at $80, two detectives at $70, five sergeants at $70, three court officers drawing $75, $65, and $60 respectively, two jailors at $60, two drivers at $65, a lineman at $65, two telegraph operators at $60, a matron at $50 and thirty-nine patrolmen at $65.

The force, in the first place, looks topheavy, taking all things into consideration. Proceeding after the fashion of the lord high executioner in the play, to make up a list of those who really never would be missed, the first appendage that strikes the average taxpayer's eye as a superfluity is one of the $80 a month lieutenants. The chief, no matter how great his zeal, must sleep at long intervals, and the necessity for an assistant chief, which want the captain at $90 per month, meets, will be conceded. But why, in addition to the chief and the captain, is it necessary to have a lieutenant at headquarters? Especially in view of the fact that there are five sergeants. Why are not the chief, the captain and a sergeant enough between them to prevent the police station from being carried off, and to keep the machinery of the force running? The sergeant, who acts as secretary and who corresponds to the desk sergeant of other cities, is on duty at headquarters all day. In this case he actually is as such an officer is always supposed to be, a man of ability and experience. With the desk sergeant on duty, and the chief and the captain or a lieutenant also present or within easy reach, does there not come a faint suggestion of dress parade. If necessary, why cannot another sergeant be assigned to headquarters? There are two, for instance, kept at Rice's Point doing patrol work. Why not spare one of them and put a patrolman in his place? Rice's Point is not so distant from headquarters, it would seem, that it is necessary to make a sub-station of it. Right under the eye of the chief, the captain or lieutenant and the sergeant at headquarters it hardly seems necessary to keep two sergeants there to order themselves around at $70 per month.

CHANCE FOR A CUT.

The West End people could undoubtedly be held in subjection by a sergeant and a patrolman. In fact it would seem as if two patrolmen might do it. Under the present arrangement the city is simply paying $140 per month for work at that point that really ought to be done for $130.

Conceding that it is necessary to have a captain and a lieutenant besides the chief and the sergeant at headquarters, is it necessary to have, in addition, another lieutenant at West Duluth? With telephone connection to keep West Duluth station constantly in touch with headquarters, why would not a sergeant answer the purpose as well? It would be $10 a month cheaper, and there would seem to be enough heads at headquarters to give him advice in extraordinary emergencies when the constituents of Aldermen Cochrane and Sang take the war path and go to killing settlers.

Of detectives there are two at $70 per month and one at $65 per month. The latter, who is rated as a patrolman, relieves the two former from the necessity of looking after the second-hand stores and pawnshops, besides doing considerable other work that usually falls to detectives. Besides, another officer is frequently detailed on special work that generally comes within the province of the detective department, so that there are practically four men on detective duty much of the time. It would seem that, with all this assistance, one man could do all the fine "sleuth" work. With a sergeant at West Duluth in place of a lieutenant, there would be left three for general duty and the desk sergeant at headquarters.

Of court officers, it would seem there are enough certainly, there being three, the aggregate cost of which is $195 per month. There is seldom enough business to keep more than two out at once, and with a little planning it is possible that it would be found that more than two would never be needed.

HOW THE FORCE WORKS.

The men are divided into three watches. In the daytime there are eight east of the "Point of Rocks;" two, both sergeants, at Rice's Point, and two men and a lieutenant at West Duluth.

From 6 p. m. to 10 p. m. there are ten men east of the "Point of Rocks," three on Rice's Point and two at West Duluth. From 10 p. m. to 3:30 o. m. six men are added east of the "Point of Rocks." During the day Superior street, in the heart of the city, is patroled as follows: One man from Lake avenue to Fourth avenue west; one from Fourth avenue west to Sixth avenue west and one from Sixth avenue west to Twelfth avenue west. In addition, this territory, especially that portion from headquarters to Sixth avenue west, including the bowery, is pretty well patroled by the detectives. The beats are confined to Superior street and it would seem as if one regular patrolman ought to do the work. Past experience does not show that Superior street is apt to become a seething bed of insurrection and riot if not kept under by an overwhelming display of force.

The question may possibly be whether Duluth is to have any police service at all or not, and the idea that Duluth can, at present, maintain a force that would be within a long distance of the ideal metropolitan force must be abandoned and the feasibility of suggested changes must in nowise be tried by that standard.

In addition to the regular force there is a special officer at the West End railroad depot, who draws $10 per month. He is the station agent, and it would seem, on inquiry, that watching railroad property in the vicinity, which would naturally fall in the line of his duties as agent, is about all that he has the time to attend to. The loss of an arm places him at a disadvantage so far as active police work is concerned. He is really performing the duties of a railroad watchman and the $120 per year paid him by the city may fairly be considered as a donation to the railroad company toward his pay.

The monthly payroll of the department amounts to $4090, a total of $49,080 per year. During the winter months, Duluth is practically an inland town and owing to the cold weather and difficulty of access it is not a rendezvous for crooks. Cannot the department see its way clear to cut this from 40 to 50 per cent? Few cities of the population of Duluth have a police force anywhere near the size of this.

THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.

During the month of July the expenses of the fire department were as follows:

Salary officers and men	$7,029 08
Sundries	265 95
Light	15 00
Feed	146 14
Laundry	31 95
Fuel	96 92
Veterinary	13 50
Water	5 73
	$7,614 27

Composed as follows: Chief, $208.33 a month; two assistant chiefs, $90; superintendent of fire alarm, $100; lineman, $60; chief's driver, $65; supply wagon driver, $65; two blacksmiths, one at $75 and one at $65; wagon maker at $65; janitor, $60. Then there are two fire wardens at $65 a month each, and a secretary of the board at $35.

There were employed in the department 105 men including officers. Is that not a pretty large department for a city the size of Duluth and with a bank account such as it has? The fire commissioners draw $16.67 a month. The chief's "staff," as it is called, is $35 a month. From a recent monthly statement the following figures as to the stations, number of men employed and salaries are taken:

At Center station.	Monthly.
Chemical No. 1, four men and one sub	$271 12
Engine company No. 1, ten men..	640 00
Hook and ladder No. 1, ten men..	609 19
At No. 2 hall, West End—	
Engine company No. 2, ten men..	$645 00
Hook and ladder No. 2, eleven men	645 64
At No. 3 hall, Fourth avenue east and Sixth street—	
Engine company No. 3, ten men..	$607 74
At No. 4 hall, Fourteenth avenue east and Second street—	
Hose company No. 4, nine men..	$556 13
At No. 1 hall, First avenue east and Third street—	
Hose company No. 5, eight men..	$505 09
At Lakeside—	
Hose company No. 6, seven men..	$396 12
At West Duluth—	
Hose company No. 8, ten men..	$571 47
At New Duluth—	
Engine company No. 10, two men..	$ 55 00

Cannot the number of men at some of these houses be cut down? Is it absolutely necessary for instance to maintain house No. 1 at First avenue east and Third street, and cannot the territory covered by it be reached from the Central station just as well. The men are never greatly overworked at any of the houses, in fact, as a rule they complain they do not have work enough. Then is it necessary to have twenty-one men at the West End house, ten men up on the hill, nine men at Fourth avenue east, etc.? At some of the smaller houses will not a chemical be sufficient for a time, letting the hose be supplied from the Central station? Of course the runs would be longer. Cuts such as these would decrease the number of horses and consequently reduce the expense for feed, etc. Then among the general officers is there an absolute necessity for two fire wardens the year around, and is it not pretty generally understood that these officers have snaps? Cannot the department get along with one blacksmith for a year or two?

These questions may not be along the right line at all, and possibly the way to make a cut would be entirely different. Injure the service somewhat, they probably would without a doubt, but if the city should reach the point where it will be unable to meet its obligations, then there will be no department at all. Better have a less efficient one than none at all.

THE HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

On the health department there are six inspectors employed at $50 per month each, besides the meat inspector, who gets $65. The work of the health inspector consists of patrolling alleys to see that garbage and other nuisance are not deposited therein. It would seem as if these duties might be performed by the police, bearing in mind that it is out of the question to maintain at present an establishment that would square with the opinions of the theorists to whom the wherewithal is a secondary consideration, without courting the financial crisis in the city's affairs that is already unpleasantly near.

There are many other directions in which heavy cuts can be made, but it is not the intention to pjoint out every one in this article, but simply to give some of them as an idea of what can be done in the general whole.

THE SIX DAY RACE.

Hard Riding at the Union Rink Last Evening.

The first night of the six days' women's bicycle race at the Union rink last night was attended by a crowd of about 700 people, and the riding was very interesting. There were five starters in the race, including Peterson, Fiering, Drehmel, Brooks and Wellington, and the first three made forty miles and one lap, breaking the track record of thirty-nine miles and two laps. The last named rider was apparently outclassed by the others, but she is a game little person, and she will not be greatly behind the others at the close. At 8:30 Manager Messier called the riders to the tape and announced that the conditions of the race were that a purse of $400 would be divided among those who bettered the 200-mile mark. The race was then started, and the riders went off in a splendid manner.

Fiering led on the start, followed in their order by Drehmel, Peterson, Brooks and Wellington. There were frequent spurts which changed the order of the riders, but no one gained a lap. At the 2-mile mark Wellington lost a lap in a brush between the leaders, and in the third she lost another. Once Drehmel made the circuit of the others, but they managed by hard riding to make it up, all except Wellington, who lost two laps in the skirmish. The distance made by the riders for the two hours was as follows: Drehmel, Fiering and Peterson, 40 miles, 1 lap; Brooks, 39 miles, 15 laps; Wellington, 38 miles, 7 laps.

BRAIN-WORKERS SHOULD USE HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE.

Dr. C. H. Goodman, St. Louis, Mo., says: "I have used it for several years, with especially good results in nervous prostration, the result of mental efforts; also in sleepless condition of brain-workers."

A ROUNDABOUT STORY.

But the Message From Andree May Be a Legitimate One.

Christiana, Aug. 17.—Information received here confirms the story published in a dispatch from Hammerfest, Norway, saying that one of the searchers for Herr Andree met the sealing vessel Alken about July 22, and was informed by her captain that one of the crew had shot a carrier pigeon between North Cape and Seven Islands, on the north coast of Lapland, bearing a message from the explorer, addressed to the Aftonbladet, of Stockholm, which read as follows:

"Eighty-two degrees passed. Good journey northward. Andree." The date of the message was illegible.

The pigeon also carried a letter addressed to the Aftonbladet, but the captain of the Alken declined to surrender either the dispatch or the pigeon and continued his voyage northward. The captain is familiar with Andree's plans, and is greatly interested in them.

The news arrived here very indirectly. The captain of the Alken communicated the information to the captain of the ship Injeperg, of Tromsoe, the latter transmitted the news to the commander of the steamer express, upon which the Lorner Polar expedition was coming home, and the express finally passed the news along to the steamer Lofen, which brought it here.

The influence of a becoming hat is a known quantity. The Gordon!

Pure Spring Water.

Delivered daily. Telephone orders to Stewart's livery, telephone No. 334.

BABY'S SKIN

In all the world there is no other treatment so pure, so sweet, so safe, so speedy, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, and hair, and eradicating every humor, as warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, and gentle anointings with CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure.

Cuticura

Is sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG & CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. "All About the Skin, Scalp, and Hair," free.

EVERY HUMOR From Pimples to Scrofula cured by CUTICURA.

Hood's Pills

Are much in little; always ready, efficient, satisfactory; prevent a cold or fever, cure all liver ills, sick headache, jaundice, constipation, etc. Price 25 cents. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

THE TRUSS CONTRACT

Council First Awarded It to Davis and Then to King & Steele.

AFTER M'GREGOR

Some of the Aldermen Still Seek the Fire Commissioner's Scalp.

The council, last evening, after a lengthy discussion over the award of the contract for the steel truss for carying the force main and rider over Lester river, finally gave it to King & Steele. It was first given to Fred Davis and was then taken away from him on a reconsideration of the vote, because he would not agree to have the truss finished by Sept. 15, the date named by King & Steele for its completion. A consideration that weighed with the council also was the objection to having so many contractors on work in which a degree of co-operation is necessary. With King & Steele laying pipe to one side of the river and N. F. Hugo to the other, the general opinion seemed to be that it would be unwise to let the contract for the crossing to a third person.

President Smith of the board of public works, in speaking of this phase of the question, said that much of the trouble and delay already experienced had arisen from having too many contractors in the same ditch. The principal objection to awarding the contract to King & Steele was that they had been allowed, after the bids were opened, to put in a supplementary bid at Mr. Davis' figures, which were originally the lowest. However, as Alderman Jefferson remarked Mr. Davis had the privilege of going them one more lower had he wished and considerations of expediency seemed to warrant it, Mr. Davis was turned down.

MR. HORTON AGAIN.

During the controversy C. M. Horton had an opportunity for another whack at the council. Anyone, Mr. Horton said, ought to have been satisfied with the result of the test. There was a general nod of assent at this. When, however, Mr. Horton said, that never had a highway bridge stood such a test so satisfactorily, there were looks of incredulity. An amendment awarding the contract to Mr. Horton was lost by a vote of 6 yeas to 9 nays.

On the amendment awarding the contract to King & Steele, Alderman Richardson invoked a spirit of fairness and integrity to come to Mr. Davis' aid. In awarding the contract to King & Steele, he warned the council that they did not know "what kind of a jackpot they were getting into." Either the alderman's supposed knowledge of jackpots or the sepulchral and awesome note of boding in his voice had an effect and the amendment was defeated and the contract was awarded to Mr. Davis. The reconsideration was had on motion of Alderman Crasswoller in order to introduce a clause requiring completion by Sept. 15. To this Mr. Davis refused to agree and the contract went to King & Steele.

When this matter had been disposed of, a vote of thanks was tendered to C. M. Horton, on motion of Alderman Simpson, who stated that it was due to Mr. Horton's suggestion that the idea of a wooden truss was abandoned.

A resolution was introduced by Alderman Richardson authorizing the treasurer to accept from the Duluth-Superior Bridge company its quota due on the improvement of the bridge approach, amounting to $3409.84, in city orders drawn to the order of Porter Bros., and providing that payment of future assessments on property abutting on those portions of Pine and Arthur avenues constituting the approach be accepted in similar orders. The provision relating to the acceptance of orders for the amount due from the bridge company was passed on a division of the question and the assessment provision was referred to the city attorney.

AFTER MR. McGREGOR.

Alderman Duren had a petard for Fire Commissioner McGregor in the shape of a resolution of impeachment, which, however, failed to pass. The resolution charged the commissioner with malfeasance, maladministration and gross violation of his duties in that he had, while holding his present office entered into a contract with the D. Clint Prescott company to furnish the boilers for the city waterworks engines; that he had contracted with the board of fire commissioners to furnish materials for and make repairs for the fire department; that he had purchased feed at higher prices than could have been procured by advertisement, and that he had induced the acceptance of the bid of the Northwestern Fuel company on the year's supply of coal, although it was not the lowest. A day was set for the hearing, at which time it was provided that the accused should be notified to appear and show cause why he should not be removed from office.

Alderman Stevens moved as an amendment that the resolution be laid on the table, which was carried by a vote of 10 yeas to 5 nays, Aldermen Dahl, Duren, Simpson, Sang and Fischer voting in the negative.

The ice ordinance was given its final reading and adopted by a vote of 13 to 2.

A resolution from the waterworks committee allowing an estimate of $50 to McLeod, Campbell & Smith, the balance withheld on their pumphouse contract, was laid on the table for one week on motion of Alderman Simpson, who urged that the opinion of the city attorney, which had been requested on attorney, which had been requested on

The board of public works submitted a notice from King & Steele, as agents for the Carrol Porter company, stating their intention to hold the city liable for relaying the pipe between Fifty-fourth avenue east and Lester river. Referred.

The fire commissioners submitted reports of fire department expenses for the months from March to July, 1897, inclusive, the reports being the harvest of Alderman Simpson's resolution passed last week.

A resolution was passed allowing estimate of $1735 to P. McDonnell for work on trench east of Lester river.

The annual reports of the comotroller and treasurer were ordered printed. Alderman Hale, of the First ,occupied the seat to which he was recently elected.

No hat stock is complete without the Gordon!

Mrs. Hines has removed her dressmaking parlors to Room 8, over the Big Duluth, and is ready for her customers.

You may never know it happened if you fail to read The Evening Herald.

PECULIAR VEIN FORMATION.

One Which Was Recently Found on the Randolph.

In sinking the shaft on the Randolph mine in the Seine River country a most peculiar vein formation was developed at a depth of thirty-five feet. When the shaft was first started it began promisingly, and at a depth of twenty-seven feet it had increased to 6 feet 4 inches. Then, with scarcely a warning, the vein pinched out to about eight inches, and for twenty feet it ran between that width and fourteen inches. It soon became apparent to the men that they had lost the vein, and at the 55-foot level they began to cross-cut. A few feet over they got the vein again, five feet wide and as rich as ever, and it widened rapidly from that point down. It is not uncommon to have veins pinch out to a slight width and afterwards widen out again, but it is uncommon to find veins cut in two by a dike. Through the stretch of rock that separated the two parts of the vein were a number of small stringers of gold quartz not large enough to be veins.

Louis A. Hall, the New York capitalist who has become interested in the property, is reported to be much satisfied with the outlook of the mine, and he is ready to have a stamp mill put in at any time. Before this is done, however, it is the intention to sink the shaft to a depth of 300 feet, cross-cutting at every fifty feet. In this manner not only will the mine be thoroughly tested, but a large stock pile will be ready for the mill when it is provided. It is expected that the mill will be put in next spring.

THAT FAKE BATTLE.

Nobody Has Seen "Cap" Hatfield Yet and There Has Been No Battle.

Wheeling, W. Va., Aug. 17.—On Saturday a story was sent out reciting that a battle had been fought between "Cap" Hatfield and his friends and officers of Mingo county, in which dynamite and Winchesters played prominent parts, three men being killed. The Register yesterday asked Sheriff Newton J. Keadle, of Mingo county, for a statement of the case. The following is his reply:

"Williamson, W. Va., Aug. 17: "The Register, Wheeling, W. Va.—There has been no fight with the Hatfields. We have been unable to meet "Cap" as yet. N. J. Keadle, Sheriff."

The Register adds: "There have been men killed in the southern part of this state in a quarrel among members of the Hatfield and Ferrel in the past, but not one killing for fifty reported. "Cap" Hatfield, before his escape from jail two weeks ago, was confined for nothing more serious than involuntary manslaughter, and had only five weeks of a three months' sentence to serve. There was no other crime charged against him, and if he is never captured it will not be a serious matter."

IN ITASCA COUNTY.

County Fair Likely to Be Held In October.

Grand Rapids, Minn., Aug. 17.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Itasca county fair will probably be held during the first half of October. A meeting to consider the question of dates therefor has been called by President Daniel W. Doran and Secretary C. V. Gamache of the Agricultural association. All who are interested in such matters, particularly those who have farms outside of town, are invited to attend the meeting which will be held in the village hall at 2 o'clock next Thursday afternoon. The program of races and athletic sports will be acted upon.

A railroad survey by engineers in the interest of the Illinois Steel company is, according to report, to begin next Friday and run from here to the iron mines about ten miles northeast. How correct the report is remains to be seen. At the Arcturus mine the work of determining the lay of the new ore bodies is progressing very favorably. Four hundred feet of tunnels have been run from the two main shafts and fine qualities of ore have been found. Manager Foote says little, but he keeps the work up and acts as though the results are more than equal to what he expected.

County Superintendent of Schools Stilson is holding examinations for teachers today and tomorrow at Central school.

Professor Hays of the state university found everything in good shape at the Northwestern Minnesota subexperiment farm, and returned to the Twin Cities yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward J. Luther, recently of Deerwood, Minn., have located here and are domiciled in the Presbyterian parsonage.

Editor R. J. Bell of the Roseau County Times returned home yesterday via Duluth.

Miss Helen Johnson, of Cloquet, made many friends during her visit here with Mr. and Mrs. R. McLennan. She returned to her home yesterday. Miss Johnson is the bright and accomplished daughter of Master Car Builder Johnson of the Duluth, Superior & Western railway.

Depot Agent R. McLennan justly feels proud of the record received from State School Superintendent Pendergast of Miss Mae McLennan's work this season at the teachers' training school, Fergus Falls. It showed a percentage of 100 in the most important studies, and in no study fell below 95 per cent.

H. E. Richardson, of Richardson & Stevens, goes to the Twin Cities today to replenish their furniture stock.

Congressman Page Morris and his brother, Charles Morris, together with Judge W. A. Cant and Surveyor General William Getty, of Duluth, and F. P. Metzger, private secretary to Land Commissioner Binger Hermann, of Washington, D. C., arrived here last evening and took the steamboat this morning for a trip on the Upper Mississippi.

SILVER MINES SHUT DOWN.

But Will Now Work in Their Gold Bearing Lodes.

Idaho Springs, Colo., Aug. 17.—As a result of the decline in silver the La Martine mine has discharged its force of men working on silver lodes. The La Martine has been one of the heaviest producers of the state. The owner will now turn attention to the working of the gold lodes. The owners of the silver mines in the upper end of Clear Creek county will also discontinue the working of several properties and in the future give attention exclusively to gold-bearing veins.

Rooms are quickly rented when advertised in The Evening Herald. It costs but 1 cent a word.

NEW LIFE AND VIGOR.

Fifty-Six Years Old With Vigor of Thirty-Five.

519 Guaranty Loan Bld'g, Minneapolis.

Gentlemen—Kindly accept my thanks for the great benefits received from the use of Dr. Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets. At the time of commencing its use last July, I could not read, without my glasses, the signs on our business streets; could not retain on my mind a matter of business sufficiently long to get to the street from my office, and could not call the names of my intimate friends, and would frequently get lost in parts of the city where I have been a daily visitor for the past seven years. I attributed my condition to advanced age. Thanks to Kola Nervine Tablets, however, I am satisfied that I am today in as good condition, in every respect, as I was at 35. Anything that will accomplish such wonderful results as this should be heralded to the world. I might add for the benefit of the public, that this testimonial is given without any solicitation on your part whatever. Yours truly,

W. S. SWETT, Mgr.,
Mass. Mutual Life Ins. Co.

Dr. Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets give new life, strength and vigor to the debilitated. A trial will convince you. At druggists or mailed direct, 50 cents and $1 per box. Write for testimonials. Eureka Chemical & Mfg. Co., La crosse, Wis.

IN THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

The rains of the last forty-eight hours at Pembina will prevent farmers from harvesting for some days, and in many places the land will be too wet for horses to travel on it to haul binder. The present weather has discouraged the farmers, but if dry weather sets in at once, there will be no very serious damage done to crops. Mostly all the farmers in the northern part of Pembina county would be cutting wheat on Aug. 16; a few would have commenced before had it not been for the rains.

The Episcopalians of North Dakota have expressed their desire that Rev. Mr. Chambers, of Pierre, be selected as the bishop to fill the vacancy in that state caused by the selection of Bishop Walker as the bishop of the diocese of Western New York. Mr. Chambers was for many years connected with the church work in North Dakota, being stationed at Bismarck before coming here, and is prominent in church affairs of that state.

One of a company of traveling salesmen for a Chicago (Parker) grocery house, has been arrested at Wheatland, and will have a hearing today for selling groceries without a state license.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

It is reported on good authority, that the roads operating in the Black Hills country will, this year, put a weight rate, instead of carload rates on cattle. The cattlemen from this section have long protested against the discrimination made against cattle from the eastern part of the range by demanding a weight rate from Pierre and giving the western portion of the range car rates. If the order is as reported, this discrimination has been removed, not in the way they desired to be changed, as they wanted the car rates from here, but all parts of the range will be on an equal footing. This ought to make a great deal more difference to Pierre and Fort Pierre than that of equal rates alone, for without the discriminating rate in their favor, many of the shipments which would go to Black Hills points will come here. One of the best-posted men on range cattle says it will make a difference of at least 25,000 head in the shipments from these points this year.

The Delancy Bros., of Aberdeen, leading stockmen, have made a tender to the Northern Pacific Railroad company for 10,000 acres of land in Logan county, near Steele, N. D., and the company now has a man inspecting the tract and preparing a report, upon which it is expected the price per acre will be based. The land is rough and broken, has little or no timber, and very few running streams. It has a good many living springs, however, and contains considerable meadow, and is well adapted to the stock business.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Something Worth Seeing.

The educated dogs and ponies who are to exhibit in this city under a tent on Fourth avenue west and First street four nights, beginning Wednesday, Aug. 18, with a matinee Saturday, are thoroughly worth seeing. Professor Gentry is said to possess the most valuable collection of dogs and ponies in the world. They are famous for both their beauty and intelligence. There are over 100 superb specimens of various kinds in the collection, all of whom have been selected for their beauty, and Professor Gentry has succeeded in educating the entire number to a wonderful degree of intelligence. The exhibition is especially attractive to ladies and children. The prices of admission are, children, 10 cents; adults, 20 cents.

SOMETHING TO DEPEND ON.

Mr. James Jones, of the drug firm of Jones & Son, Cowden, Ill., speaking of Dr. King's New Discovery, says that last winter his wife was attacked with la grippe, and her case grew so serious that physicians at Cowden and Pana could do nothing for her. It seemed to develop into hasty consumption. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in store, and selling lots of it, he took a bottle home, and to the surprise of all she began to get better from first dose, and half dozen dollar bottles cured her sound and well. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is guaranteed to do this good work. Try it. Free trial bottles at Duluth Drug company's drug store.

DEPARTMENT OF MINNESOTA G. A. R.

OFFICIAL ROUTE.

Department Commander E. B. Wood has issued general orders No. 4 reading as follows:

"The official route of the department of Minnesota will be via the Minneapolis & St. Louis and Erie railroads to Buffalo, N. Y., and return. A special headquarters train will leave the Minneapolis & St. Louis depot, St. Paul, 7 p. m., Minneapolis 7:35 p. m., Sunday, Aug. 22, running through to Buffalo without change. This train will carry the department commander and staff, and all comrades and their friends who desire to attend the encampment are cordially invited to accompany the department commander on this train."

Rate—$18.50 for round trip tickets from St. Paul and Minneapolis, proportionately low rates from other points.

Dates of sale—Aug. 21 and 22, limited to Sept. 20 by deposit with joint agent at Buffalo.

The headquarters train will consist of smoking car, coaches, Pullman palace sleeping cars, tourist cars, and a commissary car in which a free lunch will be served to comrades and friends.

The Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad is the favorite route with the old soldiers, and will spare no pains to make the trip comfortable and pleasant in the highest degree.

For further information, or berth reservations, call on ticket agents of the Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad, or address A. B. CUTTS, G. P. A., M. & St. L. R. R., Minneapolis, Minn.

G. A. R. Rates to Buffalo.

VIA EASTERN MINNESOTA RAILWAY.

Only $18.50 round trip to Buffalo Aug. 21 and 22. Tickets and full information at Union depot or city ticket office, 432 West Superior street.

C. D. HARPER,
Northern Passenger Agent.

THE TRIUMPH OF LOVE!

Happy and Fruitful Marriage.

Every MAN who would know the GRAND TRUTHS, the Plain Facts, the Old Secrets and the New Discoveries of Medical Science as applied to Married Life, who would atone for past follies and avoid future pitfalls, should write for our wonderful little book, called "Complete Manhood and How to Attain It." To any earnest man we will mail one copy entirely free, in plain sealed cover.



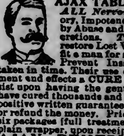
ERIE MEDICAL CO., 44 NIAGARA ST., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Duluth Trust Company

Acts as—

Assignee, Receiver, Trustee, Administrator, Guardian, etc. Collects Rents and Writes Fire Insurance.

MADE ME A MAN



AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE ALL Nervous Diseases—Failing Memory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse and other Excesses and Indiscretions. They quickly and surely restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all others fail. Insist upon having the genuine AJAX Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price 50 cents per package, or six packages (full treatment) for $2.50. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circular free. AJAX REMEDY CO., 19 Jones St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in Duluth by S. F. BOYCE, 331 West Superior street; MAX WIRTH, 13 West Superior street.

BLOOD POISON

A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guarantee. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fares and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, Iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of the sum of five hundred forty-five and 48-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Alfred H. Hedderly and Ada B. Hedderly, his wife, mortgagors, to Helia McCormick, mortgagee, bearing date the sixth day of July, 1894, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds, in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the eighteenth day of July, 1894, at 11 o'clock a. m., in Book 104 of mortgages, on page 215; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot seven (7), block thirty-four (34), Endion Division of Duluth according to the plat thereof recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, said premises being in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the twenty-second day of September, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of 545.48 dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated August 10, A. D. 1897.

BELLA McCORMICK,
Mortgagee.

ALFORD & HUNT,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-10-17-24-31-Sept-7-14.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, with a power of sale therein contained, duly executed and delivered by John Warner and Augusta Warner, his wife, mortgagors, to N. A. Frost, mortgagee, bearing date the 15th day of April, 1891, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 30th day of April, 1891, at 10:40 o'clock a. m., in Book 61 of mortgages, at page 111.

And whereas, default has been made in the payment of the note and the interest thereon, which said mortgage was given to secure; and, whereas there is claimed to be due, and there is actually due on said note and mortgage, at the date of this notice, the sum of $852.00 principal and interest, and the sum of $50.00 attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of the foreclosure thereof; and whereas no action at law, or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, which has become operative, by reason of the said default, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in said mortgage, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land situate in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: Lot five (5), in block eighty-six (86), in the Sixth Division of West Duluth, Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof, which said premises, with all the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said mortgage debt and interest and $50.00 attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the costs and disbursements allowed by law; which said sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 8th day of September, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of said sale, as allowed by law.

Dated July 27th, 1897.

N. A. FROST,
Mortgagee.

JAMES A. HANKS,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, July-27-Aug-3-10-17-24-31,

G.A.R. Suits.



Special prices for Buffalo Encampment.

At $7.00—Single-breasted G. A. R. Flannel Sack Suits—well made—well trimmed, stylishly cut—all sizes: 34 to 42. **$7.00**

At $9.50—Double-breasted G. A. R. Suits—made up from fine G. A. R. Flannel—absolutely fast colors—elegantly made and trimmed—all sizes, from 34 to 42. The prices include full set G. A. R. buttons. **$9.50**

G. A. R. Gloves, Hats and Wreaths.

M. S. BURROWS.

We have been appointed sole Duluth agents for the WORLD RENOWNED

Knox Hats

Soft and Stiff

Watch for the "OPENING DAY" of the New Fall Styles.

M.S.BURROWS

PERSONALS.

Mrs. E. Lomasney and daughter Edith and mother, Mrs. Veazy, have gone to Chicago for a visit.

Miss Maud Wilmot, of New Orleans, is visiting Misses Florence and Edith Briggs.

Charles B. Nichols, of the St. Paul Globe, formerly of Duluth, is in the city today. He will return this evening.

Alderman and Mrs. F. G. Drew, of Minneapolis, are visiting in Duluth and will be here a few days.

Jule S. Kussel, manager of the Pavilion, returned this morning after a week's absence in Chicago.

Ex-Senator Daugherty will return home next Monday and will probably remain here for several months.

Alderman O'Brien, of Chicago, was a caller at the city hall this morning.

Mrs. B. Buttenwieser, who has been spending the last six weeks with her sister, Mrs. Roos, has returned to her Cincinnati home.

Mr. and Mrs. Jay L. Health, of Iowa, returned home this morning after a five weeks' visit to her sister, Mrs. S. M. Smith, of Highland Park. Master Paul Smith accompanied them.

Sir William P. Howland, of Toronto, Canada, is the guest of his niece, Mrs. Julia M. Barnes, of Lester Park.

Rev. Frank Hoskins and family, of Zahleh, Turkey, are expected to arrive here tomorrow for a two weeks' visit with City Clerk Richardson, who is Mr. Hoskins' cousin. Mr. Hoskins is a missionary at Zahleh.

J. J. Henderson, Edgar Heindekofer, Dr. J. P. Hasler and Arthur L. Bates, of Meadville, Pa., and Ed H. Wells, of Boston, formed a party of tourists who visited the board of trade today.

J. Schneider, a Milwaukee brewer, was a visitor at the board of trade today.

Messrs. Mitchell and Cappel and Mr. and Mrs. Townsend, of Cleveland, visited the board of trade today.

S. Stiles, of Warren, Ohio, is in the city.

P. H. McGarry, the Cass county townsite boomer, came in this morning from Walker and registered at the Spalding.

Arthur Carey, secretary and general solicitor of the Lexington & Eastern railway, with headquarters at Lexington, Ky., came in on the North West last evening and registered at the Spalding.

Joseph S. Dudley, a prominent lawyer of Buaffio, is a guest at the Spalding.

Dr. P. C. Foster, of New Haven, Conn., one of the best known physicians in New England, was a passenger on the North West yesterday afternoon. He is a guest at the Spalding.

W. E. Stepheson, of Minneapolis, is in the city, a guest at the Spalding.

George Benz and wife came up from St. Paul yesterday afternoon and registered at the Spalding. They returned home this morning.

F. W. Gilbert, of Cleveland, is at the St. Louis.

Dod A. Demme, of Detroit, Mich., president of the Foley Gold Mining company, arrived in the city this morning and registered at the St. Louis. He is on his way to the Selne River country.

Mrs. A. J. Thomas, of Ely, is a guest at the St. Louis.

W. E. and R. W. Seelye, of Brainerd, are in the city, guests at the St. Louis. They are on their way to Rainy Lake, where W. E. Seelye has extensive mining interests.

C. McNamara, of Tower, is at the St. Louis.

Judge Thomas G. Winders of the appellate court, Chicago, arrived in the city from Mackinac island on the Peerless and left this afternoon on the Monarch for a trip down the north shore. He was accompanied by his son Thomas G., Jr.

Paul Gores, chief clerk of the Auditorium Annex at Chicago, who is, perhaps, the best known hotel man in the West, came in last evening on the North West from Mackinac island and returned this afternoon. He was accompanied by Mrs. Gores. They were the guests of Manager Frank Taylor at the Spalding during their stay in the city.

F. W. Sullivan returned yesterday from a visit at Towanda, Pa., his former home.

Mrs. R. F. Fitzgerald and Miss Fitzgerald left today for an Eastern visit of several weeks.

Mrs. G. E. Brett and children, Miss Mae and Master Frank, of Mankato, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. B. E. Baker, of Lester Park.

Alderman William P. O'Brien, of Chicago, who is pretty near the whole thing in the council of the Windy City, came in last night on the Peerless. He remained on board the boat all night with his wife and daughter, coming ashore this morning. He has put in the day driving about the city and visiting with friends at the Spalding.

Ex-Lieut. Governor W. H. Yale, of Winona, was in the city today and returned home this afternoon. Lieut. Governor Yale was in the state senate last winter and proved himself a warm friend of Duluth, supporting loyally all measures in which this city and county were interested.

"ARE YOU HOT, TIRED AND DRY?" THEN ORDER A LONG COLD DRINK OF....

SOVERN GINGER ALE.

It is Cooling, Invigorating and Thirst-Quenching. The ideal summer drink—better than malt or spirituous liquors.

'Phone 696. SOVERN CARBONATING CO., 415 Palladio Building.

TO TEST THE PLANT

Stockholders of the Ironton Work to Be Here In Few Days.

WILL MAKE A TEST

Outcome of It Will Determine the Future of the Plant.

Within the next ten days the directors and stockholders of the Ironton Structural Steel company will visit Duluth. In the meantime the steel ingots ordered some time ago from the East are expected to arrive, and the plant will start up for a test run. The work done will be seen by the men who have already invested more than $1,000,000 in this big enterprise. On the results obtained will depend the future policy of the company. It is predicted by a gentleman who has kept close watch on the movements of the Ironton plant that some startling developments will be made public during the visit of the Eastern capitalists, but of just what nature they will be he declines to give even a hint. It is certain, however, that after the next run at the works is made it will be settled finally to the satisfaction of the men who are furnishing the money whether the machinery will do what is expected of it or not. If it is demonstrated that beams can be rolled perfectly and economically, it is presumed that the plant will be put in operation, to supply the trade, and steady employment given to hundreds of men in the near future, but if on the other hand the new process should prove a failure, further work will undoubtedly be abandoned.

MR. JOHNSTON'S VIEWS.

What He Heard of Duluth In the East.

W. J. Johnston, of Suffel & Co., returned last evening on the North West from the Eastern markets, where he spent about three weeks. Mr. Johnston reports the East as crowded with Western buyers, who are all purchasing heavily. Especially is this true of merchants from the Southwest. Everything points to a general revival in all lines throughout the country. This is largely due to the prosperous condition of the farmers, with their immense crops and large prices which they will receive for their products.

Mr. Johnston says that during the past few years Duluth has received a black eye with Eastern investors and speculators, who have had to take a large amount of property in payment for loans made, and this, with the excessive tax rate in Duluth, has embittered them somewhat toward this city; but he thinks with returning prosperity and the exercise on the part of the citizens of Duluth of the most rigid economy in municipal and county affairs, these outside holders of investments in Duluth will be assured that their interests are being protected, and that it will then not be long ere things will be running along smoothly again.

MAYOR SAYS IT IS COMING.

Tells New York Journal Prosperity Is at Hand.

Mayor Truelsen this morning received the following telegram from the New York Journal:

"Hon. The Mayor, Duluth Minn.:

"A number of the representative men of your section, now visiting this city, have expressed decidedly hopeful views of the business outlook. These opinions have had a most beneficial effect by their tendency to strengthen confidence and promote better times. Will you kindly telegraph to the Journal your opinion of the prospect for a business revival in your city, giving what you consider the best reasons to anticipate a prosperous state of trade for the coming autumn?"

To this the mayor responded as follows: "The outlook for fall trade at the head of the lakes is very promising. Prospects for a splendid yield of wheat in Minnesota and the Dakotas, which will command good prices and will bring money in abundance to the Northwest. The lumber market is in splendid condition; demand good at advanced prices, guaranteeing heavy operations in lumbering next winter. Labor at the present time is in good demand at fair wages. Shipments of iron ore are heavy. All this goes to prove that prosperity will again smile on the head of the lakes."

MUST DEPEND ON LUMBER.

That Necessity Is Before the Leech Lake Indians.

E. Bender, special agent of the interior department, who is here to investigate the damaged timber on the Leech Lake Indian reservation, with a view to letting a contract for cutting it, returned this morning from a trip to the reservation. To an Evening Herald reporter he said that the berry and wild rice crops on the Leech Lake and Winnibigoshish reservations, on which the Indians largely depend to carry them through the winter, are practically failures. There are some red raspberries, but not nearly as many as usual, and there is scarcely enough of the wild rice to pay for gathering. The result is that the Indians have grown very anxious about the timber contracts, as they will have to depend almost entirely on the employment which they expect from that source to keep the wolf from their doors during the winter months. Last winter the Indians on these reservations suffered great hardships, and the prospects are that their condition next winter will be even worse, unless considerable logging is done there.

Mr. Bender has found that there is about 100,000,000 feet of damaged pine on these reservations which should be cut as speedily as possible. He expects that about 25,000,000 feet will be cut during the fall and winter. The contract will be let about Oct. 1.

Ask the South Shore for rates and routes to Buffalo before buying. Fourteen routes to choose from.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio. Phone No. 9.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

The answer of the Cloquet Lumber company in the case begun against it by Simon J. Murphy, George C. Robinson, Elisha Flinn and F. E. Dorr in the United States court has been filed. The suit was brought to collect for timber cut on the plaintiffs' lands. The lumber company denies all of the allegations.

A social will be given this evening by the young ladies of St. Anthony's church at St. Anthony's hall. There will be a musical program.

The baseball game between the Missabe-Consolidated and Company G nines will be played next Saturday at the West End grounds.

Algernon Lee, of Minneapolis, will deliver an address on "Socialism" this evening in the rear of the Palladio building. He is the organizer of the Socialist party in Minnesota.

There will be an excursion tonight on the steamer Barker, given by the Bethel Y. P. S. C. E. There will be music and singing on board the boat. It will leave Sutphin's dock, opposite the Bethel, at 8 p. m.

The following deaths have been reported to the health department: Beret Knutson, aged 21, of Sixtieth avenue west and Sherwin street, of tuberculosis; Angus Jablowski, aged 6 months, of 412 Fourth avenue east, of gastro enteritis; Vincent Droszwski, aged 1 month, of 18 East Tenth street, of cholera infantum; Gretchen Smith, aged 1 month, of 1202 West Michigan street, of inanition; Agnes Campbell, aged 1 year, of 6 Harrison's addition, of cholera infantum.

The winning numbers at the raffle held by the Emanuel Temple association yesterday evening, were 520 and 720 for first prize and 832 and 583 for second prize.

The health department issued twelve burial permits yesterday. Death in over half of the cases was caused by infantile diseases.

Thomas Madden pleaded guilty before Judge Edson this morning to the charge of assaulting Pat Hogan and was fined $5 and costs, which he paid.

John Phelan was arraigned before Judge Edson this morning charged with committing an assault on Moses Morison. He pleaded not guilty and demanded a jury trial. The case was set for tomorrow morning.

The Midsummer Outing club gave a very pleasant dancing party at Forest Home pavilion, Lester Park, last evening. A most enjoyable time was had by all.

The A. O. H. will hold their annual picnic at Lester Park tomorrow and a good time is anticipated.

The St. Paul cricket team has challenged the players at the head of the lakes. Charles McMillan is making arrangements to organize a team to accept, and to that end visited Superior yesterday afternoon.

There will be a meeting of the Y. M. C. A. Camera club at the association parlors, tomorrow evening, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of electing a full set of officers and transact such other business that may come before it.

Robert Cumby, the colored man who was so badly cut up in an affray in the Royal hotel Sunday afternoon, that he had to be taken to the hospital, is recovering at a phenomenal rate. It was reported this morning that most of his wounds are so far healed that the stitches might be taken out. He will be able to have his hearing in two or three days.

Inspectors Monaghan and Chalk have received an application to inspect the new Canadian steamer Keenora, which is to run on the Lake of the Woods. They will go to Fort Frances next week to inspect her, and also the Hayes boat.

The Ollie Torbett Concert company will give a concert in Duluth on Friday evening, Aug. 27, at Turner hall.

Greek statuary living pictures and music at Craggencroft, Friday evening.

A. R. Macfarlane, as receiver for the Security bank, this morning secured an order from Judge Ensign allowing him to attach certain property belonging to R. J. Williams, one of the defendants in the stockholders' liability suit now in progress. Williams is a non-resident stockholder, and the attachment was therefore issued against some land belonging to him situated near Oneota.

Ernst A. Schulze, assignee for the People's Savings bank, this morning began a suit against W. W. Sanford and H. R. Spencer to recover $500 alleged to be due on a note.

A marriage license has been issued to Michael Kelly and Lilian Rondeau.

S. S. Curry has sued J. A. Willard to foreclose a mortgage given on five lots in Willard's addition to Duluth to secure a note for $3000. M. H. Stanford is the attorney.

The will of Henry Wieland was filed for probate this morning. It bequeaths the property of the deceased to his four children, C. C., Henry P. and Paul F. E. Wieland and Elise R. Beier, share and share alike.

Arrangements for the excursion on the steamer Peerless for the purpose of raising a fund to endow a charity bed in the new St. Mary's hospital are progressing favorably. Tomorrow evening at 7:30 o'clock the ladies who are interested will hold a meeting at the Sacred Heart institute.

Hammel & Co. say that M. McDonald, who was arrested yesterday for dumping refuse near the electric light plant, is not in their employ. They have no man by that name, they say.

See that your clothes are kept clean. Try Kelly.

George W. Sisson, a prominent lumberman of Potsdam, N. Y., returned today from a trip to Yellowstone Park and left for the East on the North West this afternoon, accompanied by his daughter Grace. They were guests at the St. Louis.

"Thank you for showing me other hats, but I want the Gordon."

For G. A. R. excursion to Buffalo the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway makes the lowest rates and quickest time.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 Years the Standard.

NEXT TERM OF COURT

Interesting Session Likely to Be Held Beginning In Two Weeks.

THE SWENSON CASE

It Will Be Called For Trial This Time---Long Term Probable.

The September term of the district court will begin two weeks from tomorrow, Sept. 1, when the calendar for the term will be called and the grand jury sworn and organized. The term will have some interesting things about it, and it is likely that more may develop before the last day for filing notes of issue, which will be Wednesday, Aug. 25. In the criminal line the most important case so far will be that against ex-County Commissioner Albert Swenson, who is to be tried on two charges, one for soliciting and another for agreeing to receive a bribe. This is the last of the cases resulting from the extraordinary investigations of the grand jury of the January term. He is accused of asking for a bribe for his influence in getting the board of county commissioners, of which he was a member, to allow the St. Louis County Agricultural society an appropriation of $500 for last fall's fair. He will be prosecuted by Acting County Attorney C. O. Baldwin. He is now under bonds.

The sheriff is now engaged in serving the summonses to the citizens who have been called upon to do jury duty for this term, and the work will probably be completed by the last of the week. Judge Ensign will have charge of the calendar, and the criminal case in room No. 1 this term, Judge Moer will be in Room 2 and Judge Cant in Room 3. W. A. Kennedy will be chief deputy clerk in place of S. E. Peachey, who will be missed from the position he has occupied for a number of years.

As this is the first term after the "long vacation" it is likely that it will be somewhat long.

"AN ORIGINAL IDEA"
PRESENTED BY
Mr. and Mrs. FRANK LABADIE
AT ARMORY, FRIDAY, AUGUST 20.

LIST NOT SO LARGE.

North West Carried Fewer Passengers This Afternoon.

The North West's passenger list this afternoon was not so large as the lists have been for some weeks. Among those who left from this port were the following:

To Buffalo—J. Johnson, I. Freimuth, Mrs. R. F. Fitzgerald and daughter, Duluth; Howard Thomas, W. A. Johnson, Minneapolis; Mrs. Jacob Danz, Miss Lillie Denz, George Danz, L. C. Neuman, Harriet Flynn, Maude Gould, Mrs. E. C. Stringer, Mrs. M. N. Seymour, St. Paul; M. Louis Taylor, Boston; George and Cad Keeney, Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Keeney, Ora Keeney, Elizabeth, N. J.; E. Camp, Perry, N. Y.; John T. Bressler, Wayne, Neb.; L. M. Colfelt, J. E. J. Fanshawe, Mrs. Bonner, Miss Louise Bonner, Philadelphia; Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Benson, Miss J. S. Benson, Miss O. Belden, Elizabeth, N. J.; P. Pickenbrock, Mr. and Mrs. J. Joseph, St. Louis; Mr. and Mrs. Henry Partick and daughter, Hopedale, Pa.; Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Denny, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Round, F. W. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. William Wilson, H. M. Walker, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Despard, New York; Mrs. A. C. Williams, Mrs. T. R. Jenness, Brooklyn; M. E. Walker, Philadelphia, Mr. and Mrs. S. D. Kingsley and son, C. A. Kenyon, Oliphant; J. G. Dudley, Buffalo; Mr. and Mrs. M. R. Engle, Butte, Mont.; Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Merritt, Chicago; J. P. C. Foster, New Haven, Conn.

To Detroit—Miss McClure, Duluth; Miss C. W. Miller, Mrs. H. N. Beals, Minneapolis; C. H. Gawn, Omaha; Miss Reynolds, Saginaw; J. W. Marshall, Toledo; Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Hubley, Mr. and Mrs. C. J. George and child, Pittsburg; Mr. and Mrs. M. A. McRae and son, Detroit.

To Mackinac—Ramsey, Peter and R. J. Hoquet, New York; Odin McKay, Omaha; H. C. Register and two sons, Philadelphia; C. E. Hay, Springfield, Ill.; Mrs. H. Muhlhauser, Miss Swagner, Cincinnati; Mr. and Mrs. A. Walsh, J. T. and A. P. Walsh, Memphis, Tenn.; Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Chapman and two children, Miss A. Donnelly, Kansas City; Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Eastman, St. Augustine, Fla.; W. L. Lowenthal, L. Rosenthal, Chicago; J. J. Derrick, J. J. Hickey, Detroit.

To Cleveland—A. C. and Clarence Saundry, Cleveland; Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Shelby, Lexington, Ky.; A. D. Hutch, Pittsburg; Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Sykes, Mercer, Pa.; Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Brodhead, Butler, Pa.

To the Sault—E. G. Crowdis, Princeton, N. J.; Miss Hanson, Fargo; Miss Richardson, Fort Wayne, Ind.

A Yachting Party.

Miss Pearl Chalk is entertaining a party of school friends who are in the city. They are: Misses Josie Kelly, M. McCarthy and M. Burns, of Minneapolis; Julia Leahy, of Cincinnati; Belle Henry, of Duluth, and Will Powers, of London, Ont. Yesterday afternoon and evening they enjoyed a pleasant ride about the harbor in a steam yacht, landing at 6 o'clock long enough to take supper at the St. Louis. They will remain in Duluth several days as guests of Miss Chalk.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, LUCAS COUNTY—SS.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal.) A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

FREIGHT HANDLERS' PICNIC.

The first annual picnic of the Freight Handlers' union has been postponed until Sunday, Aug. 22.

Take Your Dirty Watch

To E. E. Esterly and have it cleaned. Main springs, $1; cleanig, $1. 105 West Superior street, room 5, over Power & Settle.

A REASON FOR IT.

C. E. Bailey Finds Out Why Mesaba Range Ores Are Cheaper.

C. E. Bailey, the well known mining engineer, returned today from a month's absence in Pennsylvania and Ohio and left this afternoon for his home in Virginia. Mr. Bailey accompanied the American Institute of Mining Engineers on their return trip to Buffalo and then went to Pittsburg to study furnace conditions.

Before going East Mr. Bailey was of the opinion that the low prices which were being paid for Mesaba ore was due rather to a prejudice against the range than for any practical reason, and that as a matter of fact the ore should bring as much as that from other ranges of a similar quality. The result of his investigations, however, has caused him to change his mind.

Mr. Bailey found that the furnaces are troubled with flume dust from Mesaba ores, which cause them great loss and is accountable for the differential which is charged against the output of that range. The ores from the older ranges are gummy and melt before the dust is blown. The Mesaba ores differ materially in this respect, however, and the most trouble from flume dust comes from ore taken from the Mountain Iron, while that from the Fayal is the best in this particular of any ore from the Mesaba range of which he heard in the furnace district.

The three Carnegie furnaces each lose eighty tons of ore a day because of the dusty output from the Mountain Iron. Mr. Bailey has hope that this objection to Mesaba ores will soon be overcome, but reports that up to this time no effort has been made to prevent the great loss which is now being incurred. The Carnegie people, he said, are very progressive and he has no doubt they will soon have some appliances which will enable them to save all of the ore dust that is now blown out and wasted.

The outlook for the iron business Mr. Bailey says is very bright indeed and he looks for a decided improvement in prices this fall. The furnace men, he says, have not yet contracted for all of the ore that they will require this season and he looks for large additional orders before the close of navigation. He also anticipates a prosperous season next year. In railroad circles a heavy business at profitable rates is looked for this fall in carrying the large crops to market, and as this will make the railroads prosperous they may be expected to order rails freely for next year's delivery.

EXCURSION TO FOND DU LAC

Daily on Str. S. B. Barker.

Leave Booth's dock 9:45 a.m., Fifth avenue 10:00, Tower Bay Slip 10:10. Returning leave Fond du Lac 4 p.m. Fare 50c Round Trip.

HORTON DENIES IT.

Says His Bridge Did Not Settle In the Middle.

C. M. Horton says that it is untrue that his bridge settled in the middle and that the steel beam gave way on the occasion of the recent test. He says, furthermore, that the engine with which the test was made weighed at least thirty-seven tons with the tender.

The bridge, he says, sprung a little as was natural, but not so as to strain the fiber of the metal or fracture it. The 15-inch girder underneath was permanently sprung, he says, but that, he says is apart from the bridge proper. The track was laid to one side, close to one of the trusses, or the floor girders, 15-inch I beams, would not support the load, if carried in the center. The effect of this was to put about three-fourths of the load on one truss. The tonnage on the driving wheels of the locomotive increased the weight of the load about three times at the panel points.

Mr. Horton says that the people have been misinformed about the bridge. At any time they want to see a test, he is ready to have the engine steamed up.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Gibraltar—Arrived: Ems, from New York for Genoa and Naples, and proceeded.

Movillo—Arrived: State of Nebraska, from New York.

Queenstown—Arrived: Catalonia, from Boston.

FREE! NO KNIFE!

NOSES RED and noses blue, no knife should cut that nose on you—because Dr. S. CLAY TODD, 1224 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis., can make the color of your noses perfectly natural without using a knife.

ATTENTION! TAKE NOTICE!

PAVILION.

TONIGHT AND BALANCE OF THE WEEK. DULUTH'S ONLY

JULE KUSSEL

WILL SING TWO GREAT DESCRIPTIVE BALLADS, in conjunction with

KUSSEL'S STOCK CO. IN POPULAR PLAYS.

ANNUAL PICNIC

OF DIVISION No. I, A. O. H.

WILL BE HELD AT

LESTER PARK

GOOD TIME. TOMORROW. GOOD TIME.

Music and Dancing. E. L. FISHER, Prompter.

SPRAGUE, WARNER & CO.'S PURE FOOD EXHIBIT AT SUTTON & MAAS' THIS WEEK

Diamond Java and Mocha Coffee and Perfection Baking Powder. MUFFINS SERVED FREE.

RICHELIEU BRAND OF CANNED FRUIT AND VEGETABLES on EXHIBITION

FAST FEMALE FLYERS AT UNION RINK ALL THIS WEEK!

CHAMPION FEMALE RIDERS OF AMERICA.

RACE FROM 8 TO 10 P. M.

BICYCLES CHECKED AT THIRD AVENUE ENTRANCE.

ADMISSION 25 CENTS.

O-AT-KA BEACH

SUMMER RESORT.

Best and only First Class Picnic Grounds at head of the lakes. Large Dancing Pavilions Music every afternoon and evening, new Bath House and Toboggan Slide, with five hundred foot dock, new boat house in connection, ball park, lunch rooms, soda fountains and confectionery stores, tables, benches and swings free to picnic parties. Cars and boats make regular trips from Duluth and Tower Bay Slip, West Superior every half hour.

Ely

Have a PHOTO of the Baby Today.....

THE PHOTOGRAPHER

7 East Superior St. 4th door east of Lake Ave.

Can give you the best value in PHOTOGRAPHS. Try him.

FREE! FREE!

Mothers Don't Like You

to kiss their children if you have a greasy, pitted face, and the grown-up daughter doesn't relish it, either. Don't stand in your own light. Have your face straightened out by DR. S. CLAY TODD, 1224 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis.

CONDENSED BANK STATEMENTS.

Condensed Statement of Condition OF THE

First National Bank OF DULUTH, MINN.

At the close of Business, July 23rd, 1897.

RESOURCES.

Loans		$1,068,342 56
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		54,000 00
Other bonds and stocks		22,765 43
Bank building		175,000 00
Five per cent redemption fund.		2,250 00
Demand grain loans	$382,000 00	
Government bonds	56,000 00	
Due from other banks	783,631 19	
Cash on hand	227,702 68	
		1,450,734 05
		$2,743,092 04

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$ 500,000 00
Surplus fund	250,000 00
Undivided profits	24,058 54
Circulation	45,000 00
Deposits	1,924,033 50
	$2,743,092 04

Report of the Condition OF THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF DULUTH

At the close of Business July 23, 1897.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$ 79,293 14
Overdrafts		31 98
Stocks and bonds		3,050 00
Furniture and fixtures		2,332 75
Current expenses and taxes paid		3,574 53
Reserve—		
Cash on hand	$15,401 54	
Cash in other banks	14,360 30	
Exchanges for clearing house	3,450 70	
		33,212 54
		$121,494 94

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$ 25,000 00
Undivided profits	4,417 32
Deposits subject to check	54,356 58
Certificates of deposit	28,097 75
Public funds	7,618 65
Deposits of banks	1,178 49
Cashier's checks	300 50
Certified checks	545 65
	92,077 62
	$121,494 94

A. FITGER & CO.'S

FAVORITE BRANDS—

PALE BOHEMIAN AND BAVARIAN.

2 dozen quarts $2.25

3 dozen pints $2.00

Free!

The Leading Specialist of Amerioa ---36 Years Experience--- 250,000 Cured.

We Cure Gleet.

Thousands of young and middle-aged men are having their sexual vigor and vitality continually sapped by this disease. They are frequently unconscious of the cause of these symptoms. General weakness, unnatural discharges, failing manhood, nervousness, poor memory, irritability, at times smarting sensation, sunken eyes, with dark circles, weak back, general depression, lack of ambition, varicocele, shrunken parts, etc. GLEET and STRICTURE may be the cause. Don't allow anyone to experiment on you. Consult specialists who have made a life study of diseases of men and women. Our NEW METHOD TREATMENT will positively cure you.

We treat and cure EMISSIONS, VARICOCELE, GLEET, STRICTURE, IMPOTENCY, SECRET DRAINS, UNNATURAL DISCHARGES, EYE, EAR, NOSE, LUNG, BRAIN, NERVE, STOMACH, KIDNEY and BLADDER DISEASES. Dr. S. Clay Todd, 1224 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis. Hours, 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. all this and next week. Permanently located.

Free treatment until cured. Consultations free. Make one call. Waiting rooms open from 6 a. m. to 9 p. m.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

FIFTEENTH YEAR. WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 18, 1897. FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION. TWO CENTS.

THREE DAYS NOW!

Thursday, Friday and Saturday. With the closing of our doors Saturday night our Three Great Suit Sales come to an end. No matter what your needs are we've just what you want—heavy, medium, light, winter, spring, summer, and not a few odds and ends to choose from but our entire stock. You'll need clothes in the months to come, and now is the time to buy.

UP TO SATURDAY NIGHT YOU CAN BUY

Any suit of clothes in the house for **$13.50**



All $12.00 and $15.00 suits for— **$9.85.**

All $8.00, $9.00 and $10.00 Suits for— **$6.75.**

This includes all $20, $22 and $25.00 tailor made suits.

Our way of reducing stock is to throw open wide the doors and give you full choice of everything in the house. This is positively the last week. Take advantage of it.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125-127 West Superior Street.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

Commercial Light and Power Company,

Successor to Hartman General Electric Co.

Office--Rooms 4, 5, 6, 216 West Superior St.

Furnish Electric Current For Light and Power.

L. MENDENHALL. ESTABLISHED 1869. T. W. HOOPES.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES,

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

$12,500.00 to Loan on Improved Property.

THE SIMLA UPRISING.

Large Number of the Tribes Are In Revolt.

Simla, Aug. 18.—News has been received here confirming the report that the Afridis of the Bazar valley and the Orizarkis have arisen. The latter are said to be descending in force on the Kurramthull road, on which is situated the Sadr post. This post is held by a native officer and thirty Sikhs. A detachment of cavalry has left Karram with instructions to ascertain the movements of the Oralizais. The reinforcements sent to Kohat have reached that place.

If the Afridis rise generally the British forces will be compelled to abandon Lundi and Kotah. The force of the British and Indian troops under the command of Gen. Blood is now in camp at Kotah. The British cavalry company has pursued the enemy as far as Burikot, fifteen miles beyond Chakdara.

BLOCKADE AT DYEA.

The Steamer Alki Brings a Budget of Alaskan News.

Chicago, Aug. 18.—A special from Seattle says: The steamer Alki arrived from Dyea and Skagwa at 4 o'clock this morning and leaves again tomorrow. She brought down the usual news from the north—that most of the miners are still on the ocean side of the mountains trying to get over the pass.

The steamer Queen, from the north, is due today at 5 p. m. The steamer Humboldt, which was listed yesterday, left for the north today, going to St. Michaels. The Alki brought down news of a vigilance committee being organized at Dyea by miners. Offenders will be summarily dealt with, just as they were in the early days of California.

SILK RIBBONS DUTIABLE.

Washington, Aug. 18.—Assistant Secretary Howell, in a decision rendered today, says "that silk ribbons" are dutiable at the rate of 50 per cent ad valorem as "manufactures of silks," under the new tariff act. The question at issue was whether silk ribbons should be assessed as "trimmings" at 60 per cent ad valorem or "manufactures of silk" at 50 per cent.

A CHARLIE ROSS CASE.

Albany, N. Y., Aug. 18.—No trace has been found of John H. Way, the 5-year-old boy who was kidnapped and who is being held for a ransom. So far there is no clue whatever for the police to work upon and the child's parents are in despair.

TENNIS AT OMAHA.

Omaha, Neb., Aug. 18.—In the preliminary round of the interstate tennis tourney Condee, of Chicago, beat Ripley Hinsdale, 7-5, 6-4; Bowersock, Kansas City, beat McGee, Chicago, 6-0, 6-1; Millward, Omaha, beat Van Brunt, Kansas City, 4-6, 6-2. Preliminaries are continued this afternoon.

SOUND MONEY CONFERENCE.

Saratoga, N. Y., Aug. 18.—Hugh H. Hanna, of Indianapolis; George Foster Peabody, of New York city; A. E. Williams, of Philadelphia, and J. W. Fries, of Salem, N. C., the sub-committee appointed by the executive committee of fifteen selected by the recent sound money conference at Indianapolis, are holding executive session at the United States hotel today.

THE ASSASSIN GOLLI.

Government Will Permit No Communication With Him.

Madrid, Aug. 18.—The Spanish government has forbidden all telegraphic and telephonic communications relative to Angiolillo the assassin of Premier Canovas Del Castillo, who was tried by courtmartial on Sunday last and who was sentenced on Monday to be executed by the garrote. It is understood that he will be executed tomorrow or on Friday next.

The visit of Gen. Azcarraga, the acting premier and minister of war, to the queen regent at San Sebastian is regarded as being important, in view of the fact that the premier is known to have expressed the belief that a definitely constituted ministry is necessary to deal with the situation, especially in view of the arrival here of the new United States minister, Gen. Steward L. Woodford.

TOTAL ABSTAINERS MEET.

Scranton, Pa., Aug. 18.—The National Catholic Total Abstinence union of America convention began this morning in St. Thomas' college hall. Rev. James Cleary, of Stillwater, Minn., the president, presided.

After the appointment of a committee on credentials and the paid convention assistants an adjournment was taken to attend the celebration of pontifical mass by Bishop O'Hara in St. Peter's cathedral. The mass was impressively celebrated, the altar decorations and incidentals to the mass being of a richness and beauty not exceeded in the cathedral in recent years, except at the consecration of Bishop Hogan by Cardinal Satolli, two years ago.

COFFEEN MINERS OUT.

St. Louis, Aug. 18.—A telegram from Hillsboro, Ill., to the Post Dispatch says: "Gen. Bradley, the leader of the little army of miners who invaded the town of Coffeen yesterday and was hustled over to this city last evening and put in jail, will be released on bail of $1000 this afternoon, several business men signing the bond. Bradley's trial will come off on the 25th. The miners at Coffeen are all out today, but everything is peaceful notwithstanding the invaders still occupy the village. They are behaving themselves properly.

FIRE AT CLIFFORD MINE.

Iron Mountain, Mich., Aug. 18.—The Clifford shaft house at the traders' mine, including all the timber and tracks to the first level, were consumed by fire early today. The shaft engine is also a total loss. The fire was caused by some one dropping a candle.

RECEIVERS APPOINTED.

Boston, Aug. 18.—Judge Lathrop of the supreme court today appointed as temporary receivers of the Massachusetts Benefit Life association Alfred Woodworth, president of the Eagle National bank, of this city, and Arthur Lord, of Salem. Bonds in the sum of $25,000 each will be required. A temporary injunction has been issued restraining the company from doing further business. The order is returnable Sept. 3.

BENEVOLENT UNION.

Scranton, Pa., Aug. 18.—The first business session of the national convention of the Irish Catholic Benevolent union began here this afternoon. The delegates attended a celebration of mass in Peter's cathedral this morning.

FIVE CENTS HIGHER WENT WHEAT TODAY AND CLOSED STRONG

Minn. Hist'l Society May 97

Wheat Went Soaring Skyward Today and Dollar Wheat Now Seems to Be Likely.

THE CABLES STRONG

The Sensation of the Day Was Furnished By a Great Rise at Paris.

Wheat advanced 5 cents today and closed at nearly that gain for the day. The closing price was 89 cents at Duluth and 88½ at Chicago, the highest point it has reached since 1891. The closing at Chicago was a scene long to be remembered. The pit in the last few minutes of trading became a struggling, shouting mass of excited speculators trying frantically to buy. There was literally no wheat for sale, and the efforts of the shorts fairly took the market off its feet. September jumping nearly a cent in the last minute. December showed a still more radical advance, and for a time sold on even cutts has appointed V. S. Wilkinson

Traders who went home last night short on September wheat were disagreeably surprised today by the action of the Liverpool market, where an opening decline of only ¼@¼d was recorded, notwithstanding a break of nearly 2 cents in the American markets yesterday. Their efforts to cover caused an opening advance of 1⅜@1½c. Second Liverpool cables showed remarkable strength, advances of ½@ 2-3d being recorded, and foreigners were again good buyers, both at Chicago and at New York. The weather conditions were not entirely favorable and the Western movement showed signs of falling off. The Minneapolis and Duluth receipts were but 154 cars against 231 last week, and 346 last year.

The sensation of the day was the great advance in the Paris quotations. For August delivery it was equal to 6¼c per bus higher than it closed Saturday last, there having been no market there meantime until today on account of holidays. The December-February term was quoted 1 franc, or the equivalent of 5¼c per bus higher. The receipt of the Paris quotations caused a rapid rise in the American markets.

The Chicago receipts were 183 cars, and 203,000 bus were inspected out of store. The primary markets in the West received a total of 843,000 bus compared with 657,000 bus on the like day of 1896. Exports from Atlantic seaboard were equal in wheat and flour to 665,000 bus.

One of the chief causes of the great strength of the market is the conviction steadily gaining ground that the wheat crop in the Northwest will not be as large as has been predicted. The first reports were that a phenomenal crop was certain, but special dispatches to The Herald recently from the leading wheat counties showed that this was incorrect and that the most which could be expected was a fair average crop. It is doubtful now whether the crop will be up to the average. The crop is being harvested under difficulties. Much of the grain is very wet and some of it has turned out mouldy. It is one of the wettest seasons ever seen, and it is now doubtful whether the three states—Minnesota and the Dakotas—will produce a crop of 115,000,000 bus. Some authorities estimate it at even lower figures. One bullish operator was claiming on the Duluth board this morning that the Northwest would not raise enough wheat this year to supply the demands of its own millers, but this is no doubt a rather extreme iew. The situation, however, is enough to justify the advance in prices which is taking place.

There was a fair amount of trading on the Duluth board today. September wheat opened 1½c higher at 85⅝c and advanced during the first hour to 86¼c. Then it reacted to 85⅞c, but soon recovered and sold up to 86½c. A strong bullish feeling developed after noon and an advance of 1c to 87½c occurred. In fifteen minutes more the September option had touched 88¾c, and within five minutes of the close it sold at 89½c. The close was strong with buyers at 89c, an advance of 4⅞c for the day. Shippers bought 7000 bus of cash stuff at 6c over September. Near the close cash wheat was selling at 95½c. It

(Continued on page 3.)

JAPAN IS PEACEFUL.

Man of War Was Sent to Honolulu to Make Japanese There Behave.

Washington, Aug. 18. — Minister Hoshi of Japan has returned from a visit to Marquis Ito at New York and, after going over the last official mail from Japan left for his summer cottage at Boi Berkely Springs. Madame Hoshi and her children have utilized the hot season for a trip to Japan, and will return in the autumn.

There are no developments in the Hawaiian-Japanese controversy, and no reply has been received to Secretary Sherman's last communication. The press opinion of Japan has become much more conciliatory, and the arbitration negotiations between Japan and Hawaii are regarded as disposing of the chances of trouble between the United States and Japan.

The Japan Mail explains that the man of war Naniwa was not dispatched to Honolulu for the purpose of making an armed demonstration, but simply to secure the orderly behavior of Japanese subjects in Hawaii. It adds that Japan is to be congratulated that arbitration, the only civilized exit from an international difficulty, has been selected as a means of settling a mere question of compensation. The Mainichi Shimbun urges that the United States should be complimented by being selected as arbitrator, rather than Norway and Sweden. It says that a decision by the United States could be relied upon as fair, and under existing circumstances if there were any at all it would probably be in Japan's favor.

This suggestion has aroused discussion in Japanese papers, and the Japan Mail, while approving the plan, says the United States would not be willing, from considerations of delicacy, to act as arbitrator. There are, however some exceptions to this cordial expression.

DECISION FOR EXPORTERS.

Washington, Aug. 18.—The attorney general has rendered a decision, in which he adds that, under section 3 of the administrative act of 1890, the personal attendance of exporters or their agents is not required at the consulate in order to validate the consul's certificate. This opinion, which has been acquiesced in, reverses the former ruling of the department.

FRONTIER BLAZING.

Insurrection In British India Has Reached a Very Grave Stage.

Simla, Aug. 18.—It is announced here this afternoon that the whole frontier seems to be aflame.

The Afridis are marching through the Khyber pass upon Jamerud, while the Orizarkis are advancing by Kurram and are threatening Samana.

The Thirty-sixth regiment of Sikhs which is divided into detachments along the frontier, has been ordered to concentrate at Fort Lockhart.

All the ladies, except Mrs. Dosvoeux, the wife of Maj. Dosvoeux of the Thirty-sixth Sikhs, have left Samana and have reached Hangu in safety.

The Guerrah and Samil-Mazasai have combined and threaten Parachenar, in in the Kurram valley, which is garrisoned by detachments of Goorkhas and Sikhs.

PENNSYLVANIA DEMOCRATS.

Will Unhesitatingly Declare Allegiance to Chicago Platform.

Philadelphia, Aug. 18.—Democratic State Chairman John M. German and ex-Congressman and ex-State Chairman James Kerr are in the city. In speaking of the Democratic state convention to be held at Reading on Aug. 21, Mr. German said: "The convention will overwhelmingly reaffirm allegiance to the Chicago platform, and if a resolution declaring Mr. Harrity's seat vacant in the national committee is presented it will be adopted. I cannot say, however, that such a resolution will be presented."

For state treasurer, J. C. McKinney, of Louisville, is strongly urged. E. F. Kerr, of Bedford, is also mentioned. For surveyor general, Gray Meek appears to be the strongest candidate. Judge Weidle, mayor of Reading, Pa., is also mentioned for the state treasurership. Surveyor Meek, in speaking of the anti-Harrity feeling, last night, said: "The Chicago platform will be adopted, but I do not think Mr. Harrity will be attacked unless his friends show their teeth."

CALDWELL'S SUCCESSOR.

New York, Aug. 18.—Samuel R. Galloway was elected today president of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railway, to succeed the late D. W. Caldwell.

ADVANCEMENT OF SCIENCE.

British Association Opens Its Meetings In Toronto.

Toronto, Ont., Aug. 18.—Today is the opening of the British Association for the Advancement of Science meetings and large numbers of learned men of the Anglo-Saxon race are arriving on every train. Counting the Canadian delegates, 500 of whom have already registered, it is estimated that the total attendance will foot up 1600. Among the recent arrivals are Sir John Evans, president-elect; Hon. James Price, M. P., and Professor Staellard of Leland Stanford university.

Theodore Kelvin is now preparing a paper, taking as a subject: "The Water Power Supply of the World." It was probably suggested by his recent visit to Niagara. It is not down on the program, and he has not decided when he will read it. Among the social functions of the meetings will be the reception to be given by the governor general and Lady Aberdeen at the parliament buildings tomorrow. Two thousand invitations have been issued and in addition to the preparations in the building, large tents are being put on the lawns for the entertainment of the guests.

SIX ARE KILLED.

Disastrous Freight Wreck on the Louisville & Nashville Road In Illinois.

St. Louis, Aug. 18.—A special to the Post Dispatch from McLeansborough, Ill., says: News of a disastrous wreck on the Louisville & Nashville railroad, one and a half miles north of Dahlgreen in this county, reached this city this afternoon.

At about 7:30 o'clock two freight trains headed in opposite directions at full speed collided, killing six men, all employes of the company, and demolishing the engines and a large number of cars of both trains. No. 515 mail and express train will be delayed until 6 o'clock or later.

AMERICANS ARE CHAMPIONS.

Ware and Sheldon Defeat Mahony and Nesbit in Tennis.

Newport, R. I., Aug. 18.—L. E. Ware, of Harvard, and G. P. Sheldon, Jr., of Yale, defeated S. S. Mahony, of Ireland, and H. A. Nesbit, of London, for the tennis championship, in doubles, of the United States by a score of 11-13, 6-2, 9-7, 1-6, 6-1.

The match throughout was held in contested, the American players actually well, while Nesbit was the better of the English pair. The Americans won through continual lobbing and scored 215 points to their opponents' 203.

BREEDER CAUGHT.

Pennsylvania Cashier Whose Crime Made a Bank President Crazy.

Easton, Pa., Aug. 18.—Detective Johnson, who traced Cyrus E. Breeder, the defaulting cashier of the Bethlehem National bank to St. Clair, Mich., and there arrested him, has telegraphed to District Attorney Fox that the prisoner will be brought East in a few days. Breeder's defalcations have made George H. Meyers, president of the bank, a physical wreck and he is now in Kirkbridge's asylum, Philadelphia.

Meyers is a man of great wealth and is the possessor of heavy holdings of stock in many prominent corporations. He was a director of the Lehigh Valley railway company until the July meeting, and is at present in the directory of the Bethelehem Iron company When Breeder's peculations became public the matter preyed heavily on Meyer's mind and his health failed rapidly. His friends sent him to Atlantic City for a few days, but the change did not have the desired effect and later he was taken to Kirkbridge's. He is reported to be growing gradually worse.

CALUMET AND HECLA OFFICIALS.

Boston, Mass., Aug. 18.—The meeting of the stockholders of the Calumet and Hecla company was held here today. Col. Livermore acted as chairman. There were represented by proxy and in person 73,724 shares, and the following directors were re-elected: Alexander Agassiz, of Cambridge; Francis L. Higginson, Boston; Francis Hunnewell, Wellseley, Mass.; Quincy A. Shaf, Jr., of Boston, and James M. Wright, Detroit. Following the annual meeting of the stockholders, the directors met and re-elected former officers. They adjourned without taking any action on the dividend.

LAW CLERKS' EXAMINATION.

Washington, Aug. 18.—As a result of a departmental competitive examination for the position of chief law clerk in the office of the comptroller of the treasury, in which twenty-two lawyers participated, W. W. Warwick, of Cincinnati, has received the appointment, having received the highest rating. Eight of the whole number examined attained over 80 per cent and all will be promoted. The examination is said to have been exceptionally difficult.

BADGER STATE LEGISLATURE.

Madison, Wis., Aug. 18.—In the assembly today both the express company and sleeping car taxation bills were passed over the governor's veto. The senate passed the bakeries bill over the governor's veto, providing for cleanliness of bakeries, but the bill, on reaching the assembly, was killed.

WOOL SOLD AT AUCTION.

New York, Aug. 18.—An auction sale of wool was held on the floor of the wool exchange today for the first time in its history. The sale was highly successful, and will become a regular feature as on the wool exchange of London and Liverpool. The exchange was crowded with wool men from all points east of Chicago. A catalogue had been prepared containing a description of the wool which was supplemented by a thorough system of sample.

JOINING HIS REGIMENT.

Omaha, Neb., Aug. 18.—At headquarters, department of the Platte, it is stated that Maj. Forbush is simply going to join his regiment at Fort Washakie, and that the department knows nothing about cattle thieves, and they would come within the civil jurisdiction in any event.

The Fall Campaign Begun

Most merchants say there's no business in August. It's because they don't get their Fall Goods early enough. The Fall business at the Glass Block has opened with its old-time vigor, because the New Fall Stuffs are crowding in upon us every day. We are now showing all the latest things for Fall, and the crowds at our Dress Goods and other departments SHOW THEY appreciate our efforts.

THURSDAY BARGAINS.

SILK DEPARTMENT.

We have about 50 pieces plain Chinas, Figured Foulards, worth from 25c to 35c per yard, which we will close at **15c**

16 pieces 27-inch Plain Chinas and Crepe du Chene, worth from 50c to 75c per yard, all in one lot, Thursday only, per yard **27c**

10 pieces Changeable and Plain Taffeta Silks, worth up to 85c a yard, Thursday, per yard **49c**

Compare this with any bargain Sales you can find anywhere.

50 short lengths and 10 full pieces figured plaid and striped Brocade, Velours, Taffetas, Moire, worth up to 98c, Thursday, per yard **69c**

20 pieces Gros Grains, Failles, Rhadames, worth up to $1.00 per yard, Thursday **49c**

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT.

We are, as usual, first in the market with new goods. Our closing sales of spring and summer goods are things of the past. What few goods we have left in that class you can take away at most any ridiculous price, but we are now well on in the fall campaign and cannot spend money advertising stuff you don't want.

These are New—Black Goods.

Look at our Ottoman Cords, Fancies, Polka Dots and Wool Reps, 44 and 48 inches wide, you will pay from $1.25 to $1.50 per yard for them of the other fellows when they get around with their new goods, our price now, per yard **$1.00**

Look at our 75c table of Black Goods, Cheviots, Jacquards, Fancies and Brocades, 42 to 48 inches wide, worth from $1.00 to $1.25 per yd **75c**

COLORED DRESS GOODS.

All new—of our own importation—came in under old tariff and marked at old tariff prices.

25 pieces Canvas Cloth, a fine Worsted material in "new reds," "new blues," "new greens," "new browns" and "new blacks" that have advanced in the market since our purchase 12½ per cent and are worth today 65c, we shall sell at—per yard **50c**

Beautiful Silk and Wool Mixtures that you would cali all right at $1.00 per yard, we will sell at **89c**

We have a line of Plaids and Fancy Mixtures, 48-inch wide, that are well worth $1.25 per yard, at **$1.00**

Don't fail to look at our Patterns, no two alike, exclusive; from $9.50 to **$12**

RIBBONS! RIBBONS!

Full stock new goods just opened.

Fancy Plaids, beautiful effects, per yard **29c**

New Moire, new colors, new prices, all widths—

16c, 19c and 26c per yd

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.

We are not advertising old Millinery—take it away at "any old price"—but don't fail to look at our advance styles in street hats.

Sombreros, Tuxedos, Grants, Cavalier, Annie Oakley and Dakota—all at our usual low cash prices.

WASH GOODS DEPARTMENT.

We have no old Wash Goods to sell at half price; we settled that business long ago. We are now selling new up-to-date Fall Stuffs.

Look at our new Percales at—**12½c and 10c**

Our Fleeced Wrapper Goods in beautiful designs are the best we ever offered— per yard **12½c**

Our line of Fall Prints is superb, best wash colors; yd **7c**

LADIES' TIES.

Ladies' pure Silk Ties and Bows, the 35c and 39c goods you hear about, each **19c**

HANDKERCHIEFS.

Ladies' fine embroidered Handkerchiefs, worth 25c, each **15c**

Ladies' fine Organdie Handkerchiefs, tinted lace edge, worth 15c, each **9c**

Ladies' all pure linen Handkerchiefs, worth 10c, each **5c**

BARGAIN COUNTER NO. 3.

Soap bargains—can you find anything like them?

Carlo Castile, White Oatmeal, Tarlo Tar, Pilgrim; Coliseum and Snowberry, Floater, your choice, per cake **3c**

LADIES' BELTS.

Stitched Belts in leather with silver buckle, worth 19c, each **10c**

Ladies' real Seal Belts with gold or silver buckles, worth 69c, each **50c**

UMBRELLAS! UMBRELLAS!

A fine silk and wool Gloria, steel rod, natural handles, silk cover and glove fastener, each **$1.69**

Gentlemen's silk and linen Gloria 28-inch steel rod, natural wood handles, each **$1.39**

GLOVE DEPARTMENT.

New Kid Gloves, up-to-date goods, no buttons, but 2-clasp, all colors, per pair **89c**

Ladies' pure Silk Mitts, per pair **15c**

Ladies' Silk Taffeta Gloves, per pair **25c**

LADIES' HOSIERY.

Ladies' fast black Hose, regular made, high spliced heel and toe—per pair **10c**

Ladies' fast black Hose, full seamless, high spliced heel and toe, as good as the kind you see at 15c— per pair **12½c**

LADIES' UNDERWEAR.

Ladies' Silk Vests, low neck and sleeveless, extra fine, as good as you usually find at $1.00 each—at **43c**

Ladies' Ribbed Vests, elegant quality, never sold less than 35c—each **19c**

NEW DRESS SKIRTS.

Figured Brilliantine Dress Skirts, new, just opened; worth $1.89—each **$1.39**

Our Figured Brilliantine Dress Skirts, that you find everywhere at $2.25, we offer at—each **$1.75**

We have a lot of Ladies' Shirt Waists in large sizes, worth up to $1.59, all in one lot—each **49c**

Panton & White.

GLASS BLOCK STORE.

A STREAM OF GOLD

Dr. E. O. Crewe, of Chicago, Makes a Rich Find In Northern Alaska.

FLOWS INTO YUKON

No Other White Man Has Ever Gazed Upon Its Untold Wealth.

Chicago, Aug. 18.—Nearly 500 miles from the nearest Alaskan trading post, surrounded by mighty mountains, known only to a tribe of Indians, a little creek but four miles long dashes through a rugged gorge into the headwaters of one of the tributaries of the Yukon river.

This cleft in the snow-girdled mountains is a veritable el dorado, according to Dr. Ernest O. Crewe, of 167 Dearborn street, says the Journal.

The sands of the stream throughout its entire length glitter with gold.

There is untold wealth there for the having. He prophesies that when the world knows of the spot, upon the banks of the stream will spring up a settlement which will rival Dawson City. He believes it will before another year be the Mecca of all seekers of the precious metal.

The exact location of the place the physician zealously guards.

Beyond the fact that it is 500 miles north of Fort Yukon he is noncommittal.

Under circumstances which read like a novel the doctor made the discovery. He is the only white man known to have ever gazed upon the waters of this golden stream.

In a few days, backed by a company now being organized in Chicago, he will start for the unnamed stream. A few sturdy companions will accompany the daring adventurer who will leave civilization hundreds of miles behind in the fascinating search for the mountain-locked wealth.

Although great efforts have been made to keep the find secret, it has leaked out, and the Chicago physician is besieged hourly by excited gold hunters. Women, some of them gray-haired, have begged to be numbered in his party. From far off states he has received letters of inquiry.

Dr. Crewe is an Englishman by birth, and for two years traveled in Alaska with Bishop Tosi. Last spring he returned with $42,000 in gold as a result of his trip.

But not one ounce of this was washed from the creek to which he is now going. It was late last winter when the physician made the discovery which he believes will startle the world.

With the priest he had on dog sledges traveled far to the northward.

"At the headwaters of a river, 300 miles long, which flows into the Yukon," he said, "we came upon a village of Indians. Most of them had never seen the face of a white man."

From this wild tribe he gleaned his information.

The news of the physician's healing powers had spread, even to the isolated tribe, however. They named the doctor in their strange tongue, "Great Plenty Medicine."

He worked his cures among the wondering Indians and gained their confidence.

In the dead of night an old warrior came to the physician's camp. Quietly he called him to one side. In his hands he held a quantity of dark, heavy-looking earth, which he submitted to the doctor's inspection. The physician examined it carefully. He rubbed off the oxidized coating and the yellow tint of gold showed itself.

"Where did you find it?" asked Dr. Crewe in the Indian tongue.

"One sleep!" was the brief reply, which meant that the place was a day's journey away.

At once the physician set out with the old Indian as his guide.

They came to a little creek which dashed down through a great gully..

"Here," said the guide.

Snow and ice covered the ground, but the doctor built a fire and thawed out a bit of ground on the stream's bank.

The cold was intense, but Dr. Crewe was nothing daunted.

Only one good-sized panful of the dark earth did he take out, but it panned out $80 in gold.

The Indian told him that all along the creek was the same dark earth. He had first noticed it one day upon a hunting trip while he leaned over to drink.

He gathered up the fine grains to ask the first white man whom he saw if it were not the precious metal of which he has heard so much.

The shrewd doctor concealed his joy and told the unsuspecting native that the sand was worthless.

"The very first place I worked I found the gold," said Dr. Crewe, to a Journal representative, "and I believe that the creek is full of it. I am certain that I found no pocket for the gold deposits are not large. They run no bigger than small kernels of wheat. From what I can gather there are many other streams in this vicinity which are very rich. Every few miles a creek dashes down through the clefts in the mountains, but this particular stream is the richest. I believe that the gold deposits are evenly distributed through the whole length of the stream."

The river into which this stream empties is navigable almost to its source, and by this route Dr. Crewe will reach his gold fields.

Among the callers upon the doctor yesterday was Mrs. John Parkinson, of Centralia, Ill. Although nearly 60 years of age, she is determined to be one of the first to start for the Yukon next spring. With her will go her husband and children. They intend to start a store there. A trained nurse was another caller and begged the physician to allow her to accompany him.

WOMEN KLONDIKERS.

Los Angeles, Cal., Aug. 18.—Circulars have been received by several women in this city from the Women's Exploration company with headquarters in San Francisco, announcing that 150 women are wanted to join an excursion to the Klondike on the first steamer next spring from San Francisco to Dawson City.

THE LETTER CARRIERS MEET.

San Francisco, Aug. 18.—Active preparations are being made to insure the success of the convention of the National Letter Carriers' association to be held in this city Sept. 6 to 12. One feature of the convention will be the grand parade on the opening day. The letter carriers are drilling three times a week for this event. The postmasters and letter carriers from the interior towns and cities will participate in the parade.



The Boundary Line.

When a young girl steps from girlhood into womanhood, she enters a new and strange country. A land of promise and hope, yet full of hidden dangers. Whether she will find happiness or misery depends largely upon the health and condition of the delicate, special organism which is the source and centre of her womanhood.

The lives of young women are often wrecked because of a mistaken sense of modesty, which leads them to neglect the earlier symptoms of feminine weakness.

These troubles unless corrected, develop into serious chronic difficulties which become a dragging burden, ruining life's best opportunities and blighting all possibility of happy wifehood and motherhood.

Any woman suffering from these delicate complaints needs the health-giving power of Dr Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It heals and strengthens the womanly organs; stops weakening drains; gives vitality to the nerve-centres, and restores perfect organic soundness and constitutional energy. It is the only medicine devised for this purpose by a skilled and experienced specialist in diseases of the feminine organism.

Mrs. W. B. Duncan, of Arlington, Mo., writes: "I have used your 'Favorite Prescription' and am never tired of sounding its praise. When my lady friends complain, I say 'Why don't you take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription?' I told an anxious mother, whose daughter (18 years old) had not been right for five months, about the medicine, and after the young lady had taken two-thirds of a bottle of 'Favorite Prescription' she was all right. She had been treated by two of our best doctors."

Dr. Pierce's great thousand-page illustrated book, "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser" sent paper-bound on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay the cost of mailing *only*. Or, a handsome cloth-bound copy for 31 stamps. Address, Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

LABOR DAY PROCLAMATION.

Governor Clough Calls Upon Business Houses to Close.

St. Paul, Aug. 18.—Governor Clough yesterday afternoon issued his labor day proclamation, requesting that every place of business where labor is employed be closed on Monday, Sept. 6, that being the first Monday in September, the day set apart by law as Labor day. In conclusion, the proclamation says:

"In the past four years of business stagnation, the people of this land have realized by bitter experience how the interests of all are inseparably connected with the interests of labor. Labor has grievously suffered from lack of employment and all have experienced the blight that marks the absence of prosperity. We are now seemingly entering upon an era of more auspicious times. But at the threshold of prosperity we can well afford to pause and by our labor day celebrations call attention to the fact that no prosperity can be lasting which is not shared by the millions of wage earners as well as by the small number of millionaires. It is especially fitting and proper then that all men, employers and employes, should lay aside their usual avocations for the day and gather together in public assemblies and in all practical and fitting ways seek to make the era upon which we are entering one that shall record a marked elevation and improvement in the condition of the wage earners in our midst."

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Winners at Brighton Beach track, New York, yesterday, were: Tremargo, Miss Tenney, Sallie Cliquot, Hamburg, Manassas, Rey Del Tierra.

A fire destroyed the Gerry Lumber company's yard at Eagle River, Wis., with 10,000,000 feet of lumber. Loss, $150,000; some insurance.

It is reported that another French detachment was recently surprised near Doble, in the Soudan, by the insurgent Tauregs, who were subsequently routed by the French.

At Madrid, the supreme council of war has confirmed the sentence of death passed by court-martial on Golli, the assassin of Premier Canovas. The murderer will be executed on Thursday or Friday.

John E. Nowlin, a revenue informer, who had been arrested for breaking into a spring house, was taken from the officers at Running Bog, Franklin county, Virginia, Monday night, and shot to death. The mob was, it is supposed, composed of moonshiners.

August Baltes was killed and Alex Glaub fatally injured last evening at the railroad crossing of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad at Elm Grove, Wis. They were driving along the country road in a buggy at a rapid rate just as the fast summer resort train rounded the curve.

Bishop Messmer, of the diocese of Green Bay, Wis., has issued a personal letter enjoining Roman Catholic societies from conducting Sunday picnics and excursions. The letter also disapproves of Saturday night and Sunday dances, and announces that Catholics who persist in attending such festivities will be denied the sacraments.

The postoffice department has prepared advertisements for contracts for all star and steamboat mail services in all of the states west of the Mississippi river, except Minnesota, Iowa and Missouri. These contracts embracing about 570 routes, will run for four years beginning July 1, 1898. Bids will be opened in the second assistant postmaster general's office, Dec. 1.

ARID LANDS CONVENTION.

Denver, Aug. 18.—A conference of the governors of the states and territories in the so-called arid region is likely to be called this fall or winter to discuss a plan for the cession by the general government for the states of the arid lands of the West. It was reported that Governor Adams had decided to call a meeting of the governors to be held in Denver, but the report is premature.

A suggestion in connection with the arid land measure is that the general land office of the government should be moved to a point nearer where the government lands lie. Denver is the central point for all the lands now under the control of the department and is the natural place for the direction of affairs.

Think it over—then buy a Gordon hat.

FAURE'S JOURNEY

France's President Starts For Russia to Visit the Russian Nabobs.

A BOMB EXPLOSION

But It Was After Faure Had Passed and No One Was Hurt.

Paris, Aug. 18.—The departure of President Faure on his visit to the czar at St. Petersburg today was marked by a scene of the greatest excitement, accompanied by the circulation of the wildest kind of rumors. After his departure a bomb was exploded along the route the president had followed, and although no damage was done, and in spite of the fact that nobody was arrested the most intense excitement prevailed for a long time afterwards and the sensational reports had it that those who exploded the bomb had intended an outrage of a more serious nature.

The president received an ovation from the public when he started on his journey to Russia, large crowds of people lining the route from Elysee palace to the railway station and greeted the president with enthusiastic cries of "Vive La Republique," "Vive La Russia" and Vive Le Faure."

Ten minutes after the president's departure, while the crowds were returning along the route traversed by M. Faure, a bomb exploded at the corner of the Boulevard Magenta and the Rue Lafayette in front of the restaurant Duval. The report caused a panic in the neighborhood and all sorts of wild stories were circulated, based on the statements attributed to anarchists, that their next effort would be an attempt upon the life of President Faure.

Upon investigation by the police, however, it developed that the explosion caused but little damage and that nobody was hurt. The bomb was of cylindrical form, was covered with yellow paper and appears to have contained a black substance, possibly coarse gunpowder mixed with large-headed nails, similar to those usually found in thoroughly constructed infernal machines used by the less intelligent class of anarchists. Fragments of the bomb were taken to the prefecture of police, where they were submitted to a thorough examination upon the part of experts, who pronounced the bomb to have been a comparatively harmless affair.

The coincidence of the explosion of the bomb along the route recently followed by the president was the subject of considerable comment and an official investigation into the affair is in progress.

President Faure was accompanied on his way to Russia by M. Hanotaux, the minister for foreign affairs, and the Admiral Bonnard, the minister of marine. The presidential party, according to the official program, will leave Dunkirk this afternoon on board the French warship Pothuau. The latter will be escorted to Russia by the French warships Bruix and Surcouf and will arrive at Cronstadt on Monday morning next. The French president will be received by the czar in the Cronstadt roads.

The first day of Faure's visit to Russia will be devoted to his reception at Crondstadt and at Peterhof to the exchange of official visits a banquet at the Peterhof palace and a gala performance at the Imperial theater. On Thursday, Aug. 24, the czar and his guest will start for St. Petersburg. There the French president will be welcomed by the municipality of the principal cities of the Russian empire. The president will, also on Tuesday, lay the corner stone of the new French hospital and in the evening M. Faure will preside at a banquet which will be given at the French embassy in honor of the czar.

On Wednesday, Aug. 25, President Faure will be present at a grand review on the parade ground of the Krasnoe-Selo camp. The review will be followed by a grand military breakfast and the day's entertainments will wind up with a brilliant fete in the gardens of the Peterhof palace.

On Thursday there will be a grand review in Cronstadt roads of the combined French and Russian squadrons at the termination of which President Faure will bid farewell to the czar and czarina and will return on board his vessel, which will immediately afterward sail for France. The president should reach Dunkirk on his return journey on Tuesday, Aug. 31.

AN ANARCHIST ARRESTED.

London, Aug. 18.—A special dispatch from Paris this afternoon says that a man named Perier was arrested yesterday on the train in which President Faure arrived from Havre. The prisoner was found to have a loaded revolver in his pocket and is known to be a dangerous anarchist, who has already served a term of two years imprisonment for having in his possession an infernal machine.

Grand Army Encampment.

BUFFALO AND RETURN.
Via Chicago, $18.50.
Via Milwaukee, $16.00.
Aug. 21-22. "Omaha" road.
Tickets, 405 West Superior street.

TANDEM PRICE CUT

To 50c per hour straight, of $1 per evening. Best tandems on earth, kept in perfect repair, seven in number. Come on, boys. All for sale, cheap.
DULUTH VAN COMPANY.

ITCHING "For fifteen years my daughter suffered terribly with inherited Eczema. She received the best medical attention, was given many patent medicines, and used various external applications, but they had no effect whatever. S. S. S. was finally given, and it promptly reached the seat of the disease, so that she is cured sound and well, her skin is perfectly clear and pure, and she has been saved from what threatened to blight her life forever." E. D. Jenkins, Lithonia, Ga.

ECZEMA **SSS**

S. S. S. is guaranteed purely vegetable, and is the only cure for deep seated blood diseases.

Books free; address, Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

Don't Stop Tobacco Suddenly, to do so is injurious to the nervous system.

Baco-Curo The only scientific cure for the Tobacco habit.

Baco-Curo Has cured thousands where other remedies failed. (Write for proofs.)

Baco-Curo Does not depend on the will power of the user. It is *the* cure. Veget'ble & harml'ss

Baco-Curo Is the *original written guarantee* remedy that refunds your money if it fails to cure.

Fifty cents and $1.00 per box; 3 boxes (guaranteed cure) $2.50. If your druggist does not keep it, we will send it. EUREKA CHEMICAL & MANUFACTURING CO., La Crosse, Wis.

IN THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Morris Driscoll, a transient, claiming to be from Ironwood, Mich., was found in a boxcar yesterday at Grand Forks unconscious. His head had been battered by a club. A companion said it was done by Isaac Green, a colored man. A fight occurred Monday night. Driscoll is still unconscious, and will probably die. Green has been arrested.

The total value of the personal property in the state, as returned by the county boards of equalization this year, is $20,877,448. There are 37,749 persons assessed and 40,541 school polls returned.

Mary Sundt, a Norwegian girl, 23 years of age, who has been in this country but a year, was assaulted by Charles McCormick, near Larimore. He hired her as cook, and she started with him for his farm, when he assaulted her. McCormack has been arrested and bound over to the district court in the sum of $1500.

Two hundred persons gathered at the Great Northern depot at Wahpeton to see the twenty Minneapolis outing children arrive. They are a well-behaved company, glad to get here, and the ladies taking them are so far equally pleased. Several at the station were anxious to secure a child or two if any were to spare, but all who came had been spoken for beforehand. Wahpeton will accommodate as many fresh air contingents another year as can come.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

The ministerial skirmish in Yankton has developed into a raging battle, and Yankton is in the throes of a ministers' war. It is now evident that the ministerial union will accomplish nothing, and that the radical ministers will remain radical and over-zealous, and the broader and more liberal pastors will still believe in such a thing as over doing things, the same as before. Later developments demonstrate that Rev. Dyk's term in calling the association a "detective agency" was not a misnomer. Rev. Dyk stated Monday: "As citizens and as ministers in their own convictions, ministers can take a stand which they cannot take when united in a society representing various churches. Such is this association. Hence to preserve the union we must not do things that will drive or force one or more pastors out. This now is already done. I claim it a police duty when pastors parade on the business streets on a Sunday morning to see for themselves if improper business places are open. It is also police duty if pastors at untimely hours prey around to see if everything is as they desire. Public opinion says that is not a pastor's business exactly."

W. J. Bryan will speak in Rapid City on Tuesday, Aug. 24. It is his intention to make three speeches in the Hills, the other two being at Deadwood and Hot Springs. Preparations are being made for the entertainment of a great crowd at Rapid City the 24th.

Cattle shipments have now begun from Belle Fourche and other shipping centers in earnest. Six trains left Belle Fourche yesterday for Omaha. A like number left Brennan and Oelrichs. It is reported that the greater proportion of the shipments will be two weeks later than usual this fall.

AFTER CATTLE THIEVES.

Denver, Aug. 18.—Maj. Forbushe of the Ninth cavalry is on his way to assume charge of an army post in close proximity to one of the large parties of cattle thieves in Wyoming. It is rumored that several changes have been ordered in the government service in Wyoming, and it is believed that the authorities are determined to put an end to the lawlessness that prevails.

JIM THE PENMAN.

A few months ago a Chicago man who has written a play called upon a New York manager at a Chicago hotel and sent up his card, says the Chicago Times-Herald. The theatrical man received him very graciously, and the Chicagoan said he had a play which he would like to have the Gothamite consider.

"Sit right down and read it to me now," said the manager. This was done, and at the conclusion of the hearing the New Yorker said that he could not see enough in the play to warrant him in producing it.

The Chicago man expressed his thanks for the courtesy of a hearing, and added that he was somewhat surprised to find a New York manager so easily accessible.

"Well," said the Gothamite, "I make it a point always to dip into every play which comes along, sufficiently to learn its possibilities at least. I had an experience once which taught me a lesson. I was in London one summer on business, and as I was about ready to return a theatrical broker handed me the manuscript of a play and asked me to place it for him if possible in America. He said I might have the American rights for $500 and he would give me 10 per cent commission for placing it.

"I threw the manuscript into a trunk, and when I reached New York handed it to a well-known manager and asked him to look into it. He soon reported that the piece was 'absolutely worthless.' Of course I gave the matter no further thought. I took the manuscript back across the water next summer and surrendered it.

"But a year or two later the author of that play produced it in London and made a hit. The very New York manager who had endorsed it as 'absolutely worthless' secured the American rights by cable, and for many years paid thousands of dollars for the right to present 'Jim the Penman' in this country—a play which was offered to me outright for $500 and which I never even read. Since then I've been reading plays."

$16.—BUFFALO AND RETURN—$16. Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, account G. A. R. excursion. Fourteen routes to choose from.

Pine lands tributary to Duluth wanted. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows block.

ISLAND DISPUTE

Clipperton Island May Form Basis For a Diplomatic Row With England.

MEXICO HAS CLAIMS

But the United States Has a Primary and Good Commercial Claim.

San Francisco, Aug. 18.—The arrival of the steamer Navarro from Clipperton island confirms previous rumors of possible diplomatic complications with Great Britain over the ownership of that isolated bit of land situated 600 miles west of Acapulco. It seems that England has never acquired a title to the land. Several years ago it was discovered that the island was rich in phosphates. The Oceanic Phosphate company, of this city, was then organized, and since that time the island has been owned here and has practically been United States territory.

It is now said English capitalists propose to buy the San Francisco company's interests, and having acquired a commercial control to the place, place the island under Great Britain's flag.

A gentleman familiar with the matter says: "Mexico may assert a claim if England attempts to annex Clipperton island, and under the Monroe doctrine the United States would be expected to support it. Mexico has no title to the island, and the United States has a commercial claim that is ahead of any other."

Even should neither Mexico nor the United States want the island, the policy of the United States against the extension of European domicile on this continent may be extended to the coral island. Diplomatic difficulties may arise in any event unless England desists from attempting to acquire ownership.

WAS WON BY GAUDAUR.

Hackett Defeated In a Two-Mile Race.

Rat Portage, Ont., Aug. 18.—A letter from Fort Frances says the celebration of the civic holiday in that city was largely attended by people from Winnipeg, Rat Portage and all surrounding points. In the single scull, two miles, Jake Gaudaur won by half a length over Hackett, the amateur champion. The Rainy river crew won the 4-man canoe race, and the Americans from the Little Forks won the double canoe.

Congressman Eddy of the Seventh was attending the celebration. He is enjoying a vacation, roughing it in the wilds of Northern Minnesota, and will look over the mining interests up the Seine river and on the American side. He stated that an effort will no doubt be made to apply the mining laws to Northern Minnesota at the coming session of congress. Several attempts have been made to do this in the past, but each time was opposed by the lumbermen.

BASEBALL YESTERDAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Boston—Boston, 7; Washington, 9.
At Baltimore—Baltimore, 12; Brooklyn, 3.
At New York—New York, 10; Philadelphia, 8.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At St. Paul—St. Paul, 6; Columbus, 3.
At Kansas City—Kansas City, 15; Grand Rapids, 3. Second game—Kansas City, 4; Grand Rapids, 5; seven innings.
At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 3; Indianapolis, 8.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Boston	96	65	.677
Baltimore	92	62	.674
Cincinnati	91	59	.618
New York	92	56	.609
Cleveland	94	50	.532
Chicago	93	47	.480
Pittsburg	94	43	.457
Louisville	93	43	.429
Philadelphia	97	42	.433
Brooklyn	94	38	.404
Washington	94	38	.404
St. Louis	95	26	.265

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Indianapolis	98	69	.704
Columbus	97	62	.602
St. Paul	105	65	.619
Milwaukee	104	64	.615
Detroit	104	51	.490
Kansas City	105	35	.320
Minneapolis	105	33	.314
Grand Rapids	101	31	.307

EXHIBITION GAME.

At Toronto—Toronto, 7; Cleveland, 3.

$16.—BUFFALO AND RETURN—$16. Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, account G. A. R. excursion. Fourteen routes to choose from.

SENT FREE TO MEN.

INDIANA MAN DISCOVERS A REMARKABLE REMEDY FOR LOST VIGOR.

Samples Will Be Sent Free to All Who Write For It.

James P. Johnson, of Fort Wayne, Ind., after battling for years against the mental and physical sufferings of lost manhood has found the exact remedy that cures the trouble.

He is guarding the secret carefully but is willing to send a sample of the medicine to all men who suffer with any form of sexual weakness resulting from youthful ignorance, premature loss of memory and strength, weak back, varicocele and emaciation. The remedy has a peculiarly grateful effect of warmth and seems to act directly giving needed strength and development wherever needed. The remedy cured Mr. Johnson completely of all the ills and troubles that come from years of misuse of the naturally ordained functions and is said to be absolutely reliable in every case.

A request to Mr. James P. Johnson, Box 1001, Ft. Wayne, Ind., stating that you would like a sample of his remedy for men, will be complied with promptly and no charge whatever will be asked by him. He is very much interested in spreading the news of this great remedy and he is careful to send the sample securely sealed in a perfectly plain package so that its recipient need have no fear of embarrassment or publicity.

Readers are requested to write without delay.

PROBABLE CAR FAMINE.

Big Grain Crop May Cause a Scarcity of Cars.

St. Joseph, Mo., Aug. 17.—Railroad officials in St. Joseph report that there is a danger of a car famine on Western roads caused by the immense grain crops. All roads entering this city are rushed to their fullest capacity now and the switching force has been increased 25 per cent. The Burlington company has issued orders for no more coal to be loaded in tight box cars, stock cars to be used instead. All tight cars are needed for moving grain. Farmers are disposed to hold their wheat for $1 a bushel, but railroad men say the upward tendency of the market will start the crop to moving.

COLORADO'S HOLIDAY.

Flower Carnival and Horse Show at Colorado Springs.

Colorado Springs, Col., Aug. 17.—This afternoon the fifth annual flower carnival was inaugurated with the horse show, which was an unqualified success. The carnival will be continued this evening, with a festival of music. Tomorrow there will be a military pageant at Broadmoor, terminating with a sham battle, in which 1000 United States troops from Fort Logan and the state troops will join.

On Thursday it is expected that 35,000 people will witness the flower parade. The carnival will be closed with a masked ball. Governor Adams and staff and other distinguished visitors will be present during the carnival.

THE SIMLA TROUBLES.

Simla, Aug. 17.—A reconnaissance in the Swat valley has discovered the enemy to be entrenched in the hills between Jalala and Landaki, confirming the reports of the gathering in force of the Upper Swatis, Boneerwals and Hindustani fanatics. It is expected that Gen. Blood, the British commander, will order a prompt attack on the enemy's positions.

Later—Gen. Blood brought his field guns into action against the stone entrenchments of the enemy, demolishing these works whereupon the insurgent tribesmen fled.

RAILWAY AGENTS MEET.

Cleveland, Aug. 17.—The first annual meeting of the National Railway Agents' association was called to order here today. President A. J. Hamme, of Pittsburg, presided. Mayor McKisson delivered an address of welcome, after which the association heard reports of officers. The association was formed at Youngstown, Ohio, last January and is said to have a membership of 6000, comprising freight and ticket agents, cashiers and chief clerks. The object is social and educational.

INDIANAPOLIS GAS WAR.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 17.—A special to the News from Goshen, Ind., says: United States Judge Baker has granted a temporary restraining order in the injunction proceedings instituted by the Indianapolis Gas company against the mayor and the city council of Indianapolis, to prevent enforcement of the new ordinance, calling for a reduction of gas rates from $1.25 to 75 cents per 1000 cubic feet, until such time as decision can be reached in finality. Meanwhile the company is required to give bond for such amount as will cover the illegal price paid for gas in case the ordinance is sustained.

CONGRESSMAN WRIGHT'S FUNERAL.

North Adams, Mass., Aug. 17.—The funeral of Congressman Ashley B. Wright was held at the family residence on Summer street this afternoon at 2 o'clock. The ceremony was very simple, in accordance with the wish of Mrs. Wright. Rev. George W. Brown, pastor of the Methodist church, and Rev. William Foster, of Amsterdam, N. Y., a former pastor, officiated. Prayer was offered and Scripture read, but there was no address or music.

LIQUOR WHOLESALERS MEET.

New York, Aug. 17.—The Wholesale Liquor Dealers' association of America is in session at the Manhattan Beach hotel today. There are delegates in attendance from all parts of the country, 600 in all being present. The farthest came from California. The convention opened with an informal lunch at noon.

YOUNG PRESBYTERIANS.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 17.—The first session of the ninth annual convention of the Young People's Christian union of the United Presbyterian church will be held in Tomlinson hall, this city, tomorrow night. The convention will hold three sessions—morning, afternoon and night. Ten thousand visitors are expected to attend, six thousand of whom are delegates coming from every part of the country. The convention will conclude its work on Monday.

COUDERT WILL CONTEST.

New York, Aug. 17.—Notice of contest of the will of Charles Coudert, which devised his property to his seven children, has been filed by the widow, Mary Coudert, whom a former will made sole legatee.

THE STEAMER BARKER

Will leave Fifth avenue dock at 8:15 Thursday evening on a trip around the horn, under charter of the Sons of Veterans. Tickets, 25 cents.

NOTICE TO BUILD SIDEWALKS.—

In accordance with a resolution of the common council of the city of Duluth, passed August 2, 1897, notice is hereby given to all owners and occupants of any and all lots or parcels of land adjoining the easterly side of Niagara street between Orange street and Quince street, to construct a sidewalk in said Niagara street adjoining their several lots at their own proper expense and charge before August 21, 1897. Said walk to be constructed in accordance with plans and specifications on file in the office of the board of public works, and to be built to the established line and grade or to a temporary line and grade to be given by the city engineer.

If the said owners or occupants fail to construct said walk before August 21, 1897, or if any such work, or part thereof, is not done in the manner prescribed by said plans and specifications, or if said walk is not built to the line and grade prescribed, then the board of public works of the city of Duluth will cause the same to be done, and the full cost and expense thereof together with ten (10) per cent additional for cost of surveys, plans and superintendence, will be assessed against said lots.

Duluth, Minn., August 7, 1897.
W. H. SMITH,
President Board of Public Works.
Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON.
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald; Aug-9-14-18.

NOTICE OF BIDS.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Indian service, La Pointe Indian agency, Ashland, Wis., August 6, 1897.

Sealed proposals (in triplicate) will be received at this office until twelve o'clock noon, central time, September 6th, 1897, to be then and there opened in the presence of bidders, for the purchase of all the merchantable timber, standing or fallen, upon the Red Cliff reservation, situated in the county of Bayfield, three and one-half miles northwest of the city of Bayfield, on Lake Superior, Wisconsin.

Including 7,500,000 feet now banked in Red Cliff bay, on the above described reservation, about 100,000,000 feet more or less. The kind of timber approximately estimated, includes about 60,000,000 white pine, 3,000,000 Norway, 25,000,000 hemlock, 5,000,000 cedar, 4,000,000 spruce, and 3,000,000 feet divided between oak, ash, birch, maple and basswood.

The above estimates are only approximate, and bidders are expected to ascertain for themselves the amount and quality of each class of timber, before submitting proposals. Bids should be made for so much per thousand feet stumpage for each kind of timber, which would include all merchantable, standing, dead or down, burnt or green; or merchantable standing of each kind, so much per thousand feet, merchantable dead or down; so much merchantable burnt, or green and fallen, so much per thousand, or bids may include both methods.

Bids upon the timber now banked will be so much per thousand feet for white pine, and so much for Norway. The Norway banked comprises one-half of one per cent of the 7,500,000 feet.

The following requirements must be considered in submitting proposals for the purchase of the above described timber: A mill must be built upon the reservation, and all the timber, including that now banked must be sawed into lumber at the mill. Not less than 10,000,000 feet nor more than 20,000,000 feet of timber to be cut and banked each year and until all the timber is cut and sold. No one except the successful bidder will be allowed to make contracts with the different allottees for the sale of their timber.

Fifty dollars ($50.00) will be paid by the contractor to the allottee on the approval of his contract by the honorable commissioner of Indian affairs, and five per cent of the estimated value of the timber on his allotment, on July 1st of each year till cut. These payments to be charged against the timber and deducted when timber is cut and paid for. A general form of contract with individual allottees, similar to that now being used by the Stearns Lumber Company on the Bad River reservation, will be used, a copy of which can be obtained on application to this office. Payment will be required for the timber now banked on the reservation, when contract is awarded and property delivered.

The contractor will be required to give bond in penalty of $50,000.00 lawful money of the United States, running to the United States, and conditioned for the faithful observance of all laws of the United States now in force or that may hereafter be enacted, relative to trade and intercourse with Indian tribes, and regulations prescribed thereunder, and for the faithful performance of all his obligations under any contract or contracts which he may enter into with the Indians under these regulations, as well as the faithful obligation of the same.

The contractor shall employ Indians in the cutting, moving and manufacture of the timber when practicable, on the same terms as other laborers. Indians to have the preference over white men. The method of appointing scalers, the mode of payment of the same, and minor details of this nature, can be obtained on application to this office.

A certified check for $10,000.00 will be required with each proposal, as guarantee for the faithful execution of the contract if bid is accepted.

The government reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Sealed proposals should be addressed to the undersigned, and marked "proposals for purchase of Red Cliff timber."

(Signed.) G. L. SCOTT,
Captain 6th Cavalry,
Acting Indian Agent.

Duluth Evening Herald, Aug 9 to Sept 6 inc. 25 t.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

APPEARS ON EVERY WRAPPER.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

AT WEST DULUTH

Receiver Peaslee Expects to Realize From the Stockholders' Suit.

NUMBER INSOLVENT

Berry Pickers Are Growing In Number---Death of Mrs. Julius Weber.

C. E. Peaslee, receiver for the defunct Manufacturers bank, expects to realize a considerable sum for the benefit of the depositors from the suits begun against the stockholders. While it is no doubt true that a number of the stockholders are insolvent, it is also true that judgments against others of them could be satisfied. There is no immediate prospect of another dividend being declared.

BERRY PICKERS MORE NUMEROUS.

The army of berry pickers on Bay View Heights has been larger this week than ever before this season, and the number of pails that are being brought down from the hillside daily filled with the luscious fruit is very great. The crop will be almost entirely picked this week and there will be little left for those who wait longer. The crop has been larger than has been known for years.

DEATH OF MRS. JULIUS WEBER.

Mrs. Julius Weber died at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon at her home, 309 South Fifty-seventh avenue west. Mrs. Weber has been suffering from lung trouble for two years, but the immediate cause of her death was typhoid fever. Her remains were taken to Fowler's undertaking establishment to be prepared for burial. The funeral will take place Friday.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Rev. Dr. Forbes will preach at the Proctorknott M. E. church next Sunday evening, at 8 o'clock, instead of at 2:30 p. m., as has been his custom. His pulpit in Asbury M. E. church will be filled by Rev. J. W. Heard, pastor of Lester Park M. E. church.

Loren L. Prescott, treasurer of the D. C. Prescott Iron works, was in Virginia this week looking after his interests in the Prescott-Mars Hardware company. While Mr. Prescott now makes his home in West Duluth, he is still doing business at Virginia.

J. J. Lauermann has gone to Chicago and will visit Chilton and Milwaukee, Wis., before returning home. Mr. Lauermann contemplates locating in Wisconsin in which event he will give up his business in West Duluth.

Miss Lucy Webber, of Chicago, who has been camping out at Spirit Lake with the family of J. J. Lauermann, left yesterday for St. Cloud, to visit friends, after which she will return home.

Euclid lodge, A. F. & A. M., will hold a meeting tonight. Work in the third degree will be gone through with.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Prices Were Irregular But the Gains Predominated.

New York, Aug. 18.—Prices were irregular at the opening of the stock market, but gains predominated and the standard shares were firm. Tobacco declined 1¼. Mobile and Ohio showed a gain of 1¼ per cent. Other changes were very small.

The early hesitancy soon gave way to a more pronounced tone, values moved up sharply with the grangers and Southwesterns the leaders. Missouri Pacific rose 2 points. The industrials also participated notably in the rise, Sugar and Chicago Gas gaining about a point. Tobacco reached supporting orders at the lowest, and recovered somewhat. Realizations caused an easier tendency to the general speculation after the first hour, although some of the industrials were conspicuous for improvements owing to encouraging trade prospects, particularly Linseed Oil, which gained a point. Sugar was also taken in round amounts up to 148¾c, but subsequently suffered in common with the general list. The recessions were more noticeable in the granger group, the dividend announcement on Burlington being followed by profit taking. Sales to noon, 171,000 shares. The bond market was quite dull, but firm.

Hoelscher Concert Company.

The Hoelscher Concert company left this afternoon for a trip to the range. Concerts will be given tonight at Two Harbors, tomorrow night at Tower and Friday night at Ely at the big Odd Fellows' celebration. Those in the company are: A. Hoelscher, flutist; Mrs. A. Hoelscher, pianist; J. H. Flaaten, violinist; Miss Finnegan, reader, and Miss McKay, soprano.

Object to the Duty.

Under the new tariff law a 10 per cent duty is to be collected on shipments in bond from one country through another to the United States. This has brought out some controversy and several cases are now before the department. One of these has arisen in Duluth. Tessman & Belliveau have received a consignment of tea from London, Ont., that came from Japan over the Canadian Pacific and then to Duluth. There are forty-two chests of tea in the shipment, their value is $545, and hence the duty is $54.50. Tessman & Belliveau have refused to pay this, claiming that they were to have the tea laid down here with all charges paid.

The object of the law, it would seem, is to help out the American railroads.

BATTERY IN HIS MOUTH.

A gentleman recently suffered from a pain in his tongue, which he could not account for, and was afraid of cancer. After the doctor had said there was nothing the matter with his mouth an electrical friend discovered that two different metals had been used for fixing his teeth. These dissimilar metals had the effect of producing an electrical current in the gentleman's mouth.

$16.—BUFFALO AND RETURN—$16.
Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, account G. A. R. excursion. Fourteen routes to choose from.

IT'S CURES THAT COUNT.

Many so-called remedies are pressed on the public attention on account of their claimed large sales. But sales cannot determine values. Sales simply argue good salesmen, shrewd puffery, or enormous advertising. It's cures that count. It is cures that are counted on by Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Its sales might be boasted. It has the world for its market. But sales prove nothing. We point only to the record of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, as proof of its merit:

50 YEARS OF CURES.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

Plenty of supplies and plenty of changes in prices are noted today. Tomatoes have more than doubled in value.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed daily.

BUTTER.		
Clover Leaf cream, prints	17 @	18
Cream., separators, fancy	16 @	17
Dairies, fancy, special make	11 @	14
Packing stock	8 @	9
Dairy, fair	9 @	12
CHEESE.		
Twins, flats, full cr'm, new	9 @	10
Full cr'm, Young America	10 @	11
Swiss cheese, No. 1	12 @	12½
Brick, No. 1	10	
Limburger, full cr'm choice	9 @	10
Primost	6	
EGGS.		
Candled, strictly fresh	10 @	10½
HONEY.		
Fancy white clover	12½@	13
Fancy white clover, in jars strained, per lb	12½	
Golden rod	11½@	12
Dark honey	11 @	11½
Buckwheat, dark	11 @	11½
MAPLE SUGAR.		
Vermont, per pound	11	
Ohio, per pound	10	
Maple syrup, per gal	90	@ 1 00
POPCORN.		
Choice, per lb	2½@	3
NUTS.		
Soft shell almonds, per lb	12	
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	12	
Hard shell walnuts, per lb	11	
Brazils, per lb	8	
Pecans, per lb	9 @	11
Filberts, per lb	11	
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7	
Raw peanuts	4½@	5½
VEGETABLES.		
Green or red peppers, doz	30	
Summer squash, per doz	40 @	50
Green corn, per doz	8 @	10
Celery, per doz	30 @	35
New potatoes, in sacks, bus	60 @	65
Carrots, new, per bus	70 @	85
Green peas, per bus	50 @	60
New beets, per bus	65 @	75
New turnips, per bus	65 @	75
Asparagus, per doz	25 @	35
New wax beans, per bus	60 @	75
Cucumbers, per doz	15 @	20
Cucumbers, per bus	75 @	90
New beets, per doz bunches	25 @	30
Pie plant, per 100 lbs	80	@ 1 00
Egg plant, per doz	1 50	@ 1 75
Mint, per doz	35	
Cauliflowers, per doz	1 30	@ 1 75
Horse radish, per lb	6 @	7
Cabbage, per crate	1 00	@ 1 25
Oyster plant, doz bunches	50	
Green onions, doz bunches	12 @	20
Red cabbage, per doz	50 @	60
Egg plant, per doz	90	@ 1 00
Illinois tomatoes, crate	80 @	90
Spinach, per bus	65 @	75
Lettuce, per bus	40 @	50
Horse radish roots, per bbl	4 00	@ 4 50
Long radishes, per doz	12 @	15
Round radishes, per doz	12½@	15
Kohl Rabi, per doz	20	
PEAS AND BEANS.		
Fancy navy, per bus	90	@ 1 00
Medium, hand picked, bus	90	
Brown beans, fancy, bus	90	
Green and yellow peas	75 @	90
Green peas, bus	65	
FRUITS.		
Michigan peaches, basket	30	
Red currants, per basket	1 00	@ 1 25
Osage melons, per crate	1 00	@ 1 25
Pit plant, per basket	1 00	
Blueberries, 16 qt cases	1 35	@ 1 50
Ohio grapes, per basket	18 @	20
Washington pears, per box	1 65	@ 1 90
Crab apples, per bus	1 75	
Pears, California Bartletts	2 00	@ 2 25
Limes, per case	4 00	
Blackberries, per case	1 25	@ 1 50
Oranges Mediterranean sweets	4 25	@ 4 50
Seedling oranges	4 25	
Bananas, bunches	1 50	@ 1 75
Lemons, per box	4 00	@ 5 00
Cocoanuts, per doz	40 @	60
Figs, per lb	12 @	15
Pineapple, per doz	1 65	@ 1 75
Pineapples (Union River) crate	4 00	
California peaches, box	85	@ 1 00
California plums	1 00	@ 1 25
Gem melons, per basket	50 @	60
Watermelons	12 @	18
Dates, per lb	9 @	10
APPLES AND CIDER.		
Apples, per bbl	2 00	@ 2 50
Mich. sweet cider, per keg	2 50	@ 2 75
Fruit juices, per keg	4 50	
LIVE POULTRY.		
Hens	8½@	9
Spring chickens, per lb	10 @	11
DRESSED POULTRY.		
Turkeys, per lb	12½@	15
Chickens, per lb	8½@	10
Geese, per lb	10 @	11
DRESSED MEATS.		
Mutton	7½@	8
Lamb	9	
Veal, fancy	7½@	8
Veal, good	7 @	7½
Veal, coarse	6½@	7
Pork	5½	
BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.		
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	$ 8 50	@ 9 00
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	10 25	@10 50
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	9 75	@10 00
Red dog	12 00	
Ground feed, No. 1	10 25	@11 75
Choice South Minn	7 50	@ 8 00
Ground feed, No. 2	10 25	@11 75
HAY, CAR LOTS.		
Northern Minn	4 00	@ 6 50
Medium	4 00	@ 6 50
Tame, ton, choice timothy	9 00	@10 00

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Aug. 18.—Butter, firm; Western creamery, 11@17c; Elgins, 17c; factory, 7@10½c; imitation factory, 9½@12c. Eggs, firm; state and Pennsylvania, 14@16c; Western, 15c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Aug. 18.—Butter, firm; creameries, 1…@6½c; dairies, 10@14c. Eggs, firm; fresh, 12½c.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, LUCAS COUNTY—SS.
FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1896.
(Seal.) A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Bicycles for sale at your own price. Come and take them away. Duluth Van company, 212 West Sup. street.

Duluth Van company. Moving and storage.

$16.—BUFFALO AND RETURN—$16.
Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, account G. A. R. excursion. Fourteen routes to choose from.

FIVE CENTS HIGHER

(Continued from page 1.)

may reach or pass $1 tomorrow. The bullish tendency is strong, and there is no telling to what heights it may soar. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 96. No. 1 northern, cash, 96c; Sept., 89c bid; December, 86¾c bid; new, 90c; October, 88½c. No. 2 northern, 90c. No. 3, 84c. Rejected, 69½@77½c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 96c; No. 1 northern, 96c. Rye, 46½c. No. 2 oats, 21c; No. 3 oats, 20½c. Flax, $1.08.

Car inspection—Wheat, 52; corn, 25; oats, 6; rye, 4; barley, 3; flax, 2. Receipts—Wheat, 118,558 bus; oats, 14,777 bus; rye, 6777 bus; barley, 8912 bus; flax, 3177 bus. corn, 16,482 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 100,423 bus; oats, 1056 bus.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, Aug. 18.—Close, wheat, futures, quiet, ¼@½d higher. September, 7s; October, 6s 11¼d; December, 6s 10⅝d. Corn, spot quiet, ¼d higher to ¼d lower. August, 3s ¾d; September, 3s 1d; October, 3s 1⅝d; December, 3s 3d.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Aug. 18.—Money on call nominally 1¼@1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange firmer, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.85½@4.85¾ for demand and at $4.83¼@4.83½ for sixty days. Posted rates $4.84@4.86 and $4.86½@4.87. Commercial …s $4.82½@4.83. Silver certificates, 54@54½c. Bar silver, 52½c. Mexican dollars, 41c. Government bonds firm. New 4s registered, $1.24¾; coupon, $1.24¾; 5s registered, $1.13¼; coupon, $1.13¼; 4s registered, $1.11¾; coupon, $1.12; 2s registered, 97½c; Pacific 6s of '98, $1.02.

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, Aug. 18.—Estimated receipts hogs today, 29,000; left over, 3000. Market active and strong at yesterday's best prices. Light, $3.85@4.15; mixed, $3.80@4.05; heavy, $3.55@4.05; rough, $3.55@3.75. Cattle, 15,000. Steady to firm. Beeves, $3.80@5.30; cows and heifers, $1.90@4.40; Texas steers, $2.90@4.00; Westerns, $3.40@4.25; stockers and feeders, $3.15@4.35. Sheep, receipts, 14,000. Sheep market steady for good grades; others weak. Native sheep, $2.40@4.00; Westerns, $3.00@3.90; lambs, $3.40@5.40. Yesterday's official: Hogs, receipts, 17,757; shipments, 4053. Cattle, receipts, 4038; shipments, 2397. Sheep, receipts, 19,281; shipments, 3442. Estimated receipts hogs tomorrow, 27,000.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, Aug. 18.—Close, wheat, August, 89c; September, 88½c; December, 88½c; old, 87c; May, 90¼c. Corn, August, 28…½c; September, 28¾@⅞c; December, 30¼c; May, 32⅞@33c. Oats, August, 18¼c; September, 18c; December, 19⅛@¼c; May, 21⅝c. Pork, August, $8.50; September, $8.50; October, $8.50; December, $8.60. Lard, August, $4.50; September, $4.50; October, $4.55; December, $4.60. Ribs, August, $5.07; September, $5.07; October, $5.10@5.12. Cash, wheat, No. 2 red, 86@88c; No. 3 red, 82@85c; No. 2 spring, 85½@86½c; No. 3 spring, 78@80c; No. 2 hard winter, 85@86c; No. 3 hard winter, 82@85c. Corn, No. 2, 28@¼c; No. 3, 27¾c. Oats, No. 2, 17¾c; No. 3, 16½@19c. Barley, cash, No. 3, 25½@40c. Cash, rye, 46¼c; September, 46½c; December, 48¼c. Flax, cash, $1.04¼@1.05; cash, Northwestern, $1.05¼@1.06½; September, $1.05; December, $1.06½. Timothy, cash, $2.75; August, $2.75; September, $2.72½.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, Aug. 18.—Wheat strong and higher. Close: August, 96c; September, 86½c; December, 85c. On track—No. 1 hard, old, 97½c; new, 90½c; No. 1 northern, old, 96½c; new, 89½c; No. 2 northern, old, 91½@94½c; new, 87½@88½c. Receipts, 122 cars.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Aug. 18.—Close, wheat, August, 96¾c; September, 94¼c; December, 93⅞c. Corn, October, 33⅜c. Oats, September, 22½c.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Aug. 18.—The unexpected happened today. December wheat advancing 6c. Liverpool refused to be influenced by Chicago and sent higher quotations. Paris wheat market was closed but the curb quotations showed an advance equal to 5c. The weather in England was very bad and 200,000 bus No. 2 spring wheat were taken here for export at 2c over the September price. Clearances continue enormous. The feature of the day, however, was the disappearance of the September premium due to lack of shorts in December wheat, influenced by the Northwest market reports which were today worse than at any time before. Winnipeg advices were that recent estimates had been cut in two and from other quarters the news was nearly as bad. Trade is getting over in December as the foreigners and others who have bought so largely and want wheat and not what they would get on September contracts. The bear crowd who have been feeling for the top all the way up from 75c were badly demoralized today and the end is not yet.

Corn owes advance merely in sympathy with wheat; corn gaining ½c while wheat is up 4c. There is nothing else new in the situation.

Provisions strong and advancing on light offerings and excellent buying. Export demand continues.

Puts, September wheat, 85⅝@85⅞c.
Calls, September wheat, 92½@93½c.
Curb, September wheat, 88c asked.
Puts, September corn, 28¼@28⅝c.
Calls, September corn, 29⅜@29c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky	14¼	14¾	14¼	14⅛
Atchison preferred	30⅞	31¾	30⅞	31½
Sugar	147⅝	149⅝	147¼	149¾
Canada Southern	54¾	54¾	54⅜	54⅜
C., B. & Q.	96¾	9…	96⅛	96¾
St. Paul	93½	94⅛	93⅜	93⅞
Chicago Gas	102	102¾	101⅜	102¾
D., L. & W.	……	……	……	……
General Electric	35⅝	36⅜	35⅝	36
Omaha	67½	68¼	67⅝	67⅞
Reading	25⅜	25⅜	25	25⅝
L. & N.	59⅝	60¼	59⅝	60⅛
Manhattan	104	104	102¾	103⅞
Missouri Pacific	29⅞	31¼	29⅞	31
Tobacco	91¼	92⅜	90⅜	92⅜
C. & N. W.	119⅞	120	119	119½
N. P. preferred	49½	50	49⅛	50
Rock Island	84⅝	85¼	84½	85¼
Union Pacific	12⅛	12⅝	12¼	12⅝
Western Union	91⅛	91⅞	91	91¾
Leather	66½	67	66½	67

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Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, account G. A. R. excursion. Fourteen routes to choose from.

AN ALL-ROUND POLITICIAN.

Arkansas marks were all over this delegate, who sat in the same chair in the Cadillac the better part of three days last week, while the Republicans were here, says the Detroit Free Press. He wore a hat with a top fashioned like a hay-cock and a brim as flat as a pancake and broad enough to shade his feet if the sun stood high enough.

"B'long to this here convention?" asked a man beside him.

"Yep."

"Not many Republicans down your way now, are there?"

"I'm the only one in our town."

"Is that so?"

"Yes-sir-ee! Voted the ticket straight nigh onto fifty year."

"Is that possible?"

"Yep! Goin' to be postmaster now. I've been Republican committee, challenger—the hull thing—ever sence Hank Devitt died. Hank used to run things when he wuz alive. Ain't nobody else to make postmaster, you see. Guess I'll git it."

"That's good. How much is there in it?"

"Two hundred dollars, b'gosh!"

NOT A YOUNGSTER.

"I would not live always," the spinster was singing,
Her tremulous voice through the domicile ringing;
Quoth a wag, who's been wishing she'd take a recess:
"You've come pretty near it already, I guess." —Boston Courier.

ONE CENT A WORD.

TRAINED NURSE.

IF YOU WANT A TRAINED NURSE, leave your order at Boyce's drug store.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

COMPETENT GIRL WANTED AT 208 West Third street.

WANTED—GIRL TO ASSIST IN GENERAL housework. No washing or cooking. Corner Twenty-ninth avenue west and Huron street. Mrs. E. Carpenter.

GOOD WAGES PAID TO A COMPETENT girl for general housework at 109½ West Fourth street.

WOMAN OF FAIR EDUCATION TO travel. Permanent. $40 per month and expenses. Address with references, Z., Box 734, Chicago.

TWELVE DOLLARS A WEEK FOR A lady who is enterprising and willing to work. Apply between 3 and 5 p. m. at 309 Burrows' block.

WANTED—GIRL FOR SMALL FAMILY. 630 West Second.

GIRLS FOR DAKOTA; GOOD PLACES in country and city; $5 per week. Duluth Employment company, 503 West Michigan street, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR cooking and general housework. Call forenoons or evenings. 629 East First street.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 128 West Fourth street.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Call after 5 p. m. at 506 Fifth avenue east.

GIRL WANTED. 713½ GARFIELD AVENUE.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in small family. 1034 East First street.

A FEW COMPETENT GIRLS WISH situations at housework. Ladies can always find good girls and girls can find places at Mrs. Seibold's employment office, 225 East Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—RELIABLE AND PUSHING men; good inducements. For particulars apply at room 305 Burrows' building.

FIFTEEN DOLLARS A WEEK FOR A good man; reliable and industrious. Apply between 11 and 12 a. m. at 309 Burrows' block.

WANTED — A FEW ENERGETIC salesmen to sell specialties in household goods on easy payments. John Gately & Co., 705 West Superior street.

WANTED—TWO SALESMEN; SALARY and commission. Can make more gold and easier than at Klondike. Sales come easy. The Singer Manufacturing company, 614 West Superior street.

POISONOUS BUTTERCUPS.

It is not generally known that the buttercup, which is such a favorite flower with children, has poisonous qualities, yet such is the case, and an inquest has recently been held on a boy who, after eating some buttercups, died within a few hours with all the symptoms of irritant poisoning, says the Boston Transcript. The buttercup belongs to the Ranunculaceae, and nearly all the members of this group possess poisonous qualities, chiefly of an irritant nature, though in a few narcotic principles are to be found. The virulence of the poisons varies very much, but there are very few individuals of this order which are inert. The various species of buttercups have all irritant properties, and in the absence of better drugs they have occasionally been used as vesicatories. Cows avoid buttercups, but hogs and some other animals eat them with impunity. The active principle is volatile, so that when the buttercups are dried with hay or exposed to the air they become inert. Luckily the buttercup, though pretty to look at, does not usually tempt children to eat it wholesale, otherwise cases of poisoning might be less rare than they fortunately are at present. —London Lancet.

BRIDE'S SENSIBLE TROUSSEAU.

Isabel A. Mallon writes of "A Bride's Moderate Trousseau" in the August Ladies' Home Journal. "The girl who has a fortune at her command needs no suggestions," she says, "but the girl who has to think out the wisdom of every dollar spent on her trousseau is the one who asks for advice. Taking it for granted, then, that you will live a more or less social life, having your day at home and visiting your friends, and going occasionaly to hear good music, you can decide exactly what you will need. First of all, freshen all the gowns you possess; then I would advise one handsome silk dress, combined, perhaps, with velvet, and having, to go with it, two bodices—one for wear when you are visiting, the other to be used when rather more elaborate dress is required. Have one simple, but smart-looking, wool dress for street wear; if required, you might better omit your visiting costume than this. A black skirt, either of moire, silk or satin, will be useful, since with it there can be worn any number of elaborate bodices. Then you will want, also,a comfortable wrapper, to wear in no place except in your own room; two pretty, well-fitting house dresses; a coat suited to the season; a wrap that is a little more elaborate, if you can afford it; but do not make the mistake, so often made, of buying clothes that are not suited to your position in life, or, what is equally as bad, of buying such an elaborate wardrobe that it will go out of fashion."

PROVISION FOR BOTH.

San Francisco Post: Smith walked up Market street the other evening with a box of candy under one arm and a big package of meat under the other.

"Hello, Smith," said Brown, "gone to housekeeping? I didn't know you were married."

"I'm not yet."

"What are you doing with that candy and meat, then?"

"Going to see my girl."

"Do you have to furnish the family with meat already?"

"Oh, no; the candy is for the girl and the meat for the dog. I have to square myself with both."

APPLAUSE FOR A DRUMMER.

A Bangor drummer recently saw a woman enter the train at North Bucksport and rush through the car just as it was getting speedy, says the Springfield Republican. He coolly walked after her, and, just before the fatal leap, grasped her firmly to his manly bosom. She struggled, but he only tightened his grip, saying: "Madam, you shan't jump off the car and kill yourself!" When she got her breath she shrieked: "You big fool, I was only going out on the platform to wave my handkerchief at my friends." A party of Bangor yachtsmen aboard the train applauded the drummer for his heroism fully half an hour and at intervals thereafter.

$16.—BUFFALO AND RETURN—$16.
Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, account G. A. R. excursion. Fourteen routes to choose from.

Duluth Van company for trunks, 25c.

ONE CENT A WORD.

All advertisements of "situations wanted" inserted FREE. We invite as many repetitions as are necessary to secure what you advertise for. The Herald's 50,000 daily readers will be sure to fill your wants.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

CAPABLE WOMAN WANTS WASHING or ironing to do; will take work home or go out by the day. Call or address No. 19 Cascade avenue, rear of Fifth street west.

WOMAN WOULD LIKE DRESSMAKING in families or will take sewing home. Address 518 Garfield avenue.

YOUNG WOMAN WOULD LIKE A place to work days and go home nights. Can sew or do any kind of work except washing; sewing preferred. Address N 44, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED AS JANITOR, work in a store or to take care of horses, by a reliable and industrious man. Address N 64, Herald.

WANTED—A POSITION AS BOOKKEEPER or cashier by an experienced young lady. Address B 22, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION BY YOUNG woman with a child of 6 years. A home more of an object than wages. 630 West Second street.

WANTED—SITUATION TO DO LIGHT housework; no washing; would like to attend night school. 316 Lowell block.

COMPETENT MAN WANTS WORK ON books evenings. Otto Aurland, 414 Chamber of Commerce.

WANTED—SITUATION IN SOME OFFICE or store by young man 17 years of age; a fair penman and not afraid of work. Address E. C., Herald.

LADY STENOGRAPHER WOULD LIKE position. Will accept moderate salary. Address P. O. Box 538, city.

SITUATION WANTED AS HOUSEKEEPER for young men's club. Address N 98, Herald.

A BOY, AGED 15, WOULD LIKE WORK of any kind. Address N 99, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION BY A FIRST class second girl or waitress in private family. Best city references. Address N 82, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION BY A FIRST class dining room girl in hotel or in private boarding house. Call or address 327 West Fourth street.

WANTED — HOUSE CLEANING scrubbing, stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 390 Lake avenue south.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

160 ACRES OF GOLD LANDS NEAR Port Arthur. Owner unable to work it for lack of capital. Specimens of quartz can be seen at 324 St. Croix avenue. August Johnson.

FOR SALE — HOUSEHOLD GOODS. Dockash range and three heaters. 1524 Jefferson street.

FOR SALE—LARGE SUPPLY OF LOGGERS' camp outfit, blacksmith's tools, sleds, blankets, etc., good as new. Will be sold at a bargain. J. M. Reed, room 17, Wisconsin block, West Superior.

FOR SALE—STUMPAGE ON TWO FORTIES on north shore, two and one-half miles from railroad, one-half mile from stream. N 63, Herald.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE BEST CARRIAGE or light delivery horse in the city. Also delivery wagon and double harness, or will exchange for single delivery wagon and harness. W. W. Seekins, 921 East Third street.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE MOR SALE cheap, at 1230 East Third street.

FOR SALE — BALED SHAVINGS. Woodruff's planing mill, Garfield avenue, Rice's Point. Telephone 132.

BICYCLES AND TANDEMS FOR SALE cheap or trade for anything we can use. Going out of renting business. Duluth Van company.

MARKUS MISFIT CARPET AND FURNITURE company, are selling carpets, furniture, stoves, according to the times, 50 cents on the dollar. Call and give us a trial. Open evenings. 20 West Superior street.

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE OR RENT. Wyckoff, Seamens & Benedict, 323 West Superior street.

INSECTS EXTERMINATED.

THE BED BUG DIES! THE COCKROACH perishes. Sure death to vermin. Your house cleaned of all vermin and insects, and all disease germs killed. Andrew Furni, 121 East Superior street. Work guaranteed.

STORAGE.

STORAGE — LICENSED AND BONDED, are you going to move or store your household goods. Separate lock-up rooms furnished on application. Nice, dry, airy, clean brick storehouse; lowest rates of fire insurance; we have the only padded covered vans in Duluth. We take entire charge and guarantee you against damage or loss in the removal of your goods, while in our care. We work rain or shine; we have competent men to do packing, and we furnish all packing material, and pack china, books, bric a brac, pictures, pianos, furniture, etc. Call or telephone 492 and we will go out and talk over details. Will furnish estimates for packing, moving, storage free of charge. Only licensed and bonded warehouse in city. Duluth Van, Express and Storage company, 212 West Superior street. (Incorporated.)

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Peter Drummond to J. Lockey, lands in section 15-55-14	$ 300
Alex Macrae to F. D. Parke, lot 5, block 86, Endion division	1,051
Guss E. Olstead, to Elizabeth Burrows, lots 5 to 8, block 100, Portland division	2,000
Total	$ 3,351

PROFESSIONAL.

MRS. JULIA L. HUGHES—SUPERFLUOUS hair, moles, etc., permanently destroyed by electricity, without injury. Also scientific face massage and complexion treatment. Manicuring. Choice toilet preparations. 305 Masonic temple, Duluth.

CLOTHES CLEANING.

DULUTH STEAM DYE WORKS WILL brush and press a suit of clothes for 50c; pants 10c; if work is brought o the shop, 27 West Superior street, upstairs. J. Oreckovsky. Work guaranteed.

MISCELLANEOUS.

I WANT TO GET A DRIVING HORSE for his keep. N 97, Herald.

EXPRESS AND DRAY LINE.

Seal. UNION DRAY. We beg leave to inform the public that the Duluth Draymen's Union carries a card like above on every union dray wagon, and are ready to do all kinds of heavy and light draying by reliable and experienced men on short notice and at reasonable prices. Look for the union card on dray wagon and give us a trial. TRUNKS DELIVERED 25c.

DULUTH DRAYMEN'S UNION 6703,
(Affiliated with the A. F. of L.)

$16.—BUFFALO AND RETURN—$16.
Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, account G. A. R. excursion. Fourteen routes to choose from.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

St. Paul & Duluth R. R.

Leave Duluth.	*Daily. †Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth.
†9 00 am *1 55 pm *11 15 pm	St. Paul, Minneapolis.	*6 30 am *1 05 pm †7 45 pm

From UNION DEPOT. CITY TICKET OFFICE, 332 W. Superior street, corner Providence building. Tickets sold to all points. Telephone 218.

ONE CENT A WORD.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

EIGHT ROOM HOUSE FOR RENT, NO. 123 Second avenue west; all modern improvements, including steam heat; also eight room house, 204 West Second street; bath, electric light. E. R. Jefferson, 121 Second avenue west.

EIGHT ROOM HOUSE, CENTRALLY located; all modern conveniences. R. P. & J. B. Paine, 206 West Superior street, room 4.

FOR RENT—TWO MODERN BRICK houses. Inquire of Clark & Dickerman, Trust company building.

TO RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—MODERN STEAM HEATED flats. McGregor, Providence building.

FOR RENT—THREE PLEASANT FIVE-room flats, $7 to $10. W. J. Holmes, 504 Palladio.

FLAT AND HOUSE. ASHTABULA terrace. R. T. Lewis, Herald building.

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PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOMS TO let with or without board. 512 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS with bath. 127 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—OFFICES AND SLEEPING rooms on Superior street. Apply Big Duluth Clothing store.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — STORE IN GRAFF block, 206 West Superior street; has extra entrance from Michigan street. R. P. Paine, room 4, over store.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TO RENT, A SIX OR SEVEN room house, with small barn and yard; handy to street car. Address T. M., Herald.

CLAIRVOYANT.

PROFESSOR LA WARDE, CLAIRVOYANT, trance medium and powerful magnetic healer, reads your life without question or mistake; gives advice on business and love affairs; tells if your lover is true or false; unites the separated; brings success in all undertakings; lucky days; if confronted by any difficulties consult him at once. Parlors 2 West Second street.

LOST.

LOST—BLACK HORSE, 7 YEARS OLD, weight 1500. Inform Fox, city livery, West Duluth, or M. L. Sullivan, Harney, Minn.

FRATERNITIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:30 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 6, 1897. Work, First degree. W. A. McGonagle, W. M.; James A. Crawford, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Aug. 23, 1897. Work, … F. W. Kugler, W. M.; J. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 8, 1897. … degree. John F. McLaren, H. P.; George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18 K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Sept. 7, 1897. M. M. Gasser, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO 105. Meets every Thursday in the Kalamazoo block, third floor, 18 West Superior street. James McDowell, M. W.; J. H. Powers, recorder.

TO EXCHANGE.

FARM LAND TO EXCHANGE FOR DULUTH real estate. Apply 106 Providence building.

FINANCIAL.

$5000 ON HAND TO LOAN BY GEORGE H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

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MONEY TO LOAN

On watches, Diamonds and jewelry. All business strictly confidential. Application by mail promptly attended to.

Marcus' Collateral Loan Bank,
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Fire Insurance, Life Insurance, Investments.... I have for sale a few choice commercial loans—$500,00 up.
A. R. Macfarlane, 13 Exchange Building.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

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MONEY TO LOAN ON ALL GOODS OF value. All business strictly confidential. A full line of musical instruments, new and second hand. Julius Cook, 404 West Superior street.

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$450 ON EASY TERMS, WILL BUY 25x140 foot lot on Sixth street between Twelfth and Thirteenth avenue east; fine location; look at them, by George H. Crosby.

CLEAR FARM LAND IN MINNESOTA at $2.50 per acre, $10 cash payment and $1 per week. Great chance to buy a farm. George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building, Duluth.

CONTRACT WORK.—
Office of Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minn., Aug. 11, 1897.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 10 a. m., on the 23d day of August, A. D. 1897, for the construction of a sanitary sewer in Dingwall street in said city from the easterly terminus of the present sewer in said street to Twenty-second avenue east, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of fifty (50) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

W. H. SMITH, President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Aug 11 10 t.

RAILROAD AND STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

Duluth's Popular Highway to the East!

Northern Steamship Company's
EXCLUSIVE PASSENGER STEAMSHIPS,

North West and North Land

Sailing from Duluth to Sault Ste. Marie, Mackinac Island, Detroit, Cleveland and Buffalo

Every Saturday and Tuesday at 1:45 p. m.

Ships arrive from the East every Friday and Monday at 6:30 p. m.

C. D. HARPER,
Nor. Pass. Agt., 432 W. Superior St

Steamer Dixon
Will make an extra trip to
GRAND MARAIS

During the summer season, leaving Duluth every Friday morning at 10 a. m. Other sailing days Sunday and Wednesday at 10 a. m.

Eastern Railway
Of Minnesota.

CITY TICKET OFFICE 432 W. SUP. ST.

Leave Duluth.		Arrive Duluth.
†1 15 pm *11 15 pm	St. Paul and Minneapolis	†1 15 pm *7 00 am

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

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Direct connections with Great Northern trains for—

Fargo, Grand Forks, Winnipeg, Helena, Butte, Spokane, Portland, Seattle and Japan.

At St. Paul connections are made for all points East, West and South. Through tickets and baggage checked to destination.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.
C., ST. P., M. & O. RY.
Office 405 W. Superior St. 'Phone No. 20.

Leave	*Daily. †Except Sunday.	Arrive
†10 45 am *11 00 pm *5 10 pm	St. Paul, Min'apolis and West St. Paul, Min'apolis and West Chicago Limited	†5 10 pm *7 00 am *10 30 am

Parlor cars on day train; Wagner's Finest Sleepers on night trains.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

Trains for all points East leave Duluth Union depot at 6:30 P. M. Daily EXCEPT SATURDAY with WAGNER PALACE SLEEPING CAR for Sault Ste Marie.

West bound train arrives 8:50 a. m. EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Ticket offices: 426 Spalding Hotel building and Union Depot.

Duluth, Superior & Western Ry.

WEST. P. M.	*Daily except Sunday.		EAST A. M.
*3:05	0	Lv...... Duluth ....Ar	* 11:40
4:05	23	Ar...... Cloquet Lv	10:41
6:13	76	Ar.... Swan River Lv	8:40
7:40		Ar.... Hibbing Lv	7:15
7:02	94	Ar.. Grand Rapids Lv	7:50
8:00	109	Ar.... Deer River Lv	6:55

Duluth & Iron Range R. R.

3:15 p.m.	Lv.... Duluth ......Ar	12:00 m.
7:15 p.m.	Ar.... Virginia Lv	8:00 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar ..... Eveleth Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar........ Ely Lv	7:30 a.m.

Daily, Except Sunday.

Duluth, Missabe & Northern Ry. Co.

7:45 a.m.	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	3:35 p.m.
10:45 a.m.	Ar.... Virginia Lv	12:45 p.m.
10:44 a.m.	Ar.... Eveleth Lv	10:56 a.m.
11:56 a.m.	Ar.... Biwabik Lv	12:28 p.m.
11:00 a.m.	Ar.... Mt. Iron Lv	12:30 p.m.
11:25 a.m.	Ar.... Hibbing Lv	12:13 p.m.
9:00 a.m.	Lv.... Virginia ....Ar	1:45 p.m.
1:25 p.m.	Ar...... Wolf Lv	10:33 a.m.
11:25 a.m.	Ar..... Hibbing Lv	12:13 p.m.

Daily, except Sunday. J. B. HANSON, General Passenger Agent.

There's Only One Railroad

That operates its trains on the famous block system between the Twin Cities, Milwaukee and Chicago.
That lights its trains with electricity throughout;
That uses the celebrated electric berth reading lamp;
That runs four splendidly equipped passenger trains every day from St. Paul and Minneapolis through to Chicago via Milwaukee;
And that road is the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.

It also operates steam-heated vestibule trains carrying the latest private compartment cars, library buffet smoking cars and palace drawing-room sleepers.

Parlor cars, free reclining chair cars and the very best dining car service.

For lowest rates to any point in the United States, Canada or Mexico, apply to ticket agents, or address

J. T. CONLEY,
Ass't. Gen. Pass. Agt.,
St. Paul, Minn.

Note—Elegantly equipped trains from St. Paul and Minneapolis through from Peoria, St. Louis and Kansas City daily.

Burlington Route

Finest Trains on Earth from—

St. Paul and Minneapolis to Chicago.

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THE EVENING HERALD,
An Independent Newspaper.
Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior St.
Duluth Printing and Publishing Co.

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Three months	1.30
Six months	2.60
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WEEKLY HERALD.
$1 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.

Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second-class matter

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.
OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF DULUTH.

Herald's Circulation High-Water Mark,
17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (Central time), Aug. 18.—A high pressure area, central over Idaho, covers the Rocky Mountain region and the Missouri valley, while the barometer is lowest in the Lake Superior region.

Numerous showers, mainly light, have occurred in the upper lake region and thence southwestward to Kansas, Colorado and Wyoming, .40 inch rainfall at La Crosse, being the greatest amount reported.

Cool weather still prevails. In all districts south of the Canadian border, except Northern Minnesota, the temperature at 7 o'clock this morning, was generally from 8 to 15 degrees below the normal.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 60; maximum yesterday, 72; minimum yesterday, 57; rainfall for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. today, .06 inch.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Generally fair tonight and Thursday; slightly cooler tonight; winds mostly westerly and occasionally brisk.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Aug. 18.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Partly cloudy tonight with possibly local showers; Thursday generally fair; fresh to brisk southwest winds. For Minnesota: Partly cloudy tonight and Thursday with local showers in northeast and east portions tonight; brisk westerly winds.

CUTTING DOWN EXPENSES.

The Herald published yesterday a lengthy article suggesting reductions in the expenses of the various city departments which would result in a large saving annually and effect a material lightening of the burdens of taxation. These suggestions were not offered as recommendations, as some of the reductions were of a very radical nature and might result, if carried out, in impairing the efficiency of several of the departments of the public service, but they were presented with a view of securing the consideration of the mayor and aldermen, with the idea of deciding where economies can be effected with the least injurious results. That reductions must be made in the running expenses of the city is admitted by almost everyone, and the only question is how to perform the cutting.

Anything which would cripple the fire department and deprive property owners of the protection to which they are entitled should not be done, but it is undeniable that the department, as now conducted, is too expensive and that its annual cost must be materially reduced. Probably the best suggestion which has been offered in this connection is to dispense with the fire hall at First avenue east. It is in close proximity to three other fire halls, and the salaries of the men alone at this hall amount to $6060 a year. There are other expenses there—maintaining the apparatus, repairs to the hall and feed, etc., for the horses. It is also probable that the number of men at some of the other fire halls could be reduced.

The police department can stand a reduction without seriously crippling the service. A chief, a captain, a lieutenant, two detectives, three sergeants and two court officers should be sufficient, a total of ten officers where fourteen are now employed. Instead of thirty-nine patrolmen, would not twenty-five be sufficient? The two telegraph operators might also be dismissed, the desk sergeant performing their duties. There is undoubtedly a chance to make material reductions in this department. Seven inspectors are employed by the health department. When retrenchment in expenses is an absolute necessity, it would appear that at least three of these inspectors would suffice.

Thus it will be seen that it is possible to cut down expenses to a large extent, and The Herald trusts the fire commissioners and the aldermen will give the subject early attention and handle it fearlessly, without regard to the clamor of those who are personally benefited by the maintenance of the existing condition of things. Business houses and private citizens have been compelled to retrench and economize and do without many things which they once considered it would be impossible to dispense with, and the city authorities should pursue the same policy in the conduct of the city's business.

INCREASE IN POPULATION.

The Kansas City Star thinks that the statement telegraphed from Washington that the treasury actuary estimates the population of the United States at the present time to be 77,000,068 evidently was not transmitted correctly or else a mistake was made in giving the figures out from the treasury department, as the estimate of the population July 1 by the same authority was 72,937,000. The treasury department puts forth a population estimate each month, as a part of the monthly statement of the amount of money in circulation, and in the treasury. According to these estimates, the increase in population during the past year was 1,547,000 and the increase since 1890, the last census year, 10,315,000.

At the present rate of increase the population of the United States in 1900 will be about 77,000,000, and the round 100,000,000 will be attained very soon after the decennial census of 1910. The natural increase in population from the excess of births over deaths, without including the immigration, is about 1,200,000 a year, or sixteen for each 1000 inhabitants, and the increase from immigration has averaged 456,000 per year for the past ten years, ranging from 280,000 in 1895 to 623,000 in 1892. The increase from immigration is smaller now than it was during the decade from 1880 to 1890, but the natural growth from births is larger now than during that period. This natural increase in a single decade is greater now than the entire population of the country in 1830.

The Star says: "The growth of the United States, in population and in wealth, in the past 100 years, has been so much greater than that of any other country that has ever played a part in the history of the world that adequate comparisons are impossible and there is no reason to doubt that this marvelous development will continue for many years to come, until the population of the United States will rival that of Asia. Only three countries in the world have more people than the United States. The Chinese number 402,000,000 the inhabitants of British India 287,000,000 and the people of the great Russian empire 129,000,000."

NO "BOLT" INDICATED.

Chairman Towne of the national committee of the Silver Republican party has made a statement to the public concerning the position of his party in the Ohio contest, which forms the subject of a lengthy editorial article in the local columns of the News Tribune. Mr. Towne has simply said that there is no truth in the report in a New York paper that he will stump Ohio in the interest of John R. McLean for senator and that the naming of a candidate will be done by the silver forces in the legislature.

The sapient editorial reporter concludes that the Silver Republicans of Ohio will "bolt the choice of McLean as a candidate," and that Mr. Towne's statement means that "the Silver Republicans do not accept the action of the Democratic convention as final." Dense ignorance must be regarded as responsible for such a conclusion on the part of the News Tribune. Mr. McLean was not endorsed for senator by the Democratic convention. He is one of a number of leading Ohio Democrats who are regarded as candidates, and the silver forces in the legislature will no doubt hold a caucus and decide which one shall be supported against Mr. Hanna. In the meantime the Silver Republicans and other silver men will work and vote for state and legislative candidates favorable to the cause of bimetallism. Mr. Towne has no desire to interfere in the contest between the senatorial candidates, and he has therefore denied the assertion that he will stump the state for Mr. McLean. There is no indication that he is antagonistic to Mr. McLean, nor that he objects to any other silver man who is aspiring to the senatorship. Consequently there is no "bolt," save in the imagination of the editorial reporter of the News Tribune.

John Bacon, of Easton, Pa., has in his possession a copy of the Weekly Museum of March 4, 1797, in which is related the following anecdote: "At the conclusion of the war Dr. Franklin the English ambassador, and the French minister, Vergenis, dining together at Versailles, a toast from each was called for and agreed to. The British minister began with 'George III, who, like the sun in its meridian, spreads a luster throughout and enlightens the world.' The French minister followed with 'The illustrious Louis XVI, who, like the moon, sheds mild and benignant rays on and influences the globe.' Our American Franklin then gave George Washington, commander of the armies, who, like Joshua of old, commanded the sun and the moon to stand still and they obeyed him."

Where is a poor millionaire to go anyhow? asks the New York Times. If he cannot live in Springfield, Ohio, or in Terrytown, on account of the taxes nor in New Jersey on account of the mosquitoes, must he go to sea in his yacht and become a roving privateer? Whenever he sits down he finds a socialist has put a pin on the chair. When he gets up and goes out he is asked to drop his dollars along the road as he walks. It seems as if, in the course of time, and not a very great time, either, millionaires would have to take the place of the ancient nomads and indulge in tent life on the plains.

The king of Siam is not as yet a Shakespearean scholar, as the following short but authentic anecdote shows. On the recent occasion of his visit to Denmark he accompanied the Crown Prince Frederick to Helsingfors and was duly conducted to the grave of Hamlet, prince of Denmark. Here he took off his hat and stood for a moment in reverential silence. Then, turning to the crown prince, he said, with deep sympathy: "A relation of your royal highness, I presume. Has he long been dead?"

A man died in New York the other day thinking he had hydrophobia when he really did not have it. There is no doubt that there have been many such cases.

Osmer D. Conger, of whom Speaker Reed recently wrote some reminiscences, and who was one of Michigan's greatest representatives in congress, is now living in obscurity in Washington. He is almost unknown, although ten or fifteen years ago his name was a household word all over the country.

The Minneapolis Journal thinks the proposed Cosmopolitan university "is not likely to attract many students." Possibly not, but it will attract more than a university, like Brown for instance, where the right to think and express honest views is denied to professors and students.

There is an old philosopher, prophet and poet in California who claims that he has solved the problem of living forever. He lives a hermit's life, eats only three times a week and never expects to die. He will undoubtedly be awfully surprised some day.

The Salvation Army speaker who at Detroit the other day asserted that the army's flag "is now planted in the snow at Juneau" evidently does not know much about the Alaskan climate in August. There is no snow at Juneau yet.

The internal revenue collector at Chicago has discovered that under the modified rules governing the treasury department he has just two appointive places at his disposal. And there are 200 applicants for the two places.

The St. Paul Dispatch has evidently adopted the new invention of telegraphing without wires. It had a "special" yesterday from Fort Frances, dated Aug. 17, although there is no telegraph line to that place.

This is an age of injunctions. The business is being carried to such an extreme that there may soon be an uprising of sentiment which will wipe all the power of injunction off the statute books.

The Congressional Record is still being printed, although congress is not in session, and it is filled with speeches which were never delivered. Cannot this nuisance be stopped?

A Paducah paper having asked Col. Watterson if he did not choke when he swallowed the sound money platform in that state, the colonel responds: "He wrote it, you jackass!"

Commissioner Powers has issued his labor day proclamation over the signature of David M. Clough.

Sugar continues to rise, but the Republican press said the new tariff law did not favor the sugar trust.

The Coxey army should have plenty of rations this year, with Mark Hanna as commissary general.

A snowstorm in South Dakota! Winter is drawing near, sure enough.

Dollar Wheat.

Minneapolis Tribune: Mr. Armour's prediction of $1 wheat before Thanksgiving day doesn't seem very extravagant, in view of the present conditions. He will find few believers, however, at present, in $1.50 wheat in the next six months, or before the next crop. Of course if crops get to be planted should prove short, on top of the shortage of the present year in other exporting countries and in Europe, then there is no knowing how high the price might soar in another year.

Indian Harvest In Alaska.

Philadelphia Record: Twenty-five cents a pound is the price which the Indian packers ask for transporting goods through Chilkoot pass, or at the rate of $500 a ton. The redskins may not have made a scientific study of economics, but they have grasped the law of supply and demand, and their rule as to freight rates is plainly "all that the traffic will bear." The packers do well to make hay while the sun shines, for the sun gets small chance to shine in Alaska. One auspicious result of their stiff tariff will be to hasten the establishment of railroad lines of transportation to the gold-paved valley of the Yukon.

A Bachelor's Reflections.

New York Press: Every woman believes that she governs her husband with a steel hand and velvet glove.

The folk that laughed hardest at Noah were the ones that were carrying around borrowed umbrellas.

Every time a woman says "yes" to a man's proposal you can hear the serpent's hiss in the garden of Eden.

Girls always need a quiet place to make up a quarrel in, so they can cry and put their arms around each other.

Nothing shocks an old bachelor's determination to get married more than to meet another man's wife that he used to be engaged to.

Love is always pictured with a bow and arrow and a pair of wings. The bow represents a woman's lips, the arrow is her tongue, and the wings are for him to fly away with.

A Maiden's Protest.

I'd like to kill the sinner who discovered electricity,
And relegated to the past the kerosenish flame;
Who robbed us of the pleasure, aye, the heavenly felicity,
Which once were golden features of the lovely sparkling game.
I'd like to pull his fiendish ears until he yelled in agony—
And incidentally I'll say the same thing would my beau—
All loyal lovers are with him in bitterest antagony,
Because his light cannot be turned
Away
down
low.

When kerosene was in its prime we'd sit with due propriety
Until the other folks had climbed the stairway for the night,
Then lovingly each other would enjoy the other's sweet society
Beneath the old lamp's half-suppressed and dim religious light.
But now that incandescent thing in fiendish triumph stares at us
From early in the night until it's time for him to go—
Just winks its bright electric eye maliciously and glares at us,
Because it knows it can't be turned
Away
down
low.

Were I queen of America I'd make of it a felony
To burn an incandescent light—myself would frame the law—
And if the people kicked I'd tell them all to go to Celena,
Which is located, I believe, 'way down in Arkansaw.
I'd re-establish kerosene in every community,
And all the boys and all girls would bless my name, I know,
For giving them the coveted and longed-for opportunity
To do their sparking with the light
Away
down
low.
—Denver Post.

You may never know it happened if you fail to read The Evening Herald.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

ROYAL
ROYAL BAKING POWDER
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Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

FROM DULUTH TO THE SEA.

Philadelphia Press: The construction of a deep waterway navigable for ocean-going ships from the great lakes to the seaboard is justified both by the needs of commerce and the attitude of Canada. Had France or Spain continued to hold the mouth of the Mississippi that great waterway would have been very much less valuable to the United States, and there would have been no way to overcome the disadvantage. That other great natural artery of commerce, the chain of the great lakes is in the same position as the Mississippi originally was—an alien and not always friendly power controls its mouth. Even the commercial connection between Lakes Erie and Ontario is in Canadian territory. This was formerly balanced by the fact that Canadian ships had to get to and from Lake Superior by the canal on the American side. But the Dominion established its independence by building its own Sault canal, and Canadian ships can now sail from the extreme west of Lake Superior to tidewater without entering the jurisdiction of the United States.

The deep waterway commission is instructed to consider whether it is possible to give a similar advantage to American commerce on the great lakes. The Erie canal in a small way served this purpose, but the necessity of transshipment always existed. The proposal to make this canal from Buffalo to the Hudson a ship canal is an old one, but is likely to remain a dream. An American canal around Niagara is a military necessity and commercially most desirable. This attained an American seaport can be reached by means of Lake Ontario and a ship canal from Oswego, or by the St. Lawrence-Champlain route more quickly and easily than by an enlarged Erie canal. The present commission is charged with the duty of deciding between the Oswego and the Champlain routes. The construction of either would still further enhance the commercial advantage of New York city. The cost would be enormous and come out of the pockets of the whole people, but the end in view is a national one and the national expenditure therefor fully warranted.

It is certainly desirable that the enormous commerce of the great lakes should have an ocean outlet without the necessity of breaking bulk or transshipment and without consulting or paying tribute to Canada. The most important point of the proposed improvement is the American canal around Niagara. As it stands, in case of war with Great Britain Lake Ontario would be isolated and the other lakes bottled up as far as American vessels are concerned, while the enemy would have its own course without an interruption from the gulf of St. Lawrence to Duluth. This country is used to a happy-go-lucky policy, but it is certainly prudent to safeguard its interests with more care on its Canadian boundary.

PASSING PLEASANTRIES.

Detroit Free Press: "How long since Brokely settled down here?" asked the stranger in the town.

"I don't know exactly," answered the grocer, "but I know it's nigh onto twenty years since he settled up with me."

—

Indianapolis Journal: "There," said the voluminous contributor, "are some gems of thought."

"Yes," replied the editor, as he reached for his blue pencil, "but they're uncut gems."

—

Boston Transcript: Grigson—It was great fun sitting there and passing remarks upon the people as they came in.

Sarton—Ah, but, talking of fun, you should have heard the remarks of some of the people after you went out.

—

Detroit Free Press: "Why this sign not to touch this particular piece of statuary with canes or umbrellas?" asked a visitor at the art exhibit.

"Because," snapped a competing artist "you could only do it justice with an ax."

—

Chicago Post: He had been arguing with the senator for some time, but without making much progress.

"I don't believe you are open to conviction, senator," he said at last.

"Oh, I don't know," answered the lawmaker. "What's your bid?"

—

Washington Star: "Do you mean to tell me that you have found a large number of men who are willing to put all they possess into a common stock, and share alike?"

"Certainly," replied the socialist. "Why not? There isn't one of them who has a cent to his name."

—

Indianapolis Journal: "Only one ultimatum this morning," reported the underling.

"Something must be the matter with the mails," said the sultan. Then his swart cheek paled as an idea struck him. "Can it be possible," he asked himself, "that I am getting unpopular?"

—

Detroit Free Press: "I assure you, madam," said he, "that I would not be begging my bread from door to door if I could but procure employment at my profession."

"Poor man," replied the good woman, as she handed out a pie, "what is your profession?"

"I am an airship pilot, madam."

One Foot to the Good.

Chicago Times-Herald: A Californian with a wooden leg has started for the Alaska gold fields, and proposes to tramp over the Chilkoot pass alone. Well, he is 50 per cent better off than many who will make the trip. He has only one foot to freeze.

HIS MIND ON THE MARKET.

Washington Star: "It's unquestionably a fact," exclaimed the enthusiast, "that there is a lot of money to be made in Klondike."

"Klondike? Klondike?" repeated Senator Sorghum. "I don't remember seeing that mentioned in any of the tariff schedules."

Grand Army Encampment.

BUFFALO AND RETURN.
Via Chicago, $18.50.
Via Milwaukee, $16.00.
Aug. 21-22. "Omaha" road.
Tickets, 405 West Superior street.

GAME IN THE YUKON

It Is Quite Plentiful But a Long Way From the Mines.

Moose, Reindeer, Caribou, Bear and Smaller Game and Delicious Fish.

It is not necessary for everybody to feed on dog meat on the Upper Yukon river and in the vicinity of the Klondike gold field in winter, as a member of a party which was up there said several of the members did, says the Washington Star. He refused the dish, but at the same time he acknowledged that more than once after food had been thrown to the dogs, literally speaking, he had snatched it away from them before they could eat it. Fish which small worms had appropriated to themselves he did not hesitate to eat, he said, and was glad to get it.

That is one of the great troubles which will be encountered by persons visiting the gold field. The further up the Yukon one travels the scarcer becomes the food supply, until in the Klondike region and thereabouts it ceases almost entirely. There is practically no large game, with the exception of one or two moose and reindeer, which have become separated from the rest of the herd and wandered out there. So that prospectors who intend visiting the field should not rely in the least on the resources of the country to feed them. There may be a few rabbits, ducks and geese in the spring, which disappear very quickly. These are not sufficient to supply even the wants of the few natives who wander nomadically about the region.

Lower down the Yukon, at certain seasons of the year, there is abundance of game, probably from 400 to 500 miles from the Klondike river. The moose is about the largest of the animals, while the reindeer is fairly plentiful. As the population has increased the game has correspondingly decreased, and in the winter the Indians there have a hard time securing food, as they are very improvident. During the season when it is abundant they never think of laying by a supply. There are beavers on the streams and various kinds of deer, bear and caribou. In the winter months these go south and disappear almost entirely. The polar bear is found several degrees further north, never appearing in that vicinity.

In the mountain streams which feed the Yukon river, up toward its head, near the Kathul mountain, there are mountain trout of good size and flavor. Many of these streams dry up in the winter, as they are fed by glaciers, which, of course, in cold weather are frozen entirely. The salmon is found in the Yukon, but only lower down, toward St. Michael. Occasionally they are caught high up on the Yukon, but the water is rather cold for them. There is a sort of fish known as the white fish which is found near the Klondike river, and is said to be excellent eating. It ranges in size about the same as our black bass, and is one of the chief mainstays of the Indians. In winter, if it is not too cold, holes are cut in the ice and the fish pulled out by means of bone hooks. They are more plentiful than any other kind, and the ice cold water appears to be their natural habitat.

Early in the spring water fowl, such as ducks, geese and swan, put in an appearance, but they do not tarry long, and wend their way after a stay of only a few days. They are very plentiful when they do appear, and the natives kill them by hundreds. The trouble is, however, that things of the kind do not last as they do in warmer climates.

Reindeer formerly were seen in very large numbers on the Yukon, some 200 or 300 miles from where the Klondike flows into it, and a gentleman who spent two or three winters there several years ago stated to the reporter that he had seen a herd of at least 5000 cross the river on the ice in one day. He also saw moose and caribou in herds of large number, but such an occurrence is an unusual rather than a common one.

Klondike would-be prospectors should bear in mind the fact that in that region, where game is scarce, the appetite is something wonderful. All kinds of food is eaten with relish, particularly anything that has fat or grease about it. The sharp air increases hunger nearly a hundred-fold, and it is necessary to have plenty of provisions in order to withstand the temperature of sometimes as much as 68 degrees below zero. Persons who have passed the winter there state that it is much better not to touch alcoholic liquors, as the after effects from indulgence in them are much worse than any benefit which may be derived from temporary stimulation.

Tea is considered one of the best things which can be taken, and it is drunk in large quantities, strong and as hot as possible. This seems to keep the heat in and the cold out better than anything else. All kinds of canned goods are excellent, and dried fruits or lime juice should be included in every bill of fare, as scurvy is prevented by making use of them. It is necessary to use large quantities of salt meats, which produce the disease.

It is believed by travelers up the Yukon river that vegetables which grow rapidly could be raised profitably in the summer months. Potatoes, it is thought, could be brought to fruition without trouble, and turnips also. The latter have been raised successfully by missionaries 400 or 500 miles or so from the source of the river. The sun there is said to have very strong power in the three or four months of summer, and in hothouses lettuce and other vegetables could be raised easily.

It is believed by many who do not understand the situation thoroughly that it is not allowed to anyone to take provisions into that country, the syndicate furnishing them for $400. This is a mistake. The syndicate merely does not allow anyone to transport them up the Yukon river, reserving that right for itself. If they can be taken to Juneau or either the Chilkat or Chilkoot pass they can be transported over the mountains on mule-back, and this is much the closer way. The cost of transportation, however, is considered expensive.

DIAMONDS BY THE TON.

It is estimated that over eighty tons of diamonds have been unearthed in the South African fields during the last eighteen years. These represent a total value of $280,000,000.

$16.—BUFFALO AND RETURN—$16.
Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, account G. A. R. excursion. Fourteen routes to choose from.

Your Grocer Will Give You FREE This Silver-Plated TEASPOON with every large size cake of



White Cloud Floating Soap

OR---A Spool containing 20 yards of the best sewing silk with every small size cake of White Cloud Floating Soap. The cost of this spoon and spool of silk comes out of our pocket entirely—it's one of our ways of advertising. We want you to get acquainted with the whitest floating soap on the market.



Made by the MONOTUCK SILK CO

White Cloud is the only soap in the world made in Porcelaine Lined Kettles which is an absolute guarantee of purity. If your grocer can not supply you send us his name and address.

MADE ONLY BY JAS. S. KIRK & CO., CHICAGO.
THE LARGEST SOAP MANUFACTURERS IN THE WORLD. ESTABLISHED 1839.

Everybody can have soft water to wash with if they will use Kirk's "Rainwater Maker." It makes hard water soft. Try it.

MAN, THE CAPTIVE.

See that breakest for ever, that breakest and never art broken,
Like unto thine, from of old, springeth the spirit of man—
Nature's wooer and fighter, whose years are a suit and a wrestling,
All their hours, from his birth, but with desire and with fray;
Man that, rejoicing in conflict, like thee when precipitate tempest,
Charge after thundering charge, clangs on thy resonant mail,
Seemeth so easy to shatter, and proveth so hard to be cloven;
Man whom the gods, in his pain, curse with a soul that endures,
Man with the cosmic fortunes and starry vicissitudes tangled,
Chained to the wheel of the world, blind with the dust of its speed,
Even as thou, a blind giant, whom trailed in the wake of her conquests
Night's sweet despot draws, bound to her ivory car;
Man with inviolate caverns, impregnable holds in his nature,
Depths no storm can pierce, pierced with a shaft of the sun;
Man that is galled with his confines, and burdened yet more with his vastness,
Born too great for his ends, never at peace with his goal;
Man whom Fate, his victor, magnanimous, clement in triumph,
Holds as a captive king, mewed in a palace divine,
Wide its leagues of pleasure, and ample of purview its windows;
Airily falls, in its courts, laughter of fountains at play;
Naught, when the harpers are harping, untimely remind is him of durance;
None, as he sits at the feast, whisper captivity's name;
But, would he parley with Silence, withdraw for a while unattended,
Forth to the beckoning world 'scape for an hour and be free,
Lo, his adventurous fancy coercing at once and provoking,
Rise the unscalable walls, built with a word at the prime;
Lo, immobile as statues with pitiless faces of iron,
Armed at each obstinate gate, stand the impassable guards.
—WILLIAM WATSON, "Hymn to the Sea."

WHEN SHE COMES HOME.

When she comes home again! A thousand ways
I fashion to myself, the tenderness
Of my glad welcome; I shall tremble—yes;
And touch her, as when first in the old days
I touched her girlish hand, nor dared upraise
Mine eyes, such was my faint heart's sweet distress.
Then silence: And the perfume of her dress;
The room will sway a little and a haze
Clog eyesight—soulsight, even—for a space;
And tears—yes; and the ache here in the throat.
To know that I so ill deserve the place
Her arms make for me; and the sobbing note
I stay with kisses, ere the tearful face
Again is hidden in the old embrace.
—JAMES WHITCOMB RILEY.

WAS WILLING TO HELP.

He looked like a gentleman of the old school, says the Chicago Post.

The others in the car took no pains to conceal their annoyance when the baby began to cry, much to the discomfort of the mother, but he looked at her as if he rather sympathized with her. The crusty old bachelor banged his paper down and changed his seat; the sour-looking old maid moved her parrot down to the other end of the car; the gay youth grabbed his hat and a package of cigarettes and started for the smoker.

And, of course, the woman with the baby knew instinctively that she was the cause of it all. That is always the way. The one who is having the hardest time of it anyway is made even more uncomfortable by those who should strive to make it easier for her.

But the gentleman of the old school beamed on her in a kindly way that made up for the shortcomings of the rest. Of course he couldn't read while the baby was trying to beat the continuous-crying record of the world, but he kept his paper in front of him and pretended that he could. Occasionally he lowered it enough to scowl at some passenger who was making audible remarks about crying babies and women who would persist in traveling with them, and then smiled reassuringly at the woman with the baby.

Finally, however, it was evident that the time for action had come. He must take the side of the woman with the baby or consent to be numbered with those who were endeavoring to make her feel as uncomfortable as possible.

He leaned over and spoke to her to show how his sympathies were enlisted.

"Can I help you in any way, madam?" he asked.

"I'm afraid not," she replied with a smile. "I don't imagine you have had much experience with children."

"Quite right," he said. "But then I didn't know whether you had made proper provisions for the trip. Might have overlooked something, you know. People will do that sometimes. Now, if a bottle of chloroform would be of any service to you, I have about a quart in my—"

He did not finish the sentence. There was a dangerous glitter in her eyes that he was quick to notice.

And perhaps he didn't belong to the old school after all; perhaps he didn't belong to any school.

A PROVIDENTIAL ESCAPE.

Atlanta Constitution: A negro boy who had stolen a horse was pursued by an angry crowd of rural citizens.

The frightened negro jumped into the river and struck out for the other side.

When half way over he was seized by a monster alligator, and disappeared instantly.

The foreman of the vigilance committee turned to his men and said, solemnly:

"Boys, I'm done with this here lynchin'-business—done with it fur ever! Providence is ag'in it. A alligator has done swallowed the nigger whole!"

A DAY OF PLEASURE
VIA THE PICTURESQUE
B & O
RAILROAD, AND
CLEVELAND & BUFFALO TRANSIT COMPANY'S MAGNIFICENT LINE OF STEAMERS TO THE
GRAND ARMY
ENCAMPMENT AT BUFFALO, N. Y.
AUGUST 21, 22 AND 23.
May be Extended to September 20.
Niagara Falls Forty Minutes Away.
ROUND $10.50 TRIP
The Superb Rail and Water Route
Full particulars at City Ticket Office
193 CLARK STREET,
B. N. AUSTIN, G. P. A., Chicago. W. W. PICKING, C. P. A., Chicago.



REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY
Made a Well Man of Me.
THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circular free. Address
Royal Medicine Co., 269 Dearborn St. CHICAGO, ILL.
For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. BOYCE, druggist.

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE.—

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Mary Cahill and John Cahill, her husband, Mortgagors, to Duluth Loan, Deposit and Trust Company, a corporation, Mortgagee, dated May 31st, 1893, and recorded in the Register of Deeds' Office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on June 14th, 1893, at eight thirty (8:30) o'clock A. M. in Book One hundred twenty-four (124) of mortgages on page fifty-seven (57); which mortgage and the note thereby secured were thereafter duly assigned by said Duluth Loan, Deposit and Trust Company, to Persis C. Thomas by an instrument dated August 11th, 1893, and recorded in the Register of Deeds' Office for said St. Louis County, on August 12th, 1893, at eight-thirty (8:30) o'clock a. m. in Book one hundred thirty-two (132) of Mortgages on page one (1) and

WHEREAS, said mortgage contained provisions that if any default be made in the payment of any installment of interest when the same became due, then and in any such case the said Mortgagee or its Assigns may elect without notice that the whole principal sum thereby secured and all accrued interest thereon shall immediately become due and payable and may enforce payment thereof by foreclosure and,

WHEREAS, Default was made in the part payment of the semi-annual installment of interest upon said note and mortgage due January 1st, 1896, amounting to the sum of Two and 63-100 (2.63) Dollars and also in the payment of the semi-annual installments of interest due July 1st, 1896, January 1st, 1897, and July 1st 1897, each amounting to Sixty-six and 50-100 (66.50) dollars and secured by said mortgage, by reason whereof the undersigned assignee of said mortgage and holder thereof has elected to exercise said option and has therefore duly declared and does hereby declare the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage with all accrued interest thereon to be now due and payable and,

WHEREAS, There is actually due at the date of this notice, the sum of two thousand one hundred twelve and 47-100 (2112.47) dollars principal and interest and no action, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof,

NOW, THEREFORE, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of St. Louis and state of Minnesota described as follows, to-wit: All that part of lot numbered ten (10), East Fourth Street, Duluth Proper, First Division, that lies westerly of a line drawn through said lot parallel with and equidistant from the easterly and westerly line of said lot intending to convey the westerly one-half (½) of said lot, which said premises with the hereditaments and appurtenances will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest and taxes (if any) on said premises and seventy-five (75.00) Dollars Attorneys' fees stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, by the Sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Duluth in said County and State September 10th, 1897, at ten (10) o'clock A. M. subject to redemption within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 28th, 1897.

PERSIS C. THOMAS,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
TOWNE & MERCHANT,
Attorneys for said Assignee of Mortgagee,
103-106 Duluth Trust Co. Bldg.,
Duluth, Minnesota.
Duluth Evening Herald, July 28-Aug-4-11-18-25-Sept-1-8.

IT WILL BE DONE

Mayor Truelsen Agrees That Municipal Expenses Must Be Cut.

THE POLICE FORCE

Possibility That It Will Receive a Reduction of Twenty-Five Per Cent.

The mayor says that municipal expenses must be curtailed. To accomplish this he will make a reduction in the police force and will, further, urge upon the fire commissioners the necessity of another turn on the purse strings so far as the fire department is concerned. Exactly how much the police force will be reduced cannot be definitely stated. At a conference between the mayor and Chief Hansen, though, it was, it is understood, practically agreed that a reduction of 25 per cent in the force could be made without seriously crippling the service.

The mayor is inclined to view with favor the suggestion that No. 1 hall at First avenue east and Third street could be dispensed with. This station is only nine blocks from Central fire hall on the west, at which are a chemical, a steamer and a hook and ladder company; six blocks from No. 3 hall, at which is a steamer and fourteen blocks from No. 4 hall, at which is a chemical. The expense of this hall is $6060 per year for pay of men alone.

RACE MEET AT SUPERIOR.

Series of Events Set For Saturday Afternoon.

The Superior wheelmen are arranging a race meet for next Saturday afternoon, which will be held in the Superior driving park. There is a good list of events and prizes, and a large number of entries are expected. It is the expectation that a number of Duluth riders will enter the events, and the Superior men are counting upon ten from this city. There is still some feeling about the manner in which the Superior riders have acted in the Duluth races in which they have been, and it is possible that this will have some influence on the number of Duluth men to enter. The events and prizes for Saturday's races will be as follows:

Mile novice, gold medal valued at $15. Half mile, open for amateurs, suit of clothes, $15; pair of Morgan & Wright tires, $10; bicycle lamp, $5. Half mile race for doctors and lawyers, silk umbrella, $7.50; grip, $5. Two-mile handicap, open to amateurs, stud, $15; Morgan & Wright tires, $10; shoes, $5. Half mile for boys' under 16, suit of clothes, $10; silver watch, $7.50; Flobert rifle, $5. Mile for Superior club championship, prize medal to be contested for annually. Business men's race, half mile, Dunlap hat, $5; lance rod, $3.50; fishing pole, $1.50. Five-mile handicap, open to amateurs, Winchester shot gun, $29; stop watch, $15; Eastman camera, $8; first time prize, diamond ring, $15; second time prize, meerschaum pipe, $10; third time prize, scarf pin, $5. Quarter mile dash, open to amateurs, Smith & Wesson revolver, $10; racing suit, $7.50; link cuff buttons, $5.

THE SUPERIOR ENTRY PIERS.

Bids For Repairs Are to Be Opened Friday.

On Friday Maj. Sears will open bids for repairs and work on the piers at the Superior entry to the harbor. The work will aggregate about $20,000 in cost. The decayed portions of the piers, especially the easterly end of the south pier, are to be replaced. In addition to this the sides of both piers are to be sheeted with timbers placed close together and anchored tightly above and below. This sheeting is to be done with a view to strengthening the piers preparatory to putting on a permanent superstructure in the course of the next few years. The present superstructure will be removed when that is done and a concrete superstructure placed on the crib work. This will make them very handsome piers.

The Duluth piers, however, will be more elaborate, and they will be entirely new, none of the present work being used. The widening of the canal will prevent this.

The Labadie Entertainment.

The sale of tickets for the duologue entertainment by Mr. and Mrs. Francis Labadie at the Armory Friday night for the benefit of Company A is exceptionally large. From present indications all of the reserved seats will be taken before the box office opens Friday. Several of the members of Company A are selling tickets and report great success. The program is as follows:

"Wooing scene" from Richard III, Mr. Labadie as Gloster and Mrs. Labadie as Lady Ann, followed by "Richard's March to Bosworth Field," by Mr. Labadie.

"Trial scene" from the "Merchant of Venice, with Mr. Labadie as Shylock and Mrs. Labadie as Portia.

"A Happy Pair," a brisk little play which lasts forty-five minutes. It is full of opportunities for clever work, of which both Mr. and Mrs. Labadie take advantage. The quarrels of the "happy pair" and their final reconciliation cannot fail to put the audience in the best of humor.

The bachelor's pride, the benedict's delight—the Gordon hat.

FROM LOWELL, MASS.

The Home of Hood's Sarsaparilla—A Wonderful Cure.

"A swelling as big as a large marble came under my tongue. Physicians said it was a semi-transparent tumor and must be operated upon. I felt I could not stand it, and as spring came began to take my favorite spring tonic, Hood's Sarsaparilla. The bunch gradually decreased and finally disappeared. I have had no sign of its return. I am glad to praise Hood's Sarsaparilla." MRS. H. M. COBURN, 8 Union St., Lowell, Mass. Get HOOD'S.

Hood's Pills cure Sick Headache. 25c.

FIBROID TUMOR

Expelled by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Interview With Mrs. B. A. Lombard.

I have reason to think that I would not be here now if it had not been for Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It cured me of a fibroid tumor in my womb.

Doctors could do nothing for me, and they could not cure me at the hospital. I will tell you about it:

I had been in my usual health, but had worked quite hard. When my monthly period came on, I flowed very badly. The doctor gave me medicine, but it did me no good. He said the flow must be stopped if possible, and he must find the cause of my trouble.

Upon examination, he found there was a Fibroid Tumor in my womb, and gave me treatment without any benefit whatever. About that time a lady called on me, and recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, said she owed her life to it. I said I would try it, and did. Soon after the flow became more natural and regular. I still continued taking the Compound for some time. Then the doctor made an examination again, and found everything all right. The tumor had passed away and that dull ache was gone.—MRS. B. A. LOMBARD, Box 71, Westdale, Mass.

WORK ON THE DREDGES.

Sixty Thousand Yards Removed Last Week.

Last week the dredges working on the continuous contract in Duluth-Superior harbor removed 60,000 yards of material. Capt. Barker had two dredges working and Williams, Green & Williams five dredges. While this is a pretty fair amount of material to be removed it falls far short of what will be required next year. Sixty thousand yards in a week means about 250,000 yards in a month or less than 2,000,000 for the season's work. The government after this year will require 5,000,000 yards to be taken out annually. When Capt. Barker gets his other dredges at work the output will be greatly increased. The big hydraulic dredge of the Northwestern Coal Railway company will take out a large amount and he has two or three other powerful dredges which will be put at work here. Both contractors, however, will have to materially increase their forces next year. This they are already preparing to do. Both, also, have had considerable bad luck this year. Especially is this true of Capt. Barker. He has had a number of accidents that have necessitated costly repairs. One accident cost him about $500 regardless of loss of time.

THE GOLD COUNTRY.

Rod A. Demme Says Owners of Properties Hold Them Too High.

Rod A. Demme, president of the Foley Gold Mining company, left yesterday afternoon for the Seine River country to pay a visit to the mine. Mr. Demme said that the new diamond drill plant recently purchased is now at the mine and is being set up. When it is in working order they will have a total of twelve drills in operation, and will be in a position to do mining on an extensive scale.

Mr. Demme is one of the men who have implicit confidence in the future of the new gold fields, and is willing to back up his faith with a liberal outlay of hard cash. During the past few months the company, of which he is the head, has invested over $16,000 in improvements, and will leave nothing undone to put the property in first class shape.

"Development work all through the district," said Mr. Demme, "has been greatly retarded because of the uncompromising greed of the owners of what may perhaps be mining property. The prices asked for mere prospects are as great as developed mines in old established districts like Cripple Creek can be bought for. The result has been that capital has not taken hold, and claims are lying idle for lack of means with which to develop them. Of course there is a great deal of work being done, but there would be a hundred times as much if property holders would be reasonable.

"I have just been down East, and I find it is the easiest thing in the world to get all the money necessary to engage in any legitimate mining enterprise, but capitalists are not willing to pay out $40,000 or $50,000 for a new property without knowing whether the property will be worth anything or not. If a man believes that he has a valuable claim and wants to sell it he should be willing to bond it at a reasonable figure for a fair length of time, the purchaser paying, say, 6 per cent on the agreed purchase price and proceed to develop. If at the expiration of the period for which it is bonded the buyer finds that he has a mine he can pay the purchase price and get title to the property. If he proves there is nothing there to warrant the payment of this amount the original owner will have the improvements as well as the property, and the investor will be out all that he has expended. But this plan is not popular up there, although it has been found to be the most satisfactory plan in all old established mining camps. Here they demand a big payment down, and subsequent payments on short time, purchasers not being given an opportunity to find out what they have bought. The properties that are being developed are turning out very satisfactory as a rule, but there ought to be an army of men at work instead of the mere handful that is now being employed."

There is no hat like a good hat. The Gordon!

Summer Excursion Rates.

VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R. Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 16-18, $18.55. Indianapolis, Ind., and return, Sept. 7, 8, 9, $18.75.

Buffalo, N. Y., and return, G. A. R., Aug. 21, 22, announced later.

Nashville, Tenn., and return, Centennial, $43.30.

Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, $46.45.

Summer tourist tickets to Colorado, Yellowstone Park, Pacific coast, and to all Eastern and Western resorts.

For rates and particulars call or address city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, corner Providence building.

WILL INQUIRE WHY.

Civic Federation Committee Wonders Why Peachey's Offer Was Disregarded.

The civic committee will, it is said, take up the rejection by the county commissioners of S. E. Peachey's offer to accept the office of register of deeds at a salary of $125 per month and to do the work with a materially reduced force. The committee, it is understood, want to know why the county commissioners took no notice of Mr. Peachey's offer to co-operate with them in their efforts to reduce expenses and engaged another man with less experience in such work at twice the salary.

A prominent business man, a member of the committee, has expressed the opinion that the action of the commissioners in this matter exhibits a disregard of the taxpayers' interests that is in strong contrast with their professed enthusiasm in the cause of economy, and has announced his intention of advocating some action on the part of the committee.

EFFECT OF THE TARIFF.

A Tailor Discusses the Result It Will Have.

Yesterday a Herald man asked a leading builder of men's clothing what difference the tariff schedules on wool and imported clothing would make on fall suits in Duluth. The result was a dissertation on the clothes question which may interest some wearers of men's clothing.

"As the tariff on wool will not make a difference of more than 5 cents a yard in the cost of cloth for men's suitings, that part of the Dingley law will not cut a great deal of a figure," he replied. "The difference will come in on the tariff on cloth, which will bring the cost to the user up quite a little. Trimmings will come up a good deal, also, and this will make another increase. The imported stuffs will not be the only articles raised, of course, as the domestic goods go up in proportion to the increase in imported articles. Fall suits that we have been getting $30 for four years will have to bring $35, and $40 suits will cost $45 and so on. The difference will be more marked by next spring, as a good many tailors have been lucky enough to get their fall goods in before the tariff went into effect. By spring trimmings will have gone up 25 per cent, clay worsteds will have increased $1.50 per yard, and the raise will be general.

"It will be a hard thing to educate the trade up to the new prices, and the result will probably be that for some time the men who have become accustomed to the low prices of the last few years will use domestic and inferior goods. Some may imagine that the demand for imported goods is an affectation but it is based on the fact that the imported goods are the better. One trouble with the domestic goods has always been until late years that the domestic mills did not know how to dye. Now, however, the domestic goods are dyed as well as any that are made. Still, the ordinary run of domestic goods are inferior, because they do not have the stock in them. If they do they are too hard and heavy. To get around this difficulty some of the domestic mills stretch their product out so that it looks nicely, and this is the secret of the 'high-water pants' and sleeves also. The goods have been stretched, and when they are sponged or wet in any manner the stretch gets out of them and the owner has high-water pants. That is the difference between the imported and domestic goods. Some of the domestic goods are as good as imported, but they bring higher prices and are often sold as imported goods. The domestic trimmings are open to similar objections, as they will often lose their shape and thus take away the shape of a coat.

"But rather than pay the difference the tariff is going to make a large proportion of the trade use these inferior goods, so you may look to see the high-water trousers come in again."

ORE RECEIPTS INCREASING.

About 850 Cars Arrive Daily at the Missabe Docks.

Ore receipts at the Missabe docks in this city are steadily increasing, an average of about 850 cars being unloaded there daily. Vessel shipments are keeping up with the receipts and the docks are not nearly so full of ore as they were a few weeks ago. A large force of men is kept at work day and night, and that there may be no more delay than is absolutely necessary an extra force is employed during the noon hour while the regular crew is at dinner.

Work Begun Today.

Work on the water main trench began at Fortieth avenue east this morning, a gang of twenty men being put on. The excavation for the gate and check valve at Fortieth avenue east has been completed and the valve will be put in place in a short time.

G. A. R. Rates to Buffalo.

VIA EASTERN MINNESOTA RAILWAY.

Only $18.50 round trip to Buffalo Aug. 21 and 22. Tickets and full information at Union depot or city ticket office, 432 West Superior street.

C. D. HARPER,
Northern Passenger Agent.

Pure Spring Water.

Delivered daily. Telephone orders to Stewart's livery, telephone No. 334.

SALT RHEUM

Most torturing and disfiguring of itching, burning, scaly skin and scalp humors is instantly relieved by a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, a single application of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure, and a full dose of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, greatest of blood purifiers and humor cures, when all else fails.

Cuticura

Sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Props., Boston. "How to Cure Skin Diseases," free.

FALLING HAIR Pimply Faces, Baby Blemishes, Cured by CUTICURA SOAP.

Simple and Scientific.

Science is always simple. It's only quackery that juggles with jargon. Medical treatment of the past dealt with "simples," the pure vegetable remedies provided by Nature. Sagwa is compounded of simples. It is purely vegetable. It is scientific because it is based on the *known* curative properties of the herbs, roots, barks and gums which it contains. It is the most efficient blood purifier and blood builder known. Accept no substitute for

Kickapoo Indian Sagwa.

FISH CULTURISTS WANTED.

Government Will Hold a Civil Service Examination.

The United States civil service commission announces that on Wednesday, Sept. 1, 1897, it will hold examinations at Washington and at other cities where there are competent boards of examiners for the purpose of establishing a register from which appointments may be made to the position of fish culturist, under the supervision of the United States commission of fish and fisheries. In addition to the usual educational examination, applicants will be examined on the subjects of geography and fish culture. There are four classes of fish culturists, as follows: Those engaged in pond culture operations; in salmon, trout and white-fish operations; in marine operations; in shad and pike-perch operations. A competitor who passes an examination in any of the above classes becomes eligible to the class to which the examination relates, and, by passing examinations for all classes, a competitor may become eligible in all of them.

From the register established as the result of this examination, several vacancies now existing will be filled, namely, one at Cape Vincent, N. Y., salary $720 per annum; one at St. Johnsbury, Vt., salary $600 per annum; one in the car and messenger service of the fish commission, and several others, to be stationed at Washington. So far as practicable, appointments will be made from those eligibles residing in the vicinity in which the vacancy exists.

An examination will be held in Duluth on Sept. 1. Persons desiring to compete are to apply to the United States civil service commission at Washington for instructions.

FRATERNAL DAY PLAN.

Projectors Believe It Will Be a Success.

The members of the fraternal day committee are confident that the plan can be successfully carried out. The interest displayed by the fraternal organizations on the ranges is fully as great as that shown by the local orders, and a large attendance from these may be expected. There will be a parade on Superior street, a picnic and all sorts of games and sports. It is expected that fully 15,000 people will take part in the parade and that an enormous crowd will attend. Special trains will probably be run on the Missabe and Iron Range roads.

At a meeting of the committee in the King block last evening N. A. Gearhart was elected president and R. H. Pierce secretary of the permanent committee of arrangements.

Buildings Are Safe.

Alderman Drew, of Minneapolis, was a caller at the city hall today. Some uneasiness has been feat at the influx of so many aldermen from Chicago and other wicked towns recently. Chief Hansen said today, however, that an inventory of public buildings shows that none are missing so far. The railroad companies, though, report that several trains have been taken.

GETTING IT RIGHT.

They were riding on the rear seat of a Calhmar car, and were strangers to each other. One of them was short and stout; the other was a man of medium size, to whom everything along the route seemed to be new, says the Cleveland Leader.

As they were passing along near the car barns the medium-sized man looked up at the fine residence upon the bluff, and said:

"Do you know who lives in that large house up there, with the big veranda?"

"That big brown house?" the other returned.

"Yes."

"You mean the one with the porch running clear around it?"

"Yes, do you know who lives there?"

"The third one from the end of the row?"

"That's it."

"I mean the third from the westerly end of the row."

"Yes, that's the one I mean."

"That one with the grce awnings?"

"Yes."

"Let's see! Blamed if I know who lives there."

The medium-sized man said no more, but he looked as if he wanted to fight.

For G. A. R. excursion to Buffalo the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway makes the lowest rates and quickest time.

LOW EXCURSION RATES TO BUFFALO, N. Y.—G. A. R. NATIONAL ENCAMPMENT—VIA THE BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD.

On Aug. 21, 22 and 23 the Baltimore & Ohio railroad will sell low rate excursion tickets to Buffalo, N. Y., account of G. A. R. national encampment. Passengers purchasing tickets at points west of Akron have choice of routes, via Cleveland a nd rail in both directions, via Cleveland and steamer in both directions, via Cleveland and steamer going and all rail returning, or via all-rail going and steamer to Cleveland, thence rail, returning. Tickets will be valid for return until Aug. 31, but are subject to an extension until Sept. 20, 1897, on payment of a fee of twenty-five (25) cents, if deposited with joint agent of terminal lines at Buffalo.

For further information call on or address E. N. Austin, general passenger agent, Chicago, Ill.

HALF-RATE EXCURSION SOUTH AND WEST.

Via St. Paul & Duluth railway, Aug. 17, Sept. 7 and 21, to points in South and West generally. One fare plus $2 for the round trip. Tickets and particulars City Ticket office, 332 West Superior street, corner Providence building.

Ask the South Shore for rates and routes to Buffalo before buying. Fourteen routes to choose from.

THE SIX-DAY RACE.

Records Made By Baldwin and Farnsworth Broken.

There was another lively evening of racing by the women professionals at the Union rink last night, and though the threatening weather kept the attendance below the average, it was still fair. The speed last night was of the record-breaking variety, and the four leaders beat the track record made by Baldwin and Farnsworth. The three leaders broke the record by two miles and five laps. Fiering made the pace about three-fourths of the time, though Peterson took the lead at one time. After the close Fiering and Drehmel had a collision, and both took hard falls which did not injure them seriously. During the race Drehmel was presented with a handsome bouquet by one of her admirers. The score last night was as follows: Fiering, Drehmel and Peterson, 38 miles and 15 laps; Brooks, 38 miles and 5 laps; Wellington, 36 miles and 9 laps. For the two days the score was as follows: Fiering, Drehmel and Peterson, 78 miles and 16 laps; Brooks, 78 miles and 6 laps; Wellington, 74 miles and 16 laps.

WHAT HE MADE.

Professor B——, who conducts the clinic of nervous diseases at ——medical college, of Chicago, is himself a very nervous and easily irritated man, says Harper's Editor's Drawer. Recently, at the close of a long clinic, when teacher and students were well tired out, the assistant rushed in and asked to have exhibited a very interesting case which had just arrived.

"Well, be quick about it," said the doctor, and proceeded to emphasize some previous remarks concerning the influence of occupation upon nervous conditions, which point he proposed to illustrate in the case to be presented.

The patient, an awkward Swede, having been hustled into a chair, was now confronted by Professor B——, with the admonition to be brief and accurate in his replies, as time was limited.

"Now, sir, what do you do?" he commenced.

"Aw am not vera well."

"No! I say, what do you do?"

"Oh, yas. Aw verk."

"Yes, I know; but what kind of work?"

"Oh, eet es hard verk."

"Yes; but do you shovel" (illustrating with gesture), "or drive a car, or work at a machine, or do—"

"Oh, yas. Aw verk at a masheen."

"Ah! What kind of a machine?"

"Oh, eet es a big masheen."

By this time the class were grinning broadly and whispering pleasantries, all of which caused the professor to redden and break into a volley at the poor Swede.

"Now look here, sir; I want no more of this. You answer the questions I ask, or go home. What do you make on this machine?"

A ray of intelligence lit up the face of the Swede, and, with a confident smile, he said: "Oh, now aw understan' yo'. Yo' want to know vat aw mak' on the masheen. Eesn't et?"

"Yes, sir; that is it. What do you make?"

"Aw mak' 17 cents an hour." And he and the class were dismissed.

AN ADMIRAL'S COFFIN.

Many have been the peculiar wishes of men still in the flesh with regard to the disposition of their remains when they have "shuffled off this mortal coil." Few, however, claim to be as appropriate as they may be original, though we know of one case in which a ship's carpenter built his own coffin and for the remainder of his days used it as a tool chest, says the Liverpool Journal. A case of peculiar singularity and appropriateness came under our notice while "going the rounds." Seeing in a well-built boat of miniature dimensions under construction on the premises of Philip Windram, Jordan street, Liverpool, curiosity was naturally aroused, and the inquiry as to the purposes of such an apparently useless craft elicited the curious information that the boat was being built to the order of an undertaker, at the request of a living British admiral, to serve as his final resting place, in place of the orthodox and more suggestive but less attractive coffin. The build of the boat is strong, and she is in all respects constructed on the lines of an ordinary double ended lifeboat, without, perhaps, quite as much shear as is usually found in such craft. She is provided with a wooden deck or cover, extending fore and aft, and fitted in fashion to go over the gunwale. This boat coffin is carvel built and seven feet long, and will present a very attractive appearance. Two oars are to be supplied, and she will have a rudder and tiller fitted. She is built of pine, West African mahogany, oak and elm. The internal "get up" is to be left for the undertaking furnisher, and will no doubt be of a fitting character. Mr. Windram, who has been in the boat-building business over forty years in Liverpool, prior to which he followed the same trade elsewhere, having come of a boat-building race, says that this was the first order of the kind he had executed, though he had some remarkable ones at times.

Smoke X Ray Cigar.
Best home made union 5c cigar.

W. H. PALMER,

WATERLOO, IOWA.

"Saved From the Horrors of Nervous Prostration" by Dr. Miles' Nervine.



A COUGH does not always indicate consumption. Mr. W. H. Palmer, of Waterloo, Iowa, writes: "I was taken with a nervous stricture of the bronchial tubes, which developed into nervous prostration, I was so weak I could not sit up. I got no sleep for days except when under the influence of opiates. For four months I suffered agonies and prayed that I might die and be at rest. One physician said I had consumption, for I had a cough that gave me no rest. But a good old physician whose medicine had failed, advised me to use Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and I thank God that it has brightened my days, lengthened my life and saved me from the horrors of nervous prostration."

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on Heart and Nerves sent free to all applicants.

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

WE REACH THE HEARTS

of the consumers through their stomachs, by giving them the pure, health and pleasure-bringing

Blatz Beer

The STAR Milwaukee

THEY ALL LIKE IT! YOU WILL TOO!
CALL FOR BLATZ. SEE THAT "BLATZ" IS ON THE CORK.

VAL. BLATZ BREWING CO., Milwaukee, Wis., U. S. A.
Duluth Branch, Tel. 62.

The Smart Housewife Gets The Best

at same price others pay for inferior brands because she always asks for

KINGSFORD'S OSWEGO STARCH

"PURE" & "SILVER GLOSS"

for the laundry give a gloss and finish that is unequalled.

FOR SALE BY ALL FIRST CLASS GROCERS.

SONGS ARE STOLEN

How Popular Airs Are Plagiarized By the Composers of Today.

Examples of "Coincidences" Where Familiar Strains Occur In "New" Songs.

Popular music is said to be "the same thing over again," says the Portland (Ore.) Telegram. The American public, always susceptible to the latest musical contagion, whistles and sings the melodies of other days rehearsed under a new title.

Original songs entirely free from the taint of reminiscence are hard to find. Publishers admit it. Composers smile and say it is a continuous coincidence that cannot be avoided when a dyramid of new productions is erected every year in all cities where ambition and talent exist. The vaudeville craze has started the mills of music, and the grind has swamped the market. Classical and standard ballads are not in favor with composers because the public wants the kind of music that creeps into the hand organs. The result is imitation and appearance of songs which in melody and idea sound as though they were closely related to each other.

A Chicago woman who has collected the popular songs of the day for the past ten years asserts, without fear of successful denial, that all the big hits came either from six songs or German music which was not copyrighted.

It is also claimed by publishers that the piracy of song writers became so far-reaching that even titles were not excepted, and as a result the long title blossomed into vogue as the only safeguard.

Everybody doubtless recalls the widespread popularity of "Down Went McGinty." Two years previous to the appearance and subsequent success of that song the public was whistling "Fifteen Dollars in My Inside Pocket," and "The Day I played Baseball," both melodies being strongly reminiscent of the contagious successor.

About the time the world's fair attracted all sorts of impromptu tunes to Chicago, a colored cook from Memphis who was employed on the midway, sung an original creation entitled, "Miss Donahue Take Me Back," while he labored around the cafe kitchen. It got down on the levee, and has been sung there, more or less, for the past three years. An Evanston man copyrighted the music, changed the words, named it "Mistah Johnson, Turn Me Loose," and later sold it to a New York publisher. May Irwin sang it and it is now one of the ballads of the day since the "coon craze" developed.

Even patriotic music is in some respects the same thing over again. "God Save the Queen" inspired "America."

Some people trace a family resemblance of the chorus of "Down in Poverty Row," to the old ballad of "White Wings," while the refrains of "Paradise Alley" and "The Sidewalks of New York" might constantly be regarded as a connection customary between sidewalks and alleys in that metropolis. Behind them both rises the spectral memory of other days, "Paddy Duffy's Cart." "Two Little Girls in Blue," have always been suspicioned in the public mind of having met "After the Ball." Behind "Sweet Tillie Taylor" can be seen glimpses of "Dreamland Faces." "Ta-ra-ra Boom De-ay" is the heritage of a ballad sung in Thatcher's minstrels twelve years ago, a statement which has gone unchallenged for some time.

"Standing on the Corner" was sung around Chicago as an impromptu production of colored circles on State street before it was picked up as a good thing by George Evans and copyrighted, after being improved upon.

A comparison of "After the Ball" with an aria in the opera of "Amourita" shows a thin line of distinction in the form of a tempo. This famous product of Milwaukee also resembles in some portions a song published in Boston eight years previous, written by James A. Fairchild, which is now in the dead issues of the Ditson catalogue.

"Sweet Marie" is a delicious compound of "The Letter that Never Came," "Nellie Gray" and an old Scotch ballad called "Rosalie."

"I'm Happy, My Baby's Come to Town" is almost a wholesale coincidence of "Parson Johnson's Chicken Brigade." The standard ballad of "O, Promise Me" is an echo of "Forbidden Music." "Fly! You Blackbirds, Fly," is a combination of the old "Virginia Essence," "Ambolena Snow" and "Put Me Off at Buffalo." "Don't be Cross" is reminiscent of a Strauss waltz, while Rossini's "Stabat Mater" has evidently supplied the inspiration for a number of popular hits of the past three years.

"Just Tell Them That You Saw Me" is among the hits of the hour. Compare the refrain of that famous production to the introduction of "Hear Dem Bells," written some years ago, and the similarity is at once striking.

"Sweet Bunch of Daisies" was evidently plucked from the same flower bed as "Sweet Violets" and "Pretty Pond Lilies," with a dash of "Sleep, Baby, Sleep."

"It's All Right if the Girl Don't Care" is a composite song with a fragment of seven other ballads of the past warmed over into a waltz melody. For one price the purchaser can thus secure a medley of "Tillie Taylor," "Doris," "I Don't Want to Play in Your Yard," "Hush-a-By Baby" and "After the Ball."

"The New Bully" is a descendant of "Who Will Buy My Roses Red," buried years ago, after enjoying the bloom of popular favor. "Molly on the Trolley" is "The Daughter of Officer Porter" in a new dress.

The introductory verse of "Little Alabama Coon" is similar to the old English ballad, "The Future Mrs. Awkins."

"Up Went O'Connor on His Wedding Day" is now the rage in the East. It is merely a mixture of the "Wearing of the Green" and the strains of "Killarney," naturalized under a new title. Yet the people with the memory of those ballads fresh in their hearts welcome this fin de siecle version with open arms. It started on the Bowery; that successful nursery of popular music.

"The Mulligan Guards" has formed the parent tree of "The Bold McIntyres" and a number of other Irish melodies that have caught the public voice. Some music fans think that some portions of "My Gal's a High Born Lady" sounds like one of Lew Dockstader's old specialties.

The "Cadet Two-Step" is regarded by many as having been the inspiration for "The Honeymoon March." There was a march published in Germany in the distant past which is recalled by portions of the Zenda waltzes of today. Some of Sousa's productions closely resemble each other.

Germany originally hummed and whistled a waltz, which was echoed in this country two years later when "Little Annie Rooney" was introduced to the American people.

"Doris" was taken from the operetta of "Rosita," written by the same composer. "Little Annie Malone" is a coincidence of this musical favorite, but the records show that the operetta made its appearance first. Since then "She's the Little Girl That Loves Mc" has been added to the songs coincident with "Doris," or, more properly speaking, the refrain from "Rosita," which has been "murdered in the first degree," more or less, by home talent throughout the country for the past ten years.

Among the verses of songs it is not infrequent to see "eyes of blue" and "heart so true," "sweetheart, 'tis hard to part" and "farewell, my love, farewell." "Home" and "roam" are inseparably linked by the poet. So is "pearl" and "girl." Love is the staple and ever popular story told in music over and over again. It appeals to the sentimental and perpetuates imitation.

Success inspires imitation and a large crop of failures, which accounts largely for the short life of the popular song. Titles are imitated as well as sentiment and melody, frequently causing confusion to the purchaser of a piece of music, but always evading the copyright law, the latter being regarded by some publishers as farcical as a protection to title. There are today fifteen "Marguerites," twenty "Marys," a dozen "Mollies," and exhaustive instances similar to these. And there are others.

FOREIGN DOCTORS IN ITALY.

That an entirely unqualified person may practice medicine on the foreigner in Rome is proved by the fact that there are men practicing medicine in Italy (I need not specify the cities) who, to the knowledge of some at least of the properly qualified physicians, have no diploma of any known medical college, says the London Times. This fact is notorious, nor does the "bureau of national hygiene" take any concern about the matter, except by the present regulation, which is rather by way of leaving the foreigners to the consequences of their own ignorance, which they have no means to correct. It is well known also that at certain hotels it is the practice, in the event of a foreigner's being taken ill in the hotel, to call in the physician (?) who has made an arrangement with the porter to give him a commission on the fees. All that the "bureau" requires is that a foreign physician shall give a formal promise not to practice among Italians, and any regulations which may exist in the archives are absolutely inert. One would say that the properly qualified foreign physicians would hail any regulation being put into real efficiency which would drive out of practice all disqualified persons. This is all that the proposed amendment of the Italian law proposes, and the fact that the law at present does not do this is shown by the proposal of the amendment. The promoters of the reform do not propose any restriction on foreign physicians, but only to make it necessary for them to show that they are such, and not charlatans practicing on the ignorance of visitors. I assert that the present loose regulations of the Italian authorities leave foreigners exposed to the consequences of charlatanry in a most unrestricted form, and that the interest of the reputation of the Italian climate, as well as that of the foreign visitor, demands that due precautions shall be taken. No qualified physician can object to such precautions as are necessary to distinguish him from a charlatan.

$16.—BUFFALO AND RETURN—$16.

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, account G. A. R. excursion. Fourteen routes to choose from.

POLITICS IN IOWA

Republican State Convention Opened at Cedar Rapids With a Large Crowd.

MANY CANDIDATES

Governorship Produces a Regular Flood of Anxious Ones--Hart's Speech.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, Aug. 18.—The Republican state convention began today with perfect weather. All night and early this morning special and regular trains brought crowds, verifying the predictions that this would be the largest convention ever held in the state. The interest was by no means confined to delegates, every visitor being an active partisan for one or other of the candidates. The withdrawal late last night of Speaker Byers as a gubernatorial candidate, while ostensibly in favor of Flickinger, really throws strength for Shaw.

The district caucuses confirmed the belief that there is a drift of sentiment in favor of Shaw. The withdrawal of Conmie, the Second district candidate, strengthens the ranks of Walterman for supreme judge. Eleven district caucuses declared overwhelmingly in favor of the Temple amendment as a platform plank.

The huge tent holding 6000 people, in which the convention was held, was crowded long before the time for opening. State Chairman McMillan called the convention to order and introduced C. M. Hart, of Council Bluffs, the temporary chairman. Mr. Hart was heartily applauded.

The Hon. Charles M. Hart, of Council Bluffs, the temporary chairman, said in part: From the organization of the party, Iowa Republicans have had a potent influence in its councils by reason of their just appreciation of its principles and policies, and their steadfast loyalty to its candidates. This influence has been more and more extended as the center of political power in the nation has moved westward, until in the last presidential campaign, when the issue was trembling in the balance, when the principles of sound money and conservative, patriotic policy were threatened with an overwhelming flood of political and financial heresies, the eyes of the nation were turned toward the states of the Central West as the arbitrators of the contest. Upon them was thrown the responsibility of defeating the political scandalism that would have overturned the very foundations upon which rest the rights of the people, and in the administration of the affairs of the government, would have substituted for the experience of the ages, financial vagaries which would speedily wreck the fortunes of a cross roads store.

When it became evident that Iowa, Illinois, Wisconsin and Minnesota were not to be seduced from support of sound policy by a clamor of false charges, the glittering promises of political sleight-of-hand performers, or the dulcet tones of boy orators, the contest was ended and the result foreknown. The commanding position of Iowa Republicans impress upon us a duty and responsibility far higher than that of merely selecting incumbents of the offices to be filled at the election next November. As trustees of the Republican party of Iowa, we are charged with the duty of so conducting our deliberations that we shall strengthen the hands of the administration, encourage the hope and inspire the faith of all the friends of good government and make overwhelming success a certainty.

A weakening in our position, faltering in our declarations or lessening of our majorities would be taken by friend and foe alike, as an indication that the people were reconsidering the verdict of 1896. It would discourage the friends of honest money and good government, and encourage to renewed assaults those who, however honest and sincere, are through the measures they advocate, the enemies of everything in the way of national policy to which the Republican party stands committed, and by reason of which it has been entrusted with power. In the light of such responsibilities this convention has not to declare anew the principles and nominate the candidates of the party. In view of the history of Iowa Republicanism, there can be no question but that it will faithfully discharge the trust thus committed to its hands.

The Republicans of Iowa are uncompromisingly in favor of upholding the plighted faith of the nation, redeeming its obligations and preserving the equal purchasing and debt-paying power of every dollar coined or issued under the authority of the national government. They are now, as in 1896, in favor of maintaining the gold standard, the standard of the most enlightened nation of the world, of sustaining America's position in the front rank of the army of progress, rather than taking its policy from nations 3000 years behind the age in which we live. They are opposed to Mexicanizing either our politics or our finances. They have no patience with that modern alleged philosophy that a man can lift himself over the front gate by his bootstraps, or with that recent chimerical alleged discovery in the field of finance which would rival the miracle of creation by merely speaking into existence wealth and prosperity out of nothing. They do not believe that wealth can be created by an act of congress. If that could be done the Republican party would have made us all millionaires as the first act of the extra session of congress just closed and thus have thrown wide open the gateway to a financial millenium.

The Republican party recognizes that the only alchemy by which hard conditions may be transmuted into wealth and prosperity is through the judgment, energy and united effort of an intelligent people. It recognizes that unwise legislation or administration would destroy credit, paralyze business and render national and individual prosperity impossible. On the other hand, by a wise financial policy on the part of the government, credit will be sustained, national honor upheld and an impetus given to business and commerce that will unlock capital, inspire confidence and energize effort.

To accomplish this result is the purpose of the Republican party, and to this end will its legislation and administration alike be directed. We have secured an administration which is ideally Republican and therefore ideally American; a president who conducts himself with both the dignity and the freedom which ought to characterize the chief official representative of a great and free people. Through unity of action and purpose alone can they be preserved. By that means and that alone can the great principles of honest money and protection alike of American labor, institutions and citizenship be imbedded in the legislative policy of the nation. That result can be either helped or hindered by the action of this convention. The battle of 1900 will be as to these questions, the culmination of the conflict between wisdom and folly, and by courage, steadfastness and unity, the struggle for these great principles will be practically won when the golden doors of the twentieth century shall swing open for our waiting feet.

The convention then adjourned until 2 o'clock, it is now believed that the work of the convention will be completed today. The committee on permanent organization will report Samuel Mahon, of Wapelle county, for permanent chairman.

Upon reassembling the committee on permanent organization reported the following selections: Samuel Mahon, Ottumwa, chairman; A. B. Proudfoot, Warren county, secretary; Millard S. Tookey, Decatur, recording secretary. The report was adopted. The speech of the permanent chairman was cut short by repeated strenuous calls to proceed with business.

NEXT TERM'S JURY LIST.

List of Those Who Have Been Called to Serve.

Sheriff Sargent has finished the work of serving summonses on citizens who have been drawn on the juries for the September term of district court. The grand jury is summoned for Wednesday, Sept. 1, and the petit jury for Monday, Sept. 6. The jurors drawn are as follows:

Grand jury—Robert Mars, Fred T. Evans, Ole Gulbrandson, Charles H. Fisher, Harry Harrington, John W. Fee, C. W. Salton, J. D. Allen, Frank Rizgen John H. Upham, Frederic J. Mueller, A. C. Folk, B. F. Fisher, Albert Poirier, H. H. Rehbein, Charles Bonner, R. Wells, Duluth; A. C. LaDue, Nathan Kingsley, Oscar E. Schibsted, West Duluth; W. H. Wright, Hibbing; W. P. Mars, Henry G. Seeley, Virginia.

Petit jury—Z. H. Austin, W. E. Dorwin, Sr., Charles W. Ericson, Hosea B. Dow, Joseph Gleason, Albert Gasser, John G. Owen, John B. Adams, Charles Evans Holt, John C. Swan, Thomas Olafson, Fred W. Parsons, Edward M. Barker, M. S. Burrows, Oliver Maggard, Martin Erickson, Charles Lindblom, Alvin Bousfield, John Fraser, C. C. Steele, Levi D. Forest, A. H. W. Eckstein, Conrad Kalb, Harry D. Pearson, Duluth; L. G. Lester, James Gandsey, Hibbing; J. E. Berricks, Industrial; John W. Sovde, Harry Kellow, Peter Marion, Matt Wilson, Tower; Robert Laidley, New Duluth; Gustaf Aspegren, August Fenske, Ely; Adolph F. Swanson, West Duluth; W. C. Edwards, Smithville; Harry G. George, D. W. Truman, Virginia; John Lang, Biwabik.

IRON TRADE BRIGHTER.

Great Activity Noted During the Past Week.

Chicago, Aug. 18.—The Industrial World tomorrow will say: The iron trade is distinctly brighter in tone. Greater activity has been noted during the past week, in many lines of crude steel prices are $1 a ton higher than a week ago. Several prominent manufacturers of wire goods, including nails, have issued circulars withdrawing previous quotations alleging ground cost of fuel and higher priced billets. Pig iron production in the foundry grades active in this territory. Prices are firm at $10.25 for No. 2 foundry.

THE PRESIDENT'S VACATION.

Hotel Champlain, N. Y., Aug. 18.—The Twenty-first infantry U. S. A., complete, the two companies from Vermont having arrived this morning, was reviewed by the president and party at 11 o'clock today. The soldiers were through the regular review and dress parade. A handsome flag was presented to the regiment by Garret A. Hobart, Jr. Secretary of War Alger made the presentation speech and Col. Kline accepted it for the regiment. Abner McKinley, brother of the president, with his wife and daughter, arrived at the hotel this morning.

BUTTER AND EGG SUPPLY.

Chicago, Aug. 18.—The Daily Trade Bulletin today issued its annual statement of the supplies of butter and eggs in cold storage in the principal markets of the United States. Returns are given from 132 points and show the aggregate of butter to be 827,725 tubs, against 777,940 tubs a year ago, and 628,600 tubs in 1895; of eggs 1,633,185 cases, against 1,253,345 cases last year and 1,221,978 cases in 1895.

DECLARED A DIVIDEND.

New York, Aug. 18.—The directors of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railway have declared a quarterly dividend of 1 per cent.

"Oh, I have passed a miserable night."
—Richard III, Act I, Scene 4.
You should have used Pond's Extract in your bath before retiring.

SEEKING A KING.

Pittsburg Dispatch: When Napoleon was preparing to invade England, he sent for the Countess of Albany, the widow of Charles Edward, and, in a way, of the poet Alfieri. Madame d'Albany was ushered into a vast salon of I know not what palace, and was left there alone. Suddenly a door opened, Napoleon entered, walked up to her and said, without compliments or any formula of politeness:

"Madame, had you ever a child?"

"No, sire!"

Napoleon bowed and withdrew, without another word. His idea, doubtless, was to set up a son of Madame d'Albany on the throne of England, if he conquered our country. But son there was none. This odd anecdote Madame d'Albany herself told in Florence to an English nobleman and his wife while their little daughter played about the room. She, as an old lady, told it to a friend, who told it to another, and it, says Andrew Lang in St. Paul's.

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ECKELS' ADDRESS

Talks to the Bankers' Convention at Detroit on Financial Topics.

DELEGATES REPORT

General Tone of Prosperity Present and to Come Was Announced.

Detroit, Aug. 18.—The announcement that Comptroller of the Currency Eckels would make an address drew to this morning's session of the bankers' convention an audience unusually large. A large number of ladies were present. Rev. Dr. David M. Cooper, of this city, delivered the invocation. The roll of states was then called, and from each state a member of the nominating committee was named. This committee will meet at 9 tomorrow morning in the Russell house to select the new officers of the association.

A representative from each state was then called upon to give a brief statement as to the general condition of business in his locality. This drew forth, in every instance, reports of good crops, reviving business and encouraging prospects for bankers. Marked improvement in business conditions and indications for better things in the future were the characteristic features of all the state reports as detailed by the delegates.

Henry W. Yates, of Nebraska, said the golden grain of the ripened and ripening harvests in his state did not reflect the calamity that the utterances of so many of its public men and the vote of the state last fall had seemed to consent to.

John W. Faxon, of Chattanooga, Tenn., derided Mr. Bryan's claim that the price of silver controls the price of wheat, and said the recent fall of the one and rise of the other offered conclusive proof of the falsity of that claim.

When Comptroller Eckels came forward he was greeted with a most generous round of applause. Throughout the reading of his address the large audience gave him careful attention. Mr. Eckels said:

I appreciate the compliment paid me by the American Bankers' association in again making me its guest and inviting me to address its members. I do not, however, flatter myself that upon the questions of banking and currency reform, which have long been of public moment, I can either throw any new light or adduce any new facts. They have so much engaged public attention and provoked public dispute that, at the best, all arguments are now but a re-arrangement of propositions already laid down and all facts given but a restatement of those already known. The wisdom and strength of their continual iteration lies in emphasizing, through such a course, the necessity of remedying the patent evils of a financial system of which all complain. The time for such action could not be more opportune. The country stands rid, for some years at least, of tariff agitation, and irrespective of the merits or demerits of the new act, every business man knows, in so far as it is concerned, upon what basis to engage in manufacturing, trade and commerce. The evidence accumulates with each day's advices that the long continued depression in financial circles has passed, and, thanks to five years of forced economy and cessation speculation, coupled with tonight's abundant harvests at remunerative prices to the agriculturist, a new prosperity is coming to the people. This prosperity, if it is to be of real worth, ought to be permanent in character and reach to all classes and interests.

The citizen who notes the trend of events must see that the cloud upon the beautiful horizon, which we count as already ours, is the antiquity in governmental contracts introduced into the legal tender issues. These issues are condemned by the student of finance familiar with the world's monetary history, and with equal emphasis by the man of affairs trained in the school of business. In their operation they constitute the strongest hope of the advocates of the free coinage of silver, thus working a double hindrance to the return of complete and lasting prosperity. The advocate of the free coinage of silver believes that through them a silver basis must ultimately be reached, and because of this resists their payment and cancellation, unless silver dollars at a ratio of 16 to 1 be substituted in their stead. He protests with equal vehemence against their conversion into absolute gold certificates in explicit terms. In their present position and treatment they compel the interests of trade and the cause of labor, the undertakings of the manufacturer, all to give "hostages to fortune."

I, myself, have never in the past wavered in the belief, nor do I now, that in the end we will be possessed of a banking and currency system so strong as to make impregnable the country's credit. Its coming may be long delayed and only be attained after a tremendous loss to capital and injury to labor. It was the misery and distress entailed by the assignats and mandates of the French revolution that placed France upon the solid rock of sound finance. It took the threatened starvation of the peasantry of a great nation to wipe out the corn laws of England, but the victory when obtained was complete. And thus, in conformity with the course of history, it is possible that before the nation's financial structure rests upon a foundation "firm as the eternal hills" the American people will be called upon to pass through the awful experience and loss which would follow in the wake of unchecked paper and silver fiatism. But at last, no matter how prolonged the struggle or great the suffering, with the acquiescence of all, the monetary principles which accord with the world's business experience, all financial research, and every dictate of common honesty, will here prevail in complete and enduring triumph.

John P. Branch, president of the Merchants' National bank, Richmond, Va., in discussing the question, "What Legislation is Needed in Respect to the Currency?" said: "I maintain that our currency should be the best. Nothing short of the best will serve the higher and larger interests of our country. Its value should be fixed and stable. It should expand and contract automatically. It should be simple and uniform. It should be so distributed throughout our territory that every man entitled to credit should be able to obtain its use at a fair rate. A non-partisan currency commission should be appointed, and it seems to me they should advocate:

1—The final adoption of the gold standard.

2—The gradual cancellation of government demand notes, said cancellation to be faster than new currency is issued by the banks; the deposit of government revenues in the banks of the country, and the retirement of the government from the banking business.

3—They should advocate the repeal of the tax on the circulation of the banks, and thereby make possible the issue of a currency which will expand and contract automatically with the needs of the country; said currency to be under the supervision of our national government and to be surrounded by simple, practical and efficient safeguards.

If the currency commission does not solve the problem and guide the people to demand currency reform based on eternal principles, it is my solemn conviction that, with the inevitable return of hard times, the people will solve the question for themselves and free silver may be the least of our evils.

CLOCKS PREDICT DEATH.

Two Whose Hands Stopped When Their Owners Died.

The old clock superstition occasionally revives in unexpected places and in novel phases. An old eight-day clock, built at Brunswick, in 1808, and now owned by a descendant, E. F. Douglass, of West Dover, has acted peculiarly several times, so strangely, in fact, as to excite the interest of the family, which is of staid Quaker descent, and not affected by the vagaries of superstition. One morning, late in March, 1823, the elder Mr. Douglass being obliged to look after some property in Vassalboro, arose early, and was surprised to find that his clock had stopped for the first time in fifteen years. He drove to Vassalboro and stopped at the house of a friend near the present site of Oak Grove seminary. The next morning he was found very sick with fever, and on April 13 died at the precise hour on which he had found his clock stopped on the morning of his departure from home, says the Kennebec Journal. In March, 1841, Edward F. Douglass removed from Brunswick to West Dover, bringing with him the old clock, which still kept good time. Several years since, during a severe illness of the owner of the clock, which had been cleaned a short time before, stopped, and could in no way be induced to tick again, although many attempts were made, as the old gentleman who kept it in his room was very anxious to hear it strike. After a few days' sickness, on the evening of March 30, at 8 o'clock, the old gentleman passed away, and the hands so long stopped pointed at the same hour on the dial of his old clock. The next morning, in arranging his room the old clock was moved a few inches, as it had been on several occasions before, when to the surprise of all it began to tick. It was at once moved back into the corner and has kept perfect time ever since, ticking and striking as loudly as ever.

BUDD DOBLE'S OPINIONS.

Budd Doble, whose contributions to the sporting press are on a par with his skill as a reinsman, in the course of an article on shoeing horses, which appears in Turf, Field and Farm, says: "There is a difference of ten seconds between the records of Nancy Hanks and Goldsmith Maid. If Mail had been shod as well as Nancy, and had the advantage of light, well-fitting boots, good tracks and the bicycle sulky, the two mares would not stand much apart. In point of speed and racing qualities Goldsmith Maid was the equal of the best of the present day. I have progressed not only in the construction, but the adjustment of the shoe. To get the foot to the proper angle and then to fit the shoe to the angle so as to make the balance perfect call for much study and rare mechanical skill.

'Charles Huie, who shod Goldsmith Maid, was a natural mechanic. Dan Mace was the first to discover him at Lockport, N. Y., and J. Dun Walton first called my attention to him. Walton asked me to go to Mace's shop and inspect the work of Huie. I did so and was so much pleased that I offered him $100 and expenses to go to Buffalo and shoe Dexter. He accepted the offer and I drove Dexter to a record of 2.17¼. Later, when I was handling the horse for H. N. Smith, which was after I had sold him Goldsmith Maid, I hired Huie by the year, paying him $3000 and all expenses.

"Some people for whom I have handled horses grumbled at the expense of artistic shoeing. First-class farriery is, in my judgment, the cheapest of campaign expenses. A horse well shod will win races that otherwise he would lose. When you are getting ready to start a horse for a purse of $2000, $5000 or $10,000, why hesitate about paying more than a farm horse price for shoeing, when the poor kind of shoeing is sure to lead to defeat? Huie did not know as much as the farriers of today know, but was progressing in knowledge up to the time he died at Hartford a few years ago. I fitted up a shop for him in Philadelphia and he was in my employ for some time. He always said that he got more knowledge by shoeing for me than in any other way. The shoes of Nancy Hanks were made for me by N. P. Nellson, and they show artistic workmanship. Nellson was with me for five years and has shod nearly all of the leading horses which were trained during that time. He is more up to date, and is an improvement on Huie. He never had any experience in fines hoeing until he began to shoe under my directions."

DICKENS VERITIES.

A curious story is told of the late Professor Sylvester by the Bookman. He was traveling by coach in an out-of-the-way part of England, and at one station, as he sat in the vehicle waiting to depart, two villagers approached. One mounted beside the professor and as her friend turned to retrace her steps the latter said: "Good-by, Mrs. Harris!" Professor Slyvester was the last man in the world to let a good opportunity slip by, and as the coach drove off he called out: "Good-by, Mrs. Gamp." The driver turned with amazement and said: "I thought you said you knew no one here? How did you know that lady's name was Gamp?"

This tale is vouched for. A correspondent of the "Spectator," alluding to it, says:

"In my old conveyance days I once had an abstract to peruse, relating to some property in a southern county (Hampshire I think,) which contained the names of no less than three of the personages in the 'Pickwick Papers,' 'Pickwick' itself, and, I think, 'Tupman' and 'Winkle.' I could not doubt that the deed in question must have passed through Dickens' hands when he was in a solicitor's office, and that he had noted the names for use. So, I should think, with 'Gamp' and 'Harris.'

SAND CREEK HORROR

Massacre Which Resulted From the Colorado Gold Fever of 1858.

Many Lives Lost to the Plains Indians In That Year.

The discovery of gold on Cherry Creek in 1858 brought about its logical result, and two years later Denver occupied the ground, with a population of 4000. When the civil war broke out there was a sharp but brief contest between the people from the North and South, resulting in favor of the North, says the Chicago Record. Several expeditions were sent out from Texas to recover mines. A number of battles took place, but by the time a report could reach Washington they were both out of date and obscured by the smoke of the greater conflict.

The plains between the river and the mountains were covered with Indians, who had been held in tolerable subjection. The Utes were a powerful mountain tribe, secure in their own natural fortress and were friendly to the white, for the reason that their presence made it possible for them to go out and hunt buffalo with some degree of safety. The Indians of the plains did not want the whites to become the allies of their mountain enemies, hence the reason for the good behavior.

With the civil war a new factor entered. The plains Indians were assured by the representatives of the Confederacy that the great father in Washington was no longer able to punish them, and that Jefferson Davis was the big medicine man. The Indians began their work of pillage and destruction, though claiming to be peaceable. They became bolder with success and swept the plains in every direction. It required as much time to cross from the Missouri river to Denver with the ox teams, as it now does to circumnavigate half the globe.

The fleet-moving savages would destroy the small parties and make it dangerous for the stragglers of the large trains. Finding no troops sent against them as formerly to punish them for crimes committed, they became firmly convinced that the great father at Washington has lost his medicine. In 1864 matters in Colorado were becoming desperate. Families were scalped at the very doors of Denver, and the mutilated bodies were taken into the city for burial. The destruction of the trains was so great that starvation stared the people in the face before spring. Grant was tightening the coils for a final struggle with the Confederacy, and the government could extend no aid.

Such was the condition of things when Governor Evans called for mounted volunteers for special service under Col J. M. Chivington. The orders were blank, though the object was well understood. It was given out, however, that the Confederates were preparing for another attack on Colorado from Texas, and the force was to operate against the invasion.

Col. Chivington stood six feet four and one-half inches, weighed 250 pounds and was possessed of strength and endurance in proportion. Like Governor Evans, the colonel was a Methodist and a sort of unordained preacher. In those days there were sporting roughs in the mining camps, who, among other amusements, delighted in breaking up religious meetings. The evening meetings were their favorite time for operations, when they would shoot out the candles—candles being the only mode of obtaining light. But toughs never broke up a meeting conducted by Chivington. When he slowly walked to the front and disencumbered himself of a belt and pistols, flanking the Bible with a big 6-shooter on each side, the silence was broken by nothing, save the amens of the brethren.

It was the coldest November night colonel's expedition left Denver for Sand Creek, 120 miles distant, where it was known that a large body of Arapahoes, with a few Cheyennes, were in camp. They steered their direction so as to lead any spy into the belief that it was to Texas that they were bound. But a few miles out they halted within ten or a dozen miles of the Indian camp and waited for morning.

It was thec oldest November night ever known in that part of the territory, but they dared not build a fire. Before daylight they were in the saddle and silently but swiftly swept down on the savages, who had covered Colorado, Kansas and Nebraska with the bones of toiling emigrants. It was nearly sunrise when the expedition sighted the Indian camp, whose denizens were aroused by the barking of dogs. The Coloradoans then swept through and over them like a storm cloud, and, wheeling, trampled them under the feet of the horses, holding the bridles in their teeth and firing right and left.

Two Face and Charles Bent were in command of the savages. The one was called Two Face because his father was an Apache and his mother a Cheyenne; Bent was a halfbreed, with the evils of both races and the virtues of neither. Two Face escaped, but Bent fought his last battle. Fresh scalps, including those of women and children, were found in the camp; also other evidences of atrocities too horrible for thought. The sight made the men wild. No prisoners were taken and few escaped. The fight did not last long, but more than 600 Indians were killed.

In the preceding August the Eubanks family of eleven persons were massacred on the Blue river. Mrs. Eubanks was handsome, not quite 30 years old and Two Face made her his squaw. She was held for a year, when Two Face was captured and hanged. Mrs. Eubanks was taken to the house of Professor O. P. Wiggins, now living in Denver. Wiggins was a scout who with Kit Carson, found the path that Fremont had lost in the early '40s and saved the expedition from starvation.

Mr. Wiggins once told the Record correspondent that the testimony of Mrs. Eubanks was to the effect that she, as the captive of Two Face, was at Sand Creek. For some time prior to the attack by Chivington small parties were frequently arriving, bringing trophies of their horrible work, and their fires were kept up by burning the captured wagons. They knew that a body of men was being raised in Denver, but supposed it was to fight the Texas rangers, and when they moved it was with such celerity that the Indians did not know of it.

With characteristic cunning, Two Face had his tepee some distance from the camp, and when the attack was made Mrs. Eubanks had no chance to escape or to make herself known. Afterwards Mrs. Eubanks was furnished transportation to Chicago.

The battle of Sand Creek put an end to the depredations, but brought down upon Colorado the denunciations of Indian sympathizers. Six or eight months later Sam Tappan, Indian agent for the Arapahoes, arrived in Denver and was loud in his wrath. He declared that the Arapahoes were peaceful, and that they had never been guilty of the crimes laid to their charge. He also announced that he would kidnap Col. Chivington and turn him over to the remnant of the Arapahoes for torture.

Tappan lived at the Broadwell house, on the corner of Larimer and Sixteenth streets, where the Tabor block stands. One night a party of vigorous men carrying a rope visited the hotel. By some means Tappan got wind of it and went through the scuttle on the roof, shinned down the waterspout, and making his way through outhouses and back alleys, reached the outskirts of the city. In the morning the outgoing stage found a frightened and shivering Indian agent who wanted to get trusted for the fare to the river. If Tappan ever went back it was not known in Denver.

A POPCORN TREAT.

The "thoughtful boy" popped quite a delightful surprise upon his friends at a picnic the other, says the Philadelphia Times. After dinner—the great event of the day—there was a good bed of coals left from the fire on which the coffee had been heated by the older people, and they were appropriated by the boy, who then produced a dozen ears of popcorn, a bottle of syrup, a bag of sugar, and a corn popper, together with an accommodating sister, who had several good receipts for preparing the corn.

Fresh buttered popcorn was the first item on the program. When a popperful of corn was ready, all the round and but slightly-opened grains were removed, and in one of the tins a teaspoonful of butter was placed and melted, with half a teaspoonful of salt added. The corn was put into this, and stirred well for three or four minutes, until each grain was thoroughly seasoned. This process was repeated until everybody had been served.

Then came the popcorn balls and bricks. To one cupful of brown sugar was added a heaping teaspoonful of butter and three teaspoonfuls of water. This was boiled until it would rope, or harden when dropped in cold water, and while it was boiling hot, it was poured over two quarts of corn. The whole was then stirred with a spoon until it was cold enough to be folded into shape with the hands, which were first buttered to facilitate the work. A cupful of syrup was then boiled with a teaspoonful of butter until nearly ready to candy, and mixed with the popped corn in the same manner, being pressed into shape as soon as it was cool enough to handle.

For cystalized popcorn, one cupful of granulated sugar was boiled with four tablespoonfuls of water until ready to candy, when it was poured over two quarts of buttered popcorn. But instead of allowing the hot syrup to harden as it cooled, the whole mass was well stirred, until each grain of the corn was thoroughly crystalized. The grains may have a tendency to stick at first, but if thoroughly stirred while the syrup is hot, they may be kept well separated and crystalized, and be flaky and tender when cold enough to serve.

THE SPECTACLE PEDDLER.

The practice of buying spectacles and eyeglasses from the street peddlers, which is not altogether confined to persons too poor to consult an oculist, is attracting more and more attention among men who make the human eye a study, and who see how the evil is growing. The majority of these itinerant venders are absolutely ignorant of the first principles of the science of optics and the harm they do is incalculable.

"It is as dangerous to deal with these spectacle peddlers," said a prominent New York oculist to a Mail and Express reporter, "as it would be to buy poisons of a traveling unlicensed dealer in drugs. No one would think of buying powerful medicines from a man on the street who could show no evidence of a knowledge of compounding, but the very people who would refuse to do that would often trust their precious sight to a man better qualified to sell collar buttons than spectacles.

"I have seen scores of cases. A young man in Wall street, in a great hurry to get out of town, bought a pair of glasses from a man near the ferry, and in a few weeks he had head aches and the most distressing symptoms. He saved twenty minutes and 50 cents, and suffered days of discomfort, besides permanently injuring his eyes.

"Old people are prone to buy spectacles on the street. They think they are fitted, but in nine cases out of ten they get glasses wholly unsuited to them, and a chronic dimness of vision follows, which is incurable. The law will not permit a person not a regular medical practitioner to prescribe medicine. Surely the law should prohibit the sale of any aid to defective vision by any person unfamiliar with that most important study. I think an important step in that direction will be taken by the next legislature. It is of vital importance to tens of thousands of persons."

NAME WAS EFFECTIVE.

An old lady, whose early home was in Concord, Mass., says the Pittsburg Dispatch, relates that she was once on her early village high school, crying in anticipation of disgrace and possible punishment, when a deep voice by her side said: "What is troubling you, my child?" Between her sobs Annie explained, "I will write a note to your teacher, asking her to excuse you," said the stranger, kindly. The little girl protested. He did not know her teacher, it would be of no use. But the big, black-haired man had written a few words on a page from his notebook, and tearing out the leaf he handed it to the child. "If you give it to your teacher that she will excuse you," he said, smilingly. Still unbelieving, the little girl handed the scrap of paper to her teacher, who read its contents and promptly excused the delinquent. The note read: "Will Miss —— excuse Annie for being late, and oblige her most obedient servant, Daniel Webster."

HIS DRAWING WAS BAD.

While traveling in Switzerland the elder Dumas one day arrived in a lonely village with only one inn, at which the famous novelist was compelled to put up for the night, says the Pittsburg Dispatch. When the landlord, who only spoke German, came to inquire what he would take for supper, Dumas tried, but in vain, to make him understand that he wanted some mushrooms, and was on the point of giving up, with a bad grace, all hope of enjoying his favorite dish, when he hit upon the idea of taking a piece of charcoal and tracing on the wall what purported to be the correct outline of a mushroom. The landlord went out, and Dumas was congratulating himself on the success of his happy expedient, when a few moments afterward he heard the Swiss coming up the stairs. The mushrooms could hardly have been prepared in so short a time, but this thought did not occur to our great novelist. The footsteps came nearer, there was a knock and in walked the landlord—with an umbrella.

KANSAS SWIFTNESS.

There isn't any other country in the world so swift as Kansas, says the Kansas City Journal. The editor of a Caldwell paper rode out into the country the other day, and this is what he saw from the top of a small hill: A steam thresher shelling out the golden grain; a header in an adjoining field cutting wheat; two four-horse plows turning under stubble for another crop; a mowing machine cutting wild hay, and a straw baler busy at work close to the thresher.

And here is another example: Two weeks ago W. H. Curry, of Butler county, cut his wheat, hauling it from the field to a thresher. The next day it went into the Eldorado mills, and two days later was on its way to Galveston in the form of flour to fill an order. Just seven days from the moment the reaper entered Mr. Curry's field an advertisement in a Galveston paper announced the arrival of "a choice lot of new Kansas flour."

BLUE BLOODED DISTURBERS.

Found Among the Rabid Anarchists of Europe.

Strange though it may appear, the most irreconcilable revolutionists and republicans are those who have blue blood in their veins, says the Philadelphia Press. There is in Austria no more advanced Socialist than Prince Aloys Liechtenstein, who is a member of the sovereign house of Liechtenstein. In Russia nihilism and anarchy may be said to have been founded by the late M. Bakounine, the head of one of the most illustrious and ancient houses of the great Muscovite aristocracy. Since his death his place has been taken by the equally blue-blooded Prince Krapotkine and Prince Nakashidze.

In Italy dukes and princes by the score are to be found among the leaders of the Socialistic movement, while in France there are few who either from political or from an economic point of view are more advanced than the Marquis de Rochefort-Lucay or the duke of Dino, a member of the celebrated house of Talleyrand-Perigord.

Finally in England those who today profess the most republican doctrines and subversive theories are Henry Labouchere, nephew of the late Lord Taunton; Hon. Philip Stanhope, brother of the present earl of Stanhope, and the earl of Lovelace, grandson of Lord Byron. Lord Lovelace, it may be said, is not merely a theorist but has put his principles into practice, working, like Count Tolstoi, with a pick and the spade, just as if he were an ordinary laborer. His elder brother, the late Lord Ockham, entertained the same convictions, and, in spite of his being possessed of considerable wealth, deserted clubland and society and spent the last ten years of his life under an assumed name, toiling as a shipwright at Deptford, where he was renowned among the laboring population of that suburb of the metropolis on account of his phenomenal physical strength.

On the other hand, Joseph Chamberlain, who while mayor of Birmingham, publicly professed republicanism, occupies today a seat in a Tory cabinet, is the declared foe of the Liberals and the ministerial favorite of the sovereign and of the prince of Wales. Then there is Rt. Hon. Anthony Mandella, whose father was sentenced to death in Italy as a carbonaro and who himself was converted from rabid republicanism to ardent loyalty by a kindly remark of the prince of Wales and a particularly gracious smile from the princess.

INDIRECTLY INTERESTED.

The portly man was heard to declare under his breath that it was an outrage, several times in succession. He was going down the stairs on the west side of the capitol, with a quick, nervous stride, which his general appearance showed was very unusual with him, says the Washington Star. Just before he reached the Peace monument, a man who had been pushing him over since he had left the capitol building came alongside and hailed him. The portly man stopped in astonishment, and then exclaimed:

"Well, Smithers! Is it you? I must say that if anything in the world could make me glad at the present moment it would be this unexpected meeting. What are you doing in Washington?

"Pleasure trip. What brought you here?"

"Business. I came to give these people a few suggestions on how to run the government. I traveled hundreds of miles to attend to it. But there's no use of allowing your expectations to rise too high. You can teach a man just so much and then there's no use wasting any more time with him. They've got a pretty good start on the tariff, but they have made some mistakes, although they won't own up to it."

"I suppose you are here on behalf of the brewery interests you represent?"

"Of course. You have no idea how our enterprises have developed in the last few years."

"You ought to be satisfied the way they have treated your product."

"Satisfied!" echoed the portly man with the air of one who has heard an unfamiliar word.

"Certainly. They didn't put any tax on beer, as they threatened to do."

"Oh, yes. That was very well as far as it went. What I have been trying to do was to keep them from putting a duty on salt."

"What for?"

"Simply because a duty on salt will have the effect of making it more expensive."

"But what has that to do with your enterprises?"

"My friend," was the pitying response, "you are a good fellow and a bright fellow, but you were not cut out for doing business in these last few years of the nineteenth century. If you were, you would at once recall the fact that salt makes people thirsty. And, that being the case, I regard any legislation which tends to discourage its consumption in the slightest degree as an insult to human liberty and a detriment to progress!"

SEEKING SOLACE.

It was one of the surliest days of the season, when the unhappy-looking man went into the physician's office, says the Washington Star. It was a heavy, sullen heat, in which every twig and leaf hung absolutely motionless.

"Doctor," he said, "I want you to repeat something that you told me last year."

"Some advice that you have forgotten?"

"No. I haven't forgotten it. I simply want to hear it over again. You remember early this spring that you warned me that I would have to take better care of my general health."

"Yes."

"And you especially pointed out to me that I mustn't sit in a draught."

"I recall that."

"I can't recall your exact language, but you were very eloquent in impressing the risks a man ran when he sat by an open window without any coat on and permitted the zephyrs to splash against his chest."

"I—I don't believe I used exactly those words."

"No. That is one reason why I want you to say it all over again. I'm willing to pay the regular consultation fee to have you go through with that speech. The only way I can get any comfort out of the weather is to be reminded with all the emphasis that rhetoric can command of how dangerous it would be to sit in a draught if there was any draught to sit in."

MORE THAN WANTED.

During a former earthquake that shook the state a colored person was praying in a Southwest Georgia revival meeting, says the Atlanta Constitution. He said:

"O, Lawd, come down en shake dese sinners up! Lawd, ketch holt er dem en shake 'em 'twell dey hollers!"

Just then the earth trembled, the building rocked, and the kerosene lamp tipped over and was shattered on the floor. The parson lifted his eyes to the reeling roof and continued:

"Dar, Lawd; dat'll do now. Dis here buildin's might shacklin'!"

MADE IT PERMANENT

The Temporary Injunctions Against Miners Made Permanent at Pittsburg.

WATCHFUL SHERIFF

Stops the Miners' Marching Before They Fairly Got Started--Strike Gossip.

Pittsburg, Aug. 18.—When court opened this morning Judges Stowe and Collier handed down a decision in the injunction proceedings of the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal company against the United Mine Workers of America, Patrick Dolan, William Warner and others. The preliminary injunction was made permanent and the plaintiff was ordered to file a bond of $5000 to answer for such damages as may be sustained by the defendants by reason of the injunction.

Immediately after the filing of the decree, and upon motion of Thomas Patterson, the court ordered a similar decree to be drawn in the case against the Bunola miners, in which the injunction was applied for by Rufus C. Crawford.

COAL PRICES AT PITTSBURG.

No Increase in Price and No Shortage of Supply.

Pittsburg, Aug. 18.—The price of coal, which is reported to have advanced at almost every point in the country east of the Missouri river and at all Missouri and Mississippi river points since the great strike began seven weeks ago, shows no material increase at Pittsburg. The ruling figures in barge lots is 5 cents to 5¼ cents per bushel. There is no shortage of the supply and the demand is only ordinary. The present holdings in the Pittsburg market are not far from 7,000,000 bushels, and the greater part of this will be held by the operators until the supply at the Ohio river markets has reached low ebb, when, with an opportune rise, it will be shipped below at a profit larger than ever before.

Plans are being formed for the maintenance of the strikers and their families for a prolonged period. The expense of carrying on the strike is placed at $500 a day, and appeals are coming in every day for help for families in the mining villages. A house-to-house canvass in Pittsburg and Allegheny has been decided upon for the purpose of collecting money and provisions. Permission was given by the authorities and a start was made in Allegheny today. The leaders are hopeful that enough funds will be secured in this way to carry them through the great struggle.

CAMPS ARE ABANDONED.

Strike Leaders Tell the Men to Get Work Where They Can.

Pittsburg, Aug. 18.—The indications are that the camp about Barmus mines will be abandoned, and there will be no more marching. Uriah Bellingham reached Plum Creek about noon, and calling the men together, told them of the decision of the court. He told them there would be no further use in remaining in camp, as no more food would be furnished. "You had better go home to your families," he said, "and find work where you can."

There was considerable murmuring among the men, but shortly after about 250 started for their homes and others soon followed. Bellingham, Kelly and Tomlinson, who were in charge at Plum Creek, then took the train for Pittsburg, abandoning the camp and demonstration against De Armit's mines. The mine managers expect that all the men will be at work tomorrow.

SHERIFF WAS TOO CLOSE.

Why the Strikers Did Not March at Turtle Creek.

Pittsburg Aug. 18.—The striking miners encamped within the mines of the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal company did not march this morning as they had planned to do. It was their purpose to start for the mines, headed by a brass band, and march till the sheriff stopped them. They did not anticipate, however, that the sheriff had his men so close to their camps. At Turtle Creek the men formed in line and when they were ready to start they beheld the stalwart forms of the deputies standing just outside their camp.

The march was at once abandoned and small parties numbering from two to six each were instructed to patrol the woods in the vicinity of the mine and report the number of men going to work. They were instructed to keep moving and if approached by a deputy sheriff to get away as rapidly as possible to escape the service of the injunction if possible. The leaders propose in this way to harass the deputies and the De Armits. They say there are 20,000 in the district and that the injunction will have to be read 20,000 times before the attacks on the mines at Oak Hill, Sandy Creek and Plum Creek cease, unless the mines are sooner closed down.

The men followed the instructions, but were unable to learn just how many diggers went into the pit today. The output at Oak Hill yesterday was seven cars of lump and two of slack and nut or 180 tons. This shows a gain for the company, though no claim of an increased force is made by the De Armits and the strikers claim that only twenty-two men are at work.

WHEELING SHORT OF COAL.

A Marching Movement to Commence This Evening.

Wheeling, W. Va., Aug. 18.—The local coal situation is beginning to grow serious. The city gas works had what was always deemed a sufficient advance supply of coal from the Floersheim mines on the Wheeling division of the Baltimore & Ohio, but this supply is now growing decidedly short and new arrangements will soon have to be made. Coal is selling in localities at 12 cents a bushel, just double the usual price. Slack brings 6 cents and both are hard to get at those rates. There are 500 families in Wheeling in need of coal, while all manufacturers that do not use gas are hampered for coal. On the Ohio side of the river manufacturing establishments using thousands of bushels of coal daily have had their supply cut down or shut off.

In the Fairmont field O'Connell and campers are still at the Montana mines of the Watson company, not having succeeded in closing them entirely. The march to West Fairmont and New England is scheduled to begin tonight when the United States court injunction will probably be served, under Judge Jackson's new ruling that marching columns are an intended intimidation and contrary to law.

The movement in the Kanawha valley shows no change. A few more men went to work this morning and Pilcher's column succeeded in winding a few more recruits in the upper valley. The new campaign of the agitators on the Norfolk & Western railroad has apparently borne no fruit.

MOVE TO BREAK THE STRIKE.

Operators Getting Ready to Start the Mines.

Pittsburg, Aug. 18.—The coal operators are preparing for an aggressive move to break the strike. Yesterday's meeting at Cleveland will be followed by a general meeting of the operators at the Monongahela house in this city tonight, at which arrangements will be made to start the mines in a few days. When the strike was inaugurated the operators did not expect it to last more than two weeks. In this they were mistaken, and with the liberal contributions coming in for the support of the strikers, it is expected that they will hold out for some time yet.

J. C. Dysart, one of the largest operators in the district, returned from Cleveland this morning. He said the operators had decided to start their mines, and in his opinion the strike would be broken in a short time.

At tonight's meeting, he said, arrangements would be perfected for putting some of the mines in operation at once. The expenses of starting what mines are agreed upon, will be borne by all the operators. If the old men do not return to work, new ones will be imported and they will be given protection. Fifty to 60 per cent of the diggers can mine all the coal necessary to supply the demand.

President Dolan said today that if the operators carried out their intentions, he would keep marching and establish a camp at every mine they attempted to start.

THE UNIFORMITY AGREEMENT.

Pittsburg, Aug. 18.—The action at the meeting of coal operators at Cleveland yesterday is in accordance with the plan mapped out after the uniformity agreement has been formulated. The agreement provides that all coal contracted for on the 4-cent basis shall be mined at that rate until the contract is filled. It is known that the requirements of the late trade by Sept. 15 are 6,000,000 tons. If the contracts are not filled the operators will not only lose a large amount of money, but put themselves in a position to lose contracts for all time to come.

THE WOMEN TALKED.

Pittsburg, Aug. 18.—At Plum Creek a small squad of strikers attempted to march and were turned back. The women then gave the deputies a tongue-lashing, and fearing trouble the deputies telephoned for assistance. Superintendent De Armit arrived and the women were quieted under threats of eviction.

A HUNGARIAN DELICACY.

The head waiter, to tempt me as I came in, passed me with a live thing flopping on a plate—it was a fish this time, just out of the water—and stopped just long enough to allow me a rapid glance at its beauty, says F. Hopkinson Smith in Harper's Magazine. I at first supposed that some lucky line had but a moment before drawn it struggling from the lake, and that it was then being taken to die elsewhere. It was only when I overheard the minute instruction for its immediate and proper serving—it was passed to an epicure at the next table to mine—that I was undeceived, and it was not long before I discovered that such fish formed one of the chief attractions of the place. I then began to watch, from where I sat, the small boy who, in the center of the cafe, presided over the fountain under the blazing gas-jets, dipping his net into the marble-lined pool, chasing the dodging fish round and round, until some unlucky victim of the right size slipped into the mesh and was flopped wriggling on a plate. The sight had rather dulled my appetite. I would as soon have ordered its mate as I would have thought of driving in a spring lamb and carving out a brace of chops while the little fellow waited. I had the curiosity, however, to inquire the price of this gastronomical luxury. It equalled that of two bottles of Extra Dry—the price being the same to commoners and to kings!

AFRICAN POISON STORY.

Charles M. Stern, of Chicago, who has just returned to this city, after a journey through Northeast Africa, told a Mail and Express reporter of a curious meteorological phenomenon which he observed in a district called Gwallah. "The vegetation in that region is very luxuriant," said he, "and plant life must give off an unusually large quantity of carbonic acid gas. At least, that was the conclusion I reached after seeing three natives die and four or five dogs.

"The moment the animals put their noses close to the ground they would fall over and gasp and die in about five minutes. The natives who died slept on the ground instead of in hammocks, as others did. I saw hundreds of dead birds. My theory is that a strata of the deadly gas covered the ground for a depth of three or four inches, and any living thing breathing in that area was asphyxiated.

"I could not understand, however, how the gas was not distributed in a thinner layer and what kept it in one place for a whole day. Nothing like it had ever been known there before. The deaths of the men and the dogs all occurred within twenty-four hours. Then the gas, if it was really gas, seemed to be dissipated. It was a very strange occurrence, and I might have been induced to make a more exhaustive investigation if my presence had not excited distrust. I got away as quickly as possible, rather than be accused of being the cause of the sudden deaths. The natives are superstitious, and attribute most of their misfortunes to witchcraft, so I thought it the part of wisdom to get away."

JUST THE KIND.

The youth in the tan-colored cycling suit turned to the white-mustached man with a deferential gesture, says the Cleveland Plain Dealer.

"Pardon me, Mr. Bards," he said, "but will you permit me to ask what kind of matches you prefer for domestic use?"

"Matches?" echoed the old gentleman. "'Matches for domestic use? What an extraordinary question! Why, safety matches, of course."

The young man smiled.

"Then, Mr. Bards," he said, "permit me to inform you that your daughter, Millie, and I eloped on wheels this morning and are now back for the customary parental blessing."

He blew lightly on his whistle and the lovely girl darted into the room.

ROBBERY'S SEQUEL

Peculiar Complication Growing Out of the Robbery of the Wilson Mansion.

THE TWO SUGDENS

A Detective Stool Pigeon Now Suing Wilson For His Salary.

New York, Aug. 18.—Richard T. Wilson, on June 24 last, reported at police headquarters that his mansion on Fifth avenue had been robbed the night previous and that an entrance had been effected without the breaking of any door or window. The detectives assigned to the investigation of the burglary learned that Albert V. Sugden, a former valet of Mr. Wilson's, had been seen in Wilson's house on two occasions after he had left the latter's employ, and that no one knew how he had obtained an entrance. This information was the basis of the suspicion that caused the former valet to be watched by the authorities.

Finally a detective "stool pigeon," whose name is also Albert Sugden, gained the confidence of the suspected young man and finally wound from the latter the details of the robbery and the inside particulars of a suit which the state had brought against Mr. Wilson for alleged detective services in seeking to discover the author of scurrilous letters attacking Mr. Wilson's daughter, now Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr. These letters, which appeared about the time of the marriage, were written on letter paper of two of the most aristocratic New York clubs and created a great sensation.

Decoy Sugden wrote to the young Englishman that on account of the similarit yand oddness of their names they must be relatives. The valet replied to the note, and soon an apparently strong friendship sprang up between the pair. Young Sugden gave his namesake a sealed envelope containing a receipt for Mr. Wilson's jewelry, which had been placed the day after the robbery in the vaults of the New Jersey Title and Insurance company, at Jersey City.

The suspect, while being shadowed, was found to be consorting with an ex-convict who had just been released from the King's county penitentiary. In the face of the evidence the accused broke down, confessed the crime and the jewelry was recovered.

Sugden in his confession says he worked for Wilson for fifteen months, but left on Feb. 8 last. Later he was employed by Wilson to discover the author of the mysterious letters, but failed. Afterwards he applied for positions, but failed to get them because his former employer would not give him a recommendation. Still later on Mr. Wilson got him a position as spotter on a Brooklyn electric road, from which position, after a few weeks, he was discharged. Then he brought suit against Mr. Wilson for the money alleged to be due him, $1030 for detective work.

SHINPLASTERS SCARCE NOW.

A man, evidently from some little township or settlement out of touch with the times, stepped into one of the big stores down town the other day and made some trifling purchases, says the Washington Star. When he came to pay for them he pulled out a curious-looking pocketbook, which appeared to be nothing more than two strong cards apparently bound together at the long edge, opened it from one side, disclosing some notes securely held under two bands of tape, and then shutting it again, opened it from the other side and showed the notes free. He selected one—a note about five inches long a little more than a couple of inches wide and tendered it to the clerk who had carried out his wishes and who had taken in the old pocketbook and the rather "queer" looking money with a hasty glance.

"That is not good! It is Confederate money!" exclaimed the young lady.

"No, mum! That's good, honest money."

"But it isn't the kind we use, and I cannot take it."

A moment later a light dawned on the girl. She called another employe of the store, and as he happened to be of more mature years and distinctly remembered the time when the old fractional paper currency was in vogue he quickly saw the old man's position. Whether he took the money and paid for the goods out of his own pocket or whether the firm received the old-time notes is not known, but the old man got his purchases. Before he left, however, he was advised to go to the treasury and get the remainder of his money redeemed in coins of the day, so as to avoid further misunderstandings and disagreements.

There is more of this fractional currency floating around at this late day than one would imagine at first thought. Of course there is very little that finds its way into public channels as a medium of trade, but a considerable amount is redeemed at the treasury of the United States each year, and the amount has increased very perceptibly since the set in of the hard times and the business depression everywhere. In a few years, however, the amount outstanding will dwindle to a few thousand dollars, and the notes representing this sum will in all probability never be turned in, but will be held as heirlooms, souvenirs and valuable curiosities. The amount outstanding at this time is only a few millions of dollars.

SOME NAPOLEON RELICS.

The most interesting relics in the Musee de l'Armee, recently opened in the Hotel des Invalides, are the souvenirs of Napoleon, whose portrait, in coronation robes, hangs in the principal hall of the museum, says the Pall Mall Gazette. Four dummy figures, costumed respectively as a grenadier and a dragoon of the first republic and a hussar and a cuirassier of the empire, mount guard over the plain wooden table, accompanied by two chairs, on which Lieut. Bonaparte did his work. The Little Corporal's hat is also there, on a velvet cushion, as well as two magnificent pistols incrusted with gold that belonged to the emperor, the eagle of the Eighty-sixth of the line, a fragment of rock of St. Helena where the imperial grave was dug, and a crown of gold which the town of Cherbourg placed on Napoleon's coffin when it arrived in France. Then there is the bridle bit of the horse that Napoleon rode at Waterloo, and a goblet, a seal and two riding whips that belonged to the king of Rome. Most of these relics, notably the hat, were bequeathed to the museum by Meissonier, together with a complete collection of cavalry uniforms worn during the empire.

GOT THE BATH.

Promised Him By the Governor, and He Was Happy.

"Where is the governor?" timidly inquired a venerable looking man, as he walked into the executive office Saturday afternoon, and, with his hat in his hand, approached the desk occupied by Maj. A. P. Shreve.

"The governor has gone home to spend Sunday," replied the major, scarcely looking up from the writing which he was doing.

"That's too bad," remarked the visitor, walking uneasily about the office.

The strange visitor did not make his wishes known, but contiued staring vacantly at the pictures on the wall.

Finally the visitor approached Maj. Shreve's desk and said:

"You know the governor, don't you?"

"Well, I guess I do," answered Maj. Shreve.

"He's a great fellow."

"Yes; a very clever man," rejoined the major.

"Know about the favor he offered me?" asked the visitor.

"No, I don't," was the answer.

The old man then occupied ten minutes in halting disconnected announcement of the fact that when the governor recently visited his section of the state the conversation, turning upon bath tubs, the old man had been promised a bath in the governor's office.

"Well, well," exclaimed Maj. Shreve. "We've got the bath tubs."

"Is that possible?"

"I'll show 'em to you," said Shreve.

He opened the door leading to the bath room and told his visitor to go in and go to work. The old fellow tiptoed in on the tile floor, looked around in a dazed sort of way for some time, asked how to lock and unlock the door, and finally announced his readiness to tackle the job.

Maj. Shreve retired, and for half an hour listened to sounds resembling the roar of Niagara emerging from the room.

At the end of that time the old man again made his appearance, having completed what he himself said was "the first bath I have had for years. That's mighty fine in there, ain't it?" he said. "Well, I do declare, I never thought there was really a bath tub in the office, but it's a great thing, ain't it?"

As Maj. Shreve resumed his work, the old man, with his cheeks aglow, ambled out of the office and said:

"Give my regards to the governor and tell him that I came and got the bath he promised me."

KNEW A GOOD THING.

Detroit Free Press: "I guess that father-in-law of mine will do," smiled a young married man of Piety Hill. "He came down to spend a week or so with us. Having much the same independence of character that he manifested throughout my courtship, the old gentleman brought his own supply of cigars along, for he is an inveterate smoker. I kept mine in an open box on the library table. They are of a favorite brand, and I pride myself on being a pretty good judge of the obnoxious narcotic.

"Within two days I detected a depreciation in the quality of my cigars. They did not smoke freely, the rich flavor of Havana was wanting and the odor was that of burning garden truck. I couldn't account for it and I wouldn't stand it. I went to the man of whom I buy and made all kinds of a kick. He bet me a new hat that the cigars he had sold me were as good as I had ever bought of that brand and I brought down what was left, just to show that I knew a few things myself and incidentally to get an order for a new hat. He soon convinced me that there were two kinds of cigars in the box, come he had sold me and some that seemed to have an Ohio wrapper on a Michigan filler. Then I went into the business of unraveling the mystery. It was soon done.

"Every time the old gentleman wanted to smoke he took one of my finest and substituted one of his. I said nothing and really enjoyed his good taste. I was called away for a week and when I returned the box was empty. He had smoked everything in sight. He said nothing and when I offered him a choice weed from my pocket he tersely informed me that he always bought his own cigars."

A MOORISH EXECUTION.

A correspondent of the London Times at Tangier gives the following account of the execution of a native for the murder of Herr Hassner, a German banker, in December last: The circumstances of the murder have remained extremely mysterious. The German legation here put pressure on the local authorities. After a short time a woman went over to Gibraltar for safety, and sent word from there that she mould throw light on the affair. Upon her information three men—a Spaniard and two Moors—were orrested and thrown into the kasbar (prison). Here they were tortured by the thumbscrew, and the Spaniard confessed. He, however, was claimed by the Spanish authorities, and what has become of him I do not know. The other two were kept in prison. They lay chained hand and foot by a heavy 3-inch chain in a small dungeon, where they remained in almost pitch darkness from the end of December, with nothing to eat but bread and water, and very little of that. Of course, had not the murdered man been a European little would have been heard of the matter. A message then came from the sultan that one of the men was to be shot. The basha, who is an authority here, desired this to be carried out in private, but the German minister insisted upon a public execution. On the day of the execution I went down to the soko (market place). About a dozen Europeans only were present, and among them were two French ladies on horseback. A posse of soldiers soon marched through the gateway, having in their midst the condemned man himself, seated on a donkey, with his feet chained together. I think he was too much dazed to comprehend fully all that was passing. The prisoner was taken unresisting off the donkey, and made to kneel with his face away from the soldiers. Two of the men were to shoot him. They refused, upon which the basha's head man with asperity repeated the order. Then they walked up to within five yards of the prisoner and fired two shots into his back. He rolled over, but was not dead. His body continued twitching spasmodically for fully five minutes, when an order was given to dispatch him finally, whereupon one of the men walked up to him, placed a gun close to his head and fired. The corpse was buried in sacred ground. All the Moors, even the authorities, basha included, looked upon the prisoner as a martyr. Why, they asked, should a good Mahommedan die for a dog of a Christian? The feeling is universal, and if it were not for the legations Europeans would not be very safe.

SHIPS ON THE STOCKS.

From the returns published by Lloyd's Register of Shipping it appears that excluding warships there were 435 vessels, of 871,661 tons gross, under construction in the United Kingdom, at the close of the quarter ending June 30, 1897. These returns exceed those of last quarter by 43,000 tons, and are the highest since 1889. The number of steamers was 396, of 859,283 tons, and of sailing ships 39, of 12,378 tons. Of the above 323 are building in the United Kingdom for home account and 58 for foreign and colonial account. There are also 32, of a gross tonnage of 70,441 tons, building abroad for foreign and colonnial account and for sale, which are for classification in Lloyd's Register book.

Another table in the returns shows the ownership of vessels, excluding warships, under construction. From this table it appears that the gross tonnage building for the United Kingdom was 639,113; Japan, 54,635; Holland, 24,560; British colonies, 17,891; Germany, 17,828; Norway, 12,936; Russia, 11,610; France, 11,580; Denmark, 9190; Spain, 8053 and United States of America, 1700.

A further table gives the size of vessels under construction, and shows that the most numerous class, excepting that of coasters of from 100 to 200 tons, is that of steamers between 3000 and 4000 tons, of which 62 are being built; 20 steamers are in course of construction from 4000 tons upward, 17 from 5000 tons, 10 from 6000 tons, 8 from 7000 tons, and 5 from 10,000 tons upward.

A return is also issued showing the work in hand in the principal districts, from which it appears that at Belfast 20 vessels are being constructed, with a total gross tonnage of 148,322; at Barrow, Maryport and Workington 8 of 6881 tons; at Glasgow, 91 of 182,090 tons; Greenock, 43 of 86,645 tons; Hartlepool and Whitby, 15 of 47,283 tons; Middlesborough and Stockton, 30 of 76,637 tons; Newcastle, 64 of 127,809 tons and Sunderland, 48 of 144,835 tons.

AMERICAN DIAMOND MINE.

While avaricious humanity has gone gold mad over the discoveries of the yellow metal in the Klondike region, it has overlooked the reported discovery of diamonds near Saukville, Ozaukee county, Wis., says the New York Journal. Some weeks ago a 6-carat stone, very white in color, was found in a potato patch belonging to a man named Schaefer. The spot where the stone was found is on the Wisconsin Central railroad, about six miles from Milwaukee and one and a half miles from Lake Michigan.

The stone was taken to the office of the state chemist and declared to be a diamond and of very fine color. Prospectors are now busy trying to locate the mine. Diamond mines are a thousand times more valuable than the richest gold mine ever staked out.

In proof of this it is only necessary to quote from a report of Barney Barnato, made shortly before his death, concerning the five mines in Kimberley controlled by the De Beers Diamond Mining company. The capital of the company is nominally $20,000,000, and the dividends of the last eight years have amounted to a like sum. Besides this great amount paid shareholders the mines have assets valued at $90,000,000 in the shape of unsold stones and diamondiferous dirt.

The grand total amount of diamonds taken from the mines since their discovery in 1896 is estimated at $700,000,000. This represents an output of 20,000,000 carats of cut stones, estimated at $35 a carat, wholesale. If these stones were placed side by side, they would reach from the Battery to Fifty-ninth street, or about four miles.

Their equivalent in gold would weigh 2,800,000 pounds. If turned into $20 gold pieces and the coin laid side by side, the line would stretch from the Battery to Harlem.

A pure stone the size of a $20 gold piece would be worth at least $1,000,000. A diamond mine such as the Kimberley will produce a hundred times as much money as a gold mine with one-half the expenditure. Hence, if the find of the stone in Wisconsin presages a mine of any extent, the Klondike will have to take a back seat.

ON A GRAIN OF CORN.

Probably the smallest piece of painting in the world is that executed by a Flemish artist. It is painted on the smooth side of a grain of common white corn, and pictures a mill and a miller mounting a stair with a sack of grain on his beck, says the Chicago Journal. The mill is represented as standing on a terrace, and near it is a horse and cart, while a group of several peasants is shown in the road near by. The picture is beautifully distinct, every object being finished with microscopic fidelity, yet by careful measurement it is shown that the whole painting does not cover a surface of half an inch square.

You may never know it happened if you fail to read The Evening Herald.

OFFICIAL PROCEEDINGS.

Council Chamber, Duluth, Minn., Aug. 16, 1897.

Regular meeting.

Roll call: Aldermen present—Burg, Crassweller, Dahl, Duren, Harker, Jefferson, Richardson, Rowley, Hale, Simpson, Sang, Tischer, Trevillion, Mr. President—14. Absent—Stevens and Hanson—2.

Upon motion of Alderman Rowley, the minutes of the last regular meeting, and also of the special meeting of Aug. 5, 1897, were approved.

PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS AND OTHER COMMUNICATIONS.

City attorney, recommending settlement of claim of Charles Gulberg—Claims and accounts; board of fire commissioners, reports by months of fire department—Fire department; pay rolls for temporary street maintenance—Claims and accounts.

Board of public works, reporting propositions for strengthening cistern at New Duluth—Fire department; transmitting communication from city engineer relative to estimating cost of an electric light plant—Received and filed; recommending repair of Twenty-sixth avenue west—Streets, alleys and sidewalks; estimate to P. McDonnell—Waterworks; estimate to C. M. Johnson—Drains, sewers and parks; estimating cost of repairs to bridge on Grand avenue west—Bridges and viaducts; transmitting communication from Carroll-Porter Boiler and Tank company—City attorney.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on claims and accounts to whom was referred pay rolls for maintenance department, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

E. R. JEFFERSON,
DAVID SANG,
G. E. DUREN,
Committee.

Resolved, that the pay rolls for work done by temporary maintenance department be and are hereby allowed and the city clerk is directed to draw an order on the city treasurer in the sum of $1494.95 to pay the same.

Alderman Jefferson moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Burg, Crassweller, Dahl, Duren, Harker, Jefferson, Richardson, Rowley, Hale, Simpson, Sang, Tischer, Trevillion, Mr. President—14.

Nays—None.

Passed, August 16, 1897.

Approved August 17, 1897.

HENRY TRUELSEN
Mayor.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on claims and accounts to whom was referred the claim of Theodore Macy for rent of ground used for public pound and the report of the board of public works concerning same, recommend that said claim be not allowed, and that the board of public works be directed to provide pound premises at once which do not encroach upon private property.

E. R. JEFFERSON,
DAVID SANG,
Committee.

Upon motion of Alderman Jefferson the report was declared adopted.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on claims and accounts to whom was referred miscellaneous bills, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

E. R. JEFFERSON,
DAVID SANG,
G. E. DUREN,
Committee.

Resolved, that miscellaneous bills against the city of Duluth be and are hereby allowed, and the city clerk is directed to draw orders on the city treasurer to pay the same, as follows:

Edw. Burnett	$ 7 08
D. S. Blanchard	10 00
Burgess Electric company	28 36
Frank L. Carey	2 30
Chamberlain & Taylor	1 25
Commercial Light and Power Co.	4,306 20
Commercial Light and Power Co.	15 95
Clyde Iron company	11 86
Duluth Saw works	10 10
Duluth Paper and Stationery Co.	16 22
Duluth Water and Light Co.	13 45
Duluth News Tribune	21 60
James Drohan	1 82
East End livery	16 00
Helmbach Lumber company	227 34
Herman Bros. Becklinger & Reindl	237 10
J. W. Howes company	319 66
Kelley Hardware company	35 18
Lewis & Kruse	1 75
Northern Hardware company	15 29
Pittsburg Test. Lab. Co., limited	50 00
Rensselaer Manufacturing company	38 00
William H. Smith	110 25
D. H. Stevenson	10 00
J. Allyn Scott	10 00
William Tackaberry	148 50
Thomson & Dunlop	69 60
Western Union Telegraph company	1 61
Wieland & Wade	1 80
Theo. M. Krumsieg	4 17

Alderman Jefferson moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Burg, Crassweller, Dahl, Duren, Harker, Jefferson, Richardson, Rowley, Hale, Simpson, Sang, Tischer, Trevillion, Mr. President—14.

Nays—None.

Passed, August 16, 1897.

Approved August 17, 1897.

HENRY TRUELSEN
Mayor.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on drains, sewers and parks to whom was referred estimates to contractors, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

ARTHUR J. HARKER,
H. BURG,
THOS. F. TREVILLION,
Committee.

Resolved, that the estimate made Aug. 16, 1897, by the board of public works to C. M. Johnson on his contract for the construction of a sanitary sewer in Second street from Fourteenth avenue east to Thirteenth avenue east amounting to $120.58 be and is hereby allowed and the city clerk is directed to draw an order on the city treasurer to pay the same.

Alderman Harker moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Burg, Crassweller, Dahl, Duren, Harker, Jefferson, Richardson, Rowley, Hale, Simpson, Sang, Tischer, Trevillion, Mr. President—14.

Nays—None.

Passed, August 16, 1897.

Approved August 17, 1897.

HENRY TRUELSEN
Mayor.

To the President and Common Council of the City of Duluth:

Your committee to whom was referred the ordinance entitled an ordinance regulating the storage and sale of ice within the limits of the city of Duluth, and the sale of drinks and food with which ice comes in contact, would most respectfully report having considered the same, and recommend that the following ordinance be substituted for the original ordinance.

JAMES T. HALE,
Chairman Committee.
I. J. RICHARDSON.

The report was received.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on purchasing and supplies to whom was referred communication from the city comptroller relative to publication of the annual reports of the treasurer and comptroller, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

J. W. ROWLEY,
E. R. JEFFERSON,
Committee.

Resolved, that the city comptroller be and is hereby authorized to have published in book form 250 copies of the annual reports of the city treasurer and city comptroller, at a cost not to exceed $100.

Alderman Rowley moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Burg, Crassweller, Dahl, Duren, Harker, Jefferson, Richardson, Rowley, Hale, Simpson, Sang, Tischer, Trevillion, Mr. President—14.

Nays—None.

Passed, August 16, 1897.

Approved August 17, 1897.

HENRY TRUELSEN
Mayor.

Alderman Stevens arrived and took his seat in the council.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on waterworks to whom was referred estimates to contractors, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

J. W. ROWLEY,
DAVID SANG,
Committee.

Resolved, that the estimate made Aug. 16, 1897, by the board of public works to P. McDonnell on his contract for the excavating and backfilling of trenches from the pump house to Sixty-third avenue east, amounting to $1735.32 be and is hereby allowed and the city clerk is directed to draw an order on the city treasurer to pay the same.

Alderman Rowley moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Burg, Crassweller, Dahl, Duren, Harker, Jefferson, Richardson, Rowley, Hale, Simpson, Sang, Stevens, Tischer, Trevillion, Mr. President—15.

Nays—None.

Passed, August 16, 1897.

Approved August 17, 1897.

HENRY TRUELSEN
Mayor.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on waterworks to whom was referred bids and award of contract to Fred Davis for the construction of steel trusses, piers and abutments, etc., to carry force main across Lester river, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

J. W. ROWLEY,
DAVID SANG,
Committee.

The resolution as amended, was declared adopted as follows:

Resolved, that the board of public works be and is hereby authorized to contract with King & Steele for the construction of the steel trusses, piers, abutments and frost box to carry the 42-inch force main across Lester river, for the sum of $2327.80; provided the work is to be completed by Sept. 15, 1897, provided that a surety bond be given, and that the bond and contract be submitted to this council for approval.

Yeas—Aldermen Burg, Crassweller, Dahl, Duren, Harker, Jefferson, Hale, Simpson, Sang, Tischer, Mr. President—11.

Nays—Aldermen Richardson, Rowley, Stevens, Trevillion—4.

Passed, August 16, 1897.

Approved August 17, 1897.

HENRY TRUELSEN
Mayor.

INTRODUCTION AND CONSIDERATION OF ORDINANCES.

The ordinance regulating the storage and sale of ice within the limits of the city of Duluth, and the sale of drinks and food with which ice comes in contact, took its second reading. Upon motion of Alderman Hale it was put upon its final passage and the ordinance was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Burg, Crassweller, Dahl, Duren, Harker, Jefferson, Richardson, Rowley, Hale, Simpson, Sang, Tischer, Trevillion—13.

Neys—Aldermen Stevens, Mr. President—2.

By Alderman Richardson:

Resolved that the city treasurer be and is hereby authorized and directed in behalf of the city to accept payment from the Duluth and Superior Bridge company for the claim of the city against said company of $3409.09 on account of condemnation and approach to the bridge of said company, etc., in an order of like amount heretofore issued by the city to Porter Bros. on account of the improvement of Pine and Arthur avenues under contract No. 401.

Alderman Richardson moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Burg, Crassweller, Dahl, Harker, Jefferson, Richardson, Rowley, Hale, Sang, Stevens, Tischer, Trevillion, Mr. President—13.

Nays—Aldermen Duren, Simpson—2.

Passed, August 16, 1897.

Approved August 17, 1897.

HENRY TRUELSEN
Mayor.

A resolution offered by the committee on waterworks paying $50.00, the amount retained from final estimate to McLeod, Campbell & Smith on their contract for foundation walls for pump house, boiler room and smoke stack, was laid on the table.

A resolution by Alderman Duren, preferring charges against A. T. McGregor, president of the board of fire commissioners, was laid on the table.

Upon motion of Alderman Simpson the council adjourned.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
Clerk of the Common Council.
(Corporate Seal.)

AN ORDINANCE REGULATING THE STORAGE AND SALE OF ICE WITHIN THE LIMITS OF THE CITY OF DULUTH, AND THE SALE OF DRINKS AND FOOD WITH WHICH ICE COMES IN CONTACT.

The Common Council of the City of Duluth do Ordain:

Section 1—It shall be unlawful for any person, whether owner, agent or employe, within the limits of the city of Duluth, to sell or offer for sale any ice for domestic use cut or stored contrary to the provisions of this ordinance or to suffer or allow any impure or unwholesome ice or any ice cut, stored or sold contrary to the provisions of this ordinance to be used directly or indirectly in or in contact with any drink, food, meat, fish, vegetable or fruit intended or offered for sale, or to sell, hold or offer for sale any drink, food, meat, fish, vegetable or fruit with which any impure or unwholesome ice or any ice cut, stored or sold contrary to the provisions of this ordinance has come in contact directly or indirectly.

Sec. 2—It shall be unlawful to cut and store within the limits of the city of Duluth, for the purpose of marketing or selling, any ice from the bay of St. Louis or from the bay or harbor of Duluth or from any point in Lake Superior within five thousand (5000) feet of the shore of said lake, unless special permission in writing designating the place has been given by the board of health.

Sec. 3—Any person desiring to sell ice within the city of Duluth for domestic use or for any use where such ice may come in contact directly or indirectly with any drink, food or any meat, fish, vegetable or fruit intended for food, shall cause to be prepared for the storage of said ice a clean, wholesome ice house so built that the surface water cannot enter said house, and shall use no covering for said ice except clean sawdust, free from all impurities. All ice cut in the bay of St. Louis or in the bay or harbor of Duluth or in Lake Superior to be sold within the limits of the city of Duluth shall be cut and stored under the direct supervision of the health officer or some inspector by the health officer duly appointed, and the party doing such cutting or storing shall pay into the city treasury a sum equal to the wages paid said inspector appointed by the health officer at not exceeding the rate of two (2) dollars per day for the time actually employed by him for that purpose. But no person shall be appointed and retained as such inspector without the approval of the board of health. Before offering any ice for sale within the limits of said city, the person desiring to furnish ice for domestic use or for any use where such ice may come in contact directly or indirectly with any drink, food or any fish, vegetable or fruit intended for food, shall make application for a license to sell such ice, to the health officer of the city of Duluth; that thereupon said health officer shall examine said ice house and the character of the ice stored therein, ascertain from what place said ice was cut and the character of the sawdust used for covering said ice and if said ice is found by him pure and properly stored and not cut contrary to the provisions of this ordinance, he shall give the said applicant a license which shall certify that the health officer has examined said ice house and the quality of the ice stored therein and that the same in his judgment is proper for domestic use and for any use where such ice may come in contact directly or indirectly with any drink, food or any meat, fish, vegetable or fruit intended for food, which license shall authorize the applicant to sell the ice so inspected within the limits of the city of Duluth, provided, however, that if it shall thereafter at any time appear to the satisfaction of the health officer that any such ice is impure or unwholesome or unfit for domestic use or for any use where such ice may come in contact directly or indirectly with any drink, food or any meat, fish, vegetable or fruit intended for food, it shall be the duty of the health officer to revoke and cancel such license, and provided further that any person applying for or receiving such license from the health officer shall pay the actual expenses connected with the inspection and analysis of the ice from time to time not exceeding the sum of twenty-five (25) dollars in any one year.

Sec. 4—Every person, copartnership or corporation engaged in the selling of ice in the city of Duluth and every agent of any such person, copartnership or corporation shall cause to be displayed at all times on each side of every wagon and sleigh in which such person, copartnership or corporation hauls or delivers ice sold or for sale for domestic use or for any use where such ice may come in contact directly or indirectly with any drink, food or any meat, fish, vegetable or fruit intended for food, the following words: to-wit: "Domestic Ice," in clearly legible letters at least three inches high, and it shall be unlawful for any person to place or allow to be placed on such wagon or sleigh so labelled any other ice than such ice as the party owning or operating such wagon or sleigh has a right or license to sell for domestic use.

Sec. 5—Any person violating any of the provisions of this ordinance shall be subject to a fine of not more than one hundred (100) dollars or be imprisoned for a period of not exceeding ninety (90) days.

Sec. 6—This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication.

Passed Aug. 16, 1897.

ROBT. L. COCHRANE,
President of the Council.

Approved Aug. 17th, 1897.

HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

Attest:
C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk.
(Corporate Seal.)

Published in Duluth Evening Herald Aug. 18, 1897.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF FOREIGN WILL.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, August 17th, 1897.

In the matter of the estate of James O. Sargent, deceased:

Whereas, certain writings purporting to be duly authenticated copies of the last will and testament of James O. Sargent, late of Boston, Massachusetts, deceased, and the probate thereof in the probate court of the county of Suffolk, in the commonwealth, have been delivered to this court;

And whereas, William C. Sargent has filed therewith his petition, representing among other things that said James O. Sargent lately died in said county of Suffolk testate, possessed of certain real estate situated in said county of St. Louis, and that said petitioner is interested in said will as a devisee named therein, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate and that letters of administration with the will annexed be to him issued thereon;

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this court, at the probate office in said county, on Thursday, the ninth day of September, A. D. 1897, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument;

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 17th day of August, A. D. 1897.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)

Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-18-25-Sept-1.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio, Phone No. 9.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

At the annual meeting of the Humane society tonight, addresses will be delivered by Bishop McGolrick, C. A. Towne and Col. E. C. Gridley.

Mike McDonald, the teamster who was arrested several days ago for dumping refuse near the electric light plant, changed his plea to guilty this morning and was fined $1 and costs, which he paid.

Professor Durat gave a very successful dancing party last evening at the Forest Home pavilion at Lester Park. A large number attended and the affair was highly entertaining in every way.

John Scanlon, who has been storekeeper at the Northern Pacific warehouse under the United States customs office, has resigned and Collector Willcuts has appointed V. S. Wilkinson to the place. Mr. Wilkinson formerly held the place, and has been reinstated under the law which allows it in cases where old soldiers have been removed.

A son was born yesterday to Mr. and Mrs. William Craig.

The threatening weather this morning caused a very light attendance at the A. O. U. W. picnic at Lester Park during the forepart of the day. The bright sunshine this afternoon tempted many forth however, and the street cars carried fair-sized loads to the grounds.

The trial of John Phalon on the charge of assaulting Morin Morison occupied a jury all day today before Judge Boyle.

The Christian Endeavor society of the First Baptist church will give an excursion on the steamer Barker this evening. The boat will leave Booth's dock at 8 o'clock, and the Fifth avenue west dock at 8:15.

EXCURSION TO FOND DU LAC

Daily on Str. S. B. Barker.

Leave Booth's dock 9:45 a.m., Fifth avenue west, Lower Bay Slip 10:00. Returning leave Fond du Lac 4 p.m. Fare 50c Round Trip.

"VOLUNTEERS OF AMERICA."

Ballington Booth's Organization to Be Represented Here.

The new religious organization known as the "Volunteers of America," under the guidance of Ballington Booth as the commander-in-chief; Brig. Gen. E. Fielding, territorial commander; Maj. Alfred Sturgeon, battalion officer for Minnesota and Northern Wisconsin is advancing at a rapid rate, having at the present time 700 commissioned officers, 200 organized posts and 7,000 names on the defenders' list. Those on the list are business people, who help to support the work. Many of these have given large sums for the advancement of the work. One in Chicago gave two lots valued at $10,000 for building purposes. From the Chicago Veteran association a U. S. flag, valued at $50 has been received, and from a friend another silk and satin flag costing $50. Six posts have been established in Chicago and fifty throughout the Northwestern territory. This was the report on July 15, and many have been established since, among them one in Duluth is to be opened. The officers have already arrived and are at work, and are asking the friends of the work to assist them in their efforts toward making a success in this city. No. 18 West Superior street has been spoken for as a meeting place, where public meetings will be held every night after it has been opened. Capt. A. E. Dennis, who is one of the first of the Minnesota officers, assisted by Capt. J. Lacey, have come to open the post here, and are well pleased with the outlook. They are at 308 West Second street.

Some Court Matters.

In the case of the American Lean and Trust company of Boston against the Great Western Manufacturing company, in which judgment for the foreclosure of seven bonds was rendered, the plaintiff has filed an objection to the taxation of costs against it on the ground that the case was an action in equity and that the court did not allow the costs.

A. R. Macfarlane, receiver for the Security bank has sued James B. Howard to recover $800 on a promissory note. A default judgment for $800.98 was entered this morning. Towne & Merchant were the attorneys.

He Wants His Daughter.

John Hucker, of Moorhead, Minn., came to town today to get his daughter, whom he had placed with Mrs. Seibold a year ago with the understanding that she was to remain a year and was to receive $1 per week and her board. When Mr. Huncker called at the place, his daughter announced that she did not want to go home with him, and when he became urgent in his demand that she go with him, Mrs. Siebold, he says, told him he could leave the house. Mr. Huncker went out to seek solace for his sorrow. He succeeded in partially effacing his memories, at least, and this afternoon he was locked up at police headquarters to sober up.

To Erect a Building.

A building is to be erected at the corner of Fourth avenue west and First street, behind the Palladio building, a large portion of which will be used by Nichols & Thomas for their livery stable. The building is to be 75 by 110 feet in size, two stories high on First street and three stories on the alley. The upper half of the building will be fitted up as a hall and the Elks or some other organization will occupy it. The plans are said to be complete and there is no doubt as to the erection of the building.

$16.—BUFFALO AND RETURN—$16. Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, account G. A. R. excursion. Fourteen routes to choose from.

Ask the South Shore for rates and routes to Buffalo before buying. Fourteen routes to choose from.

ONE BARREL OF THIS FLOUR



Will Make More Than **300 Loaves** Of the **Best Bread You Ever Ate**

Sold everywhere.

PERSONALS.

Miss Alice M. Wolf is visiting friends in St. Paul.

Mrs. Albert Walter, of Chicago, wife of a celebrated artist of that city, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Thomas.

J. I. Walker was a passenger on the Monarch last evening, en route to New York.

C. C. Helmuth came down from Virginia today and registered at the St. Louis.

E. D. Loveland and wife, of Soudan, are at the Spalding.

Henry Johns is up from St. Paul today, a guest at the Spalding.

E. J. Vance, a well-known lumberman of Bay City, Mich., arrived in the city this morning and registered at the Spalding.

A. L. Jamison and wife, Miss Edna Morgan and Miss Laura Belkmap, of Rochester, N. Y., are at the St. Louis. They are making a tour of the lakes on the India.

E. J. Boyle, of Rush City, registered at the St. Louis this morning.

Sam Simpson arrived in the city this morning on his way to Minneapolis.

J. F. Stimmel, an insurance man, of Minneapolis, is at the St. Louis.

F. M. Richarlson came down from Soudan today and registered at the Spalding.

C. W. Turner, St. Paul agent for the A. Booth Packing company, is at the Spalding.

C. S. Benson, receiver of the Water, Light and Power company, of St. Cloud, is a late arrival at the Spalding.

H. C. Clark, of Ionia, Mich., and William G. Hamburgh, of Detroit, Mich. are at the Spalding.

Albert Kitto and wife are down from Tower today, guests at the St. Louis.

John Semer, the well known iron land man of Negaunee, Mich., is among today's arrivals at the St. Louis.

Capt. James Bale came down from Ely this morning and registered at the St. Louis.

W. B. Gilbert, of St. Paul, is at the St. Louis.

J. B. Kiehl, the Chippewa Falls lumberman, is a guest at the St. Louis.

N. Kingsley and Judge Ira B. Mills of the state board of railroad and warehouse commissioners, are in the city on official business.

W. W. Broughton, general freight agent of the St. Paul & Duluth, is in the city a guest at the Spalding.

A. MacRae and wife of Calumet, Mich., are at the Spalding.

William Orr, of Marquette, general freight agent of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic, registered at the Spalding this morning with his wife and daughter.

J. H. Hearding, of Eveleth, arrived in the city this morning, accompanied by Mrs. W. H. Hearding and Miss Hearding, of Chicago. They are guests at the Spalding.

T. S. Fasset, a leading lumber buyer of Buffalo, N. Y., is in the city, a guest at the Spalding.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Guillawden and son, of Cincinnati, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Greene, have returned home by the lake.

John W. Swiler, wife and daughter, of Delavan, Wis., are in the city today and will leave for down the lake tomorrow. Mr. Swiler is superintendent of the state deaf and dumb institute at Delavan, and has a number of pupils residing here.

C. E. Haines and A. S. Chase have gone to the Nipigon river for a fishing trip.

W. B. Patton will leave tomorrow night for a trip to the western part of the state. He will be gone several days.

Mrs. Capt. Hall and her granddaughter, Miss May Coulter, and Miss Lulu Jones, are passengers on the China. They will remain in the East for a month.

TO LAND IN THE SPRING.

The Great Northern Makes Another Arrangement For Alaskan Traffic.

Agents of the Great Northern railroad have been notified that they can book passengers for Dawson City, Alaska, on the steamers Portland and Cleveland, which sail from Seattle Sept. 10, with a guarantee that they will be landed at their destination June 15, 1898. The passage which includes berth and meals through the winter is $700. These will go to St. Michaels where they will probably remain all winter to provide homes for their passengers, who will be transferred to the river boats as soon as the break-up comes in the spring, and sent up stream to the gold fields. While this means a nine months' stay at St. Michaels and en route it will enable impatient gold seekers to reach the gold diggings at the earliest possible moment next spring. It is likely, too, that they will be able to find employment of some kind at St. Michaels or in that vicinity, which will at least enable them to kill time.

NO SHORTAGE OF COAL.

Iron Range Road In No Possible Danger of It.

The report was again current today that the Duluth & Iron Range railroad is running short of coal at Two Harbors, and that unless a new supply is soon obtained the operations of the road will be seriously interfered with. There is absolutely no foundation for the story. There is plenty of coal on hand to supply all demands for more than a month yet. In fact, the company has coal to sell and is selling it every day. Yesterday eighteen carloads were shipped to the Pioneer mine at Ely, and boats that load ore at the Two Horbors dock have been obtaining their supply of fuel from the railroad company's docks for some time. It is not likely that the railroad company would be selling soal if President Greatsinger did not know that he had plenty of it with which to operate his road. After the stock at Two Harbors has been entirely exhausted, which is not likely to happen, the railroad company can still obtain all it will need from the stock piles of the Minnesota Iron company that are scattered along the road, for if the worst comes to the worst, the mines can be operated with wood, leaving all of the coal for the use of locomotives. The Duluth & Iron Range road is now using about 1000 tons of coal a week.

IT WILL BE BUILT

Fosston Branch of Great Northern to Be Extended This Fall.

LITTLE DOUBT OF IT

Supplies For Railroad Contractors Are Already Arriving at Fosston.

That the Fosston branch of the Great Northern railway will be built this fall may be put down as an assured fact. There have been rumors more than once that the extension was to be built, but these were never especially definite but lately, however, the information has been of a more definite nature and there is little doubt that wheat will be coming in over the road next fall.

The Herald heard several days ago from a source very close to the inside that the road would positively be built this fall and now in corroboration of this comes the statement from Fosston that supplies are already arriving there addressed to Foley Brothers, the railroad contractors, who do so much work for the Great Northern road, and it is claimed that they have the contract, which is more than likely. It is understood, too, that their outfit now at work on the Cavalier extension in North Dakota will be transferred to Fosston as soon as the work there is completed.

As near as can be learned here the extension will be built to connect with the Duluth, Superior & Western railway and those who seem to know most about the Great Northern's plans say that road controls the Superior & Western, and that the conflict between the Great Northern and Canadian Pacific roads over this extension resulted in the latter's giving over this property to the former.

A prominent railroad official declared recently that this line across Northern Minnesota is the best railroad proposition in the United States, and that if Jim Hill does not build it some one else will. This probably explains why Mr. Hill is going to build. He certainly cannot want to, for it will simply mean that he will have to ship several million bushels of grain, which now go to Minneapolis by a long haul, direct to Duluth by a shorter haul and cheaper rate. He is practically forced to build it to save himself. Several schemes are on foot now to build such a line and he must do it to save himself.

The conviction that the line is to be built at once is very strong. One of the leading grain men said today that wheat would be coming over the line next fall.

LOOKING OVER THE OFFICE.

August Lofgren is Preparing to Become Register.

August Lofgren, the new register of deeds, who will take the place of the present official as soon as his bond has been approved by the board of county commissioners, spent this morning in looking over the office and with Mr. Borgstrom examining the law relating to the office and its duties. Mr. Borgstrom is still acting as register of deeds, the acting county attorney having given as his opinion that he should hold his office until his successor is qualified, although the law under which the office changed hands says that it shall become vacant upon the conviction of the holder of a crime involving a violation of his official oath.

The proceeding under which Mr. Borgstrom gives away to Lofgren seems to be a new one in this state. For one thing it is common though not unprecedented to have a court refuse to allow a stay of judgment. There have been but few of such cases, and so far as the attorneys who have been interested can find, there have been none in this state where a stay has been refused in the case of officeholders found guilty of crime. There was some talk among Mr. Borgstrom's friends soon after his sentence of making a test case of it and finding out whether the law would deprive him of his office before he had exhausted his right of appeal. This, however, has been abandoned, and those who have talked of it say that while it does not seem right to them there is little question but that it is the law.

"Suppose," said one of these men today, "that it should turn out beyond any question that Mr. Borgstrom was innocent. Suppose, for an example, that John Doe, an officeholder, was convicted of stealing chickens. Under the law he loses his office immediately. Suppose that the very next day John Smith confesses that it was he that stole the chickens, and it is clearly shown that Doe was innocent. Does Doe get his office back? Not at all. He may not have to serve his sentence, but he has been convicted, and, innocent or guilty the law makes no provision for getting his office back again. All he gets out of it is sympathy."

THE MILLER TRUNK ROAD.

County Board Not Entirely Satisfied With It.

The meeting of the board of county commissioners that was to have been held yesterday afternoon did not materialize. There was a quorum of the board present, but Commissioners Dinham and Morcom, who had started out to look over the Miller Trunk road, near Tower, from the junction with the Tower and Itasca road north to Lake Vermilion, had not returned. As the principal object of the meeting was to consider the road, it was decided to adjourn until the absent commissioners returned. The commissioners who undertook to look over the part of the Miller Trunk road extending between here and Virginia returned yesterday afternoon. They say that the work of the contractors was not up to a high standard in many respects. There is yet a good deal of brush to be cleaned off the right-of-way and burned, and the recent rains have left a good many holes to be filled up before the road can be called completed. It is likely that the board will not accept the work until these things are completed.

The board will meet Wednesday afternoon, when the road matter and the question of reducing the county attorney's salary will be taken up, together with the bond of Register of Deeds August Lofgren.

BREACH OF CONTRACT.

Allegations in the Doyle vs. McCord Lumber Company's Suit.

The complaint in the case of Frank L. Doyle vs. the McCord Lumber company was filed in the United States court today. It alleges that on Nov. 20, 1894, William H. Doyle made a contract with M. J. Clark for the transfer by the latter to the former of the timber on sections 1, 3, 9 and 11 in 46-16 in Carlton county for $160,000. The plaintiff at that time resided in Michigan and William H. Doyle was his father. The latter sent for his son to bring his logging outfit from Michigan, and in consideration for this gave him an interest in the contract. The plaintiff alleges that there were from 28,000,000 to 30,000,000 feet of timber on the land and that his share of the profits would have been $15,000. In 1895 it is alleged that a contract was made with E. L. Bradley, as trustee for F. E. Bradley, of Bay City, to advance the money to get the timber out and to saw the logs. Bradley made a contract with the McCord-Ogilvie Lumber company, which afterward became the McCord Lumber company, to cut and manufacture the timber. The company contracted with the plaintiffs to put in the logs at $3 per 1000. In February, 1896, W. H. Doyle transferred his interest to Frank L. Doyle.

It is alleged that some time after this the company desired to purchase W. H. Doyle's interest, and after some negotiation it was agreed to pay Frank L. Doyle $7500 and give him considerable lumber to release his claim. The plaintiff claims to have canceled and surrendered his interest and that the company then refused to carry out its agreement. He claims the lumber he was to get was worth $6000 and he was to get $7000 besides. He therefore asks $13,000.

A motion to set the service of summons aside was argued before Judge Lochren a few days ago and was submitted on briefs which are to be filed by Aug. 21.

RUSH NOT YET OVER.

Men Are Still Going to the Harvest Fields.

The rush to the harvest fields has not yet ceased by any means, although it has been greatly diminished during the past week. A carload of men went out over the Great Northern yesterday from Duluth and West Superior, and more went today. The rate of $5 to all points in the Dakotas as far west as Minot will be in force until Sept. 1, and by that time the deluded laborers who have flocked in to the wheat country with the expectation of obtaining work at high wages will have turned their faces eastward and begin counting ties for Duluth.

Trainmen May Leave.

If there is any cessation in the shipment of iron ore from the Minnesota ranges it is likely to occur next month. Then the wheat crop will begin to move and trainmen now employed on the range roads will take advantage of it to secure steady employment for the winter. And besides, on the wheat hauling systems they have an opportunity to run a greater number of miles per day while the crop is being moved, and consequently make more wages.

Thinks Some May Be Sold.

D. H. Bacon, president of the Minnesota Iron company, returned this morning from a short trip to Sault Ste. Marie and Mackinac Island, and left this afternoon for his home in Tower. Mr. Bacon is of the opinion that there will still be a number of sales of non-Bessemer ore made this season. The low freight rate, he says, is largely responsible for the heavy shipments now being made down the lake, 50 cents a ton, which in many instances is all that is now being paid, being a great temptation to ship ore to Lake Erie ports. Mr. Bacon thinks that perhaps some ore is going forward now because of the low rate that will not find a ready market.

Is Very Much Concerned.

Detective Morrisey, of Minneapolis, who came up last night to get James Henderson, a colored man, who is wanted in Minneapolis as a witness in a robbery case, left for home with his man this morning. The police here obtained possession of a letter written by the defendant in the case to a friend in Superior asking the latter to get Henderson over there and get him out of the way somehow. "Do him, chew him up, anyway to get rid of him," the letter ran. The writer goes on to say that if the Minneapolis authorities get hold of Henderson he, the writer, will surely go to the penitentiary.

Races at the State Fair.

The races at the state fair this year will be more attractive than usual, because the purses are larger than heretofore—aggregating $7500. There are very few, if any, race meetings which have the advantages offered by the Minnesota state fair. This is due to the fact that no pool selling and gambling is allowed. It is well understood that horse racing with pool selling attachments is usually a put up job, and in no sense a reliable test of speed. The pools determine the result and not the merits of the animal. Every one admires a fine and speedy horse and enjoys a genuine test of speed. That is what will be seen on the Minnesota state fair grounds from Sept. 6 to 11, as the large purses will bring many of the noted horses of the country to the track. There will be races every day.

For G. A. R. excursion to Buffalo the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway makes the lowest rates and quickest time.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 Years the Standard.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Coal Charters Are Still Far Apart But Have Increased Slightly.

NO ANXIETY FELT

Appomattox and Consorts Reported at Grand Island and Expected Hourly.

Buffalo, Aug. 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—Coal charters are much scattered, but the amount going forward is much larger than formerly. Charter: Wright, Duluth, 20 cents.

NO ONE WORRIED.

The local agents of the Appomattox and her tows deny the story that there has been any worry over the fact that they are several days overdue. The Appomattox and the Armenia, Algeria and Crete were due here last Saturday, but they were delayed by head winds, lying up under Grand Island for shelter two or three days. The fact that there were unfavorable winds and that, the boats being light, it would be hard for them to make headway, was taken into consideration, and Capt. Davidson, the owner of the vessels, and the one who would naturally be supposed to do the worrying, did not even wire to find out about the delay. The boats left Grand island Monday night and they were expected to arrive here today. The fact that they had left Grand island was reported by the master of the Benton, which left Grand island at the same time with two consorts and arrived here this morning. It was not believed that the Appomattox and consorts would be more than a few hours behind the Benton.

REPAIRING A BARGE.

Repairs on barge 115, now in drydock, are progressing. Ten plates have been taken off and two keel plates are ready to come off. These plates will be bolted on so that the barge will be seaworthy for a trip down and she will be placed in drydock below for permanent repairs and the bolts replaced by rivets.

NEW MACHINERY.

Superintendent J. E. Ford of the drydock will leave for the East in a few days to purchase a pneumatic riveting plant and other labor-saving machinery that has been in contemplation for some time. There is a possibility also that there will be a few building contracts in the air for Mr. Ford to bid upon, and it is not unlikely that he will bring back some work for the barge company's plant.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: S. Mitchell, 9:40 last night; Cadillac, 10; Aurora, Aurania, 10:30; Coralla, 11:30; Harvey Brown, midnight; J. Lockwood, 3:30 a. m.; Castalia, 4:40; Kearsarge, 4:50; Bannockburn, Minnedosa, 5; Pontiac, 7:40; Colgate and whalebacks, 8; Wallula, 8:20; Gratwick (steel), 9:30; Montana, 10.

Up yesterday: Mohawk, 11:10 a. m.; Rees, Maytham, 1 p. m.; Globe, 1:30; Yuma, 2:10; New Orleans, 2:30; Hoyt and whaleback, 2:40; Northern Light, 5:30; Milwaukee, 8; Ericsson, Bell, 8:30; German, 8:40.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Aug. 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Peck and whaleback, midnight; Andaste, 1:30 a. m.; Mariska, Magna, 3; Pope, 6; LaSalle, Northern Queen, 5:40; St. Andrew, 7:30; Grove and oil tank, Waverly, Verona, 9:20; Leland, Wall, Drake, Mariposa, 10:40. Down: Langell, Arenac, Interlaken, Abram Smith, 11 last night; Pease, Planet, 2 a. m.; Arabia, Choctaw, 3:20; Codorus, 5:40; Grecian, 6; Alberta, 7; Marina, 8:20; Devereux, Marigold, 10; Ed Smith, Marvin, Fryer, Fillmore, 11:20.

Later—Up: Moore, Hebard, Peterson, Wilson, noon; St. Louis, Champion, Donaldson, 12:30 p. m. Down: Stephenson, Jenney, 1 p. m.; the two Parkers, 2 p. m.

Up yesterday: City of Traverse, 2 p. m.; Craig, Alverson, 4:30; Argo, Ogarita, Connely Bros., 5:40; Genoa, 6. Down: Northern Wave, 2:30 p. m.; Kirby, Hartnell, 3; Jay Gould, Alcona, Alta, 4; Toledo, 9.

PASSED PORT HURON.

Port Huron, Mich., Aug. 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Victory and consort, 11:40 last night; Pioneer, 12:20 a. m.; Yakima, Yukon, 3; McWilliams, 5:30; Wawatam, 7:15; G. Presley, 7:30; Frontenac, 8; Castalia, 10:40.

Down yesterday: Gogebic and consort, 2 p. m.; Neilson and consorts, 4; Doty and consorts, 4:30; Olympia, 5:40; Myles, 6.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Buffalo—Cleared: Harris, Lyon, Mingoe, Neshoto, Wotan, Zenith City, Schall, Duluth.

Cleveland—Cleared: Kearsarge, Carnegie, Keith, Aurania, Wallula, Duluth.

Ashland—Arrived: Waldo, Northwest. Cleared: Mecosta, Ashland, Gilchrist, Foster, Shrigley, Eddy, Mather, 118, Oglebay, Caledonia.

Two Harbors—Cleared: Marita, Buffalo; Pathfinder, Sagamore, City of Venice, Cranage, Chicago; Maritana, Sitka, Cleveland.

Conneaut—Cleared: Penobscot, Duluth.

Ashtabula—Cleared: Harvey Brown, Adams, Fairbairn, Iron Queen, Duluth.

ANOTHER REVENUE CUTTER.

Officers of the revenue cutter service, treasury department, will soon call for bids on another cutter, which is designed especially for service at New York, and for which an appropriation of $175,000 is available. This new cutter will be named the New York and will be about the size of the naval vessel Bancroft, which is attached to the European station. The New York will have a displacement of 708 tons, will be 188 feet long by 30 feet beam, and will be required to make sixteen knots on her official trip.

A CHICAGO SURPRISE.

The capacity of the Chicago river for the accommodation of large vessels seems to be steadily increasing without anything being done to widen and straighten the channel. Yesterday the steamer Yale went clear to the Minnesota elevator in the north branch and loaded a cargo and got down again without trouble. Until the trial was made most vesselmen believed that no steamer the size of the Yale could get anywhere near the elevator.

ST. MARY'S RIVER WORK.

On Aug. 31 Col. Lydecker will open bids for dredging Round island shoal Nos. 1 and 2, for widening the 300-foot channel to 800 feet to a depth of twenty-three feet in each case; for dredging the shoals at the St. Mary's river upper approach to make a straight channel 1000 feet wide and twenty-one feet deep, and for some widening and deepening work at Middle Neebish. The available appropriation is $150,000.

A DETROIT RIVER SHOAL.

The Cleveland hydrographic office has written to Capt. J. W. Westcott for information concerning a shoal that has for years existed 300 feet off the old distillery near Sandwich. Several vessels have rubbed on it, and a few have been brought to a stop, but all have managed to effect their own release. As it is of mud and sand no damage has been done by it.

GRAIN BLOCKADES AT BUFFALO.

A great deal of delay is already encountered at Buffalo in unloading grain. There are two elevators at that point outside of the association, namely, the Raymond elevator and the Export elevator, and it is supposed that they are handling grain at less than association rates. Many vessels are chartered to unload at these elevators, and when it is stipulated in the bills of lading that the cargoes are to be unloaded at the Raymond or the Export, as the case may be, it follows as a matter of course that the vessels are to be unloaded at those elevators, but they are also bound to take their turn unloading, and, as very frequently cargoes arrive faster than the elevators named in the bills of lading can handle them, delays are unavoidable.

CHANGES IN THE PROMISE.

The Detroit river ferry steamer Promise has recently been given alterations that have fitted her for open lake navigation to a distance of fifteen miles from shore. They are the outcome of a recent encounter with Hull Inspector De Wolf, of Cleveland, who stopped her from running out of Cleveland with excursions on the ground that she did not have three steel cross-bulkheads, as demanded by the steamboat inspection law. Her fine, it will be remembered, was reduced from $700 to $50 on a showing that the neglect of the law was due to ignorance. Besides these, she has been equipped with anchors and chain for her future protection if caught in a storm off a lee shore.

FORCE TO BE INCREASED.

It is reported, says the Sault Ste. Marie News, that the war department is seriously considering the advisability of appointing three assistant superintendents and necessary lockmen to operate the Weitzel lock continuously and independently of the Poe lock. This action, if taken, will result in materially bettering the service at the locks, and in the opinion of vesselmen and others will greatly lessen the danger of accidents which are liable to occur at the present time when the two locks are operated simultaneously by a force which is no larger than necessary in the working of the big lock.

NEW DRYDOCK AT BUFFALO.

It is announced that the Union Drydock company of Buffalo has decided to construct a drydock 600 feet long for the accommodation of everything now on the lakes, and likely to be built for many years to come. It is certain that the profitable jobs of the future are going to the concerns that have the docks to hold the mammoths.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Roman, Lagonda, Nicholas, Dundee, J. Lockwood, Italia, Polynesia, Lake Erie, light for ore; North Wind Nicol, Buffalo, mdse; India, Buffalo, pass and mdse; Benton, Bissell, King, Lake Erie, light for lumber.

Departed—Republic, Trevor, 133, 131, Nasmyth, Bessemer, Lake Erie, ore; Monarch, Sarnia, pass and flour; Majestic, Ashland, light; Fryer, 129, Two Harbors, light; Abyssinia, Athens, Granada, Sacramento, Buffalo, grain; Harlem, North Star, Buffalo, flour; Dixon, Port Arthur, pass and mdse.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Southampton—Arrived: St. Louis, from New York.

New York—Arrived: Fulda, from Genoa.

Modern Woodmen Excursion and Basket Picnic.

Two Harbors Next Sunday.

Hon. C. A. Towne WILL SPEAK.

BIG DAY—BIG PROGRAMME.

Round Trip—Trains.....75c

Round Trip—Boats.....50c

Trains at 9:30 and 11:30 a. m. Boats at 10 a. m.

WILL STUMP FOR SILVER.

Mr. Towne Not Necessarily to Boom McLean.

Newspaper reports having gained wide circulation that Charles A. Towne, chairman of the Silver Republican committee, was about to go to Ohio to make speeches favoring the election of McLean to the United States senate, Mr. Towne has issued the following signed statement:

"Press dispatches state that the New York Journal correspondent in Ohio says that I will stump Ohio in the interest of McLean. I shall make speeches in the Ohio campaign in behalf of the cause of bimetallism and of the Democratic state and legislative tickets, all of which stand for the cause. There is no advantage to anybody in naming now a silver candidate for United States senator. It will be done by the silver forces in the legislature.

"CHARLES A. TOWNE."

Dogs and Ponies Tonight.

Professor Gentry's famous dog and pony show, with its host of equine and canine actors, will open its engagement tonight. All of the little animals appeared in the street parade today and proved to be even prettier than ever. There are over 100 dogs and ponies in the company this year, all of whom take an active part in the performance, which is said to be even better than ever, many new acts and animals having been added since the show's last visit to this city. Romeo and Juliet and all the old favorites are retained in addition to all the new celebrities.

THE **MAYNARD SCHOOL.**

Twenty-sixth Avenue East and Branch St.

Thorough college training and special courses for those not intending to enter college; also kindergarten, primary and intermediate departments. Native teachers in both French and German. Exceptional advantages in music and art. Miss Aitkins' method of concentrated attention. Every sanitary arrangement perfect. Careful oversight of resident pupils. Number of pupils received into the family limited.

Correspondence invited. Address the principal. Building open during the summer. Inspection of tourists invited.

AMUSEMENTS.

ATTENTION! TAKE NOTICE!

PAVILION.

TONIGHT AND BALANCE OF THE WEEK.

DULUTH'S ONLY

JULE KUSSEL

WILL SING TWO GREAT DESCRIPTIVE BALLADS, in conjunction with

KUSSEL'S STOCK CO. IN POPULAR PLAYS.

COAL IS GOING UP!

Buy now while we can make you LOW PRICES. Don't wait until it advances, but leave your order with us for any of these grades:

Cross Creek Lehigh, Lehigh Valley, Erie, Schuylkill, Scranton, The Celebratad Smokeless Pocahontas is great for furnace and cooking.

Try us with a sample order of the above grades.

Duluth Van Ex. & Storage Co

212 West Superior St. Note the Number.

A. FITGER & CO.'S

FAVORITE BRANDS—

PALE BOHEMIAN AND BAVARIAN.

2 dozen quarts.....$2.25

3 dozen pints.....$2.00

Free!

The Leading Specialist of America ---36 Years Experience--- 250,000 Cured.

We Cure Gleet.

Thousands of young and middle-aged men are having their sexual vigor and vitality continually sapped by this disease. They are frequently unconscious of the cause of these symptoms. General weakness, unnatural discharges, failing manhood, nervousness, poor memory, irritability, at times smarting sensation, sunken eyes, with dark circles, weak back, general depression, lack of ambition, varicocele, shrunken parts, etc. GLEET and STRICTURE may be the cause. Don't allow anyone to experiment on you. Consult specialists who have made a life study of diseases of men and women. Our NEW METHOD TREATMENT will positively cure you.

We treat and cure EMISSIONS, VARICOCELE, GLEET, STRICTURE, IMPOTENCY, SECRET DRAINS, UNNATURAL DISCHARGES, EYE, EAR, NOSE, LUNG, BRAIN, NERVE, STOMACH, KIDNEY and BLADDER DISEASES. Dr. S. Clay Todd, 1224 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis. Hours, 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. all this and next week. Permanently located.

Free treatment until cured. Consultations free. Make one call. Waiting rooms open from 6 a. m. to 9 p. m.

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DULUTH, MINN.

FREE! FREE!

Mothers Don't Like You

to kiss their children if you have a greasy, pitted face, and the grown-up daughter doesn't relish it, either. Don't stand in your own light. Have your face straightened out by Dr. S. Clay Todd, 1224 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis.

CONDENSED BANK STATEMENTS.

Condensed Statement of Condition OF THE

First National Bank

OF DULUTH, MINN.

At the close of Business, July 23rd, 1897.

RESOURCES.

Loans	$1,033,342 56
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	54,000 00
Other bonds and stocks	22,765 43
Bank building	175,000 00
Five per cent redemption fund	2,250 00
Demand grain loans...$382,000 00	
Government bonds 56,000 00	
Due from other banks 785,031 19	
Cash on hand 227,702 68	
	1,450,734 05
	$2,743,092 04

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$ 500,000 00
Surplus fund	250,000 00
Undivided profits	24,038 54
Circulation	45,000 00
Deposits	1,924,053 50
	$2,743,092 04

FREE! NO KNIFE!

NOSES RED and noses blue, no knife should cut that nose on you—because Dr. S. Clay Todd, 1224 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis., can make the color of your noses perfectly natural without using a knife.

SPRAGUE, WARNER & CO.'S PURE FOOD EXHIBIT AT SUTTON & MAAS' THIS WEEK

Diamond Java and Mocha Coffee and Perfection Baking Powder. MUFFINS SERVED FREE.

RICHELIEU BRAND OF CANNED FRUIT AND VEGETABLES on EXHIBITION